

# MKB changes: impact on dilution pattern

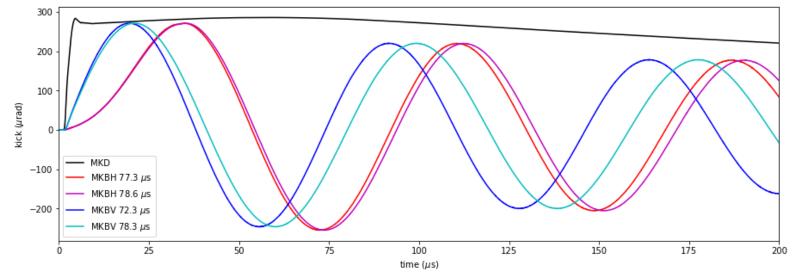
Y. Dutheil, TE-ABT-BTP Machine Protection Panel meeting, April 3<sup>rd</sup> 2020





## MKBs pulse changes

- MKBH change period  $77.3 \rightarrow 78.6 \ \mu s \ (+ 1.7 \ \%)$
- MKBV change period  $72.3 \rightarrow 78.3 \ \mu s \ (+ 8.3 \ \%)$

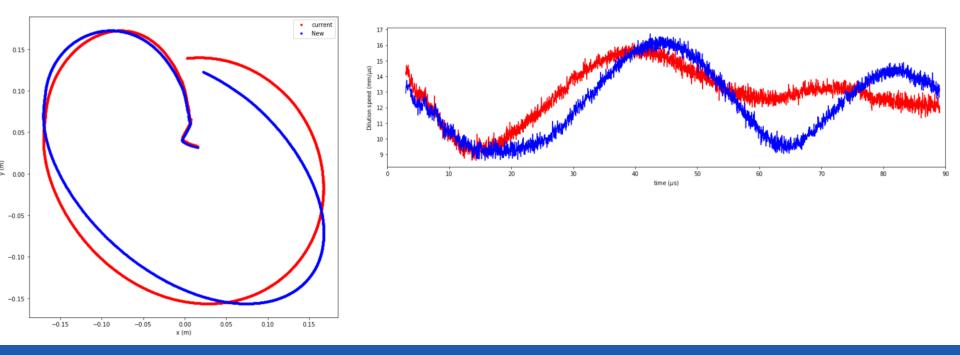


Waveform generated from logged data on 2016-07-22\_17h\_01 and rescaled to match the modified periods Exact waveform and precise period will have to be measured



## Nominal pattern comparison

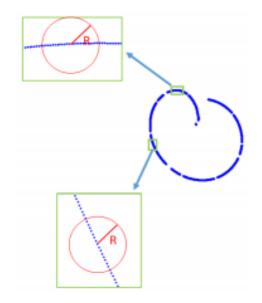
Every bucket outside the abort gap is filled full





## Relative pattern effect calculations

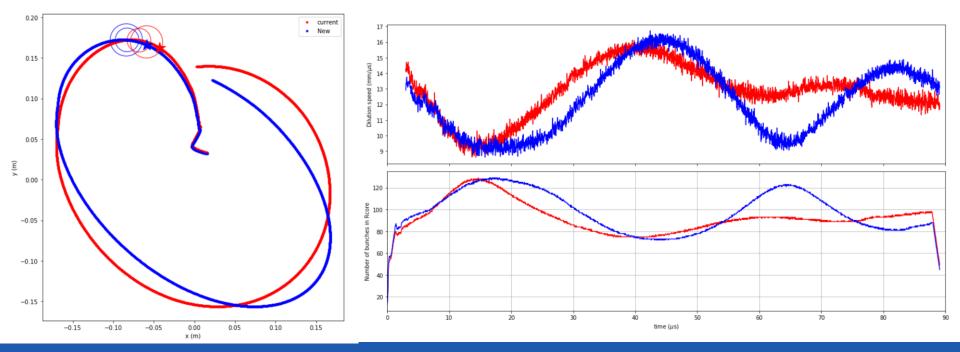
- Work carried in 2018 by L. Richtmann & C. Wiesner
  - L. Richtmann, "Study of failure cases for the LHC dilution system" <u>http://cds.cern.ch/record/2652574?ln=en</u>
  - Showed that the evolution of the maximum density of energy deposited (heating) can be approximated by the number of bunch centres contained in a radius (referred as <u>characteristic</u> <u>radius</u>) of
    - . 1.8 mm for the upstream (US) window
    - . 14.6 mm for the dump core
    - . 19.9 mm for the downstream (DS) window
  - Provided also the tools (python code and notebooks) to produce the results
  - Establish a simple formula to compute the dilution pattern using the total kicks to MKDs, MKBVs and MKBHs and associated maximum error





## Nominal pattern comparison

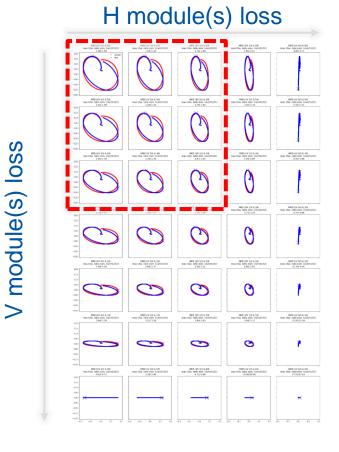
Every bucket outside the abort gap is filled full





### Failure cases, module(s) loss

- Patterns for every cases
  - 4 H & 6 V modules
- Focus on the changes in case of the loss of up to 2H and/or 2V

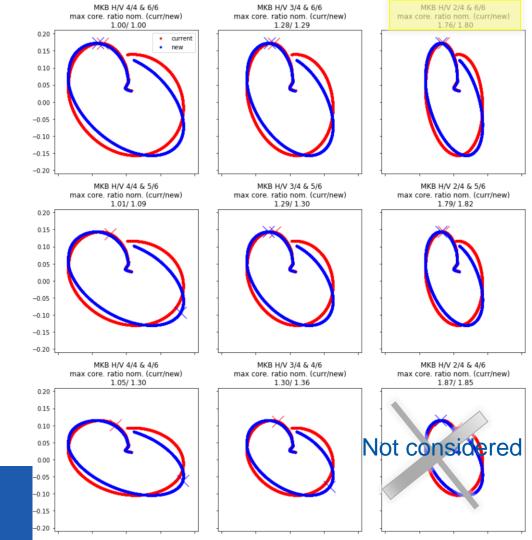


## CERN



## Failure cases, module(s) loss

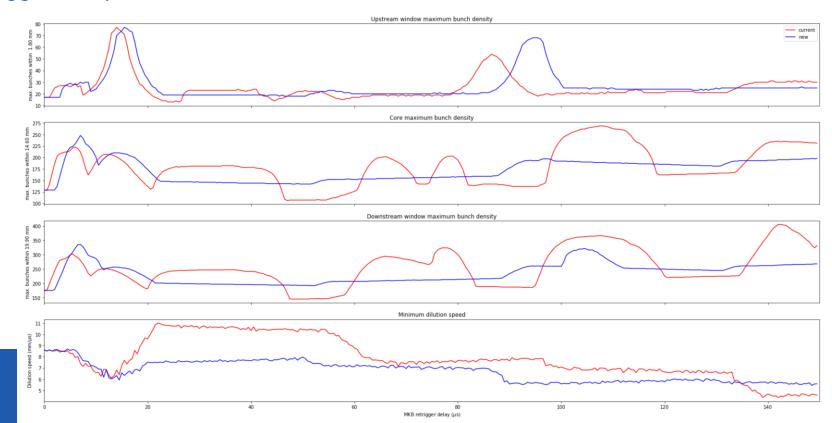
- Cross shows location of highest bunch number within core characteristic radius
- Ratio showed above the pattern, • example of 1 missing H
  - Shows ratio of maximum number of bunches within the characteristic core radius compared to the current pattern without loss of modules
  - 1.28/1.29 means
    - 28% higher max. density for the current with 1H loss than nominal current
    - 28% higher max. density for the <u>new</u> with 1H loss than nominal current
- Worst case is with loss of 2H
  - Going to the new pattern would increase the maximum density on the core from +76% to +80%



03/04/2020

## Re-trigger delay study

Maximum number of bunches within each characteristic radius as a function of the MKD re-trigger delay to MKB



## Conclusion

- Characteristic radii provide a fast but relative evaluation of dump pattern effects
- The changes considered to MKB H and V period
  - small to negligible effect in the horizontal pattern
- Effects on the dump pattern
  - In the nominal case : maximum density reached changes are negligible
  - In the case of loss of modules : very small to negligible increase in the maximum estimated bunch density for the worst-case scenario when 2H modules are lost
  - In the case of MKD retriggering from MKB spurious trigger : overall maximum bunch densities and evolution as a function of re-trigger delay are similar
- Effects on dump patterns, nominal are abnormal, of the MKB period change are acceptable



#### Thank you

