

FTS and Tokens

FTS & XRootD Workshop
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Introduction: Exascale Token for FTS



- FTS distributes majority of Data across the WLCG infrastructure. It is integrated with experiment data management frameworks as well that includes Rucio and DIRAC.
- The main authentication method used in the FTS ecosystem are based on X509 proxy certificates
- For HTTP protocol, FTS provides "unrefined" token support to enable certificate-less transfers
- This project aims to transition from proxy certificates to Token Authentication
- We are one of the first component that is attempting and aiming full support for Token Authentication at Exascale level for LHC experiment workflow



Abstract



- Exascale token support for long-standing operations, data archival and retrieval on cold storage and for the management of the full token lifecycle.
- Dedicated designing, development, test and deployment activities to natively integrate the chosen token authorization technology in FTS
- Regular follow up within WLCG working groups, to make sure the service will be able to provide a scalable service to the LHC experiments
- Identification, discussions and agreements with all involved parties (WLCG, Experiments, EGI and OSG communities) for their own distinct requirements and objectives to ensure the interoperability of the service.
- Identification of operational hurdles and addressal in a timely matter.



Risks



- This work is needed as a pre-requisite for the authentication transition from X509 certificates to Tokens of the WLCG
- Without this development, LHC experiments will not be able to operate at scale transfers and data archival and retrieval from cold storage
- Plausible impact on the WLCG Token Transition timeline and the next HL-LHC Data Challenge
- Convergence and agreement of all involved parties on the interoperability and scalability aspects of the different solutions to allow the FTS service to design, develop and deliver in time a coherent set of tools to meet the community decisions and the WLCG Token Transition timeline.



Objectives



- Assess current FTS software stack w.r.t. tokens
- Liaison with all stakeholders
- Discuss and review main workflows with all stakeholders
- Design and develop fully integrated token support for all supported protocols
- Design and develop automated token refresh mechanism
- Design and develop fully integrated token support for long-standing operations (cold storage)
- Test individual components
- Test service scalability
- Develop and deploy a functional testing framework
- Deploy a prototype service with full token support
- Validate main experiments' workflows
- Highlight and address shortcomings and scalability issues



Main Stakeholders

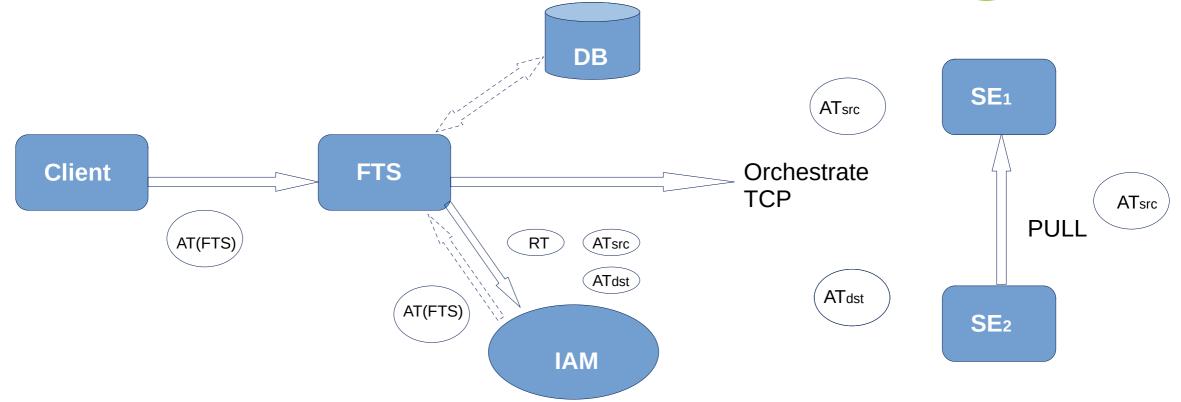


- WLCG
- LHC Experiments
- Storage providers
- Authentication and Authorization Services
- EGI community
- OSG community



Workflow





Scopes: Read Write Overwrite

Scope on basepath (Optional Hint)

Scope on basepath (Optional Hint)

Scope on fullname



Workflow



- 1) The client, like Rucio submits only FTS-specific token
- 2) FTS requests two tokens, one for source storage, one for destination
 - 1) The audience is always the storage
 - 2) The scope is `storage.read:<path>` or `storage.write:<path>`. When file exists, `storage.overwrite:<path>` is needed
 - 3) By default, FTS requests for `storage.read` and `storage.write` <path> = / (basepath).
 - 4) Clients may provide an optional hint for the basepath
 - 5) For `storage.overwrite` scope, <path> = always full filepath
- 3) Tokens are cached on the FTS side in order to limit number of IAM interaction
- 4) FTS constructs a client auth profile based on this initial access token. In a way, this initial token can be seen similar to today's certificates and the "delegation" process





Questions





Thank you!