

Search for production of a Higgs boson and a single top quark in multilepton final states at 13 TeV

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ATLAS
IFIC VALENCIA



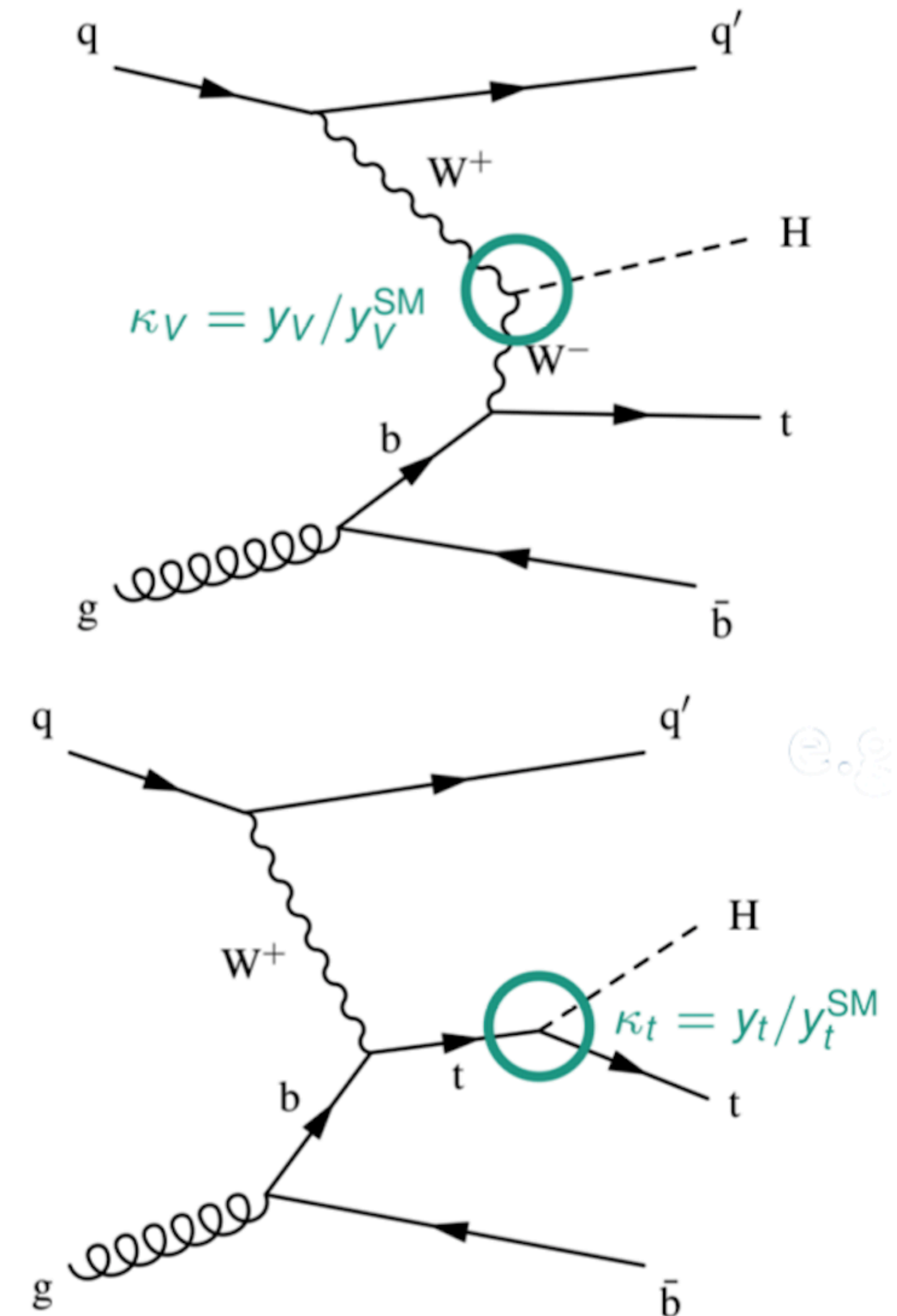
Introduction

- Current luminosity and centre-of-mass energy at LHC motivate the search for rare SM single top-quark processes, such as the production of a single top quark in association with a Higgs boson (tHq)
- Challenging process

$$\sigma(tHq) \approx 74 \text{ fb } \text{arXiv:1610.07922}$$

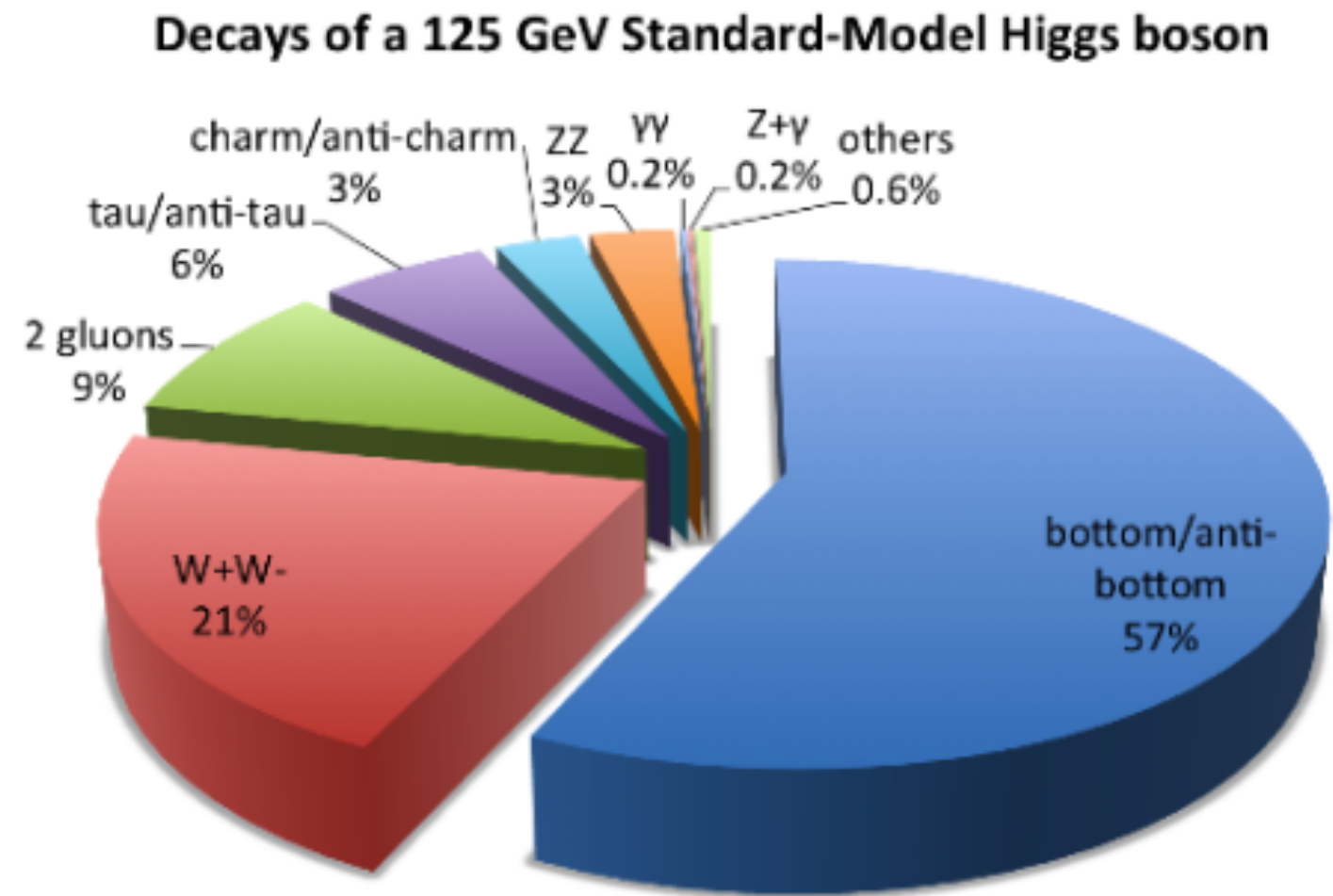
$$\sigma(tH) \text{ is 7 times smaller than } \sigma(ttH)$$

- A deviation from the SM prediction could be an indication of new physics.
- Test the SM accuracy and presence the new physics
- Final state: Higgs boson + top quark + forward light jet + b-jet.



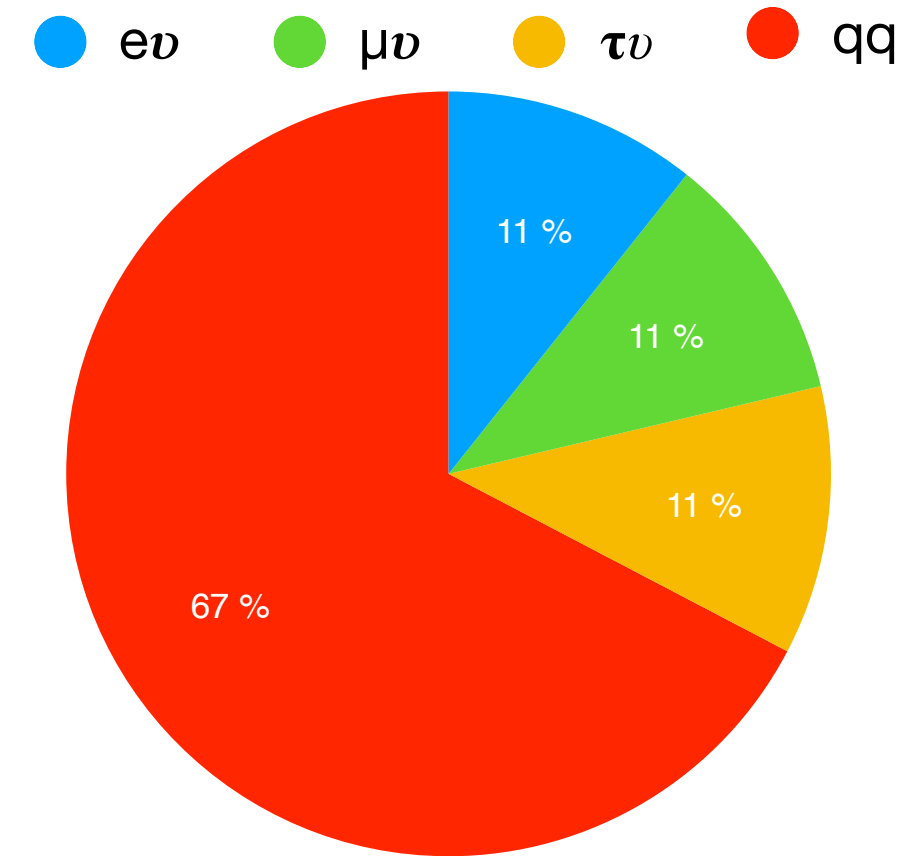
Introduction

- Higgs decay channels:



- Top decay channels:

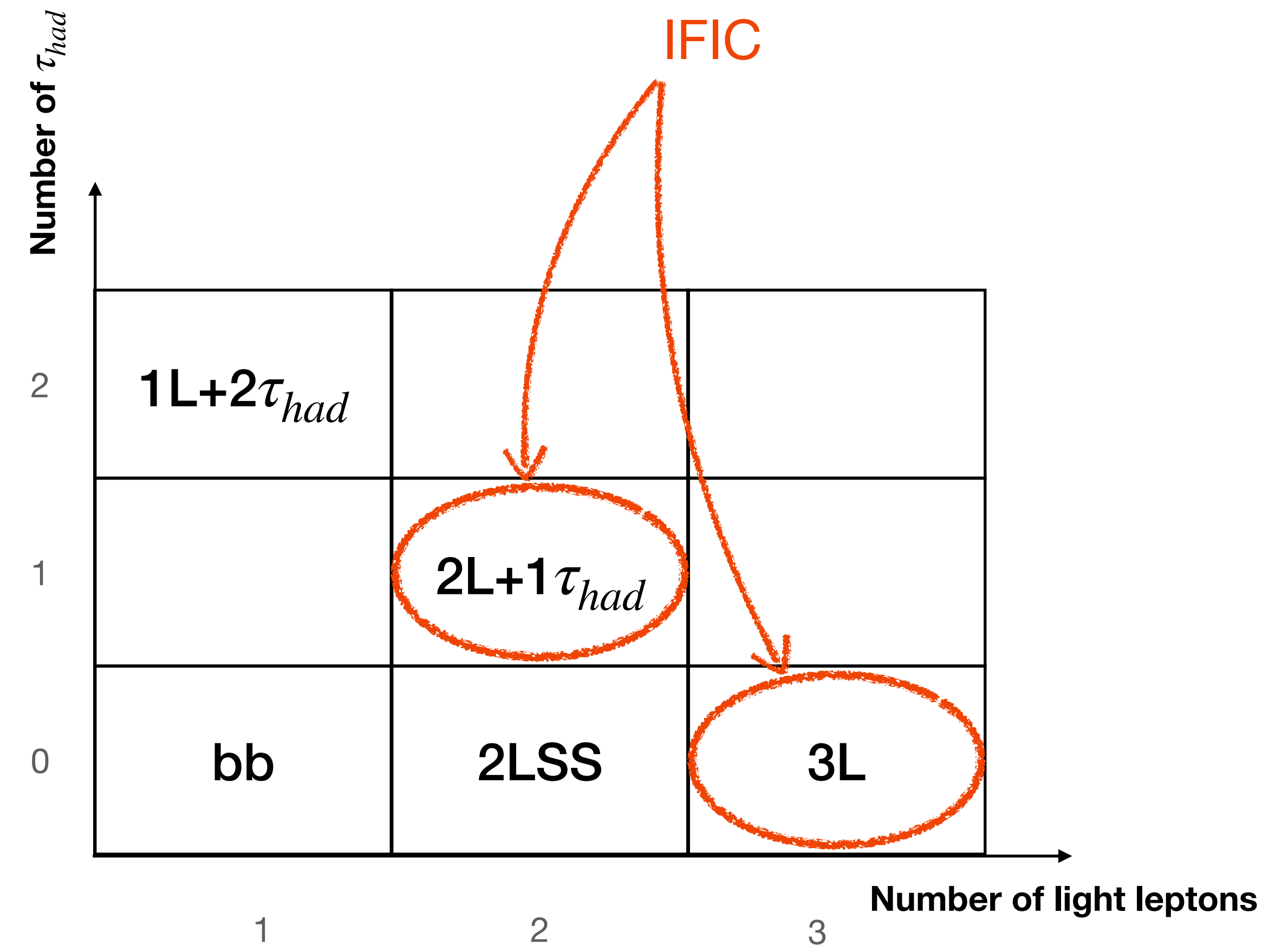
- $t \rightarrow Wb$



- Channels split according to multiplicity of final state leptons

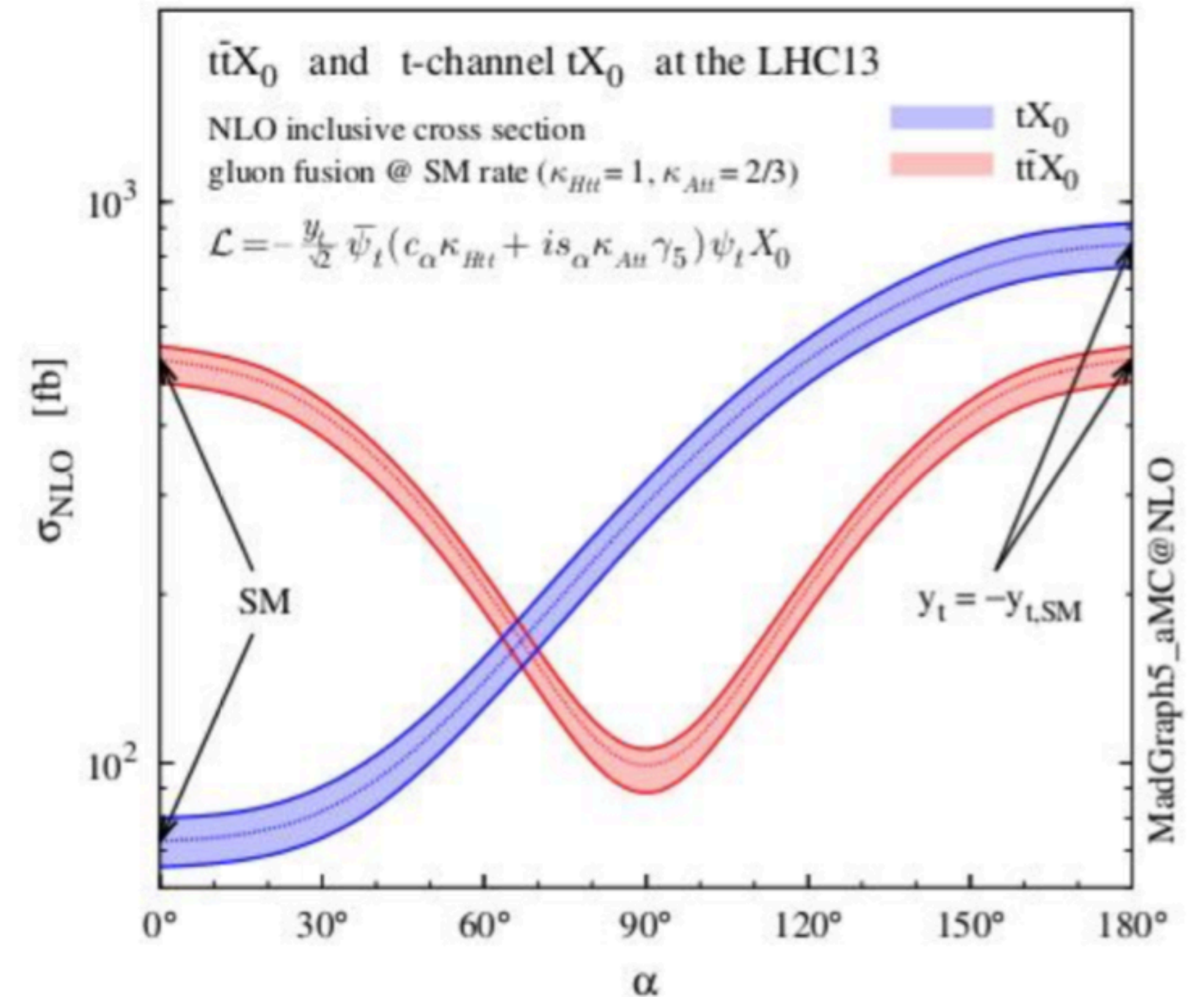
- Channels considered:

- $H \rightarrow bb$
- $H \rightarrow WW^*/ZZ^*$ (multilepton)
- $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (τ_{had} or τ_{lep})



Motivations

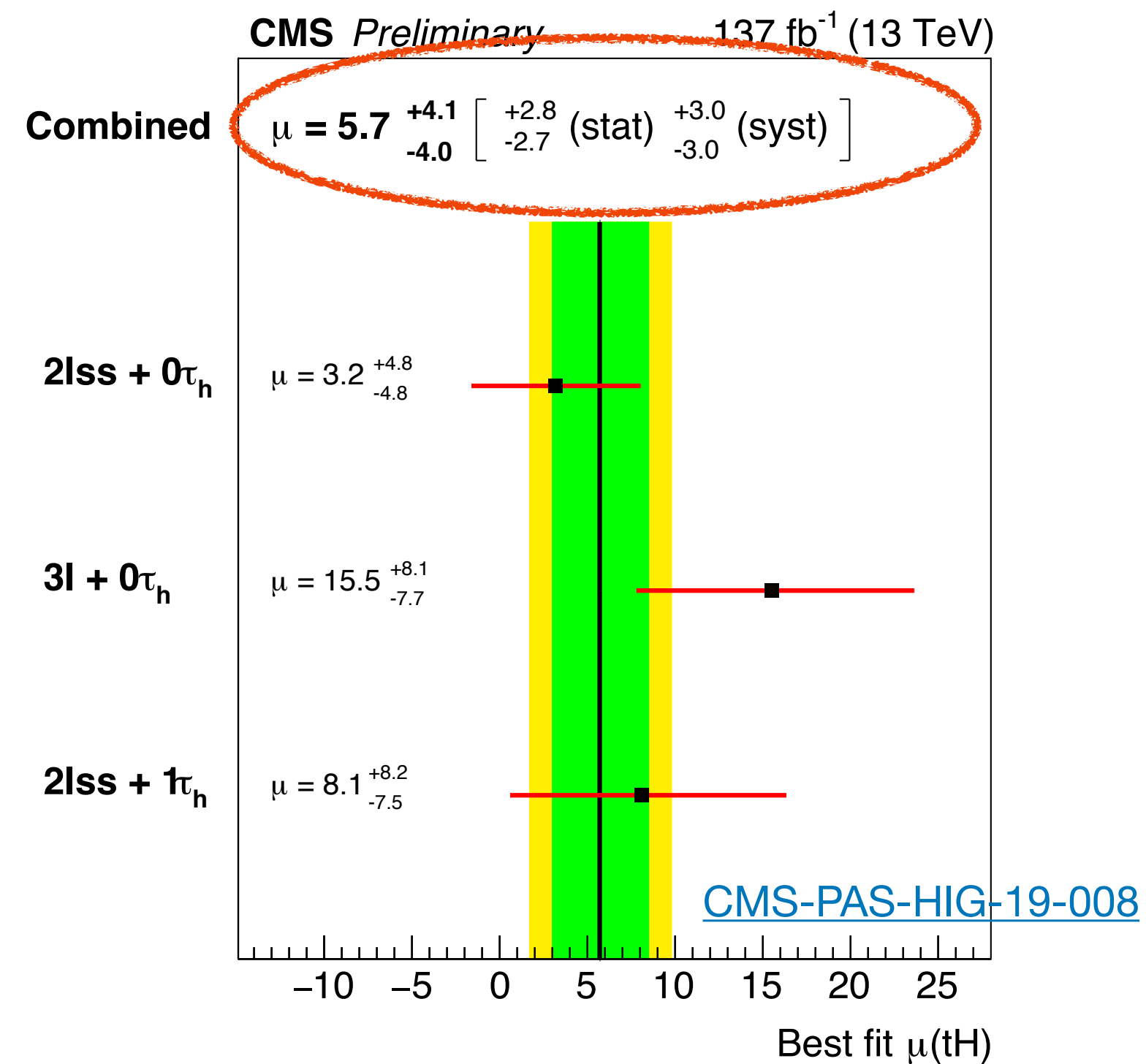
- tHq vertex is sensitive to the magnitude and the sign of Higgs-top-Yukawa coupling (y_t)
- Standard Model: $y_t = 1 \rightarrow \sigma_{SM}(tH) \approx 74 \text{ fb}$
- Inverted coupling: $y_t = -1 \rightarrow \sigma(tH) \approx 10 \times \sigma_{SM}(tH)$
 - Current limit [CMS-PAS-HIG-19-008](#):
 $-0.7 < y_t < -0.9$ or $0.7 < y_t < 1.1$ (@ 95 % CL)
- ATLAS goals at 139 fb^{-1} :
 - Search for production of tHq process:
 - Improve current cross-section production limit (μ_{tH})
 - Possible: Exclusion of inverted hypothesis $y_t = -1$



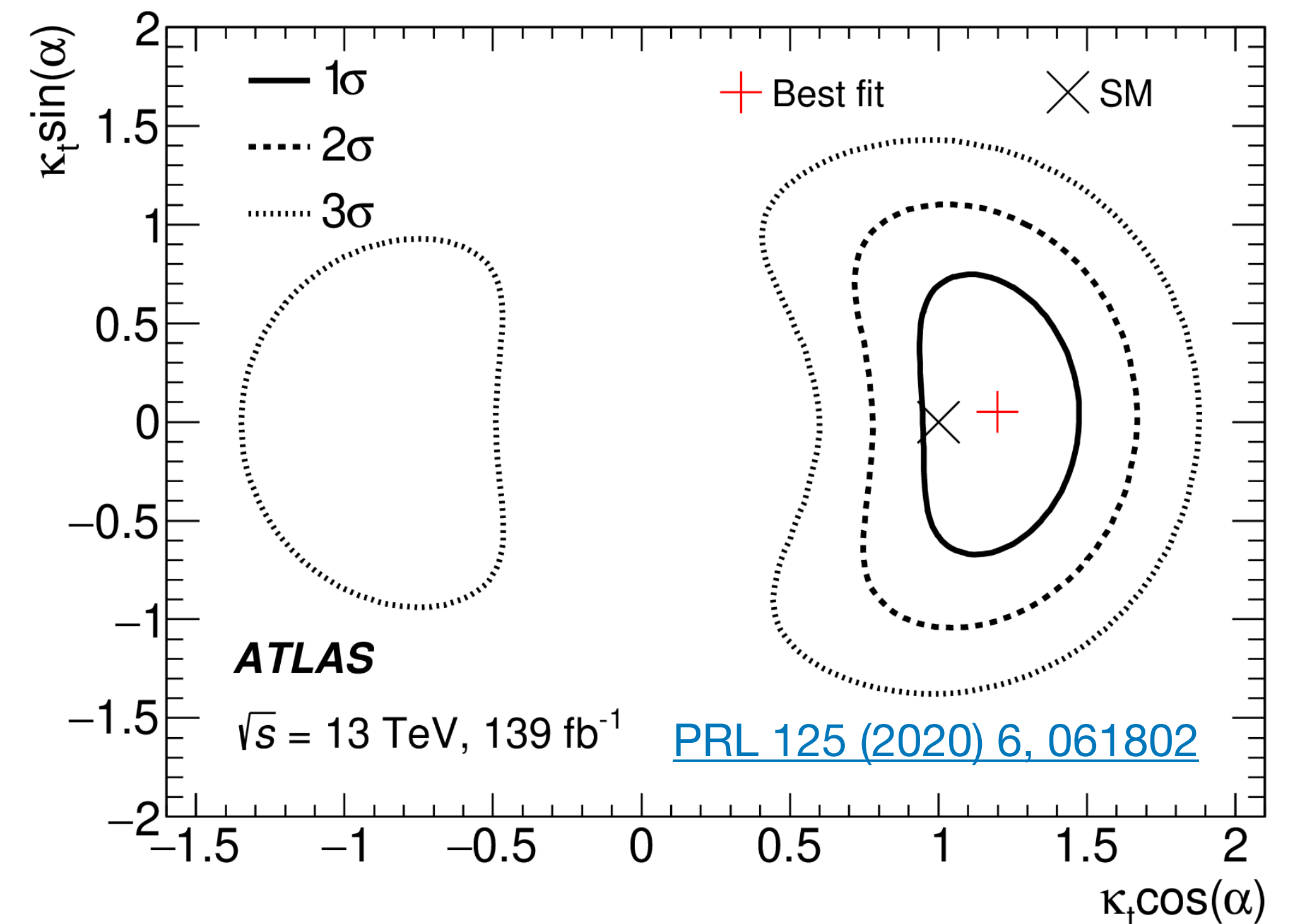
[1] [arXiv:1504.00611](#)

Benchmarks

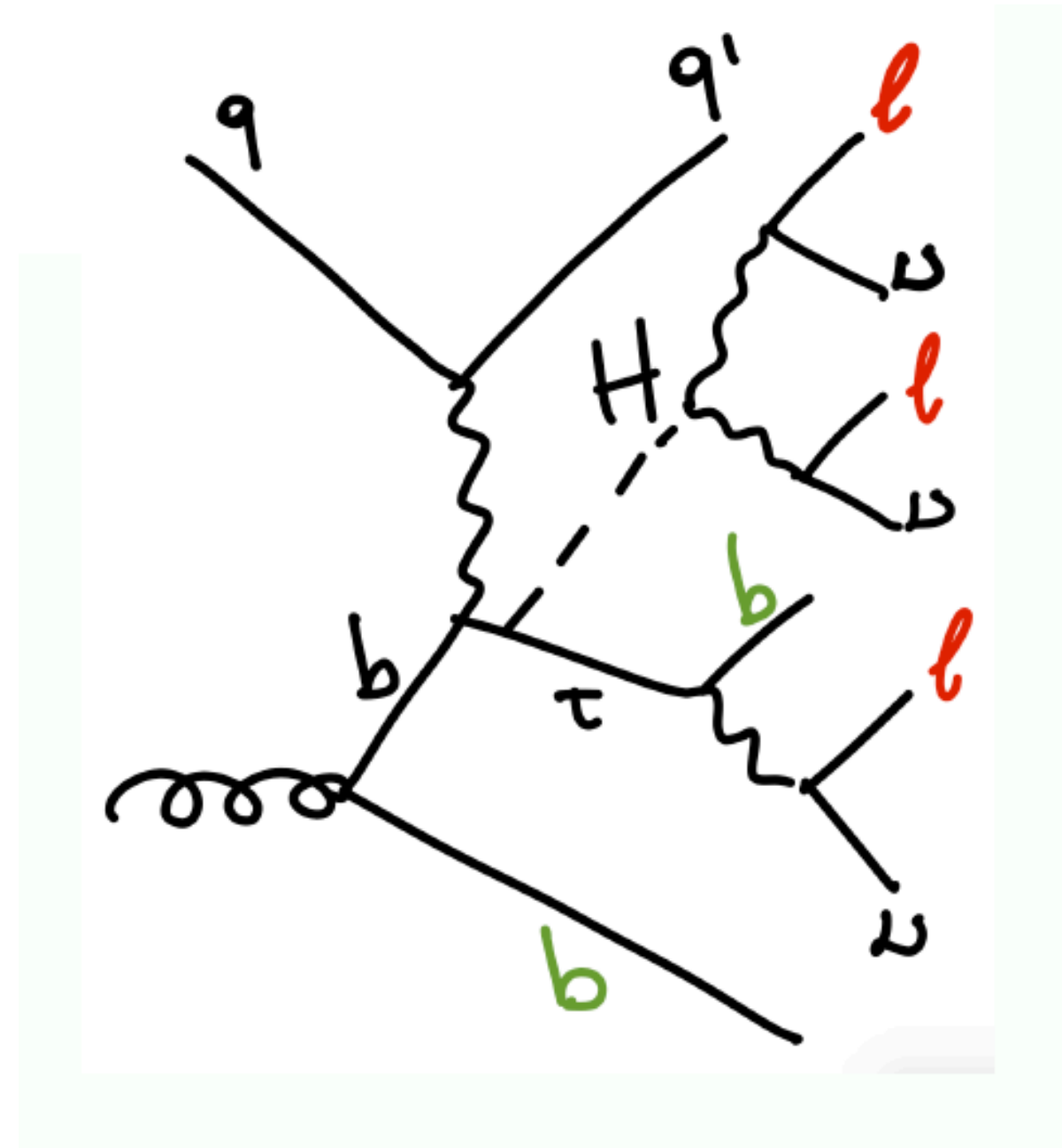
- Latest results from CMS:
 - ttH / tH multilepton (137 fb^{-1}) [CMS-PAS-HIG-19-008](#)
 - $-0.7 < y_t < -0.9$ or $0.7 < y_t < 1.1$ (@ 95 % CL)
 - tH (36 fb^{-1}) [CMS PAS HIG-18-009](#):
 - $\sigma(tH) < 14 \times \sigma_{SM}(tH)$ (@ 95% CL)



- Latest results from ATLAS
 - $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (139 fb^{-1}) [ATLAS-CONF-2020-026](#)
 - $\sigma(tH) < 8 \times \sigma_{SM}(tH)$ (@ 95% CL)
 - ttH/ tH (139 fb^{-1}) [PRL 125 \(2020\) 6, 061802](#)
 - $\sigma(tH) < 12 \times \sigma_{SM}(tH)$ (@ 95% CL)



- The tHq process has not yet been observed and only the upper limits are set



- Preselection (topology based):

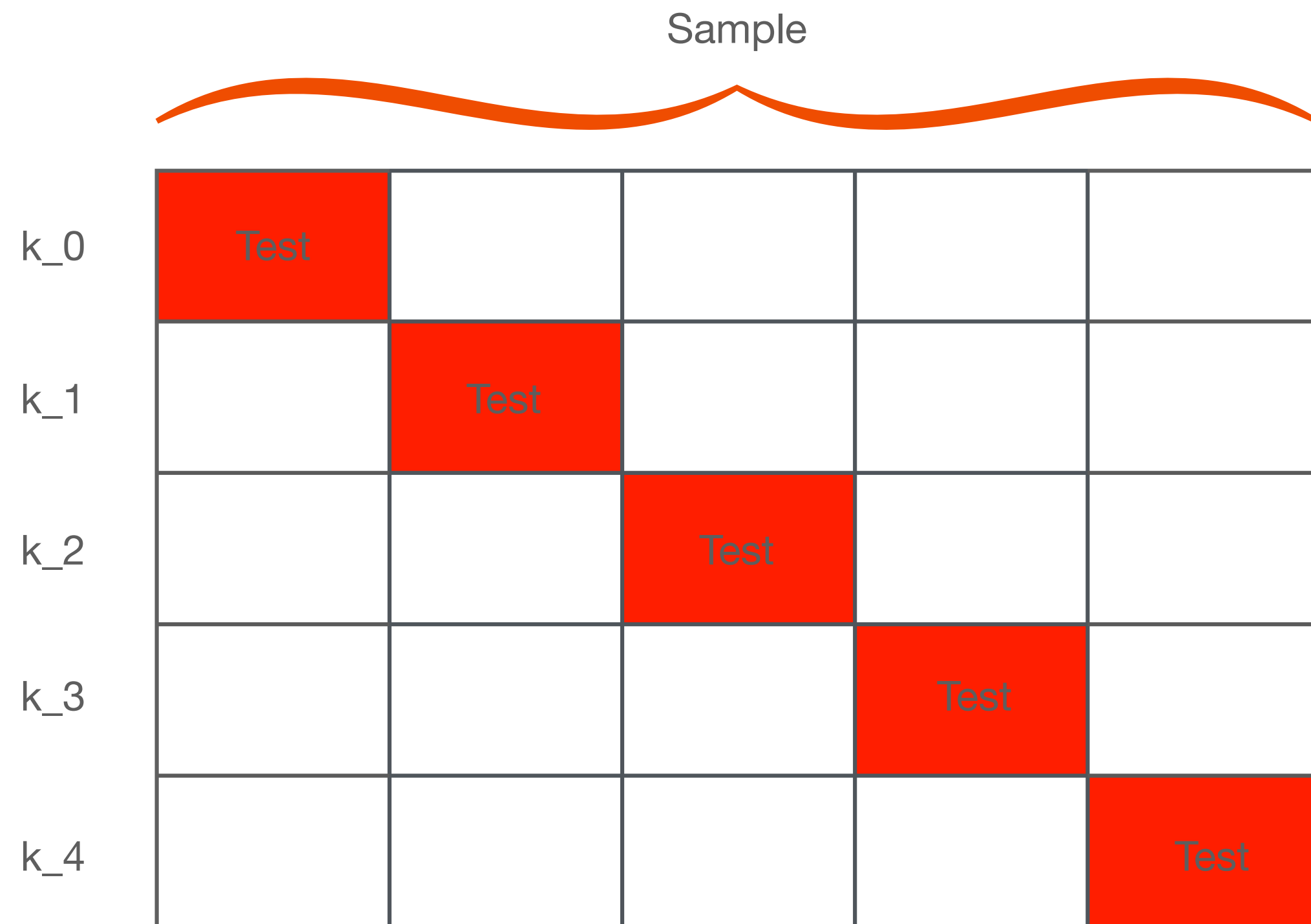
- Exactly 3 light lepton (e / μ) and 0 τ_{had}
 - Ordered by pt : $pt > 27/20/10$ GeV
- Total lepton charge = ± 1
- Number of jets = 0 - 6
 - Jet pt : $pt > 20$ GeV
- Number of Bjets = 0 - 4

- Analysis strategy:

- Study event signature (reconstruction information) to discriminate signal from SM background
- Explore advance MVA techniques:
 - K-folding (cross-validation / increase statistic)
 - BDT from XGBoost package employed
 - Define features for BDT
 - Study the impact of negative weights
 - Optimize features and hyperparameters
 - Define several BDT for different processes
- Define signal, control and validation regions
- Lepton fake studies
 - Probing variables which are discriminant on the origin of misidentify leptons
- Fit strategy

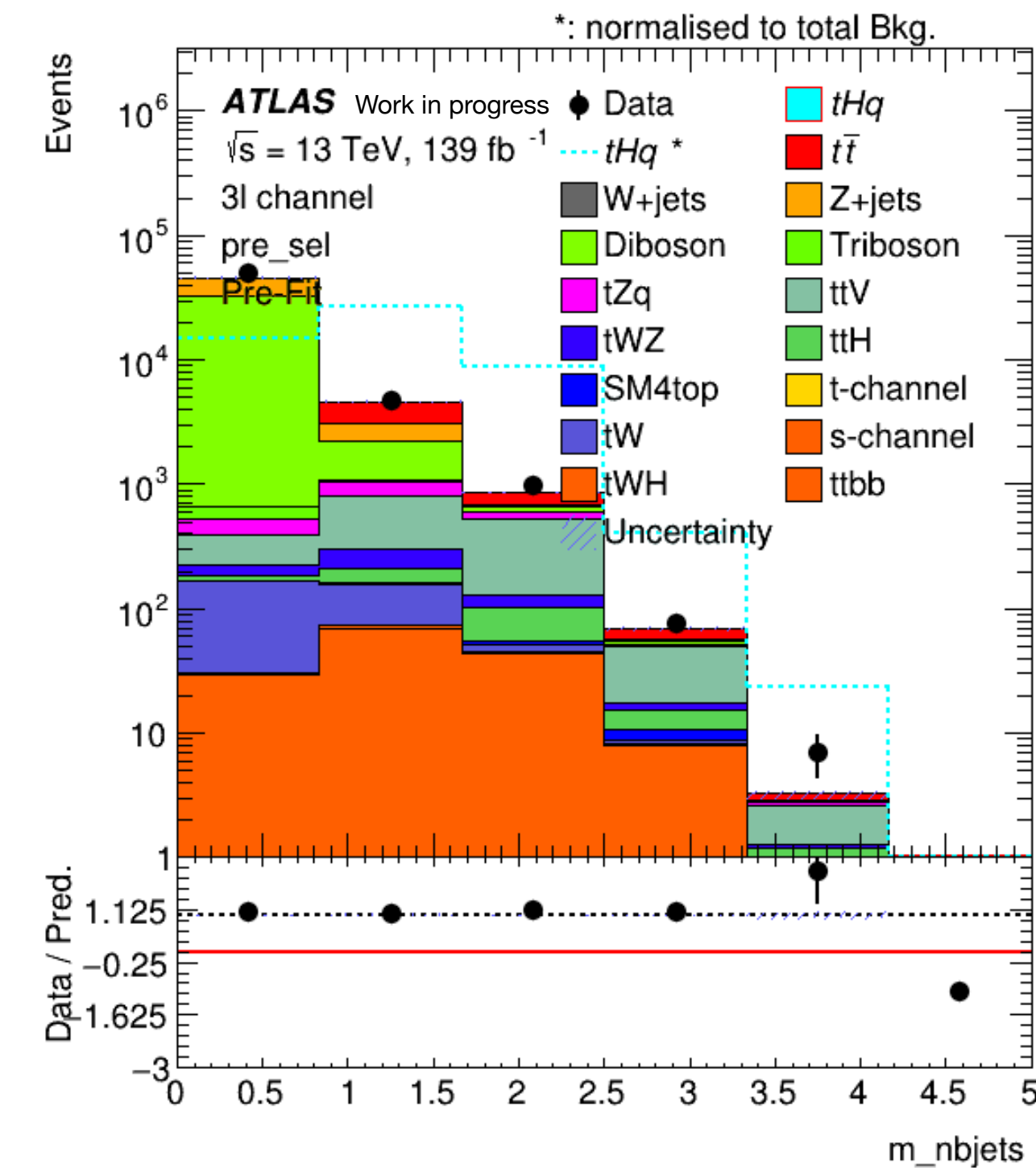
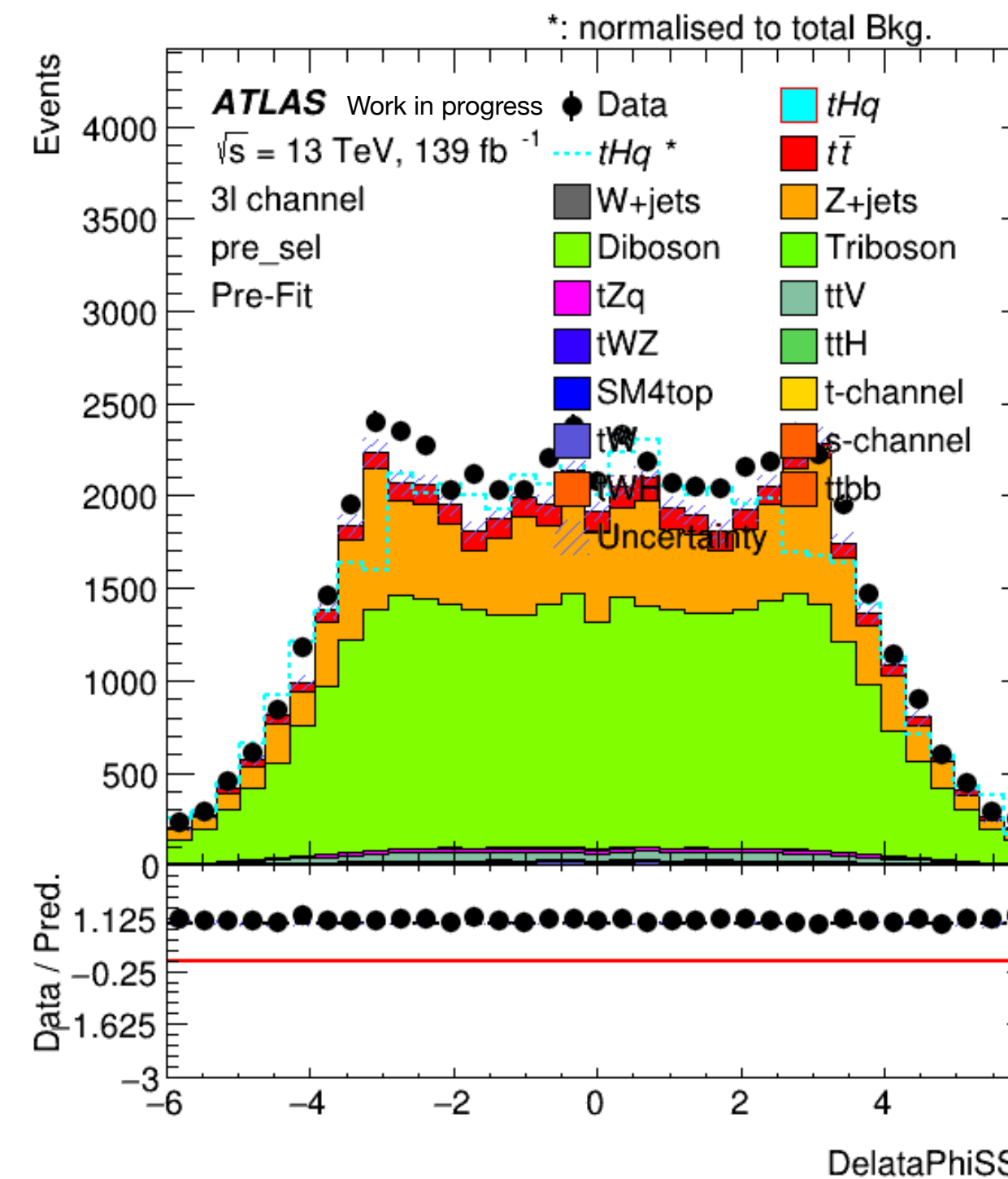
3L channel

- K folding:
 - Shuffle the events randomly
 - Split the sample in k groups
 - Use 1 group for testing and the others for training the BDT
 - Retain the predictions and discard the model



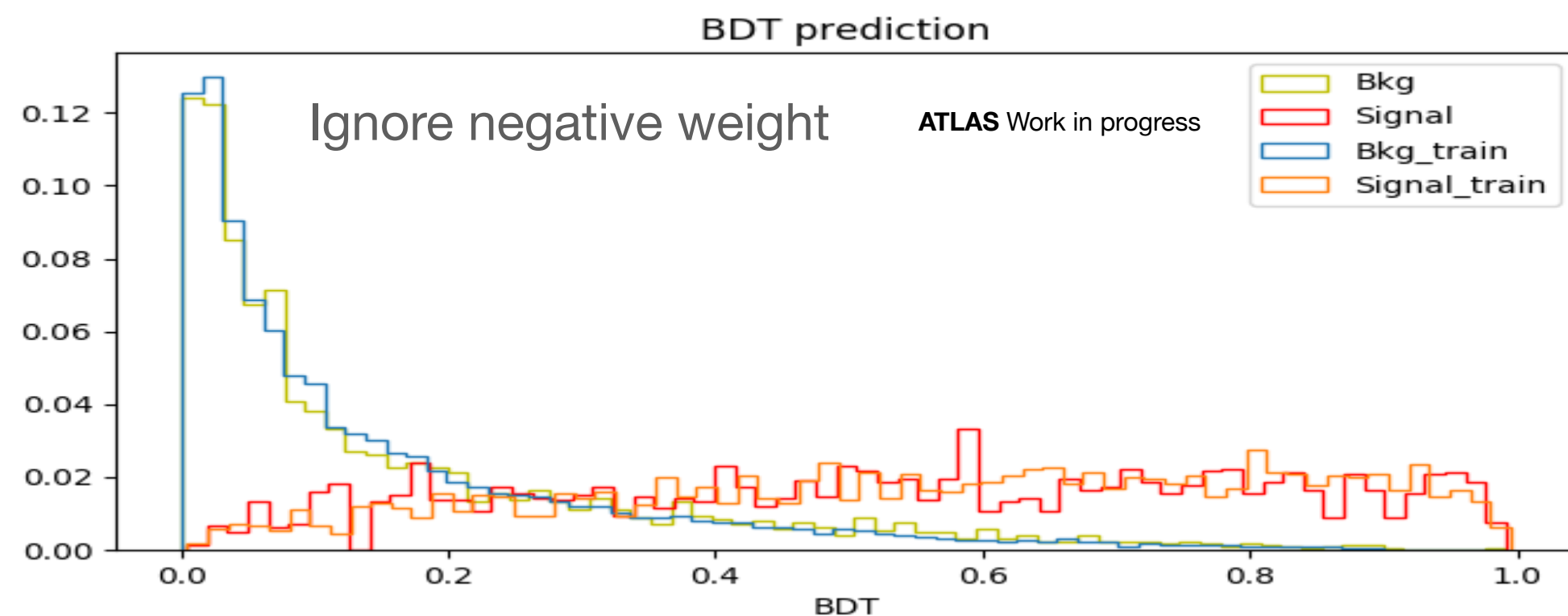
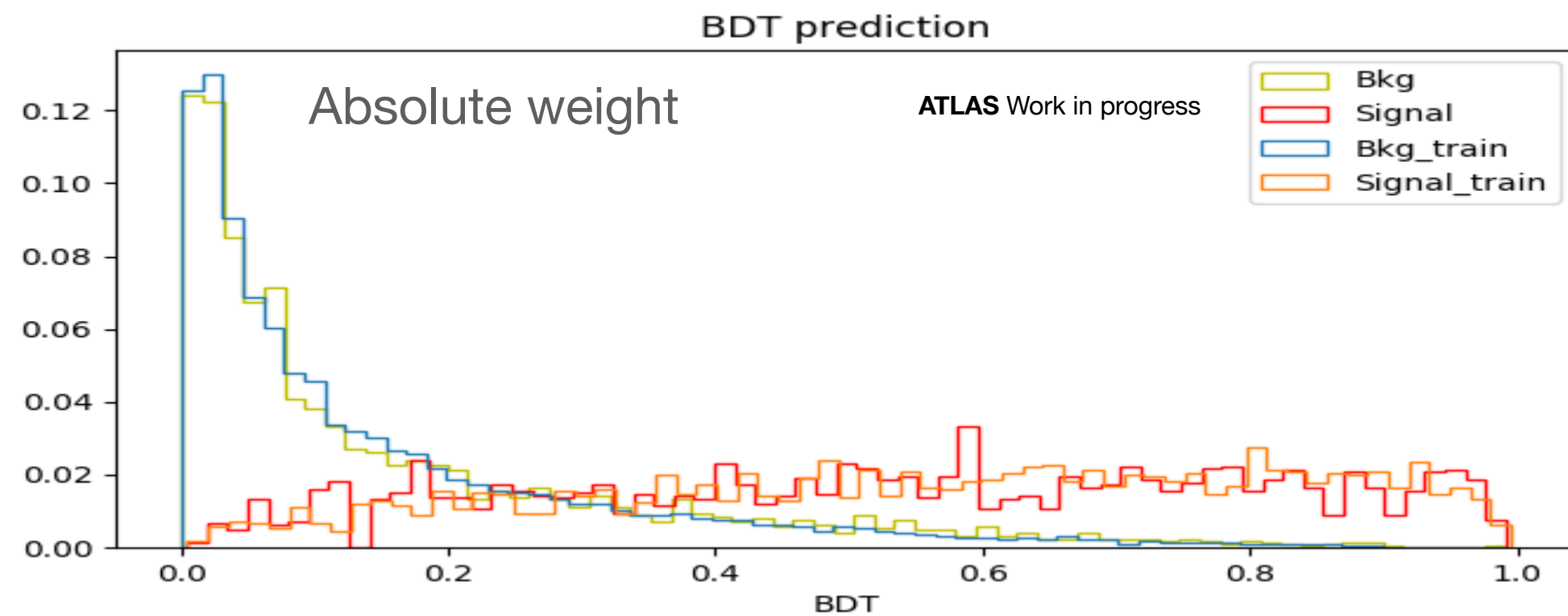
- Features for BDT
 - Explore the most discriminant variables:
 - At this moment, 37 variables as input for the BDT

Preselection region

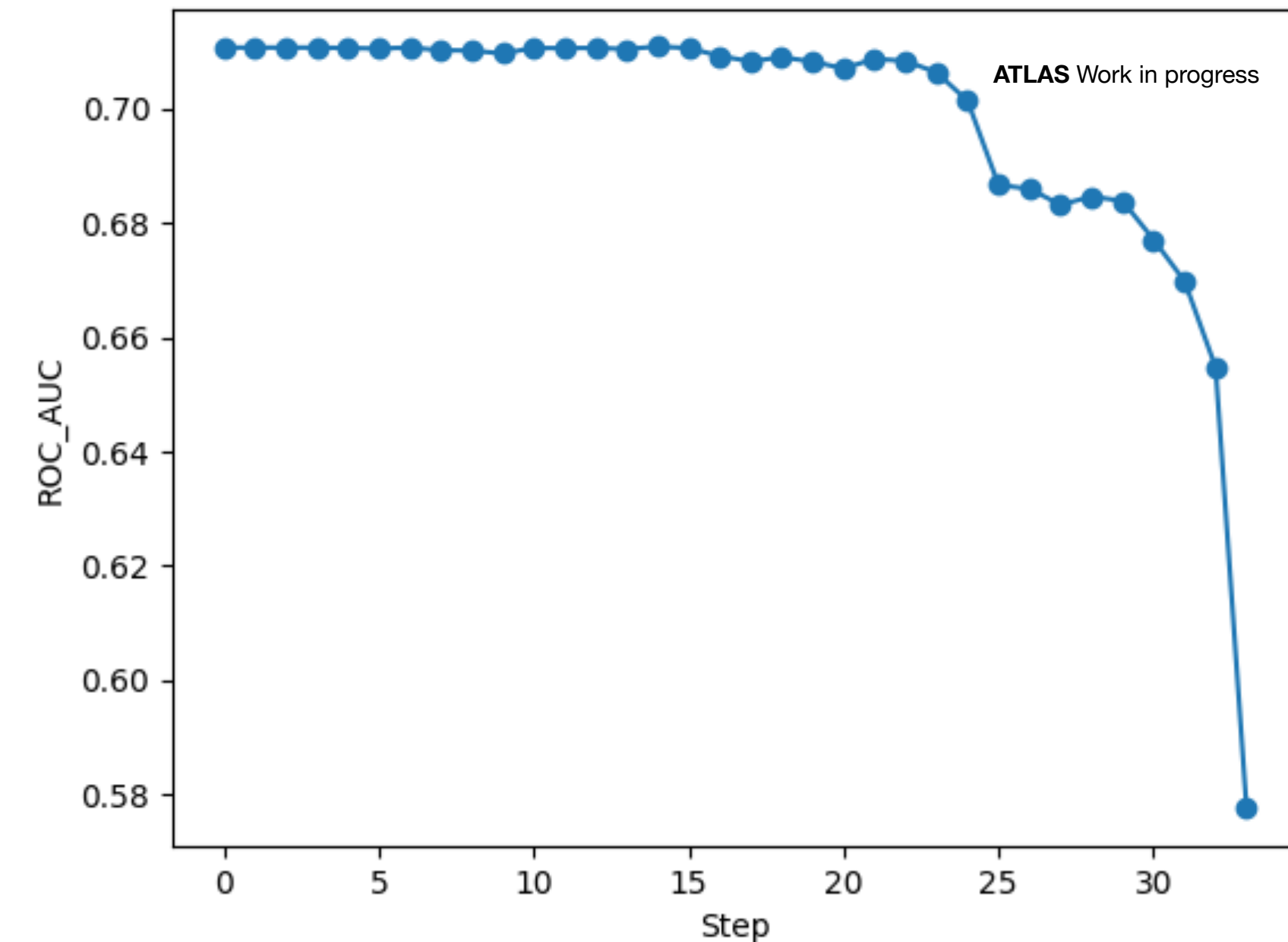


3L channel

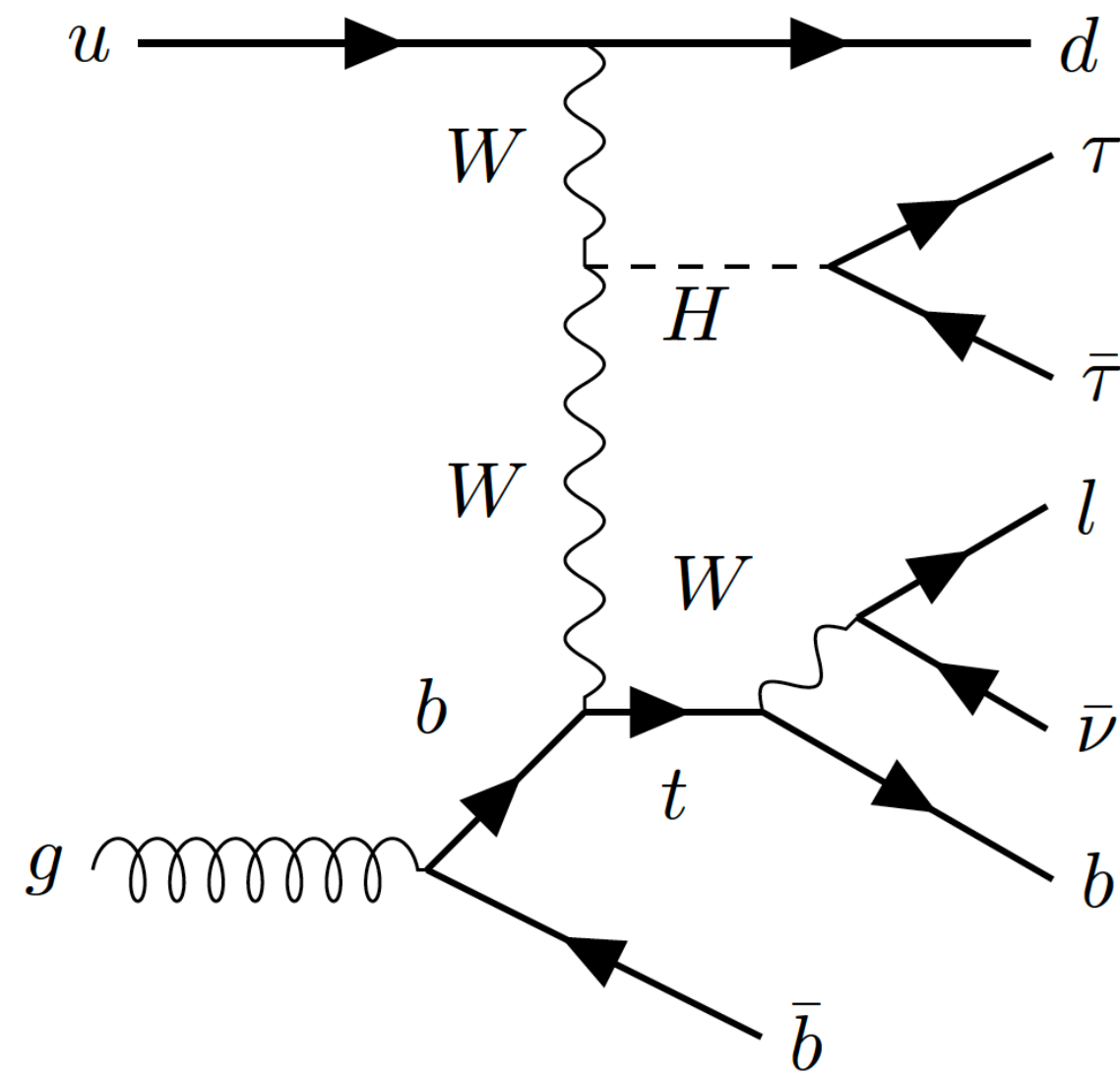
- Study the impact of negative weights :
 - 35% of negative weight in the signal sample (NLO)
 - Study several approaches
 - Negligible performance differences



- Features optimization
 - Rank the features for the BDT
 - Remove the last feature and restart the BDT
 - Several skills could be measured to check the goodness of the performance



$2L+1\tau_{had}$ channel



- Preselection:

- Exactly 2 light leptons (e / μ) and $1\tau_{had}$
- Absolute value of total charge $< \pm 1$
- Number of jets = 0 - 6

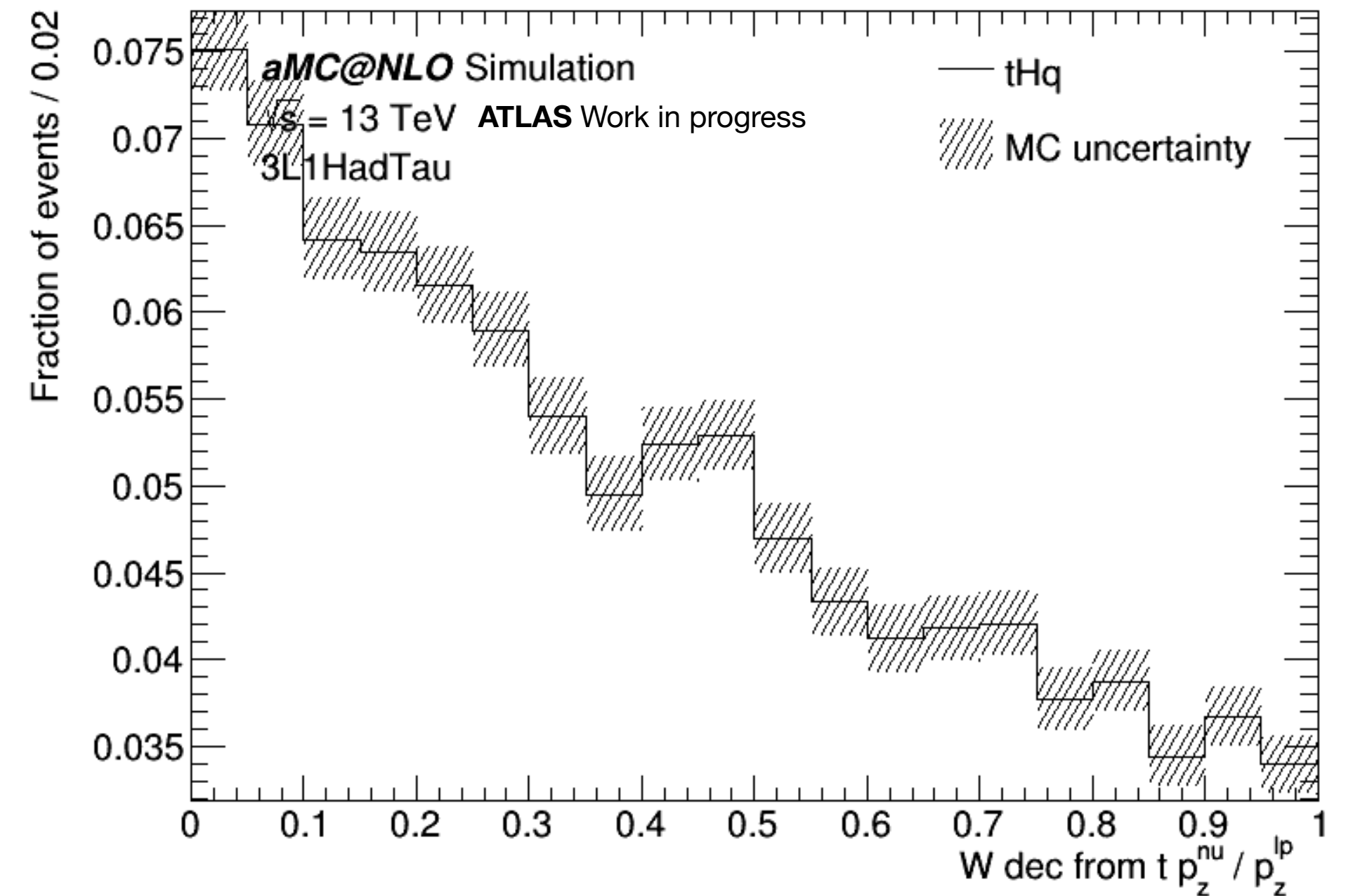
- Analysis strategy:

- Study event reconstruction information to discriminate signal from SM background
- Reconstruction of the tHq with τ_{had} :
 - Top reconstruction
 - Higgs reconstruction:
 - Collinear approximation
 - Missing mass calculator (MMC)
 - Kinematic Likelihood Fitter
 - Recursive Jigsaw Reconstruction
- Define signal, control and validation regions
- Fit strategy

- Top reconstruction
 - W mass and top mass used as constraints
 - Collinear constrain: the z-component of the neutrino momentum is proportional to the z-component of the light lepton

$$p_\nu^z = \alpha \cdot p_l^z$$

- Neutrinos and light leptons are assumed to be massless
- At this moment, this hypothesis just works for a subset of signal events
- Other options are being explored:
 - Neural network as a linear regressor
 - Improve the top requirement inspired in parton level reconstruction information



- Higgs reconstruction
 - **Approach 1 : Collinear approximation:**
 - The τ_{lep} and its decays are collinear
 - The source of E_{miss}^T is only due to the neutrinos
 - This approximation is only valid for boosted $\tau\tau$
 - This approximation becomes applicable in tHq due to the extra numbers of b-jet
 - Disadvantages: the collinear approximation is very sensitive to the resolution of E_{miss}^T
- Higgs reconstruction
 - **Approach 2 : Kinematic Likelihood (KL) Fitter:**
 - Library for kinematic fitting using a likelihood approach (complete info: [KLFitter](#))
 - Developed for events with top quark to reconstruction
 - Input requirements: top mass, Higgs Mass and τ
 - Extra requirements should be added, example:
 - Collinear requirement

- The tHq is an excellent process to test the SM and search new physics.
- The goals of the analyses is searching for tHq production and try to improve the current measurement.
 - Possible goal: exclude the inverse hypothesis of Higgs-top-Yukawa coupling (y_t)
- The contribution of the **Valencia** team to the tHq analyses in the multilepton channel in ATLAS has been presented
- Status of the analysis:
 - Basic strategies defined
 - Study different tools to reconstruct the process
 - Study to enhance the signal VS background discrimination.