

#### WN Setup and Procurements at GridKa Tier1

Manfred Alef, Max Fischer / pre-GDB 2021-07-13



#### www.kit.edu

# **Batch Farm at GridKa Tier1**



Approx. 550,000 HS06 (Apr 2021), x86

- Supporting ALICE (26%), ATLAS (30%), CMS (14%), LHCB (20%), Belle 2, Compass, IceCube, WeNMR, ...
- HTCondor (running on bare metal): 1-core, 8-core jobs are supported, 4 HTCondor-CEs

WN models:

- Intel E5-2630 v4 (Broadwell, 10-core, 2.2 GHz)
- AMD EPYC 7702 (Rome, 64-core, 2.0 GHz)
- AMD EPYC 7742 (Rome, 64-core, 2.25 GHz) coming soon
- (Some older hardware models still available for benchmarking purposes)

# **Hardware Details**



Default setup: SMT on, ~1.5 job slots per physical core (multiple of 8 job slots to optimize 8-core job scheduling)

### Memory:

- At least 4 GB RAM / (phys.) core ⇒ ~3 GB RAM / job slot in default setup
- Older WN models providing at least 2 GB RAM / job slot)
- Hard disks, SSD(s):
  - At least 30 GB scratch space and swap (> 4 GB) per job slot
  - Latest WN models: SSD(s), older systems: multiple hard disks
- Network connection: 10GbE (older WN models: GbE)

#### Steinbuch Centre of Computing (SCC)

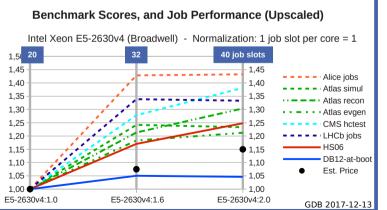
\* https://indico.cern.ch/event/578993/contributions/2801058/attachments/1574522/2485835/Benchmarking-update-2017-12-13.pdf

# **Job Slot Configuration**

Default setup: SMT on, ~1.5 job slots per physical core (multiple of 8 job slots to optimize 8-core job scheduling)

### Why that uncommon setup?

- First WN models with SMT installed in 2009, trying to find out the best configuration:
  - optimizing HS06/€
  - comparing number of jobs per HS06
- Validation based on job power (events/s) reported by experiments \*

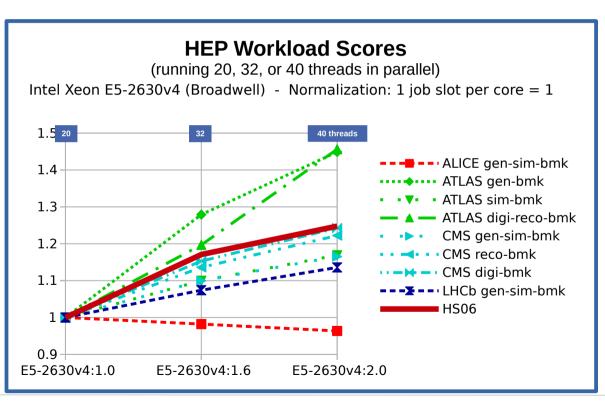




# **Benchmarking ("2nd Dimension")**



Results of the individual HEP workloads (running 20, 32, or 40 threads in parallel)



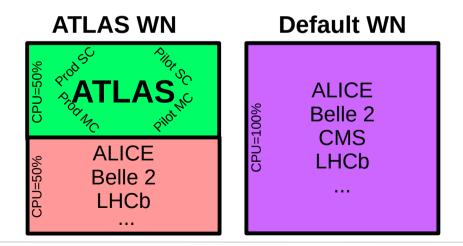
# **ATLAS Unified SC/MC Queue Support**



Modified setup optimizing ATLAS unified SC/MC queue scheduling

Several issues caused by frequent MC-SC-MC transitions

 Solution (since autumn 2020): dedicated ATLAS farm partition, still maintaining job mix by implementing 2 HTCondor partitionable slots on subset of WNs, serving either only ATLAS, or only the other VOs



## **Procurements of WN Hardware**



Inviting tenders for the requested amount of HS06 (not for #boxes)
- x86 CPU, memory, SSD (TBW: 50TB/core), network interface, BMC, ...
Vendors run benchmark (optimizing HS06/€)

- Ordering the tenders: based on estimated lifecycle cost considering additional boundary conditions, e.g. power consumption, rack space, network ports, ...
- Acceptance:
  - Running HS06 in a loop (burn-in + HS06 re-measure)
  - General burn-in

# **Opportunistic Resource Support**



Opportunistically provide resources from external sources

- Dedicated HTCondor cluster separate from Tier1 cluster
- CE+Scheduler managed by Tier1, best-effort support for resources
- Integration via COBalD/TARDIS "pilots", running VO pilots as payload

Wide range of resource shapes and kinds

- 1 96 Slots, 2 GB 4.5 GB RAM/slot, sometimes GPUs
- Changing availability, volume and partitioning of resources

Not yet used to improve scheduling, benchmarking, ...

# **Questions, Comments**





pre-GDB 2021-07-13 Manfred Alef, Max Fischer: WN Setup and Procurements at GridKa

Steinbuch Centre of Computing (SCC)