

Proton Lifetime in Minimal SUSY SU(5)

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Outline

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- 2 SUSY and MSSM
- 3 SUSY GUT - $SU(5)$
- 4 Planck Suppressed Operators
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The Standard Model

- ▶ The SM is a gauge theory of fields of spin 0, 1/2 and 1 based on $SU(3)_c \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$

$SU(3)_c \rightarrow$ QCD, confinement

$SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \rightarrow$ electroweak interactions, chiral, spontaneous symmetry breaking

$$SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \rightarrow U(1)_{em}$$

- ▶ The SM is one of the most successful theories in physics. It has been tested rigorously.

W^\pm, Z bosons

Rare B-meson decays: $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$, $b \rightarrow s \gamma$

The Higgs Boson

SM is not a fundamental theory!

- ▶ Gauge Hierarchy problem: $\delta m_h^2 \propto \Lambda^2$
- ▶ The gauge symmetry
- ▶ The Higgs vacuum stability: $\lambda < 0$ for $\Lambda \gtrsim 10^{10}$ GeV
Stability Condition: $m_h > (129.6 \pm 1.5)$ GeV
- ▶ Neutrino masses and mixings
- ▶ Dark matter

► **Resolution to the gauge hierarchy problem.**

► R-Parity: $R = (-1)^{3B+L+2S} \Rightarrow$ Stable LSP

► Radiative Electroweak Symmetry Breaking

$$V_H = (|\mu|^2 + m_{H_u}^2)|H_u^0|^2 + (|\mu|^2 + m_{H_d}^2)|H_d^0|^2 - (bH_u^0 H_d^0 + \text{c.c.}) \\ + \frac{1}{8}(g + g')(|H_u^0|^2 - |H_d^0|^2)^2$$

$$2b < (|\mu|^2 + m_{H_u}^2) + (|\mu|^2 + m_{H_d}^2)$$

$$b^2 > (|\mu|^2 + m_{H_u}^2)(|\mu|^2 + m_{H_d}^2)$$

$$m_{H_u} \neq m_{H_d}$$

$$m_{H_u} < 0, \quad m_{H_u} \ll m_{H_d}$$

► **Unification of gauge couplings**

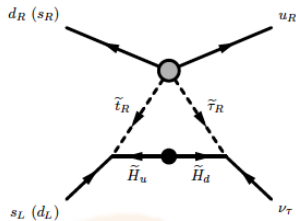
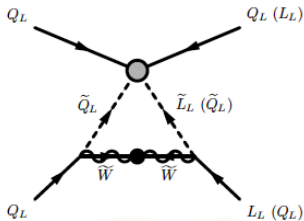
SUSY GUT - $SU(5)$

$$\bar{5} = \begin{pmatrix} d_1^c \\ d_2^c \\ d_3^c \\ e \\ -\nu \end{pmatrix}, \quad 10 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & u_3^c & -u_2^c & u_1 & d_1 \\ -u_3^c & 0 & u_1^c & u_2 & d_2 \\ u_2^c & -u_1^c & 0 & u_3 & d_3 \\ -u_1 & -u_2 & -u_3 & 0 & e^c \\ -d_1 & -d_2 & -d_3 & -e_c & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

MSSM Higgs doublets: $H_u, H_d \in H, \bar{H} \Rightarrow \mathbf{y}_{d_i} = \mathbf{y}_{l_i}$

$$H = (H_{1C}, H_{2C}, H_{3C}, H_u^+, H_u^0)^T, \quad \bar{H} = (\bar{H}_{1C}, H_{2C}, \bar{H}_{3C}, H_d^-, -H_d^0)^T.$$

Wrong Mass Relations: $m_{\mu}/m_s = 1$

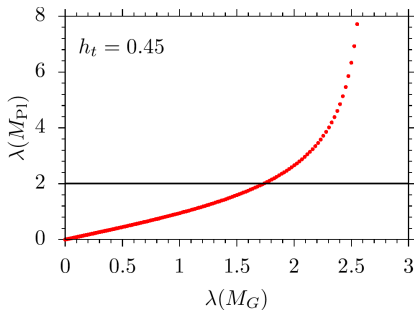
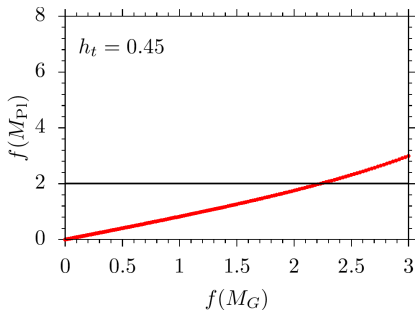


Renormalizable SU(5):

$$W_5 = \frac{m_\Sigma}{2} \text{Tr}(\Sigma^2) + \frac{1}{3} f \text{Tr}(\Sigma^3) + m_H \bar{H}H + \lambda \bar{H}\Sigma H, \text{ with}$$

$$\langle \Sigma \rangle = \text{diag.}(2, 2, 2, -3, -3) \times \sigma,$$

$$M_{H_C}^0 = m_H + 2\lambda\sigma, \quad \mu = m_H - 3\lambda\sigma.$$



$$f(M_G) \leq 2.24 \text{ and } \lambda(M_G) \leq 1.75$$

Planck Suppressed Operators

Gravitational Smearing:

$$\delta\mathcal{L} = \frac{c}{2M_{\text{Pl}}} \text{tr}(GG\Sigma) ,$$

$$(-2\alpha_3^{-1} + 3\alpha_2^{-1} - \alpha_1^{-1})(m_Z) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ \frac{12}{5} \ln \frac{M_{H_C}^0}{m_Z} - 2 \ln \frac{m_{\text{SUSY}}}{m_Z} \right\} - \frac{6\sigma c}{M_{\text{Pl}}} \alpha_5^{-1} .$$

$$M_{H_C} = M_{H_C}^0 \times \exp\left(\frac{-5\pi\sigma c}{\alpha_5 M_{\text{Pl}}}\right)$$

Live Long “c”, the negative!

SU(5) Breaking

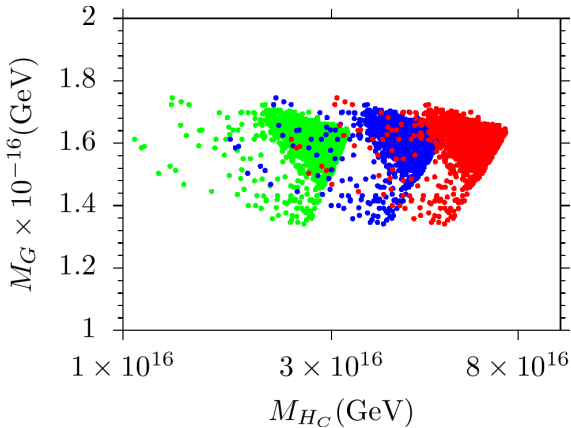
Corrections to the $SU(5)$ breaking:

$$W' = \frac{\kappa_1}{4} \text{tr}(\Sigma^4) + \frac{\kappa_2}{4} (\text{tr}(\Sigma^2))^2, \quad [\kappa_i] = M^{-1}.$$

$$M_{\Sigma_8} = \frac{5}{2} f \sigma + \frac{5}{2} \kappa_1 \sigma^2,$$

$$M_{\Sigma_3} = \frac{5}{2} f \sigma - 10 \kappa_1 \sigma^2.$$

$$(-2\alpha_3^{-1} + 3\alpha_2^{-1} - \alpha_1^{-1})(m_Z) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ \frac{12}{5} \ln \frac{M_{H_C}}{m_Z} + 6 \ln \frac{M_{\Sigma_8}}{M_{\Sigma_3}} - 2 \ln \frac{m_{SUSY}}{m_Z} \right\}$$



$M_{H_C} \simeq 3 \times 10^{16}$ — No Correction

$M_{H_C} \simeq 5.35 \times 10^{16}$ — Gravitational Smearing

$M_{H_C} \simeq 7.2 \times 10^{16}$ — SU(5) Breaking

Fundamental Parameters

$0 \leq$	$m_{0_{1,2}}, m_{0_3}$	$\leq 30 \text{ TeV}$	SSB masses for matter scalars
$0 \leq$	$M_{1/2}$	$\leq 2 \text{ TeV}$	SSB masses for gauginos
$1.2 \leq$	$\tan \beta$	≤ 20	$\tan \beta \equiv v_u/v_d$
$-3 \leq$	A_0/m_{0_3}	≤ 3	SSB trilinear scalar coupling
$-10 \text{ TeV} \leq$	A_0	$\leq 10 \text{ TeV}$	
$0 \leq$	μ, m_A	$\leq 30 \text{ TeV}$	

Experimental Constraints

$$123 \leq m_h \leq 127 \text{ GeV}$$
$$m_{\tilde{g}} \geq 2100 \text{ GeV}$$

$$0.8 \times 10^{-9} \leq \text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \leq 6.2 \times 10^{-9}$$

$$2.9 \times 10^{-4} \leq \text{BR}(b \rightarrow s\gamma) \leq 6.2 \times 10^{-9}$$

$$0.114 \leq \Omega h^2(\text{Planck}) \leq 0.126$$

$$m_t = 173.3 \text{ GeV}$$

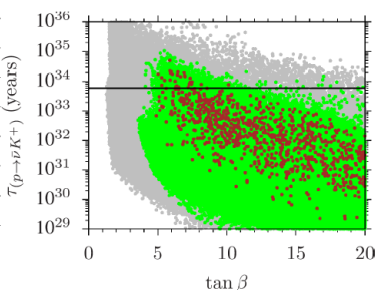
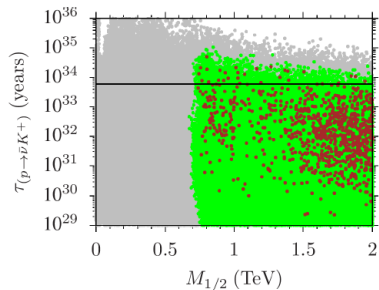
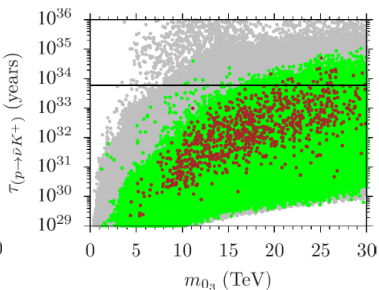
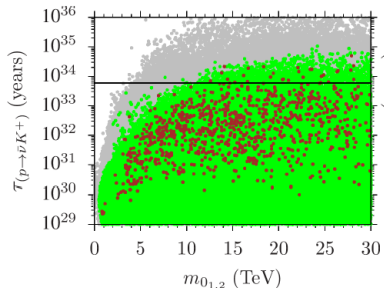
$$M_{HC} = 7 \times 10^{16} \text{ GeV}$$

$$\tau(p \rightarrow \bar{\nu} K^+) \geq 5.9 \times 10^{33} \text{ years}$$

Color Coding:

- LHC allowed
- LHC + PD
- LHC + PD + DM

Proton Decay in SU(5)



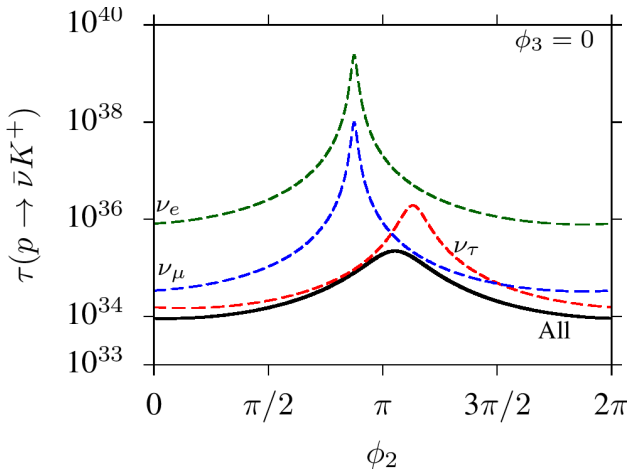


Figure: Lifetime of the proton in correlation with the phase angle ϕ_2 with ϕ_3 set to zero. Green, blue and red dashed curves represent the proton decay into ν_e , ν_μ and ν_τ along with K^+ , respectively. The solid dashed curve shows the total lifetime of the proton.

Dark Matter

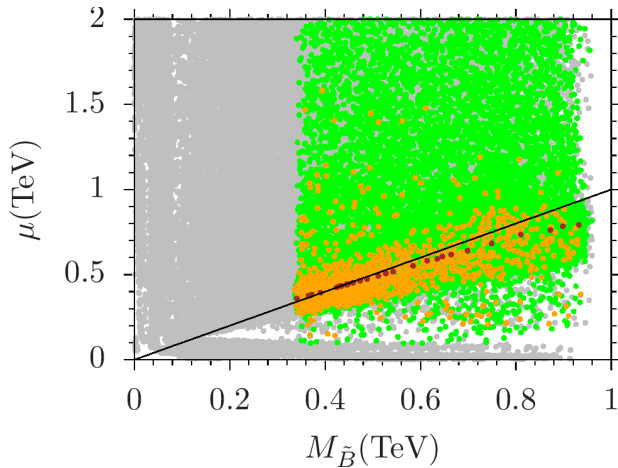
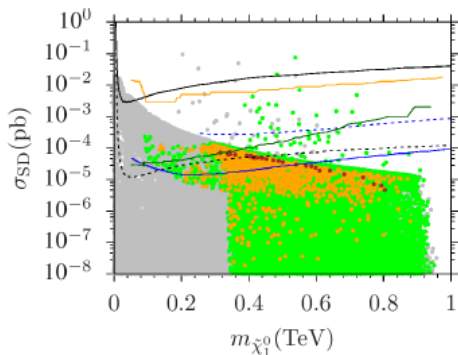
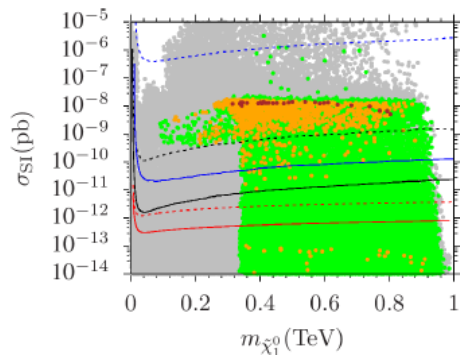


Figure: Plot for the neutralino species in the $\mu - M_1$ plane.

Direct Detection of DM



Conclusion

- ▶ Planck Suppressed operators enhance proton lifetime.
- ▶ Still strong impact from the proton decay
- ▶ $\tan \beta \lesssim 12$
- ▶ Heavy supersymmetric mass spectrum:

$$m_{0,1,2} \gtrsim 10 \text{ TeV and } m_{0_3} \gtrsim 15 \text{ TeV}$$

- ▶ Bino-Higgsino mixture in Dark Matter composition
- ▶ Large scattering cross-sections in direct detection experiments of Dark Matter