

ND280 Upgrade status and sensitivity

Friday 28 October 2022 15:00 (20 minutes)

Neutrino oscillation physics has now entered the precision era. In parallel with needing larger detectors with which to collect more data, future experiments further require a significant reduction of systematic uncertainties with respect to what is currently available. In the neutrino oscillation measurements from the T2K experiment the systematic uncertainties related to neutrino interaction cross sections are currently dominant. To reduce this uncertainty, a much improved understanding of neutrino-nucleus interactions is required. In particular, it is crucial to better understand the nuclear effects, which can alter the final state topology and kinematics of neutrino interactions in such a way that can bias neutrino energy reconstruction and therefore bias measurements of neutrino oscillations.

The upgraded ND280 detector will consist of a totally active Super-Fine-Grained-Detector (SFGD) composed of 2 millions 1 cm^3 scintillator cubes with three 2D readouts, two High Angle TPCs (HA-TPC) instrumented with resistive MicroMegas modules, and six TOF planes. It will directly confront our naivety of neutrino interactions thanks to its full polar angle acceptance and a much lower proton tracking threshold. Furthermore, neutron tagging capabilities in addition to precision timing information will allow the upgraded detector to estimate neutron kinematics from neutrino interactions. Such improvements permit access to a much larger kinematic phase space, which correspondingly allows techniques such as the analysis of transverse kinematic imbalances to offer important constraints on the pertinent nuclear physics for T2K analyses.

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Session Classification: Future Experiments 1