



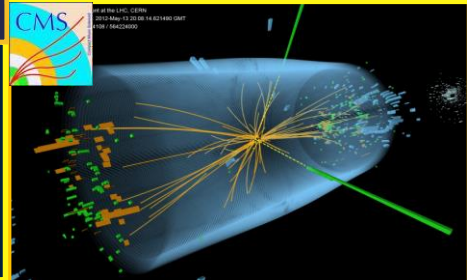
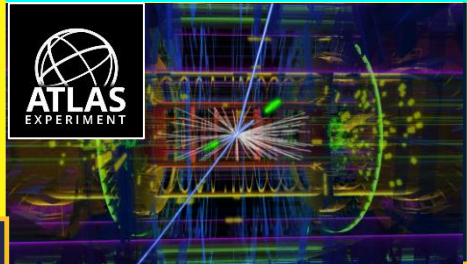
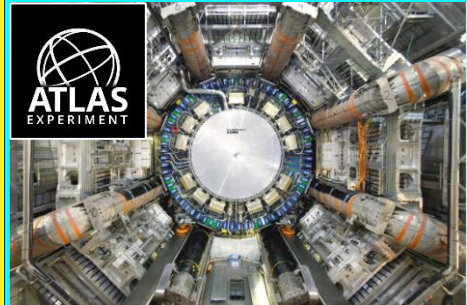
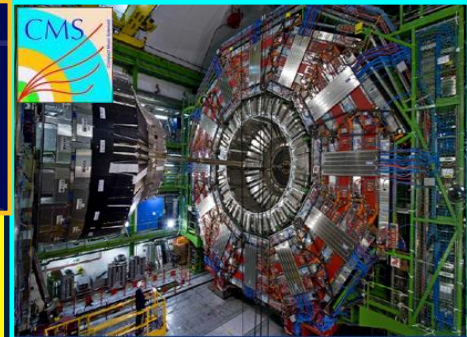
# ATLAS and CMS: Higgs Results from the LHC

Mass, Couplings, Differential  $\sigma$ , CP, Rare Decays, HH, BSM

## LHC Run2, Run3 and HL LHC *Journey of Discovery*



*River of Discovery*



**LISHEP 2021**  
International School on High Energy Physics

*Rio + Worldwide*



International School on High Energy Physics

*Salvador*

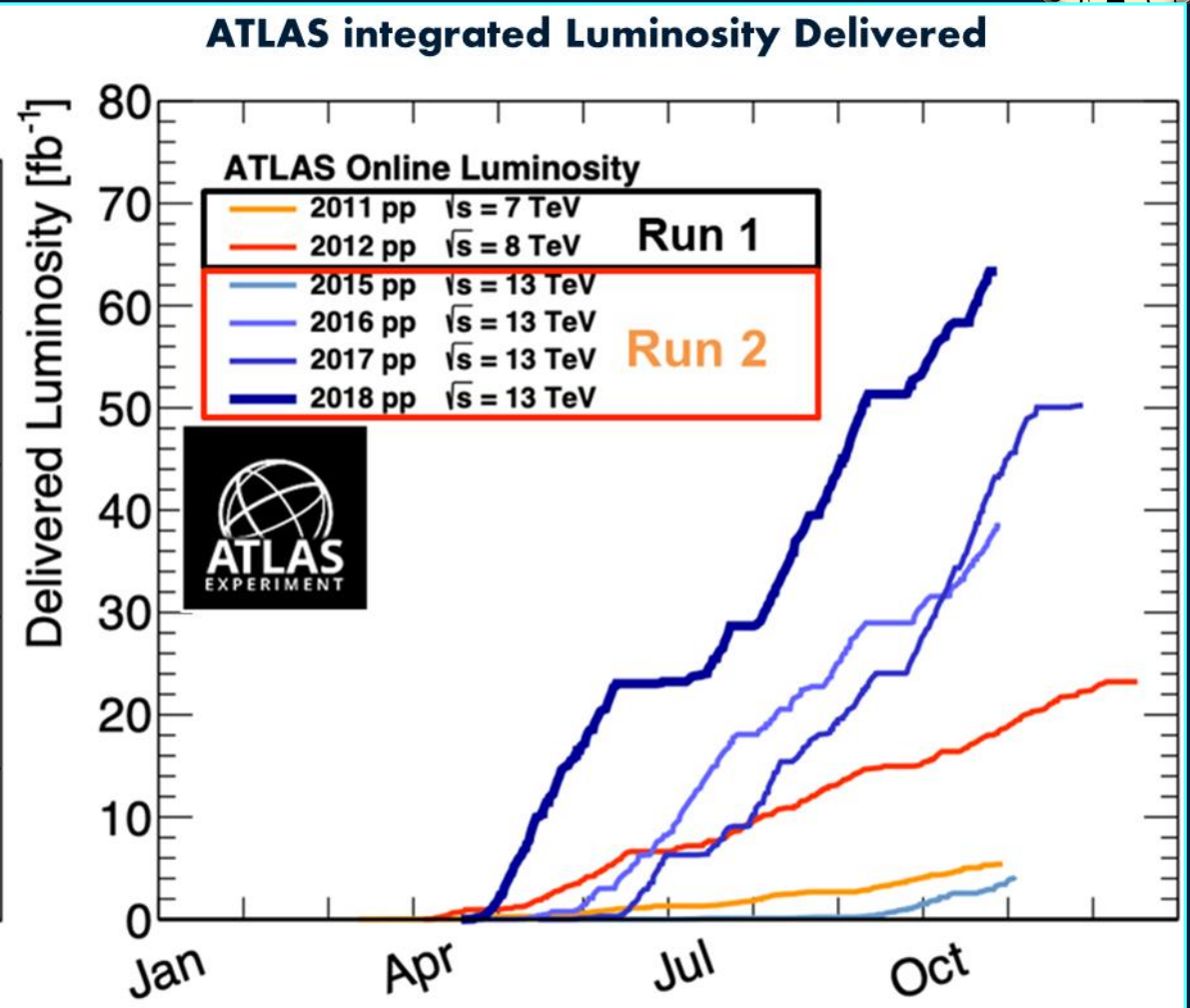
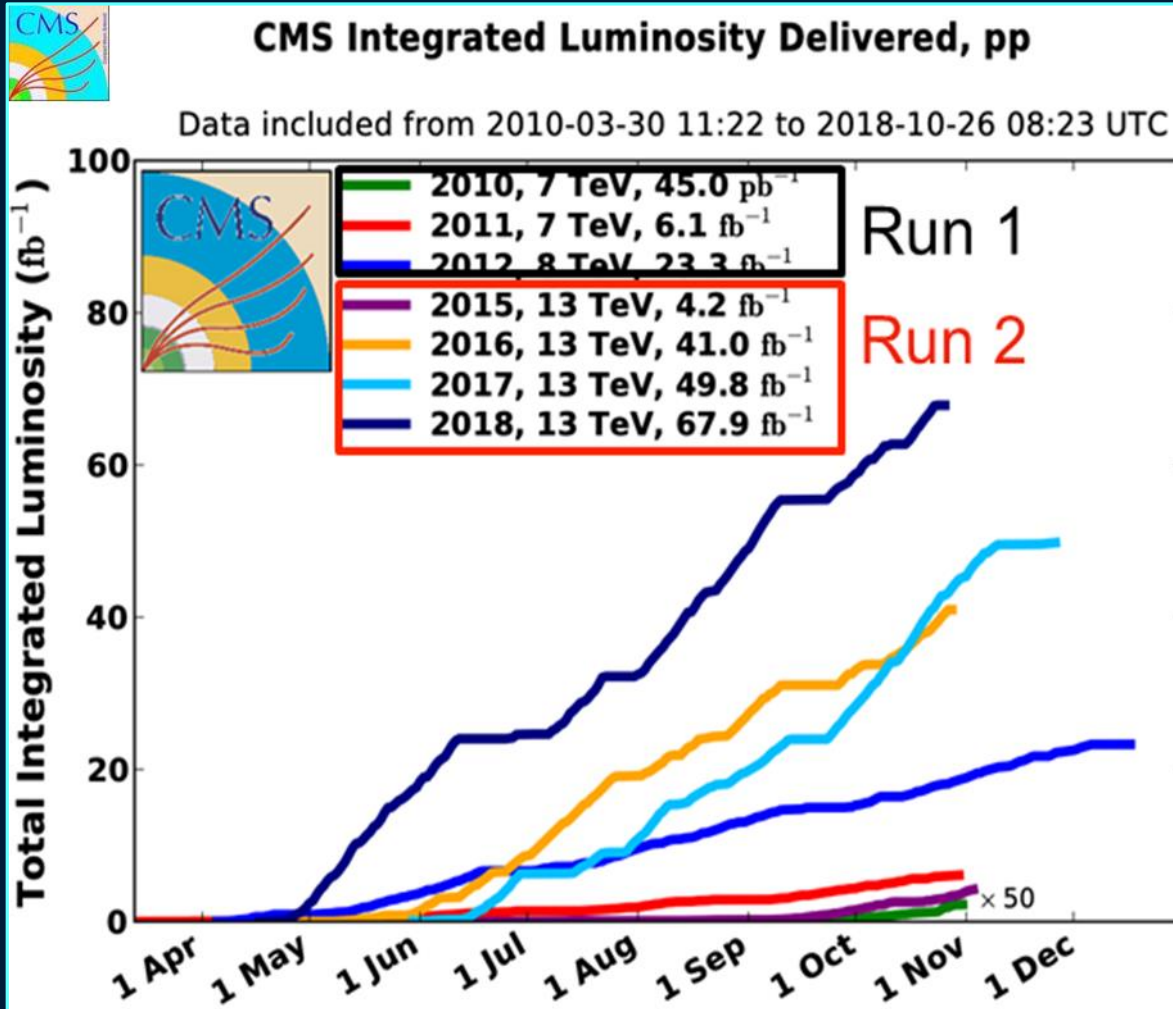


*Manaus*

**Harvey B Newman**  
On behalf of the CMS and ATLAS Collaborations  
**LISHEP 2021 UERJ July 8, 2021**

# LHC, ATLAS and CMS

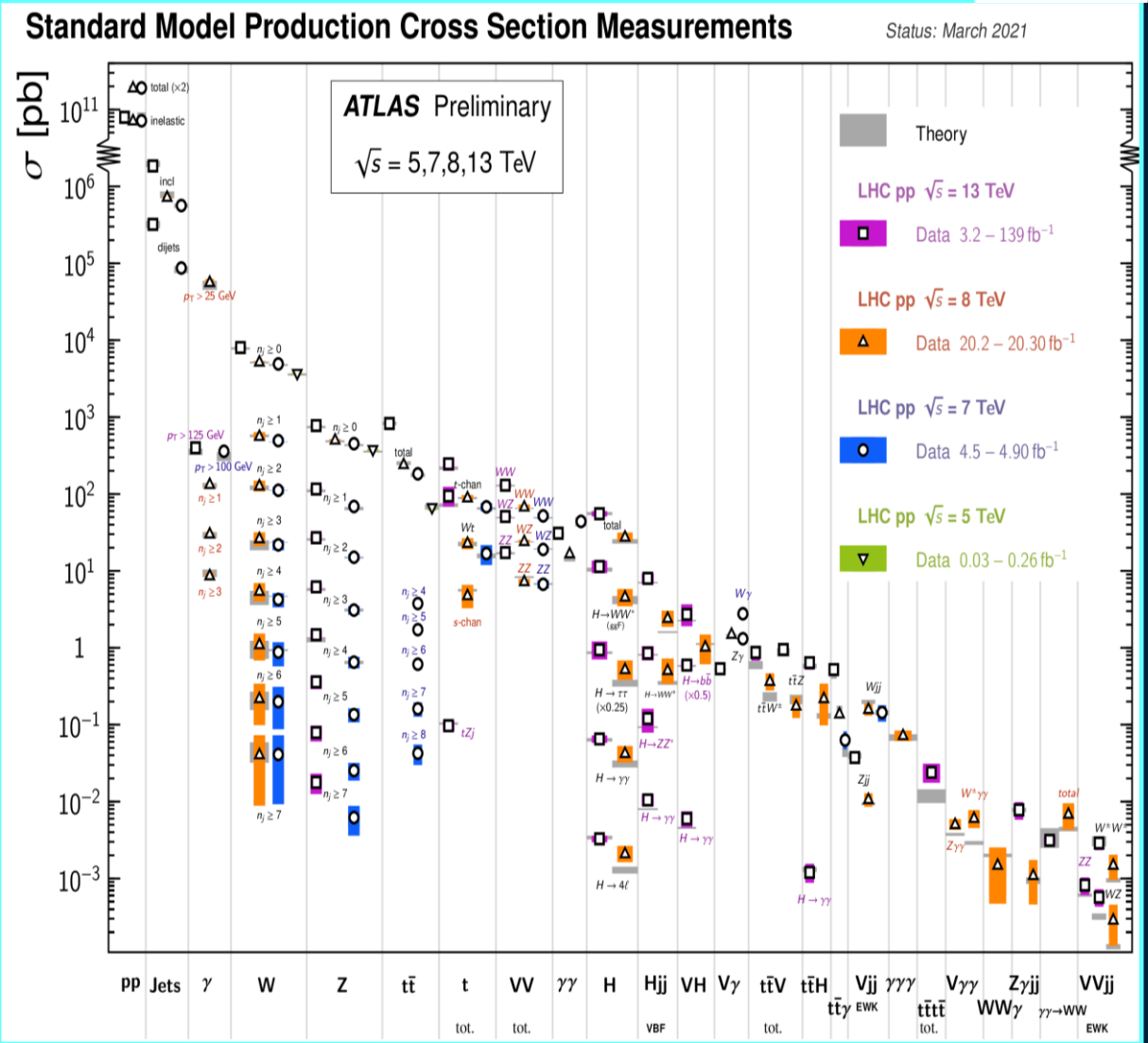
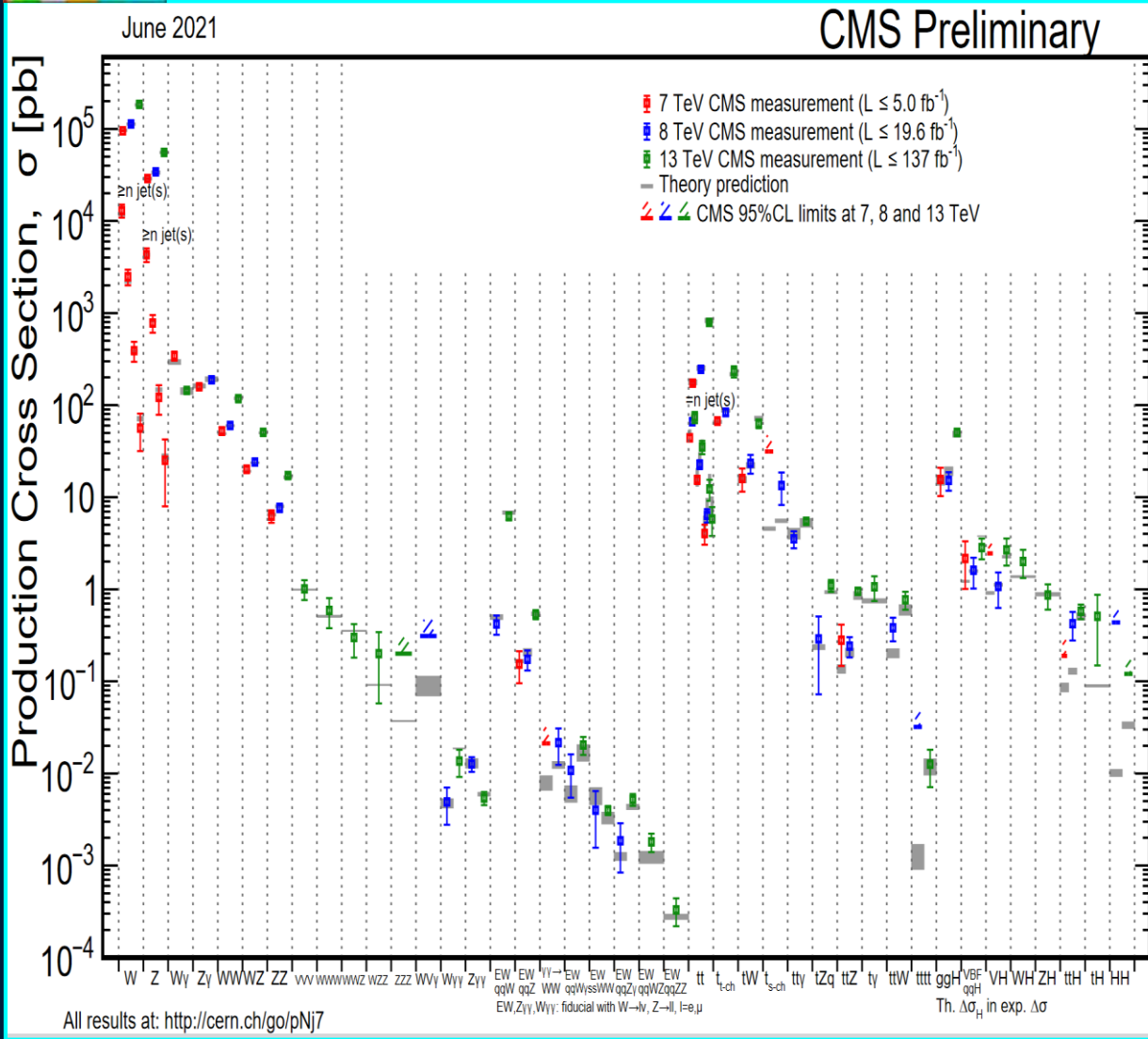
## Excellent Performance



**ATLAS and CMS Collected 139 and 137/fb at 13 TeV**  
 Thanks to the Excellent Performance of the LHC  
 and the Efficient Operation of the Two Detectors

# Standard Model Production Cross Sections

## Agreement over 14 Orders of Magnitude: from ~0.1 barn to < 1 femtobarn



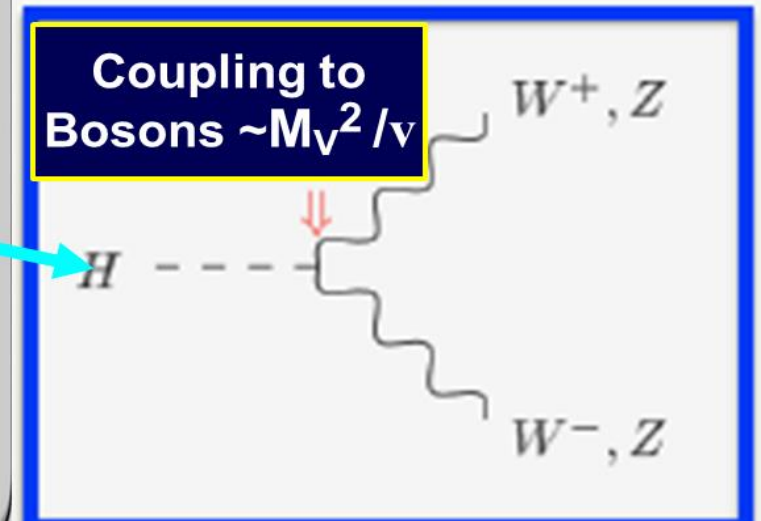
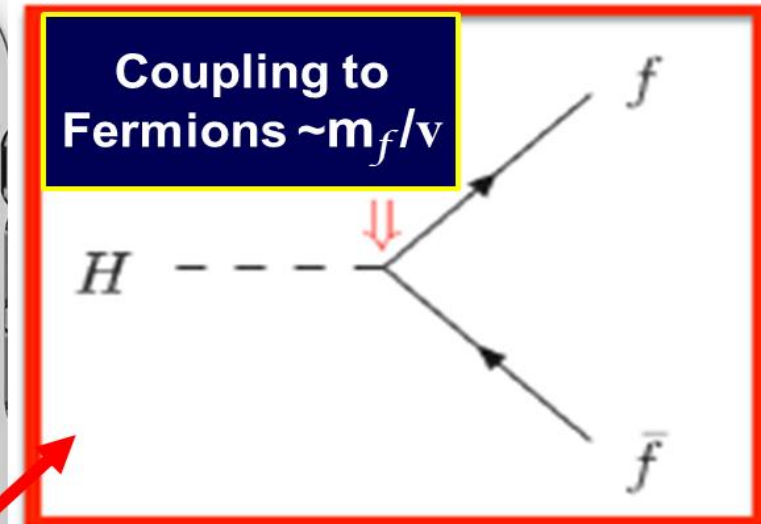


# Higgs Boson Discovery: An Achievement of Humanity. Now That Lagrangian is Everywhere

- ★ Higgs Boson Discovery Opened a New Window:
  - ★ What Stabilizes the theory
  - ★ What was the physics of the early universe ?
- ★ Are there New Particles (Heavy H, V-prime, graviton, VLQ...)
- ★ Precise EWSB Exploration
  - ★ Is it the “perfect” SM Higgs Boson ?
  - ★ Lorentz structure and Symmetries of the EW + QCD Lagrangian
- ★ Rarer production + decay modes; Kinematics and final state structure
- ★ Milestones: 2<sup>nd</sup> Gen ff decays, VBS (unitary), HH (self coupling), fiducial and differential  $\sigma$  (STXS)
- ★ BSM Models

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + i\bar{\psi}\not{D}\psi + h.c. + \bar{\psi}_i \gamma_{ij} \psi_j \phi + h.c. + |D_\mu \phi|^2 - V(\phi)$$

\$ 16.99  
 \$ 31.45



★ **The Higgs Boson Sector:**  
A New Realm of Exploration Towards Discovery



# Higgs Production at the LHC

Run 1: 7-8 TeV pp Collisions; Run2 at 13 TeV

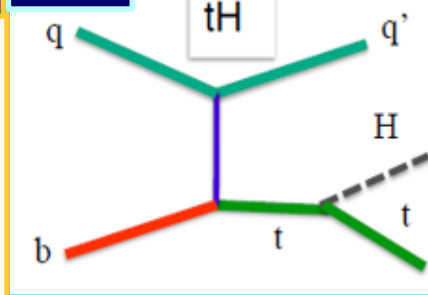
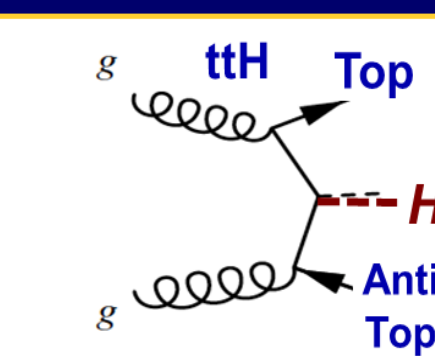
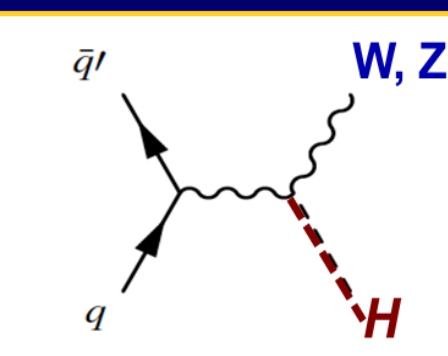
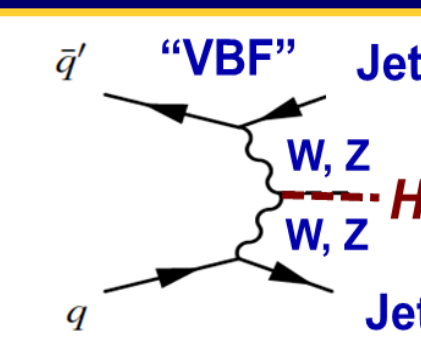
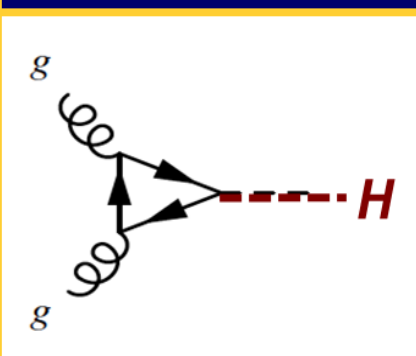
Gluon Fusion  $gg \rightarrow H$

Vector Boson Fusion

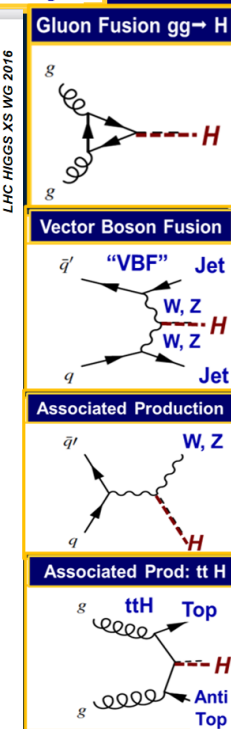
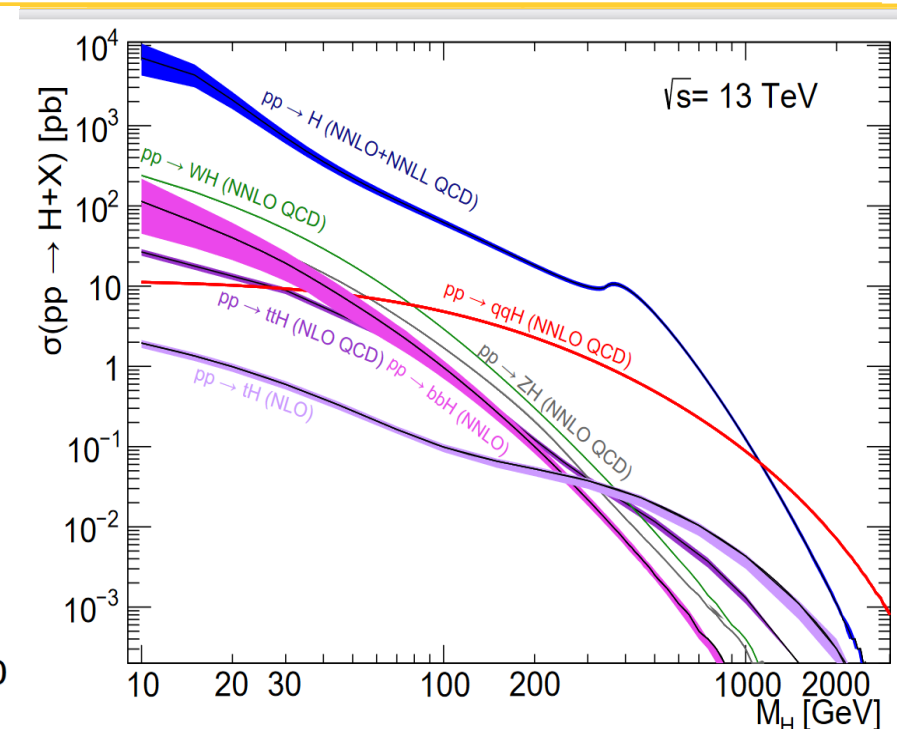
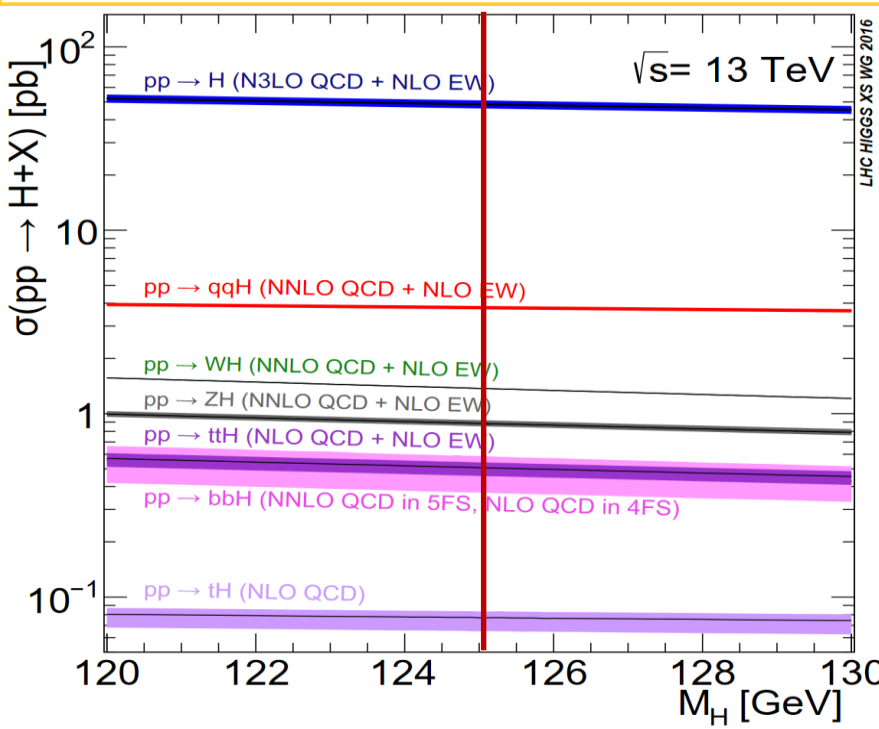
Associated Production

Associated Prod:  $ttH$

Run2



Single Top:  $tHq$



$\sigma(13 \text{ TeV})$

Gluon Fusion $gg \rightarrow H$	$\sigma(13 \text{ TeV})$ ggH: 48.5 pb N3LO QCD, NLO EW
Vector Boson Fusion	VBF: 3.78 pb NNLO QCD, NLO EW
Associated Production	ZH: 0.88 pb WH: 1.37 pb NNLO QCD, NLO EW
Associated Prod: $ttH$	ttH: 0.51 pb NLO QCD, NLO EW
	tH: 0.074 pb

See Handbook on LHC Higgs Cross Sections Vol.4: <https://arxiv.org/abs/1610.07922v2> (May 2017)

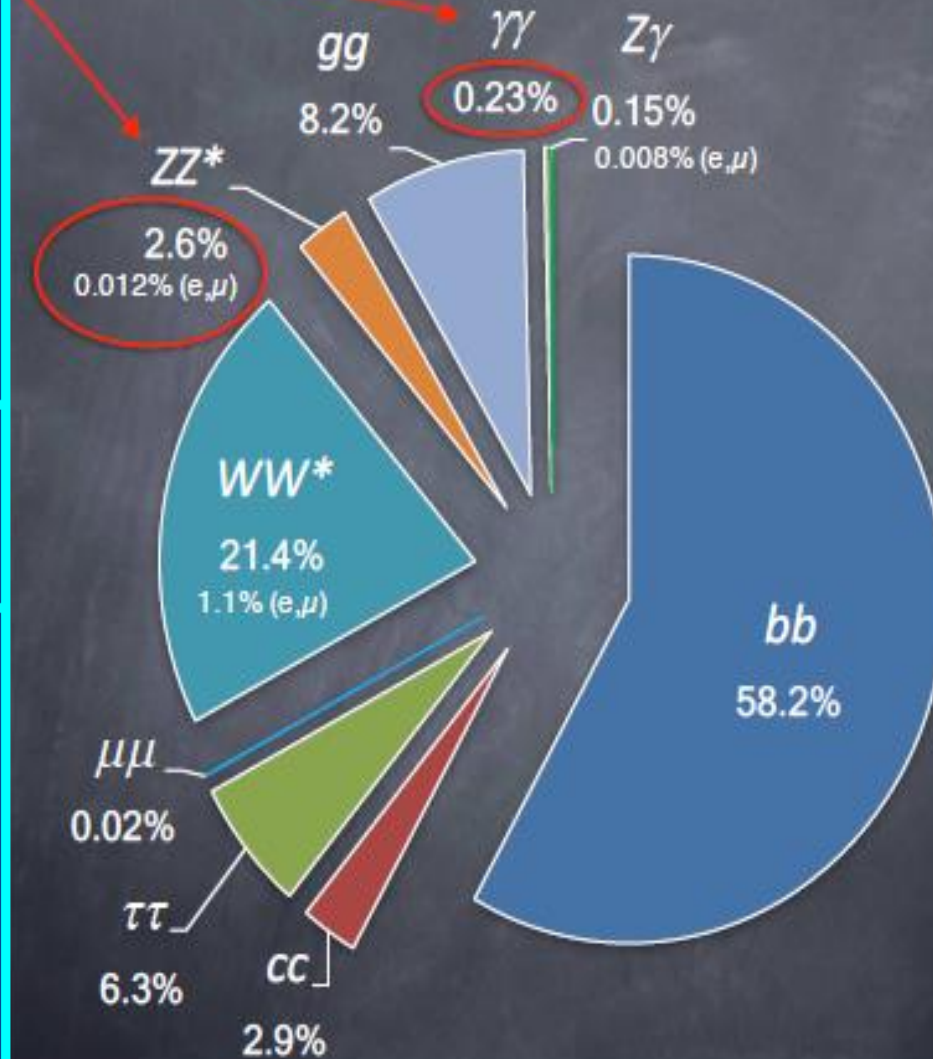
# Higgs Boson Decays



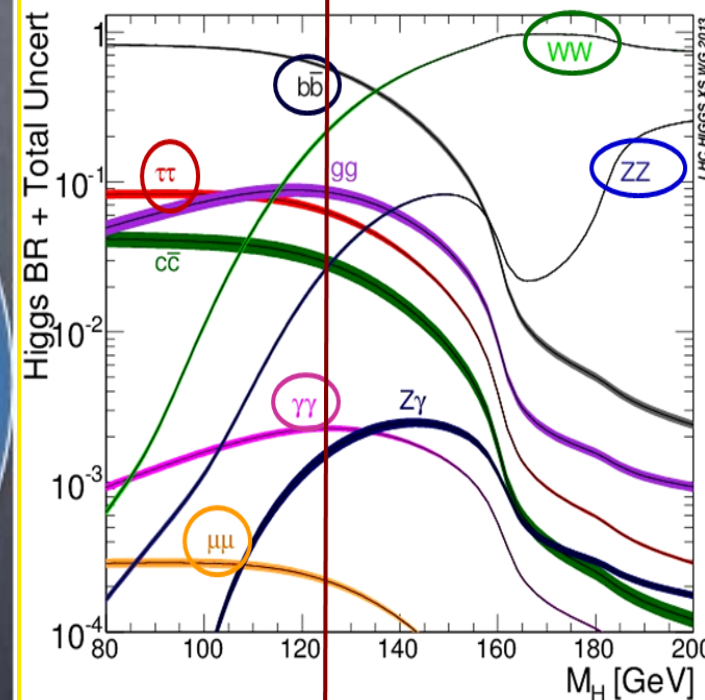
$ZZ, \gamma\gamma$ : High resolution Channels: Precise Mass and Differential Measurements

$WW$ : High BR but Low Resolution

$\mu\mu$ : Very small BR but access to Couplings to 2<sup>nd</sup> Generation Fermions



$bb, \tau\tau$ : High BR but low S/B. Important results: directly probe couplings to fermions



125 GeV – A Spectacular Mass: ~89% of final states studied



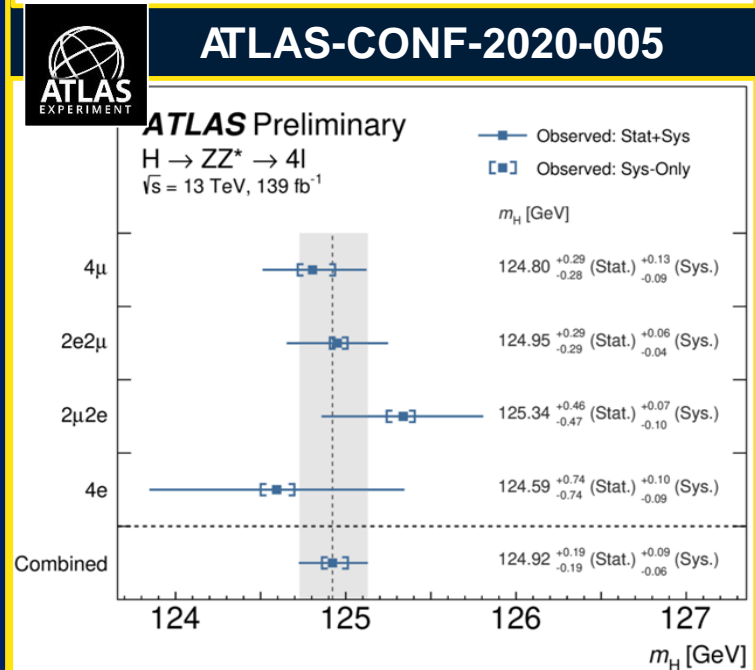
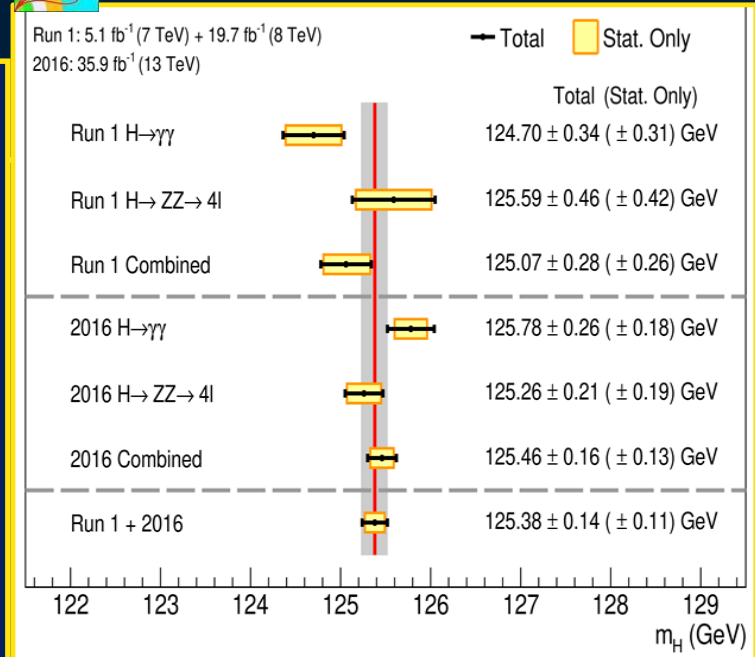
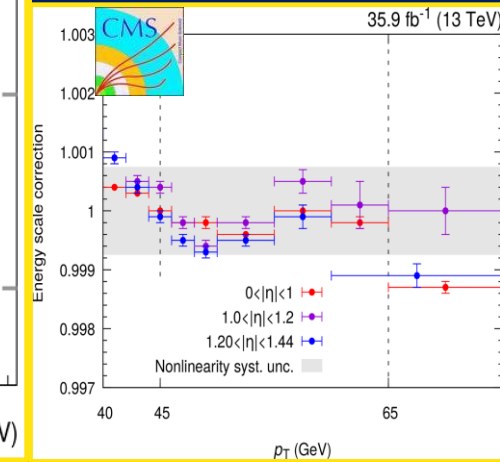
# Higgs Boson Mass



Phys. Lett. B 805 (2020) 135425



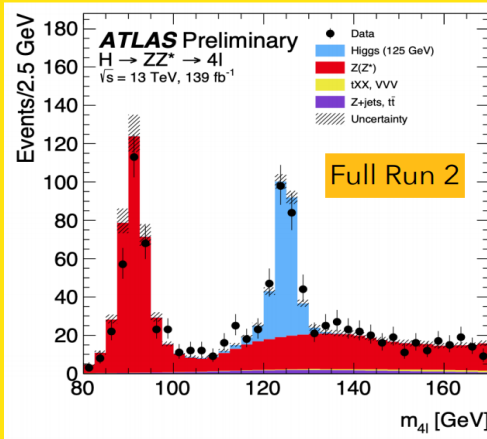
## Photon Energy Scale correction vs $p_T$



## ATLAS-CONF-2020-005

- $M_H$  in the SM is a free parameter: Once known, all Higgs boson couplings to SM particles are fixed
- Most sensitive channels:  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  &  $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ : fully reconstructed with high resolution
- CMS+ATLAS Run1 combination  
 $m_H = 125.09 \pm 0.24$  GeV
- ATLAS full Run2 statistics  $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$  channel
  - $m_H = 124.92 \pm 0.19$  (stat)  $^{+0.09}_{-0.06}$  (sys) GeV
- CMS:  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  &  $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$   
Combined Run1 + 2016
  - $m_H = 125.38 \pm 0.14$  ( $\pm 0.11$  stat. only) GeV
  - Most precise to now
- One of the most precise electroweak measurements  
Approaching 0.1%. Impressive for a hadron collider not designed for this level of precision
- Still statistics limited: More precise measurements expected soon using the full Run 1 + Run 2 dataset

## $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4$ lepton Mass distribution



# H Coupling Modifier Framework:

Characterize possible deviations from SM

## K Factors for Production and Decay

- Assumptions: **Single resonance, zero width, SM tensor structure**
- There are **8 basic parameters** to describe the most relevant decays & production mechanisms:

$$\Gamma_{ZZ}, \Gamma_{WW}, \Gamma_{\tau\tau}, \Gamma_{bb}, \Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}, \Gamma_{gg}, \Gamma_{tt} \text{ and } \Gamma_H$$

$$N(xx \rightarrow H \rightarrow yy) \sim \sigma(xx \rightarrow H) \cdot B(H \rightarrow yy) \sim \frac{\sigma_{xx} \Gamma_{yy}}{\Gamma_H}$$

- We cannot extract all 8 parameters at once with the current data.
- So we do **Coupling Compatibility Tests** using scaling factors **K** relative to SM and their ratios  $\lambda$   
Example: For the  $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  process:  
 $\sigma_{\text{BR}}(gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) / \sigma_{\text{SM}} \text{BR}(gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)_{\text{SM}} = \kappa_g^2 \kappa_\gamma^2 / \kappa_H^2$

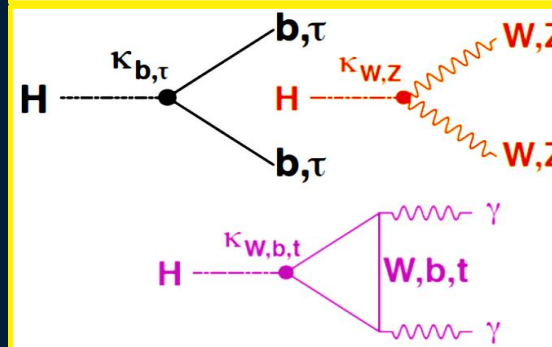
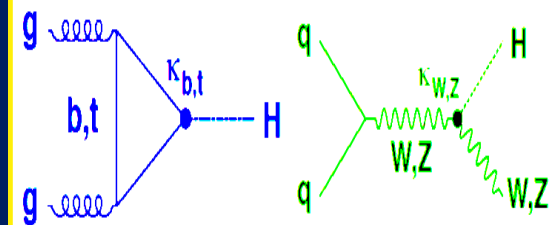
$$\sigma_i \sim \kappa_i^2 \sigma_i^{\text{SM}}$$

$$\Gamma_i \sim \kappa_i^2 \Gamma_i^{\text{SM}}$$

$$\Gamma_H = \sum_i \kappa_i^2 \Gamma_i^{\text{SM}}$$

$$g_F = \kappa_F \frac{\sqrt{2}m_F}{v}$$

$$g_V = \kappa_V \frac{2m_V^2}{v}$$

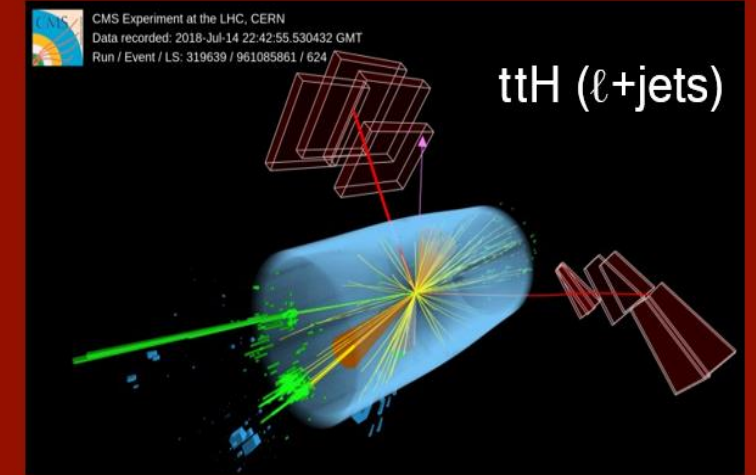
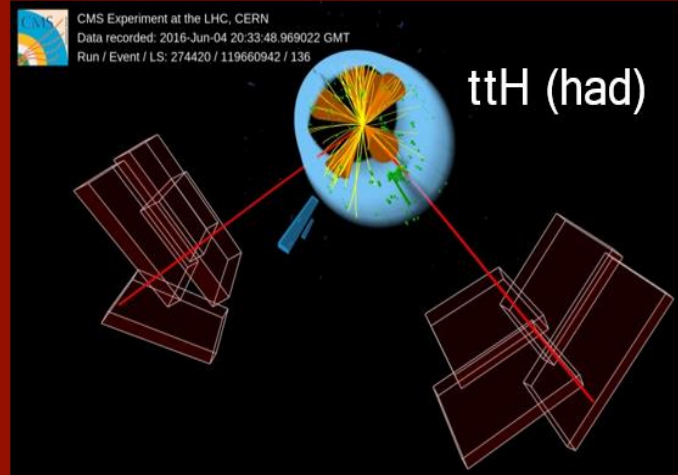
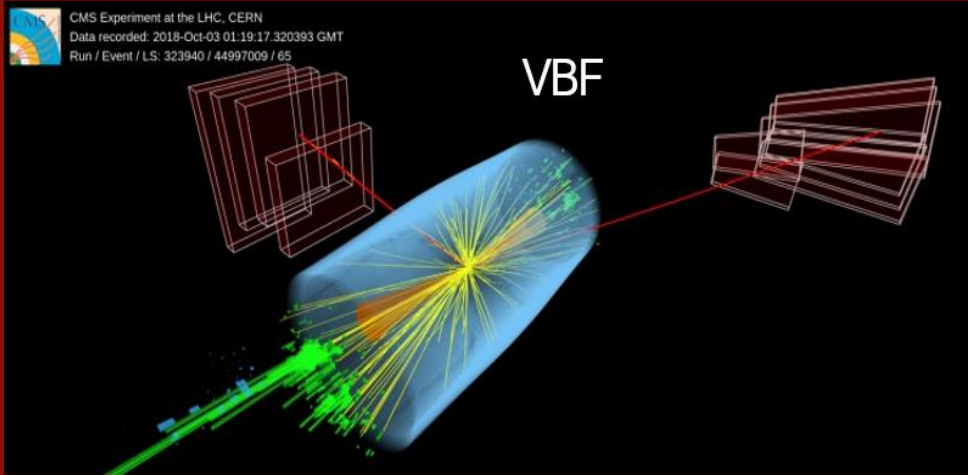
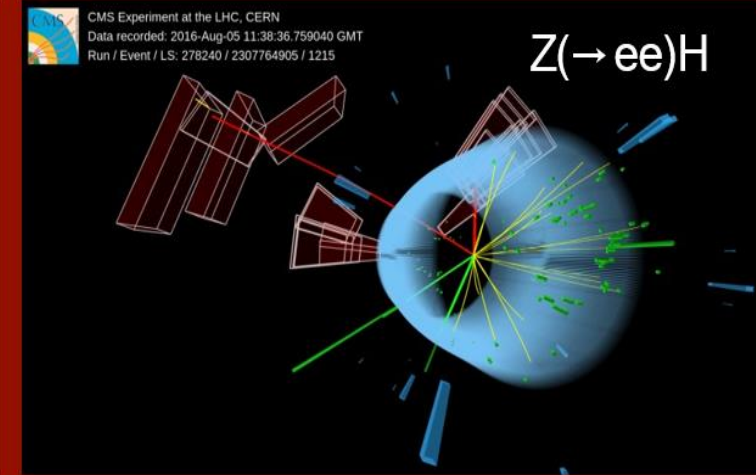
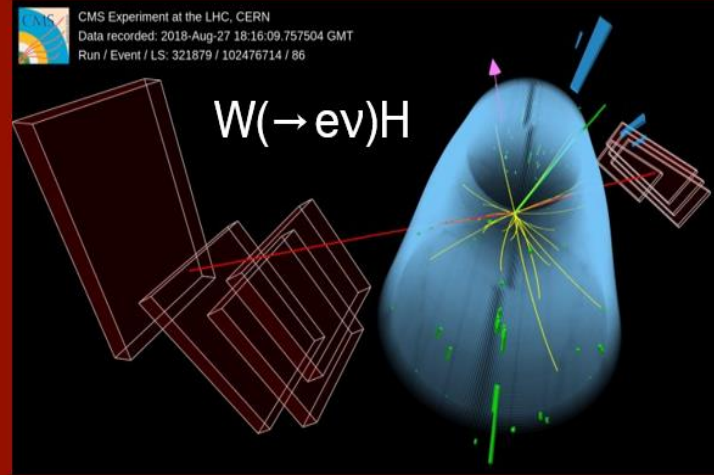
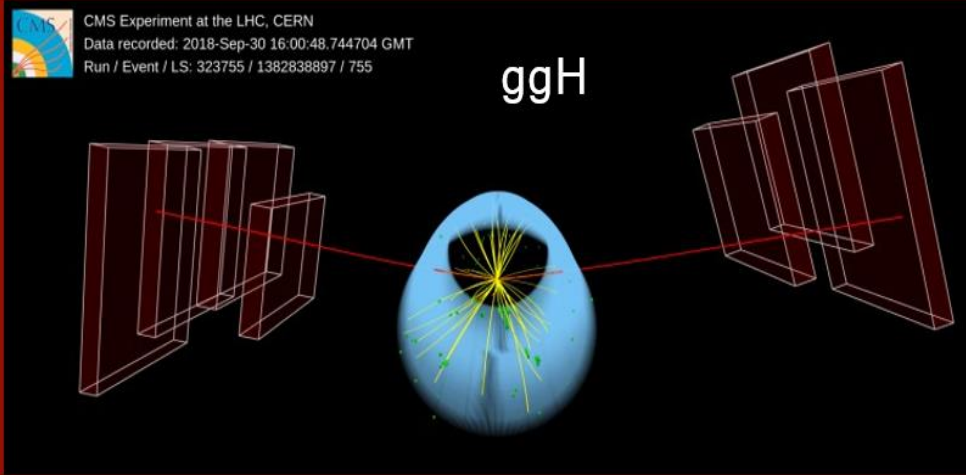






# First Evidence for $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$

Exclusive categories:  $ggH$ ,  $VBF$ ,  $VH$  and  $ttH$





# 1st Evidence for $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$

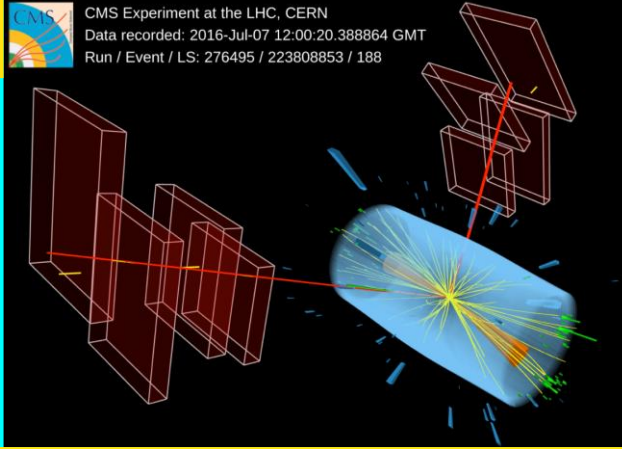
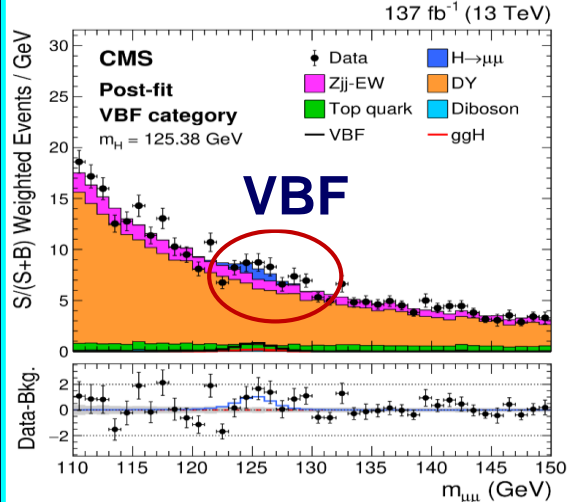
## Most Sensitive to 2<sup>nd</sup> Generation Fermion Coupling

Full Run2 137/fb + Run1

JHEP 01 (2021) 148

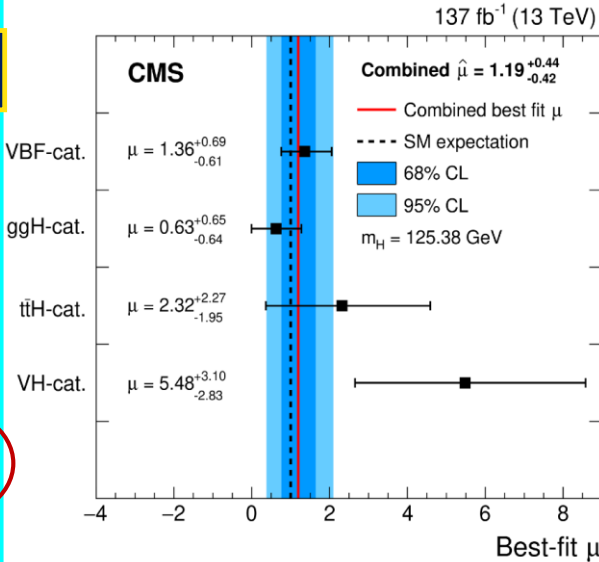
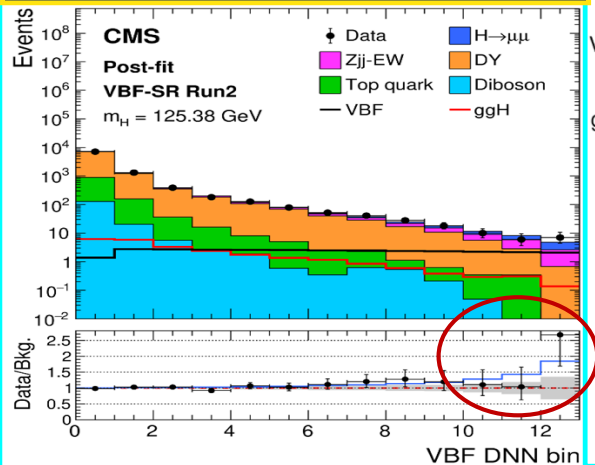
VBF: Advanced DNN Machine Learning Techniques Provide similar sensitivity as in ggH

### $M_{\mu\mu}$ distribution



Drell Yan background suppressed by two forward jets

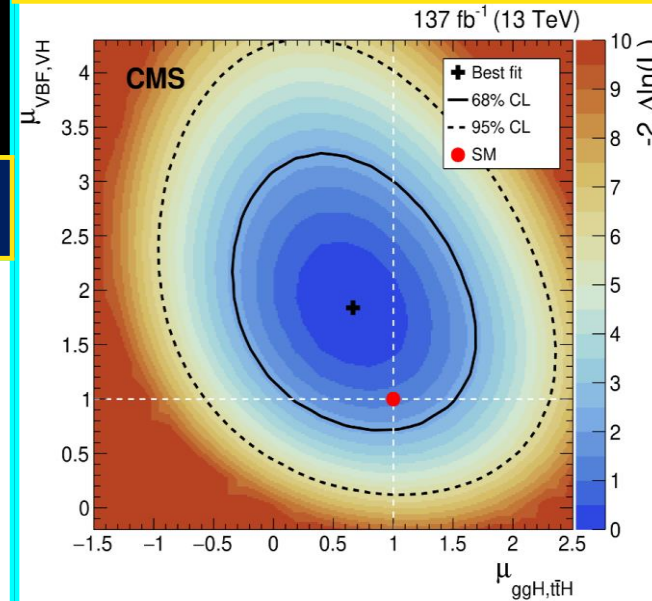
### Deep Neural Net Output



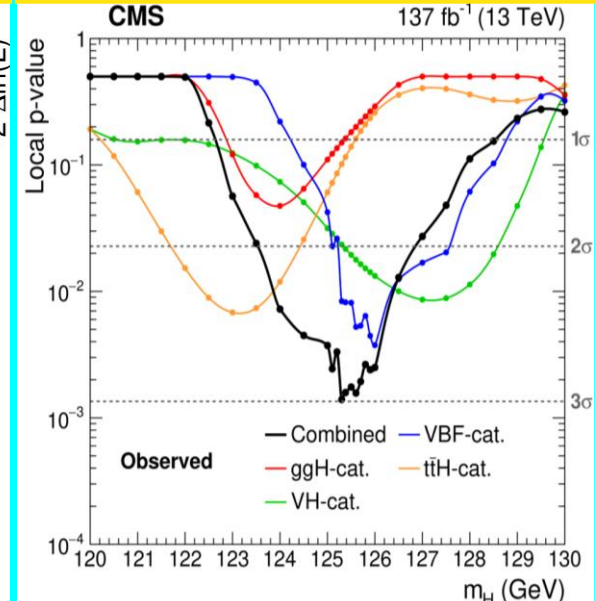
$$\mu(\mu\mu) = 1.19^{+0.40}_{-0.39} \text{ (Stat)} + 0.15^{+0.15}_{-0.14} \text{ (Sys)}$$

Observed (exp) Significance: 3.0 $\sigma$  (2.5 $\sigma$ )

### $\mu$ (VBF, VH) vs $\mu$ (ggH, ttH)



### Local p-value vs M<sub>H</sub>



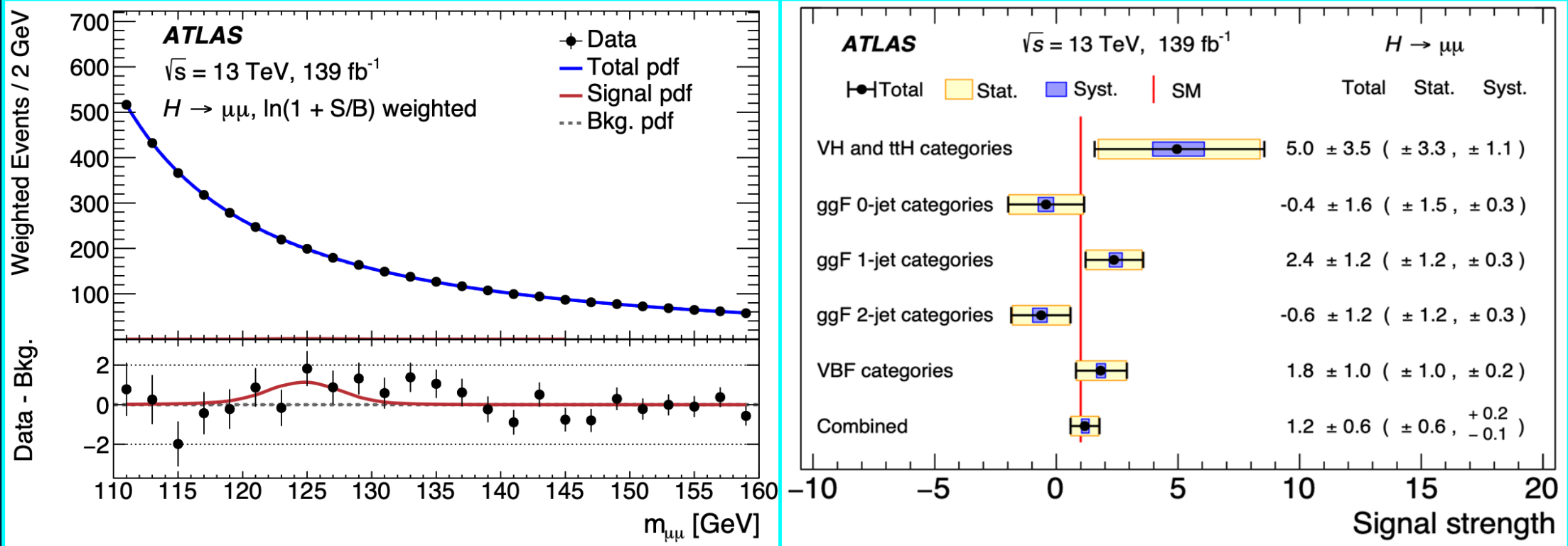
## Higgs boson coupling to muons:

$$\kappa_{\mu} = 1.07 \pm 0.22$$

See YSF Talk at La Thuile by Irene Dutta

## Coupling to second generation leptons

- Studying Higgs boson to muon coupling has important implication for muon collider
- Challenge: small branching ratio BR(H→μμ): 0.02%, large background S/B: 1~2%



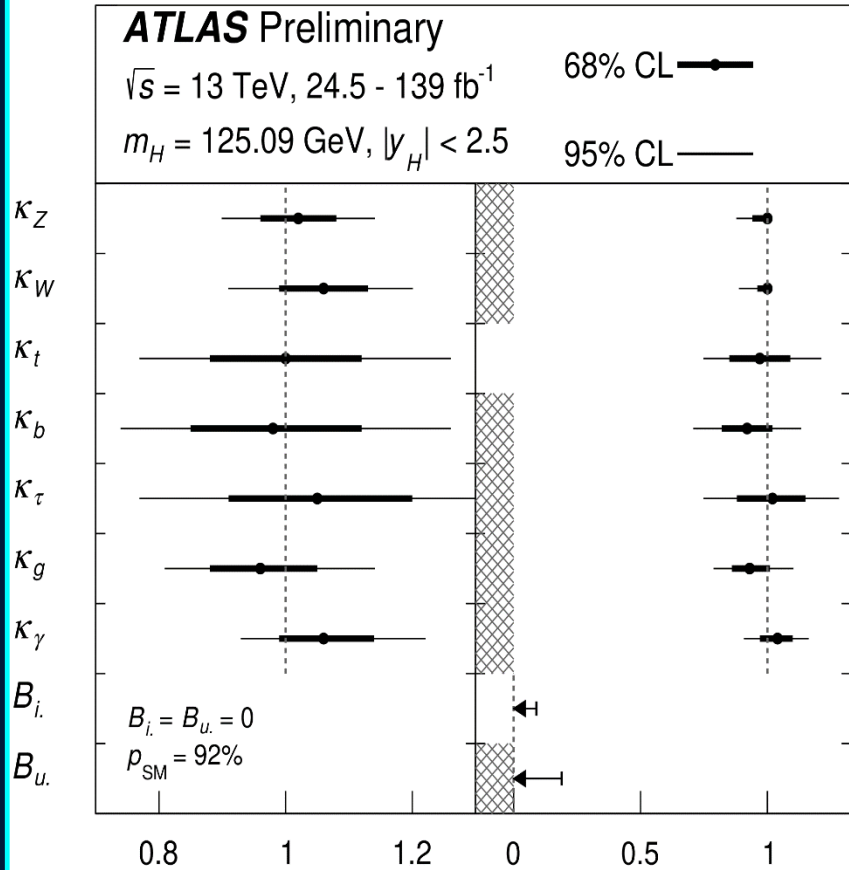
- Significance:  $2.0(1.7)\sigma$ , obs(exp)
- Signal strength:  $\mu = 1.2 \pm 0.58(\text{stats.})^{+0.13}_{-0.08}(\text{theory})^{+0.07}_{-0.03}(\text{exp.}) \pm 0.10$  (Spurious signal)
- Higgs boson coupling to muon:  $\kappa_\mu = 1.12^{+0.26}_{-0.32}$  %68@ CL ([ATLAS-CONF-2020-027](#))



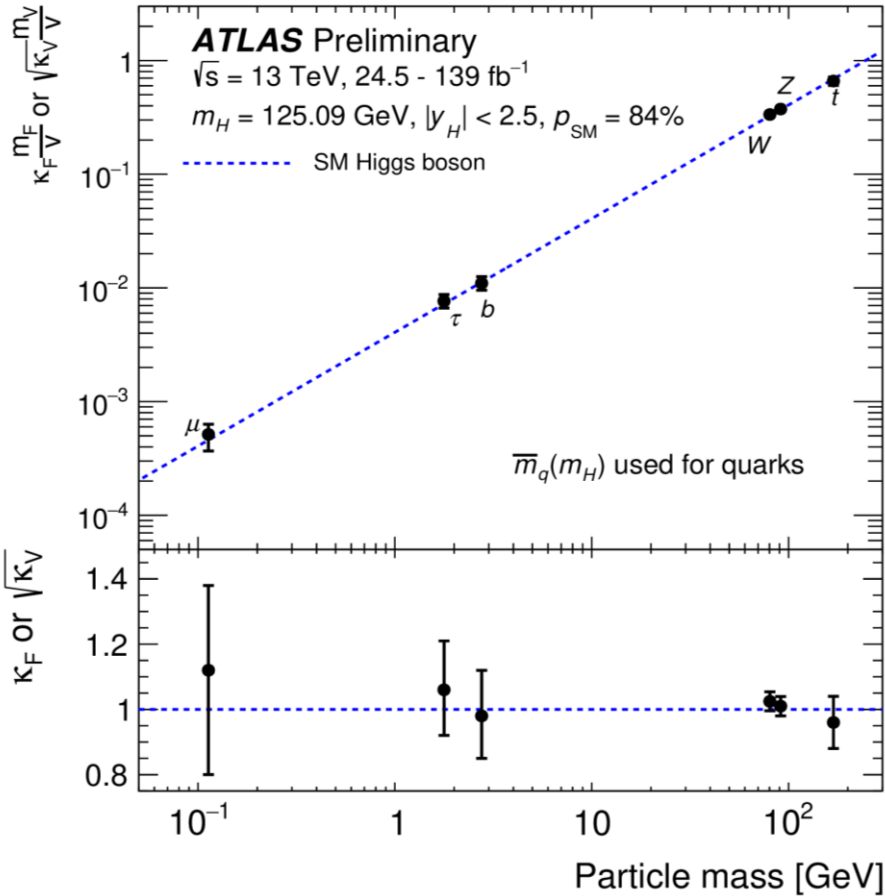
# Summary of Higgs Boson Couplings Fit for Coupling strength modifiers ( $\kappa$ )

Full Run2 139/fb

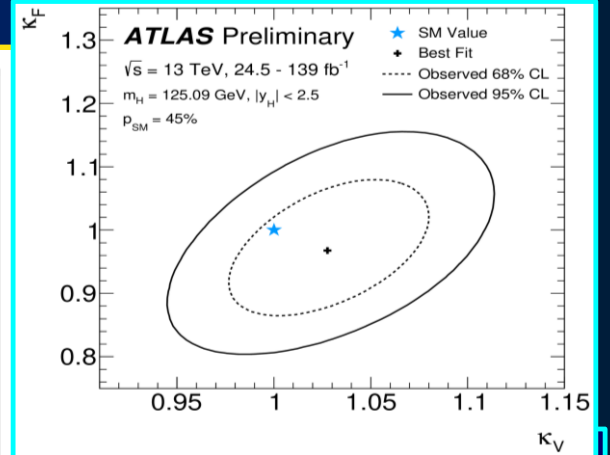
## Coupling Strengths to SM Fermions and Bosons



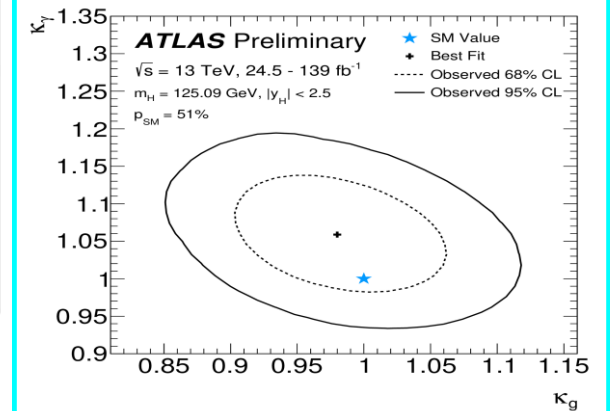
## $\kappa_F \frac{m_F}{V}$ or $\sqrt{\kappa_V} \frac{m_V}{V}$ vs Particle Mass



## $\kappa_F$ Vs $\kappa_V$ $p_{SM} = 45\%$



## $\kappa_\gamma$ Vs $\kappa_g$ $p_{SM} = 51\%$





# Summary of Higgs Couplings



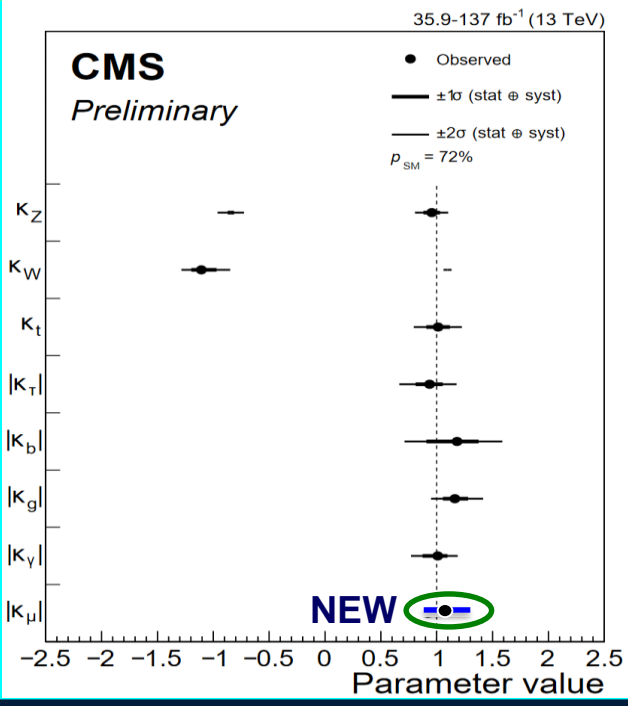
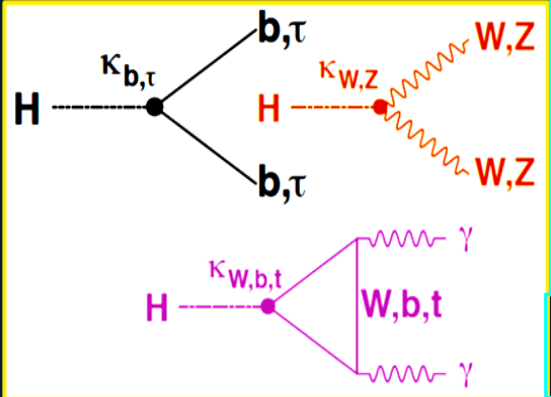
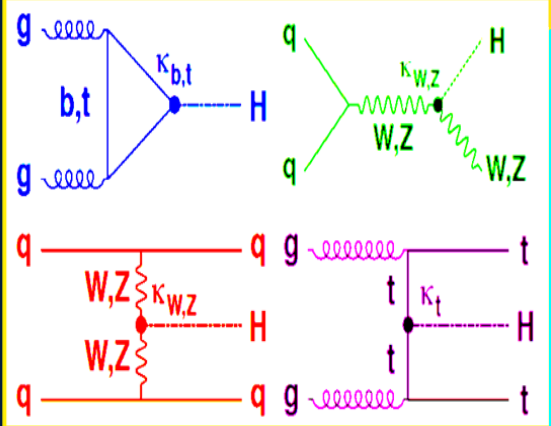
**K Factors**  
for  
Production  
and Decay

$$\sigma_i \sim \kappa_i^2 \sigma_i^{SM}$$
$$\Gamma_i \sim \kappa_i^2 \Gamma_i^{SM}$$
$$\Gamma_H = \sum_i \kappa_i^2 \Gamma_i^{SM}$$

**Fit for 8 Coupling strength parameters ( $\kappa$ ) for  $m_H = 125.38$  GeV**

**1<sup>st</sup> Time: Meaningful 68% and 95% CL intervals for Higgs Couplings to 2<sup>nd</sup> Generation Fermions ( $\mu, b$ )**

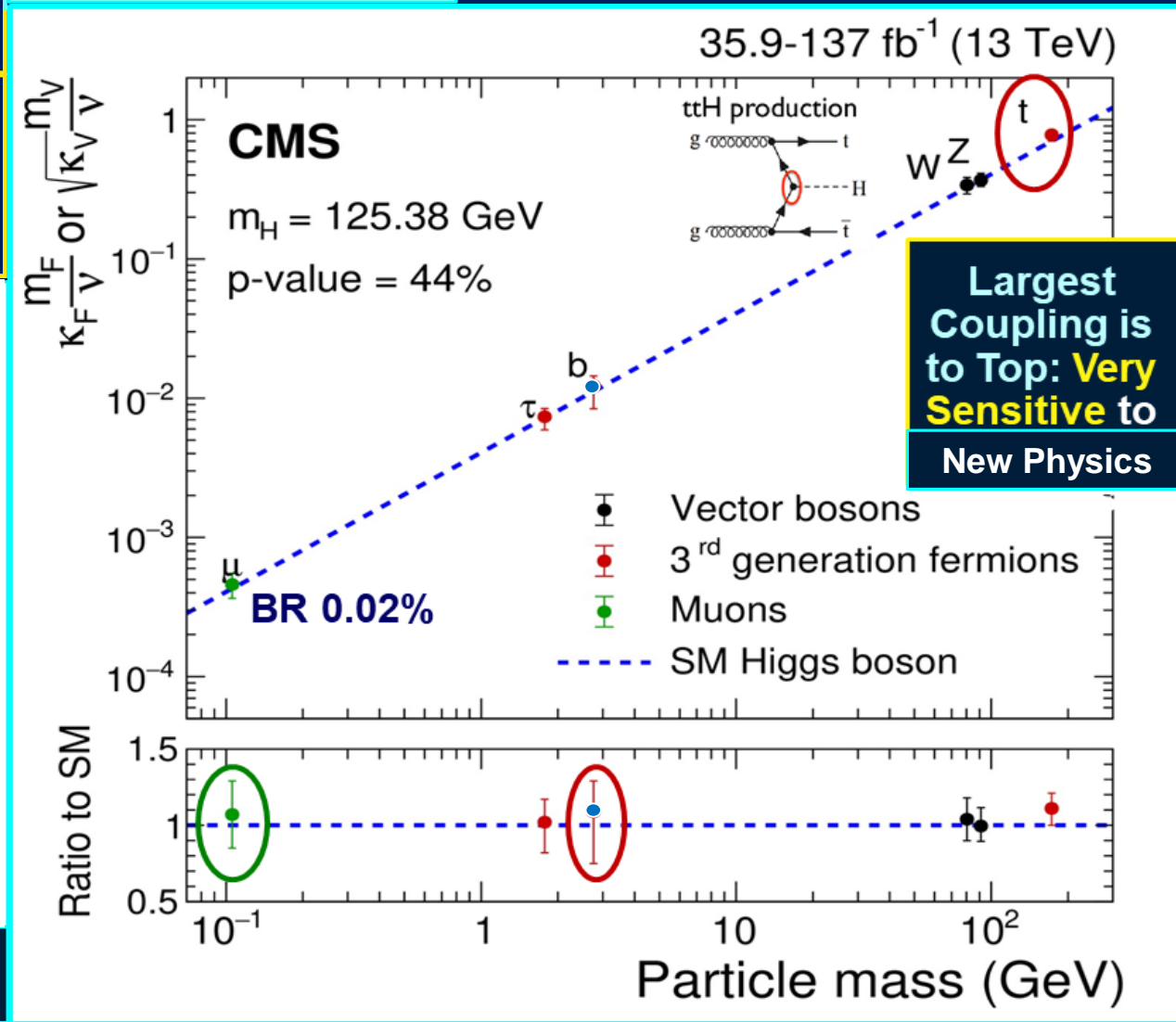
$$N(xx \rightarrow H \rightarrow yy) \sim \sigma(xx \rightarrow H) \cdot B(H \rightarrow yy) \sim \frac{\sigma_{xx} \Gamma_{yy}}{\Gamma_H}$$



Eur. Phys.J.C (2019) 79:421 + CMS-HIG-19-005. Full Run 2 in Progress

$$\kappa_F \frac{m_F}{V} \text{ or } \sqrt{\kappa_V} \frac{m_V}{V}$$

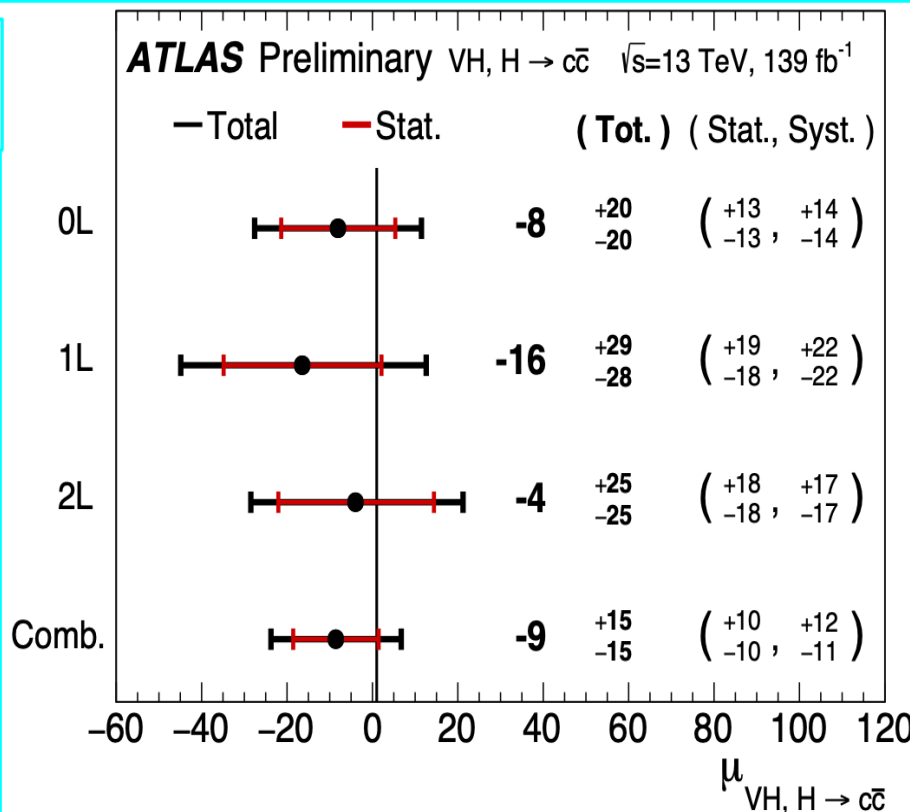
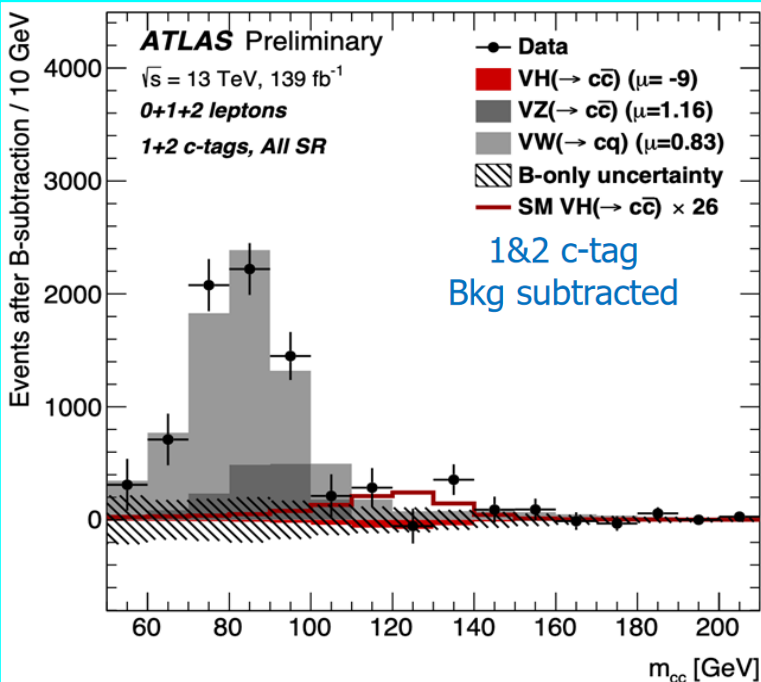
**vs Particle Mass**



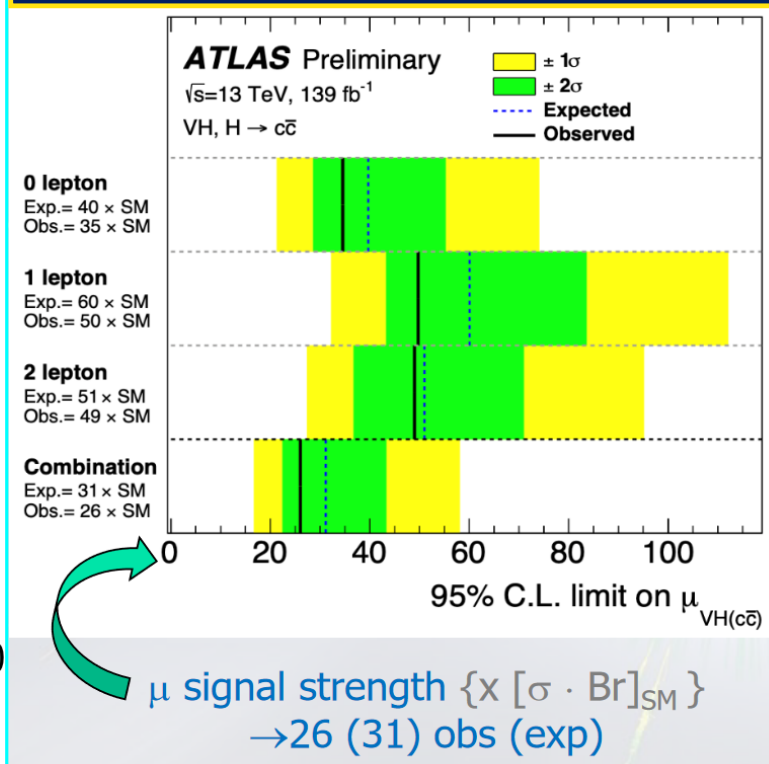
## Higgs Boson coupling to 2<sup>nd</sup> generation quarks

Full Run2 139/fb

 0, 1, 2 $\ell$  (e,  $\mu$ ) + c-tagged jets; b-tag veto

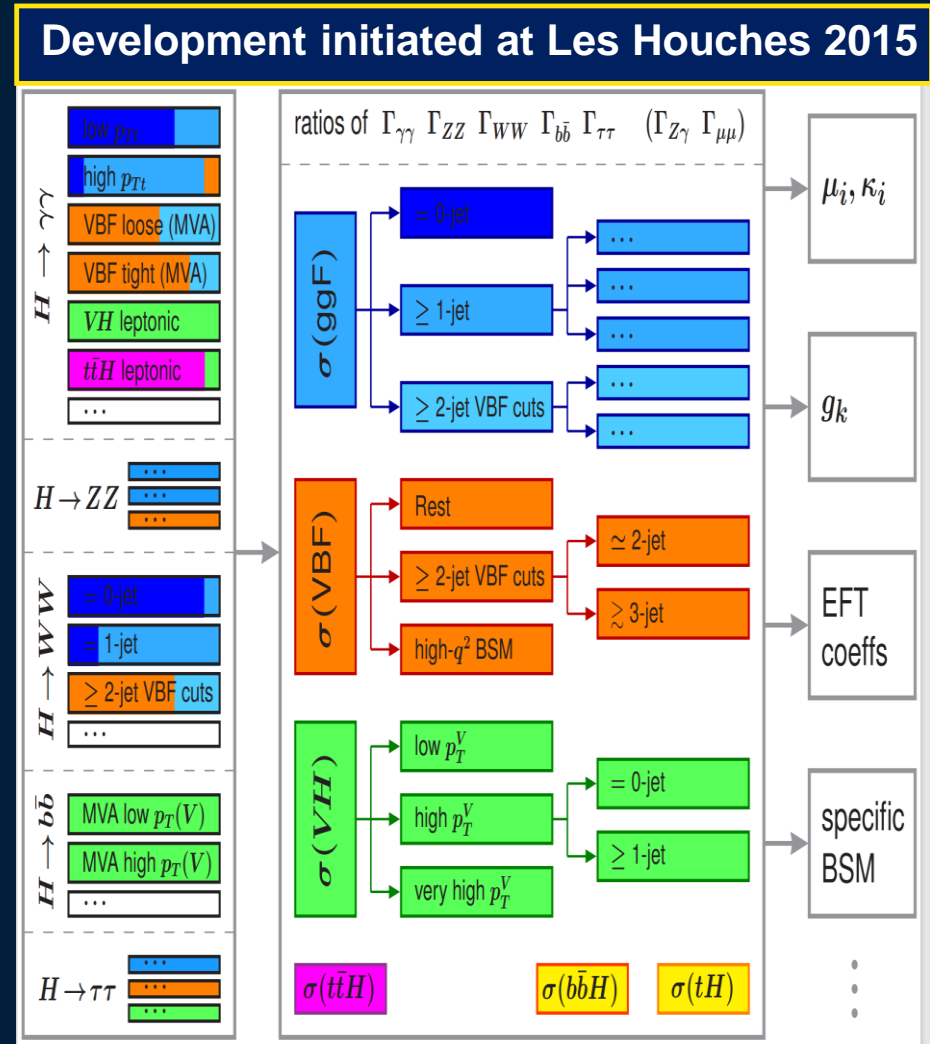
 $ZH \rightarrow \nu\nu c\bar{c}$ ,  $WH \rightarrow l\nu c\bar{c}$ ,  $ZH \rightarrow ll c\bar{c}$ 


### 95% CL Upper Limits on $\mu_{VH}(c\bar{c})$



- $\sigma/\sigma(SM) < 26$  (31) obs (exp) @95% CL
- Higgs boson Yukawa coupling to charm quark:  $|\kappa_c| < 8.5$  95% CL
- Most stringent limit to date
- Analysis improvements ongoing

- Extract production mode cross sections in exclusive phase space regions (STXS bins)
- Simultaneously maximize the sensitivity of measurements and minimize their theory dependence
- Isolate BSM Effects
- Minimize the number of bins without loss of sensitivity
- Significant progress from ATLAS and CMS across accessible Higgs decays





# Simplified Template Cross Sections Combination

ATLAS-CONF-2020-027

Combination of STXS measurements in  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ,  $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$  and  $VH, H \rightarrow bb$

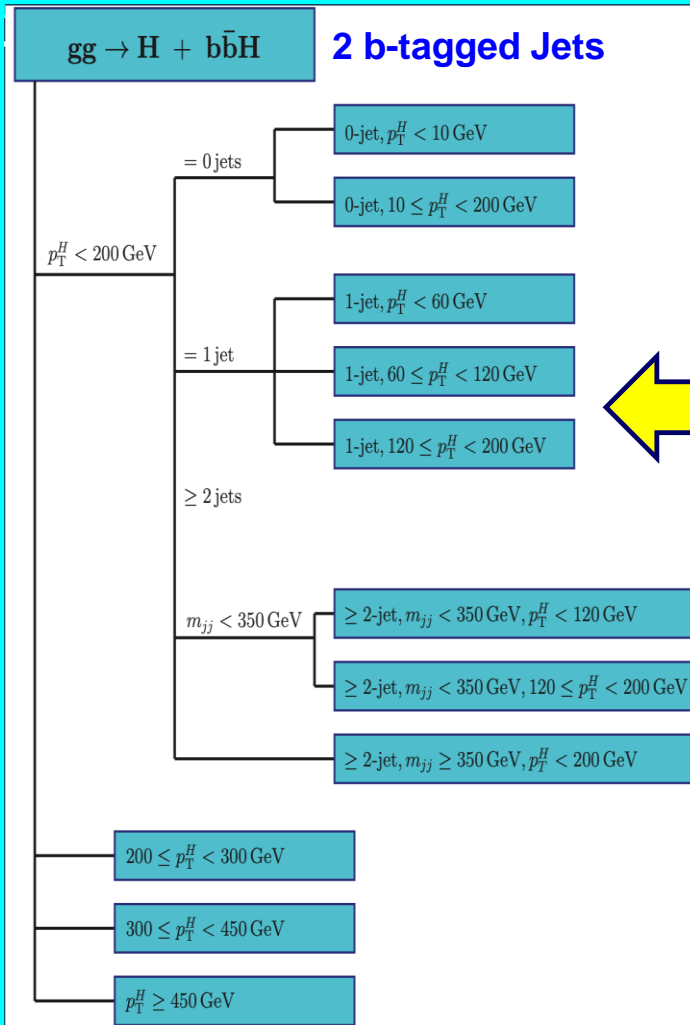
Overall good compatibility with SM

Measurements interpreted using EFT framework and BSM models:

ATLAS-CONF-2020-053

Statistical precision, in particular in most BSM-sensitive regions is still limited: more data will help!

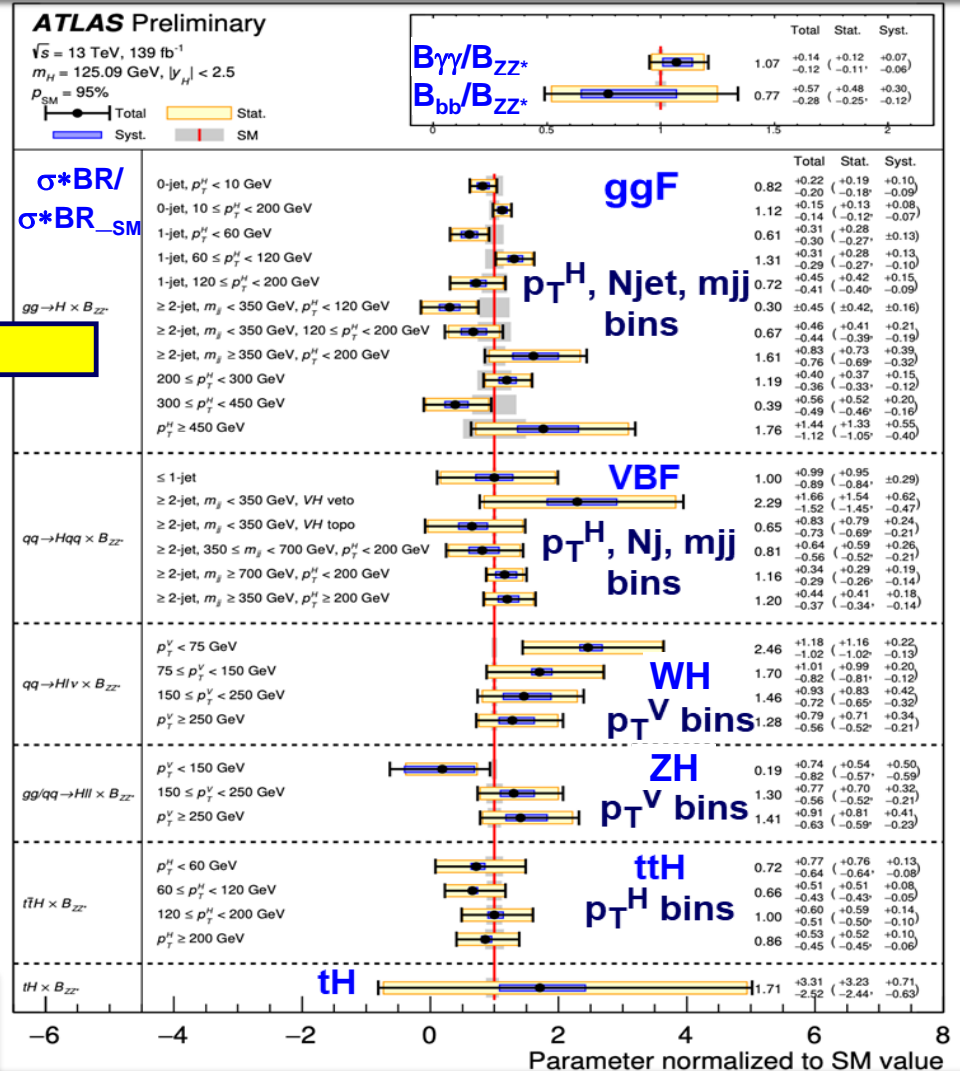
## Analysis Flow for $ggF \rightarrow H, bbH$



Global Fit:  $\mu_H = 1.06 \pm 0.07$

WH Observed:  $6.3\sigma$  (5.2 exp)

## Parsing the data for $ggF, VBF, ttH$ and $tH$ production into $p_T, N_{jet}, m_{jj}$ bins



Overall P-Value 95%



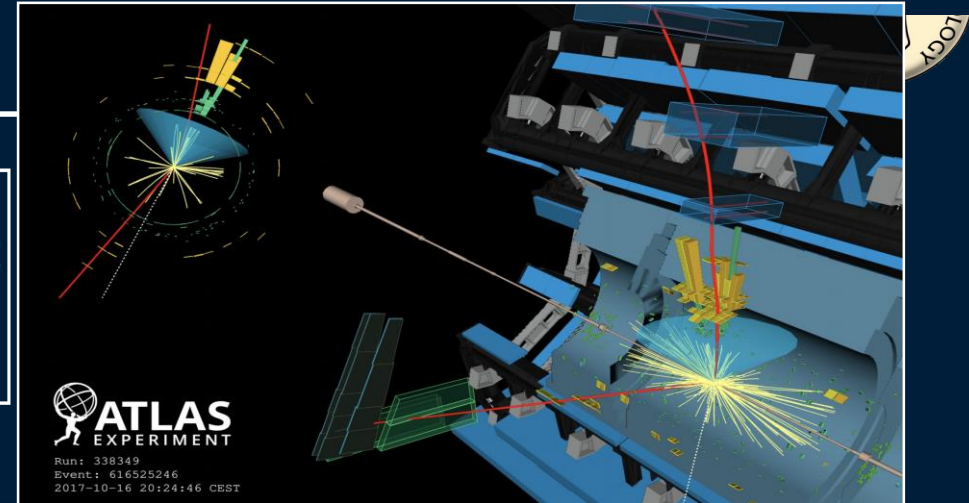


# Simplified Template Cross Sections $VH \rightarrow bb$ Channel

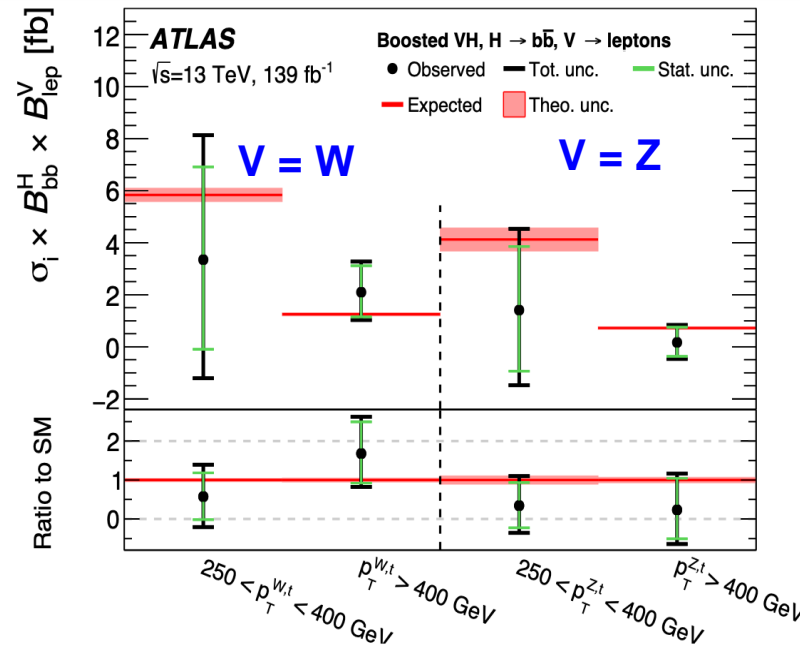
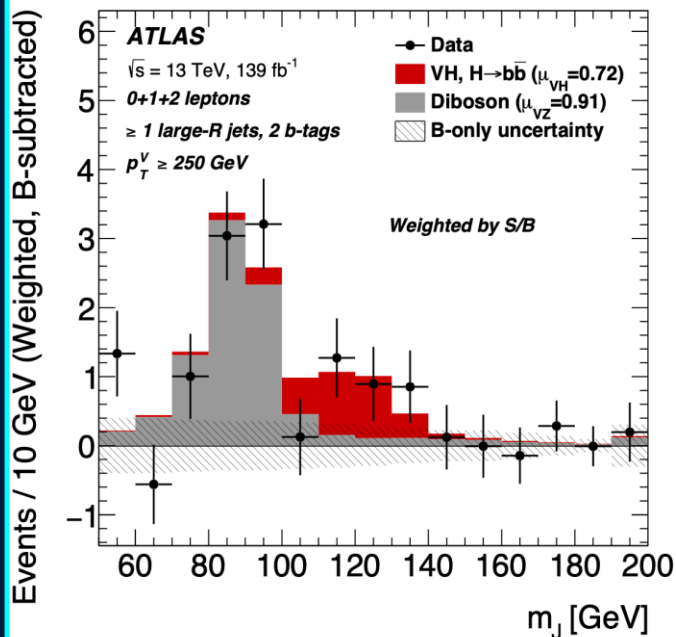
Complementary analyses using small-R jets and boosted Higgs physics objects:

- Strong evidence  $4.0\sigma$  for WH  
Observation  $5.3\sigma$  of ZH from small-R jets analysis
- Boosted Higgs analysis:  $2.1\sigma$  of VH

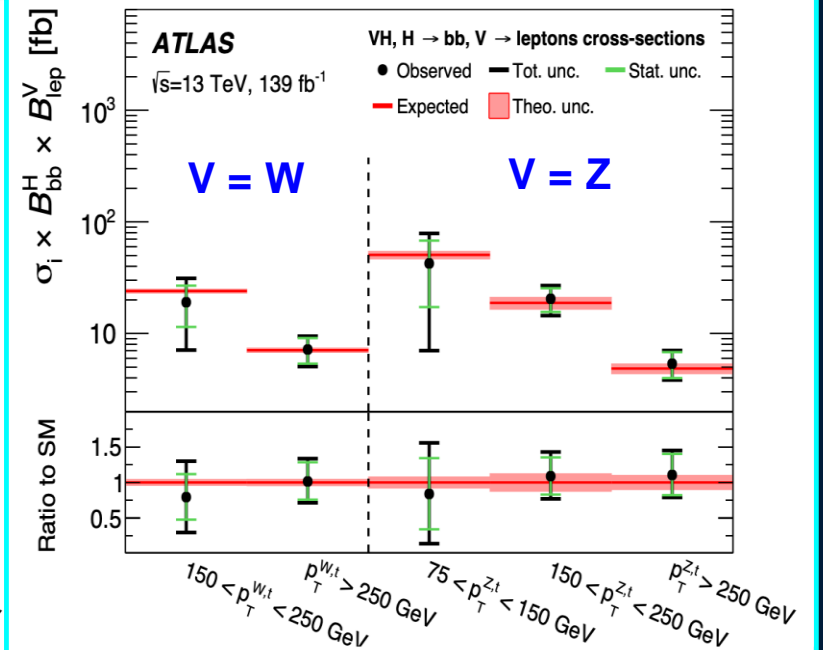
Boosted analysis:  
*Phys. Lett. B* 816 (2021) 136204  
small-R jets analysis:  
*Eur. Phys. J. C* 81 (2021) 178



## Boosted Higgs analysis



## Small-R Jets analysis





# H → γγ and STXS

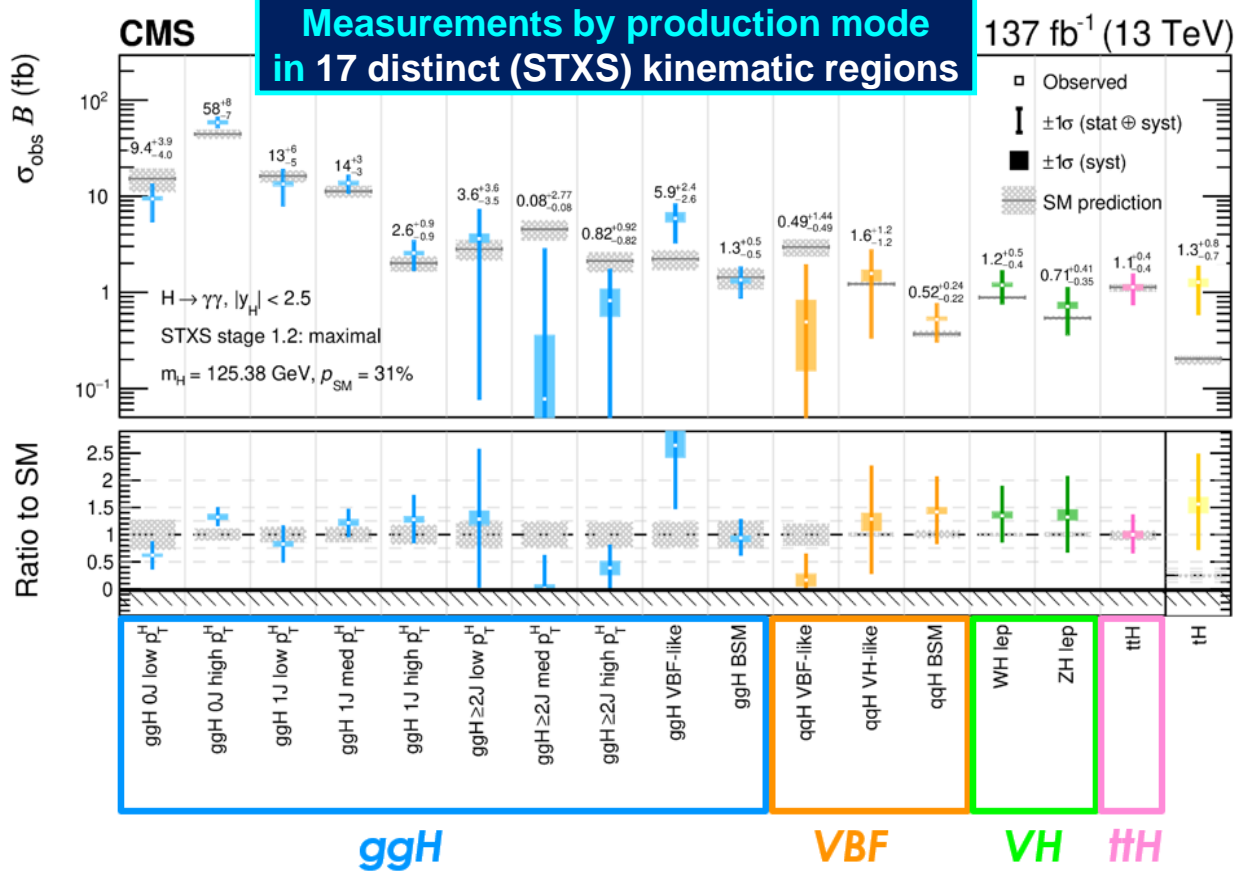
Full Run2 137/fb

CMS-HIG-19-0015  
Submitted to JHEP



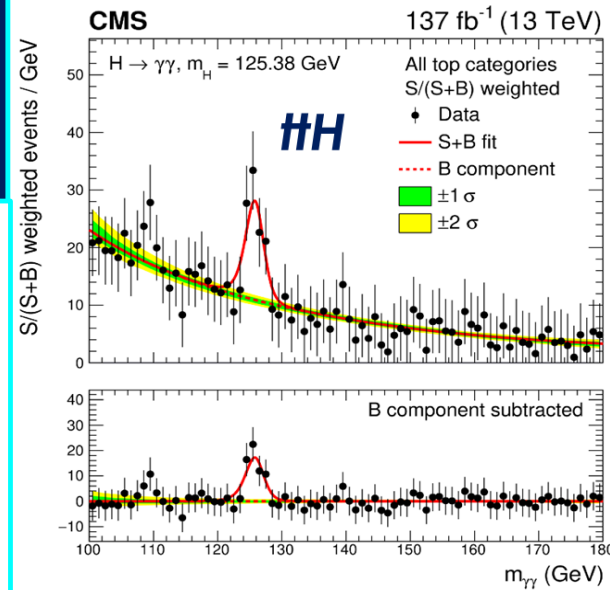
Clear H → γγ signals in all 4 main production modes: ggH, VBF, VH, ttH including 5.2σ in ttH, and strong evidence 4.7σ in multilepton final states

Measurements by production mode in 17 distinct (STXS) kinematic regions

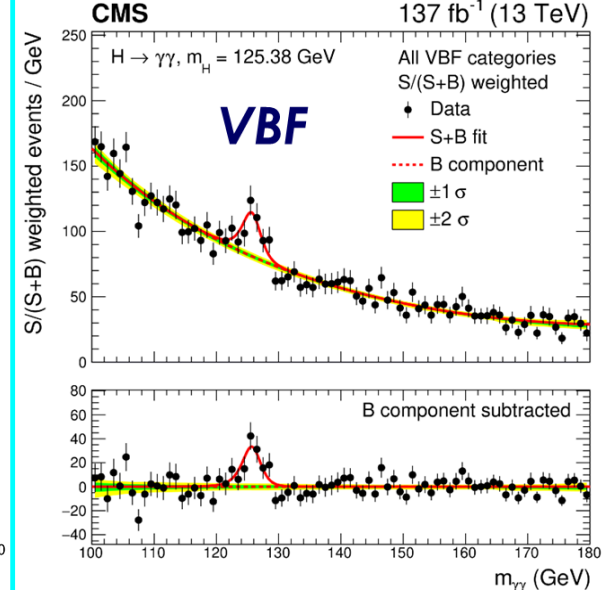


$$\mu (pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 1.12 \pm 0.09$$

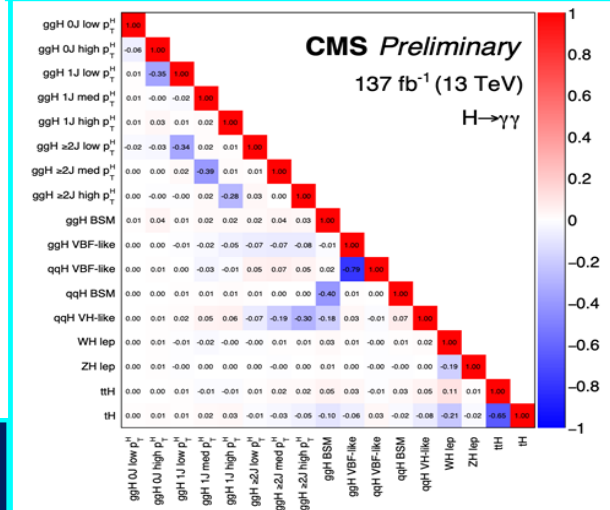
## All Top Categories



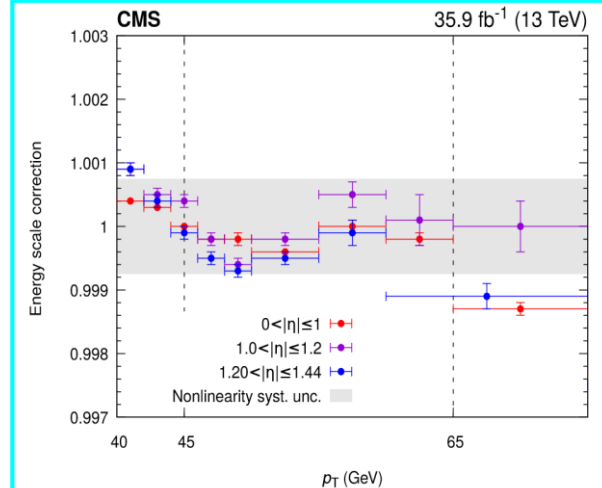
## All VBF Categories



## Bins Largely Uncorrelated



## Photon Energy Scale Correction vs p\_T





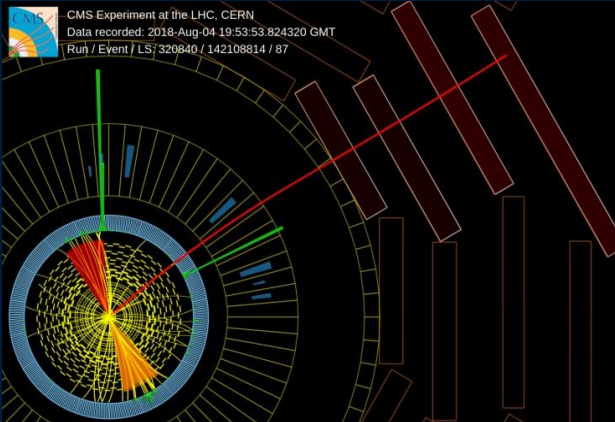
# ttH and tH Production

Full Run2 137/fb

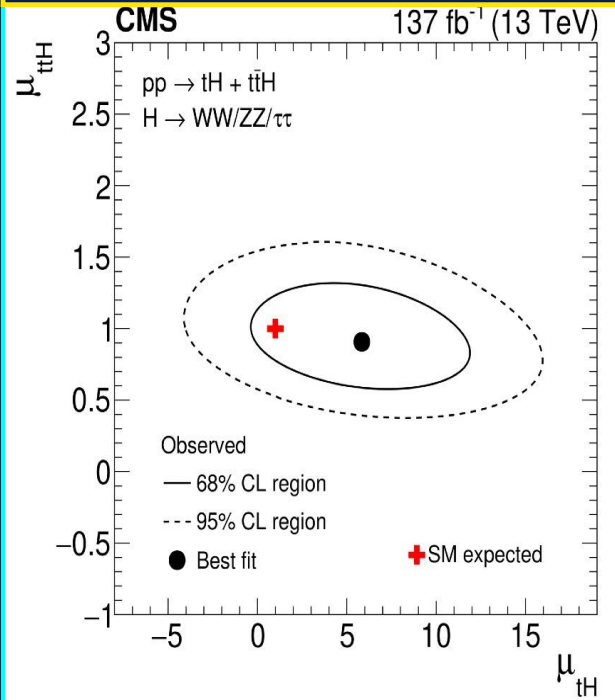
Eur. Phys. J. C 81 (2021) 378

## Multilepton Final States (e, μ, τ<sub>h</sub>)

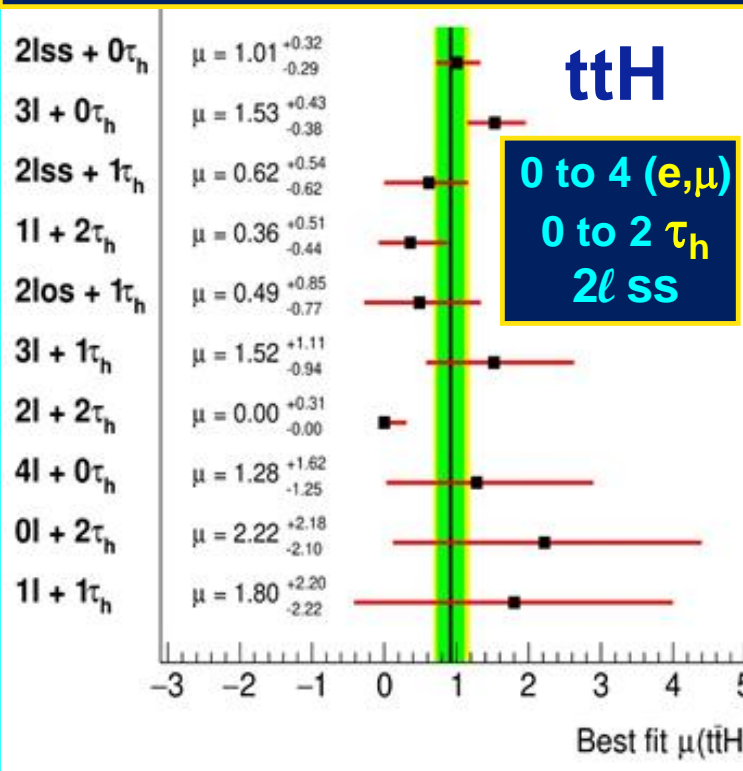
Mostly H → WW, ZZ, ττ



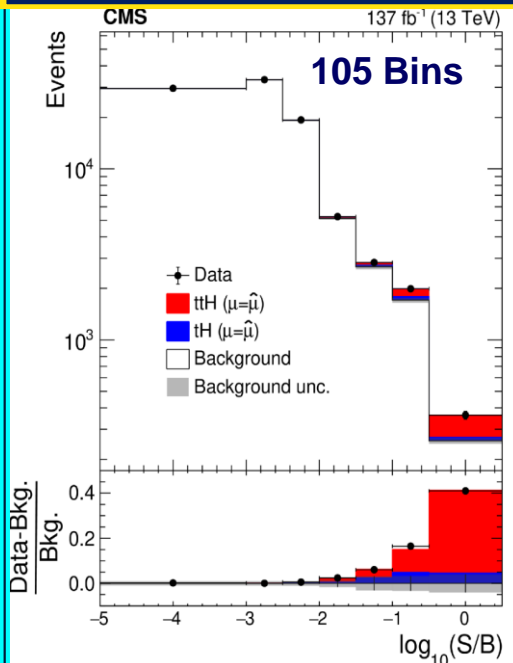
### μ (ttH) vs μ(tH)



### ttH Signal Strengths: 10 Categories

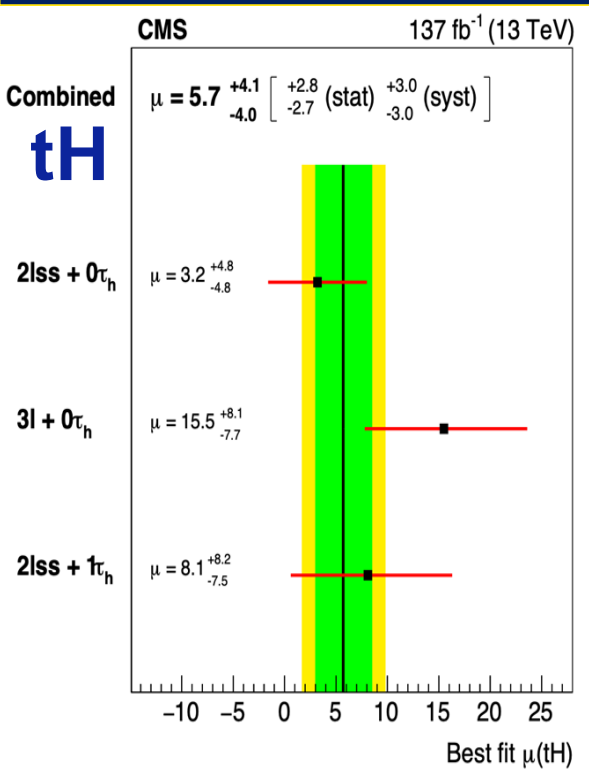


### ttH, tH Signals + bkgd



Note: High purity subsamples extracted

### tH Signal Strengths



Combined μ(ttH) = 0.92 ± 0.41 (Stat) <sup>+0.19</sup><sub>-0.13</sub> (Sys)

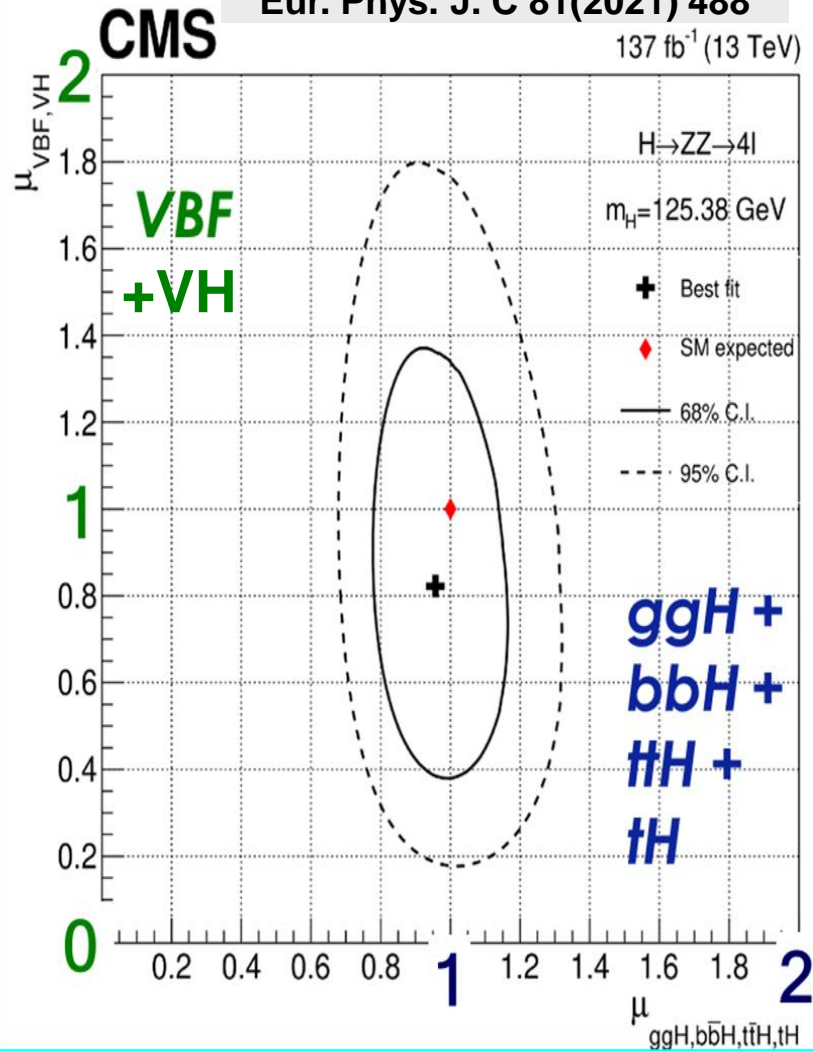
ttH Observed (exp) Significance: 4.7σ (5.2σ)

μ(tH) = 5.7 ± 2.7 (Stat) ± 3.0 (Sys)

tH Measured (exp) Significance: 1.4σ (0.3σ)

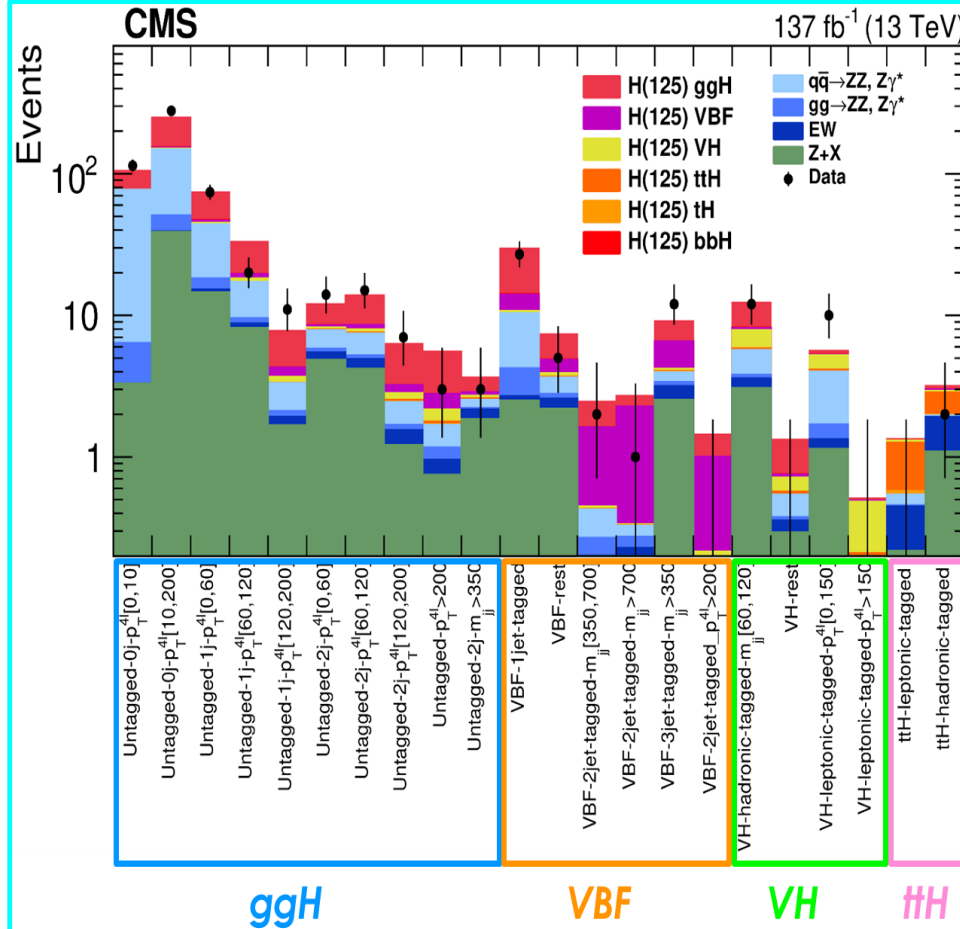
-0.9 < κ<sub>t</sub> < -0.7 or 0.7 < κ<sub>t</sub> < 1.1 at 95% CL

Eur. Phys. J. C 81(2021) 488  
137 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)



$$\mu(\text{pp} \rightarrow \text{H} \rightarrow 4\ell) = 0.94 \pm 0.07(\text{stat})^{+0.09}_{-0.08}(\text{sys})$$

## Measurements by production mode in 17 distinct (STXS) kinematic regions

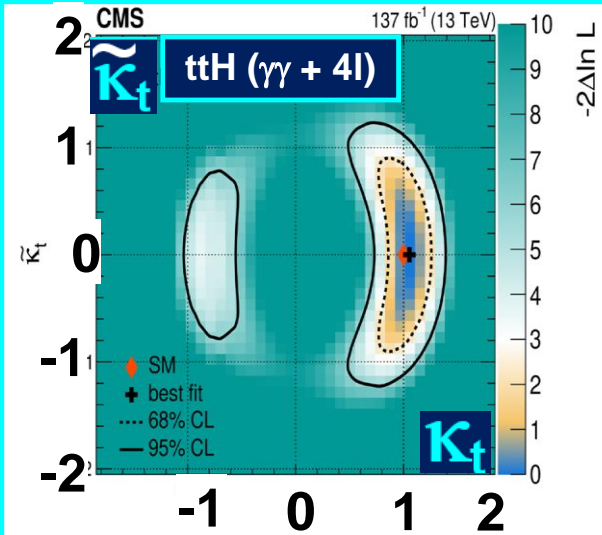


$$\sigma_{\text{fid}}(4\ell) = 2.84^{+0.23}_{-0.22}(\text{stat})^{+0.26}_{-0.21}(\text{syst}) \text{ fb}$$

SM: 2.84 ± 0.15 fb

+ Comprehensive Study of ttH CP structure and anomalous CP couplings  
Combining H → 4ℓ & H → γγ

## $\tilde{K}_t$ vs $K_t$



[CMS-HIG-19-009](#)  
Submitted to PRD

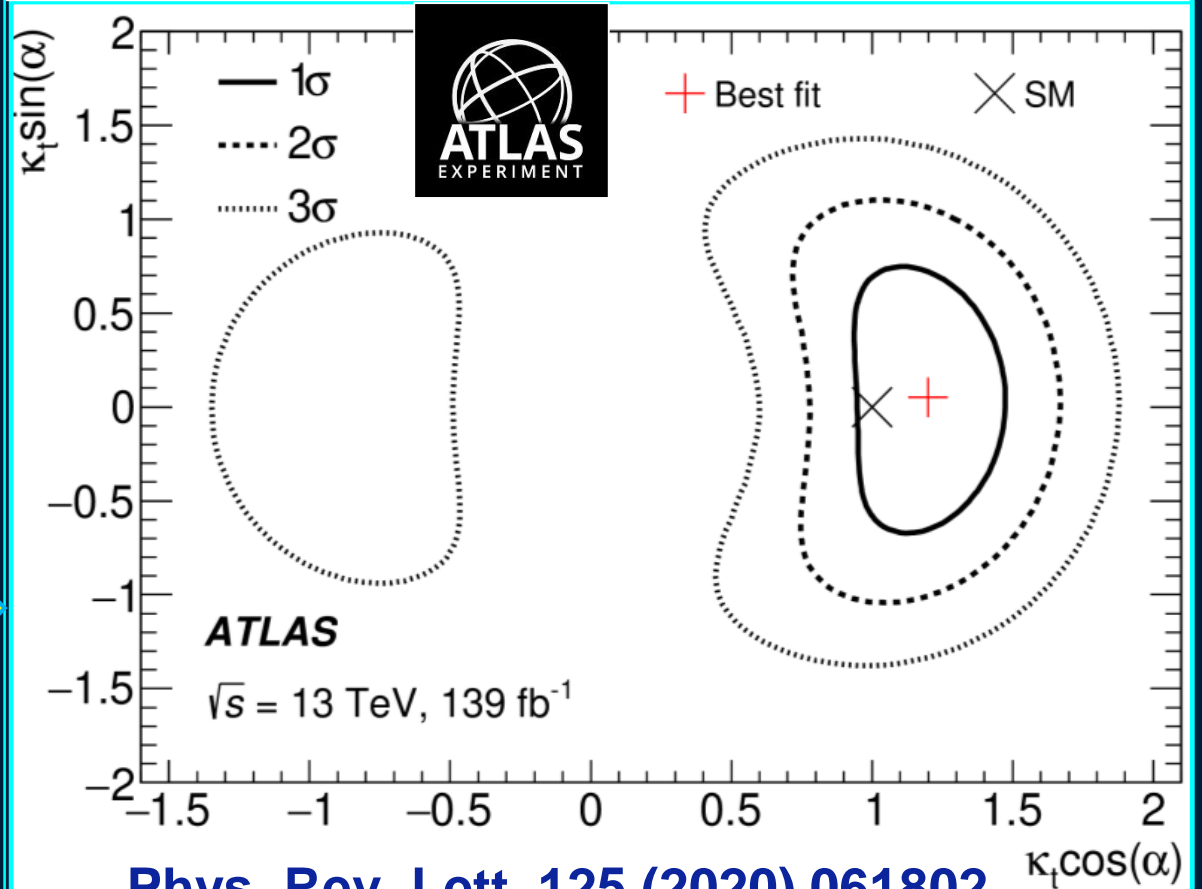
# Higgs Boson CP Studies

## CP Structure of the Higgs to $\tau$ Yukawa Coupling

- In the SM, the Higgs boson has quantum numbers  $J^{CP} = 0^{++}$
- Run 1: spin-0 nature established, **CP structure explored in Higgs-boson couplings**
- Recent Run 2 results on CP structure:
  - **Higgs-fermion couplings probed in First direct measurement**
    - (1)  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  decay and
    - (2)  $ttH$  production using the  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  decay channel
  - **CP structure in Higgs-boson couplings probed in  $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$  channel**



### CP Properties in $ttH$ and $tH$ , $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



[Phys. Rev. Lett. 125 \(2020\) 061802](#)

ggF and  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  constrained by the Higgs boson coupling combination

CP-mixing angle  $|\alpha| < 43^\circ$  @95% CL  
pure CP-odd excluded at  $3.9\sigma$



# $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : 1<sup>st</sup> Direct Measurement of the CP Structure of the Higgs to $\tau$ Yukawa Coupling

Full Run2 137/fb

CMS-PAS-HIG-20-006

Parametrize Higgs Fermion Couplings in the mass eigenstate basis

$$A(Hff) = -\frac{m_f}{v} \bar{\psi}_f (\kappa_f + i \tilde{\kappa}_f \gamma_5) \psi_f$$

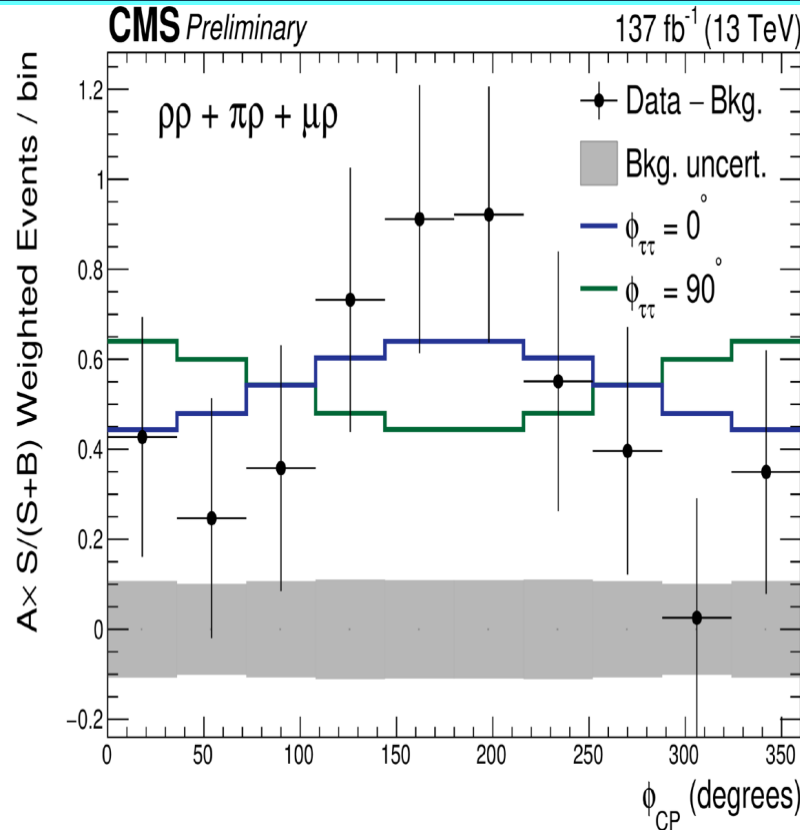
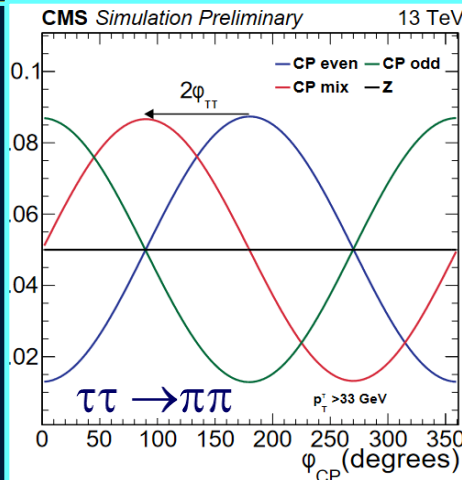
Define mixing angle  $\phi$  where

$$\tan(\phi_{\tau\tau}) = \frac{\tilde{\kappa}_\tau \text{ CP-odd coupling}}{\kappa_\tau \text{ CP-even coupling}}$$

Pure CP-even state  $\rightarrow \phi_{\tau\tau} = 0^\circ$

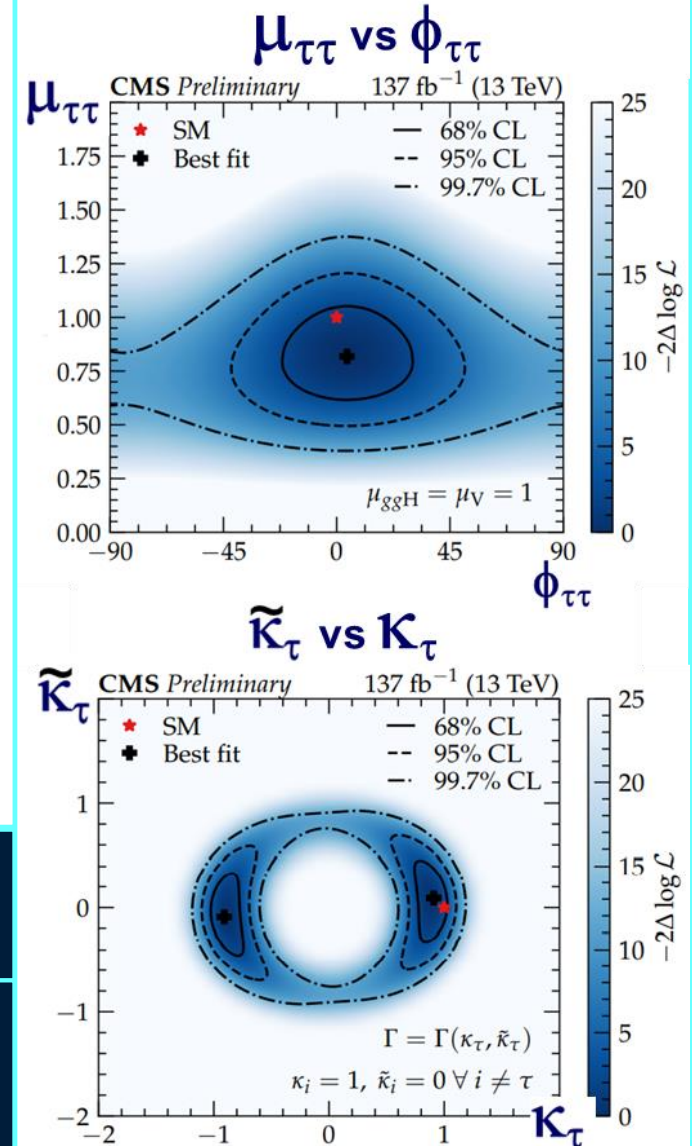
Pure CP-odd state  $\rightarrow \phi_{\tau\tau} = 90^\circ$

$\phi_{\tau\tau}$ : angle between the  $\tau$  decay planes determined by the impact parameter and charged particle or  $\pi^0$  vectors in the Higgs rest frame



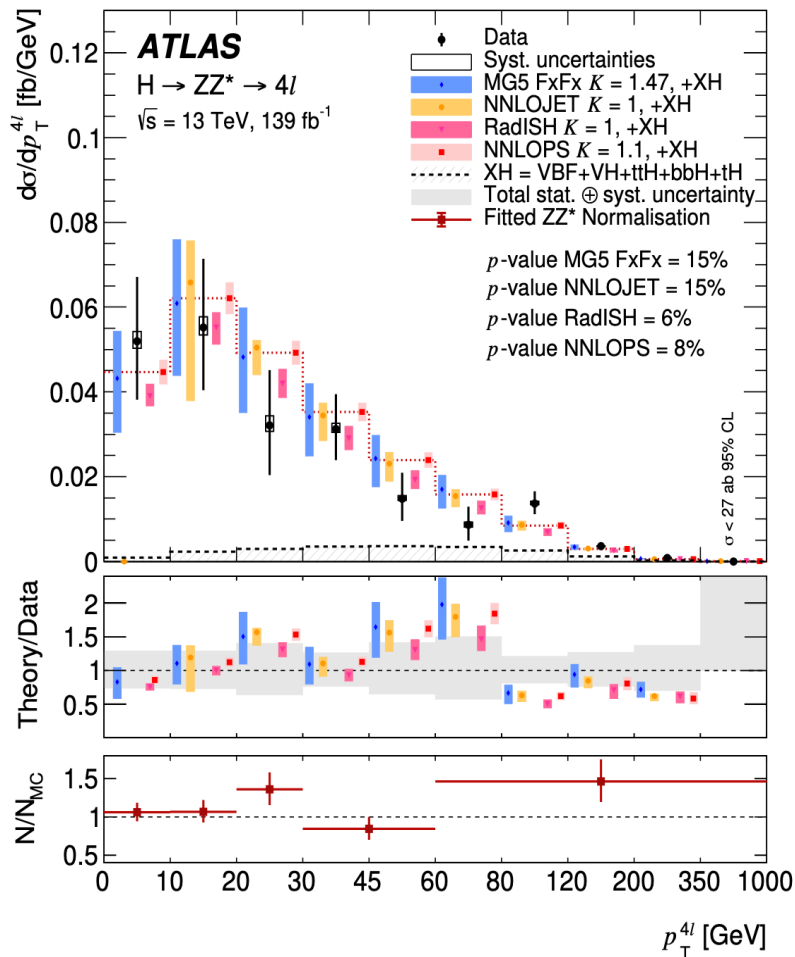
CP-mixing angle  
 $\phi_{\tau\tau} = (4 \pm 17)^\circ$  @68% CL

3.2 $\sigma$  exclusion of pure CP odd

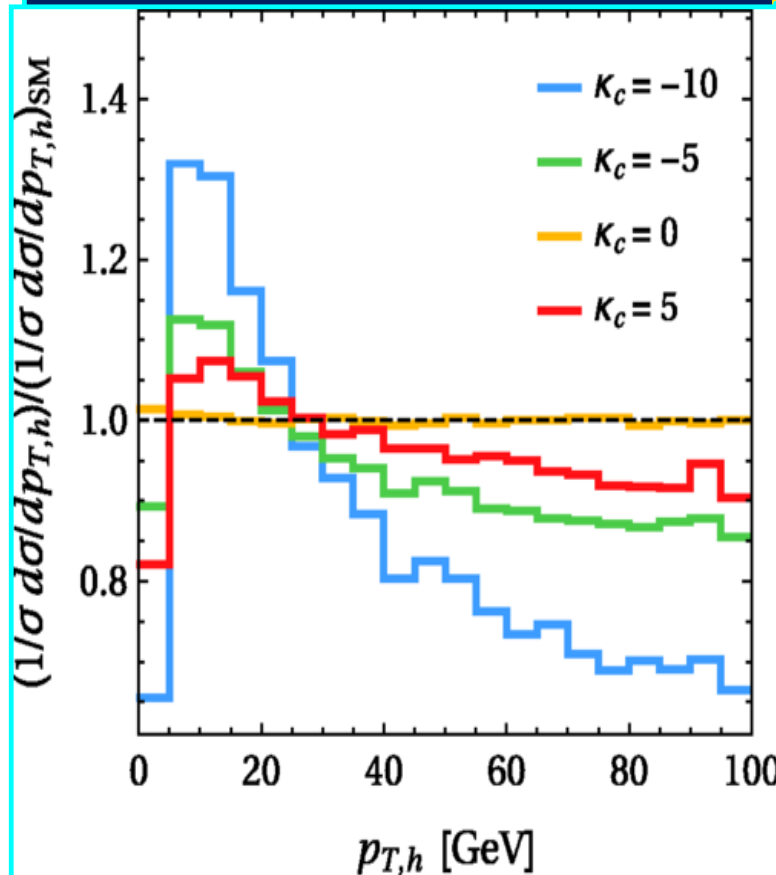


# Higgs Boson Differential Measurements $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$

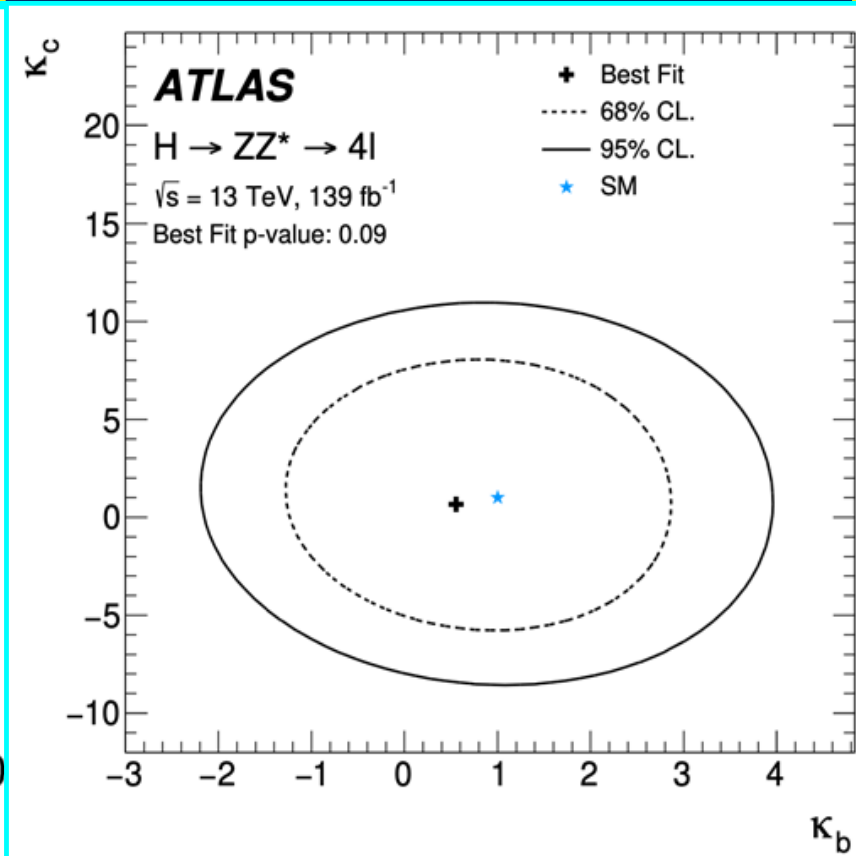
Higgs  $p_T$  sensitive to many BSM effects: physics in the ggH loops, perturbative QCD calculations, Higgs couplings to charm and bottom quarks, ...



## Variations in $p_T(H)$ with charm quark coupling strength $K_c$



## $K_c$ vs $K_b$ Constraint from $p_T(H)$ shape





# H → bb Differential Measurements

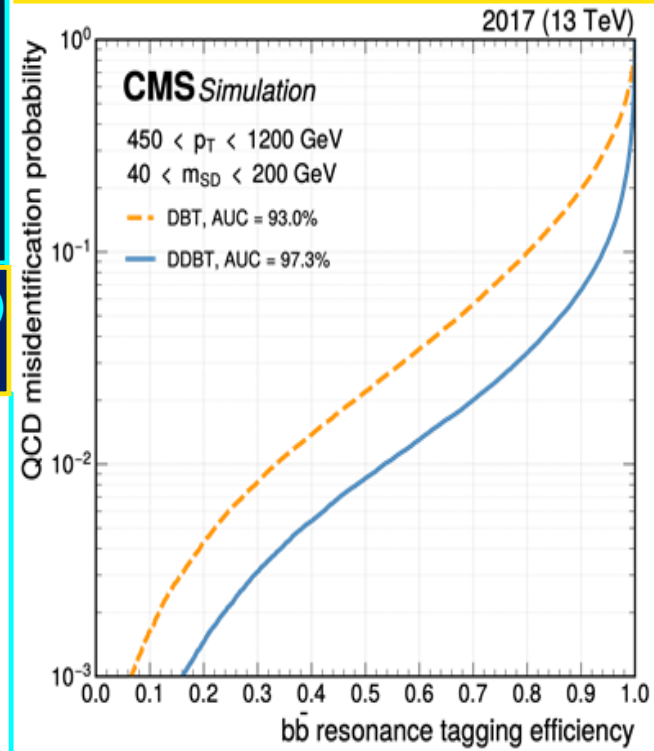
Full Run2 137/fb

JHEP 12 (2020) 085

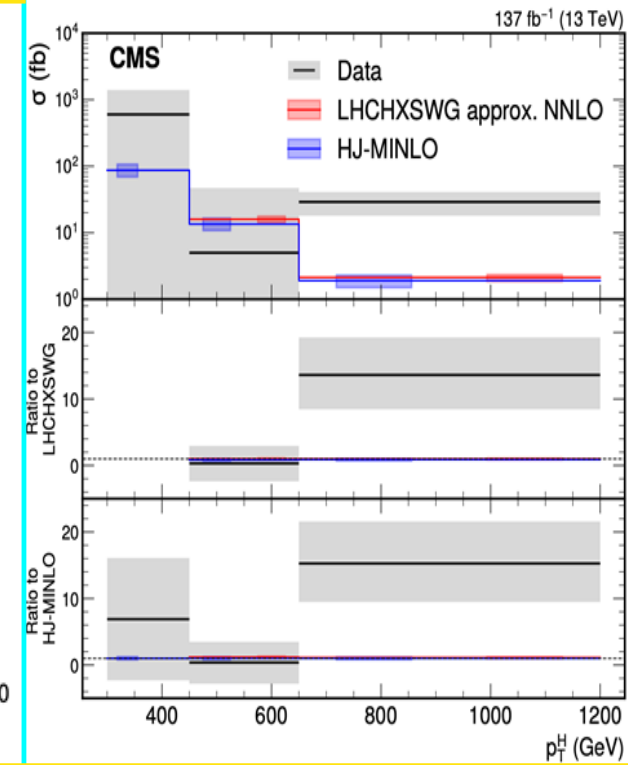
Higgs  $p_T$  sensitive to many BSM effects; theory to higher order

- Highly boosted Higgs (bb example): a tool to access the very high- $p_T$  regime, sensitive to BSM physics
- Tagging the Higgs with deep-learning methods based on signature of two b quarks inside a fat jet
- DDBT tagger improves bb tagging efficiency at same QCD misidentification rate by a factor of 1.6

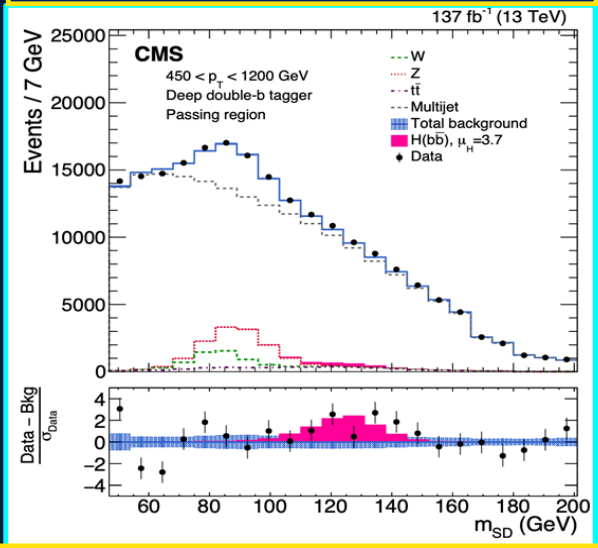
Deep double b Tagger misID rate vs efficiency



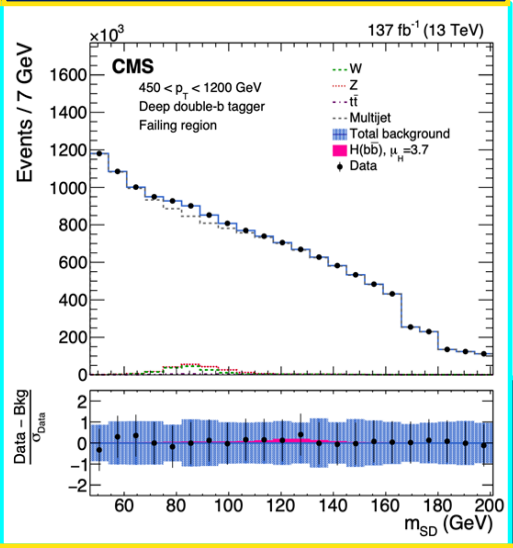
Unfolded differential cross section in  $p_T(H)$



Soft-drop Mass  $m_{SD}(bb)$  passing region



Soft-drop Mass  $m_{SD}(bb)$  failing (control) region



Observed (exp) Significance:  $2.5\sigma$  ( $0.7\sigma$ )  
 Signal strength and local significance vs SM:  
 $\mu_H = 3.7 \pm 1.2$  (stat)  $+0.8$  (syst)  $+0.8$  (theo);  $1.9\sigma$   
 -0.7 -0.5

Recall bb Observation: ggF, VBF, ttH, WH, ZH Combination  
 $5.6\sigma$  obs ( $6.5\sigma$  exp);  $\mu_H = 1.04 \pm 0.20$  PRL 121, 121801 (2018)



# Higgs Boson Differential Measurements

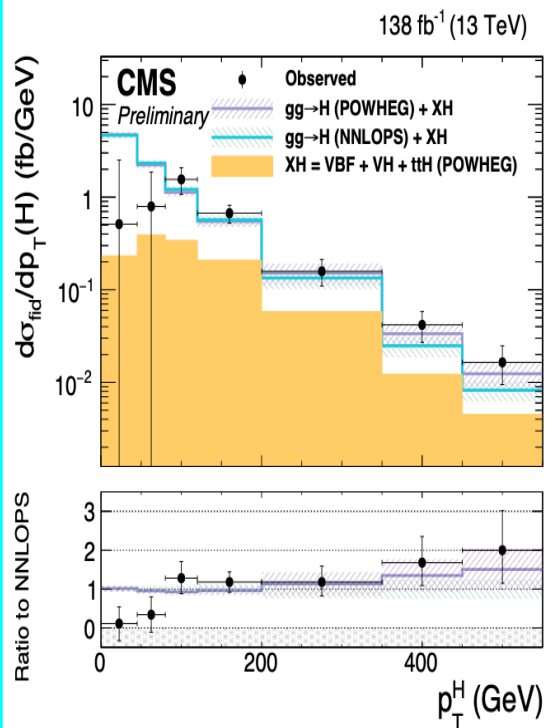
Full Run2

Comparing to other final state measurements ( $4\ell, \gamma\gamma, \tau\tau$ ) brings significant improvements: exploring the phase space of large jet multiplicities and/or Lorentz-boosted Higgs bosons (to NNLO)

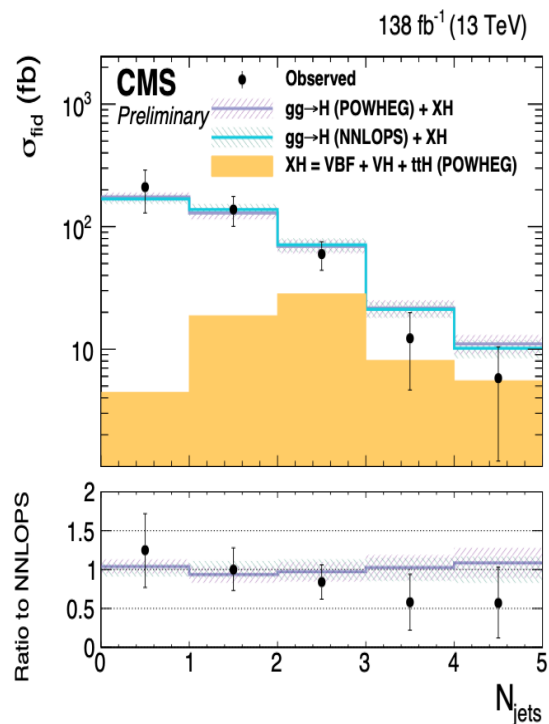


## CMS at LHCP: 1<sup>st</sup> differential measurements in the $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ channel

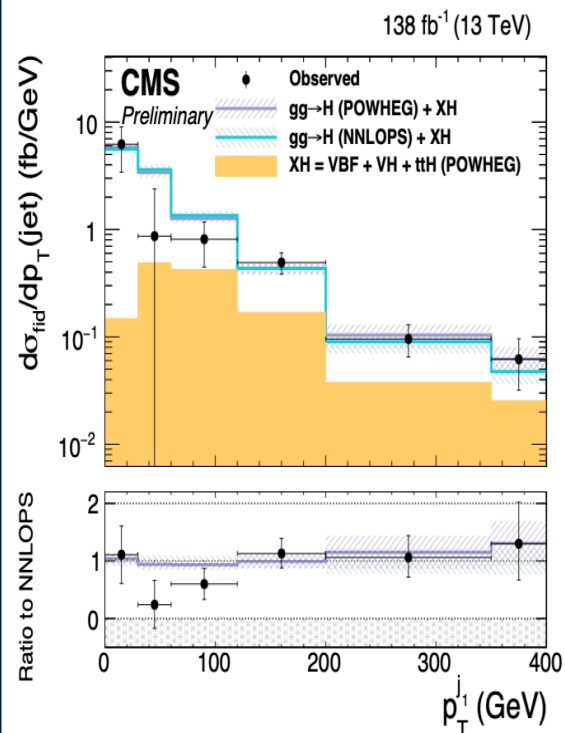
ggF H and XH  $d\sigma/dp_T$



ggF H and XH  $d\sigma/dN_{jets}$



ggF H and XH  $d\sigma/dp_T^{j1}$

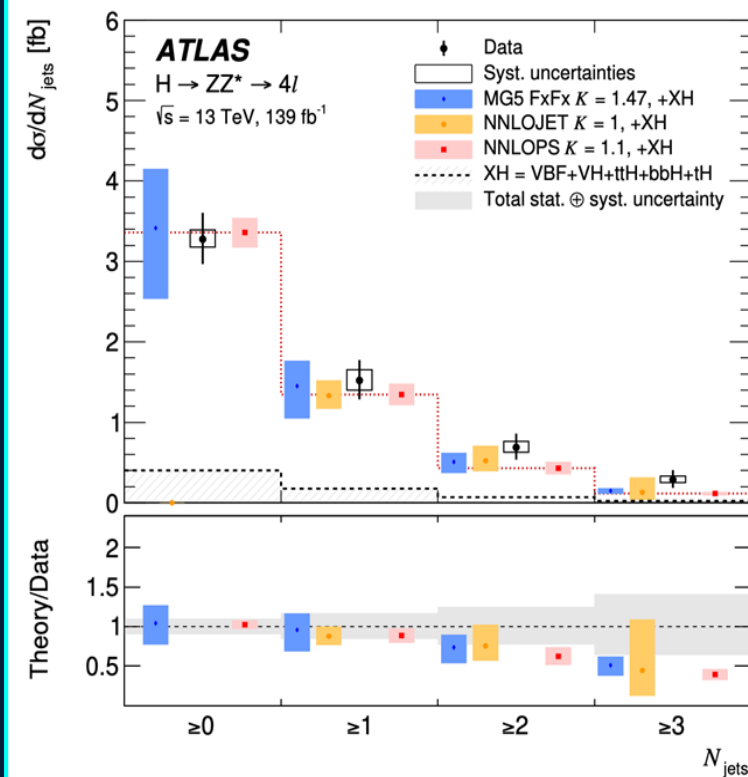


XH = VBF + VH + ttH

CMS-PAS-HIG-20-015



## ATLAS: $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$ ggF H and XH $d\sigma/dN_{jets}$

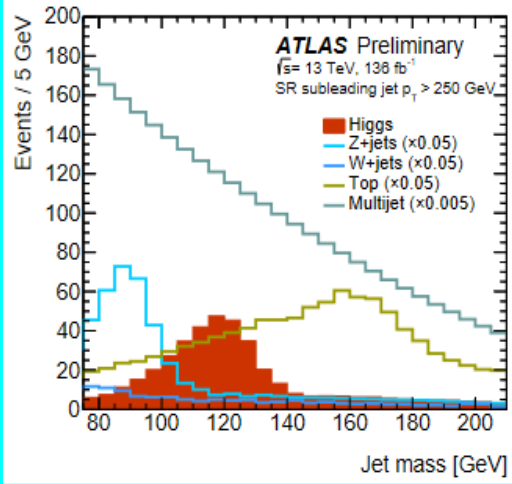
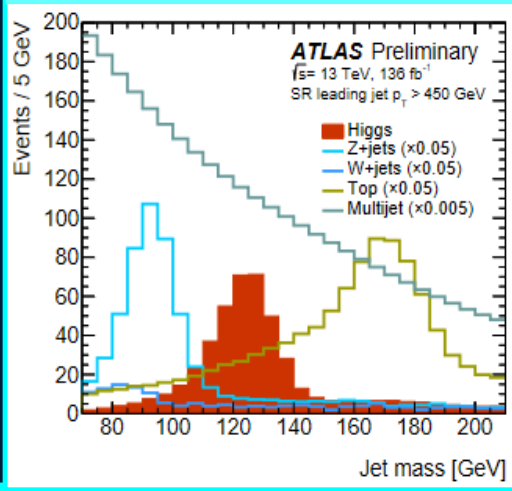


Eur. Phys. J. C (2020) 80:942

# High $P_T$ Higgs Production with $H \rightarrow bb$ : Leading and Subleading double tagged jets

**NB: With TeV scale  $p_T$ , the ggF, VBF and VH contributions to H production are comparable**

## Leading & subleading jet mass for H, Z, t, QCD



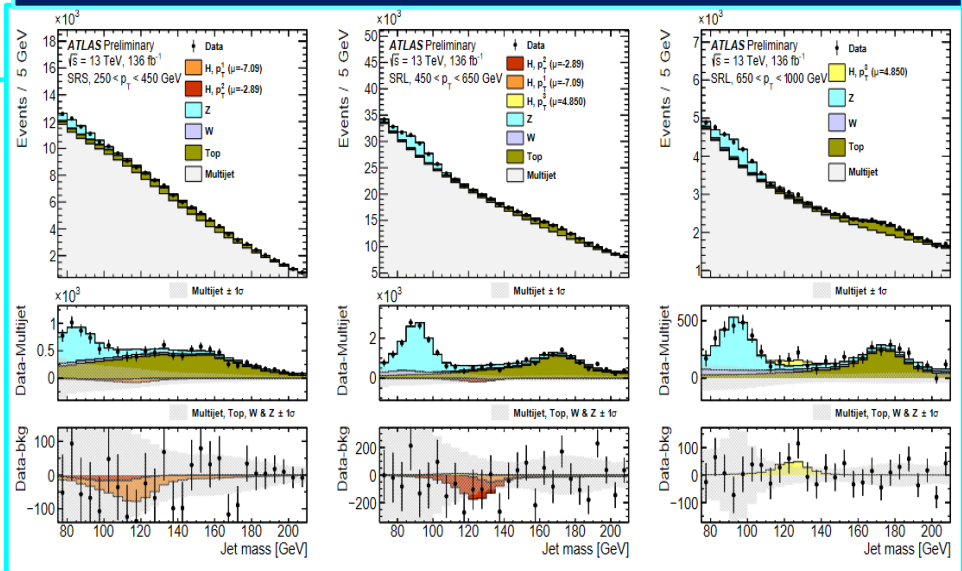
## Inclusive, Fiducial and Differential Signal Regions

Region	Jet $p_T$ [GeV]		$p_T^H$ [GeV]		$ \eta_H $
	SRL	SRS	SRL	SRS	SRL/SRS
Inclusive	>450	>250	-	-	-
Fiducial	>450	>450	>450	>450	< 2
	>1000	-	>1000	-	< 2
Differential	450-650,	250-450,	450-650,	300-450,	< 2
	650-1000	450-650,	>650	450-650,	
		650-1000		>650	

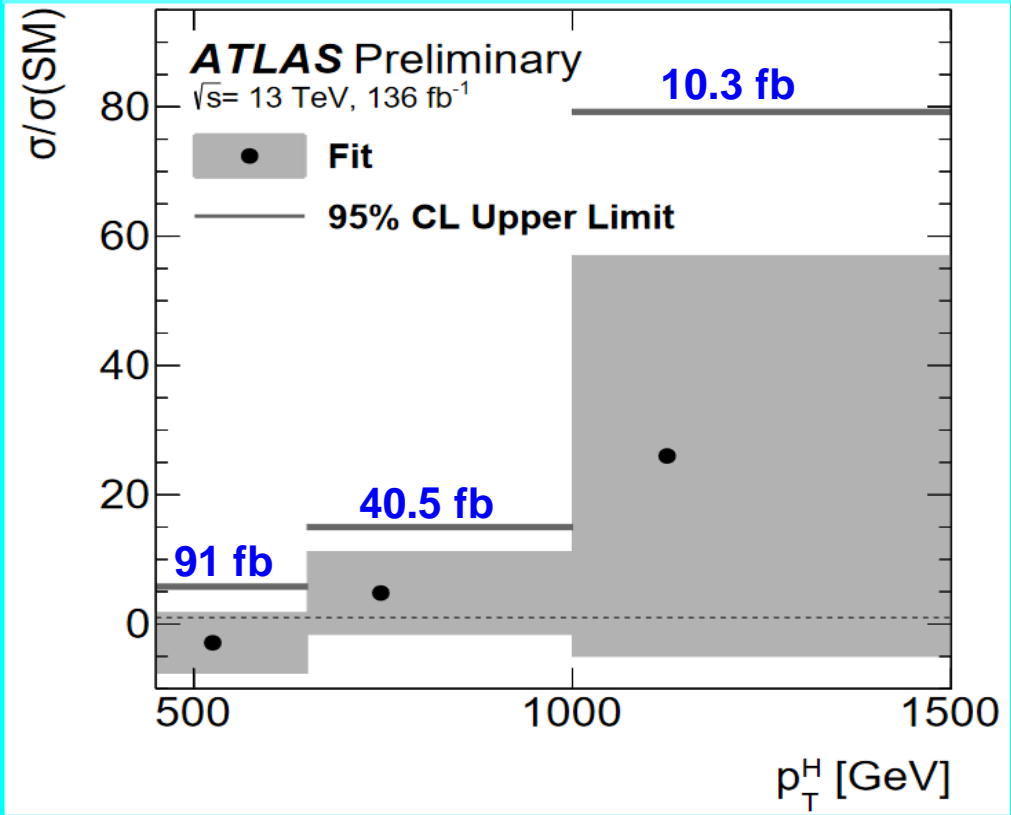
## Fitted $\sigma_H$ Values in 3 $P_T$ Bins

$\sigma_H(p_T^H > 450 \text{ GeV}) = 13 \pm 57 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 22 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 3 \text{ (theory) fb,}$   
 $\sigma_H(p_T^H > 650 \text{ GeV}) = 13 \pm 16 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 7 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 3 \text{ (theory) fb,}$   
 $\sigma_H(p_T^H > 1 \text{ TeV}) = 3.4 \pm 3.9 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 1.0 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 0.8 \text{ (theory) fb.}$

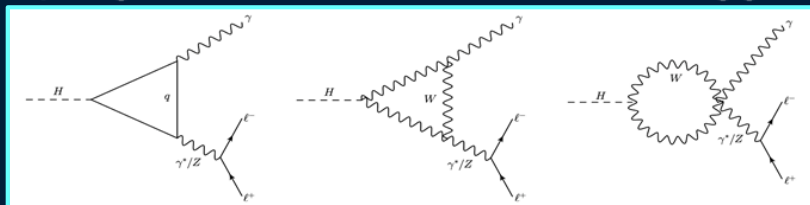
## Post Fit Multijet, t, W and Z Jet Mass Distributions



## Fitted $\sigma/\sigma_{SM}$ Values & 95% CL Upper Limits in 3 $P_T$ Bins

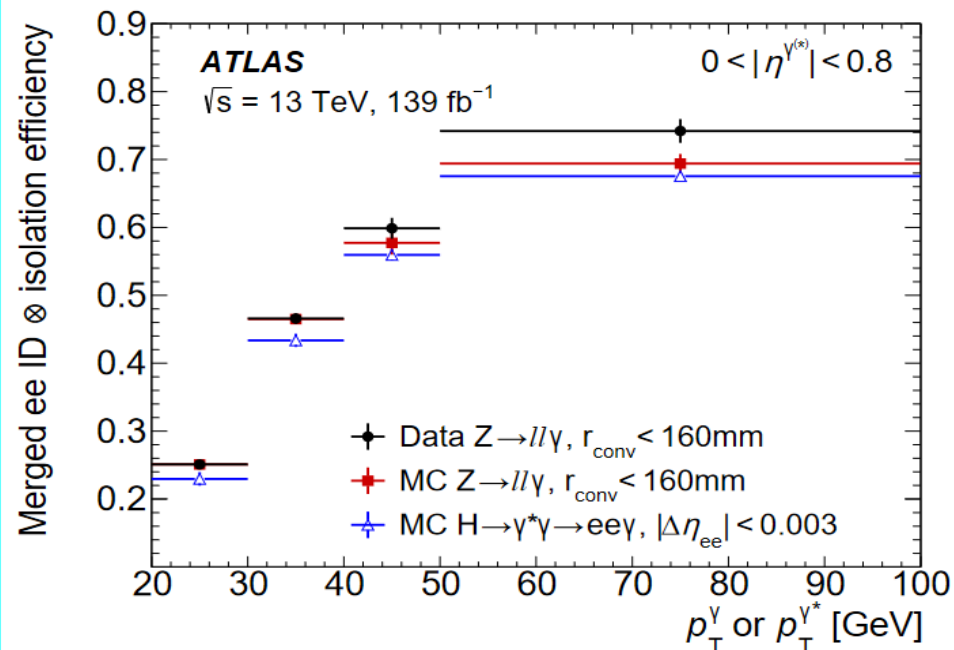


- Rare decay process  $H \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$  ( $m_{\ell\ell} < 30$  GeV) probes exotic couplings and CP-violation in the Higgs sector

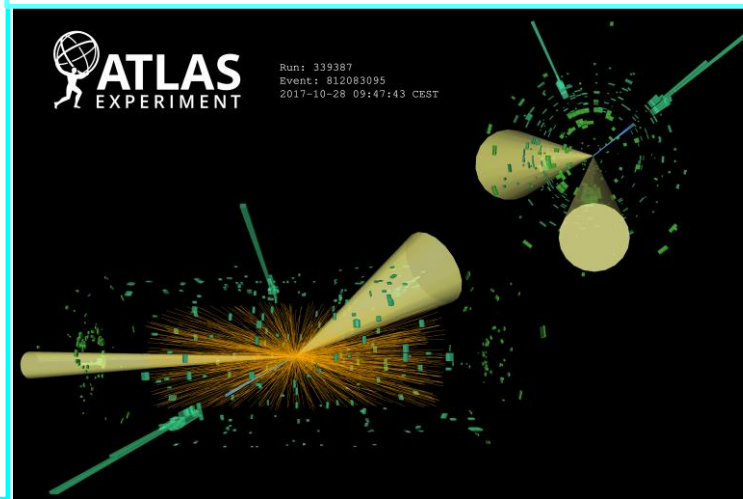
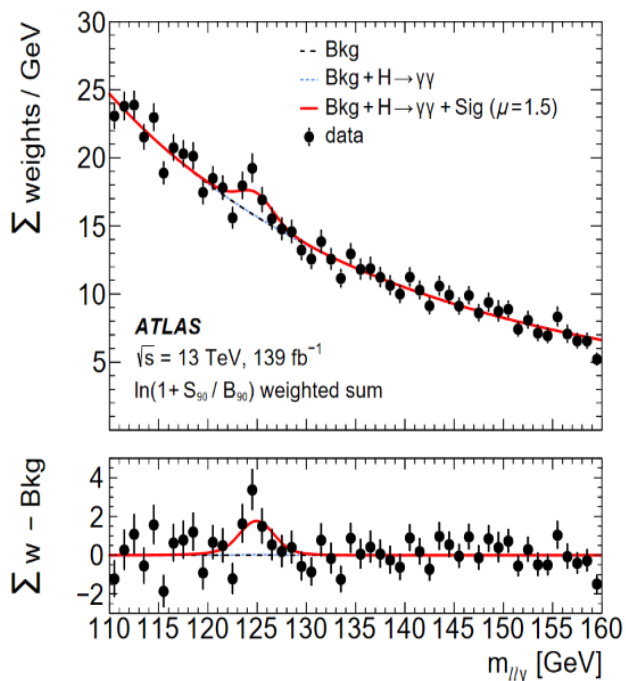
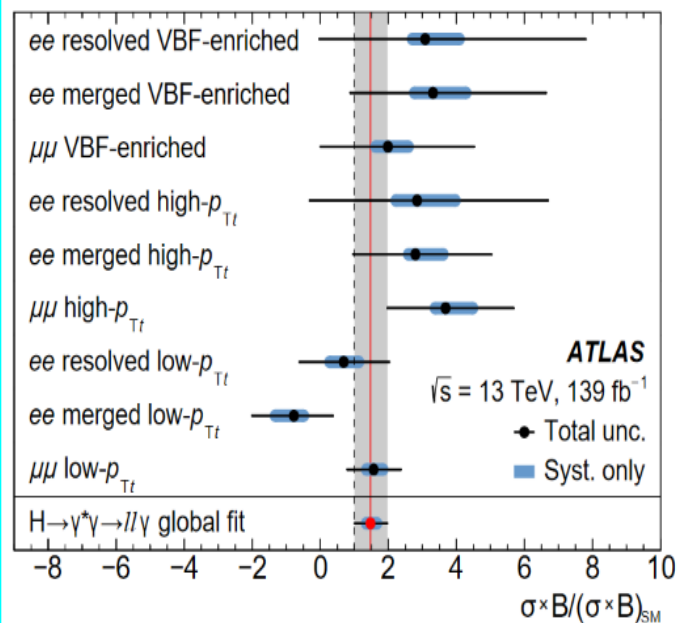


- Lepton pair is often very collimated: developed methods to reconstruct merged-ee objects
- Signal significance  $3.2\sigma$  ( $2.1\sigma$ ) obs (exp)

## Merged ee ID X efficiency vs $p_T^\gamma$



## Signal strength $\mu = 1.5 \pm 0.5$



Event display of a candidate  $H \rightarrow eey$  event from ee-merged VBF-enriched category

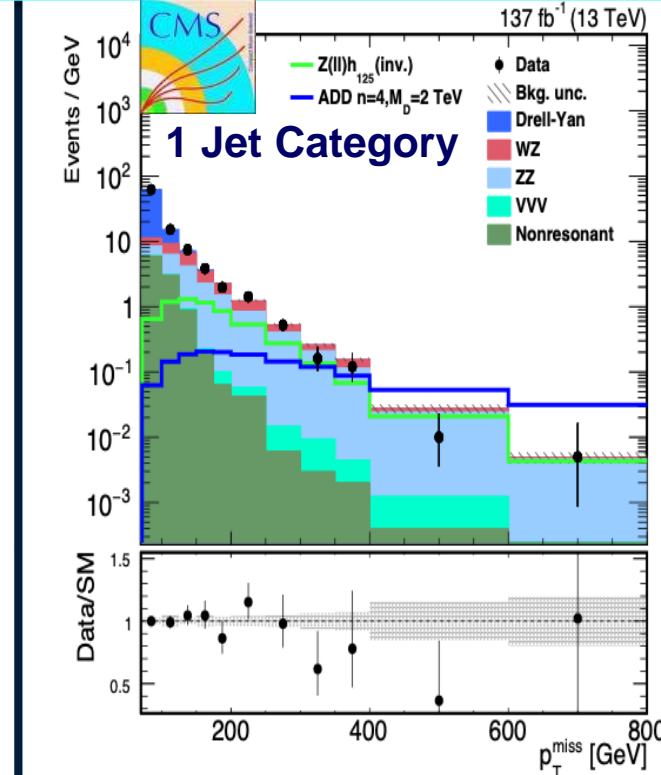
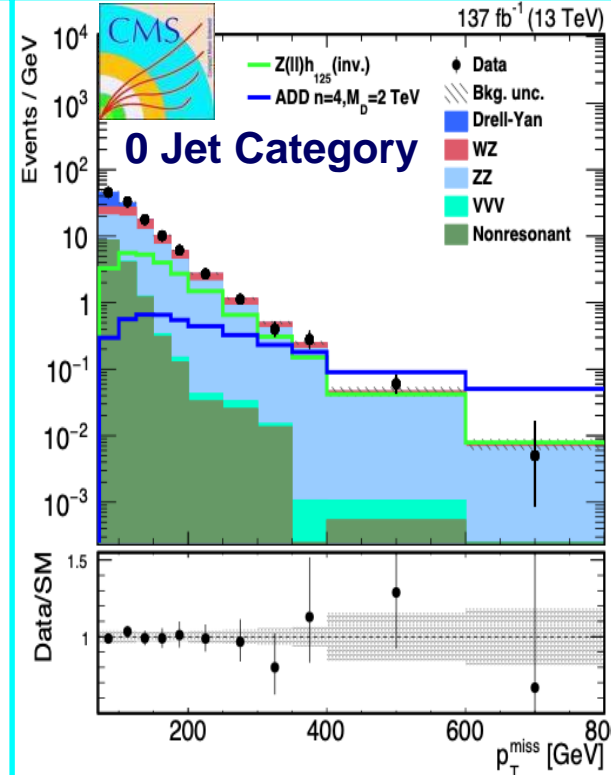
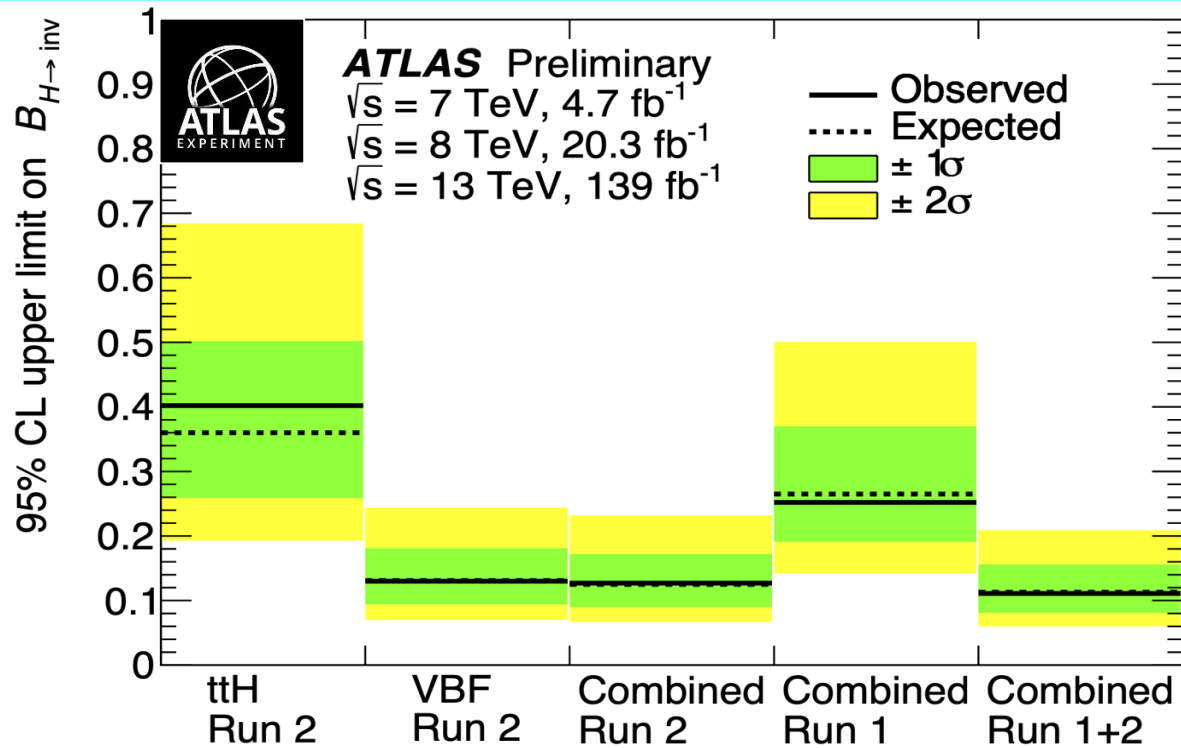
# BSM Higgs: $H \rightarrow$ Invisible

ATLAS Run 1, 2 combination: [ATLAS-CONF-2020-052](#)

CMS  $Z(\ell\ell) H$ , full Run 2 result: [Eur. Phys. J. C 81 \(2021\) 13](#)

A broad program in BSM Higgs searches: Additional Higgses, invisible decays, lepton-flavour-violating decay and 2HDM+scalar models with  $h \rightarrow aa$ , Charged Higgses,...

- Higgs portal to dark matter and invisible particles in BSM models
- SM prediction:  $BR(H \rightarrow \text{invisible}) = 1 \times 10^{-3}$  from  $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\nu$  decays



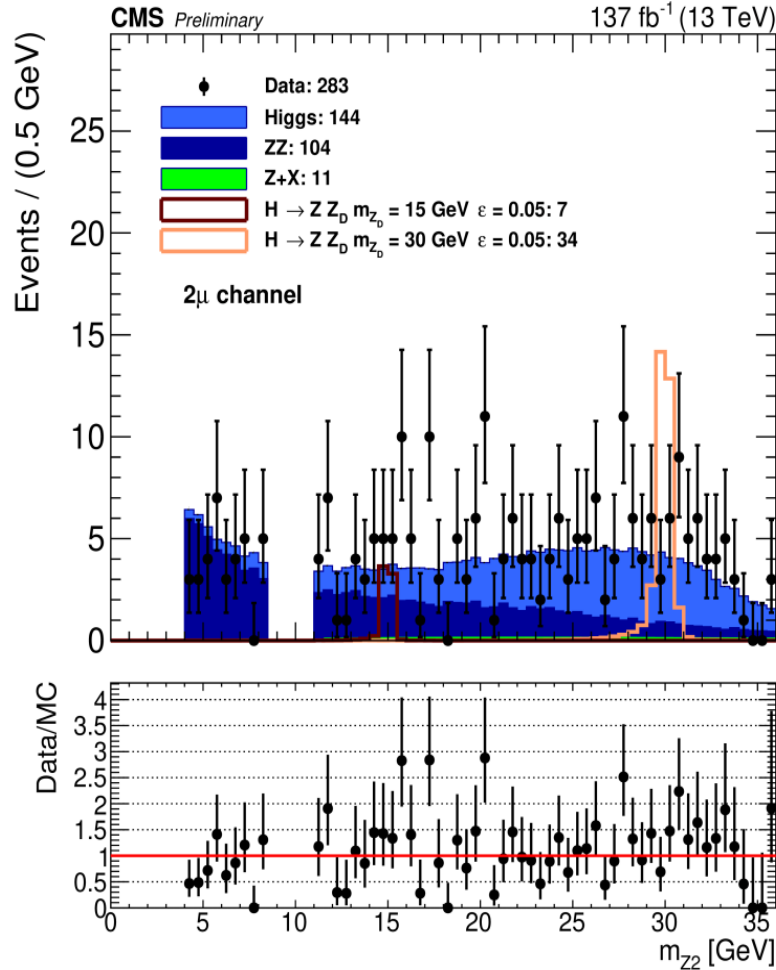
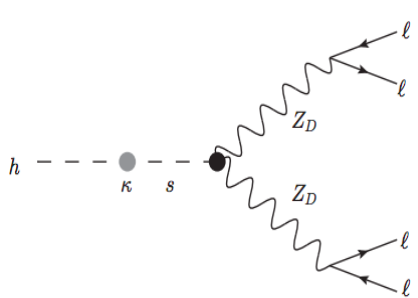
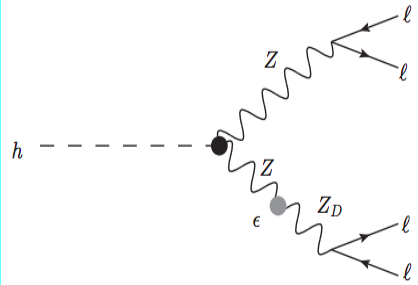
Observed upper limit from combination of VBF and ttH,  $H \rightarrow$ invisible:  $BR(H \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < 11\% @95\% \text{ CL}$

Observed upper limit from  $Z(\ell\ell) H$ ,  $H \rightarrow$ invisible:  $BR(H \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < 29\% @95\% \text{ CL}$

# Recent BSM Higgs Search Results

**CMS** Search for a **Dark Photon** and an **Axion-like particle**  $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow ZZ_D, H \rightarrow S \rightarrow Z_D Z_D$

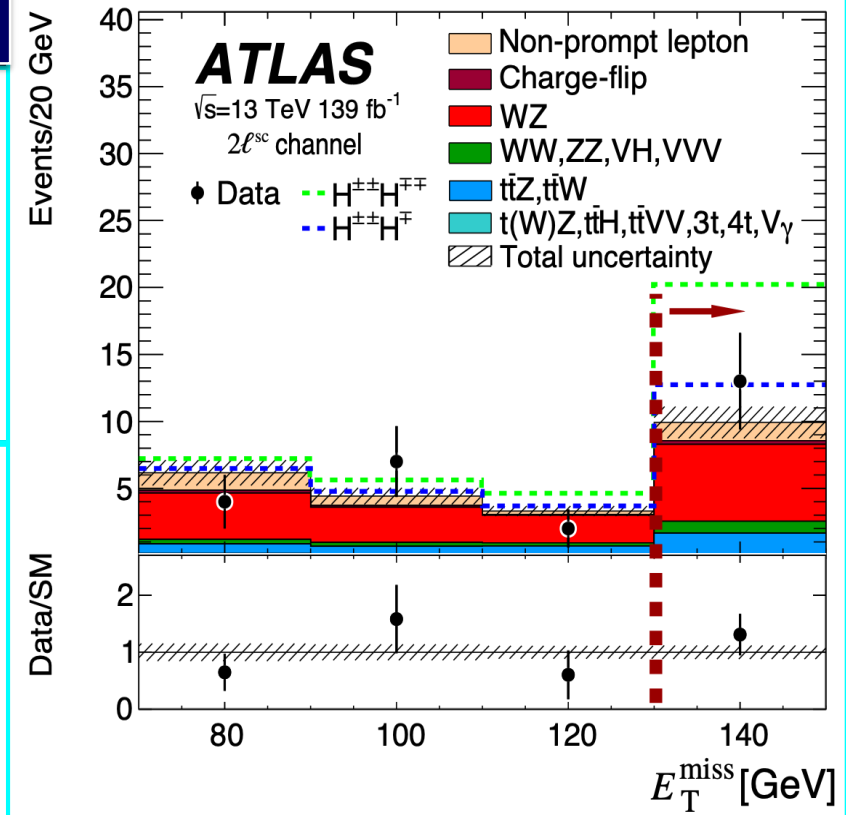
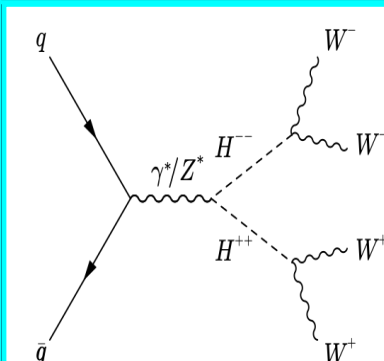
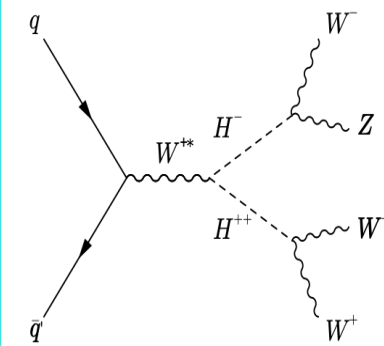
Search for  $H \rightarrow ZZ_D, Z_D Z_D$  in the four lepton channel



CMS-PAS-HIG-19-007

**ATLAS EXPERIMENT** Search for **Doubly Charged Higgs**  $H^{++}, H^{-}$

In  $W^\pm W^\pm + W V$



$m(H^{++})$  excluded up to 350 and 230 GeV at 95% CL for the pair and associated production modes

[arXiv:2101.11961](https://arxiv.org/abs/2101.11961)

# Higgs Boson Self-Coupling: HH Searches

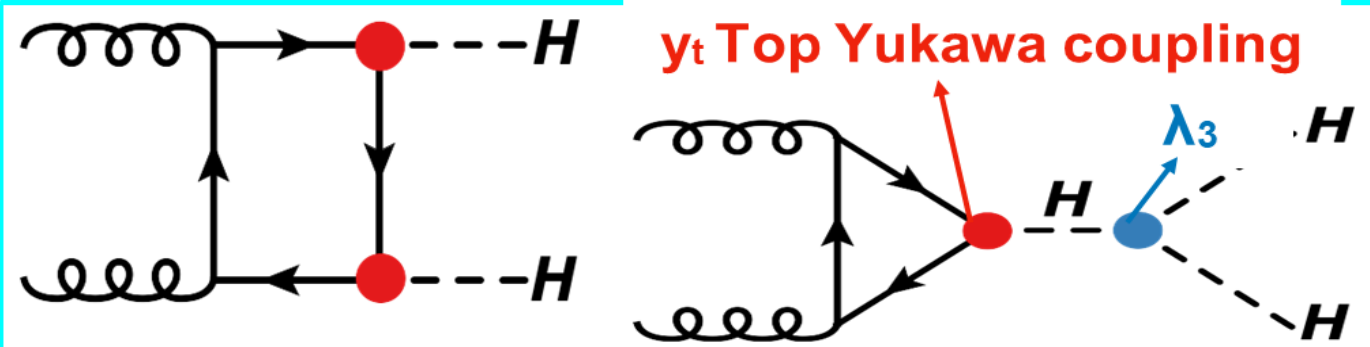


- Higgs self-coupling probes the nature of the Higgs potential:  

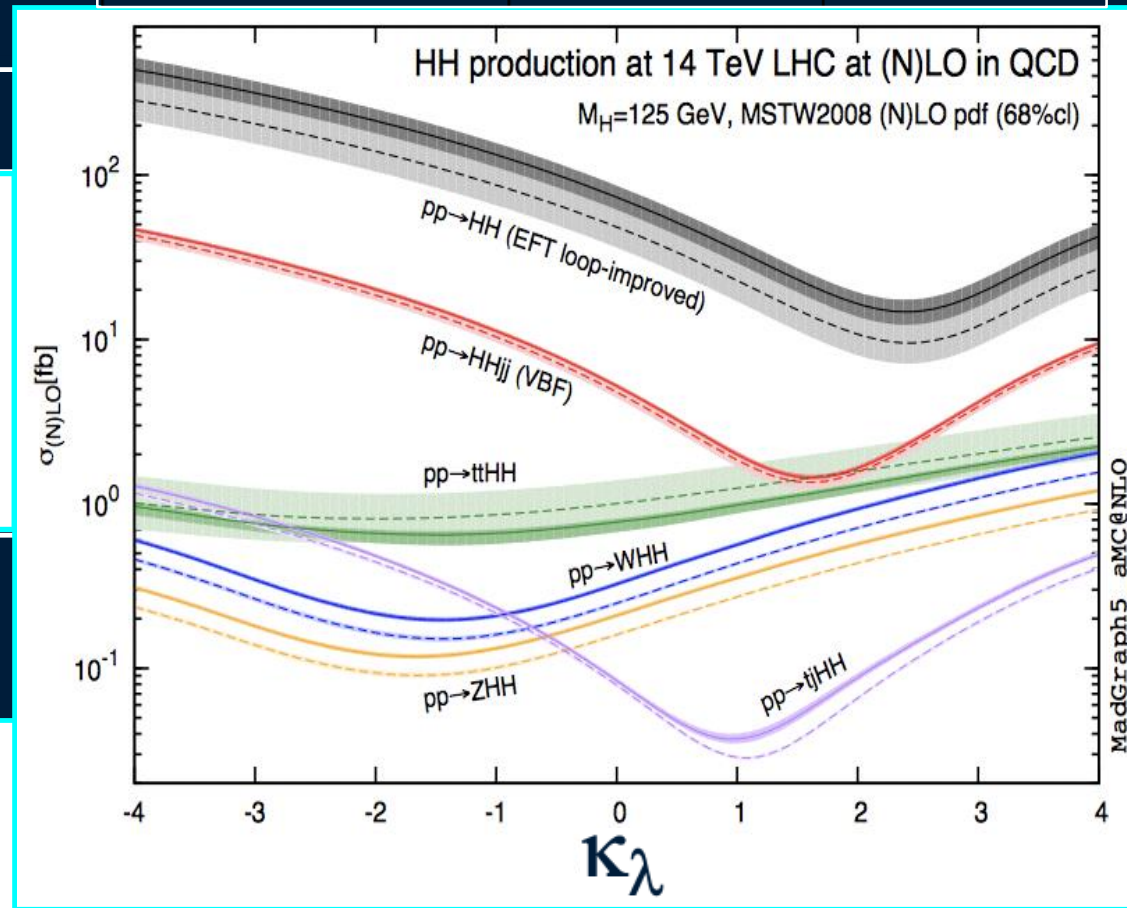
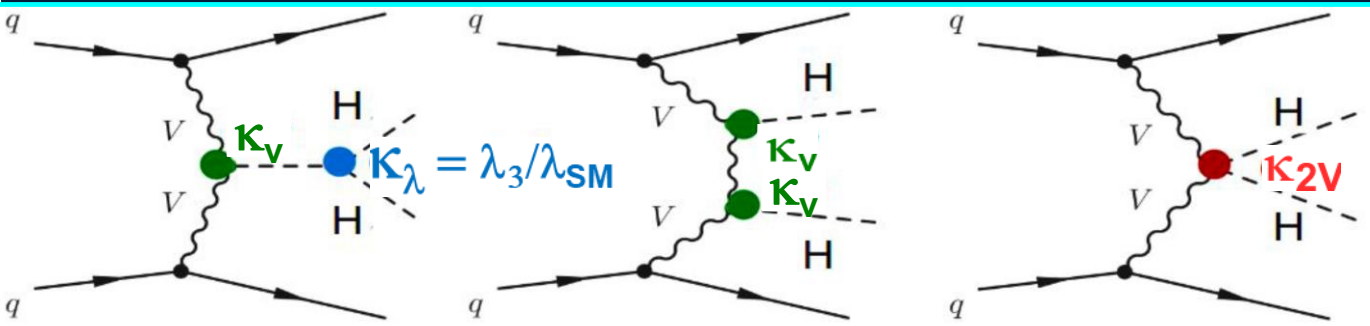
$$V(H) = \frac{1}{2}m_H^2 H^2 + \lambda_3 v H^3 + \frac{1}{4}\lambda_4 H^4$$
 $\lambda_3$ : *Trilinear Higgs self-coupling*
- $\lambda_3$  can be probed via HH production:  
 extremely challenging at LHC, accessible at HL-LHC

Data	$\lambda_3/\lambda_{SM}$ 95%CL	$\sigma_{HH}/\sigma_{SM\ HH}$
ATLAS 2015+16	<b>[-5.0, 12.0]</b>	<b>&lt; 6.9</b>
CMS 2016 data	<b>[-11.8, 18.8]</b>	<b>&lt; 22.2</b>

Main production mode **ggF ~31.05 fb @13 TeV NNLO<sub>FT</sub>approx**



**Sub-leading VBF ~1.73 fb @13 TeV N<sup>3</sup>LO QCD**  
 VBF channel **provides access** to the HVV ( $\kappa_V$ ),  
 triple HHH ( $\kappa_\lambda$ ), and HHVV ( $\kappa_{2V}$ ) quartic couplings



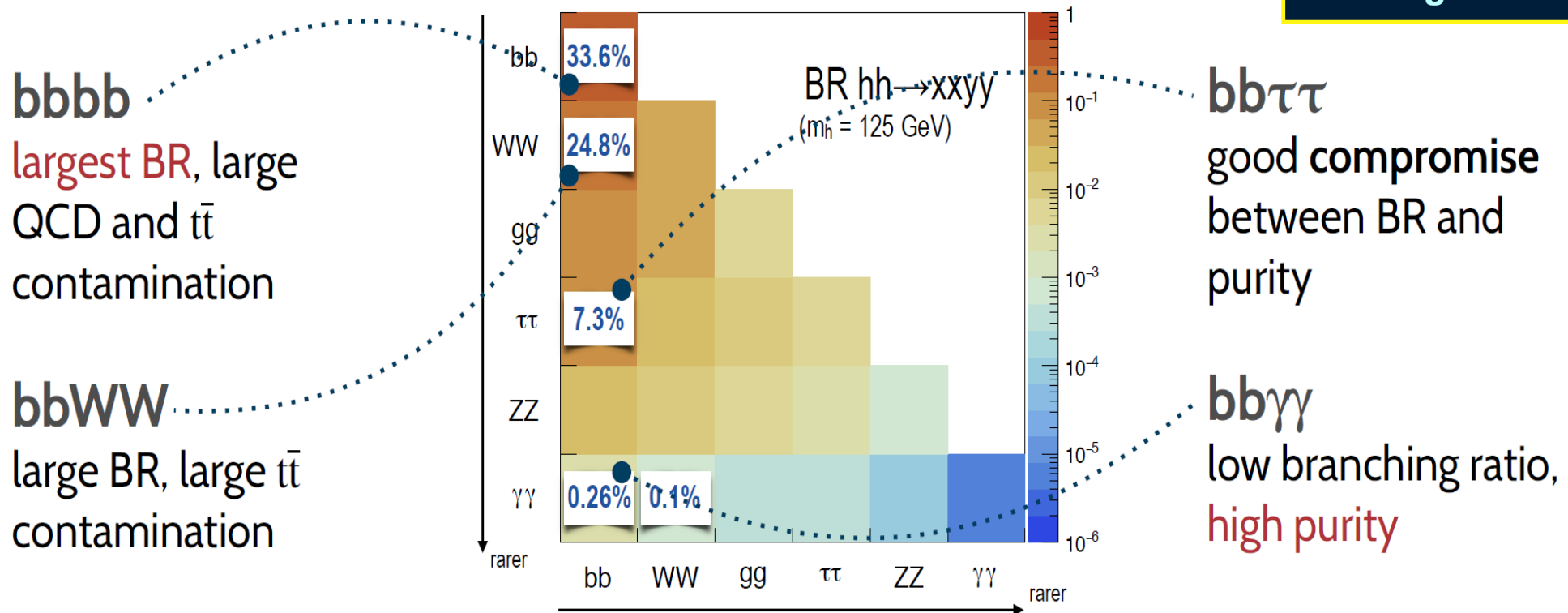


# HH Combination



- Decay channels are Complementary:  $HH \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma, bbWW, bb\tau\tau, bbbb$ 
  - Tradeoff between  $BR1 \cdot BR2$  and relative purity
  - Cover different phase space regions; Most sensitive in different mass ranges
  - ➔ A lot gained by combining

C. Amendola  
at Higgs  
Hunting 2018\*



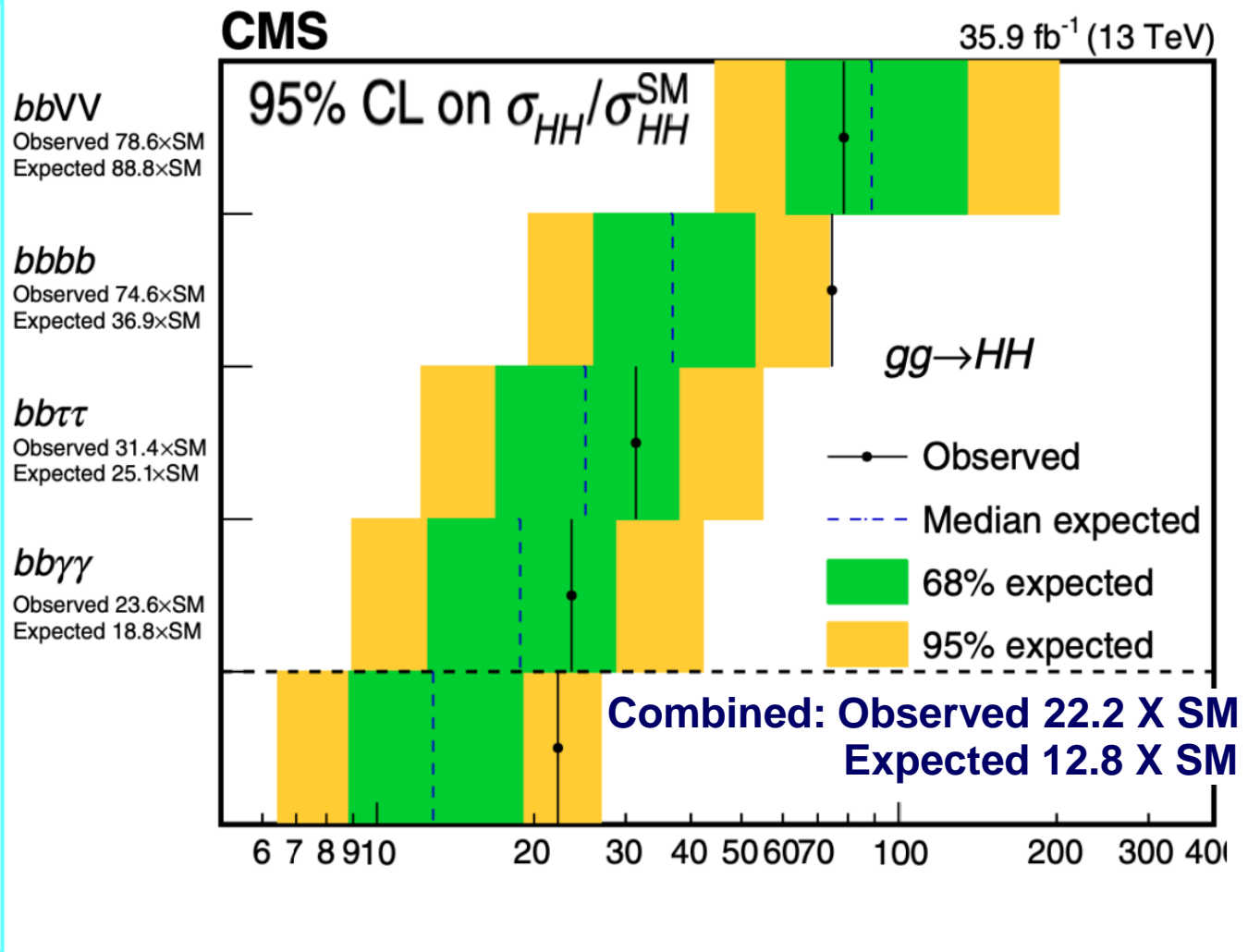
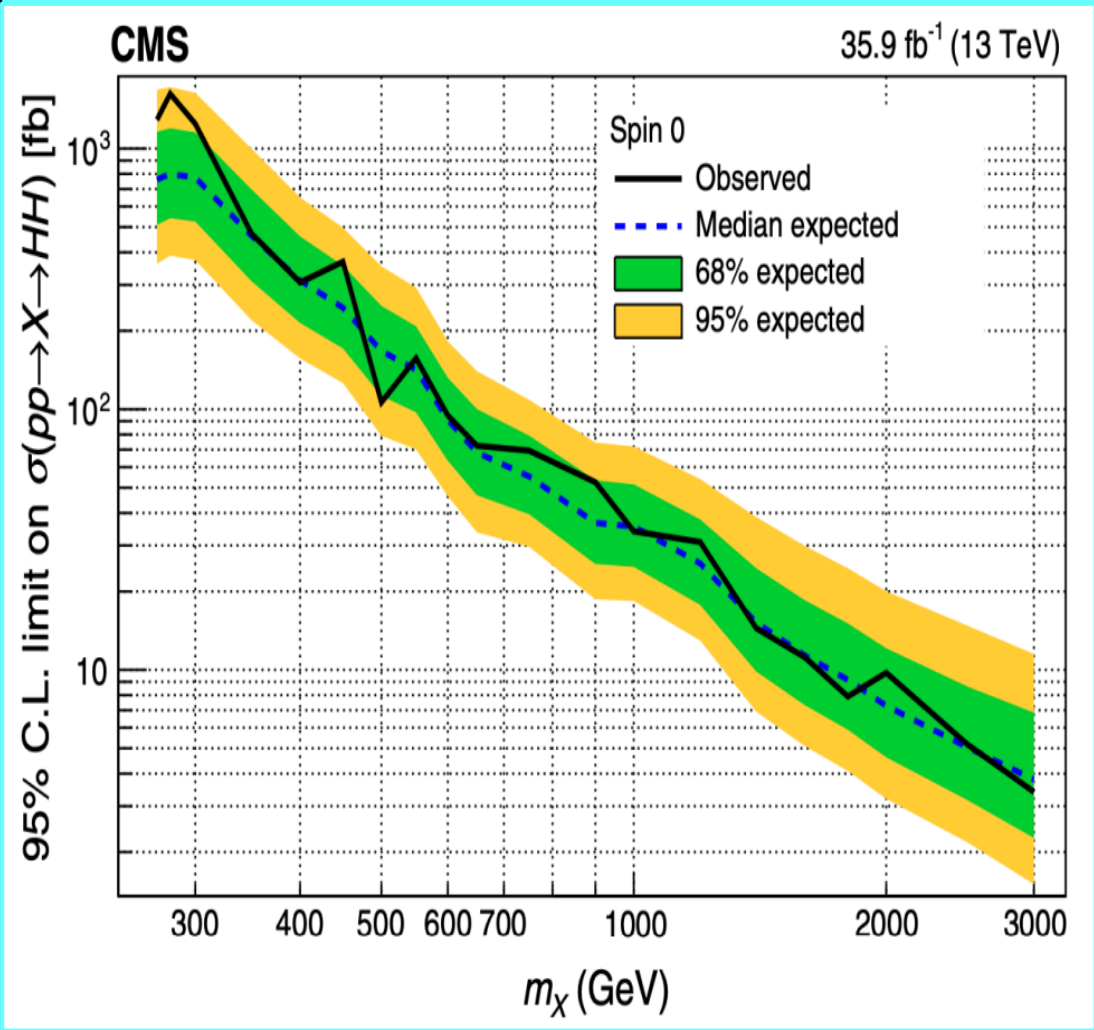
\* [https://indico.ijclab.in2p3.fr/event/4754/contributions/15561/subcontributions/1386/attachments/13213/15822/Amendola\\_HiggsHunting2018.pdf](https://indico.ijclab.in2p3.fr/event/4754/contributions/15561/subcontributions/1386/attachments/13213/15822/Amendola_HiggsHunting2018.pdf)

Complementary roles of the dominant ggF and subdominant VBF production modes

## Resonant Search

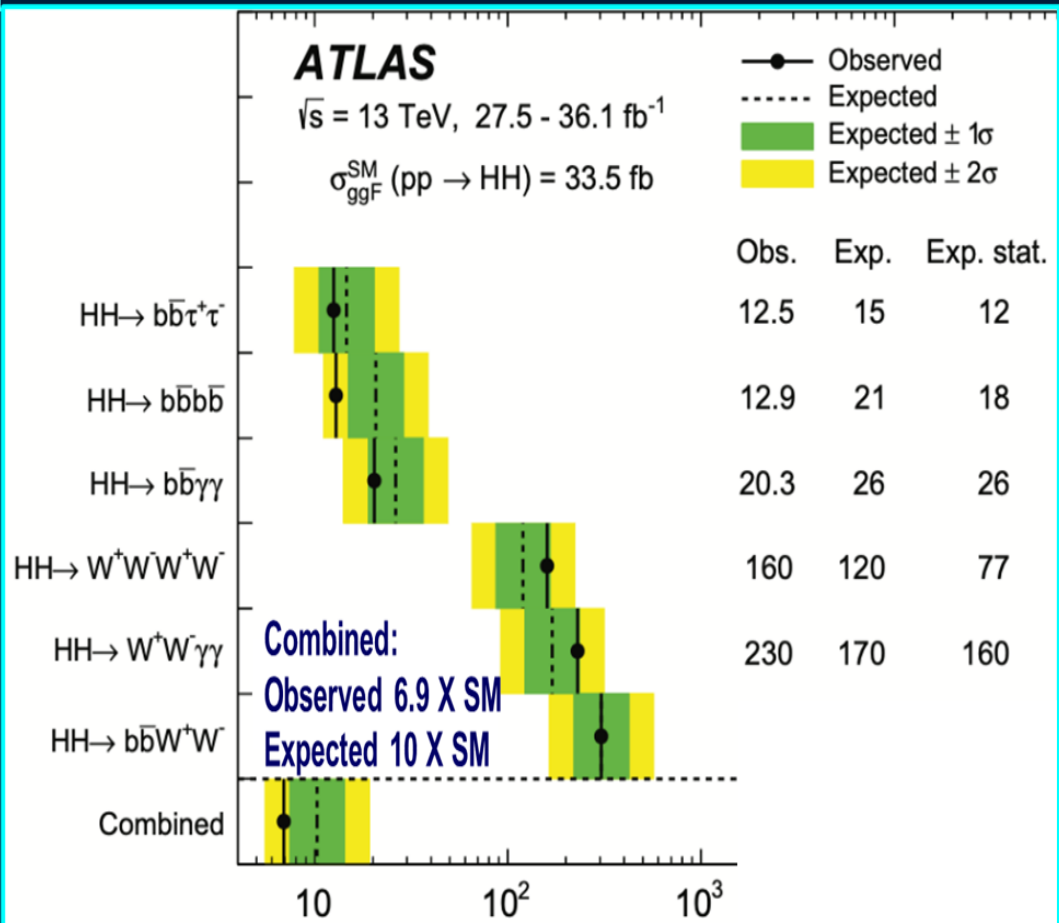
$\sigma (pp \rightarrow X \rightarrow HH)$  vs  $m_X$

## Nonresonant $HH \rightarrow bbVV, bbbb, bb\tau\tau, bb\gamma\gamma, +$ Combination





## ggF: $HH \rightarrow bbWW, WWWW, WW\gamma\gamma, bbbb, bb\tau\tau, bb\gamma\gamma, + \text{Combination}$ 95% CL Upper Limit on $\sigma(HH)/\sigma(HH_{SM})$



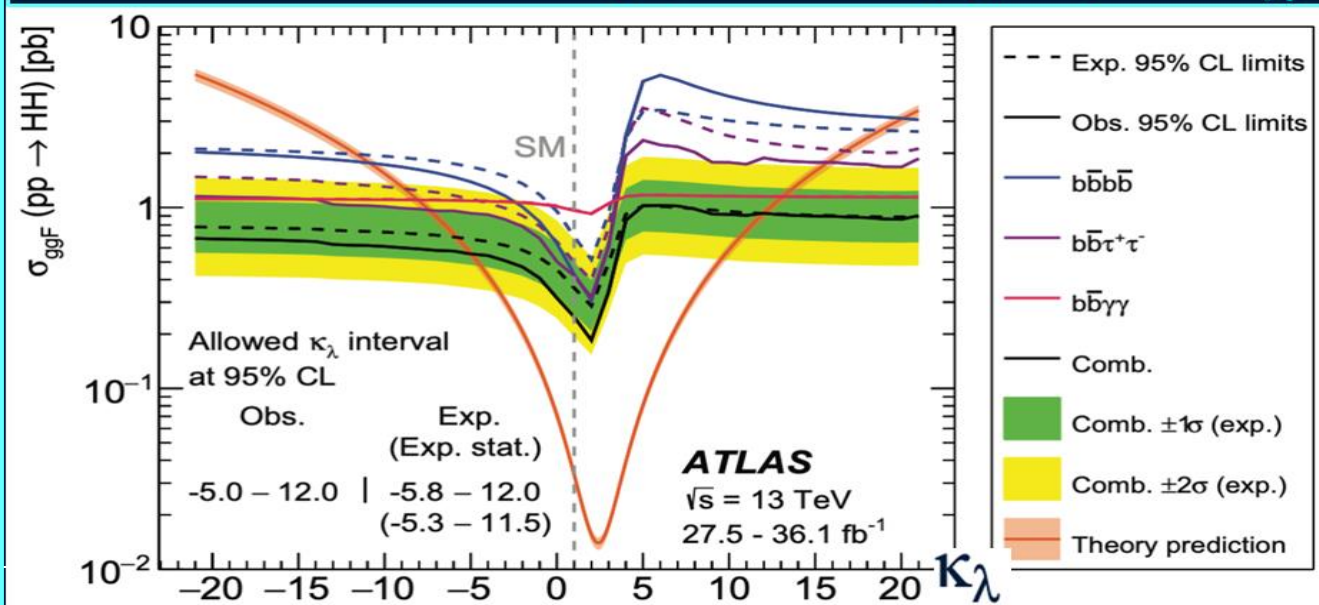
## Resonant Searches $X \rightarrow HH$ Searches

	$b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$	$b\bar{b}W^+W^-$	$b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$	$W^+W^-W^+W^-$	$b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$	$W^+W^-\gamma\gamma$
$\mathcal{B}(HH \rightarrow x\bar{x}y\bar{y})$	0.34	0.25	0.073	0.046	$2.6 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$1.0 \cdot 10^{-3}$
$\mathcal{L}_{int} [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	27.5 [36.1]	36.1	36.1	36.1	36.1	36.1
Categories	2 [2-5]	1 [1]	3 [2-3]	9 [9]	2 [2]	1 [1]
Discriminant	$m_{HH} [m_{HH}]$	c.e. [ $m_{HH}$ ]	BDT [BDT]	c.e. [c.e.]	$m_{\gamma\gamma} [m_{HH}]$	$m_{\gamma\gamma} [m_{\gamma\gamma}]$
Model	NR [S/G]	NR [S/G]	NR [S/G]	NR [S]	NR [S]	NR [S]
$m_{S/G} [\text{TeV}]$	[0.26-3.00]	[0.50-3.00]	[0.26-1.00]	[0.26-0.50]	[0.26-1.00]	[0.26-0.50]

c.e. = counting events  
NR = SM HH(non-resonant)  
S/G = Scalar/Graviton

**Allowed Mass Interval (TeV)**

## 95% CL UL on $\sigma(pp \rightarrow HH)$ (pb) vs $\kappa_\lambda$



# Recent Higgs Boson Self-Coupling Results with Full Run2 Data

- New HH decay channels and significantly improved analysis strategies
- Explore **VBF production mode** and **HHVV coupling**

CMS **HH** → **bbγγ** (JHEP 03 (2021) 257):



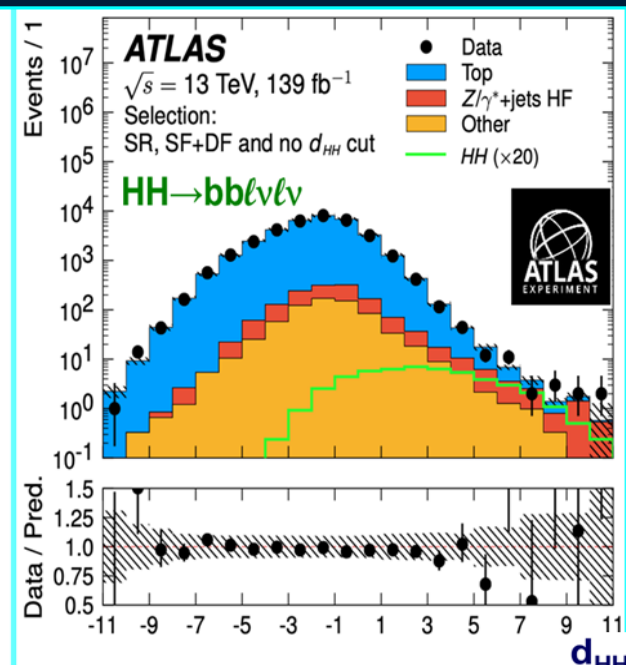
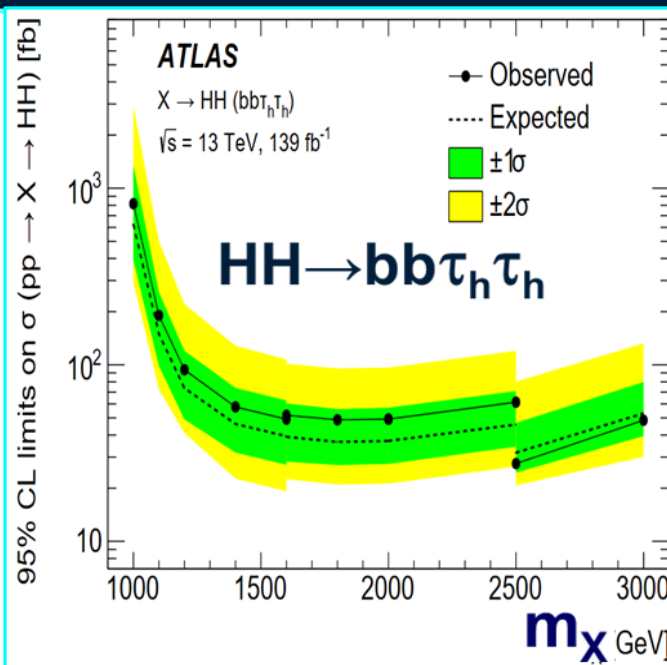
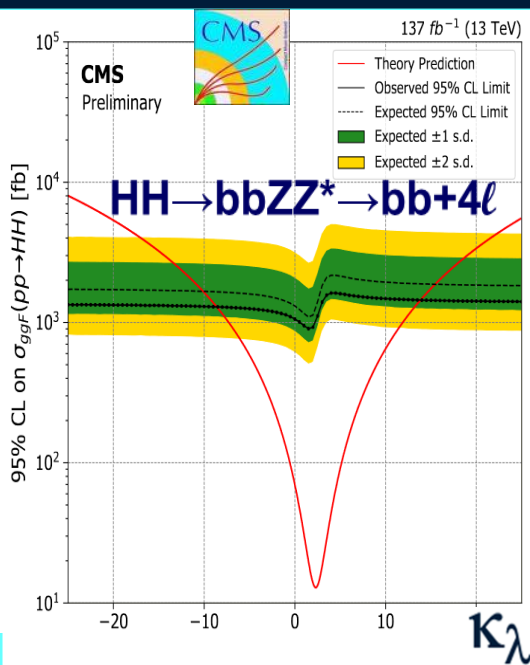
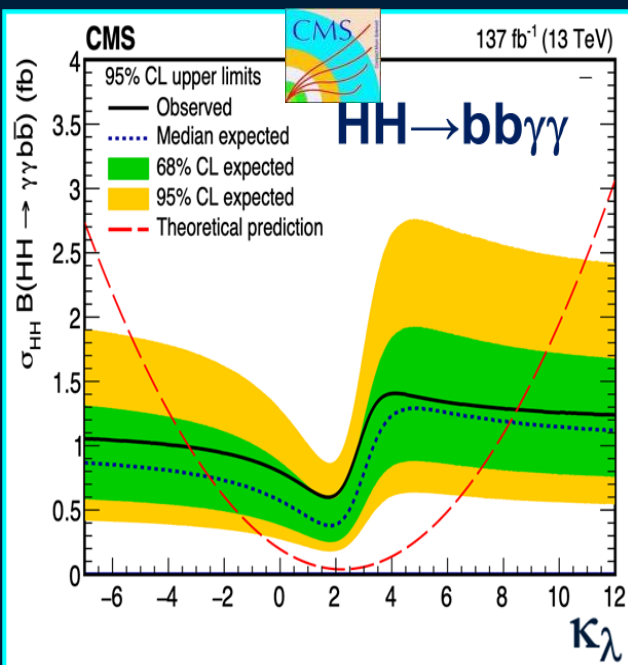
- $-3.3 < \kappa_\lambda < 8.5$  obs @95% CL
- $\sigma(\text{HH})/\sigma(\text{HH}_{\text{SM}}) < 7.7$  (5.2) obs(exp) @95% CL

CMS **HH** → **bbZZ\*** → **bb+4ℓ** (CMS-PAS-HIG-20-004):

- $-9 < \kappa_\lambda < 14$  obs @95% CL
- $\sigma(\text{HH})/\sigma(\text{HH}_{\text{SM}}) < 30$  (37) obs(exp) @95% CL

- ATLAS search for **resonant HH production** to **boosted bb pair** and **boosted ττ pair** JHEP 11 (2020) 163

- ATLAS **HH** → **bb ℓνℓν** (Phys. Lett. B 801 (2020) 135145)
  - $\sigma(\text{HH})/\sigma(\text{HH}_{\text{SM}}) < 40$  (29) obs(exp) @95% CL



$$d_{\text{HH}} = \ln \left[ \frac{p_{\text{HH}}}{(p_{\text{Top}} + p_{\text{Z-}\ell\ell} + p_{\text{Z-}\tau\tau})} \right]$$

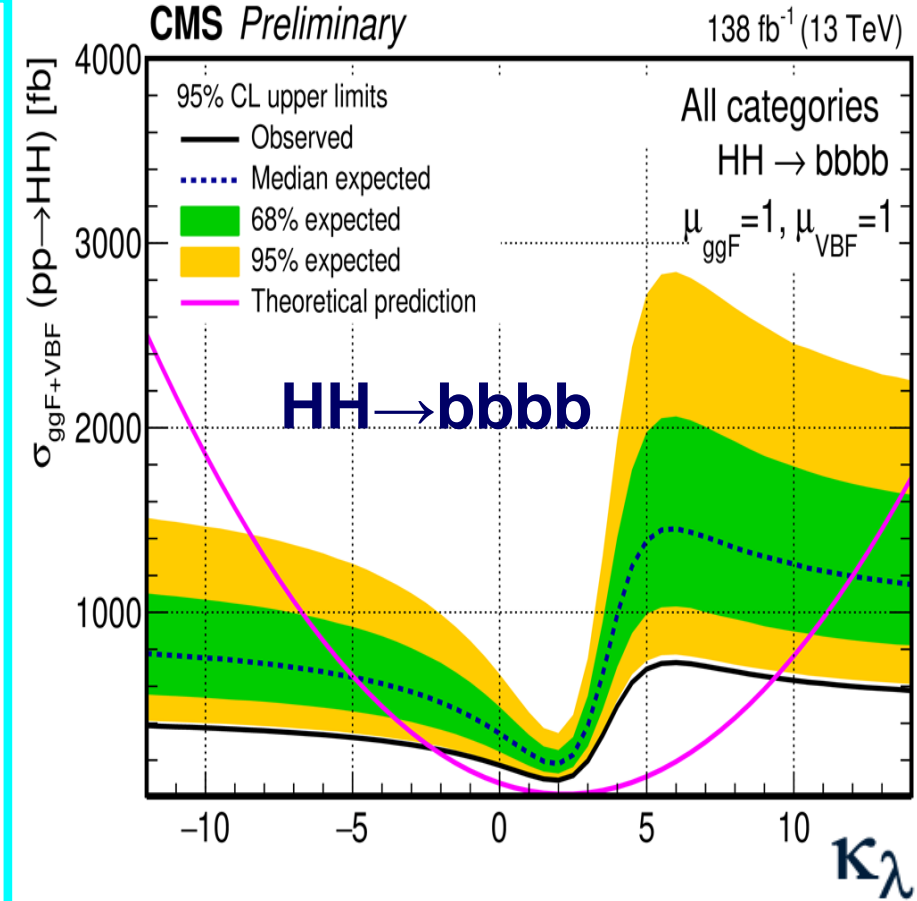
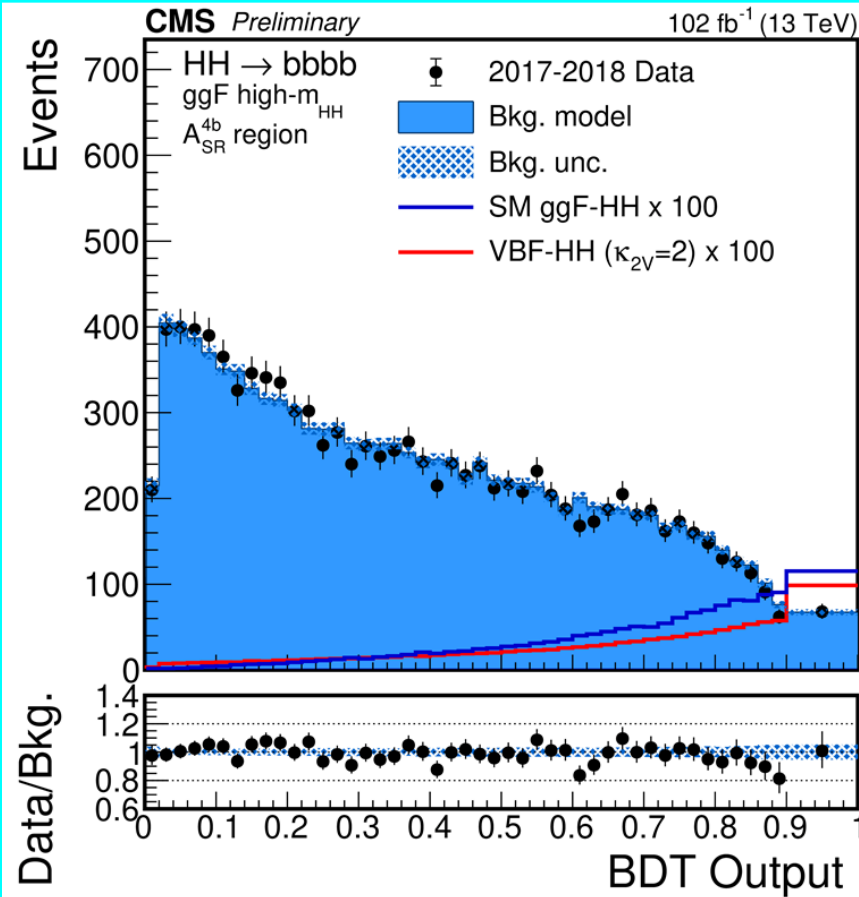
# Recent Higgs Boson Self-Coupling Results with Full Run2 Data



New at LHCP: Resolved analysis  $HH \rightarrow bbbb$  currently provides the **most stringent limit on HH production**

- Targets both **ggF** and **VBF Production**
- Dedicated triggers: **on 3 b-jets**
- New analysis: **Multivariate with Background estimated from multiple control regions**
- New **DeepFlavour b-tagger**

CMS-PAS-HIG-20-005

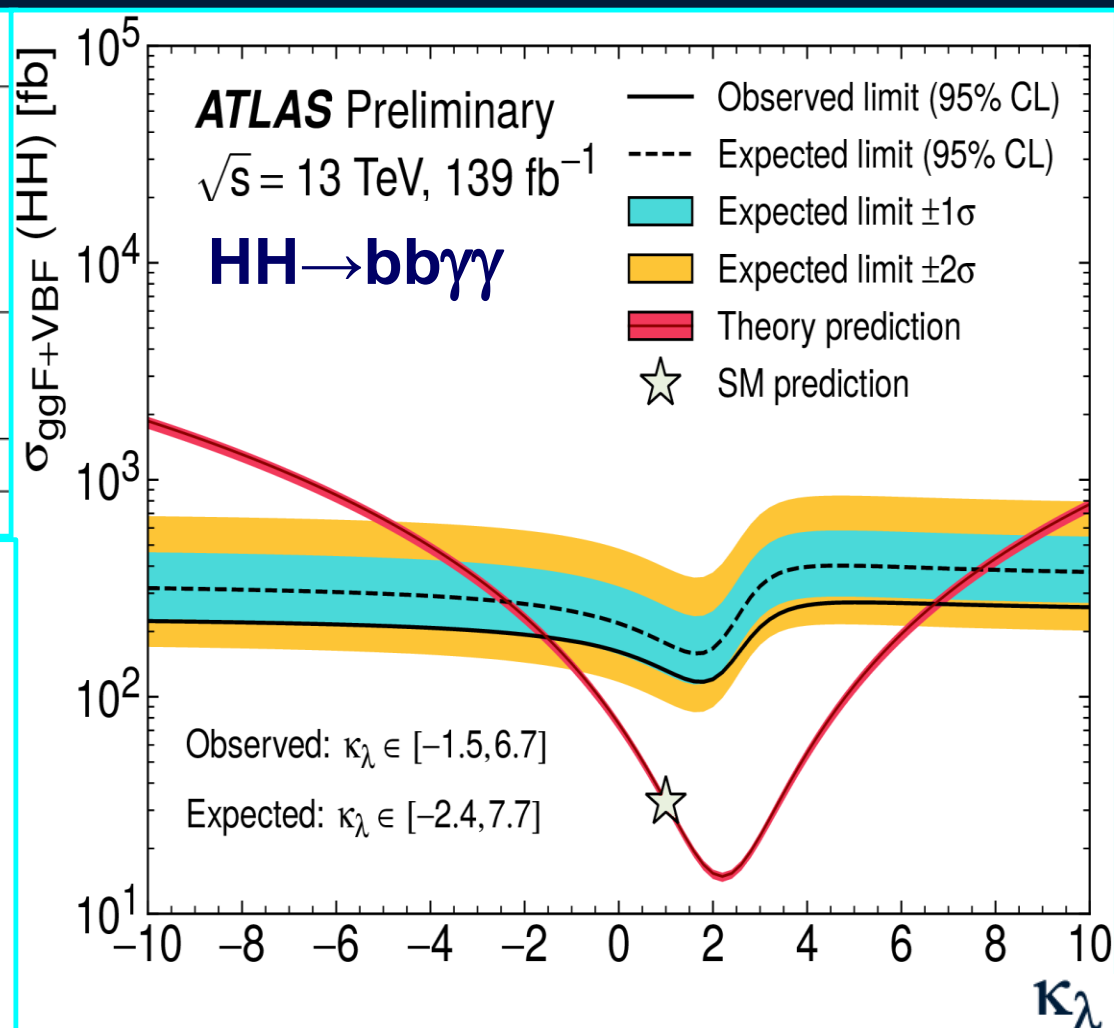
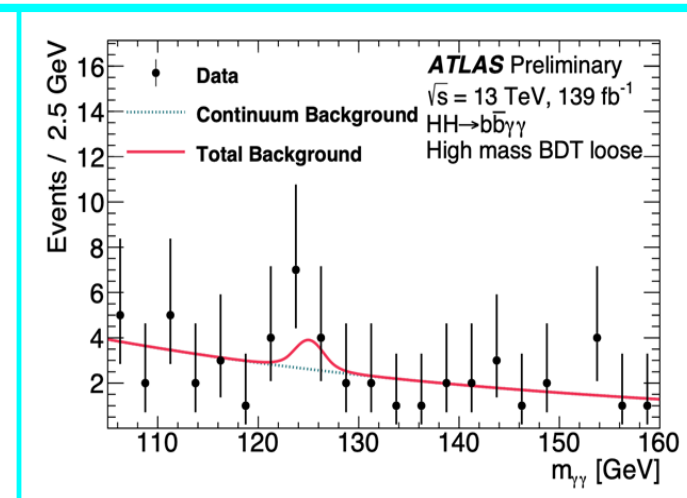
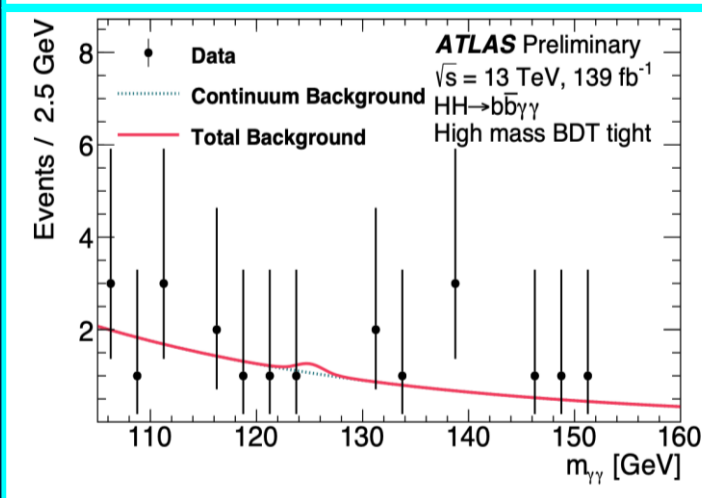


$$\sigma(HH)/\sigma(HH_{SM}) < 3.6 \text{ (7.3) obs (exp)}$$

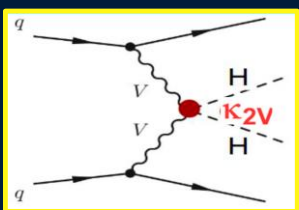
$$-2.3 < \kappa_\lambda < 9.4 \text{ obs @95\% CL}$$

# Recent Higgs Boson Self-Coupling Results with Full Run2 Data Moriond 2021: ATLAS $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$

	High mass BDT tight	High mass BDT loose	Low mass BDT tight	Low mass BDT loose
Continuum background	$4.9 \pm 1.1$	$9.5 \pm 1.5$	$3.7 \pm 1.0$	$24.9 \pm 2.5$
Single Higgs boson background	$0.670 \pm 0.032$	$1.57 \pm 0.04$	$0.220 \pm 0.016$	$1.39 \pm 0.04$
ggF	$0.261 \pm 0.028$	$0.44 \pm 0.04$	$0.063 \pm 0.014$	$0.274 \pm 0.030$
<i>i</i> $\bar{i}$ H	$0.1929 \pm 0.0045$	$0.491 \pm 0.007$	$0.1074 \pm 0.0033$	$0.742 \pm 0.009$
ZH	$0.142 \pm 0.005$	$0.486 \pm 0.010$	$0.04019 \pm 0.0027$	$0.269 \pm 0.007$
Rest	$0.074 \pm 0.012$	$0.155 \pm 0.020$	$0.008 \pm 0.006$	$0.109 \pm 0.016$
SM <i>HH</i> signal	$0.8753 \pm 0.0032$	$0.3680 \pm 0.0020$	$(49.4 \pm 0.7) \cdot 10^{-3}$	$(78.7 \pm 0.9) \cdot 10^{-3}$
ggF	$0.8626 \pm 0.0032$	$0.3518 \pm 0.0020$	$(46.1 \pm 0.7) \cdot 10^{-3}$	$(71.8 \pm 0.9) \cdot 10^{-3}$
VBF	$0.01266 \pm 0.00016$	$0.01618 \pm 0.00018$	$(3.22 \pm 0.08) \cdot 10^{-3}$	$(6.923 \pm 0.011) \cdot 10^{-3}$
Alternative <i>HH</i> ( $\kappa_\lambda = 10$ ) signal	$6.36 \pm 0.05$	$3.691 \pm 0.038$	$4.65 \pm 0.04$	$8.64 \pm 0.06$
Data	2	17	5	14



•  $\sigma(HH)/\sigma(HH_{SM}) < 4.1$  (5.5) obs (expected)       $-5.1 < \kappa_\lambda < 6.7$  obs @95% CL



# VBF HH: Probing the HHVV Coupling $\kappa_{2V}$

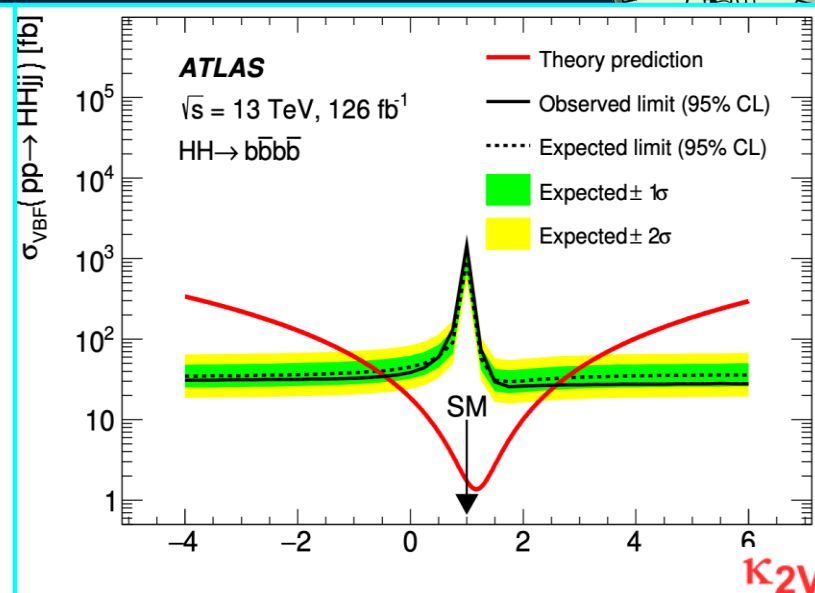
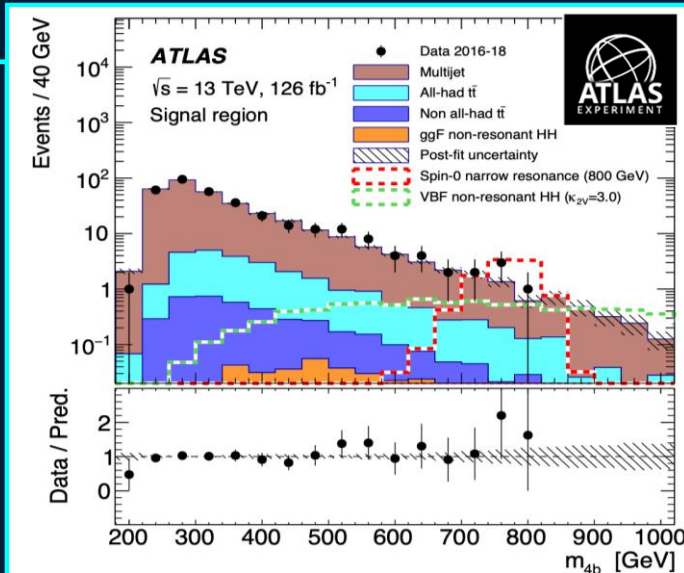


## ATLAS VBF HH $\rightarrow$ bbbb Run 2

Four b-jets; two VBF jets  
with  $m_{jj} > 1$  TeV and  $|\Delta\eta_{jj}| > 5.0$   
Final Discriminant  $m_{4b}$

$$-0.43 < \kappa_{2V} < 2.56 \text{ @95\% CL}$$

JHEP 07 (2020) 108 [Erratum]



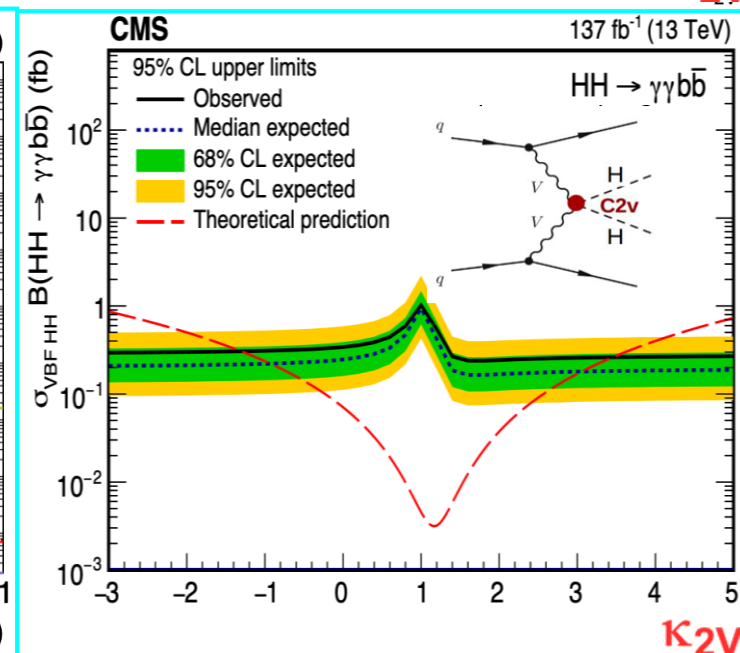
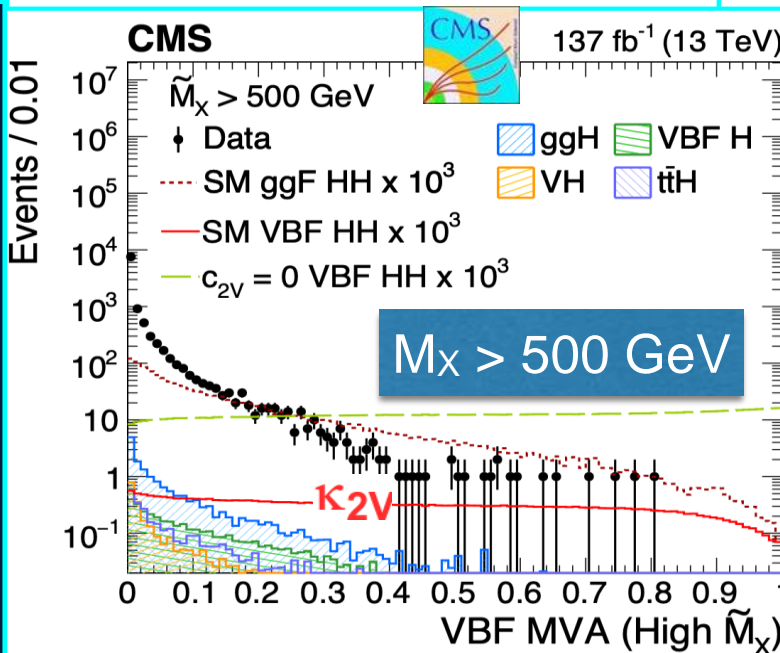
## CMS VBF HH $\rightarrow$ bb $\gamma\gamma$ Run 2

$$\tilde{M}_X = m_{\gamma\gamma jj} - (m_{jj} - m_H) - (m_{\gamma\gamma} - m_H)$$

Category	MVA	$\tilde{M}_X$ (GeV)
VBF CAT 0	0.52-1.00	>500
VBF CAT 1	0.86-1.00	250-500

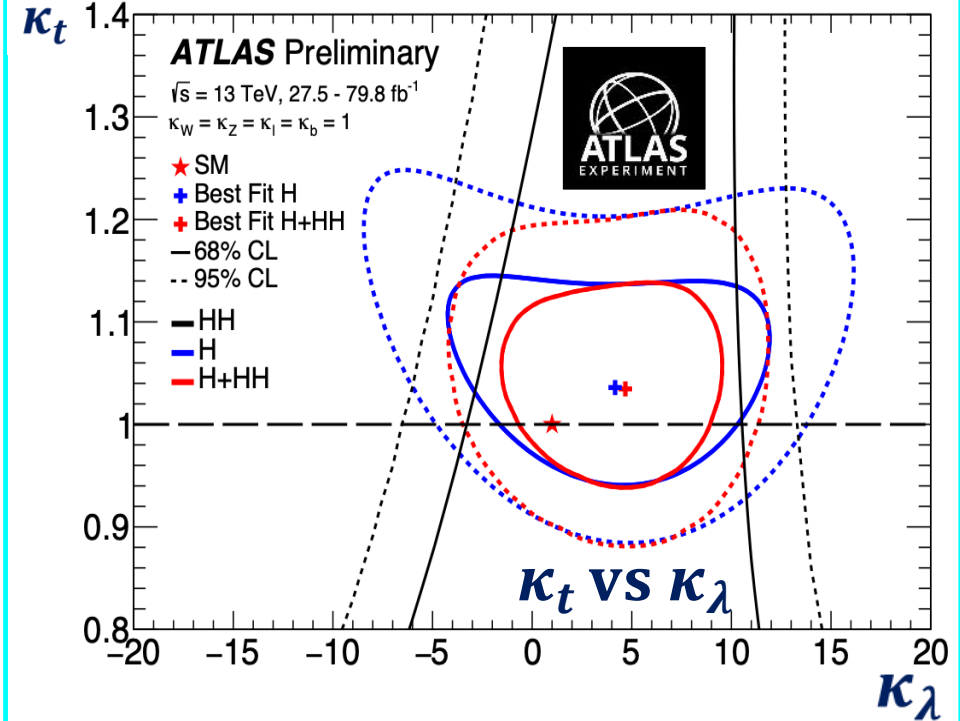
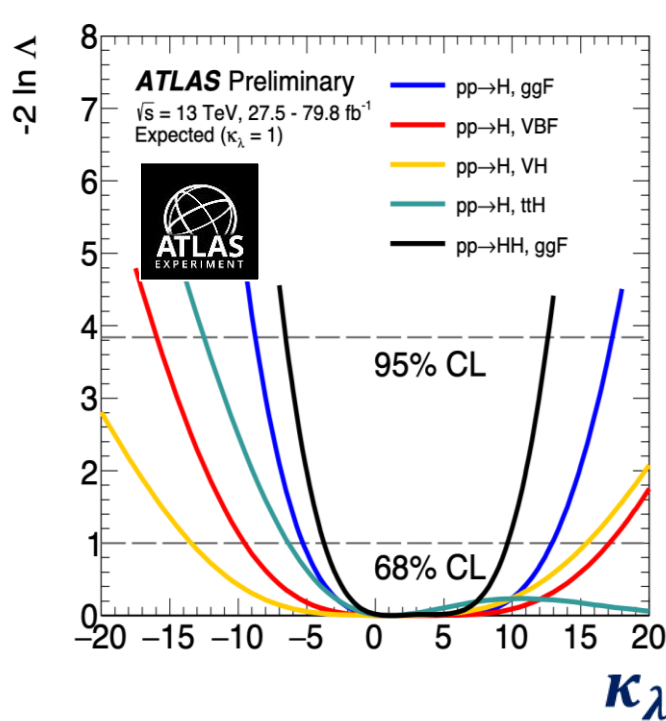
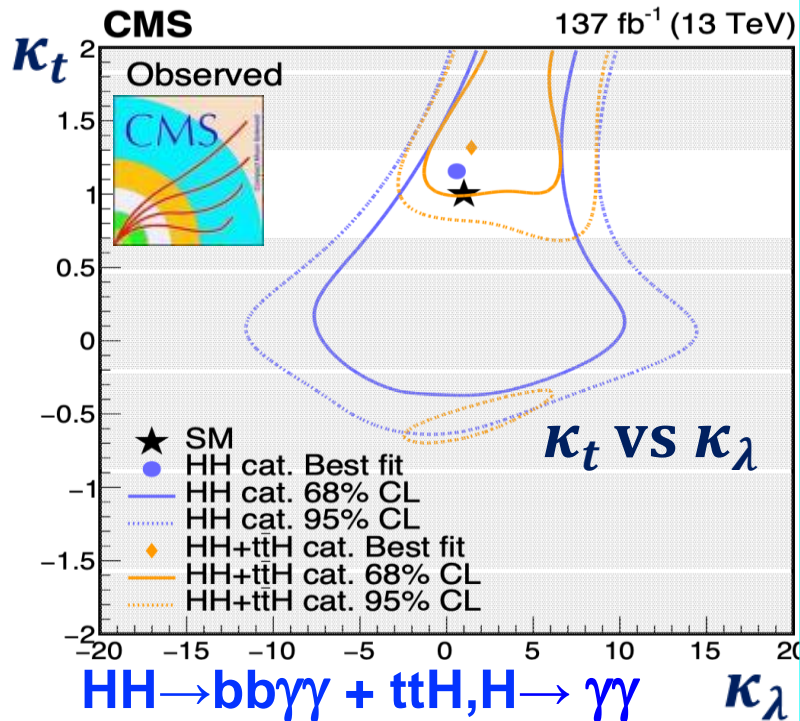
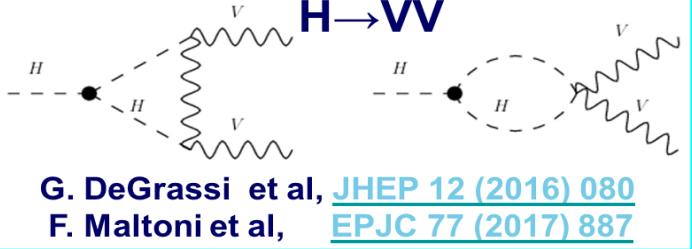
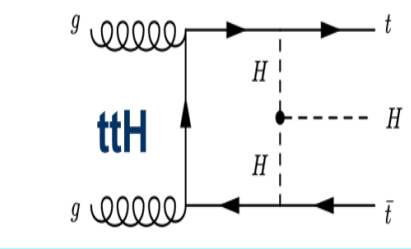
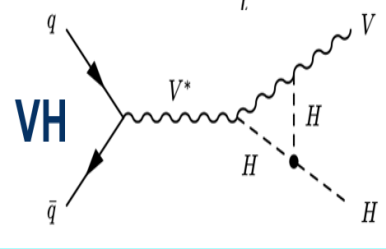
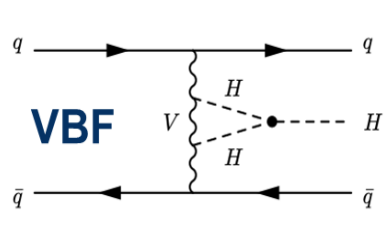
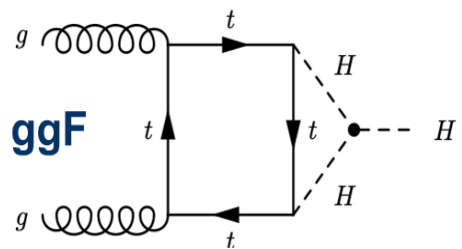
$$-1.3 < \kappa_{2V} < 3.5 \text{ @95\% CL}$$

arXiv:2011.12373



# Higgs Boson Self-Coupling: H and HH Combination

Single Higgs boson production & decay rates, kinematics, are sensitive to Higgs self-coupling through Electroweak Corrections  
 → indirectly constrain  $\kappa_\lambda$ , assuming no other BSM effects





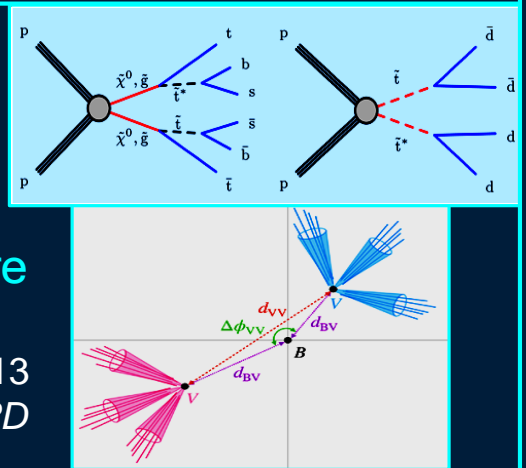
# Searches for Long Lived Particles (LLPs)

Full Run2 140/fb

## Search for pair-produced LLPs

- With mean decay length 0.1 - 100 mm (i.e. within the beam pipe)
- Each decaying to two or more quark - jets

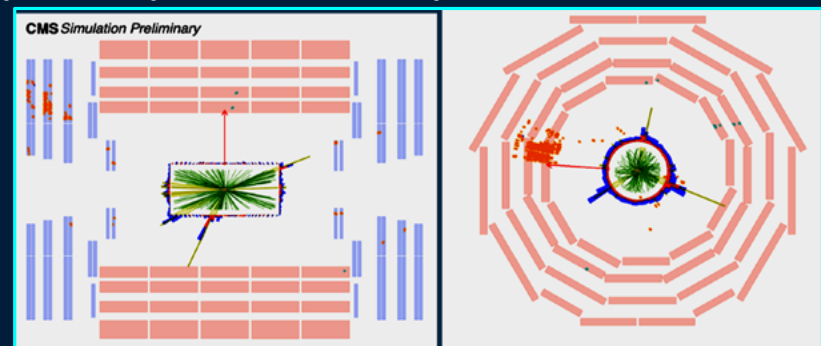
CMS-EXO-19-013  
Submitted to PRD



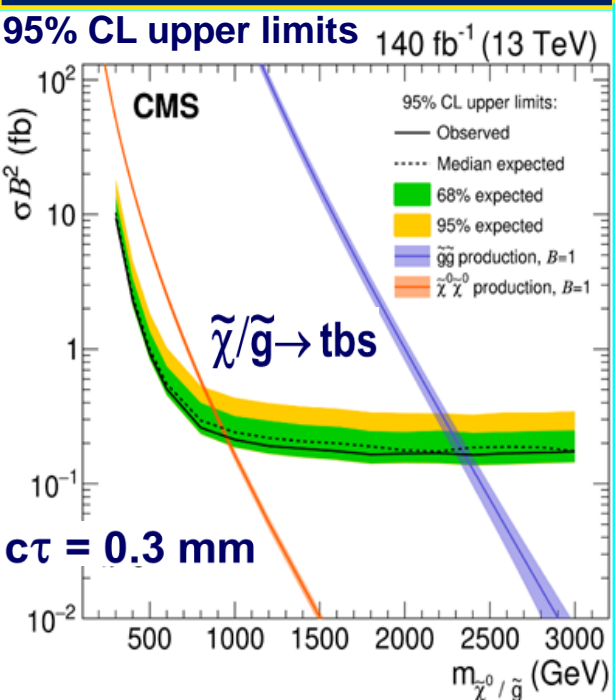
## Search for Higgs decays to long-lived scalars $h \rightarrow SS$

- Each decaying to a pair of quarks or tau leptons: hadronic clusters in the forward muon chambers

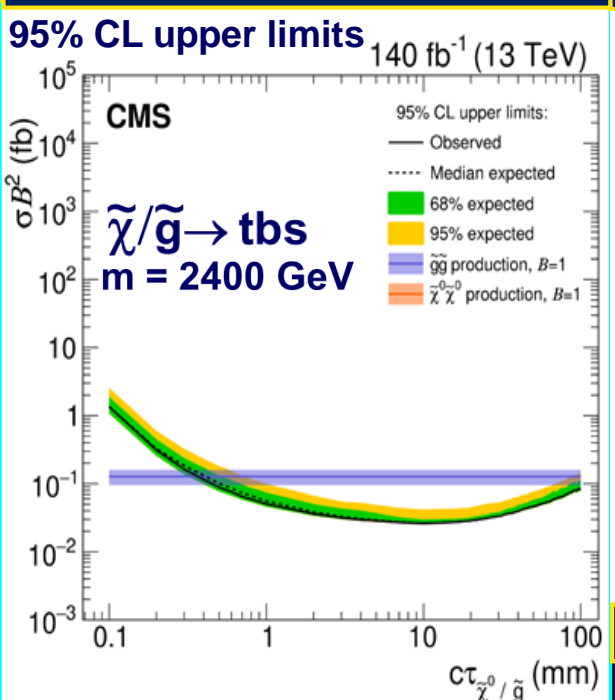
CMS-PAS-EXO-20-015



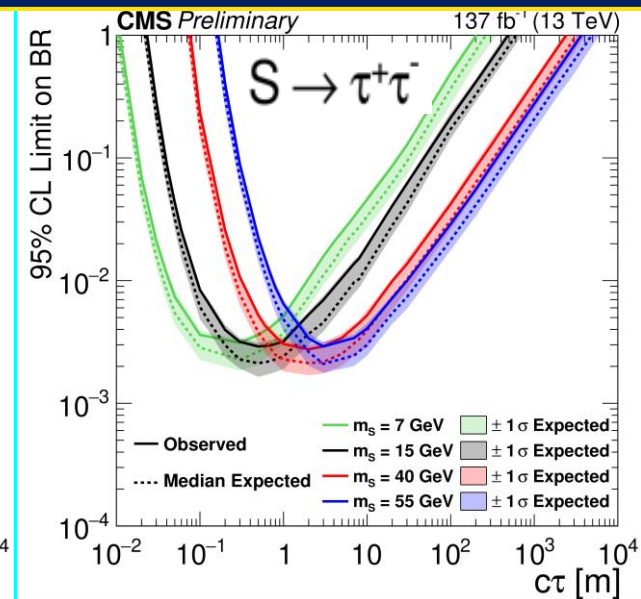
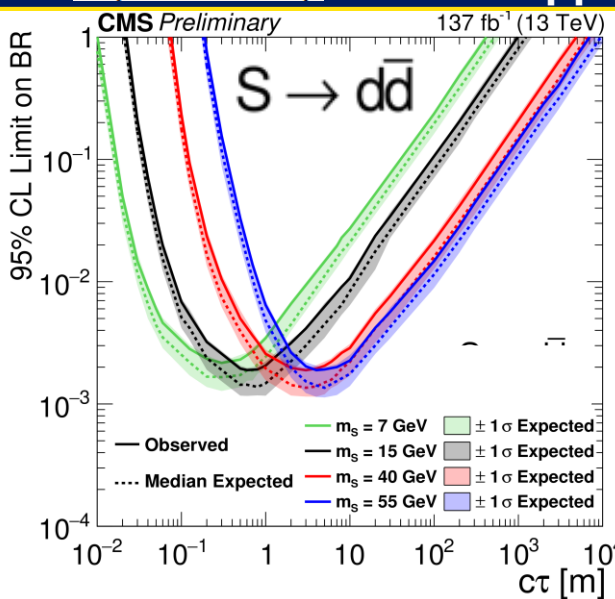
## $\sigma \cdot BR1 \cdot BR2$ vs $m(\tilde{\chi}_0^0 \text{ or } \tilde{g})$



## $\sigma \cdot BR1 \cdot BR2$ vs $c\tau(\tilde{\chi}_0^0 \text{ or } \tilde{g})$



## $B(h^0 \rightarrow SS)$ 95% CL upper limits vs $c\tau$



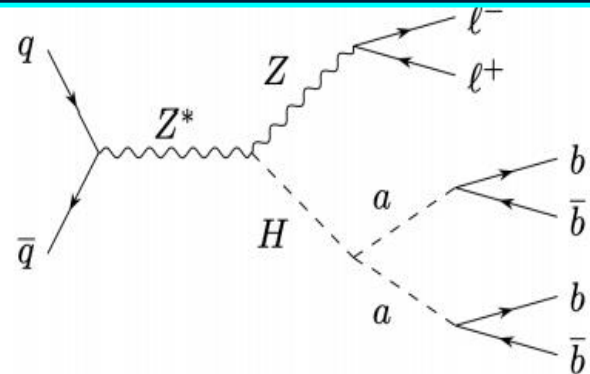
Four mass hypotheses: 7 (green), 15 (black), 40 (red), and 55 (blue) GeV

Best sensitivity for LLP  $c\tau >$  a few meters

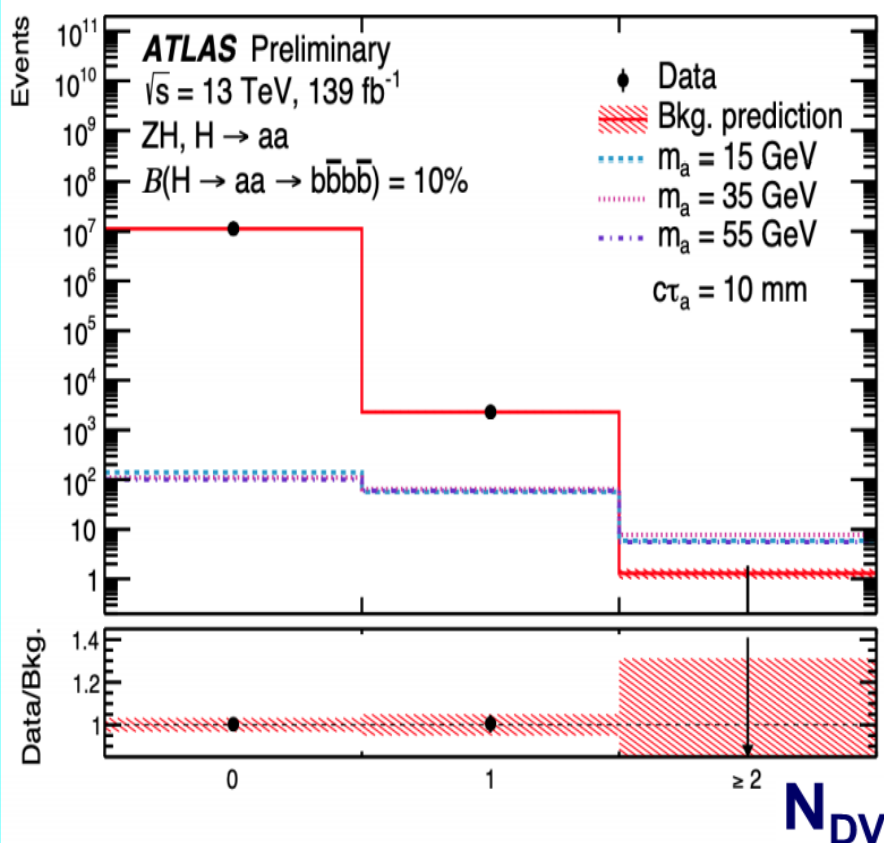
A factor of 2-6 improvement for  $c\tau$  above 100 m

# Search for LLPs $H \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow aa \ell^+\ell^- \rightarrow bbbb \ell^+\ell^-$

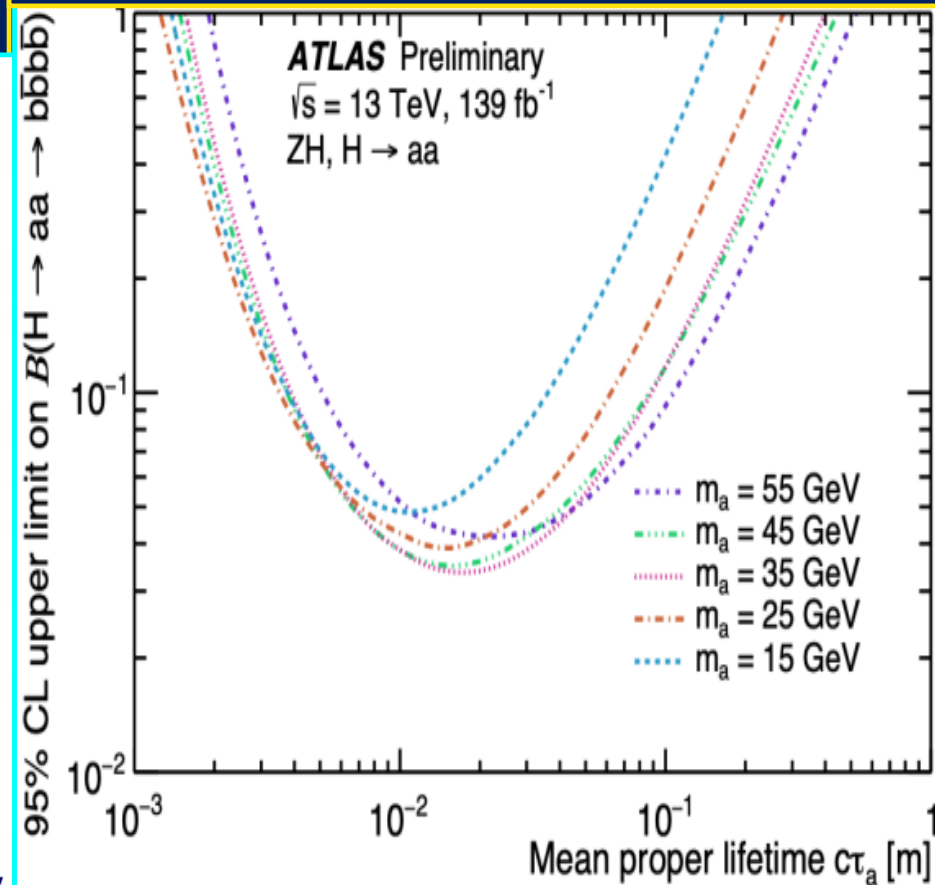
- Benchmark Model:
- Pseudoscalar  $a$  that decays exclusively to  $bb$
- Parameters:  $c\tau_a$ ,  $m_a$



Search with displaced vertices  
 Example:  $BR(H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bbbb) = 10\%$   
 $c\tau_a = 10$  mm



95% CL Upper Limit  
 on  $BR(H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bbbb)$  vs  $c\tau_a$



Mass hypotheses:  $m_a = 15$  to  $55$  GeV

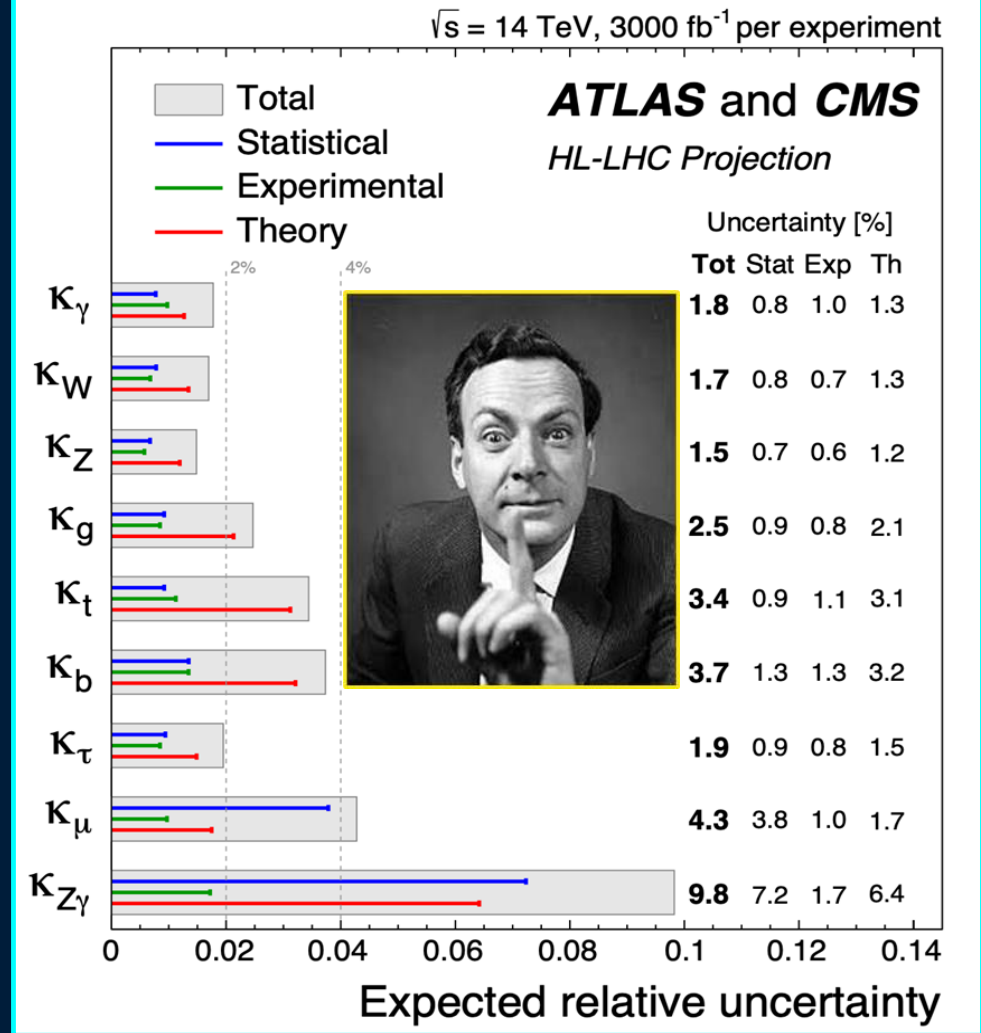


# Conclusions

- Measurements of Higgs boson properties agree with SM expectations, hints for new physics could be uncovered as data taking progresses and analyses advance
  - Major production and decay channels now reaching  $\sim 10\%$  level precision. Improved sensitivity to rare process e.g. evidence of  $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$  and  $H \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$
  - Significant progress in fiducial/differential and STXS measurements: deepening the search
  - Higgs boson coupling CP-structure studied in both Higgs-fermion and Higgs-boson couplings, no sign of CP-mixing so far
- Good progress in HH searches with new channels and improvements in analysis techniques: upper limit on  $\sigma(\text{HH})$  down to  $3.6 \times \text{SM}$
- A broad program searching for BSM physics in the Higgs sector is expanding

## Projections for HL-LHC

arXiv:1902.00134



The expected LHC + HL LHC dataset is **20X** the current dataset  
Prospects for **sub-percent precision** at next generation colliders



**LHC: to Run3 and Beyond**  
We have launched on an *Ocean of Discovery*

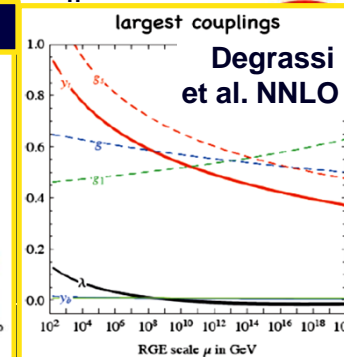
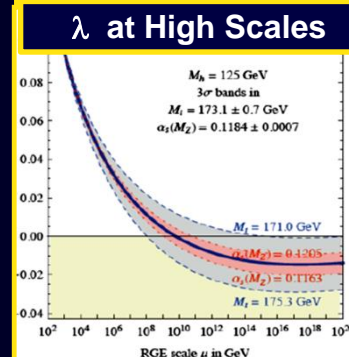
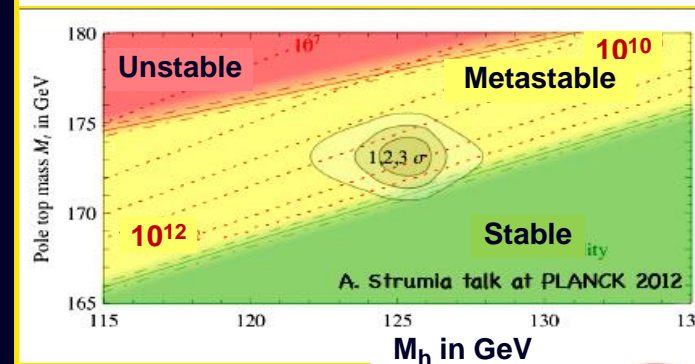
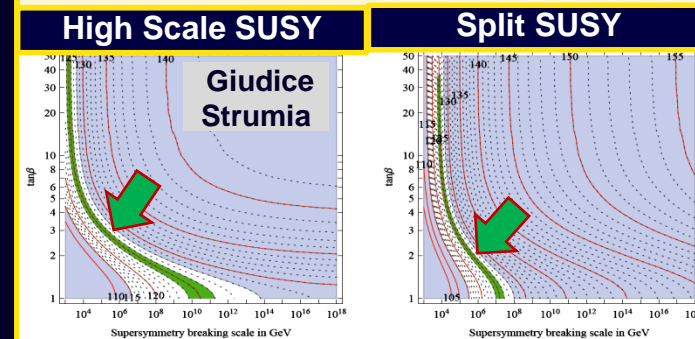
*Brazilian  
Morning*

# The Outlook

- ★ **SM or not: the 125 GeV Higgs boson** has taken us to the **threshold of an era of new physics**, with a host of questions
- ★ **Natural, Split or High Scale SUSY ?:**
  - ★ **A nearby 3<sup>rd</sup> generation at  $\lesssim 2$  TeV ?**
  - ★ **Another nearby scale at  $\sim 5-100$  TeV ?**
- ★ **OR: new singlets, doublets, triplets; new scalars, vectors, composites, extra dim. ?...**
- ★ **Vacuum (meta)stability  $\Rightarrow$  Another new scale at  $\sim 10^{10-12}$  GeV ?**
- ★ **Neutrino masses (via seesaws or RH  $\nu$ ): A “similar” intermediate scale ?**
- ★ **The Discovery has Expanded our Vision**
- $\Rightarrow$  **Run3+ : a new horizon to explore and test our ideas: on EWSB and beyond**

Apologies for all I could not cover

$$M_h^2 \stackrel{M_A \gg M_Z}{\approx} M_Z^2 \cos^2 2\beta + \frac{3m_t^4}{2\pi^2 v^2} \left[ \log \frac{M_S^2}{m_t^2} + \frac{X_t^2}{M_S^2} \left( 1 - \frac{X_t^2}{12M_S^2} \right) \right]$$





# Many More Higgs and Other Physics Results



<https://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/publications/>

<https://cms.cern/tags/physics-briefing>



[https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/WebHome#Papers\\_Conference\\_notes\\_Public\\_n](https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/WebHome#Papers_Conference_notes_Public_n)

<https://atlas.cern/tags/physics-results>

**The LHCP Conference (June 2021):**

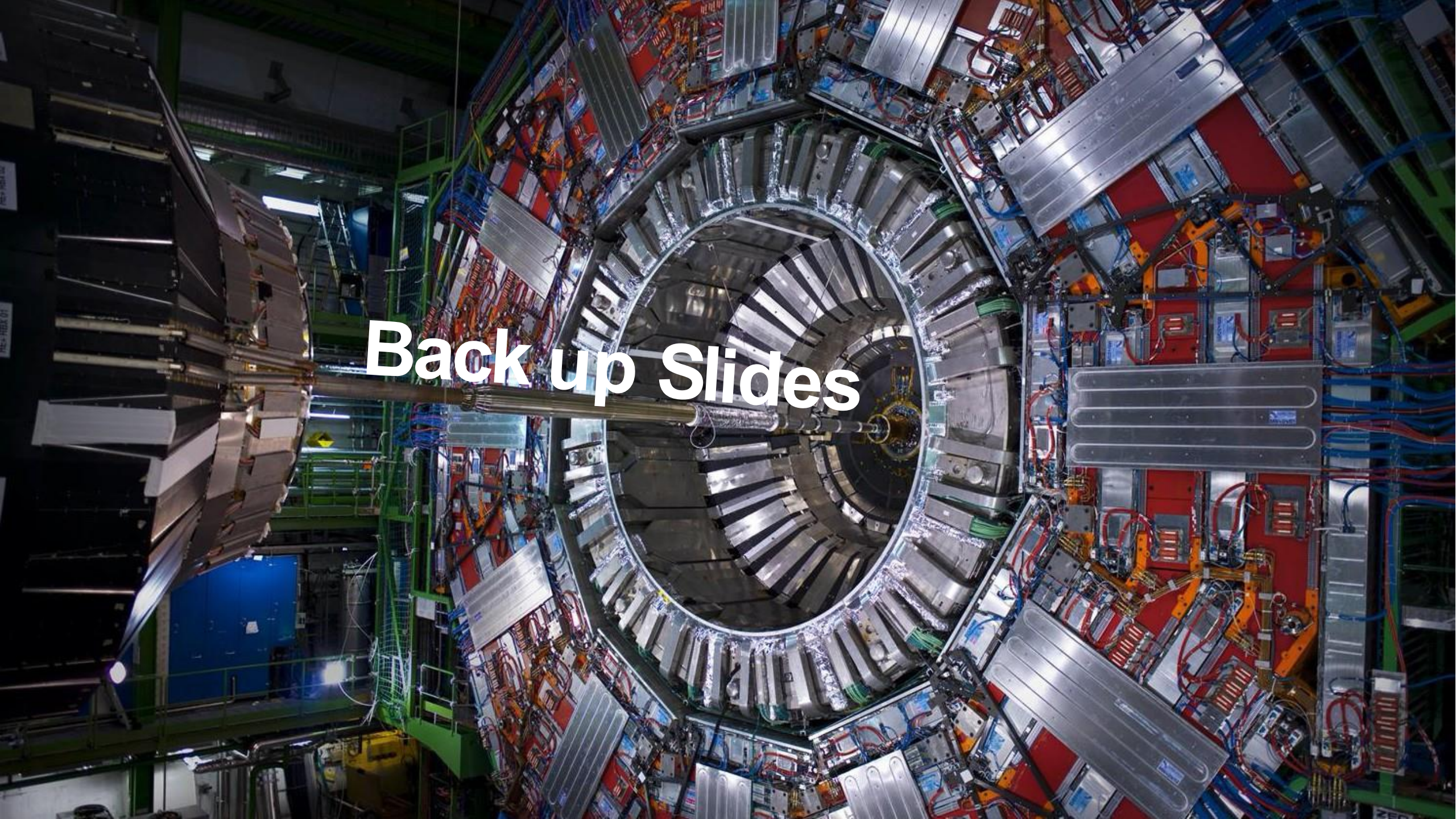
<https://indico.cern.ch/event/905399/timetable/?view=standard>



# LISHEP: *Return to Rio*



# Back up Slides





# LISHEP 2018 *Salvador, Bahia*

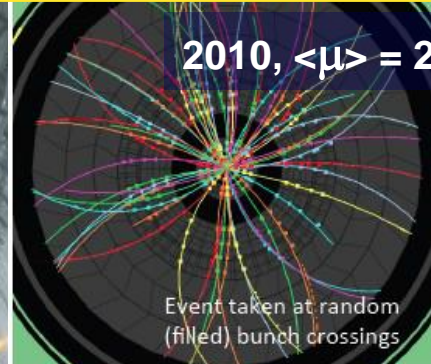


# The LHC: Spectacular Performance

## A new era of opportunity; a new era of challenges



### Data Complexity: The Challenge of Pileup



$\sim 3.5 \times 10^{15}$  pp  
Collisions  $\sim 5$ M Higgs  
Bosons produced  
in CMS in Run 2



$\sim 50$  Vertices, 14 Jets, 2 TeV

- Run2 and Beyond will bring:
- Higher energy and intensity
  - Greater science opportunity
  - Greater data volume & complexity
  - A new Realm of Challenges

Average Pileup

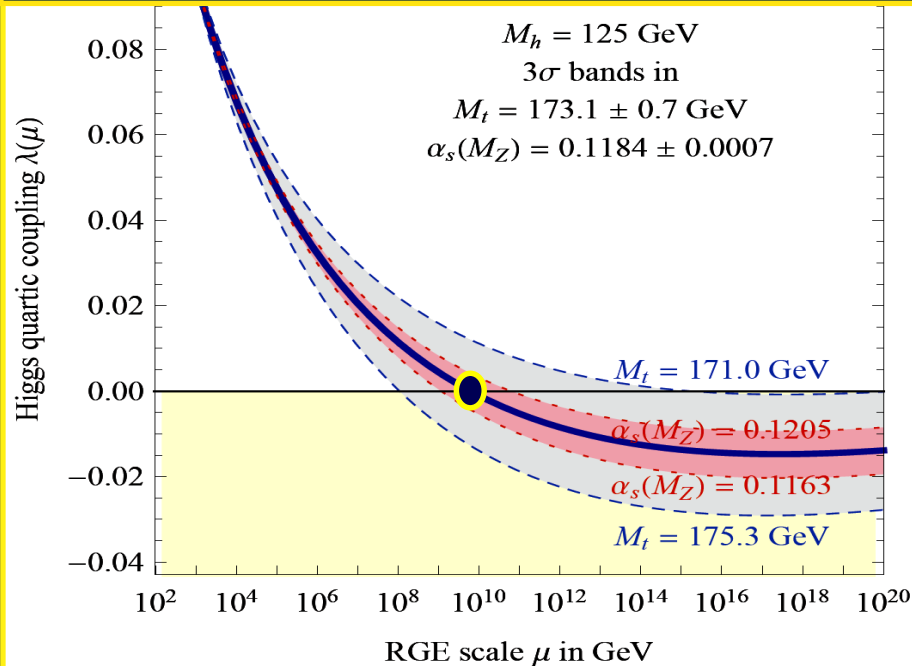
Run 1	21
Run 2	40
Run 3	$\sim 53$
HL LHC	140-200



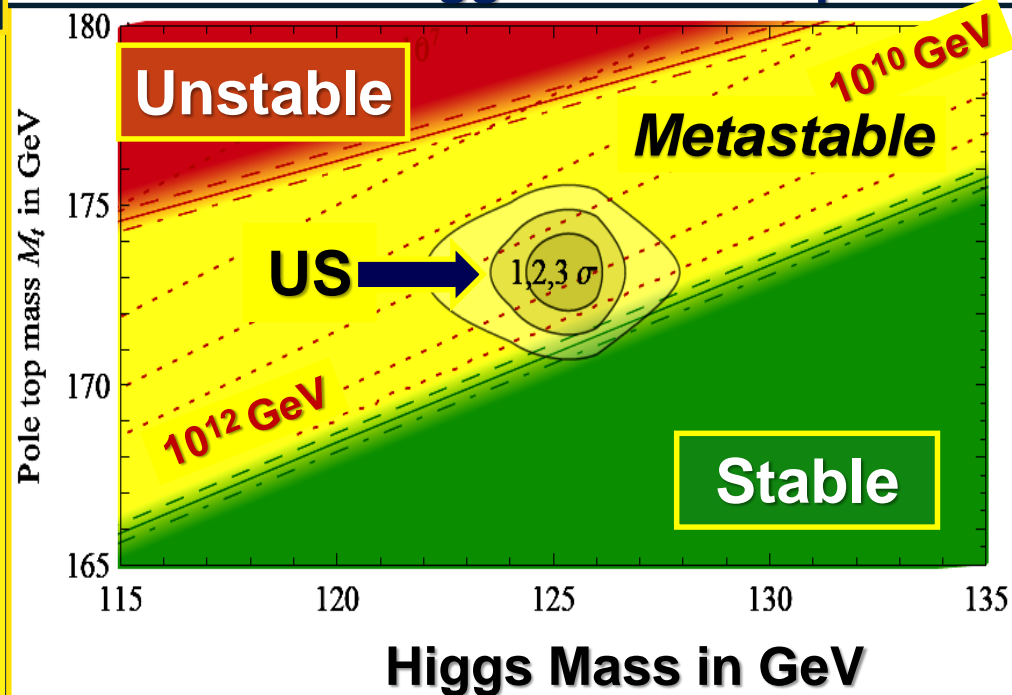
# The 125 GeV Higgs Mass

Are we just on the wrong side of the Vacuum Stability Bound ?

## NNLO Evolution of the Higgs Self-coupling $\lambda(\mu)$



## Precise Knowledge of the Top Mass as well as the Higgs Mass is Important



- For a Higgs mass of  $\sim 125 \text{ GeV}$
- ➔  $\lambda$  goes negative ➔ Vacuum we are in is *metastable*... ??
- ➔ OR: New physics at an intermediate energy scale  $\sim 10^{10-12} \text{ GeV}$
- What lies between us and the Big Bang ?



# Prospects for Run3 and Beyond

## *"There's Plenty of Room at the Bottom"*

An Invitation to Enter a New Field of Physics  
(Feynman Lecture at Caltech, December 29, 1959)



There is **So Much Room**



We have only just begun

### CMS [Scenario S1; Being Updated Now]

L (fb <sup>-1</sup> )	K <sub>γ</sub>	K <sub>W</sub>	K <sub>Z</sub>	K <sub>g</sub>	K <sub>b</sub>	K <sub>t</sub>	K <sub>τ</sub>	K <sub>Zγ</sub>	K <sub>μ</sub>	BR <sub>invis</sub>
300	7%	6%	6%	8%	13%	15%	8%	41%	23%	28%
3000	5%	5%	4%	5%	7%	10%	5%	12%	8%	17%

### ATLAS [Scenario S1]

L (fb <sup>-1</sup> )	K <sub>γ</sub>	K <sub>W</sub>	K <sub>Z</sub>	K <sub>g</sub>	K <sub>b</sub>	K <sub>t</sub>	K <sub>τ</sub>	K <sub>Zγ</sub>	K <sub>μ</sub>	BR <sub>invis</sub>
300	9%	9%	8%	14%	23%	22%	14%	24%	21%	22%
3000	5%	5%	4%	9%	12%	11%	10%	14%	8%	14%

### And If We Both Improve [S2; 3000/fb]

→ Reduce Theory Systematics by 50%      → Reduce Exp Syst by  $\sqrt{\text{Lumi}}$

	K <sub>γ</sub>	K <sub>W</sub>	K <sub>Z</sub>	K <sub>g</sub>	K <sub>b</sub>	K <sub>t</sub>	K <sub>τ</sub>	K <sub>Zγ</sub>	K <sub>μ</sub>	BR <sub>invis</sub>
ATLAS	5→4	5→5	4→4	9→7	12→11	11→9	10→9	14→14	8→7	14→11
CMS	5→2	5→2	4→2	5→3	7→4	10→7	5→2	12→10	8→8	6→3



# Higgs Boson Decays

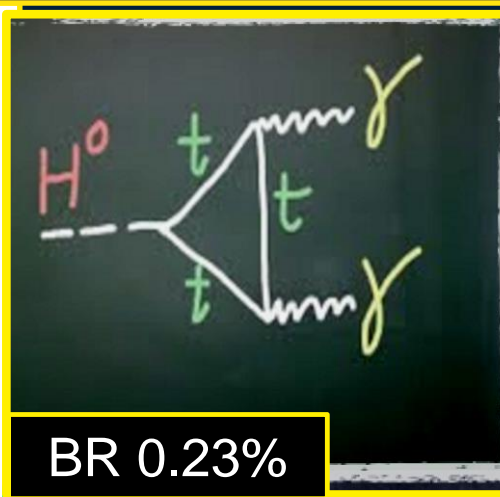
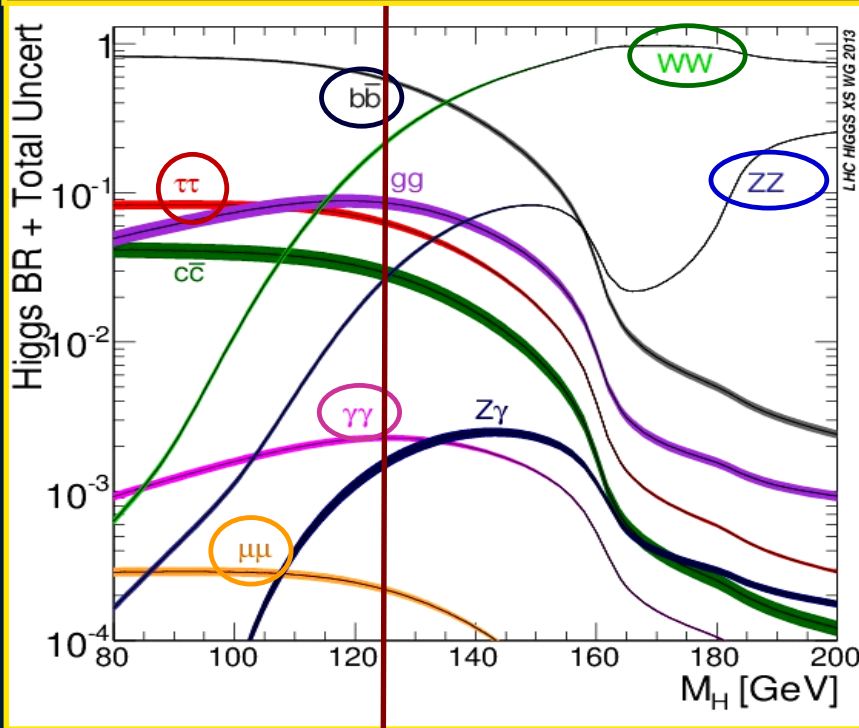
## Many Modes Contribute near 125 GeV



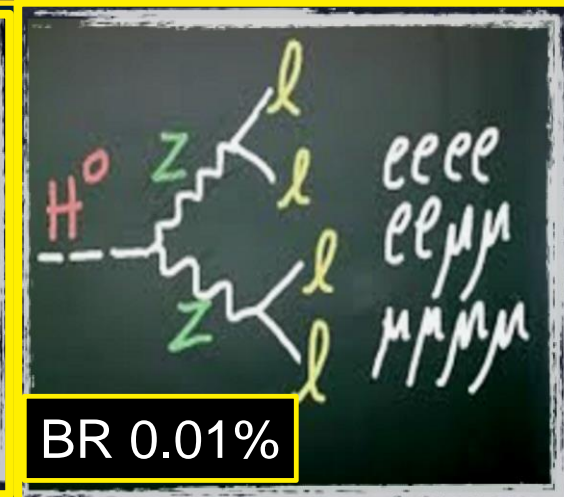
**ZZ,  $\gamma\gamma$ , WW,  $\tau\tau$ , bb** [the big 5\*]

**Rare High Mass Resolution Channels Have a Special Role:**

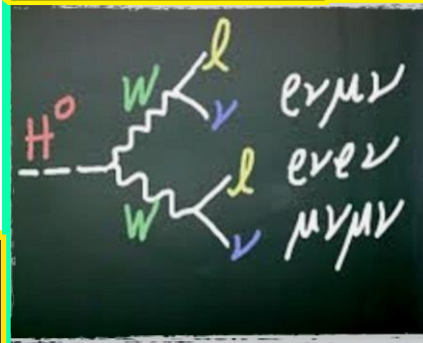
**$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  and  $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4$  Leptons**



BR 0.23%



BR 0.01%

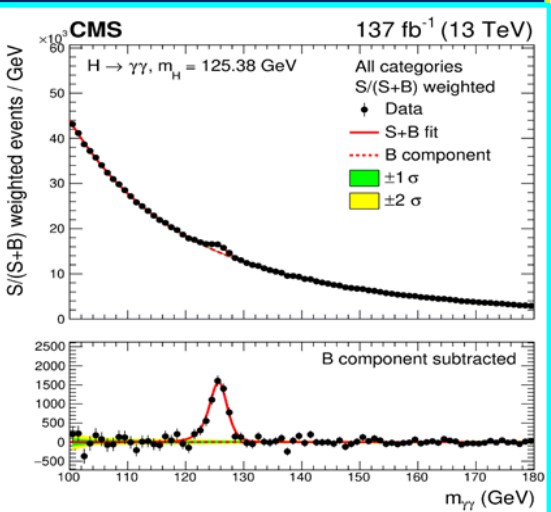
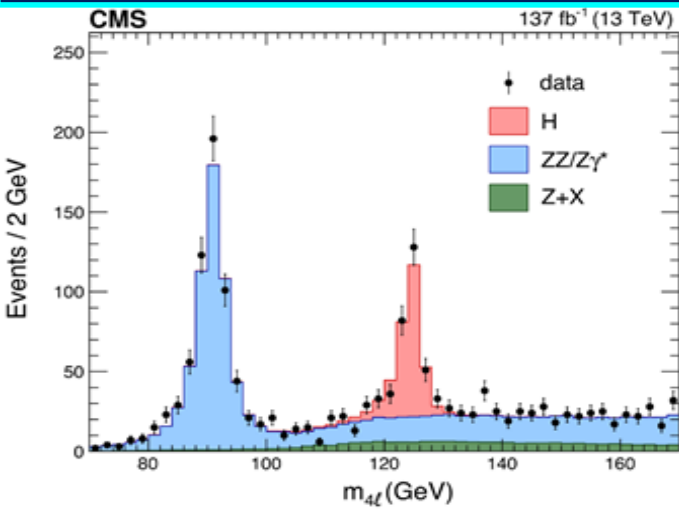
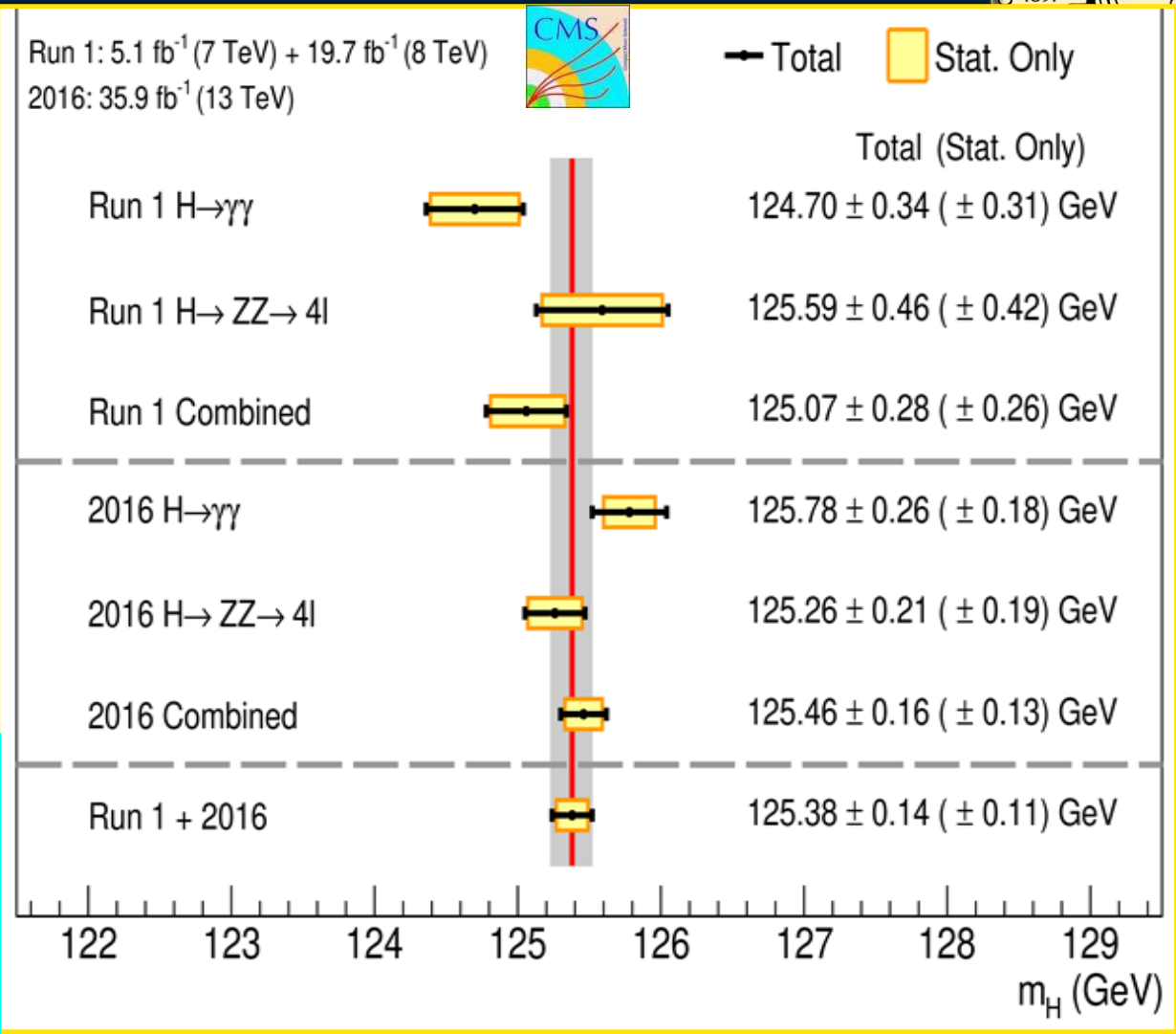
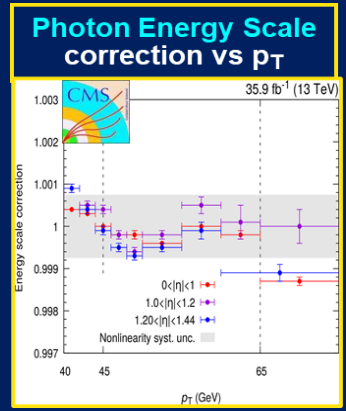


- \* + Low Mass:  $W/Z + H \rightarrow (WW) \rightarrow 3l 3\nu$ ;  $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ ;  $WH + ZH \rightarrow qq' 2l 2\nu$
- \* + High Mass Search  $ZZ \rightarrow 2l 2\nu$ ;  $ZZ \rightarrow qq' 2l$ ;  $WW \rightarrow qq' l\nu$ ;  $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2l2\tau$

**125 GeV – A Spectacular Mass:  
~89% of final states studied**

# CMS Higgs Mass Measurements

- $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ : CMS-HIG-16-041 [JHEP 11 \(2017\) 047](#)  
 $m_H = 125.26 \pm 0.21$  (total) GeV
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  using an improved ECAL calibration  
 $m_H = 125.78 \pm 0.26$  (total) GeV  
 CMS-HIG-19-004 [PLB 805 \(2020\) 135425](#)
- Run-2 / 2016 Combination  
 $m_H = 125.46 \pm 0.21$  (total) GeV
- Combination with Run1 Result  
 $m_H = 125.38 \pm 0.14$  (total) GeV
  - The most precise measurement to date (0.11%)
  - Central value consistently used in CMS analyses



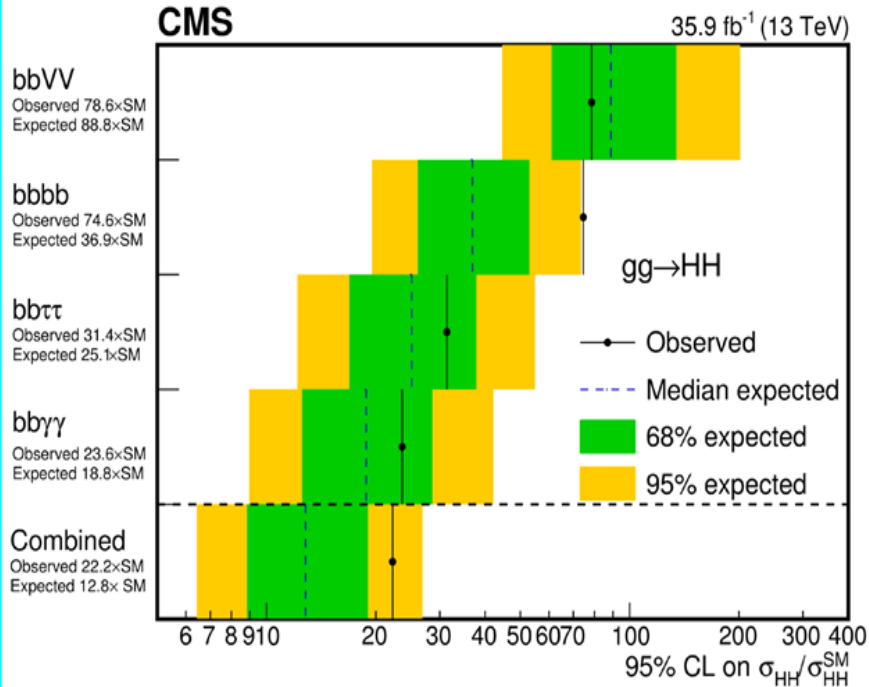


# CMS Search for Higgs Pair Production **HH**

Run2 2016 35.9/fb

CMS-HIG-17-030

PRL 122 (2019) 121803

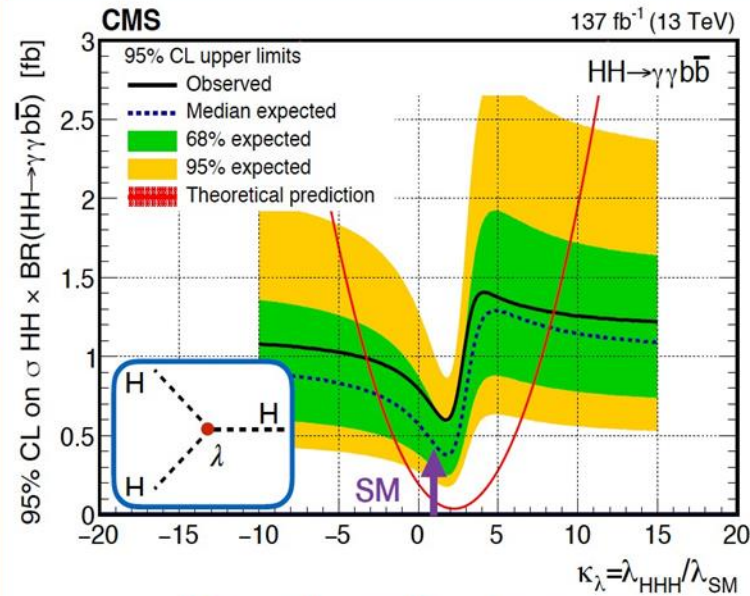


Combination of HH searches  
 $\sigma/\sigma_{SM} < 22$  (13) at 95% CL

Full Run2 137/fb

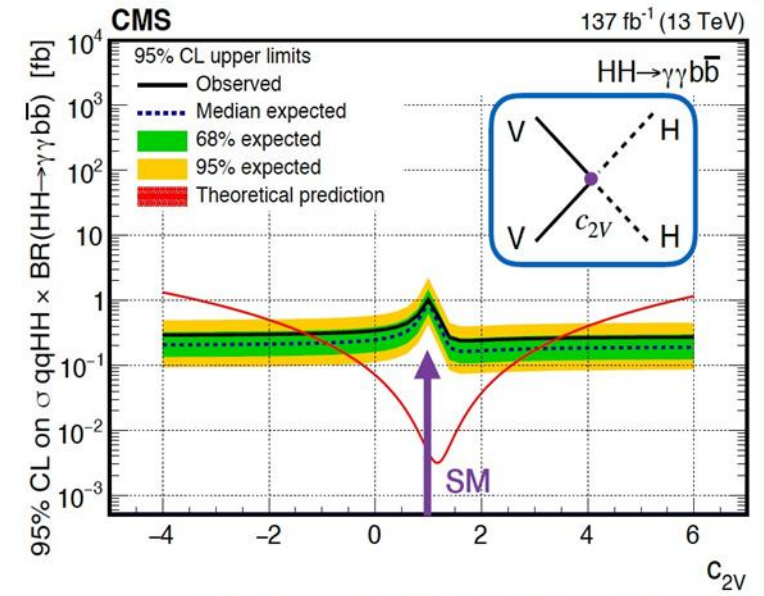
CMS-HIG-19-018

JHEP 03 (2021) 257



Driven by ggF categories

Inclusive HH → γγbb  
 $\sigma/\sigma_{SM} < 7.7$  (5.2) at 95% CL



Driven by VBF categories

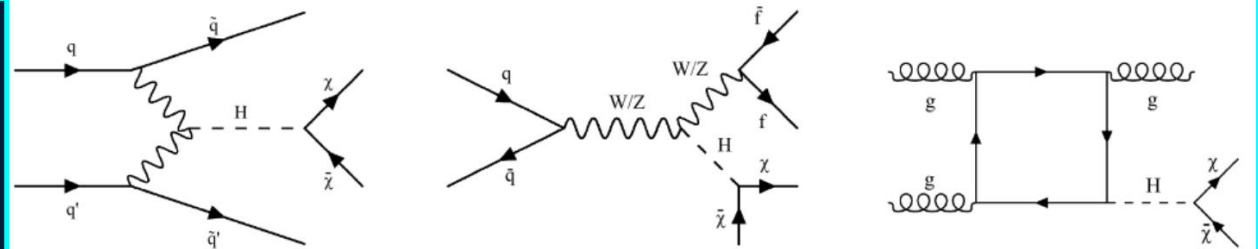
VBF HH → γγbb  
 $\sigma/\sigma_{SM} < 225$  (208) at 95% CL

Constraints on anomalous HHH ( $\kappa_\lambda$ ) and VVHH ( $c_{2V}$ ) couplings

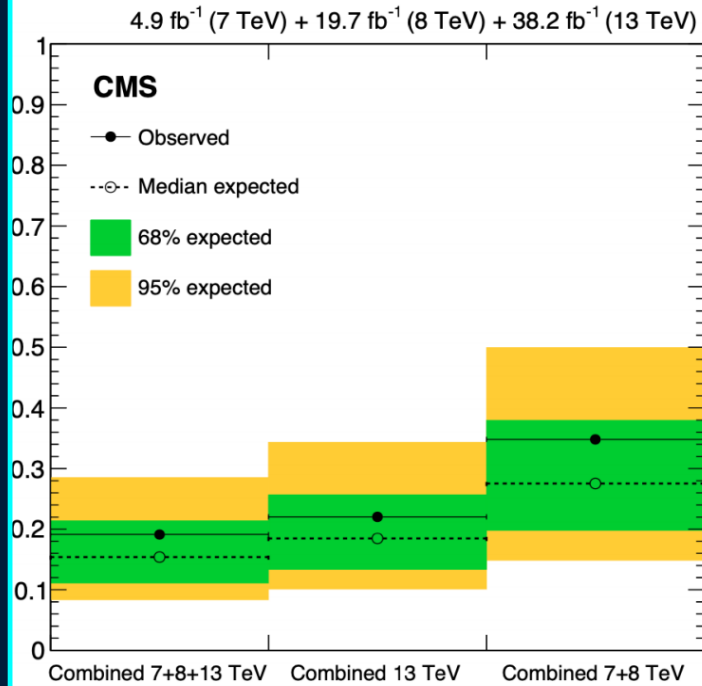


# Search for Higgs → Invisible Decays

In the SM  $BR(H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \nu\nu\nu) \approx 10^{-3}$   
Invisible decays are a portal to Dark Matter and other BSM Physics

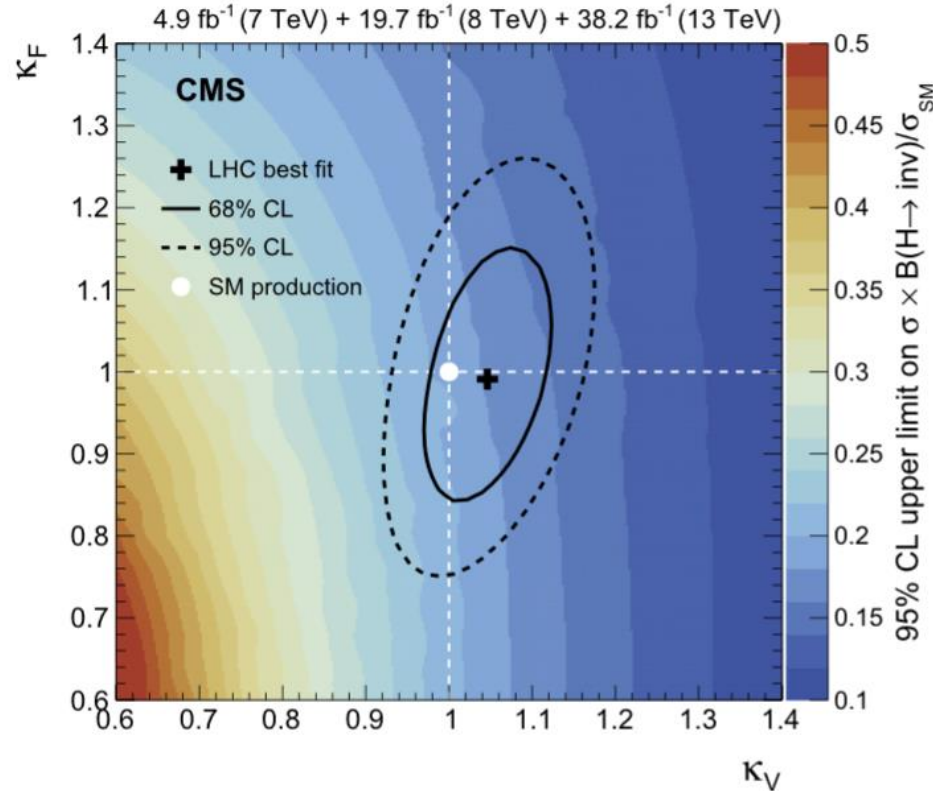


95% CL Upper Limit on  $\sigma \times BR(H \rightarrow Inv) / \sigma_{SM}$

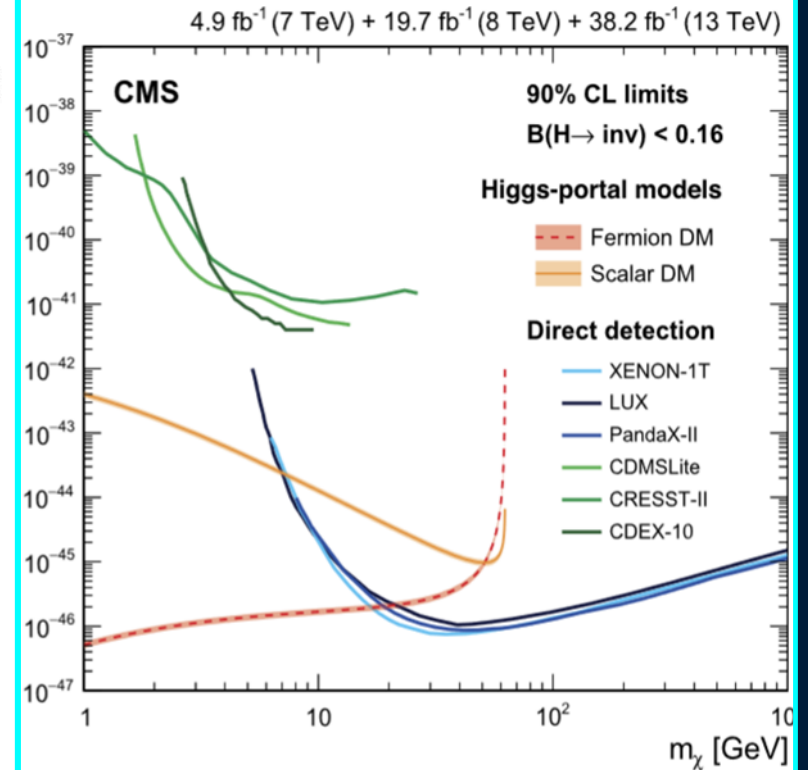


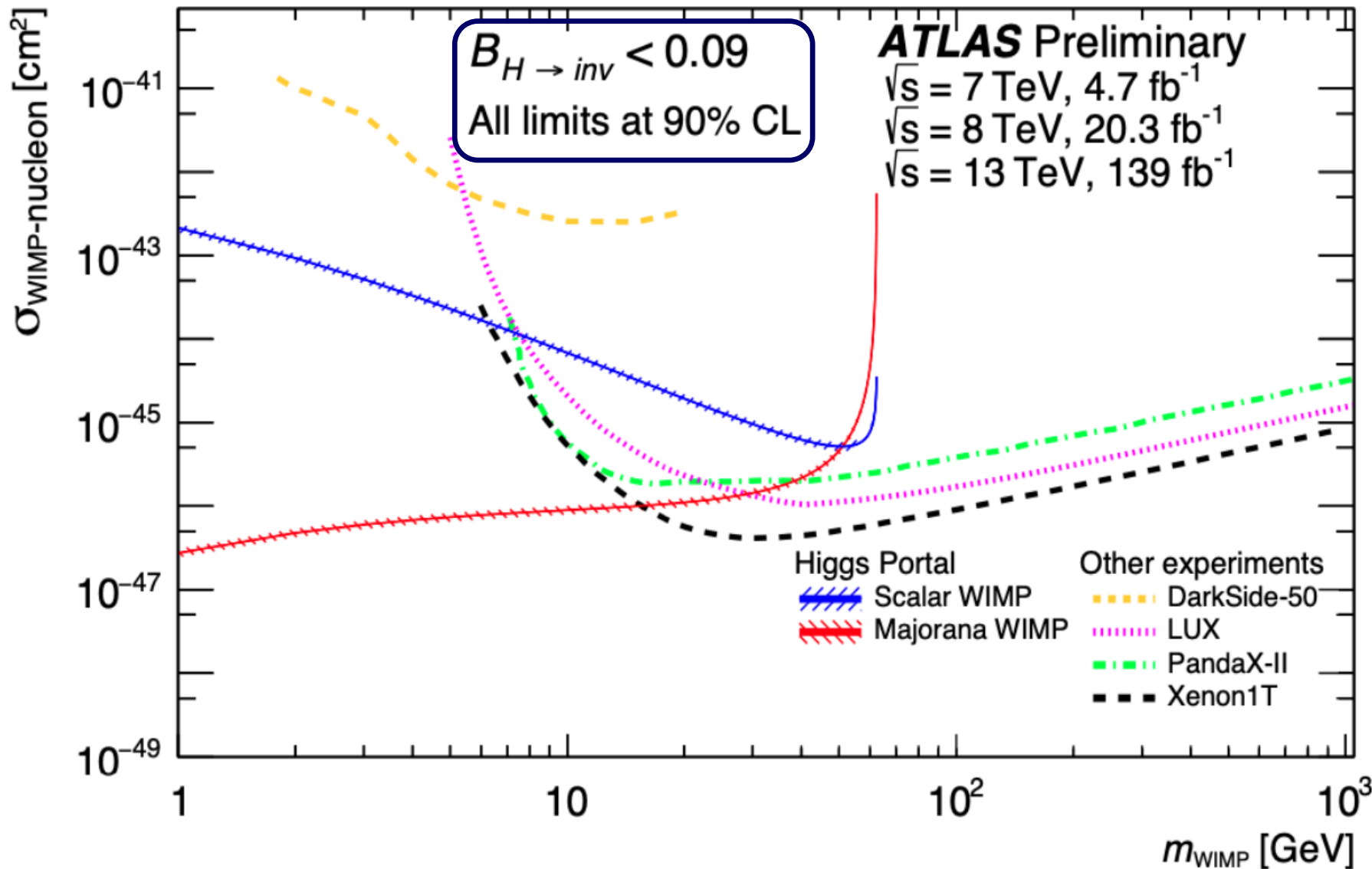
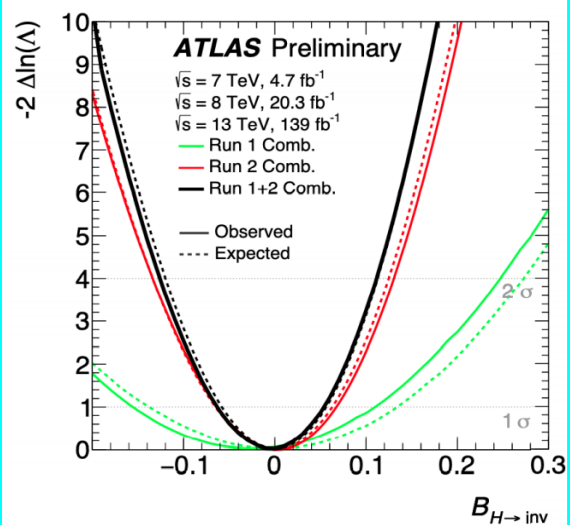
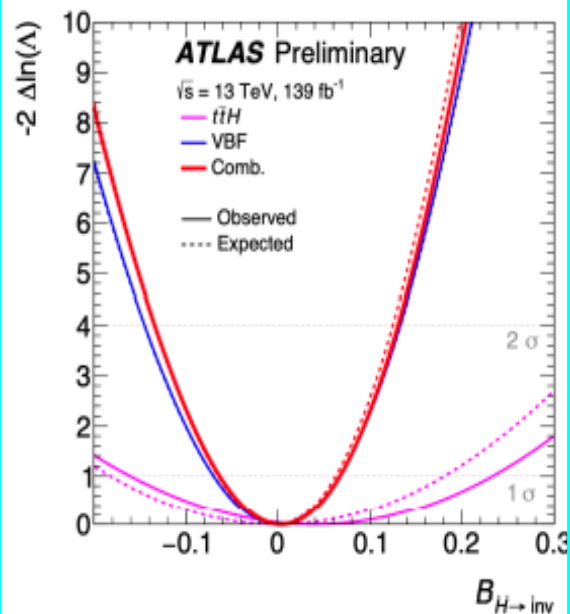
Combined = 0.19 observed (0.15 expected)

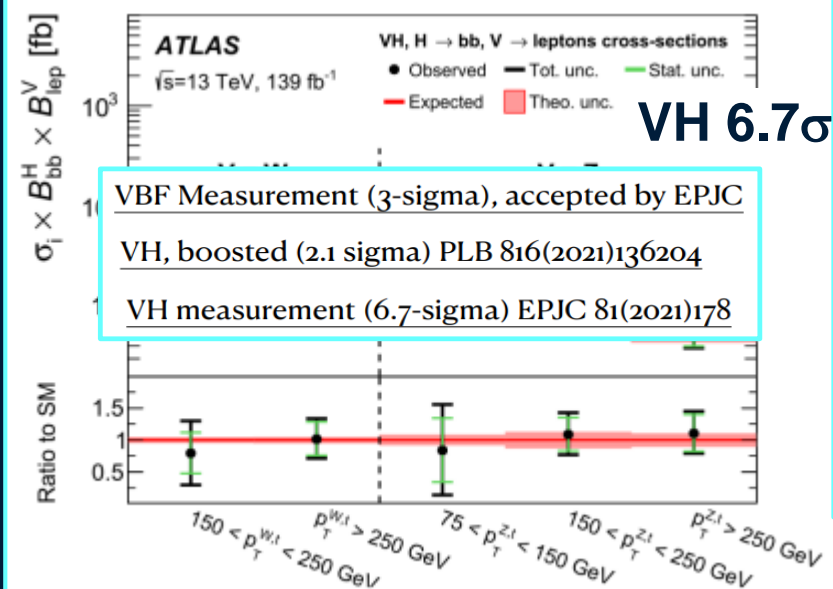
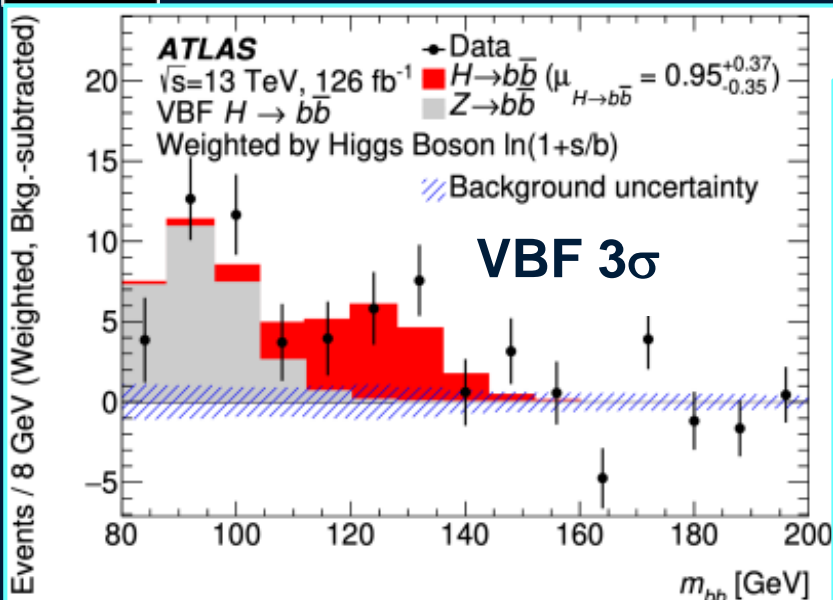
95% CL Upper Limit on  $\sigma \times BR(H \rightarrow Inv) / \sigma_{SM}$  in the  $K_F K_V$  plane



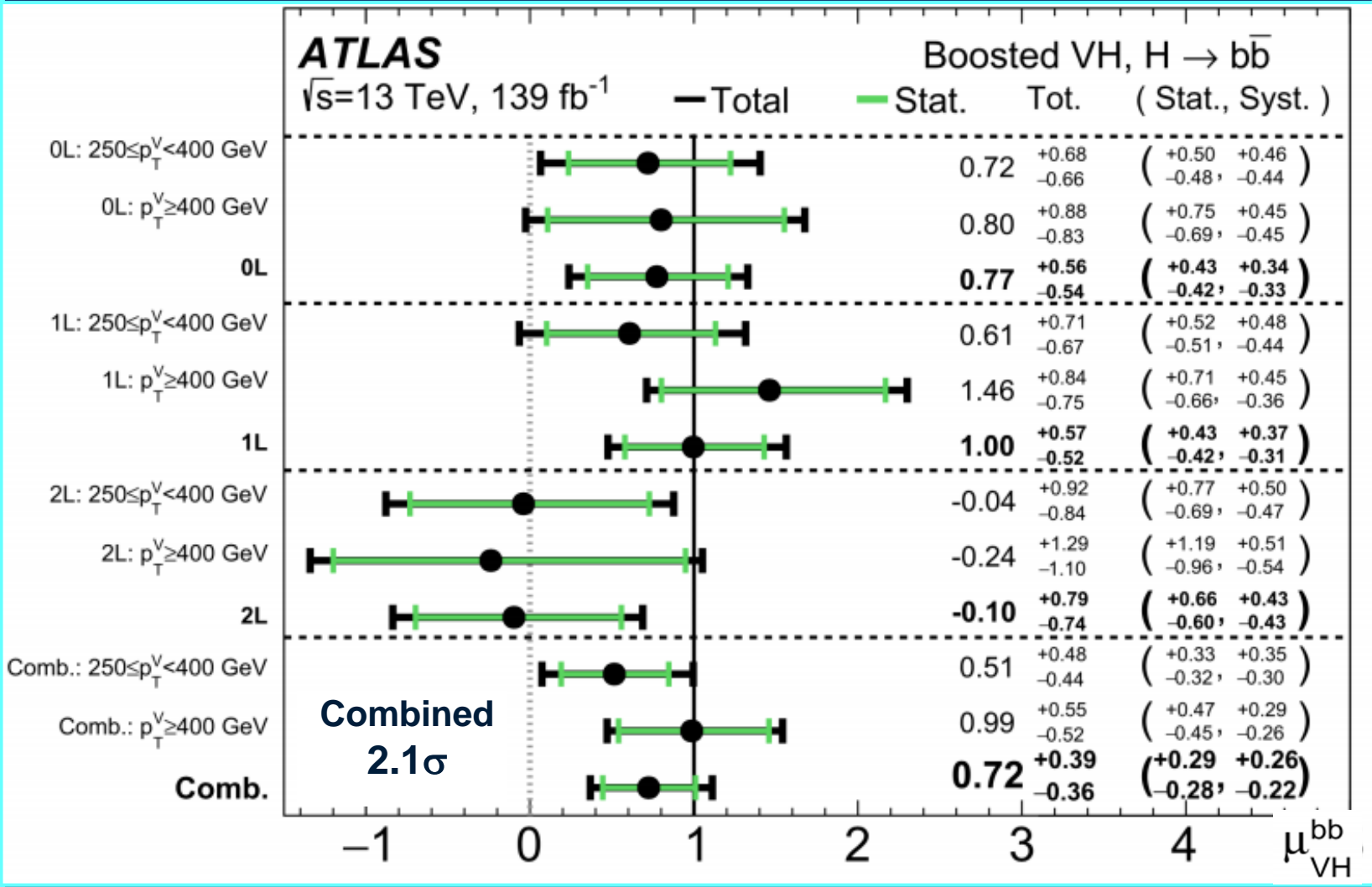
$\sigma^{SI}(\text{DM-nucleon})$  vs  $M_\chi$  90% CL UL in Higgs portal DM Models







## Boosted VH: 0,1,2 Leptons, Medium and High $p_T$ + Combined







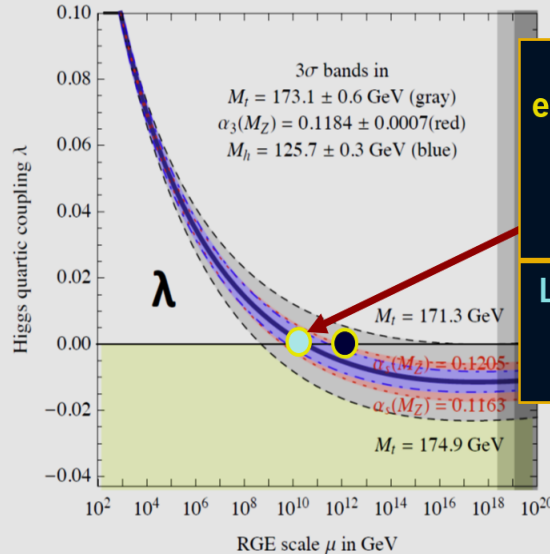
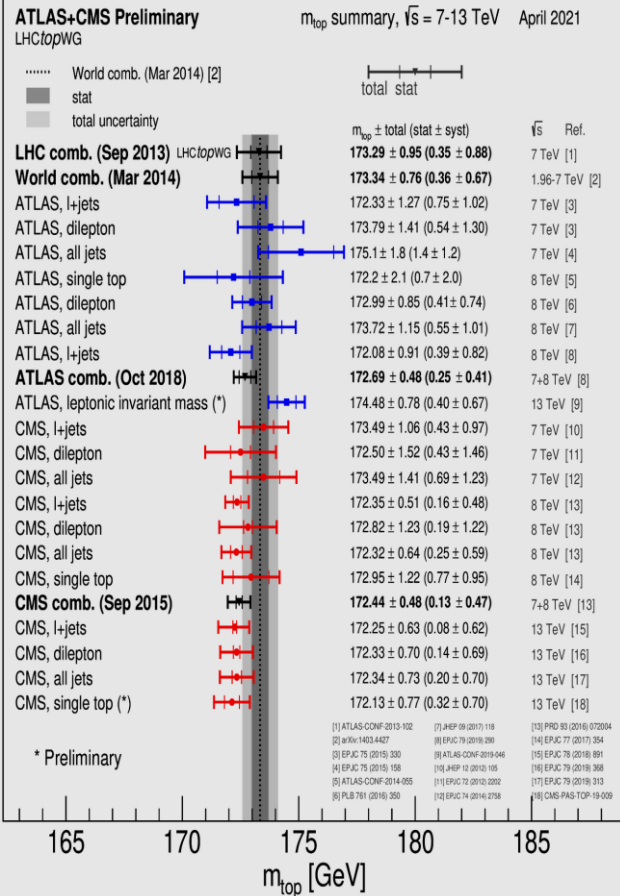
# Now that Higgs Boson Mass is precisely known: importance of precise $M_{Top}$ (and $M_W$ ) measurements



## LHC Top WG April 2021

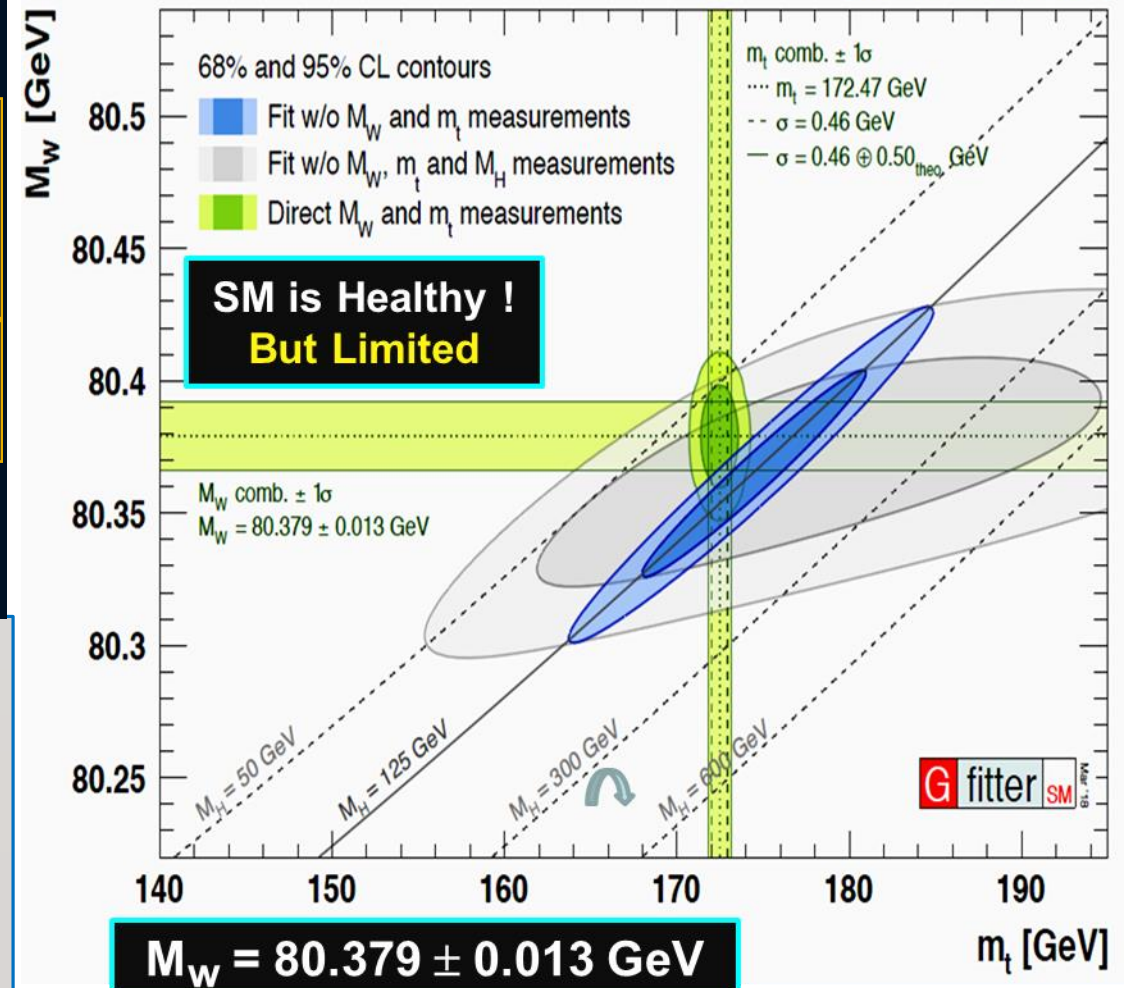
## Precision top mass may reveal fate of our universe, or hint at new physics

[Gfitter, 1803.01853]



- ▶ Main systematic uncertainties
  - ▶ hadronization  $\sim 0.35$  GeV
  - ▶ jet energy corrections  $\sim 0.15$  GeV
  - ▶ hard-process scattering  $\sim 0.15$  GeV

$\hookrightarrow$  correlated between channels, methods, and experiments  
 $\hookrightarrow$  total uncertainty  $< 0.3\%$



**$M_W = 80.379 \pm 0.013$  GeV**

**Update of Gfitter Precision Elwk Fit: R. Kogler, Moriond EW 2018**