

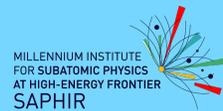
# Open Heavy Flavor production with the STAR and PHENIX experiments at RHIC



Partially supported by



Sonia Kabana (Universidad de Tarapaca, Chile)



HF 2022, 14-17 July 2022,  
Torino, Italy

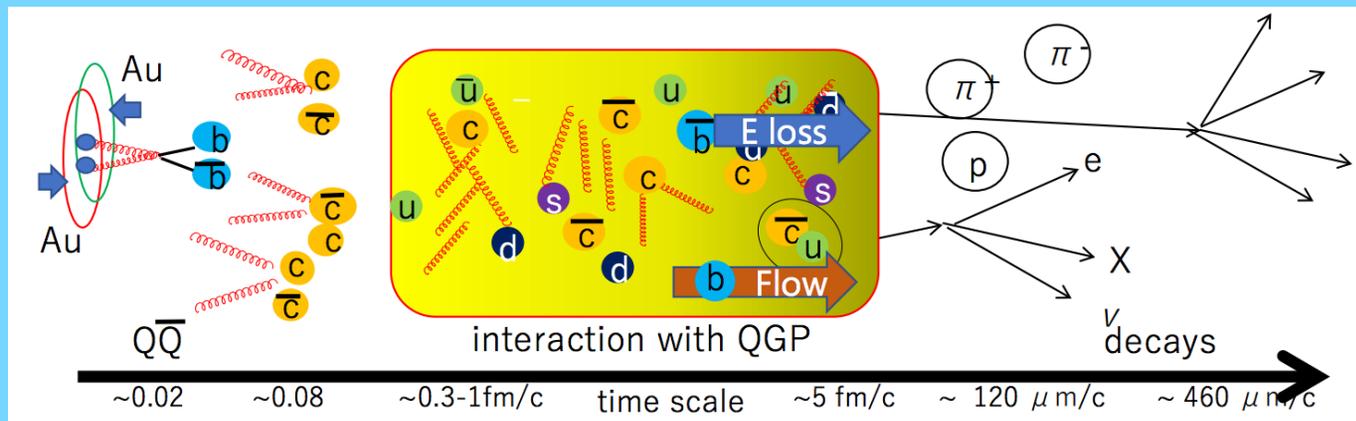
# Outline

- \* Introduction
- \* Mass ordering of charm and beauty energy loss in Au+Au
- \* c and b in small systems
- \* Flow of HF in Au+Au
- \* Charmed hadrons
- \* Conclusions and outlook

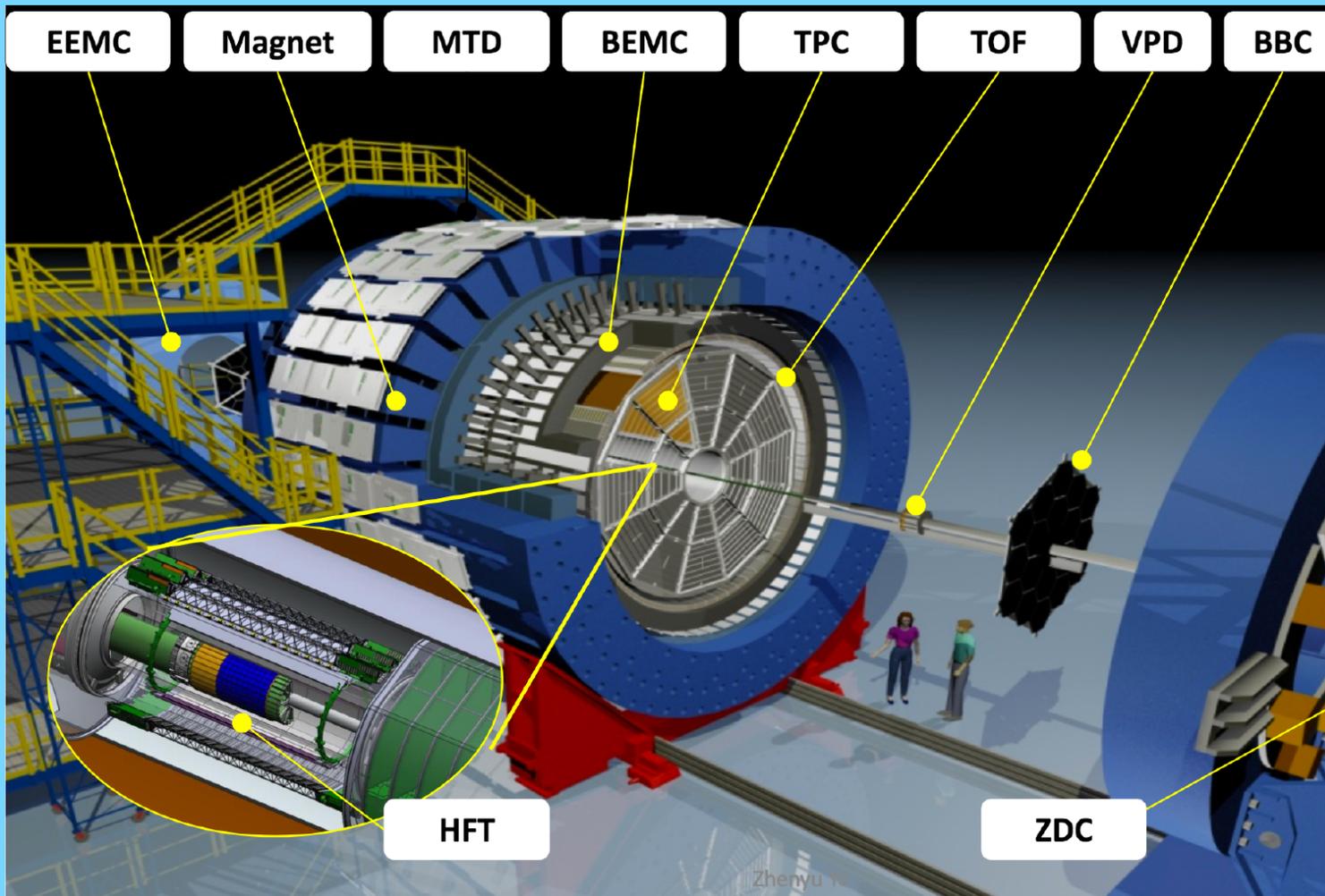
# Introduction

Charm and beauty (heavy flavor, HF) hadron production in ultrarelativistic heavy ion collisions are key observables for the study of sQGP :

- \* Charm and beauty quarks are produced in initial hard scatterings and experience the entire evolution of  $A+A$  interactions
- \* Their masses are large compared with the thermal energy expected in heavy ion collisions
- \* The nuclear modification factors  $R_{AA}$  and  $R_{CP}$  of  $c$  and  $b$  can reveal imprints of jet quenching in sQGP
- \* Mass dependence of jet quenching in sQGP is expected
- \* Flow of open heavy flavor hadrons helps elucidate interaction of HF with medium, thermalization and production mechanisms of HF and probe sQGP properties



# The STAR Experiment at RHIC



Detectors used for open heavy flavor: Heavy Flavor Tracker (HFT), Time Projection Chamber (TPC), Barrel Electromagnetic Calorimeter (BEMC) Time-Of-Flight detector (TOF). Electron ( $e^+, e^-$ ) identification :  $\Delta(\phi)=4\pi, |\eta|<1$

# The PHENIX Experiment at RHIC

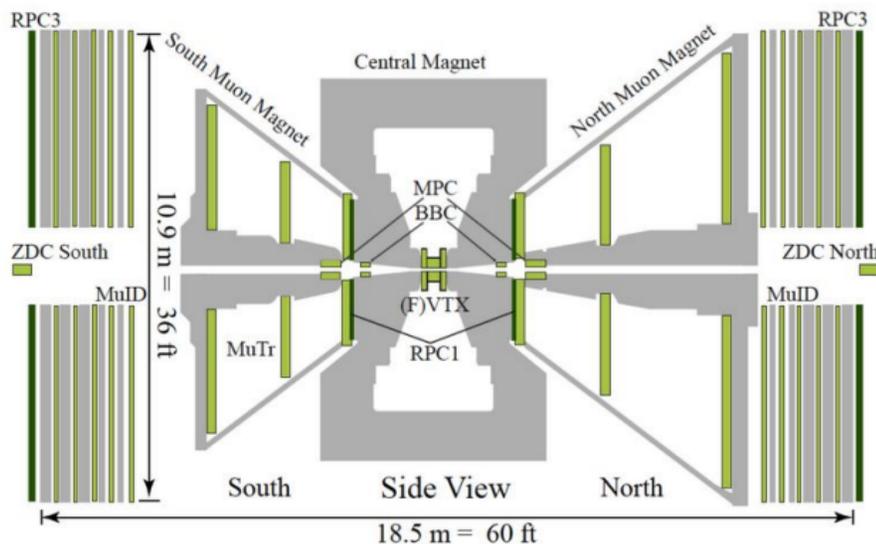
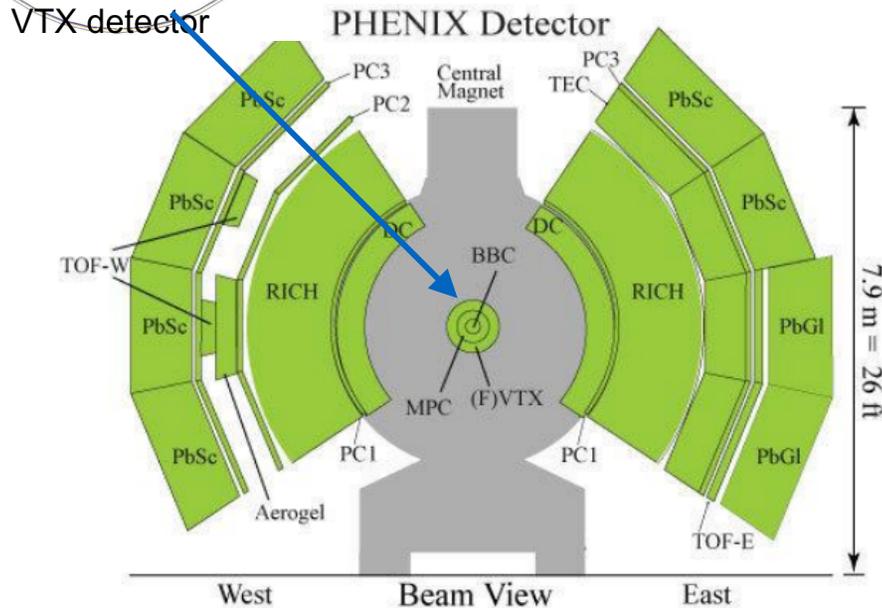
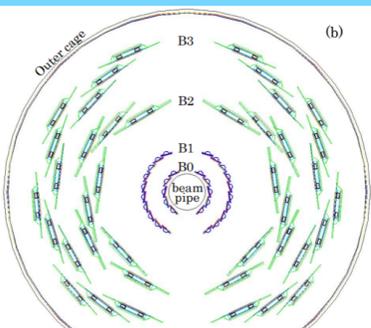
Detectors used for open heavy flavor results:

-Central spectrometer arms :  
ring imaging Cerenkov detector (RICH), electromagnetic calorimeter (EMCal), Drift Chambers (DC), multi-wire proportional pad chambers (PC) and silicon Vertex detector (VTX).

Electron ( $e^+, e^-$ ) identification:  
 $|y| < 0.35$  and azimuthal angle  
 $\phi = 2\pi/2$

-Muon arms:  $1.2 < |y| < 2.2$ ,  
 $\phi = 2\pi/2$

Data taking completed in 2016

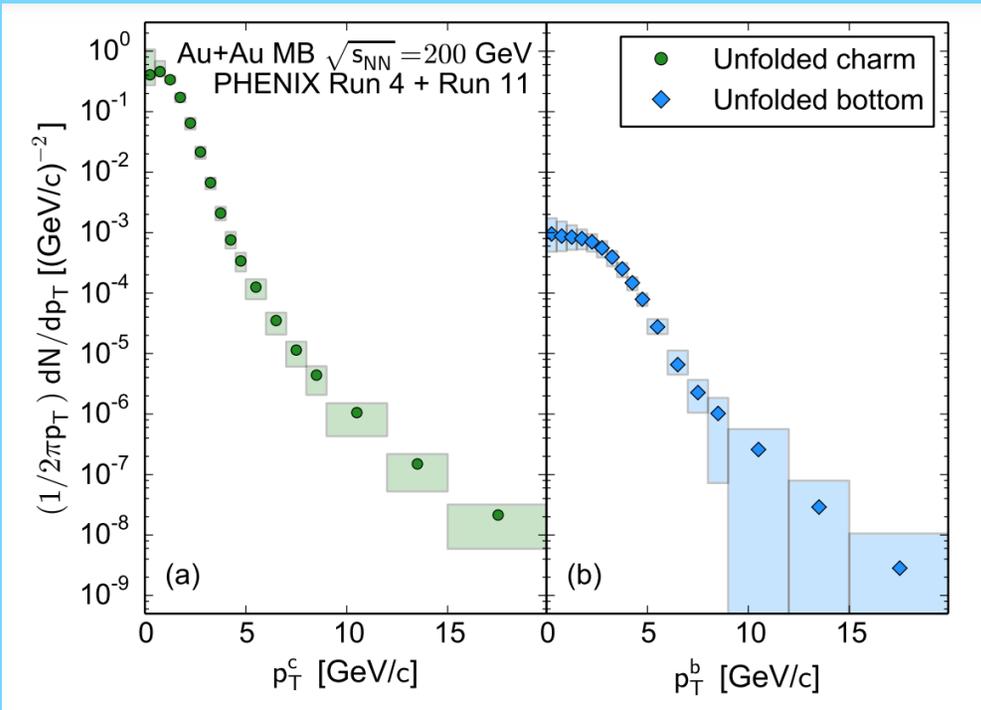


# Evidence of Mass Ordering of Charm and Bottom Quark Energy Loss in Au+Au Collisions

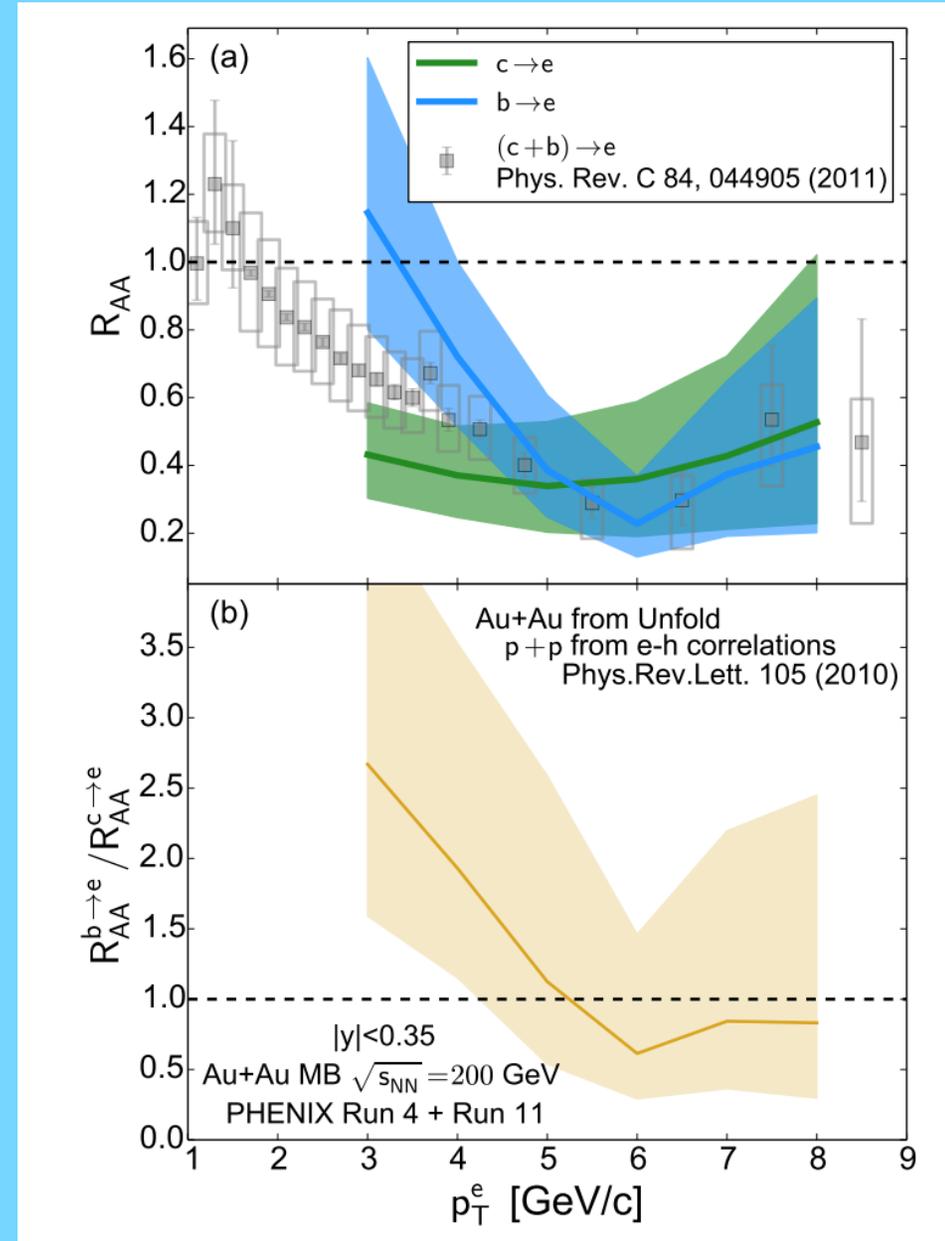
# PHENIX (2016) hierarchy of suppression of heavy flavor b,c to electrons

A. Adare et al. (PHENIX Collaboration), Single electron yields from semileptonic charm and bottom hadron decays in Au+Au collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$  GeV, Phys. Rev. C 93, 034904 (2016). <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1509.04662.pdf>

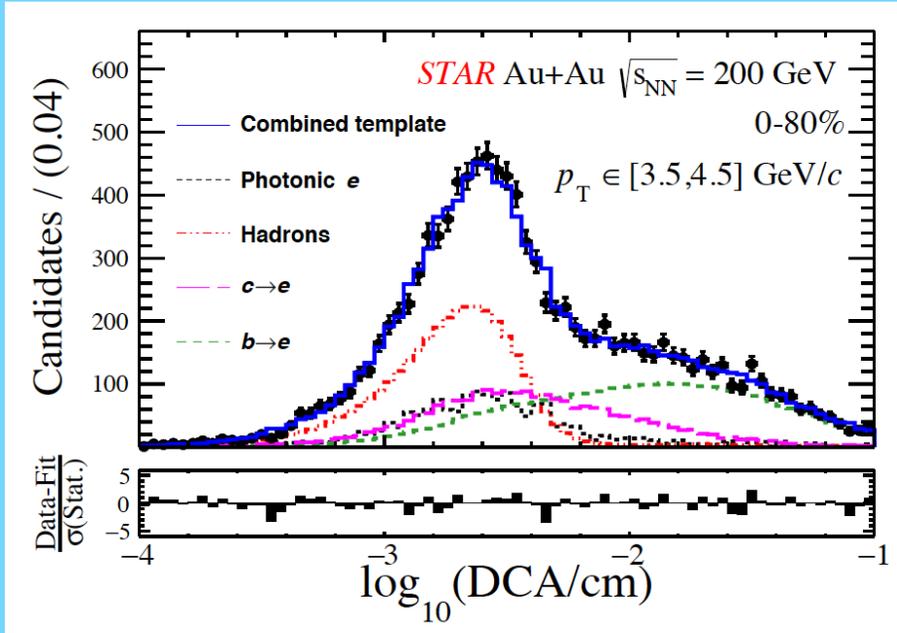
$R_{AA} = \text{yield in A+A} / \text{yield in p+p scaled by number of binary collisions}$



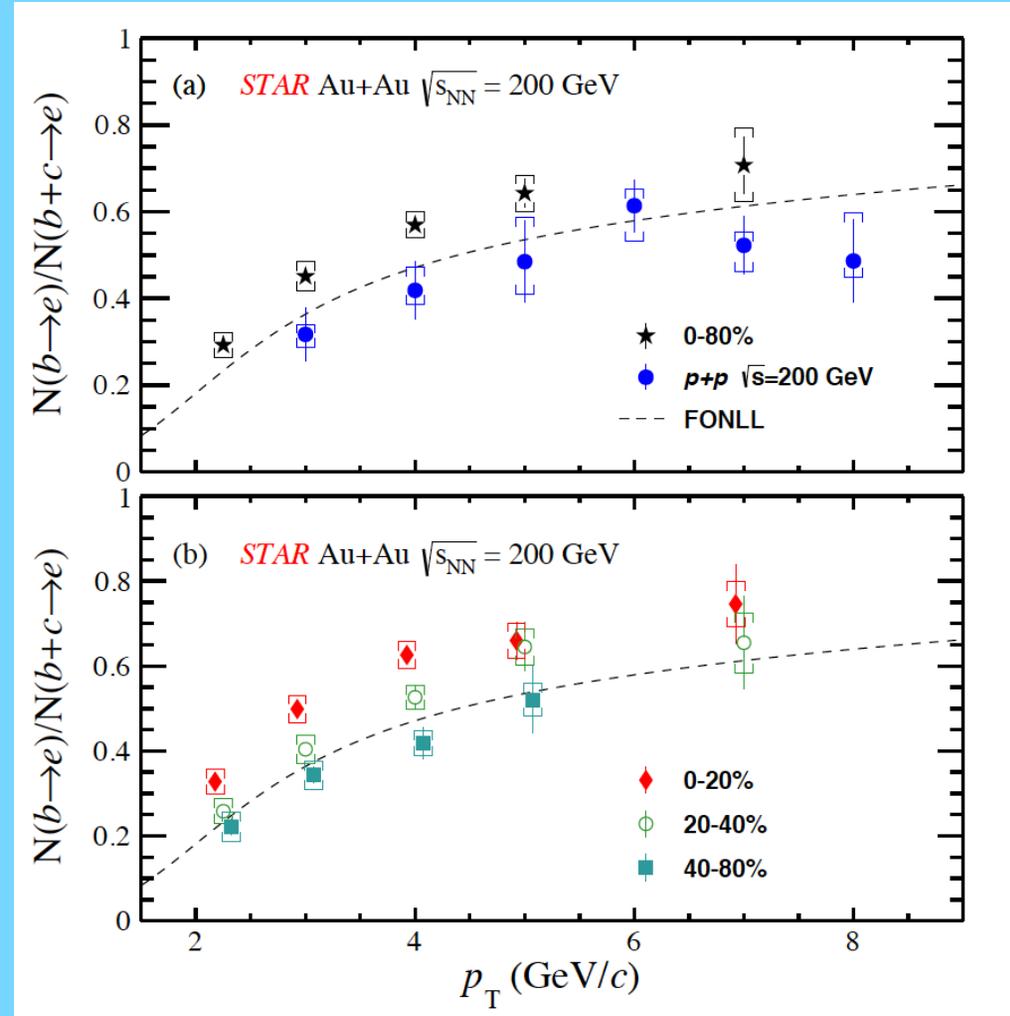
\* Hint of less suppression for  $b \rightarrow e$  than  $c \rightarrow e$  observed in MB Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV at  $p_T$  3-4 GeV



# STAR (2022) Evidence of Mass Ordering of Charm and Bottom Quark Energy Loss in Au+Au Collisions



STAR Collaboration, June 2022, arXiv:2111.14615



- \* Enhanced  $b \rightarrow e$  fractions measured in 0-20% and 0-80% Au+Au 200 GeV compared to p+p and FONLL
- \* Results in 40-80% are in agreement with p+p and FONLL
- \* Centrality dependence observed for  $p_T < 4.5$  GeV

# STAR (2022) Evidence of Mass Ordering of Charm and Bottom Quark Energy Loss in Au+Au Collisions

STAR Collaboration, June 2022, arXiv:2111.14615

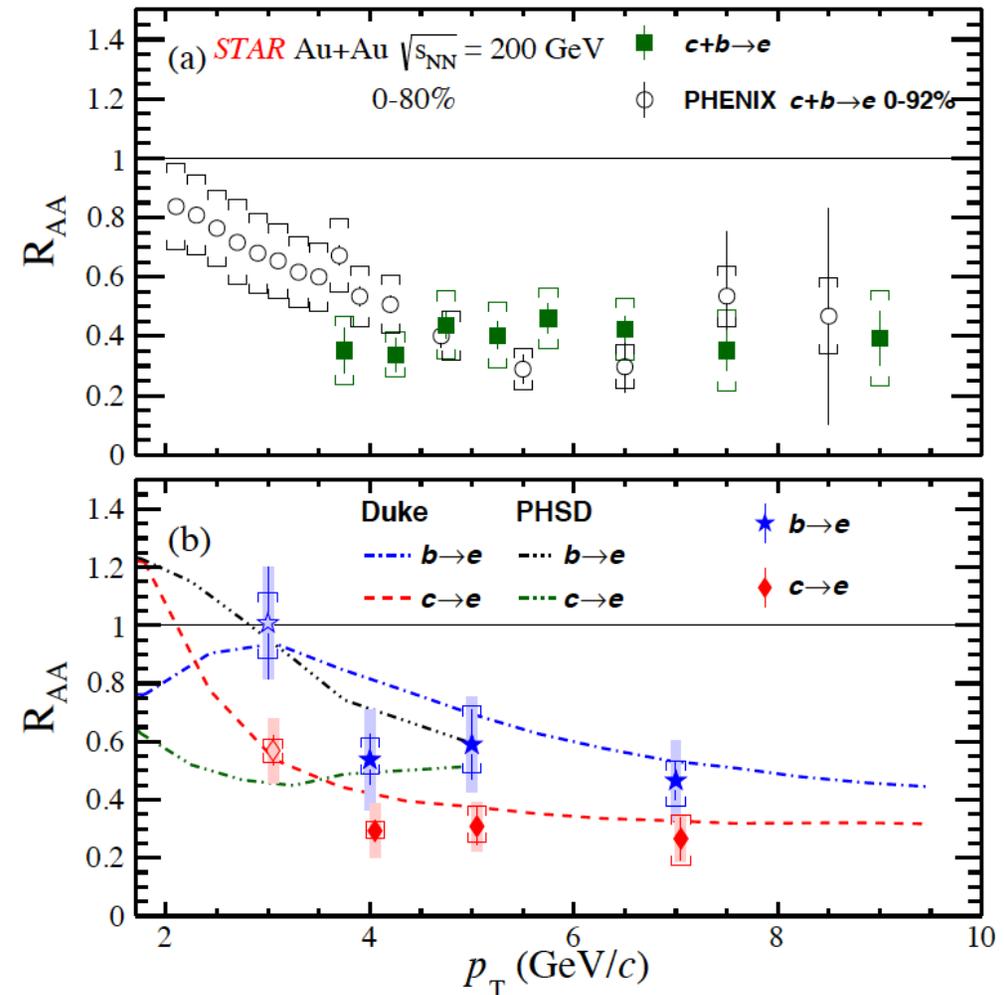
PHENIX Collaboration, PRC93, 034904 (2016), 1509.04662

- \* PHSD: Parton-Hadron-String-Dynamics model
- \* Duke: modified Langevin transport model
- \* Both models include heavy quark (HQ) diffusion in the QGP medium, HQ hadronization through coalescence and fragmentation and mass-dependent energy loss mechanisms
- \* Data consistent with model predictions

\*  $R_{AA}$  vs  $p_T$  of  $c+b \rightarrow e$ : STAR and PHENIX are consistent

\* Evidence of mass ordering of  $R_{AA}$  of electrons from bottom and charm in Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV is observed

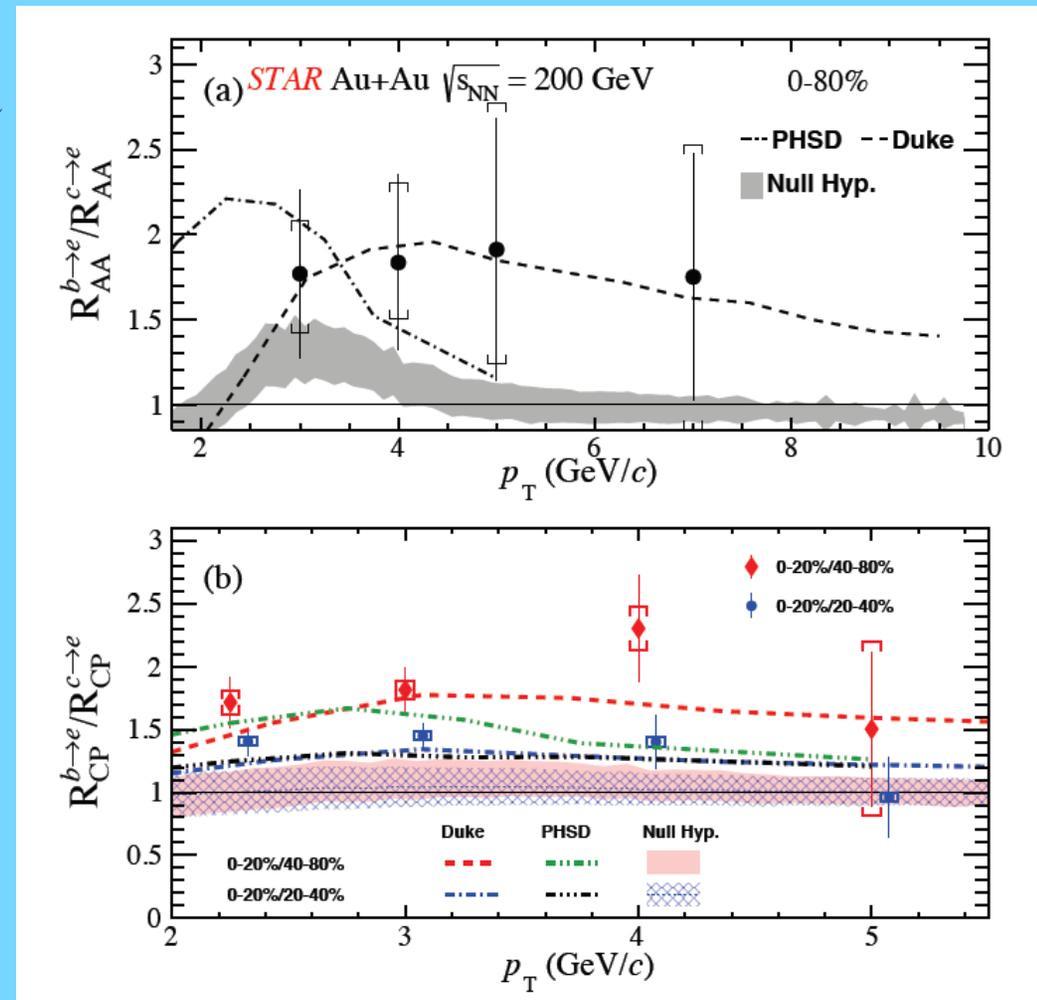
\* Results are consistent with models including mass-dependent energy loss mechanisms



# STAR (2022) Evidence of Mass Ordering of Charm and Bottom Quark Energy Loss in Au+Au Collisions

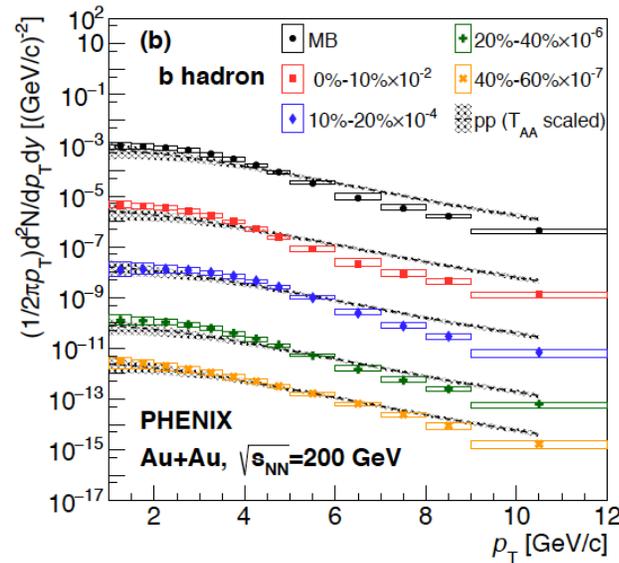
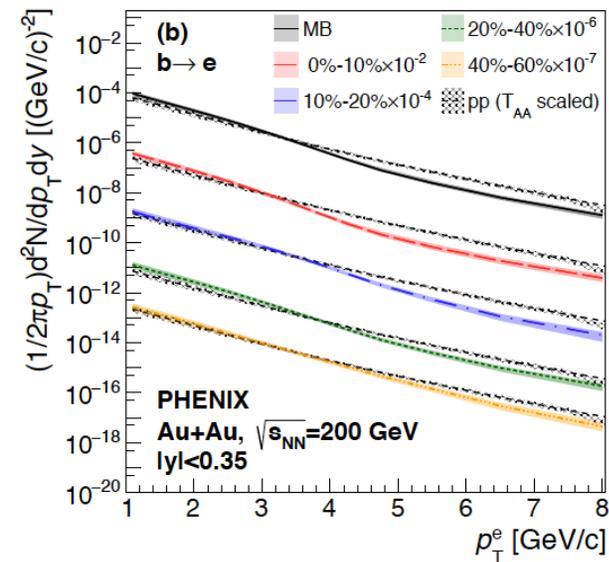
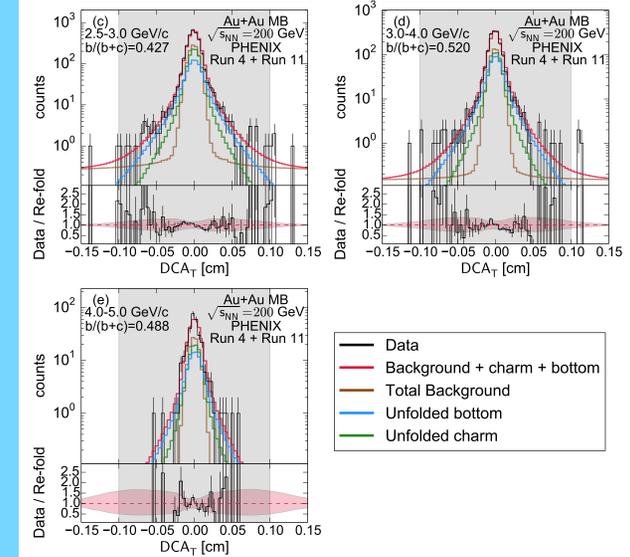
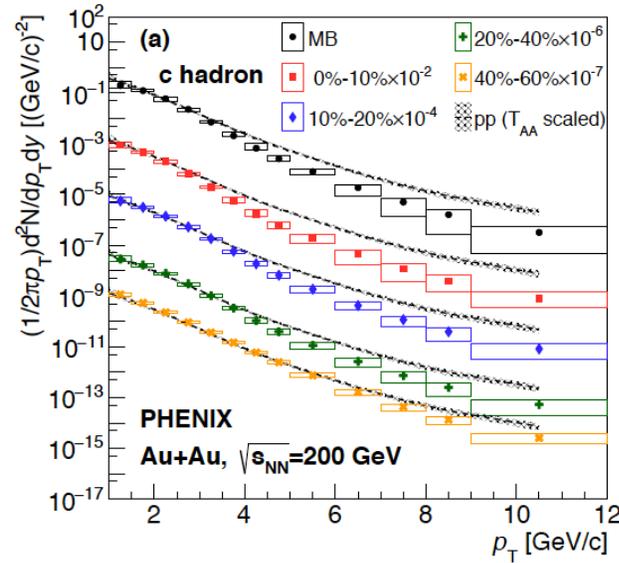
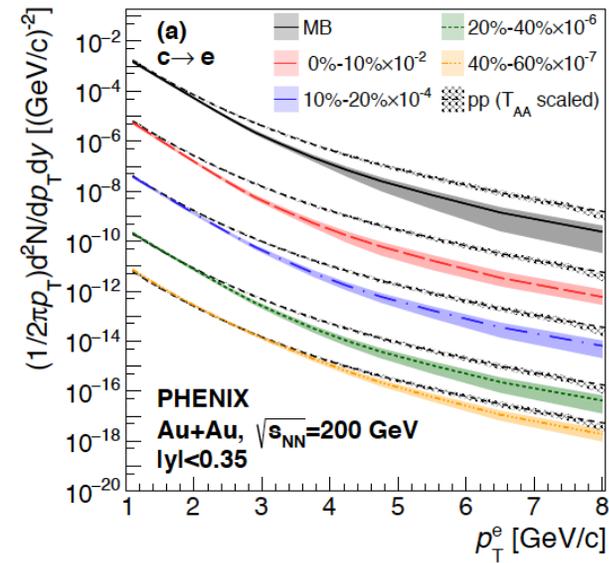
- \* PHSD: Parton-Hadron-String-Dynamics model
- \* Duke: modified Langevin transport model
- \* Both models include heavy quark (HQ) diffusion in the QGP medium, HQ hadronization through coalescence and fragmentation and mass-dependent energy loss mechanisms
- \* Data consistent with model predictions
- \* **b to c  $R(\text{AA})$  consistent with null hypothesis in  $p_T=2.5-4.5$  GeV**
- \* **b to c  $R(\text{CP})$  of (0-20%/40-80%) and  $R(\text{CP})(0-20\%/20-40\%)$  reject the null hypothesis at 4.2 and 3.3 standard deviations respectively.**
- \* **b to c  $R(\text{AA})$  and  $R(\text{CP})$  can be reproduced by both models suggesting the mass ordering of parton energy loss in sQGP**

STAR Collaboration, June 2022, arXiv:2111.14615



# PHENIX (2022) $b \rightarrow e$ and $c \rightarrow e$ and $c, b$ hadrons in Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV

U.H.Acharya et al (PHENIX Collaboration) Charm- and Bottom-Quark Production in Au+Au Collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$  GeV, 2203.17058

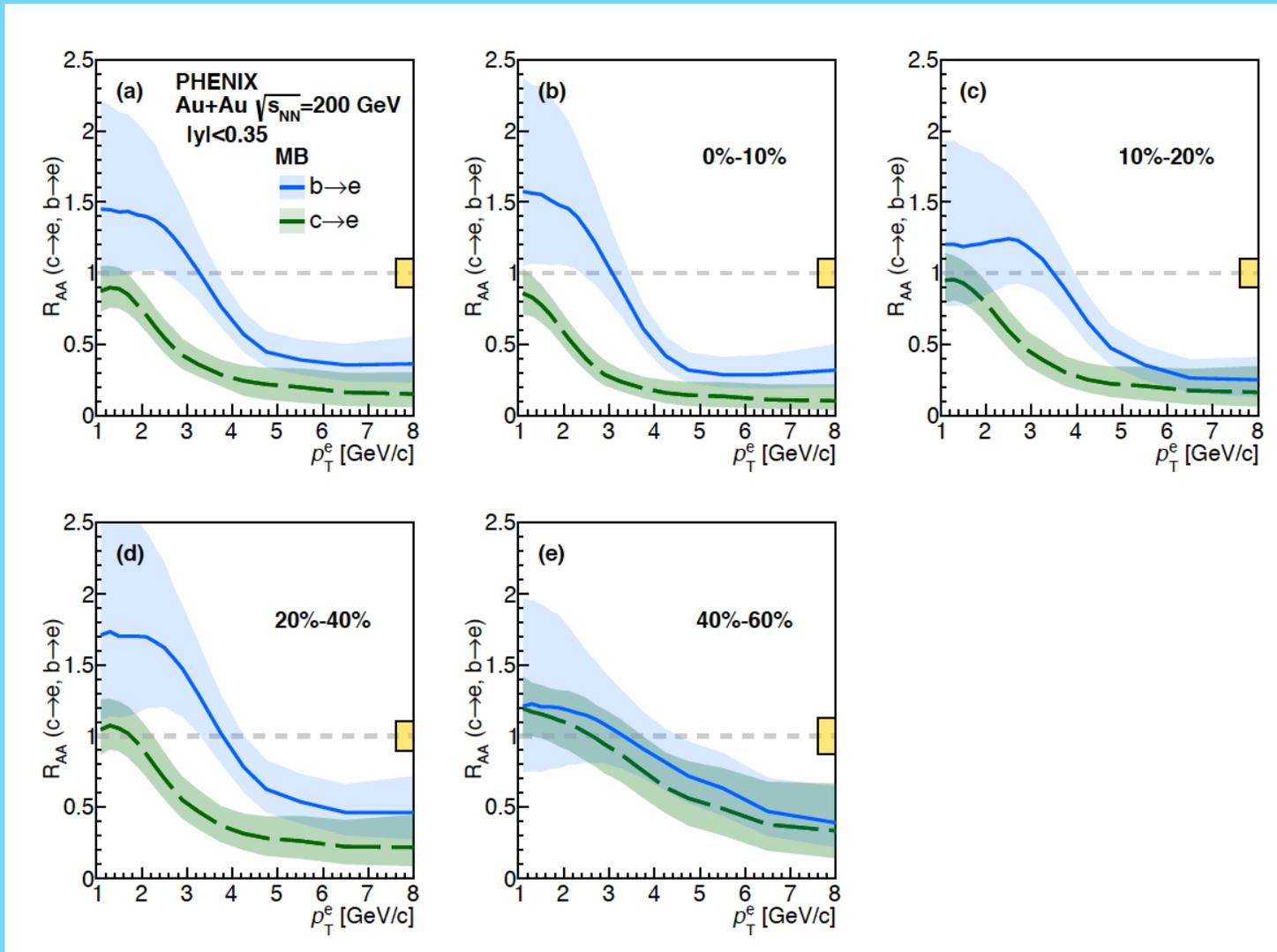


\* Left  $c \rightarrow e$  and  $b \rightarrow e$  in Au+Au compared to p+p scaled by number of collisions

\* Right up and down unfolded  $c$  hadrons and  $b$  hadrons Au+Au compared to p+p scaled by number of collisions

# PHENIX hierarchy of suppression of $b \rightarrow e$ and $c \rightarrow e$ in Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV

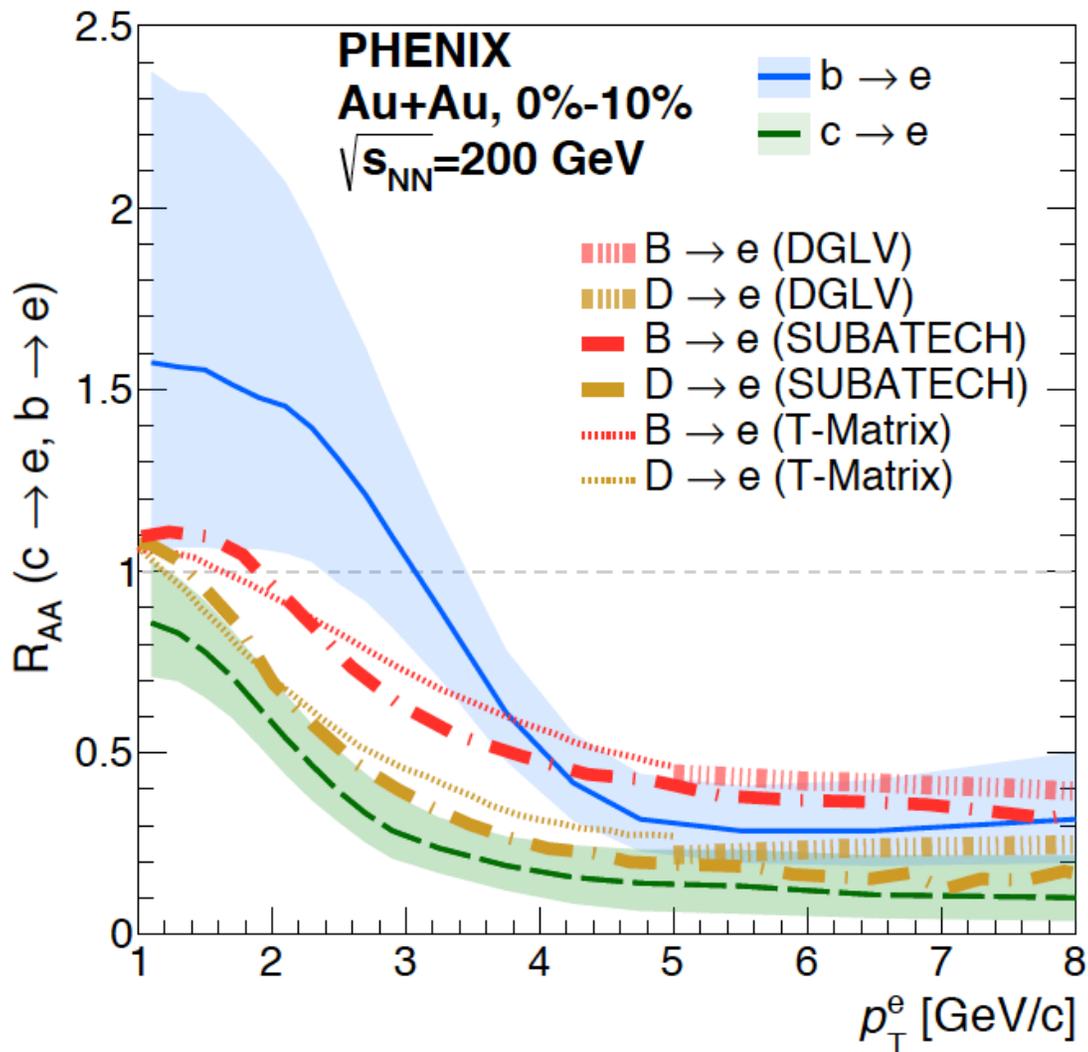
U.H.Acharya et al (PHENIX Collaboration) Charm- and Bottom-Quark Production in Au+Au Collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$  GeV, 2203.17058



\*  $b \rightarrow e$  higher than  $c \rightarrow e$  in Au+Au 200 GeV Minimum Bias and various centralities except the most peripheral collisions

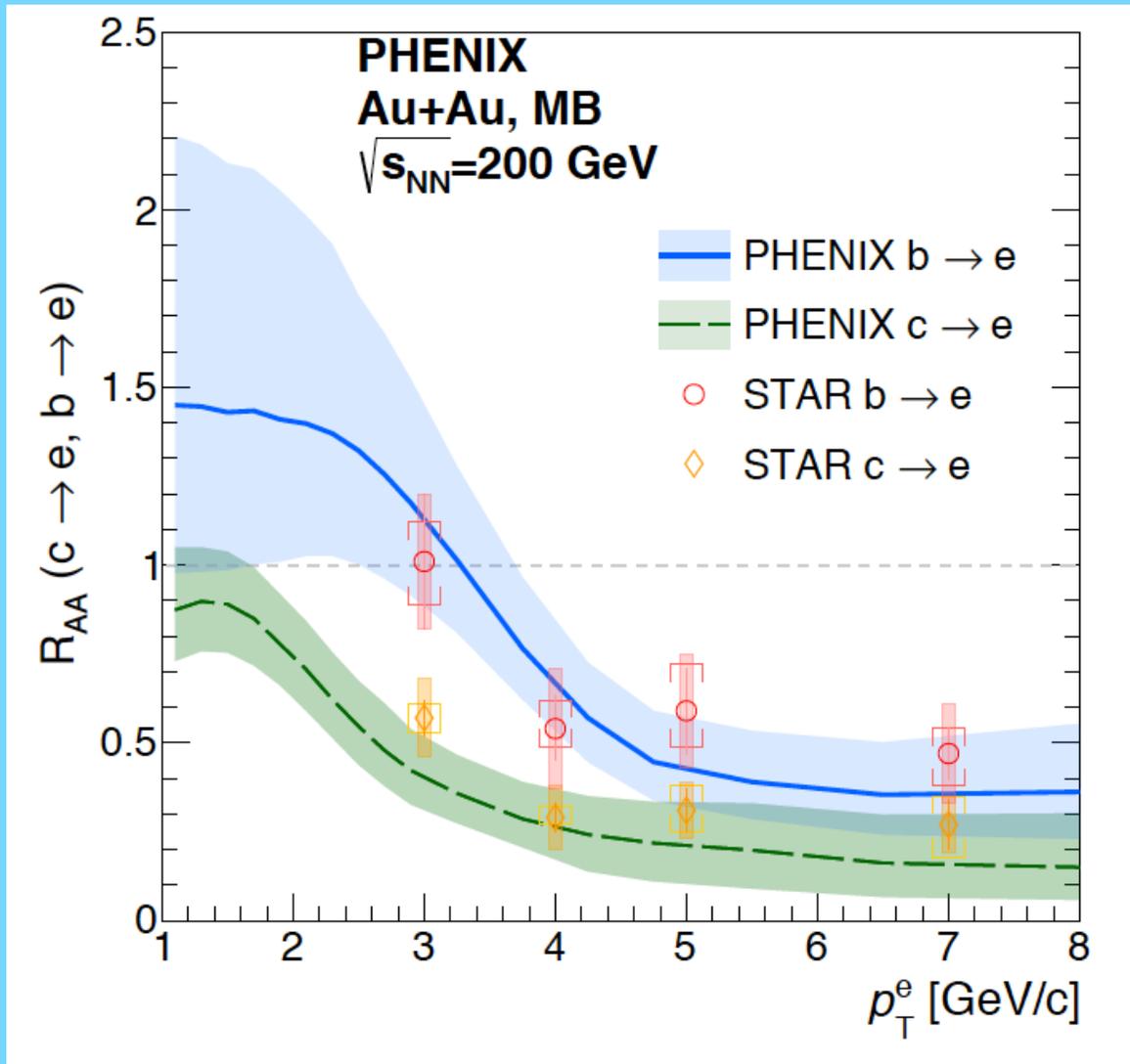
# PHENIX $b \rightarrow e$ and $c \rightarrow e$ in 0-10% Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV vs models

U.H.Acharya et al (PHENIX Collaboration) Charm- and Bottom-Quark Production in Au+Au Collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$  GeV, 2203.17058



- \* T-Matrix model assumes formation of hadronic resonance by a heavy quark in the QGP based on lattice QCD
- \* SUBATECH model employs hard thermal loop calculation for the collisional energy loss
- \* DGLV model calculates both collisional and radiative energy loss assuming an effectively static medium
- \* Data agree at high  $p_T$  with models predicting less suppression of  $b \rightarrow e$  than  $c \rightarrow e$
- \* At low  $p_T$  SUBATECH model is consistent with  $c \rightarrow e$  while T-Matrix model partly overestimated

# PHENIX vs STAR Minimum Bias Au+Au



M. S. Abdallah et al. (STAR Collaboration), Evidence of Mass Ordering of Charm and Bottom Quark Energy Energy Loss in Au+Au Collisions at RHIC, arXiv:2111.14615.

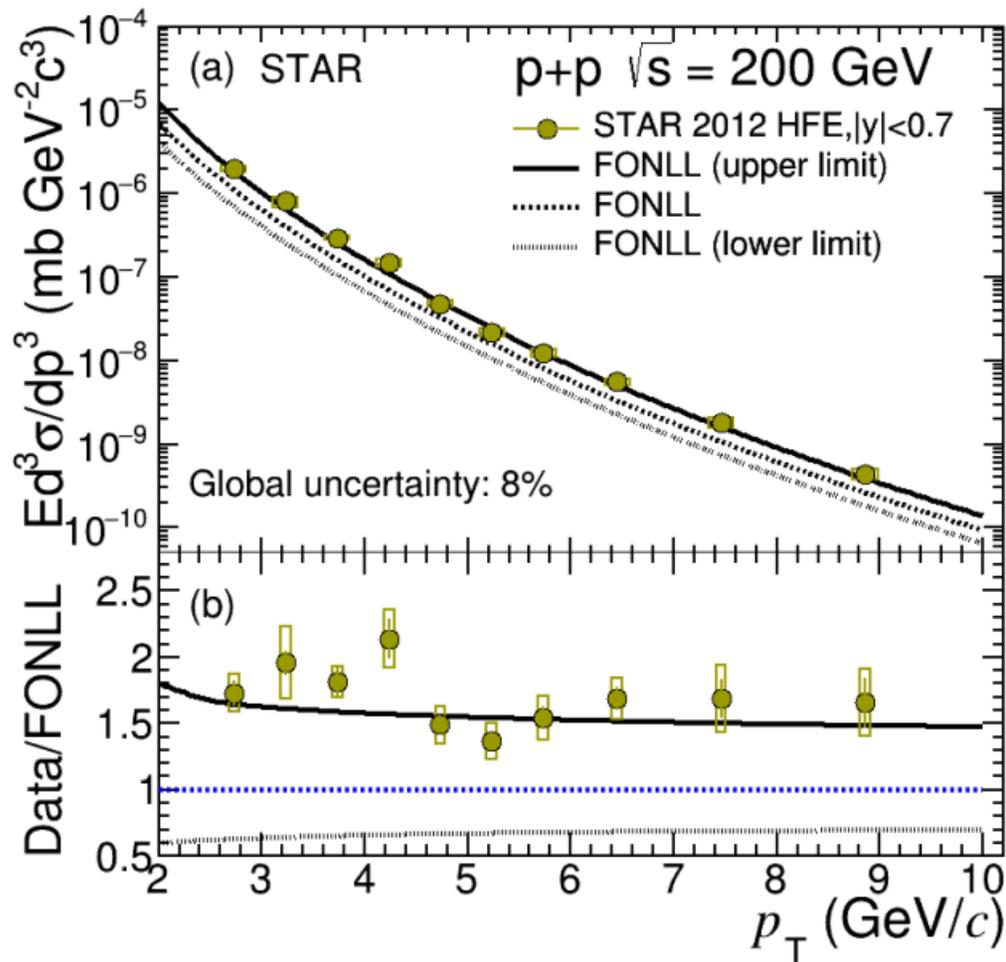
U.H.Acharya et al (PHENIX Collaboration) Charm- and Bottom-Quark Production in Au+Au Collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$  GeV, 2203.17058

\* STAR (points) and PHENIX (lines) b and c to electron measurements in Minimum Bias Au+Au 200 GeV are consistent

# Charm and Bottom via semileptonic decays in small systems

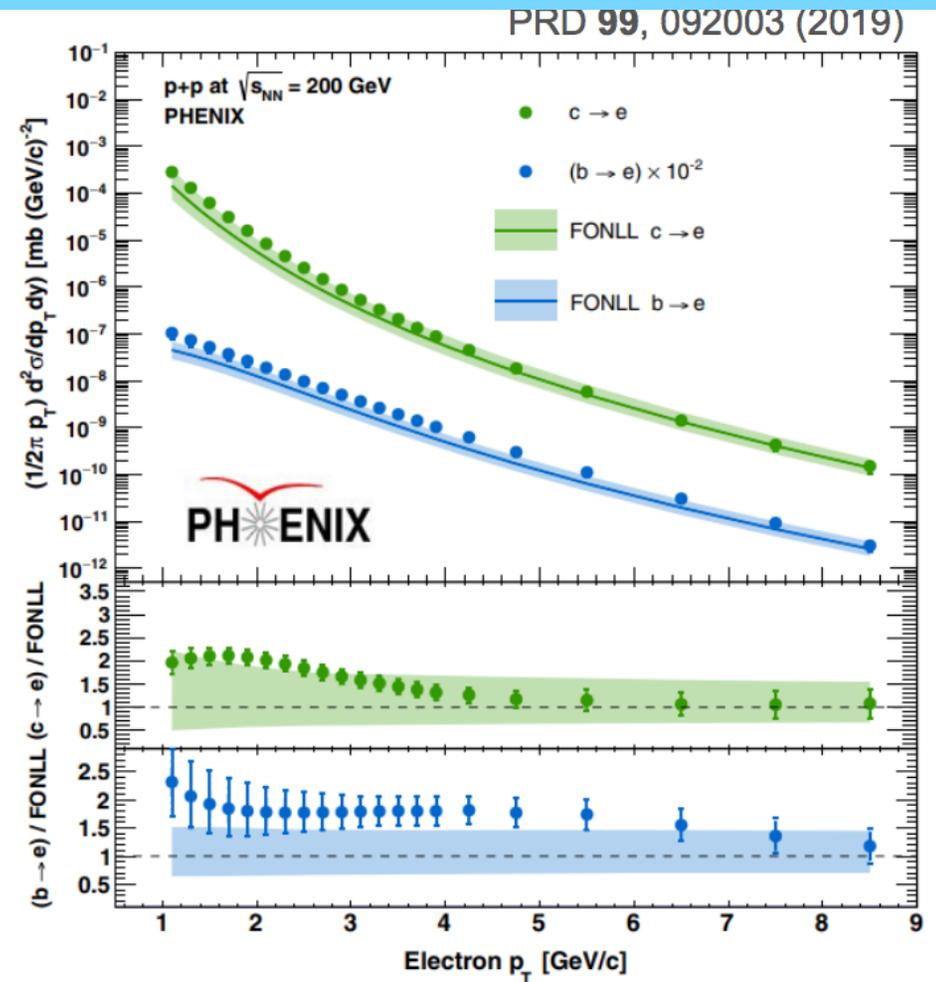
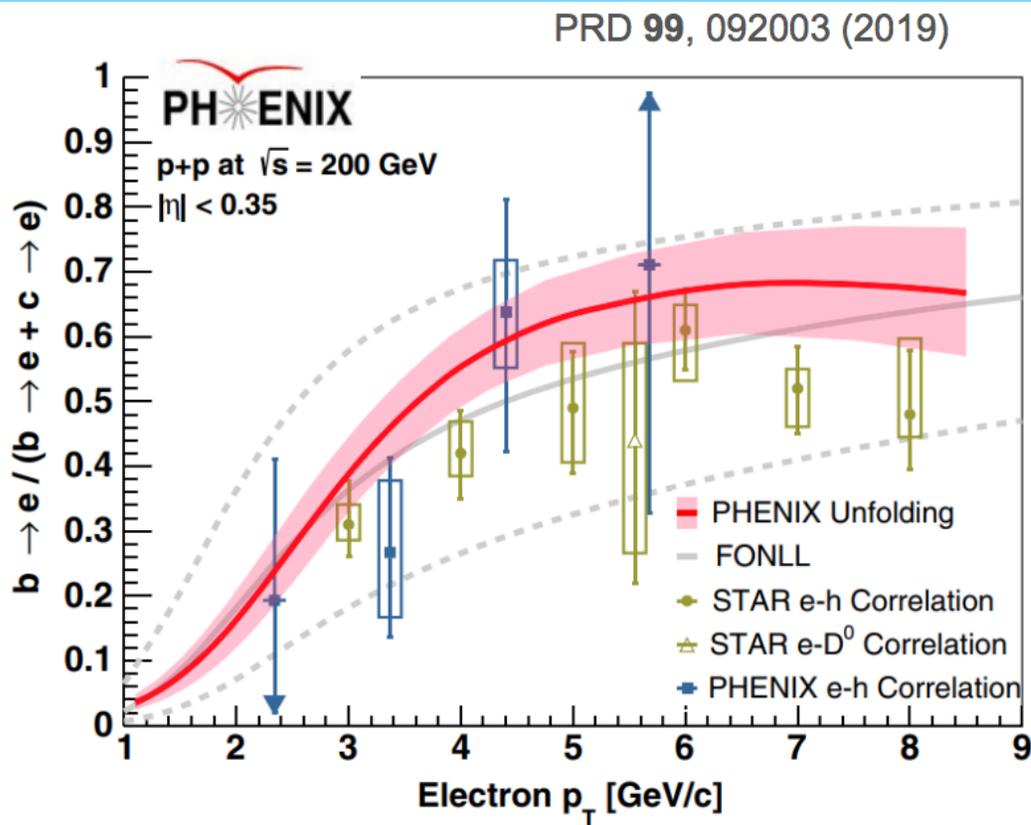
# STAR (2022) Heavy Flavor $\rightarrow$ electrons in p+p collisions at 200 GeV

STAR Collaboration, Phys.Rev.D 105 (2022) 3, 032007, e-Print: 2109.13191 [nucl-ex]



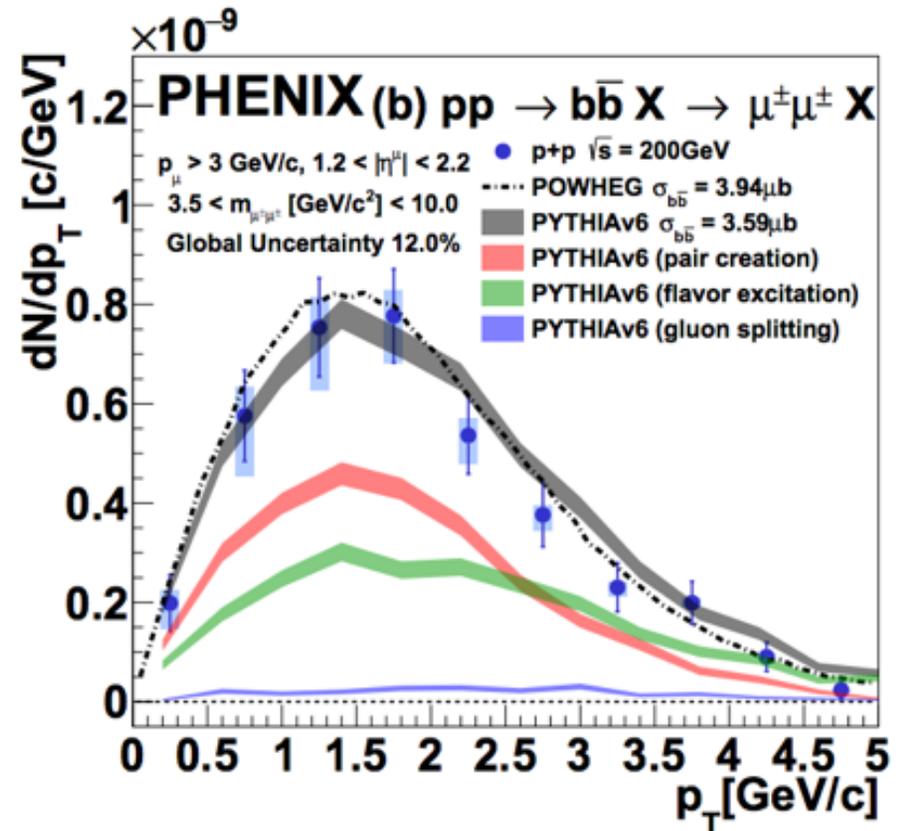
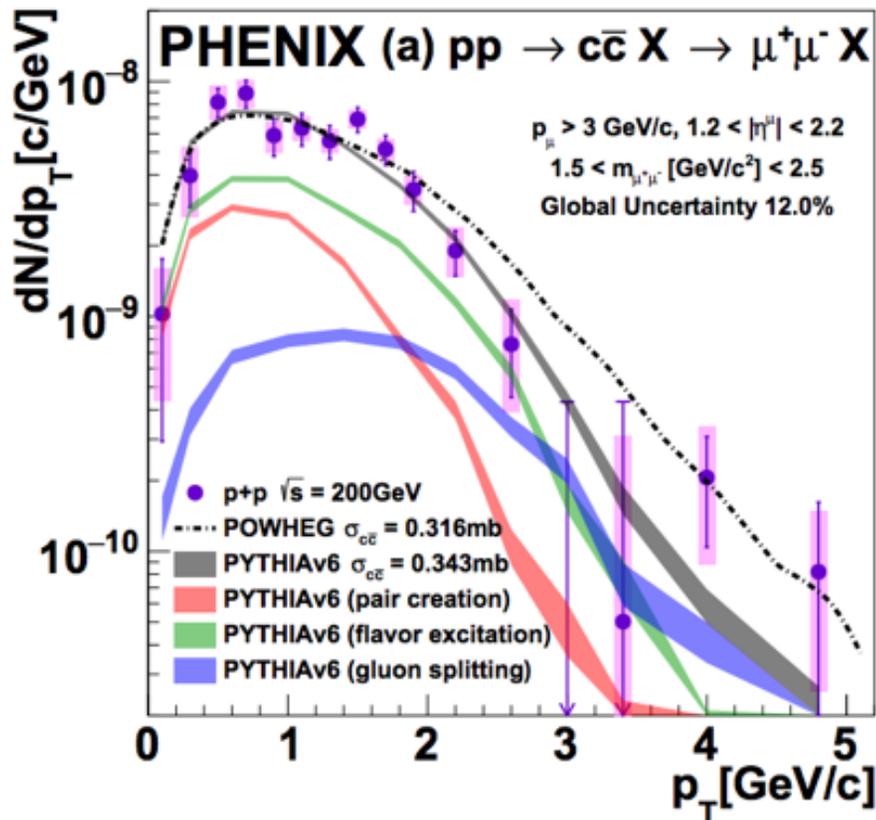
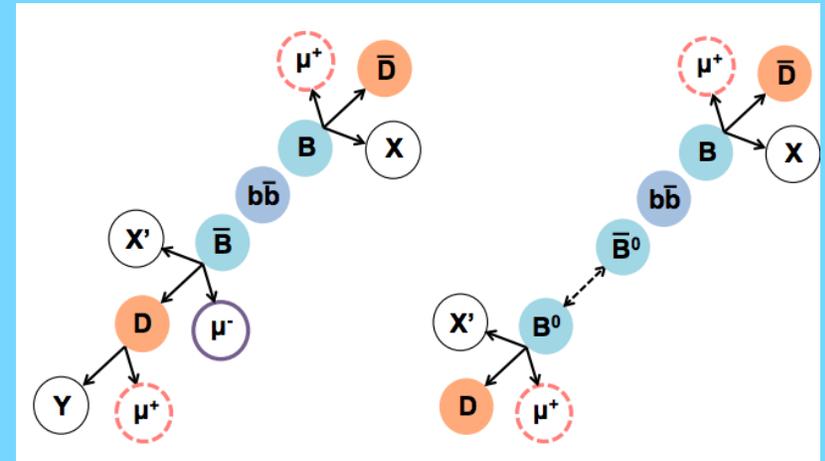
The transverse momentum spectra of electrons from HF decays in p+p collisions at 200 GeV is qualitatively consistent with the upper limit of FONLL calculations

# PHENIX (2019) new p+p baseline available for c and b



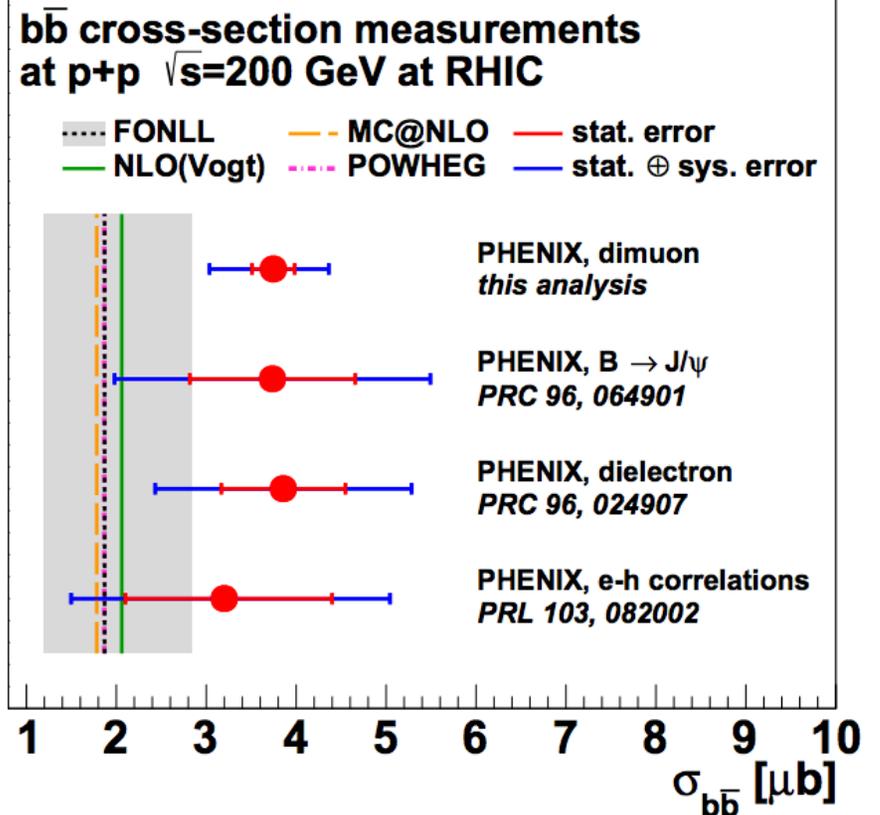
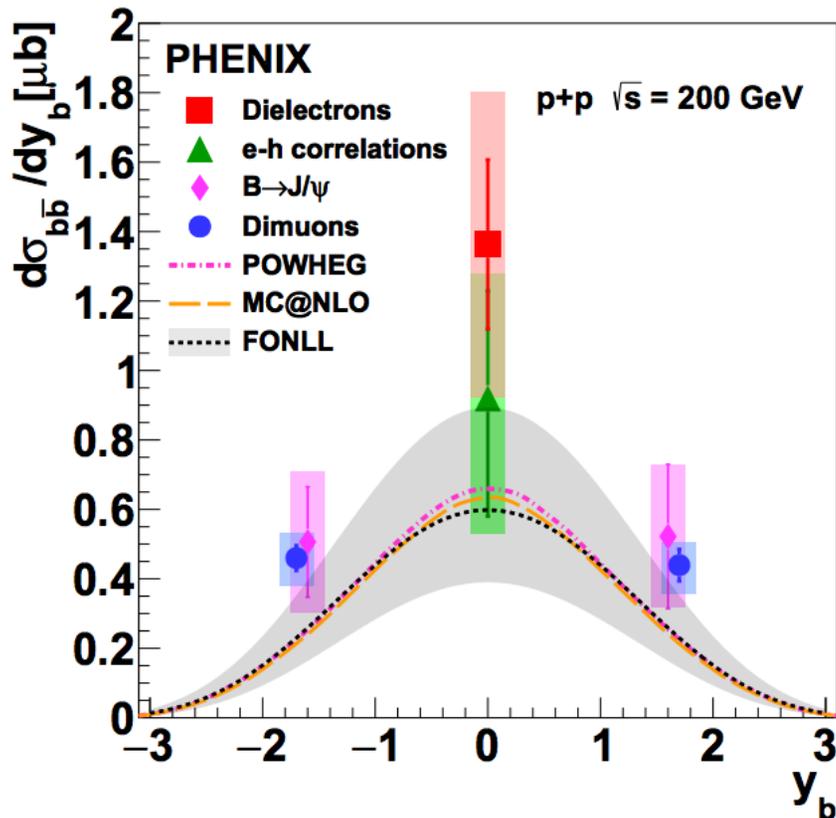
# PHENIX (2019) c and b to mumu in p+p collisions 200 GeV

Measurements of  $\mu\mu$  pairs from open heavy flavor and Drell-Yan in p+p collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=200$  GeV  
 PHENIX Collaboration, C. Aidala(Michigan U.) et al. (May 7, 2018)  
 Phys.Rev.D 99 (2019) 7, 072003 • e-Print: 1805.02448 [hep-ex]



# PHENIX (2019) bottom in p+p collisions at 200 GeV

Measurements of  $\mu\mu$  pairs from open heavy flavor and Drell-Yan in p+p collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=200$  GeV  
 PHENIX Collaboration, C. Aidala(Michigan U.) et al. (May 7, 2018)  
 Phys.Rev.D 99 (2019) 7, 072003 • e-Print: 1805.02448 [hep-ex]



# PHENIX (2019) bottom cross section in p+p collisions at 200 GeV

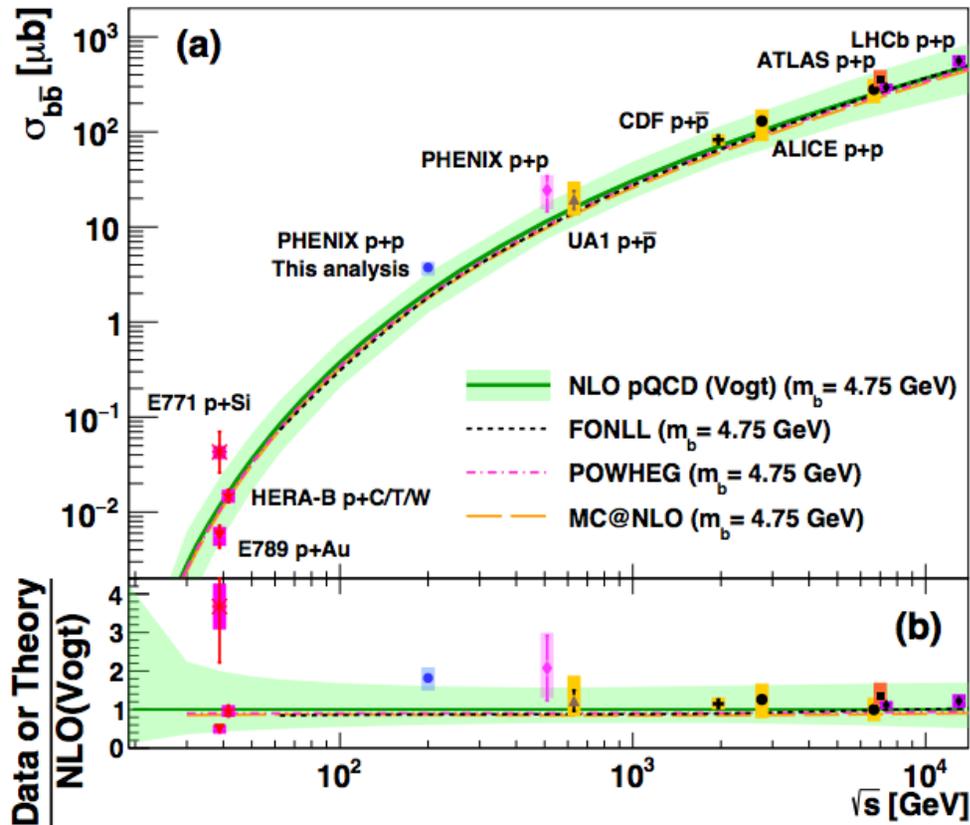


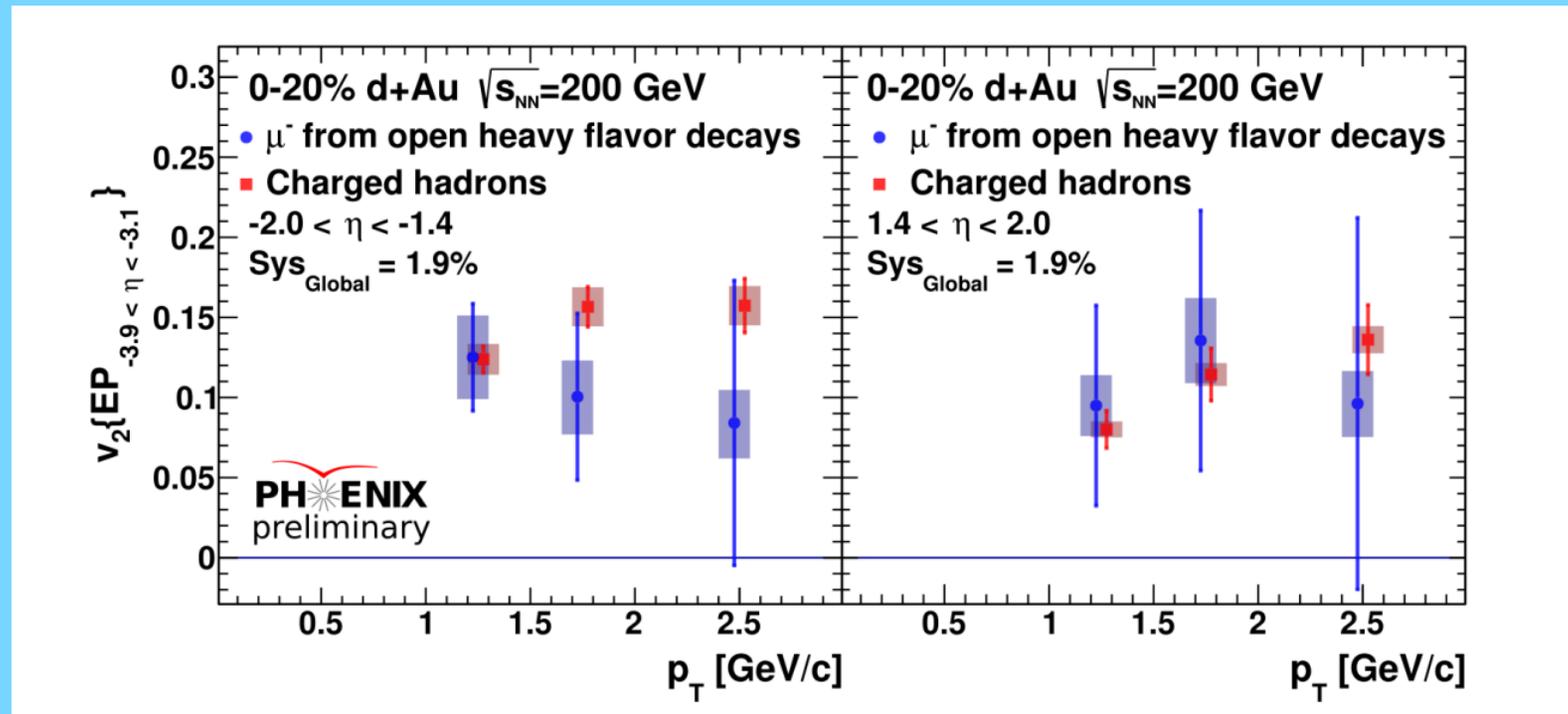
FIG. 29. Bottom cross section  $\sigma_{b\bar{b}}$  as a function of  $\sqrt{s}$ . Uncertainties due to rapidity extrapolation are not included in the LHCb measurements. Measured cross sections are compared to NLL and NLO calculations.

Measurements of  $\mu\mu$  pairs from open heavy flavor and Drell-Yan in p+p collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV  
 PHENIX Collaboration, C. Aidala(Michigan U.) et al. (May 7, 2018)  
 Phys.Rev.D 99 (2019) 7, 072003 • e-Print: 1805.02448 [hep-ex]

\* At low energy models are less consistent with data

# PHENIX (2017) elliptic flow of (bottom+charm) to muons in 0-20% d+Au 200 GeV

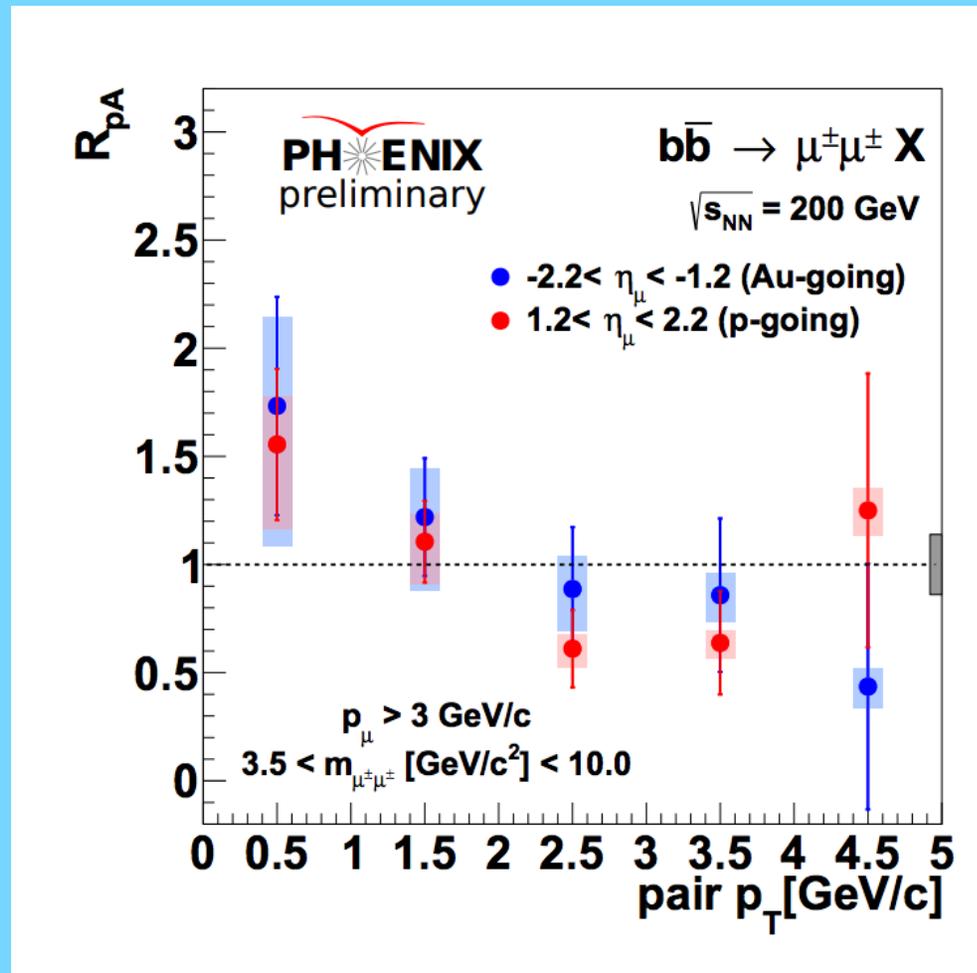
C. Aidala et al. (PHENIX collaboration), Phys. Rev. C 96, 064905 (2017).



\* Finite  $v_2$  observed for (bottom+charm) to muons at  $p_T$  1-2 GeV

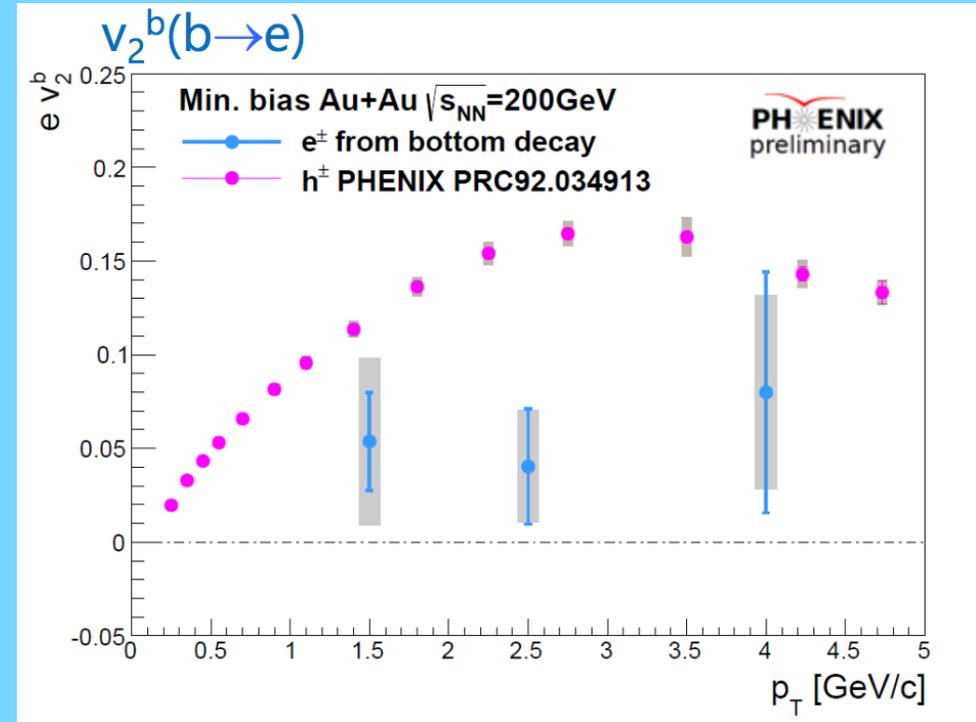
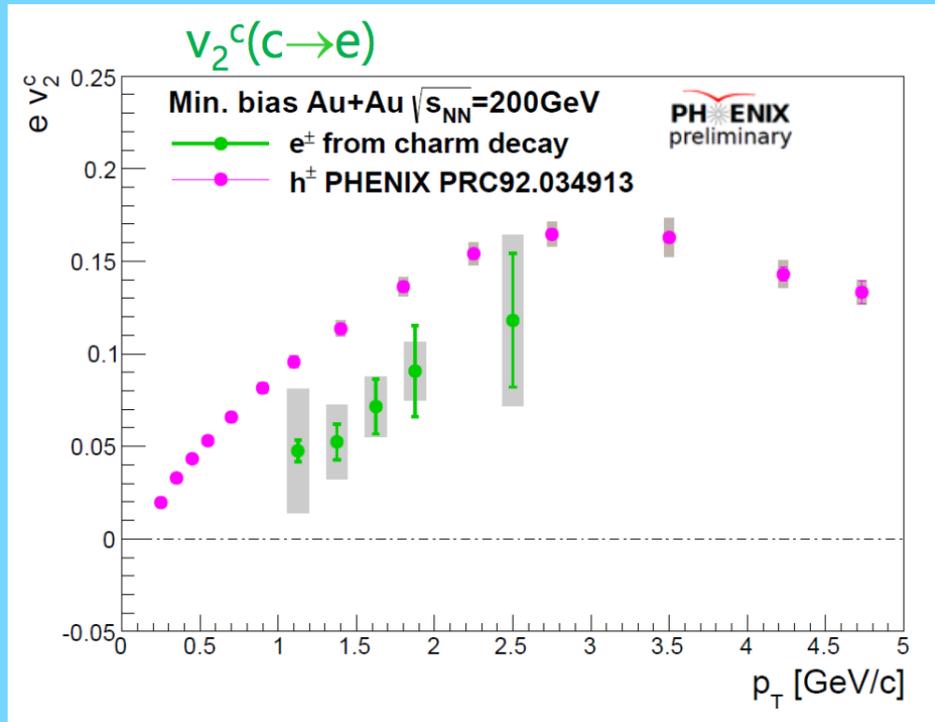
# PHENIX(2018) $R(pAu)$ of bottom to dimuons in $p+Au$ collisions at 200 GeV

Xuan Li et al, PHENIX Collaboration, <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1809.09247.pdf>



# Charm and Bottom flow in Au+Au collisions

# PHENIX (preliminary) elliptic flow ( $v_2$ ) of electrons from charm and bottom decays in min. bias Au+Au 200 GeV

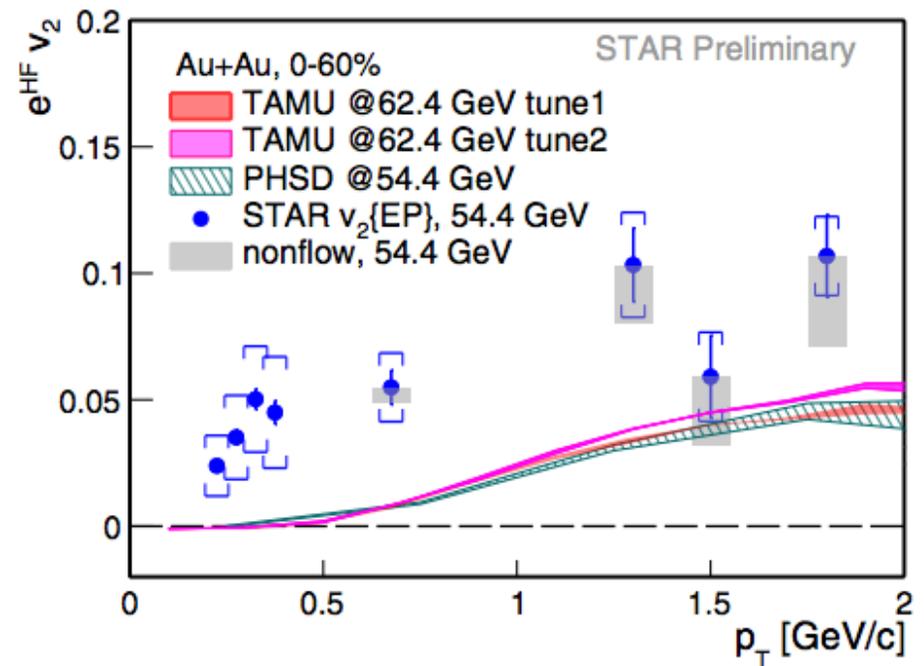
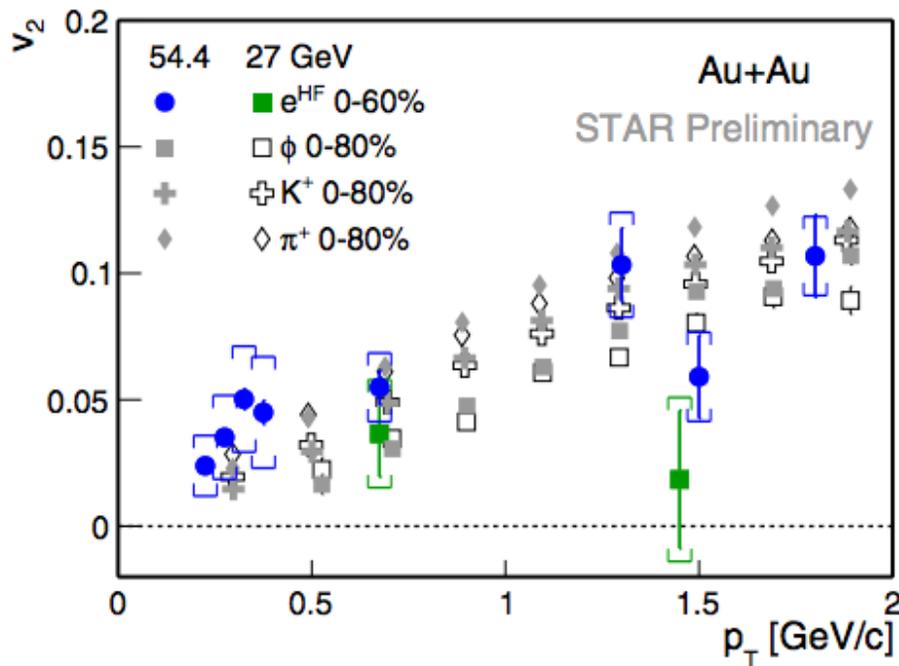


T Hachiya et al, PHENIX collaboration, QM2022

- \*  $v_2$  of charm  $\rightarrow$  electrons ( $e^\pm$ ) is positive (with  $\sim 3.5$  sigma)
- \* hint of positive  $v_2$  of bottom  $\rightarrow$  electrons ( $e^\pm$ ) (with  $\sim 1.1$  sigma)

# STAR (preliminary) Heavy Flavor elliptic flow ( $v_2$ ) in Au+Au collisions at 27, 54 and 200 GeV

<https://inspirehep.net/files/455b29474e322e64d513aad916bd6030>



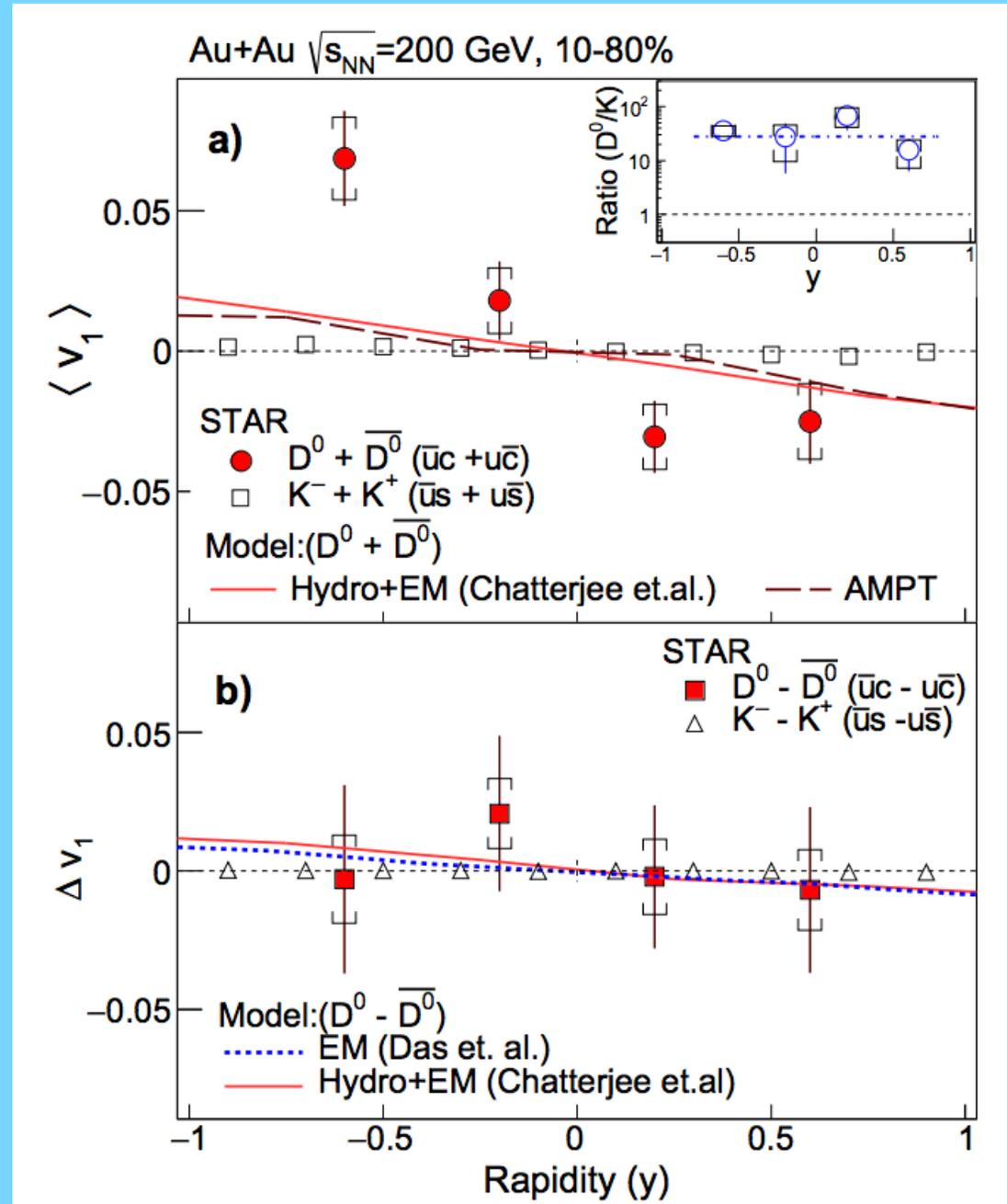
\* The elliptic flow of heavy flavor electrons in Au+Au collisions at 54.4 GeV is comparable to 200 GeV, indicating strong charm quark interactions with the medium

# STAR (2019) First measurement of directed flow of $D^0$ and $D^0$ -bar

STAR Collaboration, PRL 123 (2019) 16, 162301

\* Directed flow of  $D^0$  and  $D^0$ -bar in Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV is a factor of 25 higher than that for charged kaons

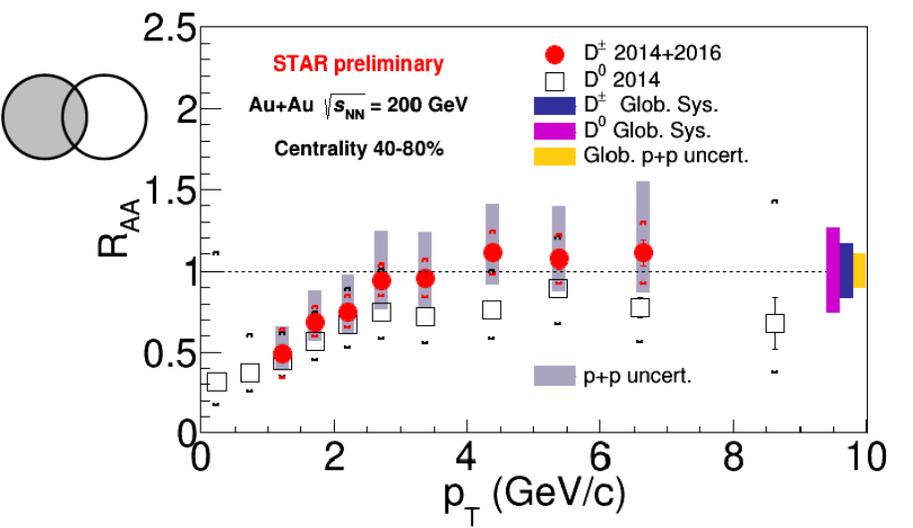
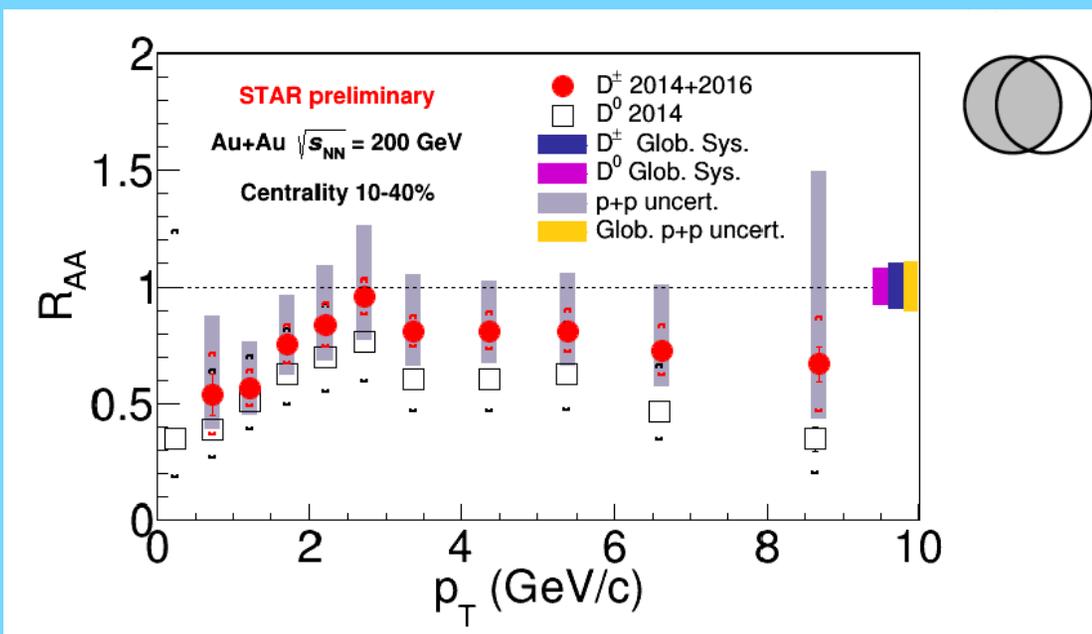
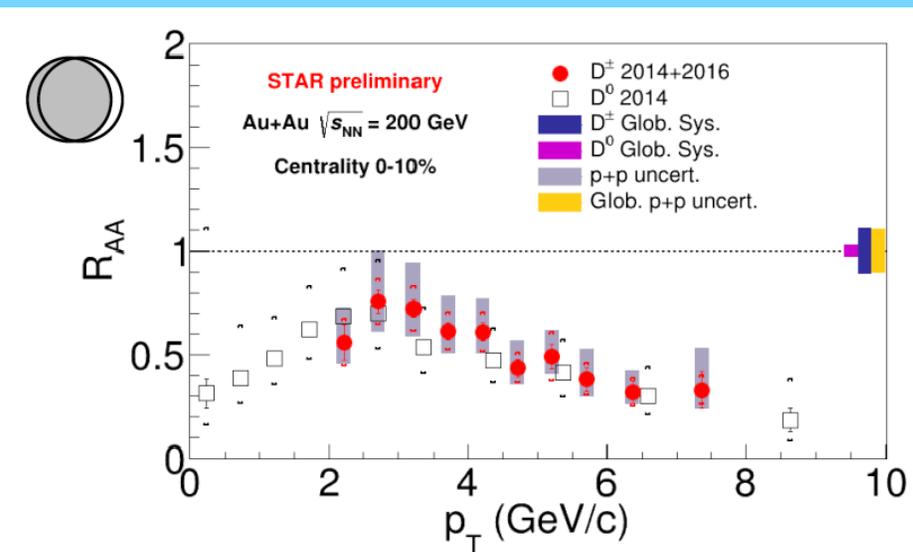
\* The results are qualitatively described by a hydrodynamic model with an initially tilted QGP source and EM field, and the AMPT model



# Charmed hadrons in Au+Au collisions

# STAR (preliminary) Charmed hadrons: $D^{+/-}$ and $D^0$ measurement

J. Vanek et al, STAR Collaboration, QM2022

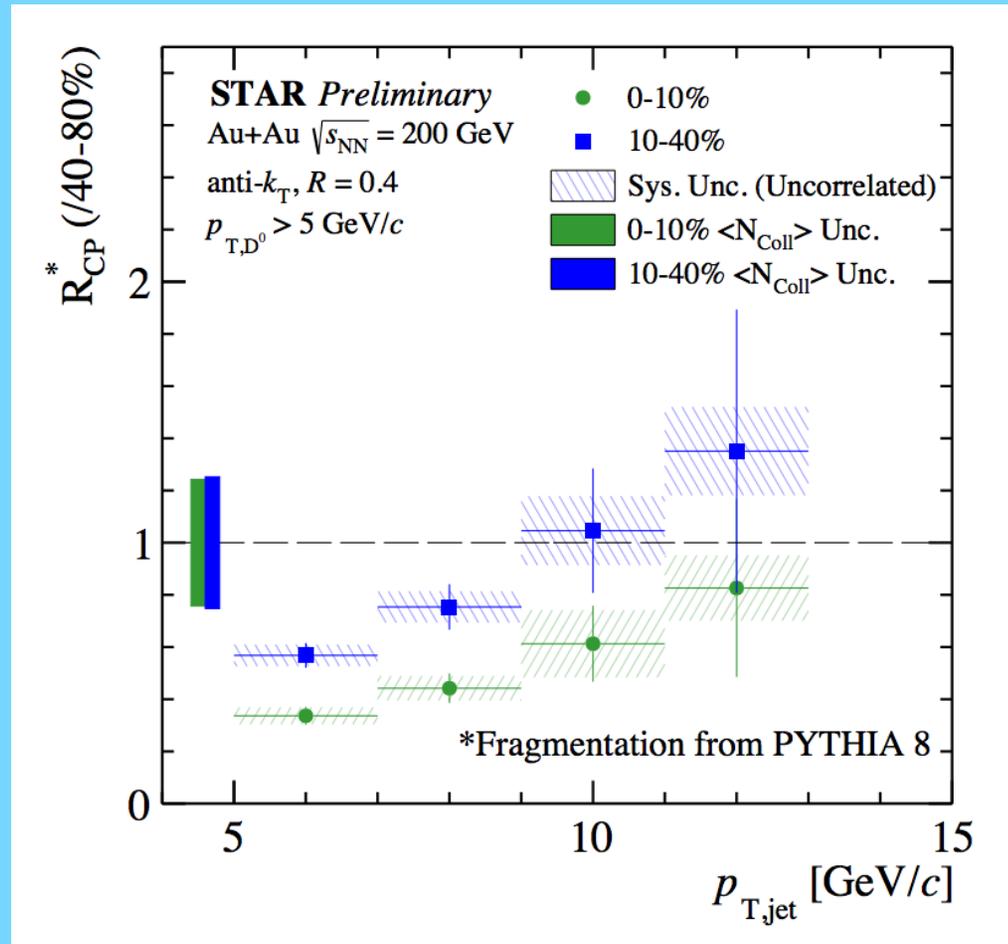


p+p reference (STAR): Phys. Rev. D 86, 072013, (2012)  
 $D^0$  (STAR): Phys. Rev. C 99, 034908, (2019).

Jan Vanek, QM 2022

- \* Centrality dependence of  $R_{AA}$  of  $D^{+/-}$  and  $D^0$  measured
- \*  $R_{AA}$  of  $D^{+/-}$  and  $D^0$  are consistent with each other and suppressed at high  $p_T$  in central (0-10%) Au+Au collisions

# First measurement of D<sub>0</sub>-tagged jets at RHIC



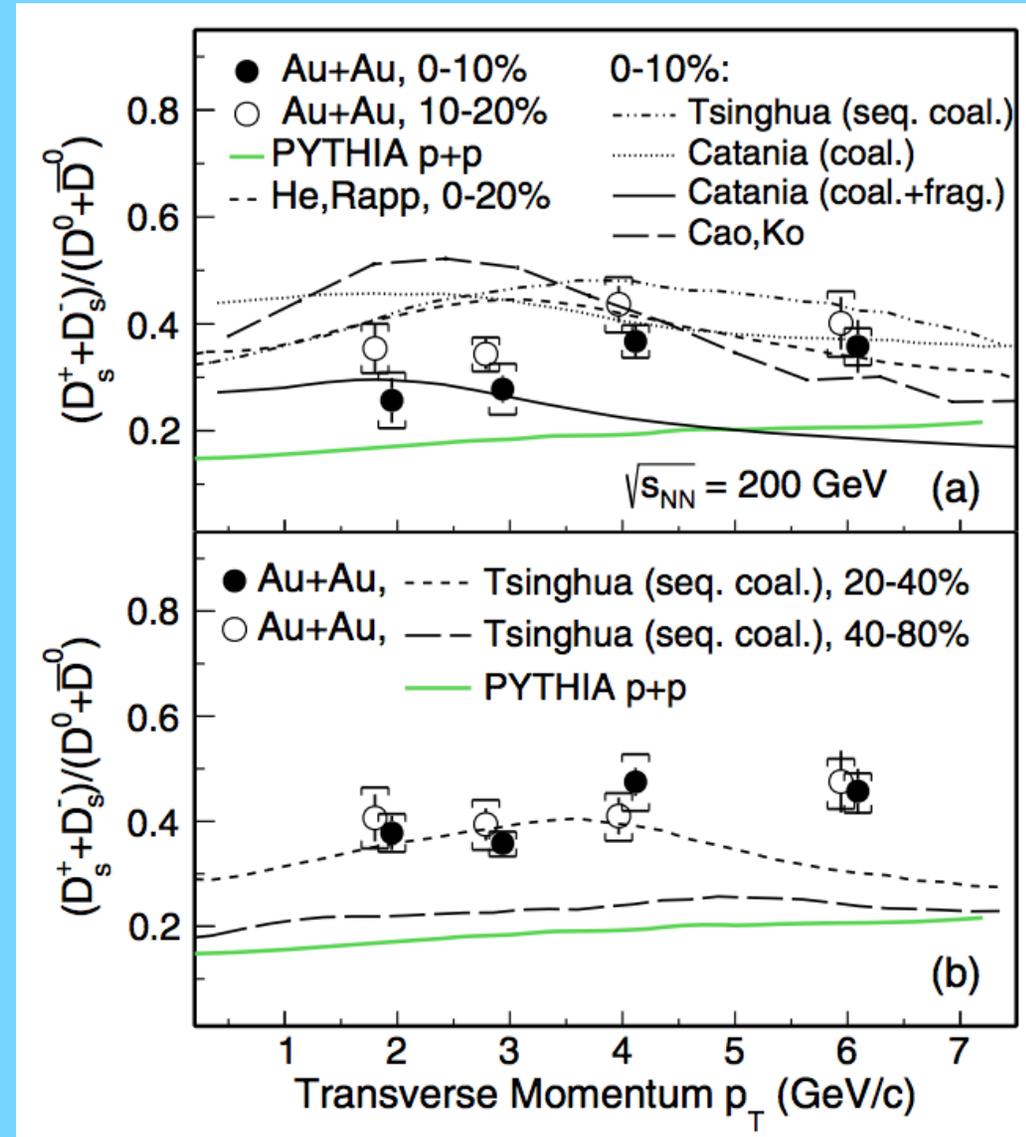
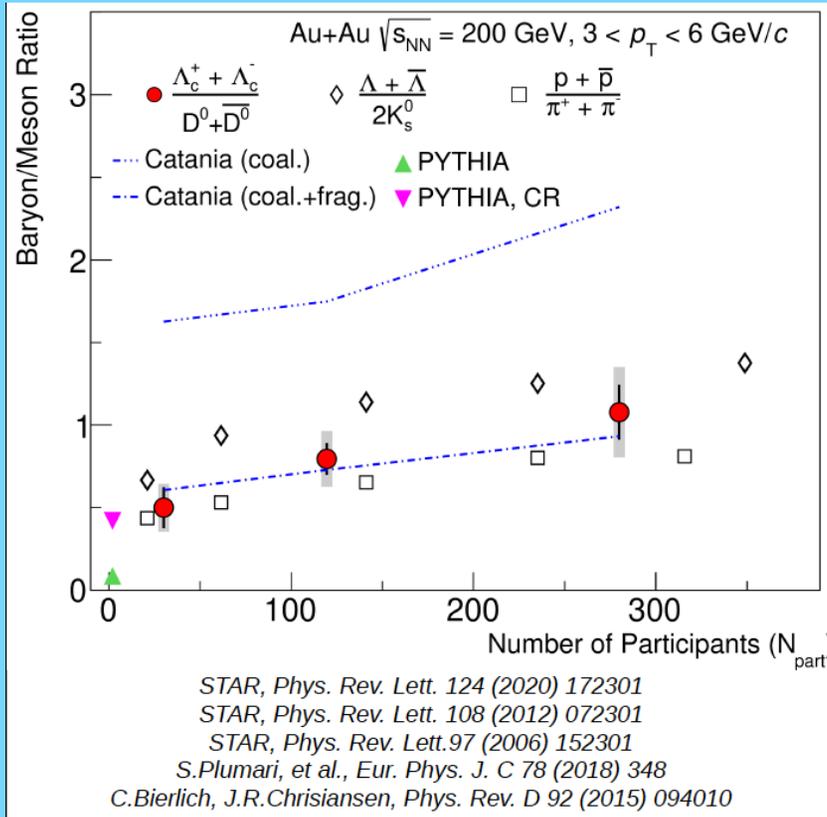
Niida et al, STAR Collaboration, AUM2022

\*  $R_{CP}$  shows suppression at  $p_T < 9$  to 11 GeV for 10-40% and 0-10% respectively

# STAR (2020,2021) First $\Lambda_c$ and $D_s$ measurements

STAR Collaboration, PRL 124 (2020) 17, 172301

STAR Collaboration, Phys. Rev. Lett. 127, (2021), 092301



- \*  $\Lambda_c/D^0$  and  $D_s/D^0$  ratios in 200 GeV Au+Au are higher than PYTHIA
- \* Data are in accordance with models that include coalescence hadronization of charm hadrons

# STAR Total charm cross section

Collision System	Hadron	$d\sigma_{NN}/dy$ [ $\mu\text{b}$ ]
Au+Au at 200 GeV Centrality: 10-40% $0 < p_T < 8$ GeV/c	$D^0$ [1]	$39 \pm 1 \pm 1$
	$D^\pm$	$18 \pm 1 \pm 3^*$
	$D_s$ [2]	$15 \pm 2 \pm 4$
	$\Lambda_c$ [3]	$40 \pm 6 \pm 27^{**}$
	<b>Total</b>	$112 \pm 6 \pm 27$
p+p at 200 GeV [4]	<b>Total</b>	$130 \pm 30 \pm 26$

*D<sup>0</sup> [1] STAR, Phys. Rev. C 99 (2019) 034908*  
*D<sub>s</sub> [2] STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 127 (2021) 092301*  
 *$\Lambda_c$  [3] STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 124 (2020) 172301*  
*p+p [4] STAR, Phys. Rev. D 86 (2012) 072013*

\*  $D^\pm$  data : preliminary

\* Total charm production cross section per binary NN collision in Au+Au collisions, is consistent with that in p+p collisions within uncertainties

# Conclusions and Outlook

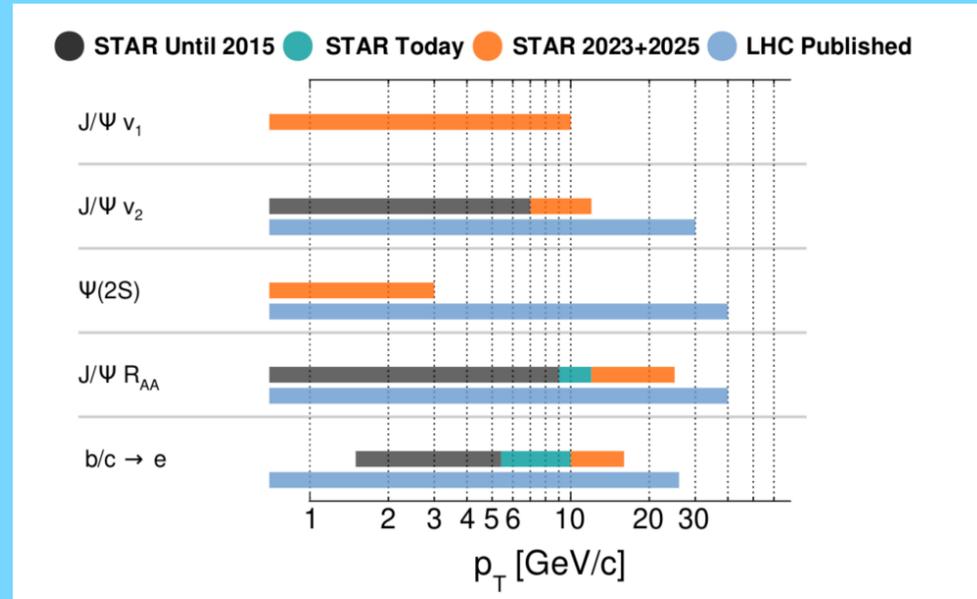
- \* Evidence for mass ordering of bottom and charm (measured via  $b, c \rightarrow e$ ) in Au+Au 200 GeV has been observed at RHIC
- \* Flow results suggest strong interaction of heavy quarks with medium
- \* First measurement of D<sub>0</sub>-tagged jets  $R(AA)$  at RHIC and suppression observed
- \* Total charm production cross section per binary N+N collision measured in Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV is consistent with p+p collisions at 200 GeV within uncertainties

# Outlook

## STAR and PHENIX upcoming run period

sPHENIX BUP2022 [sPH-TRG-2022-001], 24 (& 28) cryo-week scenarios

Year	Species	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ [GeV]	Cryo Weeks	Physics Weeks	Rec. Lum. $ z  < 10$ cm	Samp. Lum. $ z  < 10$ cm
2023	Au+Au	200	24 (28)	9 (13)	3.7 (5.7) nb <sup>-1</sup>	4.5 (6.9) nb <sup>-1</sup>
2024	$p^\dagger p^\dagger$	200	24 (28)	12 (16)	0.3 (0.4) pb <sup>-1</sup> [5 kHz] 4.5 (6.2) pb <sup>-1</sup> [10%-str]	45 (62) pb <sup>-1</sup>
2024	$p^\dagger + Au$	200	-	5	0.003 pb <sup>-1</sup> [5 kHz] 0.01 pb <sup>-1</sup> [10%-str]	0.11 pb <sup>-1</sup>
2025	Au+Au	200	24 (28)	20.5 (24.5)	13 (15) nb <sup>-1</sup>	21 (25) nb <sup>-1</sup>



\* **STAR:** Future data will extend the kinematic range for open heavy flavor hadron measurements via semileptonic decays

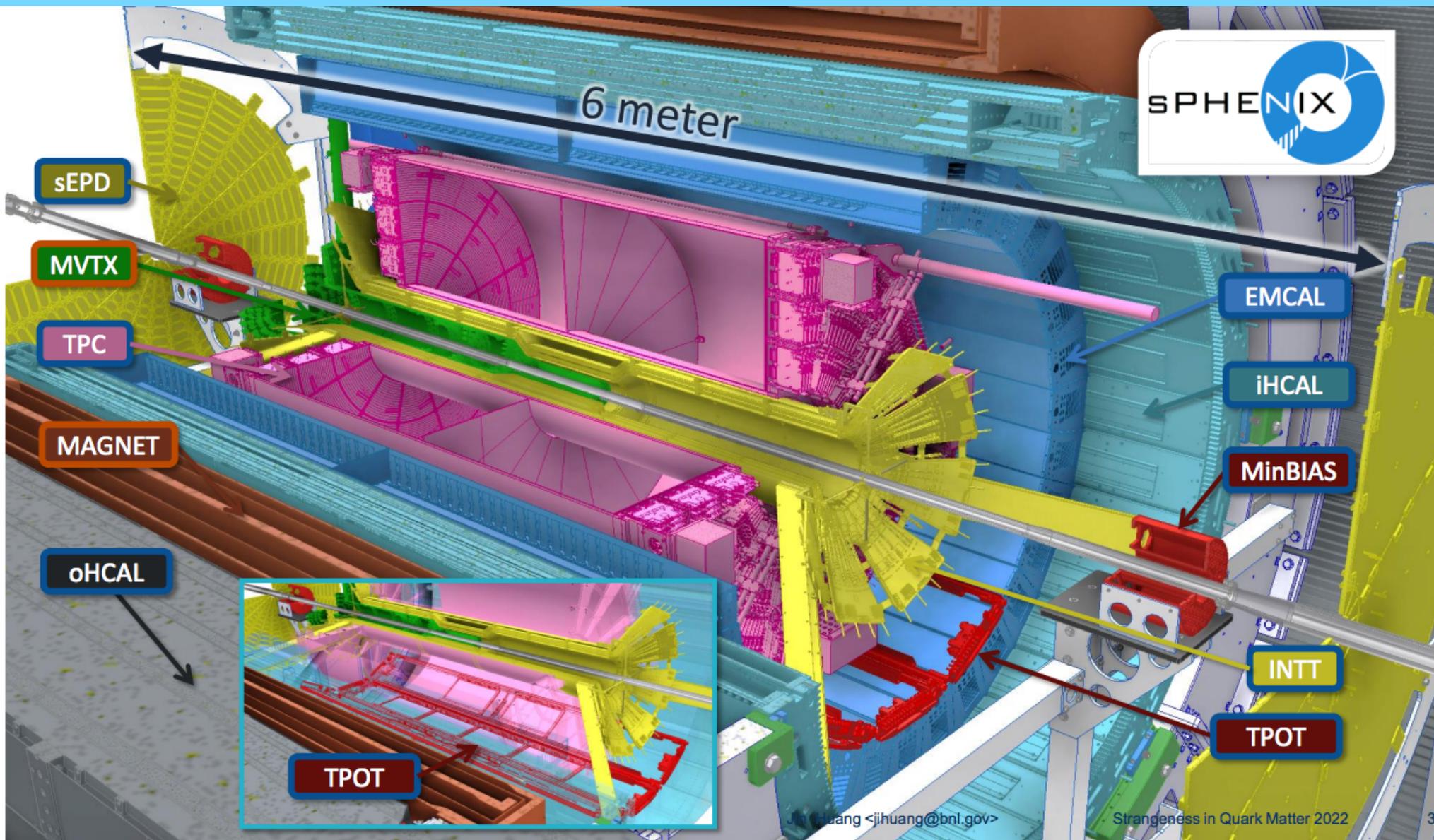
\* **PHENIX:**

Will add to analysis the data Au+Au from 2016

New b and c results from Au+Au and small systems are coming soon

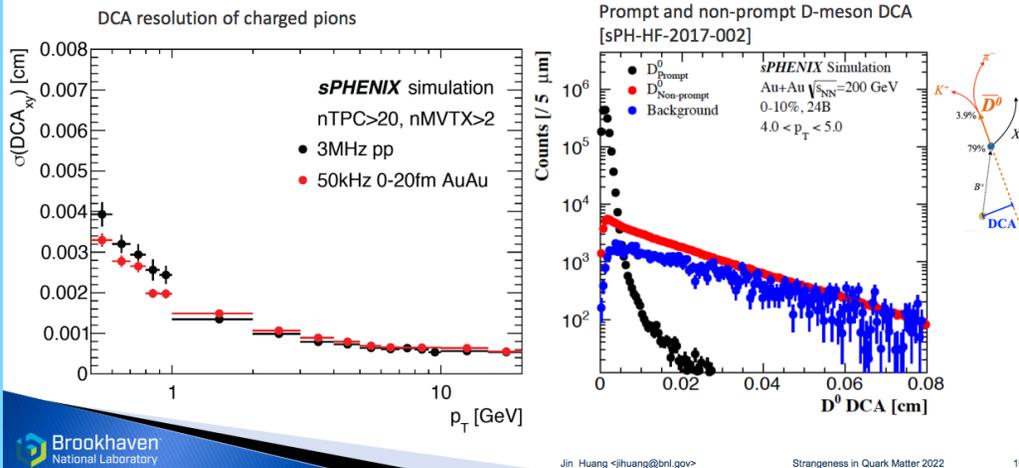
\* **sPHENIX** coming up soon ! (first collision in 2023)

# sPHENIX



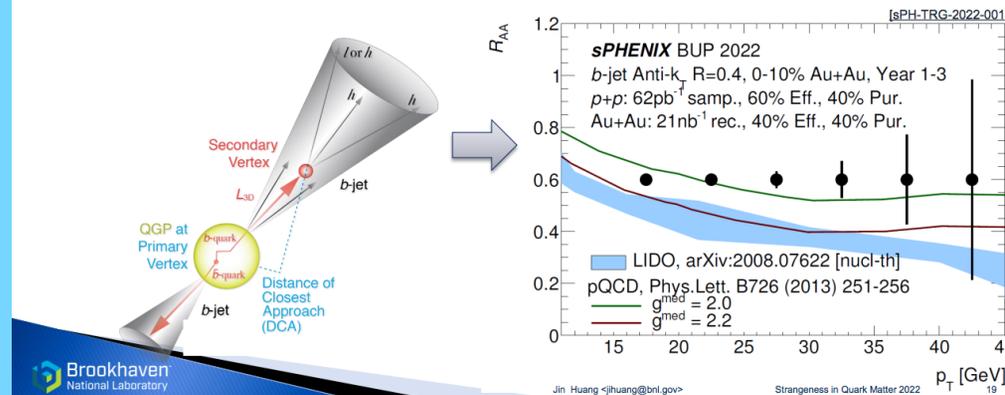
## Exceptional performances expected for open heavy flavor

### Cleanly separate open bottom meson via DCA



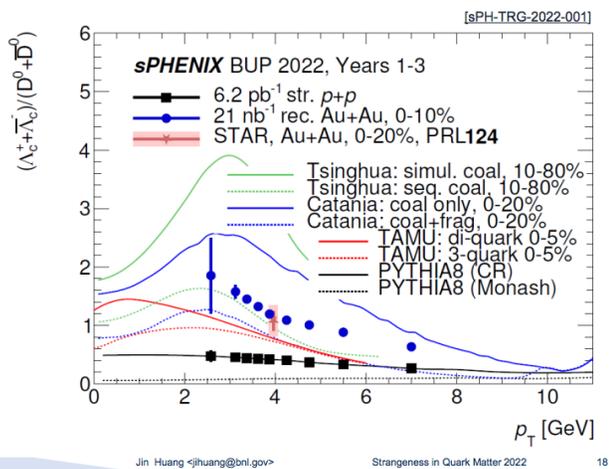
### Higher $p_T$ : bottom quark via b-jet

► New for RHIC, enabled by precision tracking and full calorimetric jet



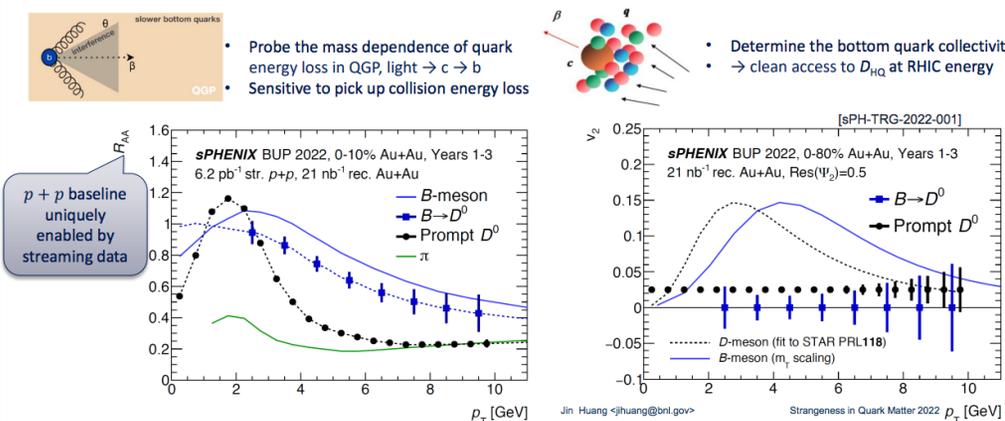
### News from beam use proposal 2020 – hadronization

- STAR and ALICE collaboration reported enhanced charm baryon to meson ratio  $\rightarrow$  challenging hadronization models
- sPHENIX streaming readout will deliver first  $p + p$  measurement at RHIC
- sPHENIX will also map out the  $\Lambda_c/D$  ratio over momentum dependence



### Access b-quark suppression/v2 via non-prompt D

► Bringing high precision non-prompt-D suppression and flow to RHIC



Thank you very much