

# Studies of tracking performance for a future fixed target programme in ALICE

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**ALICE**



# Motivation for Fixed Target Setup

## Motivation:

- ★ Measurement in high x frontier.
- ★ Variable target system e.g., C, W, Au.
- ★ CMS energy  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 115$  and 72 GeV for  $p - A$  and  $Pb - A$  systems, respectively.
- ★ Study longitudinal expansion of QGP.
- ★ Factorization of CNM effects & more [1]

## Fixed Target Setup in ALICE:

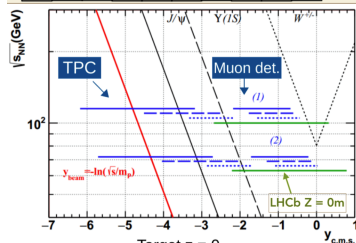
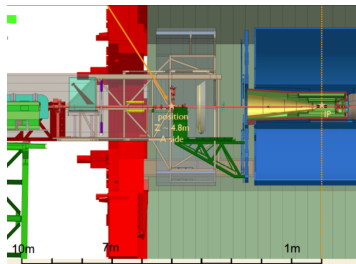
- proton beam halo can be channeled with bent crystal [2]
- Optimal target position: 480 cm.
- Integration with existing system possible with retractable target setup.

## Challenges:

- How TPC responses to inclined tracks? (e.g.  $-2.5 \leq \eta \leq -1.0$ ).
- Can we measure  $\Lambda$ ,  $D^0$  from FT event ?

<sup>1</sup>C. Hadjidakis *et. al* arXiv:1807.00603v2 [hep-ex]

<sup>2</sup>M. Patecki, HB2021 Beam Dynamics Workshop.



- Target z = 0
- - - Target z = -2.75 m
- ⋯ Target z = -4.7 m

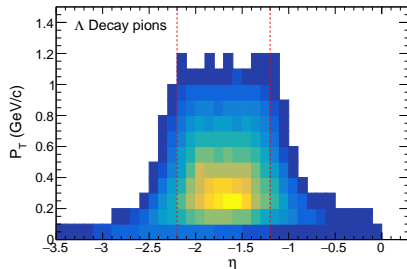
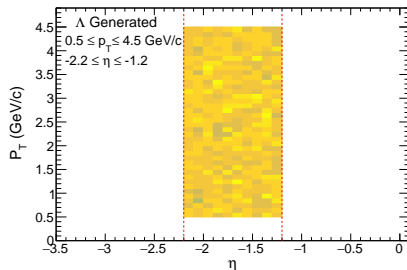
# Simulation Configurations

## For Charged particles:

- System: proton on Tungsten (W).
- Energy:  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 115 \text{ GeV}/c$ .
- Generator: HIJING (w. Run-2 software).
- Reconstruction: with O2 (Run-3 software).
- No. of Events:  $\sim 5000$  events.
- Particles:  $h^\pm$  ( $-2.2 \leq \eta \leq -1.2$ ).

## For $\Lambda$ particles:

- Fast Decay simulation with detector response for  $h^\pm$ .
- Generated  $\Lambda$ : Flat in  $p_T$  with  $-2.2 \leq \eta \leq -1.2$  and  $0 \leq \phi \leq 2\pi$ .
- $\Lambda$  Decay: TGenPhaseSpace class (Root).
- No. of  $\Lambda$ : 200K (per set).
- Topological cuts: Decay length,  $M_{inv}$ .
- Daughters treated as per charged particle response.
- Vertex resolution is not taken into account.



# Simulation Results for Fixed Target (FT) events

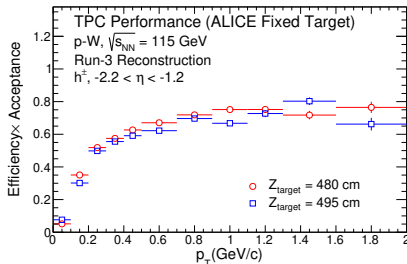
## Observations:

Tracking Efficiency for charged tracks:

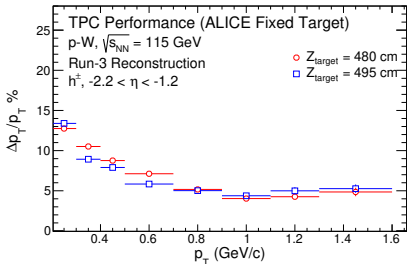
- ★ Efficiency X Acceptance shown for Target positions = 480 cm and 495 cm.
- ★ Efficiency is similar for two positions.
- ★ Efficiency is lower than collider tracks.  
→ But sufficient for analysis.

$p_T$  Resolution of charged tracks:

- ★  $p_T$  resolution estimated with  $N_{cls} \geq 70$ .  
→  $N_{cls}$  = number of hit points in TPC.
- ★  $p_T$  resolution does not depend on target position.
- ★  $p_T$  resolution is smaller than collider tracks. → collider tracks has higher  $N_{cls}$ .
- ★ Reasonably good  $p_T$  resolution,  
→ without any dedicated tracker.



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ALI-SIMUL-496840

# Fast Simulation Results for $\Lambda$ particles in FT event

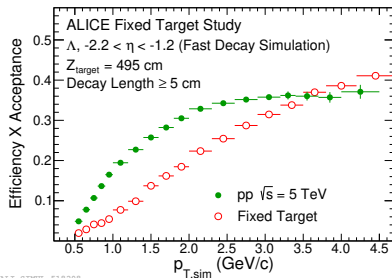
## Observations:

Tracking Efficiency for  $\Lambda$ :

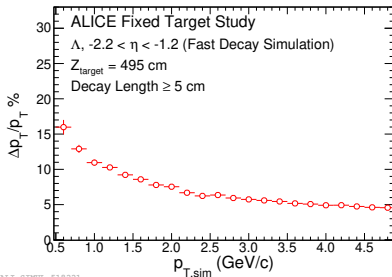
- ★ Efficiency X Acceptance shown for decay length  $\geq 5$  cm.
- ★ Efficiency is lower than  $\Lambda$  from collider events.  $\rightarrow$  But sufficient for analysis.

$p_T$  Resolution of  $\Lambda$ :

- ★  $p_T$  resolution estimated from  $\Lambda$  reconstructed with smeared daughters.
- ★  $p_T$  resolution sufficient for analysis,  $\rightarrow$  without any dedicated tracker for FT.
- ★ Caveats: The  $\Lambda$  results should also depend on resolution of the primary vertex, as well as, on the purity of daughter  $\pi$  and  $\rho$  which has not been estimated.



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# Fast Simulation Results for $V0$ particles in FT event

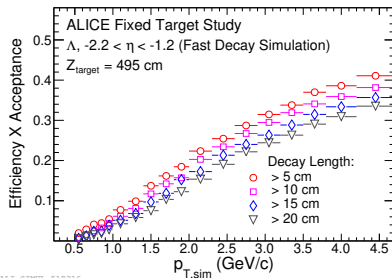
## Observations:

Tracking Efficiency for  $\Lambda$ :

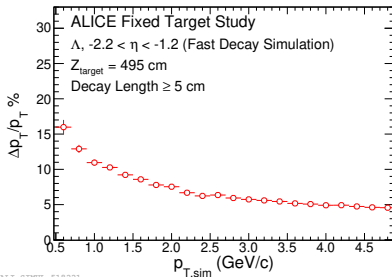
- ★ Efficiency X Acceptance decreases with increasing decay length cut.
- ★ With larger decay length cuts, efficiency decreases.  $\rightarrow$  Still sufficient for analysis.

$p_T$  Resolution of  $\Lambda$ :

- ★  $p_T$  resolution estimated from  $\Lambda$  reconstructed with smeared daughters.
- ★  $p_T$  resolution sufficient for analysis,  $\rightarrow$  without any dedicated tracker for FT.
- ★ Caveats: The  $\Lambda$  results should also depend on resolution of the primary vertex, as well as, on the purity of daughter  $\pi$  and  $p$  which has not been estimated.



ALI-SIMUL-518216



ALI-SIMUL-518221

## Summary:

- 1 Charged particle tracking efficiency and  $p_T$  resolution estimated for Fixed Target Setup in ALICE.
  - 2 Efficiency and Resolution for charged particles  $\approx 70\%$  and  $5\%$  for  $p_T \sim 1$  GeV/c.
  - 3 Charged particle response is used as proxy for Fast Simulation study of  $\Lambda$ .
  - 4 Fast Simulation study of shows that the efficiency and  $p_T$  resolution of  $\Lambda$  are reasonably good (without extra tracking detector).
  - 5 Tracking efficiency and resolution has very weak dependence on Target position, for both  $\Lambda$  and inclusive charged particles.
- ★ **Caveats:**
- Effects of resolution of the primary vertex, as well as, on the purity of daughter  $\pi$  and  $p$  tracks have not been estimated.

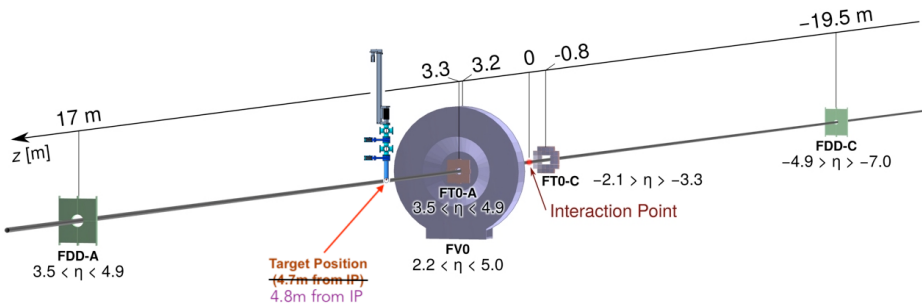
## Outlook:

- PID dependence of tracking efficiency and  $p_T$  resolution.
- Physics performance study using measured efficiency and  $p_T$  resolution.
- Direct simulation of V0 and (charmed meson) using ALICE Run-3 software.

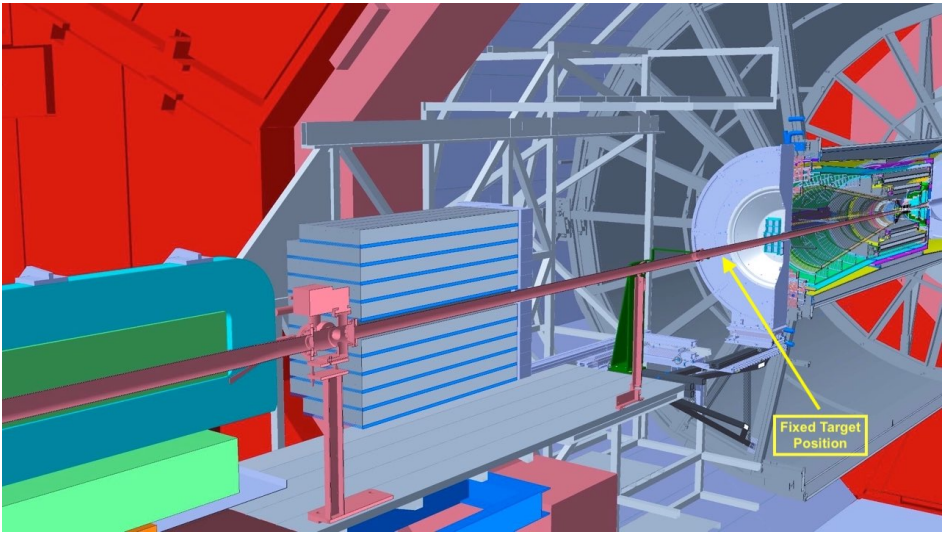
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Back up





Target Position sketch-I



Target Position sketch-II