

Charged Particle p_T Spectra as Function of Multiplicity in pp, p-A and A-A Collisions Measured with ALICE

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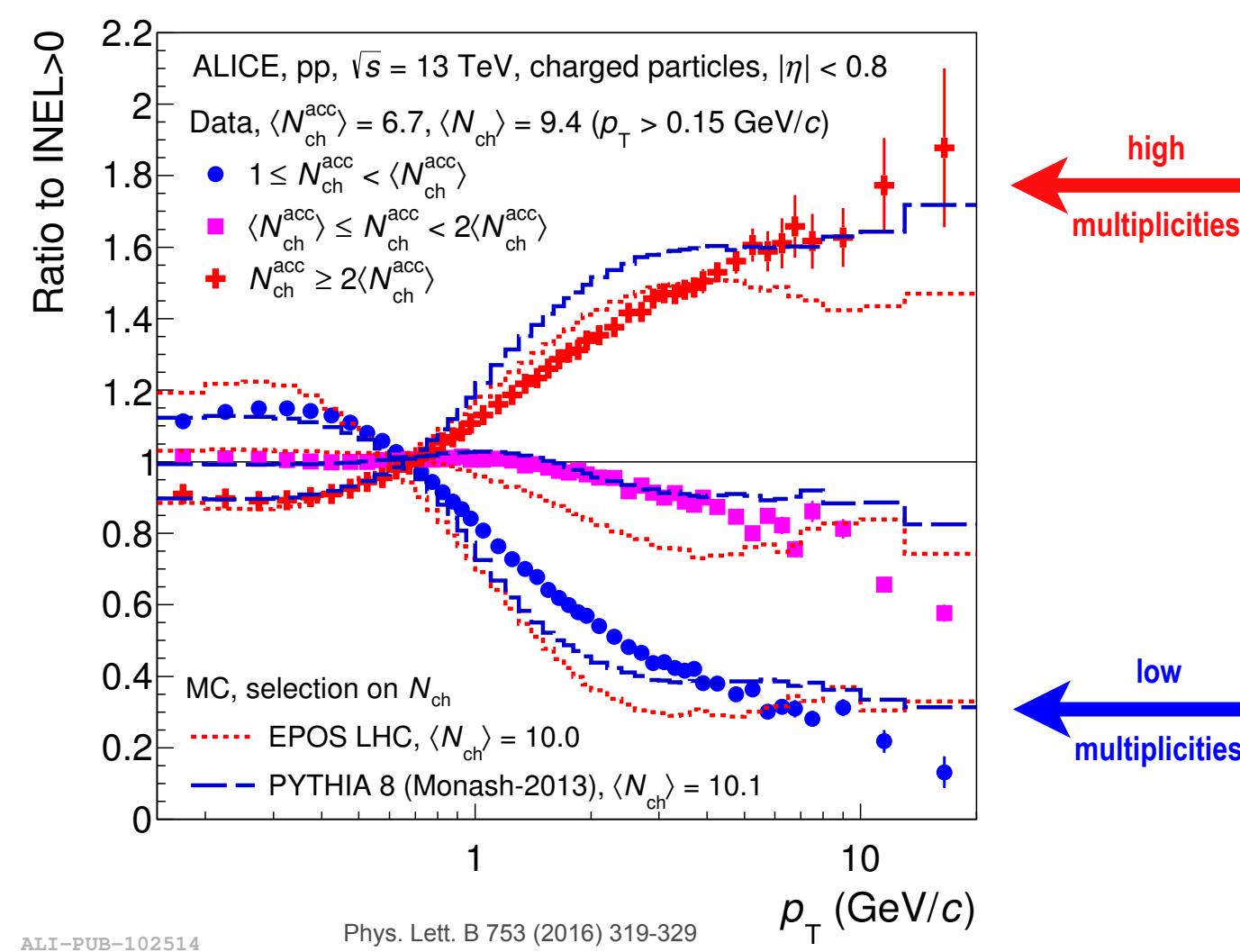


Introduction



- study charged-particle production mechanisms and soft QCD phenomena
- collective effects present in small systems?
- alternative model descriptions:
 - interacting strings and no QGP (PYTHIA)
 - QGP / hydrodynamic flow also in small systems (EPOS)
- correlation between p_T spectra and multiplicity sensitive observable to probe event generators

this analysis:
primary charged particles
 $0.15 \text{ GeV}/c < p_T < 10 \text{ GeV}/c$
 $|\eta| < 0.8$



Inner Tracking System

VO System

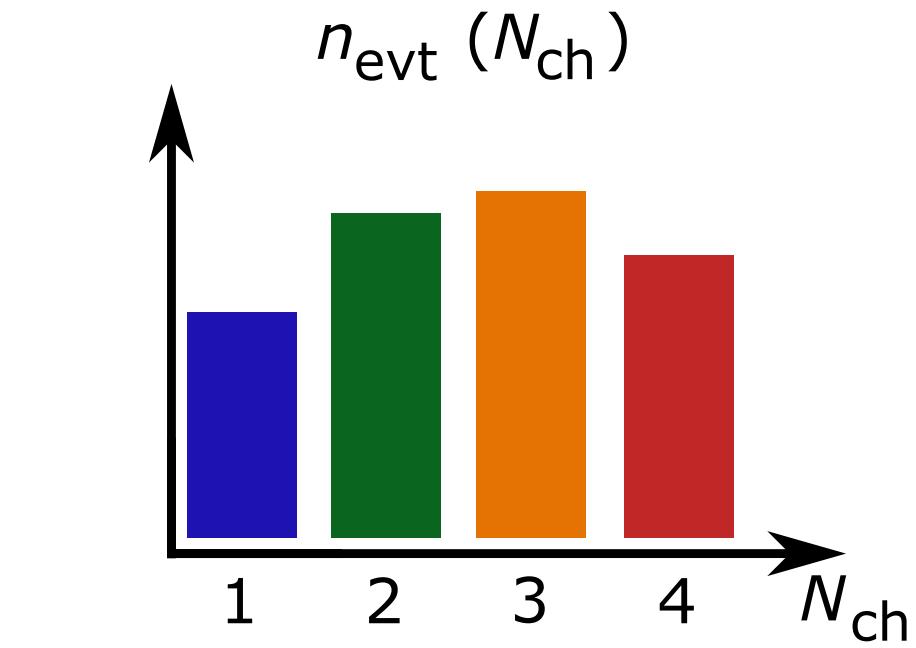
Time Projection Chamber



Unfolding of p_T Spectra

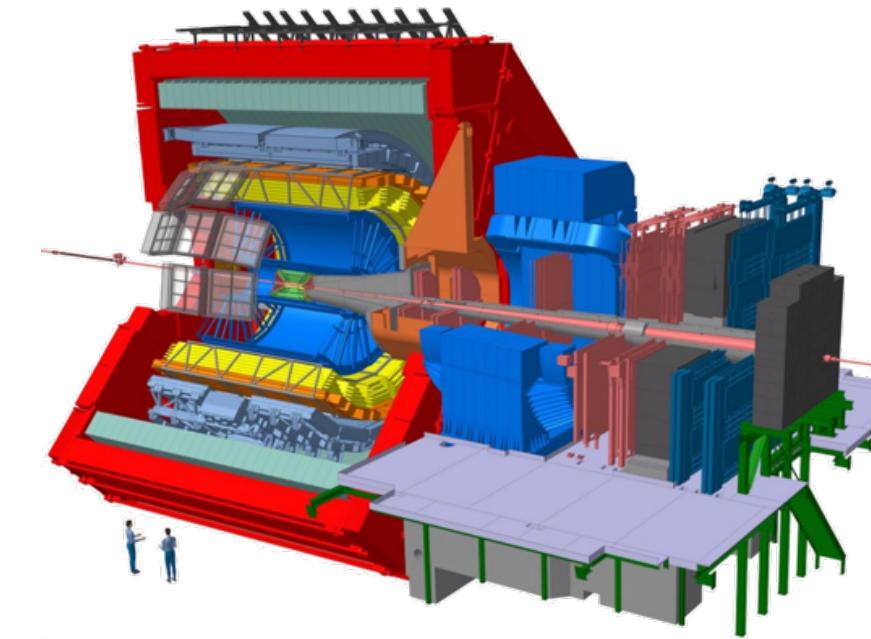
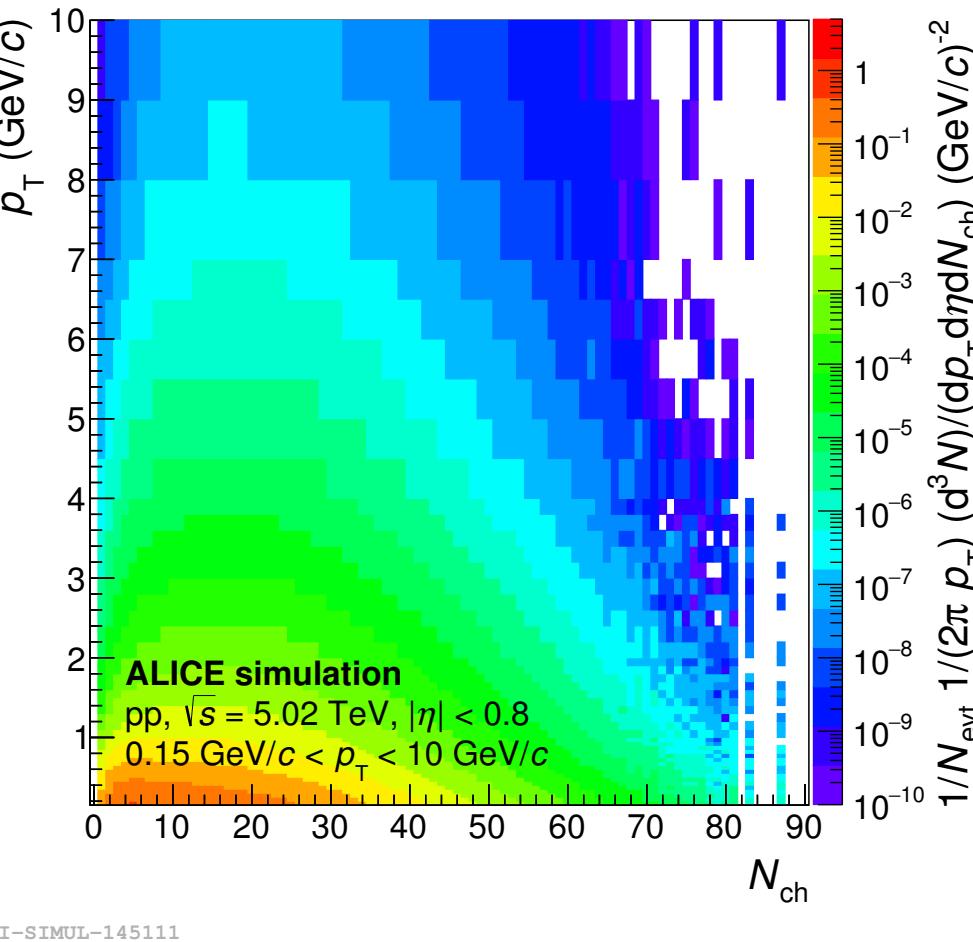


- correlation of p_T spectra with true multiplicity eludes direct observation due to detector effects
- measurement:
track yield as a function of track multiplicity
- sequential 2D unfolding based on iterative D'Agostini method
Nucl. Instr. Meth. Phys. Res. A 362 (1995) 487-498
- result:
multiplicity and p_T differential invariant yield of primary charged particles

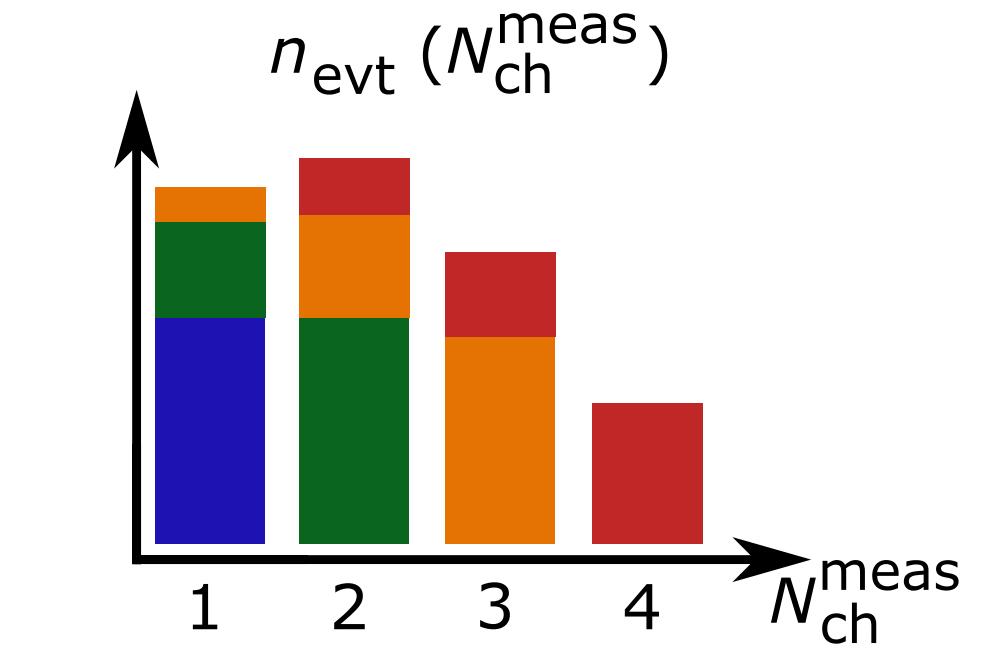


true

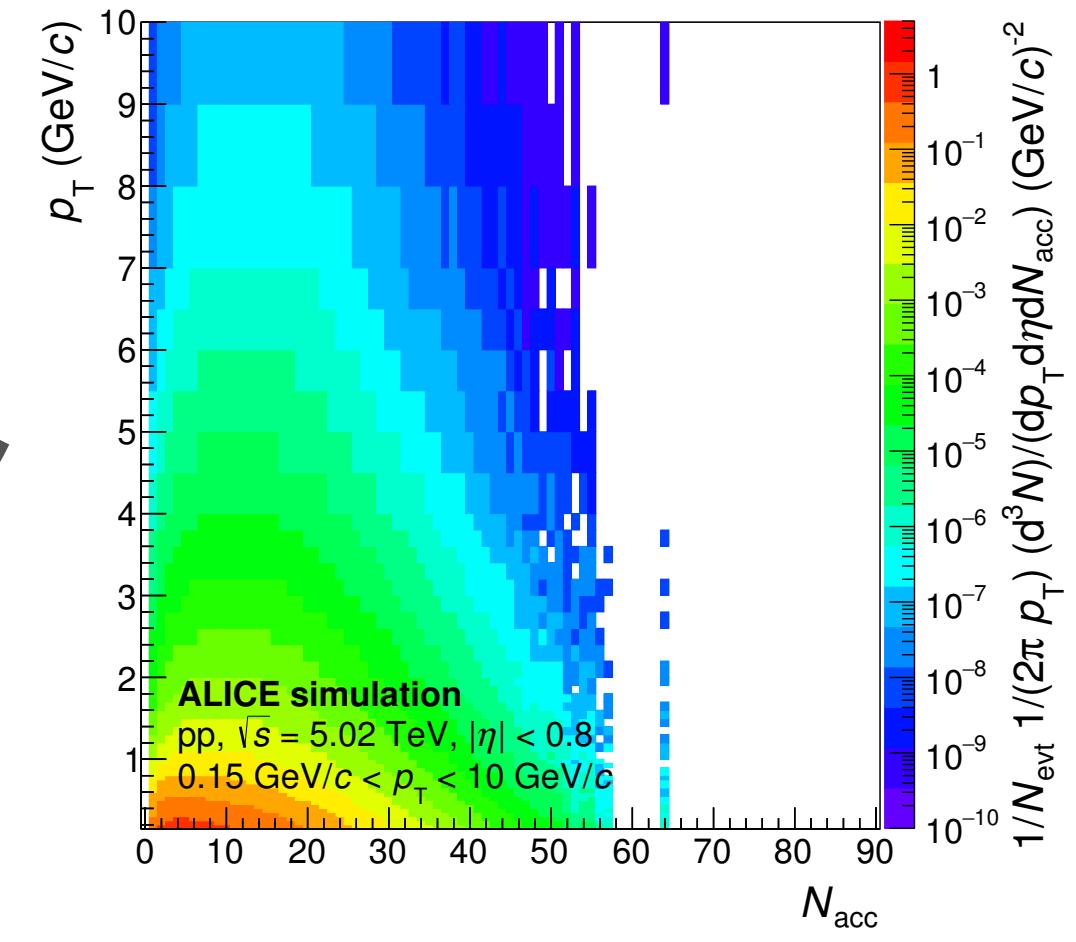
detector response



unfolding

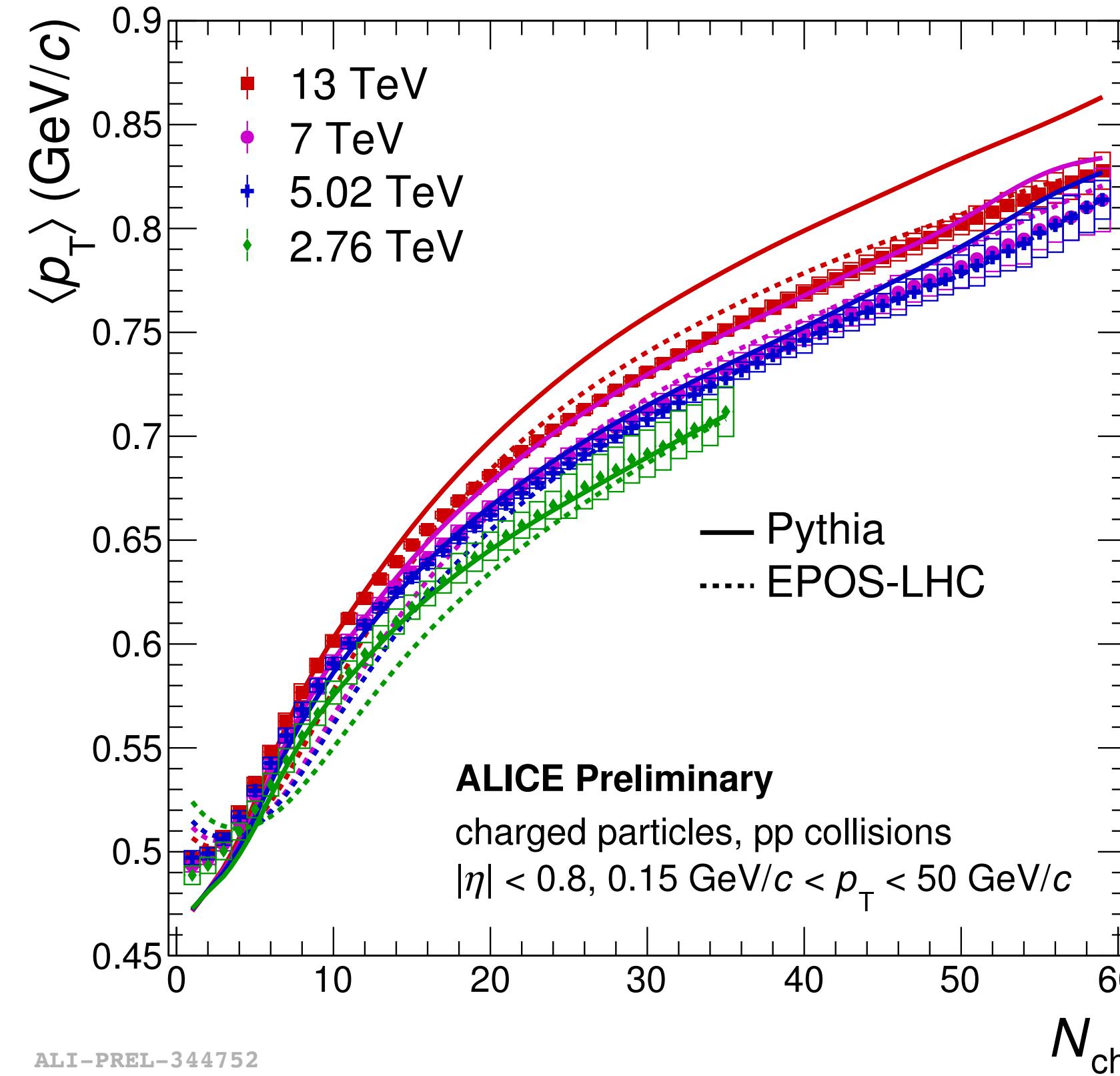


measured

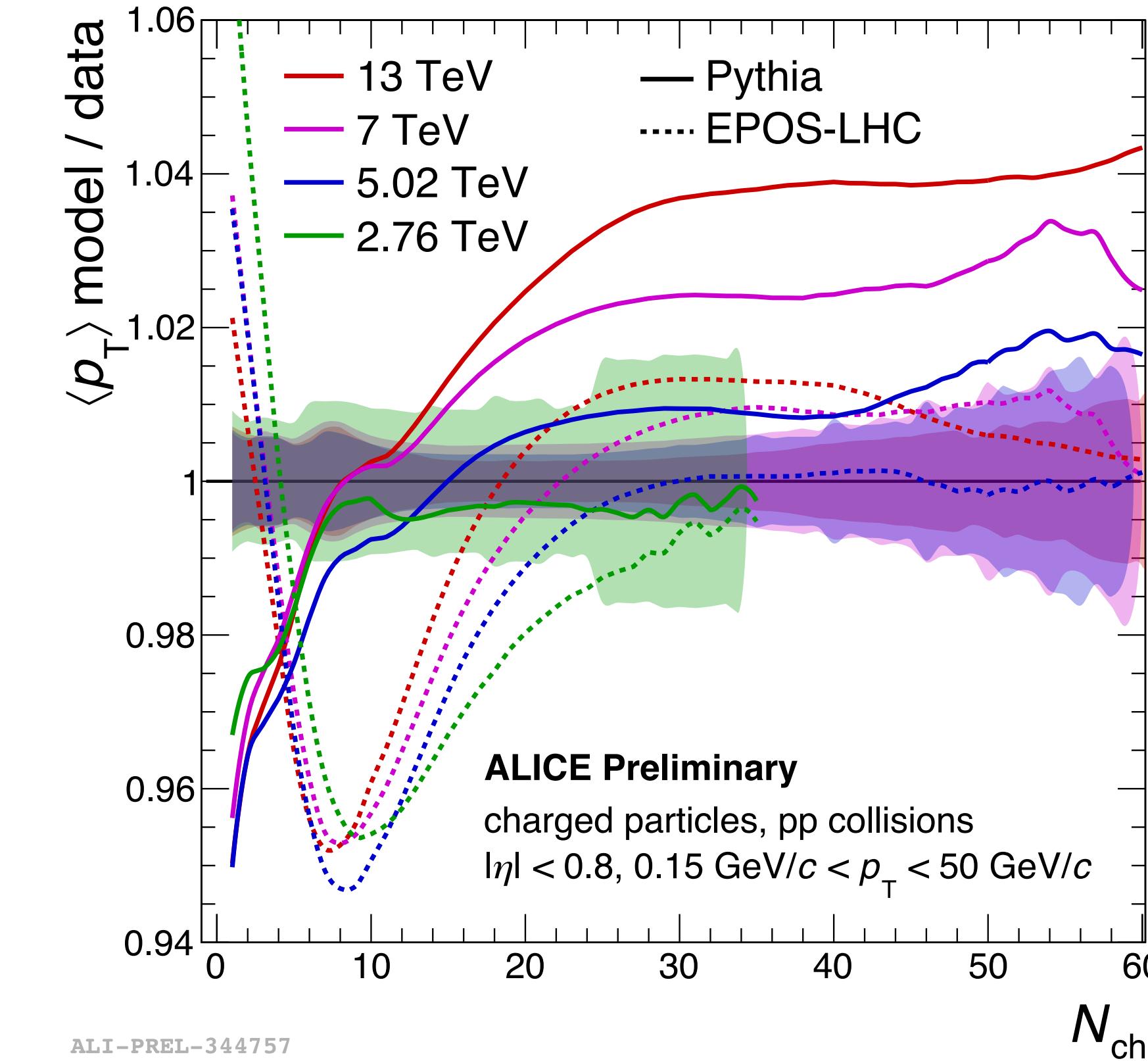




Energy Dependence in pp



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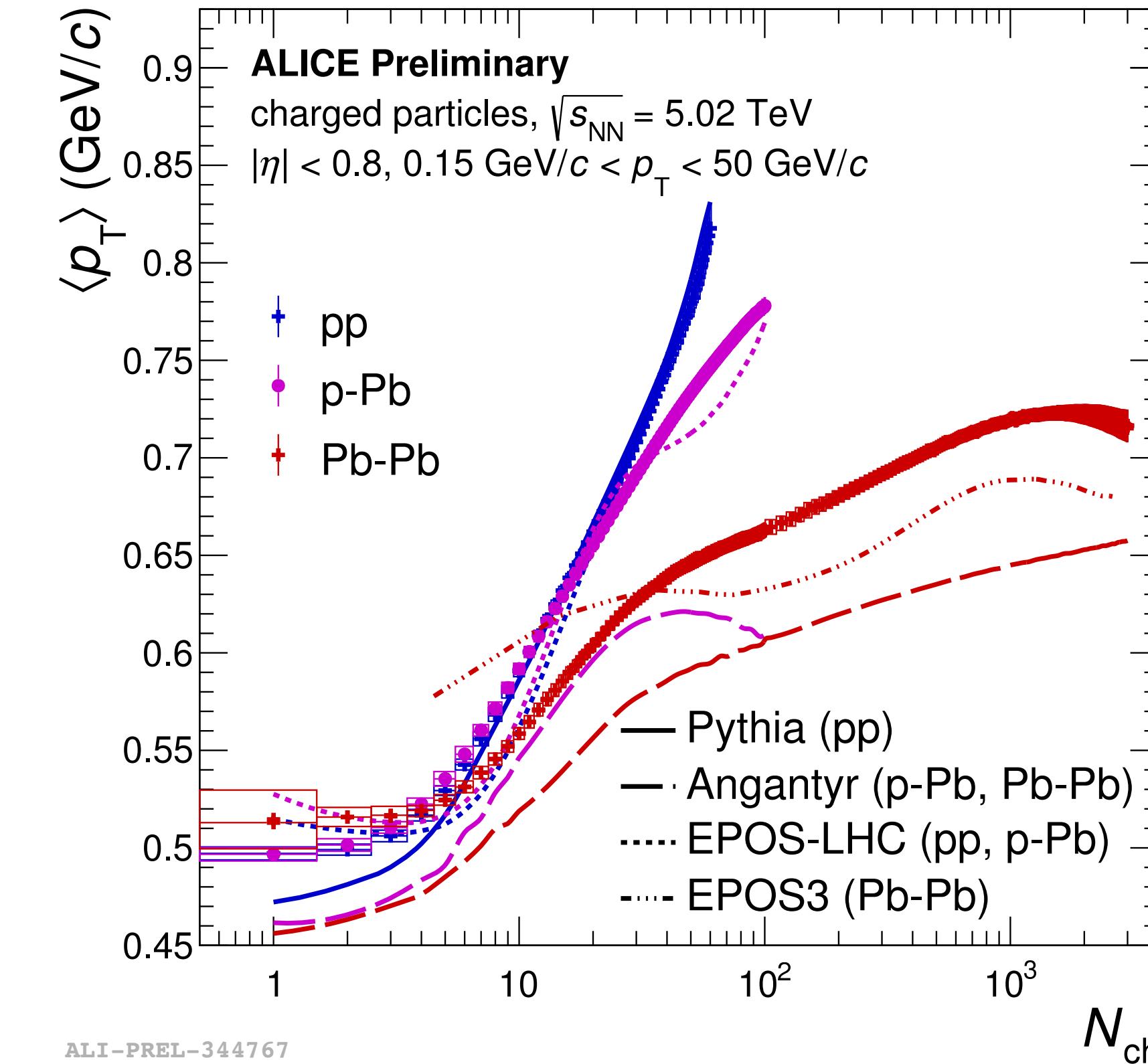
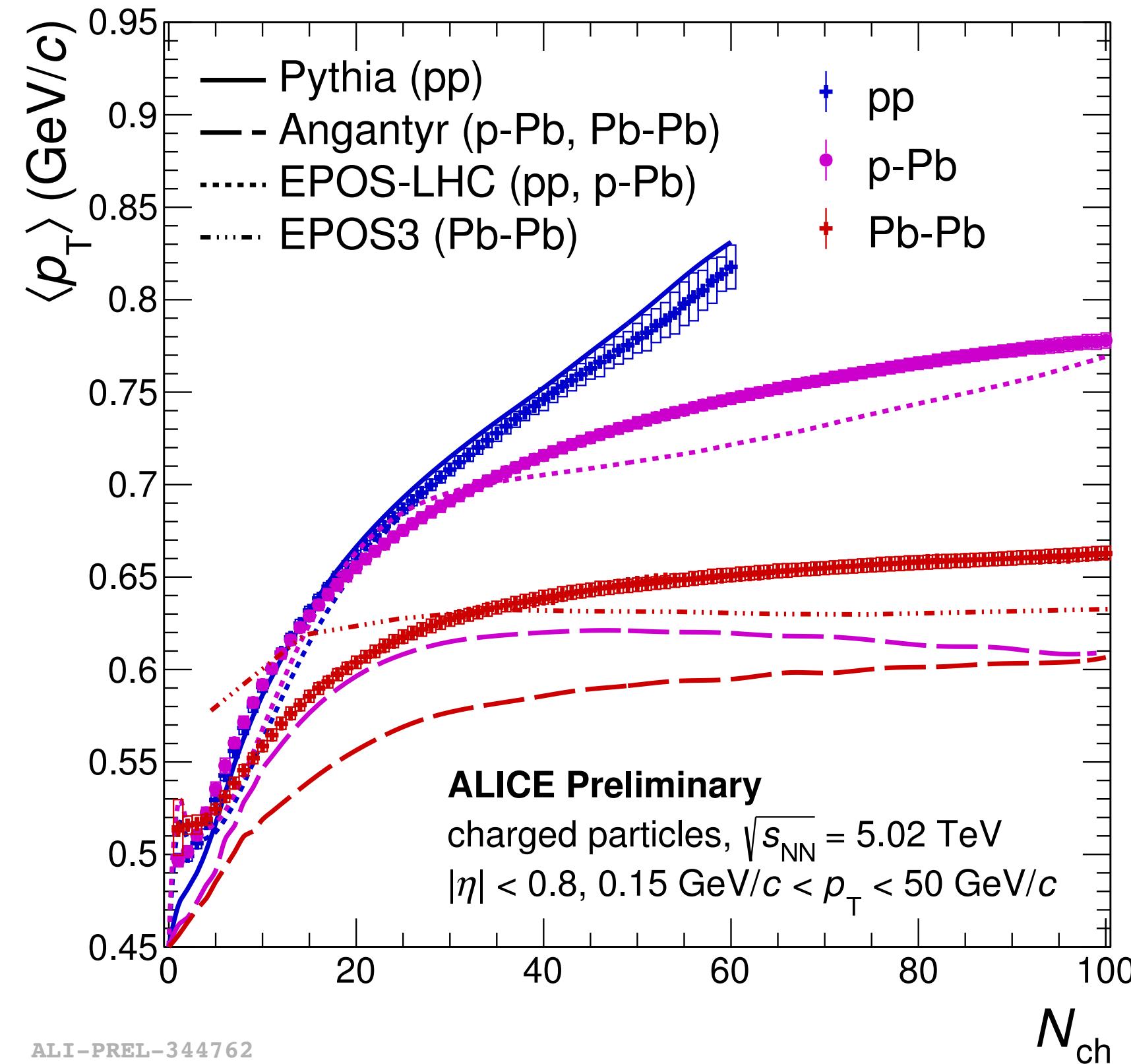


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- clear collision energy dependence of $\langle p_T \rangle$ vs. N_{ch}
- EPOS LHC: good description for $N_{ch} > 20$
- PYTHIA: discrepancy w.r.t. data increases with collision energy



System Size Dependence



- model description better for pp collisions
- EPOS LHC and EPOS3 closer to data than PYTHIA Angantyr in p-Pb and Pb-Pb



Conclusions and Outlook



- 2D unfolding approach allows to extract p_T spectra as a function of multiplicity with highest possible granularity
- derived quantities can be compared at different energies and system sizes
- for larger collision systems model description of this basic observable still challenging
- comprehensive study including the whole range of LHC collision systems and energies in preparation

