QM 2022



Contribution ID: 312

Type: Poster

Understanding ϕ meson production through polarisation study in pp collisions with ALICE at the LHC

Wednesday 6 April 2022 17:42 (4 minutes)

The study of the production of ϕ meson has always been of great interest both in elementary and heavy-ion collisions. As observed by ALICE, strangeness enhancement in high-multiplicity pp collisions is one of the potential manifestations of QGP formation. Recent results at LHC suggest that ϕ behaves like a particle with net strangeness between 1 and 2 in small systems. These observations unfold new directions for theoretical and experimental studies of ϕ meson production in small systems. Polarization measurements of vector mesons are crucial for understanding the particle production mechanisms in high-energy collisions. In non-central heavy-ion collisions, the presence of a large initial angular momentum can polarise the vector mesons. This might be either due to spin-orbital-angular-momentum interaction or by hadronization from polarized quarks. The ϕ meson polarisation in pp collisions could be used as a reference while interpreting the results from heavy-ion collisions. The huge data sample collected during the Run 2 of the LHC measurements gives access to look for the multiplicity dependence of ϕ meson polarisation in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV in the helicity reference frame.

Author: Dr KHUNTIA, Arvind

Presenter: Dr KHUNTIA, Arvind

Session Classification: Poster Session 1 T02

Track Classification: Chirality, vorticity and spin polarization