

# Charged-particle jet properties in p-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.02$ TeV with ALICE

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- Jets are collimated shower of particles produced from fragmentation and hadronization of hard-scattered partons
- Jets in p-Pb collisions:
  - Provide a baseline measurement for heavy-ion studies
  - Test the impact of cold nuclear matter (CNM) effects [1]
  - Offer possibility to address and understand the possible medium formation in small collision systems

- Mean charged-particle multiplicity within a leading charged-particle jet [2]

$$\langle N_{\text{ch}} \rangle (p_{\text{T,jet}}^{\text{ch}}) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{jets}}} \sum_{i=1}^{N_{\text{jets}}} N_{\text{ch}}^i (p_{\text{T,jet}}^{\text{ch}})$$

- Charged-particle jet fragmentation function [2]:

$$z^{\text{ch}} = p_{\text{T,track}} / p_{\text{T,jet}}^{\text{ch}}$$

where  $p_{\text{T,track}} = p_{\text{T}}$  of jet constituent

# Analysis details

**Collision system:** p-Pb

**Center-of-mass energy ( $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ ):** 5.02 TeV

**No. of events (minimum bias):**

**Data:** 515 M

**Simulation:** 312 M

DPMJET [3] (GRV94 [4])

## Correction for instrumental effects: Unfolding

- Performed 2D unfolding
- 4D Response matrix ( $p_T^{\text{jet, detector}}$ ,  $\text{Observable}^{\text{detector}}$ ,  $p_T^{\text{jet, particle}}$ ,  $\text{Observable}^{\text{particle}}$ )
- Bayesian method [6] in RooUnfold [7]
- Unfolding parameter (no. of iterations)  
 $\langle N_{\text{ch}} \rangle : 4, \quad z^{\text{ch}} : 2$

**Track selection:**  $p_{T,\text{track}} > 0.15 \text{ GeV}/c, |\eta_{\text{track}}| < 0.9$

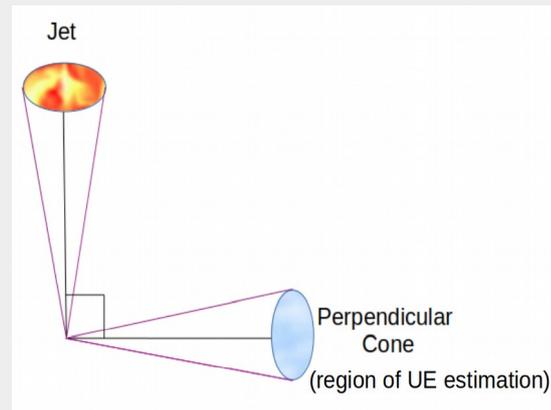
**Jet reconstruction:** FastJet anti- $k_T$  algorithm [5], jet radius  $R = 0.4$ , leading jet  $p_{T,\text{jet}}^{\text{ch}} = 10\text{-}100 \text{ GeV}/c, |\eta_{\text{jet}}^{\text{ch}}| < 0.5$

**Underlying event (UE) estimation:** Perpendicular cone method

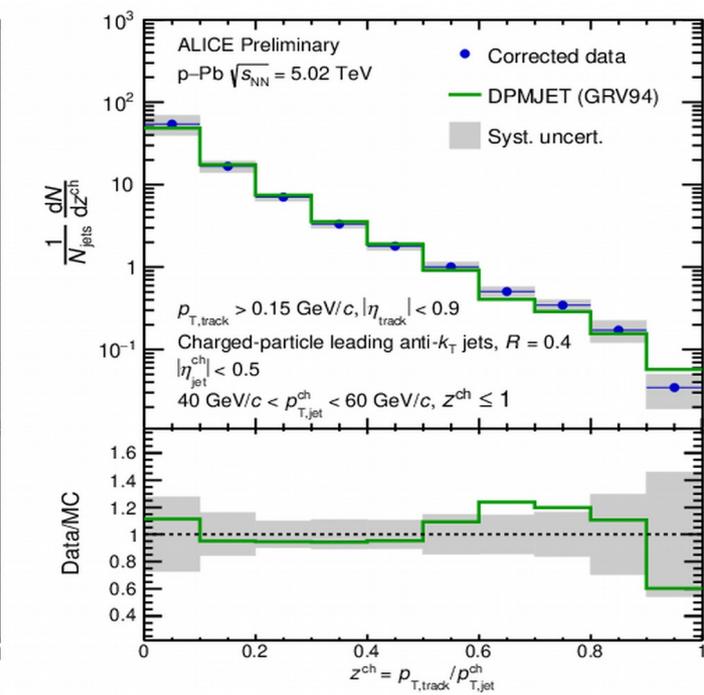
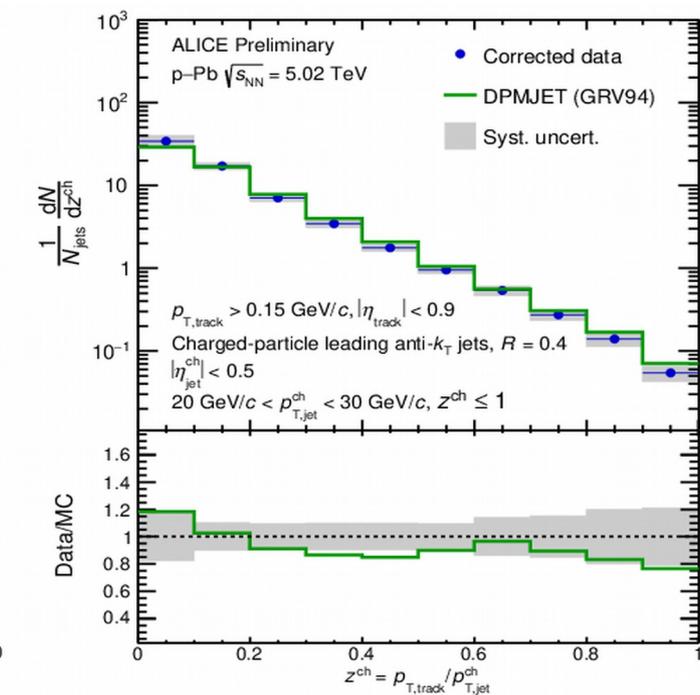
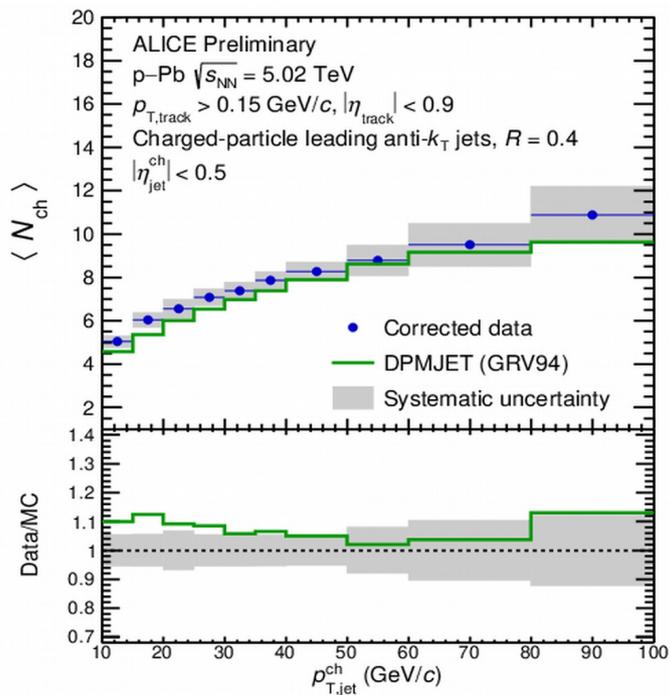
**UE subtraction:** Performed on a statistical basis [2] after unfolding

## Sources of systematic uncertainties:

- Uncertainty in tracking efficiency
- MC dependence
- Change in prior
- Choice of number of iterations
- Uncertainty in estimation of UE



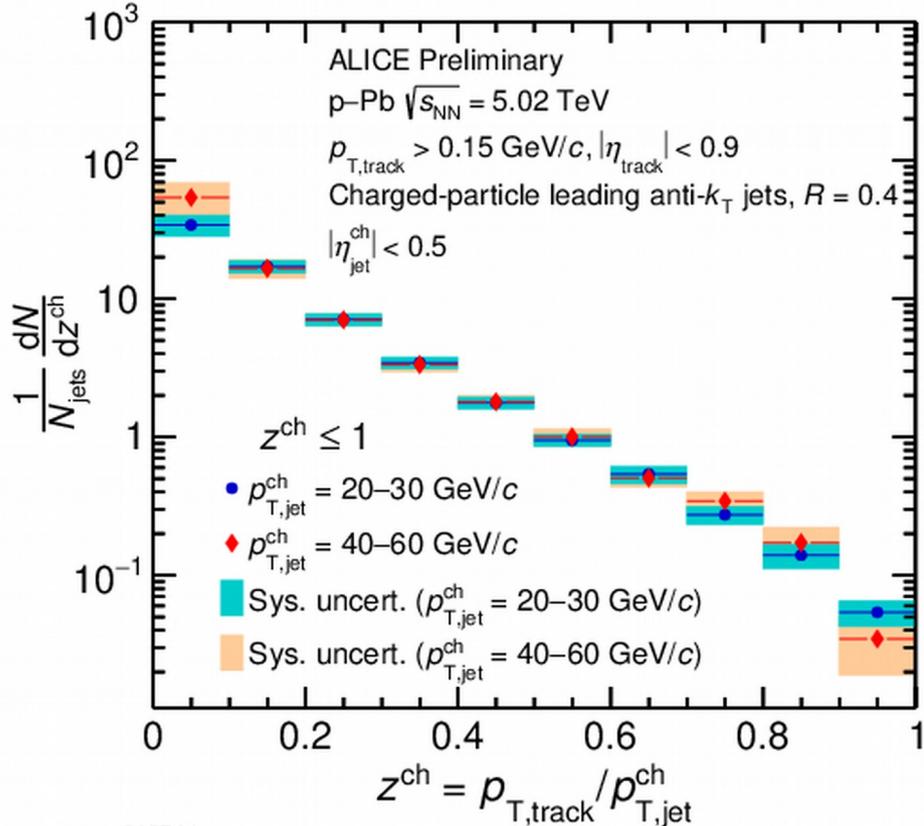
# Results



➤  $\langle N_{ch} \rangle$  increases with  $p_{T,jet}^{ch}$

➤ DPMJET (GRV94) explains  $\langle N_{ch} \rangle$  and  $z^{ch}$  distributions within uncertainties

# Results



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- Scaling of jet fragmentation with  $p_{T,jet}^{ch}$

# Summary

- Measurement of Charged-particle jet properties ( $\langle N_{ch} \rangle$ ,  $z^{ch}$ ) in minimum bias p-Pb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV with ALICE
- DPMJET (GRV94) explains measured  $\langle N_{ch} \rangle$  and  $z^{ch}$  distributions within uncertainties
- Scaling of charged-particle jet fragmentation with jet transverse momentum observed

# References

- [1] EPJ Web of Conferences 171, 11001 (2018)
- [2] Phys. Rev. D 91 (2015) 112012
- [3] DOI: 10.1007/978-3-642-18211-2\_166
- [4] arXiv:hep-ph/9507241
- [5] Matteo Cacciari et al JHEP04(2008)063
- [6] [https://doi.org/10.1016/0168-9002\(95\)00274-X](https://doi.org/10.1016/0168-9002(95)00274-X)
- [7] <https://gitlab.cern.ch/RooUnfold/RooUnfold>