

# Strangeness Enhancement in Small System at LHCb

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on behalf of the LHCb collaboration



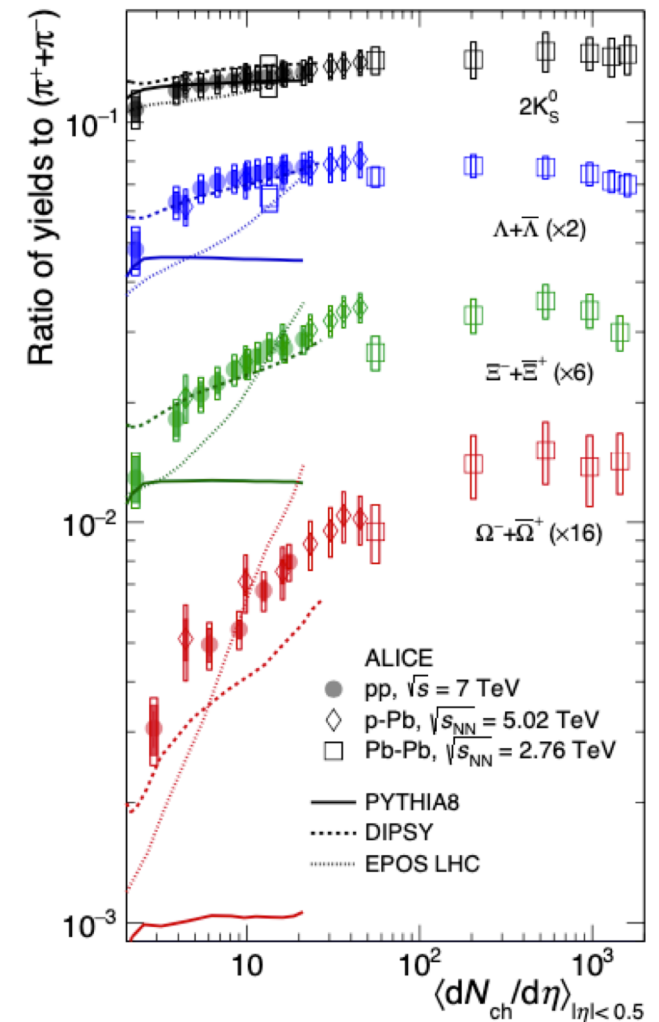
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# Motivation

- Strangeness enhancement was one of the first proposed signatures of quark-gluon plasma(QGP) formation in heavy ion collisions
  - strangeness production proceeds mainly via gluons in QGP.
  - $s$  quark mass lower than QGP critical temperature  $T_c$ ,  $s\bar{s}$  quark pairs can be produced thermally.
- Recently, enhanced strangeness production is observed in high multiplicity  $pp$  and  $pPb$  collisions.

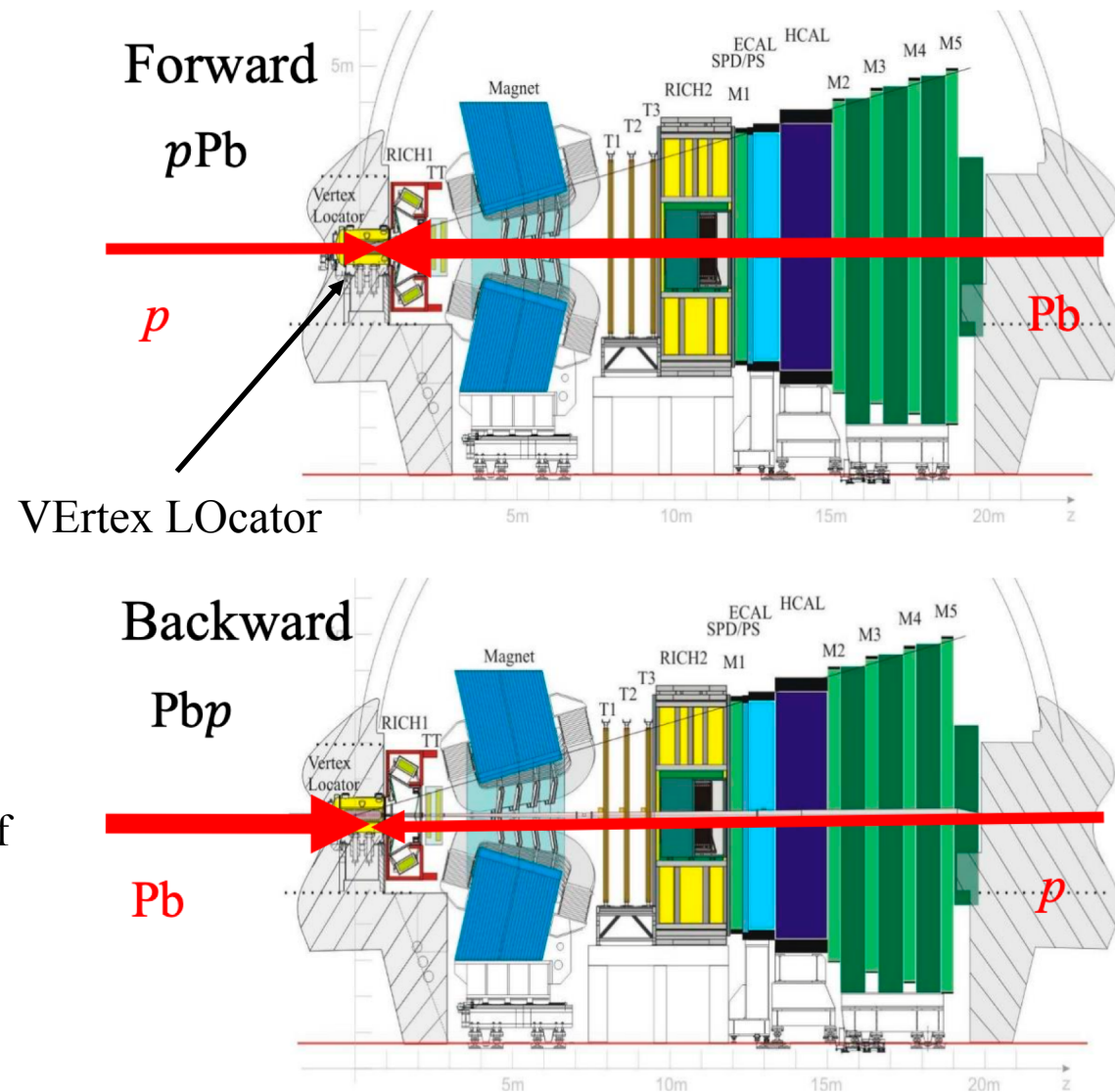
A significant enhancement of strange to non-strange hadron production is observed with increasing particle multiplicity in  $pp$   $p$ -Pb Pb-Pb collisions.



[Nature Phys 13, 535–539 \(2017\)](#)

# LHCb detector and Datasets

- A single-arm spectrometer in the forward direction, charm & beauty factory
  - Vertex Locator ( $20\ \mu\text{m}$  IP resolution)
  - Tracking system ( $\Delta p/p = 0.5 - 1.0\%$ )
  - RICH:  $p/K/\pi$  separation
  - Flexible software trigger
- $pp$  data was taken in 2016+2017+2018 with  $5.4\ \text{fb}^{-1}$ .
- $p\text{Pb}$  data was taken in 2016 with asymmetric collision configuration.
  - Forward ( $p\text{Pb}$ )
  - Backward ( $\text{Pb}p$ )
  - Luminosity :  $13.6\ \text{nb}^{-1}(p\text{Pb}) + 20.8\ \text{nb}^{-1}(\text{Pb}p)$
- Beam characteristics
  - 6500 GeV proton beam and 2560 GeV/nucleon Pb beam
  - Center of mass rapidity shift  $y^* - y_{\text{lab}} = -0.465$  in direction of proton

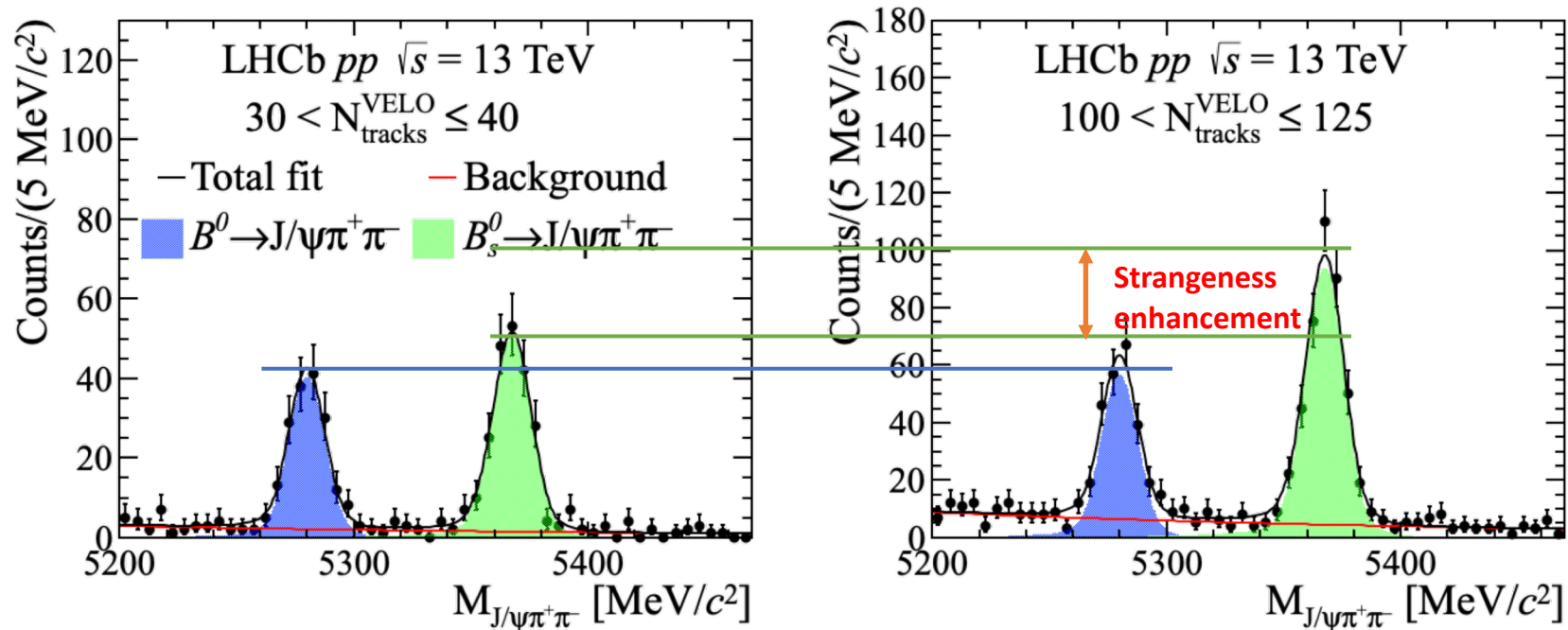


# Strangeness enhancement with B mesons in $pp$ collisions at 8.16TeV

- Ratio of  $B_s^0/B^0$  cross sections versus multiplicity, in several pt bins

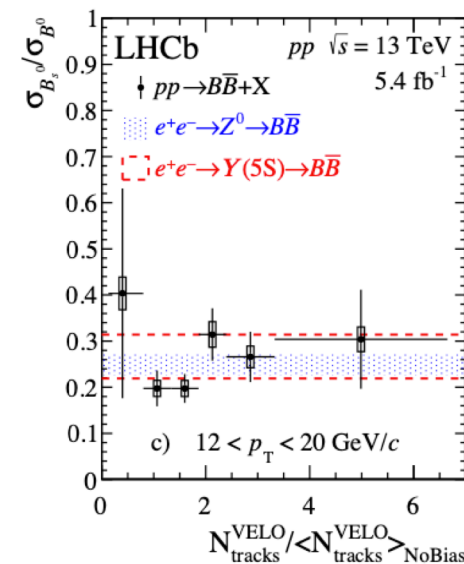
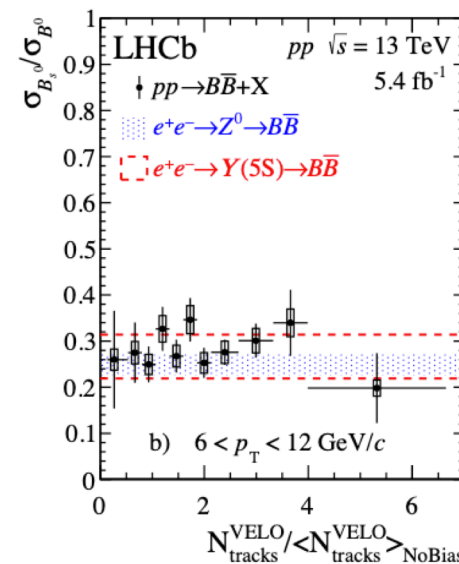
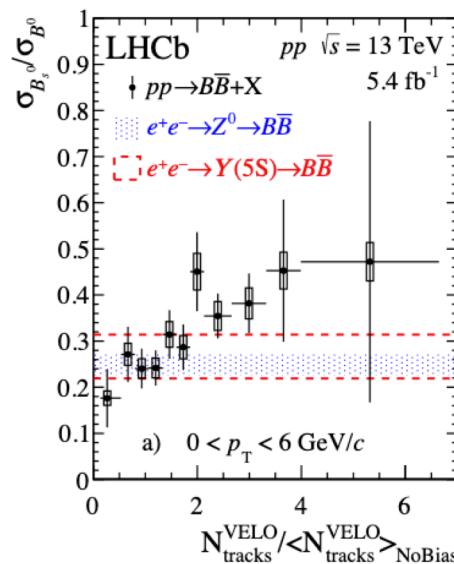
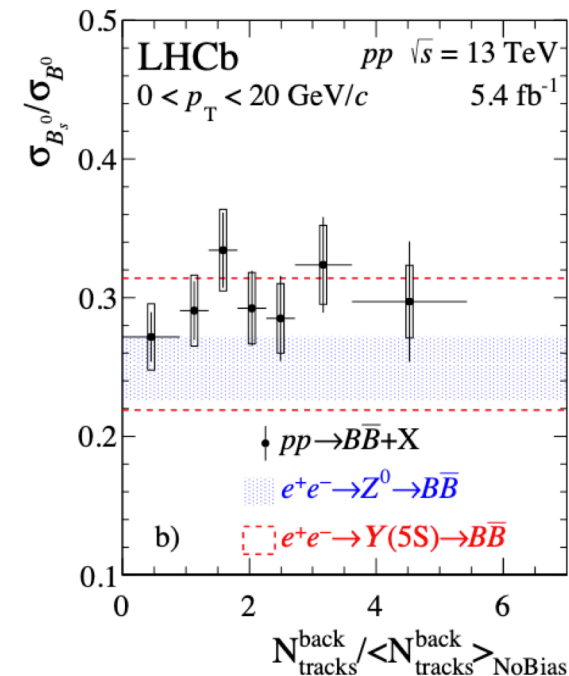
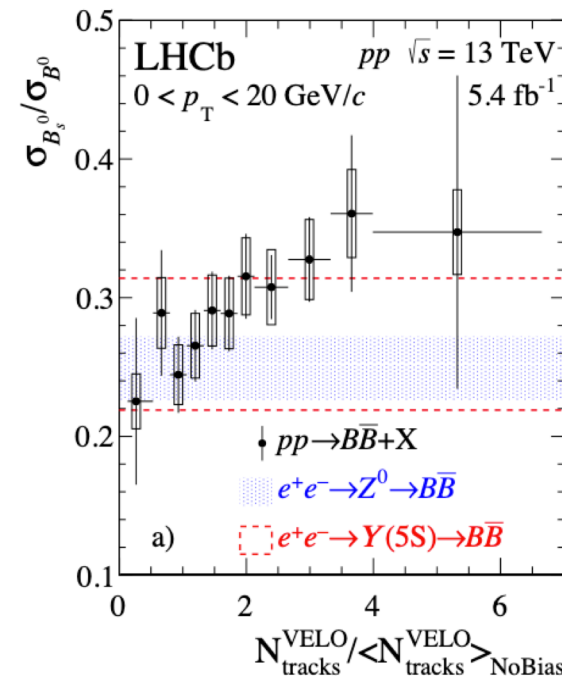
➤ Both states are simultaneously accessible in  $J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$ .

$$\frac{BR(B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-)}{BR(B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-)} \times \frac{\sigma_{B_s^0}}{\sigma_{B^0}} = \frac{N_{B_s^0}}{N_{B^0}} \times \frac{\epsilon_{B^0}^{acc}}{\epsilon_{B_s^0}^{acc}} \times \frac{\epsilon_{B^0}^{trig}}{\epsilon_{B_s^0}^{trig}} \times \frac{\epsilon_{B^0}^{reco}}{\epsilon_{B_s^0}^{reco}} \times \frac{\epsilon_{B^0}^{PID}}{\epsilon_{B_s^0}^{PID}}$$



# Results: $B_s^0/B^0$ vs multiplicity

- Ratio increases with total multiplicity. At low multiplicity, consistent with fragmentation in vacuum.
- No significant dependence of forward  $B_s^0/B^0$  production on backwards multiplicity. (Effect depends on local particle density)
- Modification mostly occurs at low  $p_T$ , where most of the bulk particles are produced. High  $p_T$  are unaffected and consistent with  $ee$  result.





# Work in progress: $D_s^+ / D^+$ ratio in $p\text{Pb}$ collisions at 8.16 TeV

- We are studying strangeness enhancement in  $p\text{Pb}$  collision by  $D_s^+ / D^+$  ratio, some clues have been seen.
  - Compared with B mesons, the statistics of D mesons are larger.

$$R_{D_s^+ / D^+}(p_T, y^*, \text{PV nTracks}) = \frac{N(D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\mp K^\pm \pi^\pm)}{N(D^\pm \rightarrow K^\mp \pi^\pm \pi^\pm)} \times \frac{\mathcal{B}(D^\pm \rightarrow K^\mp \pi^\pm \pi^\pm)}{\mathcal{B}(D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\mp K^\pm \pi^\pm)} \times \frac{\epsilon_{D^+}}{\epsilon_{D_s^+}}$$

