



UNIVERSITÉ
DE LYON

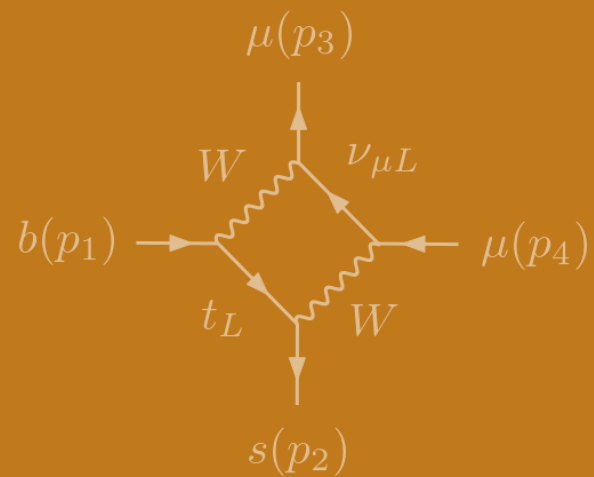
New analytical calculations in NMFV-MSSM scenarios

→ For $(g-2)_\mu$ and B anomalies

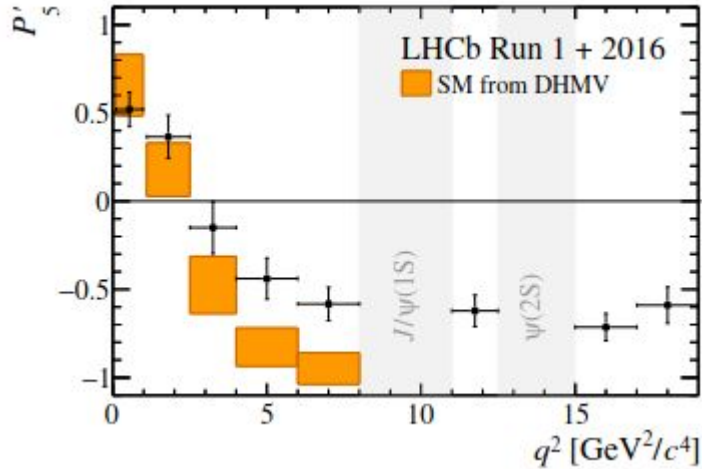
G. Uhlich (Ph.D. student, Lyon University)
M.A. Boussejra
F. Mahmoudi

SUSY 2021
Aug. 27 2021

Motivations

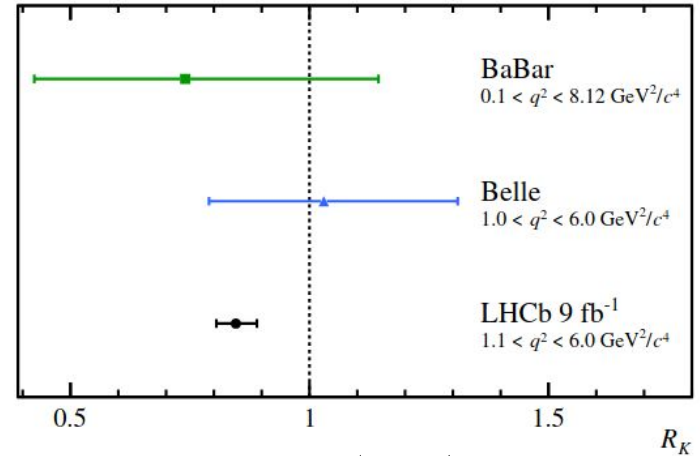


Flavor anomalies: $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu^+ \mu^-$



Angular observable P'_5 : 2.5σ and 2.9σ tensions in the $[4, 6[$ and $[6, 8[$ bins

[arxiv:[2003.04831](https://arxiv.org/abs/2003.04831)]



$$R_K = \frac{\text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ e^+ e^-)}$$

R_K recent update: 3.1σ tension with the SM.

[arxiv:[2103.11769](https://arxiv.org/abs/2103.11769)]

Wilson coefficients and best fit for μ

Effective Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}} \ni -\frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{tb} V_{ts}^* \left[\frac{e}{16\pi^2} m_b C_7^{(l)} (\bar{s} \sigma^{\mu\nu} P_{R(L)} b) F_{\mu\nu} + \frac{e^2}{16\pi^2} C_{9(10)} (\bar{s} \gamma^\mu P_L b) (\bar{\mu} \gamma_\mu (\gamma^5) \mu) \right]$$

Standard Model predictions:

$$C_7^{(\text{SM})}(m_b) \approx -0.3$$

$$C_9^{(\text{SM})}(m_b) \approx +4.2$$

Global fit with 20 operators:

$$\delta C_7^{(\text{SM})}(m_b) \approx +0.05 \pm 0.03$$


$$\delta C_9^{(\text{SM})}(m_b) \approx -1.16 \pm 0.17$$

[arxiv:[2104.10058](https://arxiv.org/abs/2104.10058)]

Muon anomalous magnetic dipole moment

Magnetic dipole operator at the loop level:


$$i\mathcal{M} \ni a_\mu \frac{ie}{4m_\mu} (\bar{\mu}\sigma^{\mu\nu}\mu) F_{\mu\nu}$$

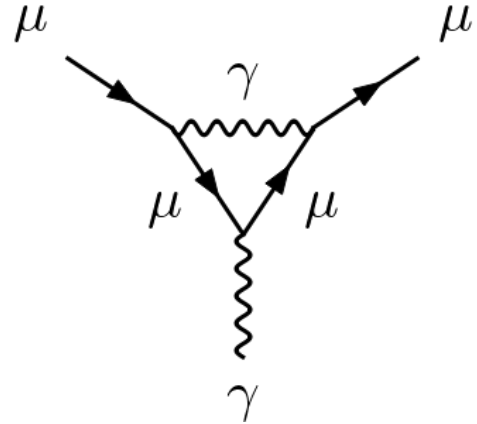
 $a_\mu = \frac{g_\mu - 2}{2}$

Recent measurements at Fermilab:

$$a_\mu^{\text{EXP}} = 116\,592\,061(41) \times 10^{-11}$$

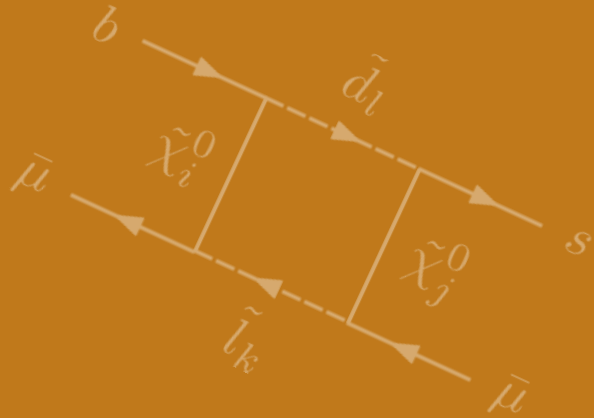
$$a_\mu^{\text{EXP}} - a_\mu^{\text{SM}} = (251 \pm 59) \times 10^{-11}$$

 4.2 σ tension



[arxiv:[2104.03281](https://arxiv.org/abs/2104.03281)]

Generalities on NMFV-MSSM scenarios



Soft Supersymmetry breaking

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_{\text{soft}} = & -\frac{1}{2}(M_1\tilde{B}\tilde{B} + M_2\tilde{W}\tilde{W} + M_3\tilde{g}\tilde{g} + \text{c. c.}) \\ & - \left(\tilde{u}\mathbf{a}_u\tilde{Q}H_u - \tilde{d}\mathbf{a}_d\tilde{Q}H_d - \tilde{e}\mathbf{a}_e\tilde{L}H_d + \text{c. c.} \right) \\ & - \tilde{Q}^\dagger \mathbf{m}_Q^2 \tilde{Q} - \tilde{L}^\dagger \mathbf{m}_L^2 \tilde{L} - \tilde{u}\mathbf{m}_u^2 \tilde{u}^\dagger - \tilde{d}\mathbf{m}_d^2 \tilde{d}^\dagger - \tilde{e}\mathbf{m}_e^2 \tilde{e}^\dagger \\ & - m_{H_u}^2 H_u^\dagger H_u - m_{H_d}^2 H_d^\dagger H_d - (bH_u H_d + \text{c. c.})\end{aligned}$$

105 parameters in the general MSSM

- 3 Higgs parameters $(m_{H_u}^2, m_{H_d}^2, b) \leftrightarrow (M_A^2, \mu, \tan \beta)$
- 3 Bino, Wino and Gluino masses (M_1, M_2, M_3)
- 54 trilinear parameters $(\mathbf{a}_u, \mathbf{a}_d, \mathbf{a}_e)$
- 45 sfermion mass parameters $(\mathbf{m}_Q^2, \mathbf{m}_L^2, \mathbf{m}_u^2, \mathbf{m}_d^2, \mathbf{m}_e^2,)$



Non-Minimal Flavor Violation (NMFV)

pMSSM, 19 parameters:

- General scenario with no universality assumption at the GUT scale
- 3 trilinear parameters (a_t, a_b, a_τ)
- 10 sfermion mass parameters (diagonal entries, 1st and 2nd generations degenerate)
 $(m_{\tilde{q}_{1L}}, m_{\tilde{q}_{3L}}, m_{\tilde{u}_R}, m_{\tilde{t}_R}, m_{\tilde{d}_R}, m_{\tilde{b}_R}, m_{\tilde{e}_L}, m_{\tilde{\tau}_L}, m_{\tilde{e}_R}, m_{\tilde{\tau}_R})$

NMFV, allows non-diagonal entries

- Up to 105 parameters (general MSSM)
- Up to three 6x6 mixing matrices (up squarks, down squarks and sleptons)
- Up to a 3x3 mixing matrix for sneutrinos

→ 19 (pMSSM) + 24 (NMFV) free parameters

Usual technique in NMFV scenarios

Mass Insertion Approximation (MIA)

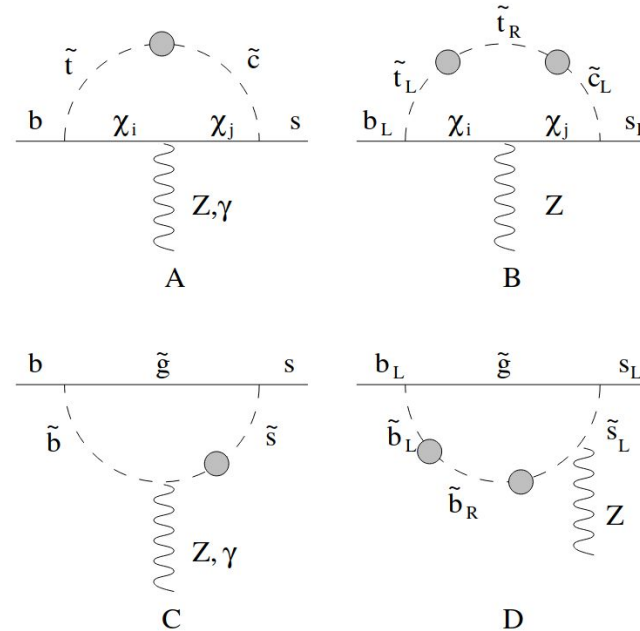
- Small off-diagonal SUSY breaking matrix elements

$$\delta_{ij} \equiv \frac{m_{ij}^2}{\Lambda^2}$$

- Calculation in flavor basis
- MFV spectrum calculation
- Wilson coefficients are known.

Full analytical calculation

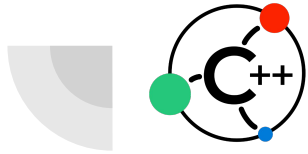
- Some contributions have been calculated [[arxiv:0812.4320](https://arxiv.org/abs/0812.4320)]
- $C_7, C_9, (g-2)_\mu$ are not known



[[arxiv:hep-ph/9906286](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/9906286)]

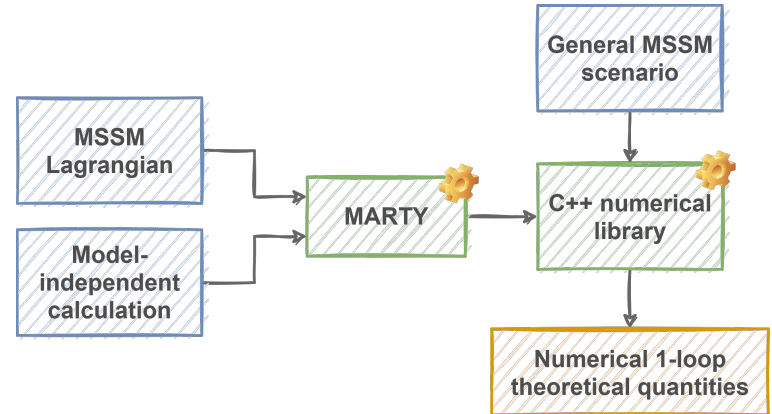
Methods





MARTY [<https://marty.in2p3.fr>]

- C++ framework for **general BSM scenarios**
- **Automated** and **Symbolic** calculations
- **Tree-level** and **One-loop**
 - **Amplitudes**
 - **Squared amplitudes**
 - **Wilson coefficients**
- **Library generation**
 - C++ numerical library
 - Tree-level spectrum generator included
 - Detailed phenomenological analyses



[G.U., arXiv:[2011.02478](https://arxiv.org/abs/2011.02478)]



Phenomenological analysis

MSSM spectrum

- NMFV parameters are highly constrained
- **SPheno** [arxiv:[1104.1573](#)]
- SLHA2 input files
- 6x6 sfermion mixings matrices
- Loop corrections
- Phenomenological constraints

Wilson coefficients at $\mu = m_b$

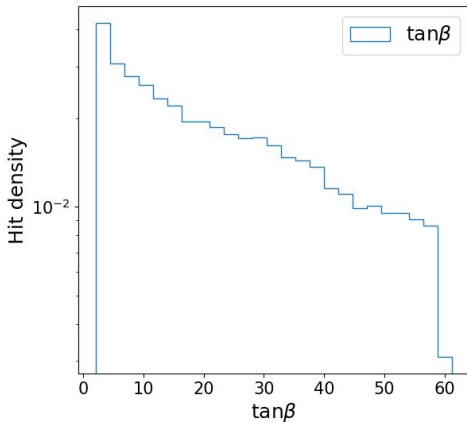
- Comparison with standard analyses
- **SuperIso** [arxiv:[0808.3144](#)]
- SM contribution
- Operator mixing
- RGE evolution for Wilson coefficients



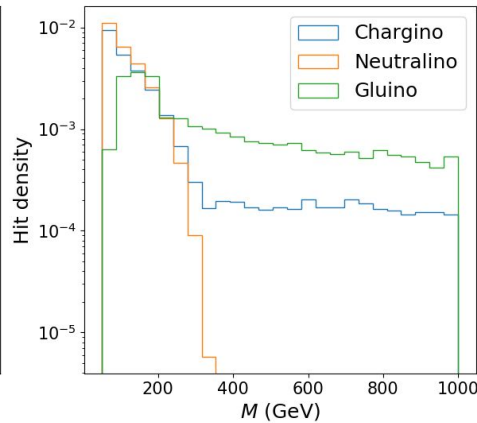
Some posteriors of the random scan

(Proof of concept with 41 000 points)

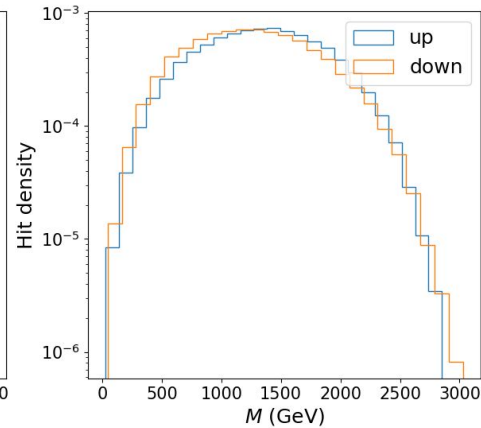
$\tan\beta$



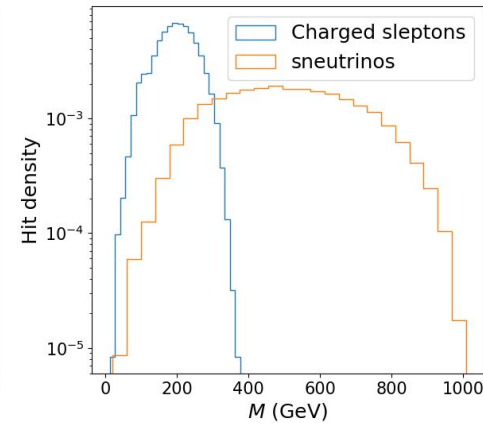
Gauginos masses



Squark masses



Slepton masses



Summary of contributions

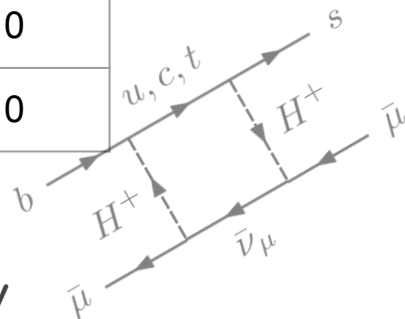
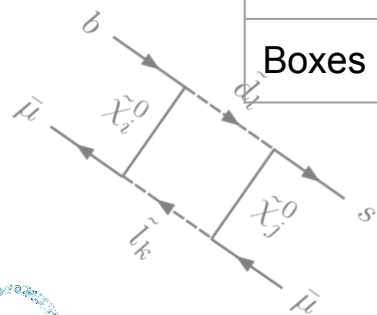
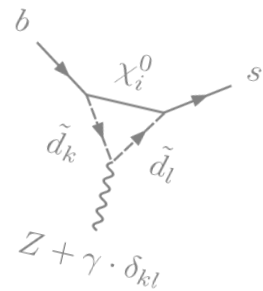
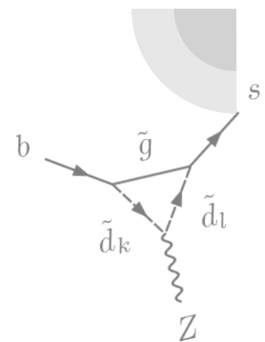
	Chargino	Neutralino	Gluido	Charged Higgs	Neutral Higgs
$(g-2)_\mu$ γ -penguin	pMSSM	pMSSM	✗	pMSSM	pMSSM
C_7 γ -penguin	pMSSM	NMFV	NMFV	pMSSM	✗
C_9 γ -penguin	pMSSM	NMFV	NMFV	pMSSM	✗
C_9 Z penguins	pMSSM	NMFV	NMFV	pMSSM	✗
C_9 Boxes	pMSSM	NMFV	✗	pMSSM	✗

A closer look to the diagrams for C_9

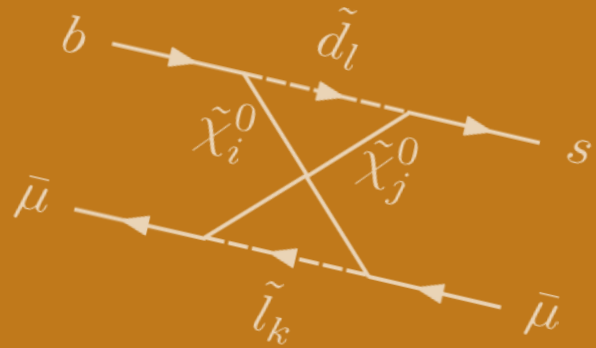
	Chargino	Neutralino	Glucino	Charged Higgs	Neutral Higgs
γ -penguins	240	96	24	24	0
Z-penguins	624	1344	240	78	0
Boxes	864	13824	0	12	0

- About 18 000 diagrams calculated by MARTY!
- Merges diagrams and extracts C_9 automatically

→ Similarly for C_7 and $(g-2)_\mu$

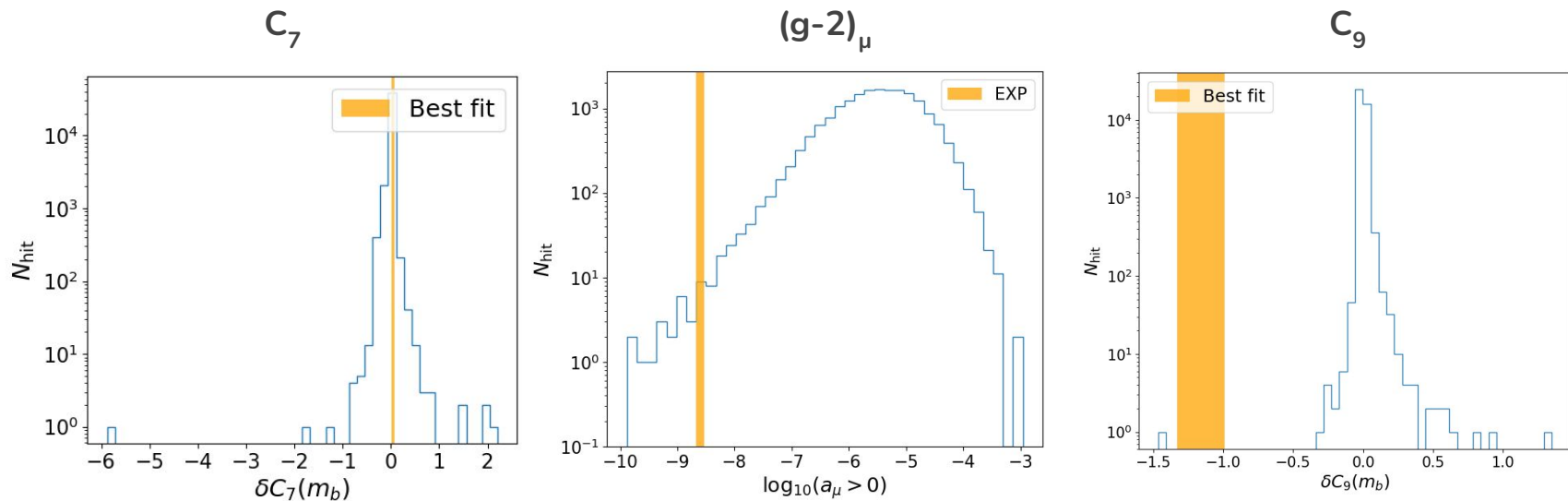


Results



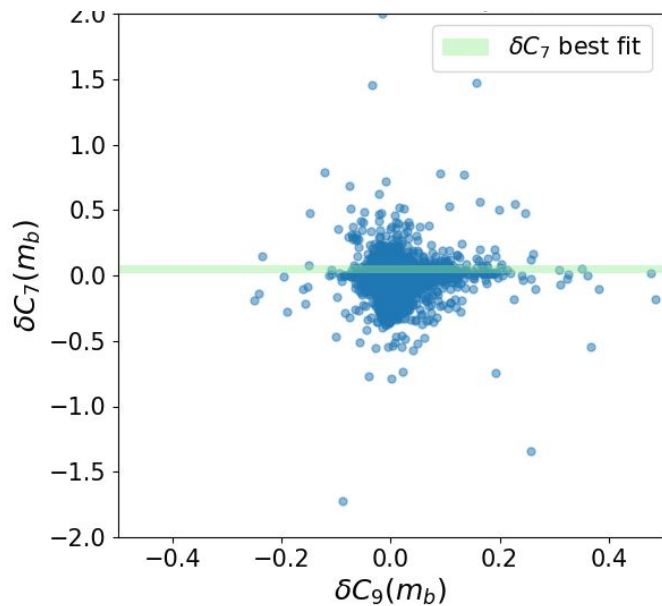


Individual distributions



→ C_9 can be shifted of $O(1)$

Combined Wilson analysis

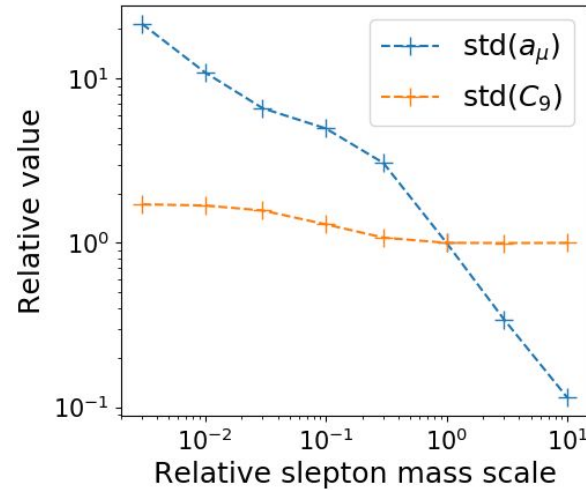
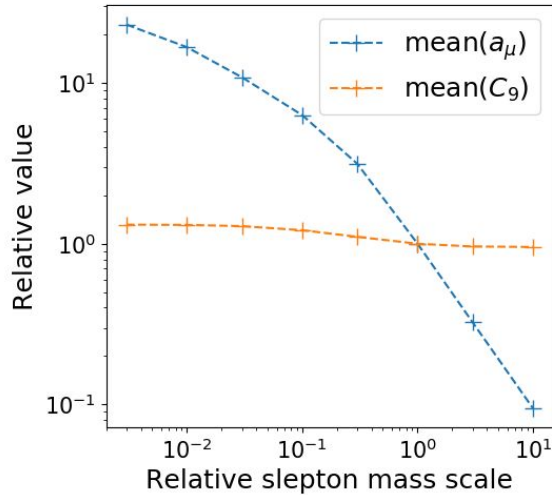


→ Possible to address C_7 and C_9

→ Need more statistics

Explain flavor anomalies and $(g-2)_\mu$

Rescale slepton masses to shift a_μ only



→ Possible to address $(g-2)_\mu$ by adjusting slepton masses without changing C_9

Discussion



Possible improvements

- Improve statistics
- **Scan weighted** by the parameter posterior distributions
- **Find correlations** to address the spectrum constraints
- Consider NMFV in the lepton sector
- Phenomenology, link with LHC direct search bounds



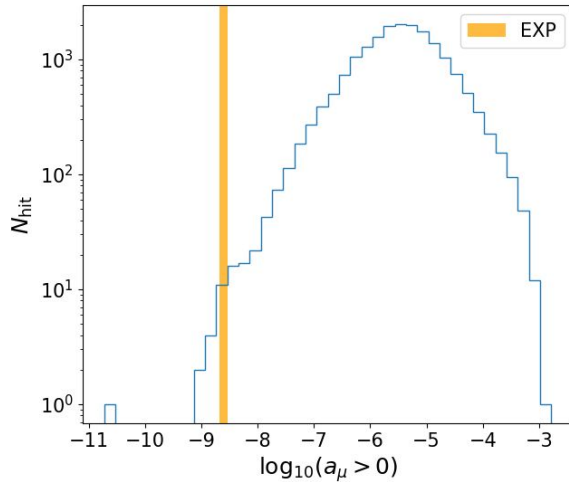
Conclusion

We presented for the first time the full 1-loop analytical calculations in the general MSSM for C_7 , C_9 and $(g-2)_\mu$

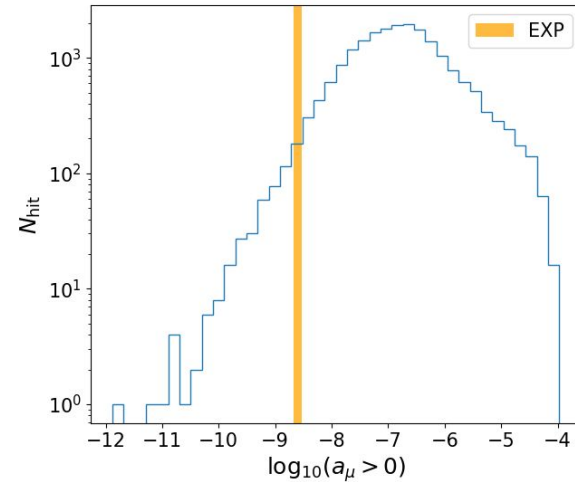
- $(g-2)_\mu$ can be addressed by adjusting the absolute slepton mass scale
- C_9 can be shifted to reach the best fit region
- A more optimized scan is required
- Analytical results have been obtained with the public code MARTY (See the [talk about MARTY](#) in the New Tools session)

Thank you for your attention !

Slepton mass rescaling to address $(g-2)_\mu$



x10
→



MARTY sub-steps

