

New advancements in symmetry plane correlations and multiharmonic fluctuations in heavy-ion collisions with ALICE

Marcel Lesch^[1] and Cindy Mordasini^[2] on behalf of the ALICE Collaboration

[1] Technical University of Munich[2] University of Jyväskylä

Quark Matter 2022, Kraków, Poland 04th-10th of April 2022







European Research Council Established by the European Commission

QGP studies with anisotropic flow



- Anisotropic Flow: Transition from anisotropy in coordinate space to anisotropy in momentum space via thermalized medium
- Final state anisotropies characterised by v_n and Ψ_n contain information on initial state and QGP
- Correlations between flow degrees of freedom important to improve our knowledge of the QGP
 - → Such measurements present useful input for Bayesian analyses of heavy-ion collisions
- In this poster:
 - Symmetry plane correlations (SPC)
 - Asymmetric cumulants (AC) for different moments of flow amplitudes
 - Comparisons to state-of-the-art model tuning of $T_RENTO + iEBE-VISHNU$ for SPC and AC

Marcel Lesch and Cindy Mordasini, Quark Matter 2022, 04-10.04.2022

J. E. Bernhard, J. S. Moreland, and S. A. Bass, Nature Phys. 15 no. 11, (2019) 1113–1117

Gaussian Estimator - a new experimental technique for SPC



Previous work: Scalar Product (SP) Method

STAR Collaboration. PRC 66, 034904, 2002 R. S. Bhalerao, J.-Y. Ollitrault, S. Pal. PRC 88, 024909, 2013

• Example:

$$\langle \cos[4(\Psi_4 - \Psi_2)] \rangle_{\rm SP} = \frac{\langle v_2^2 v_4 \cos[4(\Psi_4 - \Psi_2)] \rangle}{\sqrt{\langle v_2^4 \rangle \langle v_4^2 \rangle}}$$

 \rightarrow Neglects correlations between flow amplitudes v_n

New: Gaussian Estimator (GE)

A. Bilandzic, ML, S. F. Taghavi: "New estimator for symmetry plane correlations in anisotropic flow analyses", PRC 102, 024910 – 2020

• Example:

$$\langle \cos[4(\Psi_4 - \Psi_2)] \rangle_{\rm GE} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{4}} \quad \frac{\langle v_2^2 v_4 \cos[4(\Psi_4 - \Psi_2)] \rangle}{\sqrt{\langle v_2^4 v_4^2 \rangle}}$$

→ Not sensitive to correlations between flow amplitudes
 → Overcomes main bias of previous SPC estimators

Marcel Lesch and Cindy Mordasini, Quark Matter 2022, 04–10.04.2022



A. Bilandzic, ML, S. F. Taghavi: "New estimator for symmetry plane correlations in anisotropic flow analyses", PRC 102, 024910 – 2020

Correlations between two symmetry planes



• Measurements of SPC via GE in Pb-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ = 2.76 TeV with ALICE



- Data only well reproduced in the linear response regime
- Ψ_2 and Ψ_3 uncorrelated in final state
 - Correlations in initial state lost/suppressed during hydrodynamic evolution
- Large deviation of the model from data for SPC involving Ψ_6



Correlations between three and four symmetry planes

New



- Two combinations for Ψ_2, Ψ_3 and Ψ_5 with different final-state signals
 - Reason: contribution of different initial state correlations
- Large deviation of the model from measurements in case of Ψ_2 , Ψ_4 and Ψ_6
- Negative final-state correlation for Ψ_2, Ψ_3, Ψ_4
 - Sign change during hydrodynamic evolution from initial to final state
- First experimental measurement of correlation between four symmetry planes Ψ₂, Ψ₃, Ψ₄, Ψ₅





Correlations between different moments of v_m and v_n





Backup

Marcel Lesch and Cindy Mordasini, Quark Matter 2022, 04–10.04.2022

Comparison of experimental results from GE and SP



- Results of SPC via GE lead to significantly smaller values than SP method
 → Different interpretation of SPC signal possible, for example:
- Correlation between Ψ_2 and Ψ_3 small but non-zero in SP \rightarrow correlated symmetry planes
- Result of GE compatible with zero in all centrality bins \rightarrow uncorrelated symmetry planes

Correlations between different moments of v_m and v_n



NAC

-0.5

New

50

60



