

The BGOOD experiment at ELSA

Exotic structures in the light quark sector?

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the EU Horizon 2020 research and innovation
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Status of N^* spectroscopy



Constituent quark models Vs. experiment

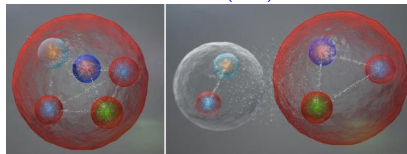
- General agreement of N^* and Δ spectra, however the “Missing resonance problem” persists
- Cannot also describe the parity ordering of lowest states, despite:
 - Wealth of γN data - ELSA, MAMI, GRAAL & CLAS
 - Sophisticated PWA, eg Bonn-Gatchina
 - Much improved understanding of known resonances, but few new states observed

state	J^P	PDG status in	
		2010	2020($N\gamma$)
N(1860)	5/2+	*	*
N(1875)	3/2-		**
N(1880)	1/2+		**
N(1895)	1/2-		****
N(1900)	3/2+	****	****
N(1990)	7/2+	**	**
N(2000)	5/2+	**	**
N(2060)	5/2-		**
N(2100)	1/2+	*	**
N(2120)	3/2-		**
N(2190)	7/2-	****	**
N(2220)	9/2+	****	**
N(2250)	9/2-	****	**

Relevant degrees of freedom?

- 3 quark states only?
- Molecule-like states, meson-baryon degrees of freedom?

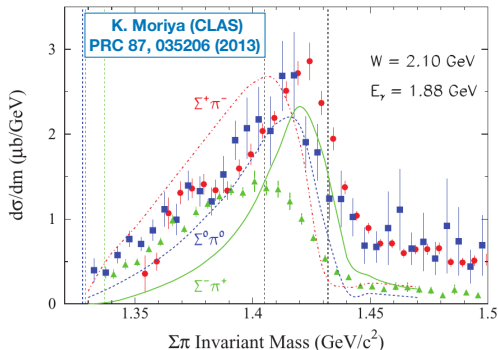
Glazman & Riska, Phys. Rep. 268 (1996) 263,
Garcia-Recio et al., PLB 582 (2004) 49,
Lutz & Kolomeitsev, PLB 585 (2004) 243





Structure of the $\Lambda(1405)$

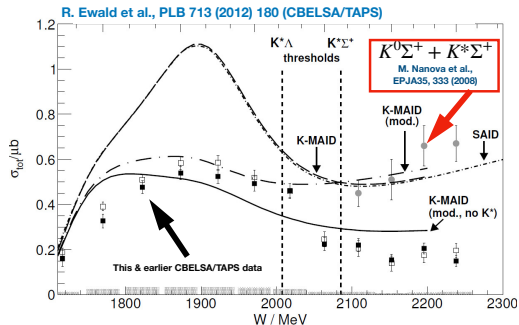
- Well established since the 1960's - considered a $\bar{K}N$ molecule prior to the quark model
Dalitz & Tuan, PRL 2 (1959) 425
- PDG until 2016 - a 3-quark state - now a $\bar{K}N$ molecule most probable
- Difficult to reconcile within a CQM:
 - Mass too low compared to $N^*(1535)$
 - Large spin orbit splitting to $\Lambda(1520)$
- Lies between the $\pi\Sigma$ & $\bar{K}N$ thresholds



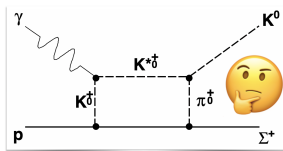
- $\Lambda(1405)$ - dynamically generated by meson-baryon interactions? Nacher, Oset, Toki, Ramos, & Meißner, NPA725 (2003)181
- LQCD: Hall et al., PRL 114 (2015) 132002
- $U\chi$ PT: Molina & Döring, PRD 94, 056010 & 079901 (2016)



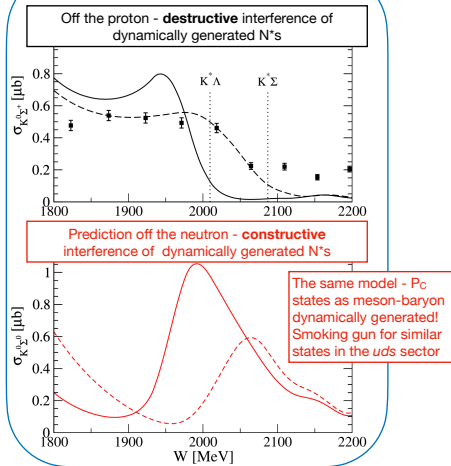
Cusp in the $\gamma p \rightarrow K^0 \Sigma^+$ cross section



K^{*0} sub-threshold production rescattering to π^0 & K^0 ?



Ramos & Oset, PLB 727, (2013) 287



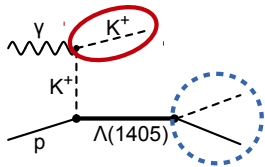


Parallels between charmed & strange sectors

	Charmed-sector		Strange-sector	
	Meson	Baryons	Meson	Baryons
State(s)	$X(3872)$	$P_c^*(4380/4457)$	$f_1(1285)$	$N^*(2030/2080)$
π exchange transition	$D^{*0}\bar{D}^0/D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$	$\Lambda_c^*\bar{D} + \Sigma_c\bar{D}^*$	$K^*\bar{K}/K\bar{K}^*$	$\Lambda^*\bar{K} + \Sigma\bar{K}^*$
Quantum numbers	$J^{PC} = 1^{++}$	$J^P = 3/2^-$	$J^{PC} = 1^{++}$	$J^P = 3/2^-$
3-body threshold	$D^0\bar{D}^0\pi^0$	$\Sigma_c^+\bar{D}^0\pi^0$	$K\bar{K}\pi$	$\Sigma\bar{K}\pi^0$
Closed flavour thresh.	$J/\psi\omega$	$\chi_{c1}\rho$	$\phi f_0(500)$	$\phi\rho$

BGOOD at the ELSA facility, Bonn:

- Photoproduction in the uds sector
- Charged particle identification at extremely forward angles - reaction dynamics at very low momentum exchange



The BGOOD experiment

Eur. Phys. J. A 56:104 (2020)

Spokespersons: H. Schmieden (Bonn)
& P. Levi Sandri (Frascati)

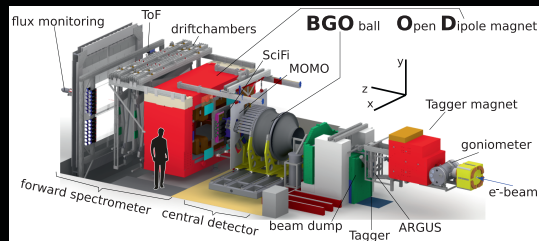
- Located at ELSA (Uni Bonn) - A 3 stage e^- accelerator - continuous beams up to 3.2 GeV
- BGO calorimeter (central region) & Forward Spectrometer combination
- High momentum resolution, excellent charged & neutral particle ID

EPJ A



Recognized by European Physical Society

Hadrons and Nuclei



Overview of the BGOOD (BGOball Open Dipole magnet) experiment at the Elsa Facility dedicated to study meson photo-production

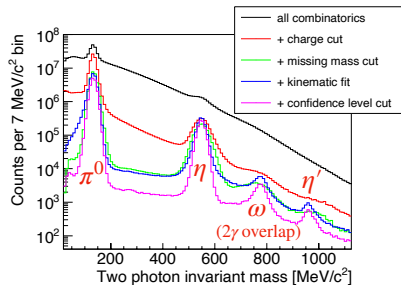
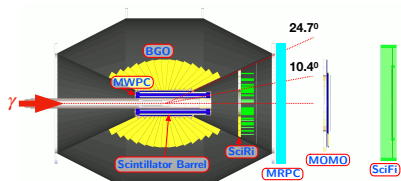
From: T. C. Jude and P. Levi Sandri et al. on "The BGOOD experimental setup at ELSA"



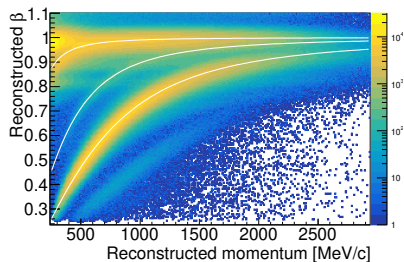
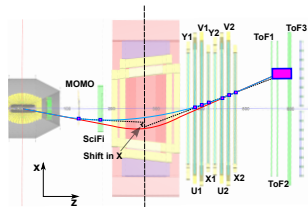


The BGOOD experiment, Eur. Phys. J. A 56:104 (2020)

The central region



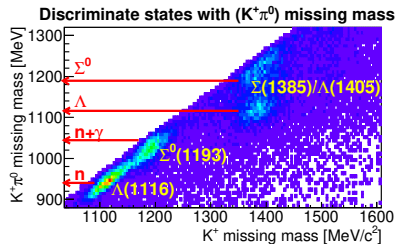
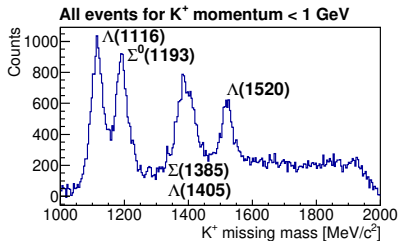
The forward region





Analysis example - mass recoiling from forward K^+

- The study of Y^* states in an extremely low momentum transfer region



Identify Y^* states from $K^+\pi^0$ recoiling mass

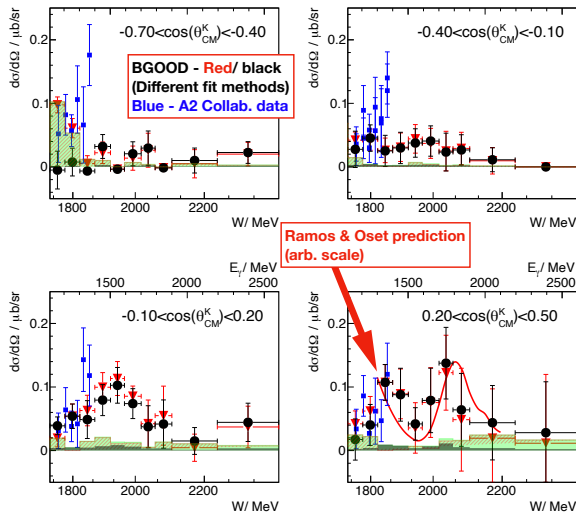
- $K^+\Lambda \rightarrow K^+\pi^0 n$ (Missing neutron mass from $K^+\pi^0$ system)
- $K^+\Lambda(1405) \rightarrow K^+\pi^0 \Sigma^0$ (Missing Σ^0 mass from $K^+\pi^0$ system)
- $K^+\Sigma(1385) \rightarrow K^+\pi^0 \Lambda$ (Missing Λ mass from $K^+\pi^0$ system)

$\gamma n \rightarrow K^0 \Sigma^0$ K. Kohl PhD thesis, arXiv:2108.13319 (2021) (submitted to EPJA)


- Peak predicted - “smoking gun” for reaction mechanism - Equivalent model that predicted the P_C states as dynamically generated

A. Ramos and E. Oset, PLB 727, (2013) 287

- identified via $K^0 \rightarrow 2\pi^0$ & $\Sigma^0 \rightarrow \gamma(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-)$
- Consistent with model prediction - more statistics required for definitive statement
- More data now available



Model prediction - Ramos & Oset, PLB 727, 287 (2013)

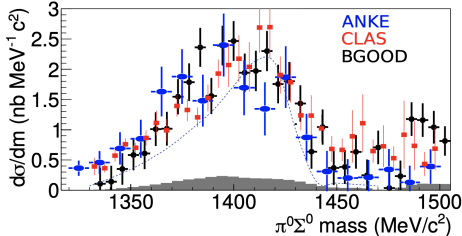
Squares - Akondi et al. (A2) EPJA 55 11, 202 (2019),

$$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda(1405) \rightarrow K^+ (\Sigma^0 \pi^0)$$

G. Scheluchin PhD thesis, arXiv:2007.08898 (2021), submitted to PLB

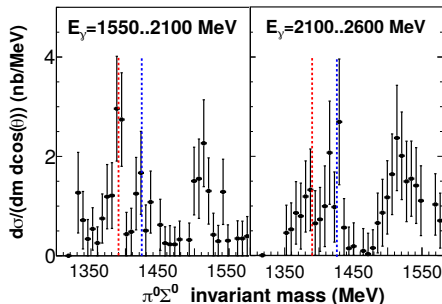


- Line shape - good agreement with previous data



- This data & ANKE - 2 peak structure at 1395 & 1425 MeV/c²?
- Close to the $\Lambda(1405)$ proposed 2-pole structure
Oller & Meißner, PLB 500, 263 (2001)

- Cross section of poles appears to change at forward angles
- K^+ in the forward spectrometer ($\sigma_{\text{Mass}} \sim 13 \text{ MeV}/c^2$, $\cos \theta_{\text{CM}}^K > 0.86$):



$$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda(1405) \rightarrow K^+ (\Sigma^0 \pi^0)$$

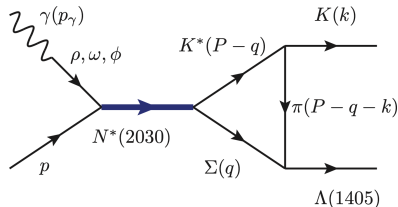
G. Scheluchin PhD thesis, arXiv:2007.08898 (2021), submitted to PLB



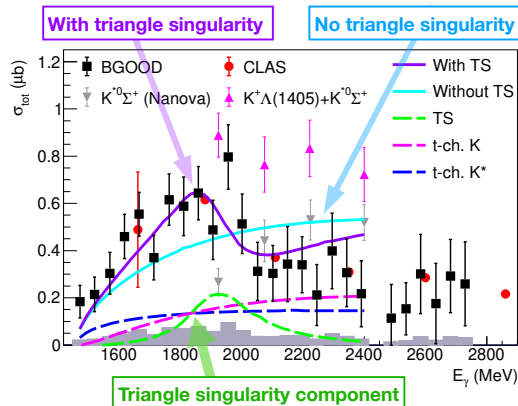
Triangle singularity in $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda(1405)$

Wang et al. PRC 95, 015205 (2017)

- $N^*(2030)$ proposed for cusp in $K^0 \Sigma^+$!



- $N^*(2030)$ close in mass & strong coupling to $K^* \Sigma$
- $K^* \Sigma$ molecular component?

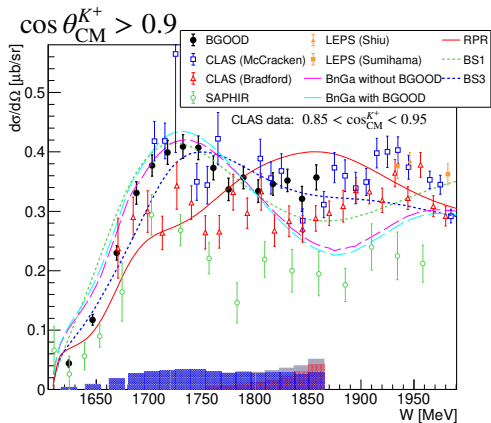


[CLAS: Moriya, PRC 87, 035206 (2013)]
 [M. Nanova et al., EPJA 35 (2008) 333]



Forward $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$, Eur. Phys. J. A (2021) 57:80

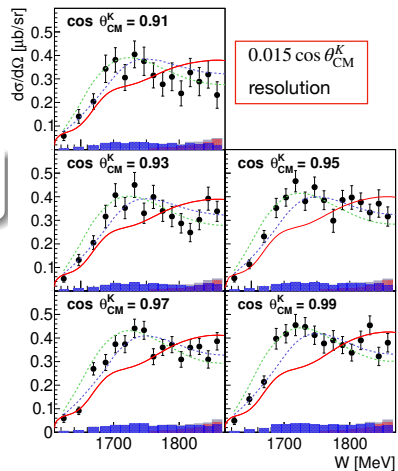
- Low t data - constraint on hypernuclei electroproduction
- Forward angles - sensitive to high spin N^*



CLAS data:

$$0.85 < \cos \theta_{CM}^{K^+} < 0.95$$

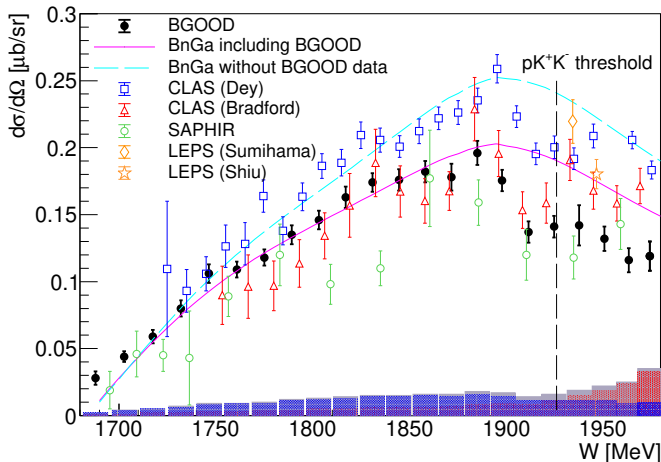
BnGa: EPJA 50:74 (2014)
 RPR: Skoupil & Bydžovský, PRC, 100:035202 (2019)
 BS1 & BS3: Skoupil & Bydžovský, PRC, 97:025202 (2018)
 Bradford, PRC 73:035202 (2006)
 McCracken, PRC 81:025201 (2010)
 SAPHIR, EPJA 19:251 (2004)
 LEPS: PRC 73:035214 (2006) & 97:015208 (2018)





$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Sigma^0$ T.C. Jude et al., Phys. Lett. B 820 (2021) 136559

- Highest statistics to date for $\cos \theta_{\text{CM}}^K > 0.9$ (CLAS data in $\cos \theta_{\text{CM}}^K$ 0.85 to 0.95)
- Resolve discrepancies in world data set & reveals “cusp” at $W \sim 1900$ MeV



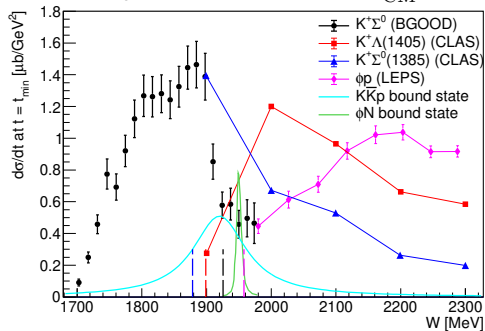
- Cusp regarded as a peak before - PWA have attributed $D_{13}(1895)$, $S_{31}(1900)$, $P_{31}(1910)$ & $P_{13}(1900)$

R. Bradford *et al.* (CLAS), PRC 73, 035202 (2006),
 B.Dey *et al.* (CLAS), PRC 82, 025202 (2010),
 CLAS data in $\cos \theta_{\text{CM}}^K$ 0.85 to 0.95 interval,
 K.H. Glander *et al.* (SAPHIR), EPJA 19, 251 (2004),
 BnGa PWA - without BGOOD/with BGOOD



$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Sigma^0$ T.C. Jude et al., Phys. Lett. B 820 (2021) 136559

Data extrapolated to t_{\min} & $\cos \theta_{\text{CM}}^K = 1$



CLAS data extrapolated from: K. Moriya, PhD thesis, Carnegie Mellon University, 2010.

https://www.jlab.org/Hall-B/general/thesis/Moriya_thesis.pdf.

LEPS: Mibe et al. PRL.95:182001,2005.

$K\bar{K}p$ bound state: Mart et al., EPJA, 41:361, 2009.

ϕN bound state: Gao, et al, PRC, 95:055202, 2017.

The Cusp is....

- at predicted $K\bar{K}p$ and ϕp bound states
- 20 MeV above predicted bound $\Sigma(1385)K$ state

Channel thresholds:

- A “smooth” transition between $K^+ \Sigma^0$ & $p\phi$
- Similar behaviour of $K^+ \Sigma^0(1385)$

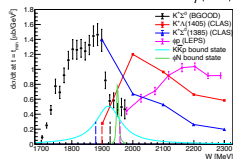
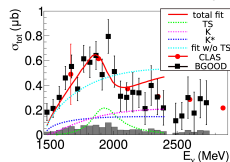
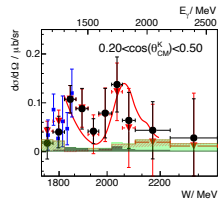
Evidence that the Jülich-Bonn dynamical coupled-channel analysis can describe the “cusp”

D. Rönchen, priv. comm. 2022

The BGOOD experiment at ELSA - the story so far



- Molecular-like structure in the uds sector?
- BGOOD - photoproduction at forward angles & low momentum transfer [Eur. Phys. J. A 56:104 \(2020\)](#)
- $\gamma n \rightarrow K^0 \Sigma^0$ - dynamically generated meson-baryon resonance contributions? (parallels to P_C states)
[arXiv:2108.13319 \(2021\)](#), submitted to EPJA
- $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+(\Lambda(1405) \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^0)$ - triangle diagram mechanism?
[arXiv:2007.08898 \(2021\)](#), submitted to PLB
- Cusp in $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Sigma^0$ - at thresholds & bound state predictions
[PLB 820 \(2021\) 136559](#)
- Forward $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$ [Eur. Phys. J. A \(2021\) 57:80](#)



The BGOOD experiment at ELSA - What is next?

Exotic structures in the light quark sector?



- More data this year
- Aerogel Cherenkov - forward K^+/π^+ separation
- Higher statistics study in the strangeness sector
 - $K^0\Sigma$ channels & different $\Lambda(1405)$ decay modes
 - $K^+\Sigma^-$ J. Groß, PhD analysis, Uni Bonn
 - $K^*\Sigma$ A. Figueiredo, Bachelor thesis 2020, & L. Bauchage, Bachelor thesis 2022, Uni Bonn

In the non-strange sector...

- “Dibaryon” searches in coherent reactions
 - $\gamma d \rightarrow 2\pi^0 d$ TJ, arXiv:2202.08594, submitted to PLB
 - $\gamma d \rightarrow 3\pi^0 d$ A. Stirner, Masters thesis 2021, Uni Bonn
 - $\gamma d \rightarrow \pi^0 \eta d$ L. Lutter, bachelor thesis & TJ, Proof of principle tests
- η' near threshold S. Alef, PhD thesis 2021, Uni Bonn
- $\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^0 \eta$: a_0 & a_2 studies at low p transfer A. Sonnenschein, Masters thesis 2021, Uni Bonn

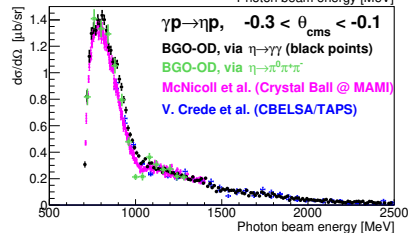
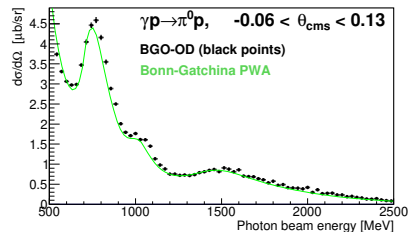
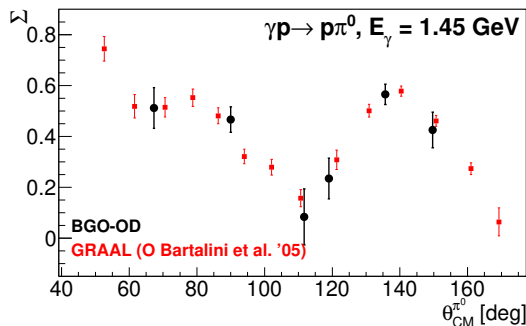
Extra slides



BGOOD - Central region



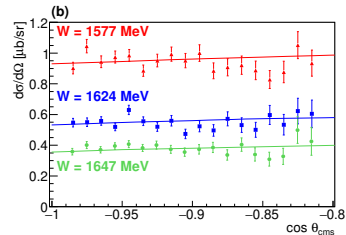
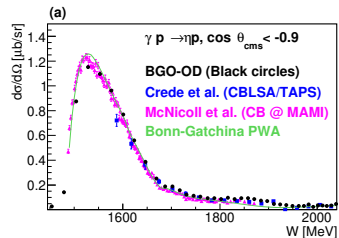
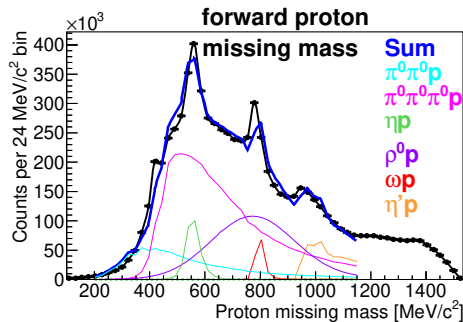
- Accurate neutral meson photoproduction cross sections
- γ flux well understood ($\sim 4\%$)
- BGOOD - both neutral & mixed charged identification
- Well understood degree of linear polarisation



BGOOD - Forward region



- Accurate knowledge of detector & trigger efficiencies, momentum & β resolution
- Right: $\gamma p \rightarrow \eta p$ (proton in F.S) - excellent agreement with existing data

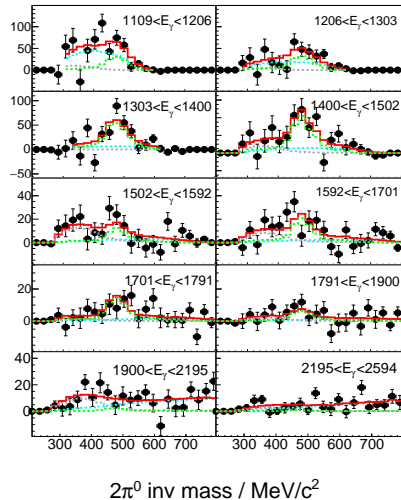


BnGa: Anisovich et al., EPJA 25, 427 (2005), McNicoll et al., PRC 82 035208 (2010), Crede et al., PRC 80, 055202 (2009)

$\gamma n(p) \rightarrow K^0 \Sigma^0$ K. Kohl PhD thesis, paper in preparation



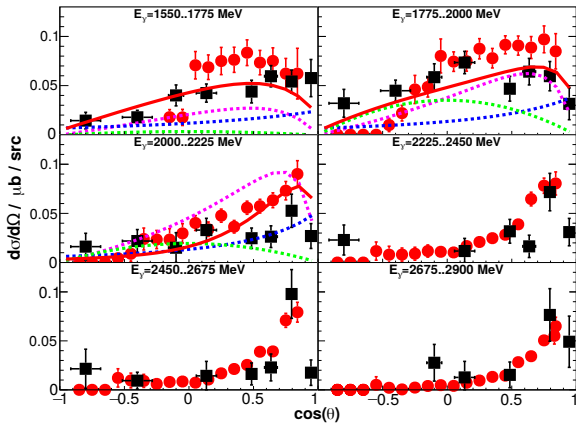
- Fit signal & background off the neutron ($3\pi^0 n$ & ηn)
- 2 fit methods - sim or real BG data with relaxed reaction selection constraints





$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda(1405)$ G. Scheluchin PhD thesis, paper in preparation

- Differential cross section for $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda(1405) \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^0$



Black points: BGOOD

Red points: CLAS

Solid Red: Total fit

Dotted cyan: fit without Triangle diagram

Dotted green: Triangle diagram contribution

Dotted blue: K^* t -channel exchange

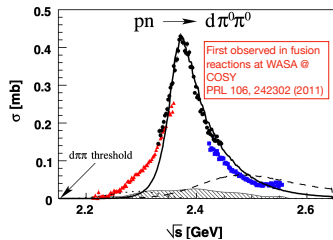
Dotted magenta: K t -channel

Fits from Wang et al. PRC 95, 015205 (2017)



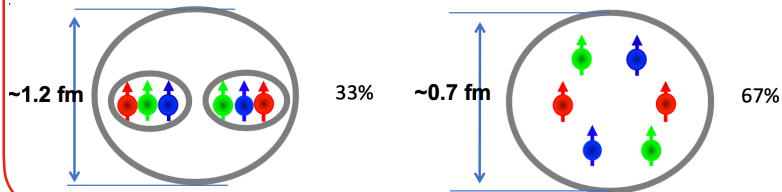
Dibaryons - Motivation

Discovery of the $d^*(2380)$ dibaryon



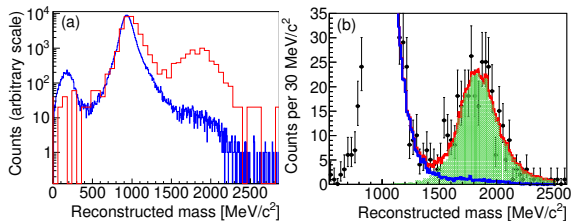
- $(I)J^P = (0)3^+$
- Now observed in multiple final states in pn reactions

Microscopic chiral quark models: 2/3 hidden colour (compact) configuration, Huang et al. Chin. Phys. C 7 (2015) 071001



- Calculations of $d^*(2380)$ in the centre of neutron stars - Vidana et al, PLB 781 (2018) 112
- Dark matter candidate - $d^*(2380)$ BEC formed in the early universe Bashkanov & Watts, J. Phys. G 47 (2020) 03LT01

Exotic dibaryon searches at BGOOD

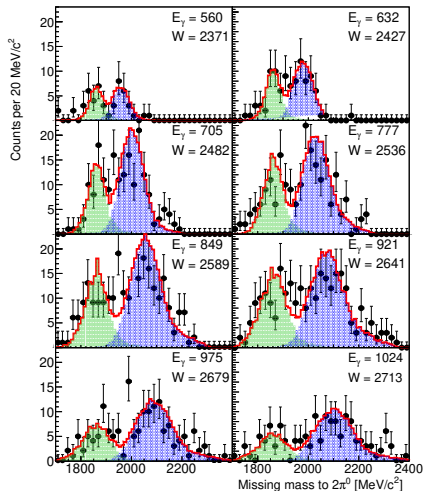


Fit to $2\pi^0$ missing mass spectra (after forward deuteron ID)

$\gamma d \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 d$ (simulated)

Fitted quasi-free $\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 p$ BG

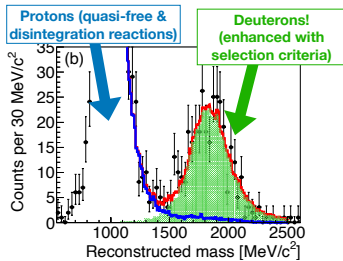
Total fit





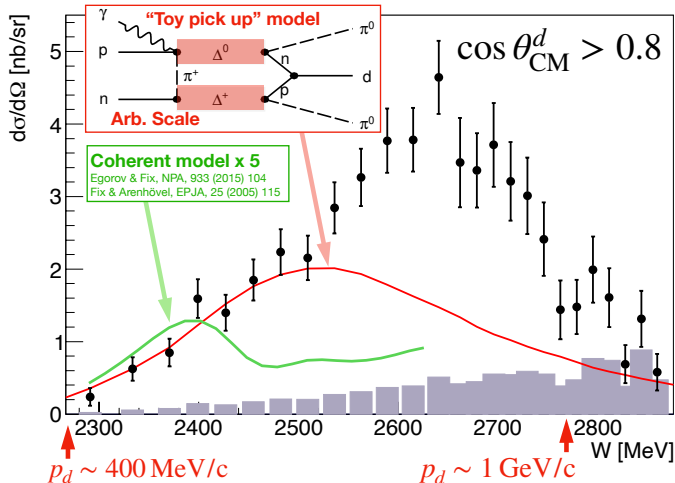
Dibaryons at BGOOD TJ, arXiv:2202.08594, submitted to PLB

Coherent reaction - $\gamma d \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 d$, deuterons in the forward spectrometer!

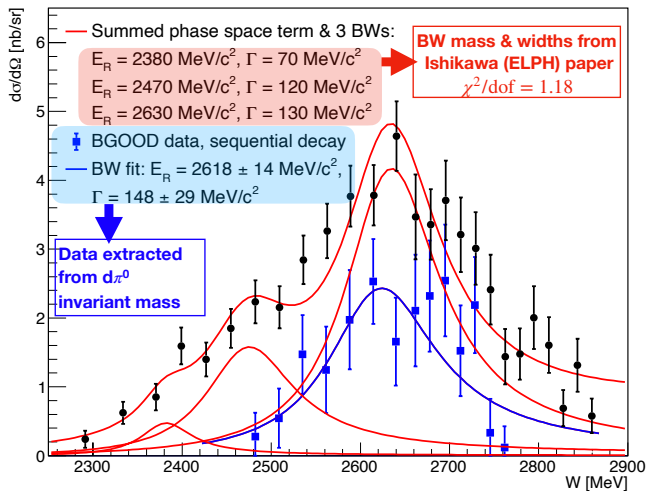


Completely unexpected!

- $p_d > 400$ MeV/c
- Deuteron Fermi momentum ~ 80 MeV/c

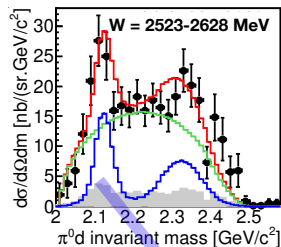


Dibaryons at BGOOD TJ, arXiv:2202.08594, submitted to PLB

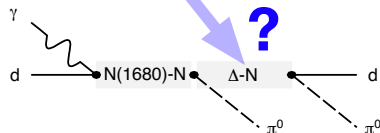


Blue- dibaryon sequential decay

Green - phase space

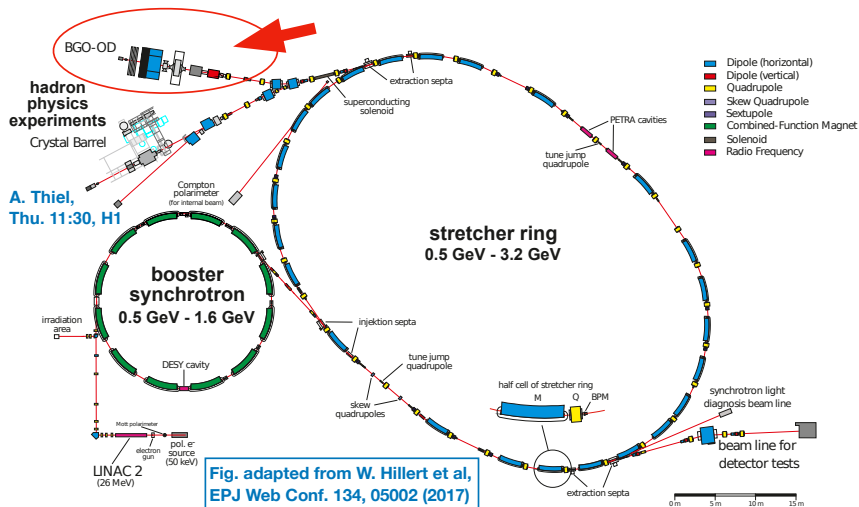


$$E_R \sim 2114 \text{ MeV}/c^2, \Gamma \approx 20 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$



The Electron Stretcher Accelerator (ELSA)

A 3 stage e^- accelerator - continuous electron beams up to 3.2 GeV



$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda(1405)$

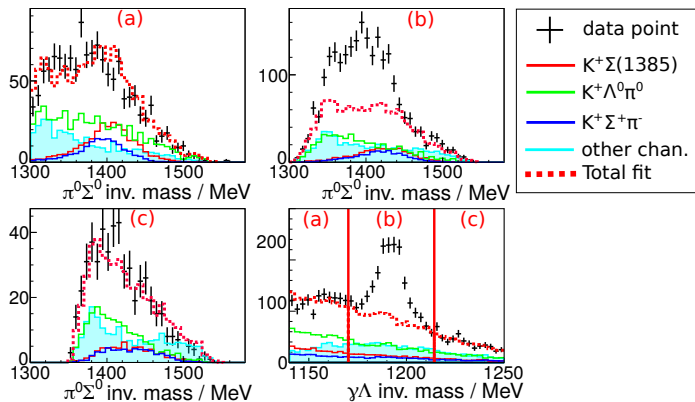
G. Scheluchin PhD thesis, arXiv:2007.08898 (2021), submitted to PLB



- Line shape & differential cross section for $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+(\Lambda(1405) \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^0)$
- $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+(\Lambda(1405) \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^0) \rightarrow K^+(\Lambda \gamma)(\gamma \gamma) \rightarrow K^+(p \pi^- \gamma)(\gamma \gamma)$

- Full reconstruction & kinematic fit
- 2D fit to signal & background:
- Other channels (cyan line):

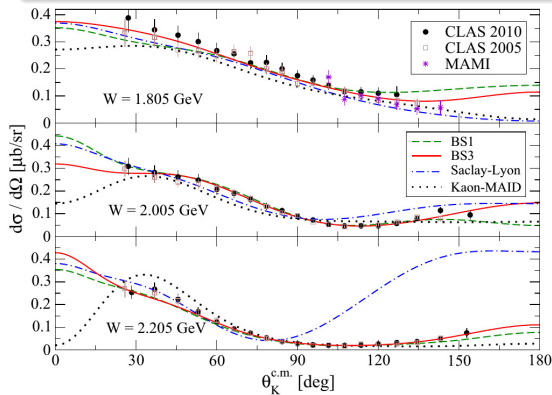
$\eta \pi p,$
 $K^0 \Sigma^+,$
 $K^+ \Sigma^0,$
 $\pi^0 \pi^+ \pi^- p$





Forward $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$ - motivation

Not only Y^* states at forward angles important - photoproduction of ground state hyperons at low t virtually unconstrained by data



- BGOOD - high \cos_{CM}^K resolution at forward angles - sensitive to high-spin intermediate states
- low t photoproduction - crucial constraint for hypernuclei electroproduction!

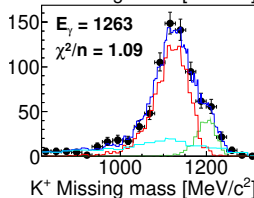
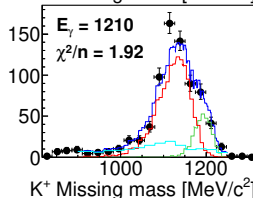
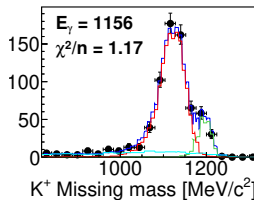
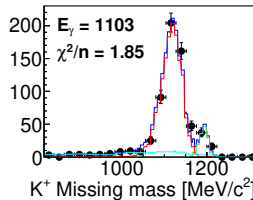
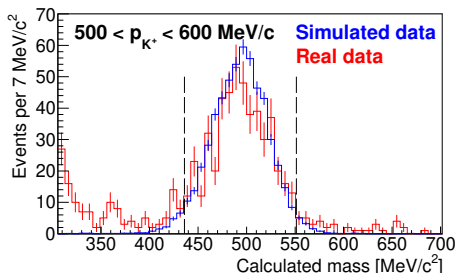
Additional models (not shown):

Jülich-Bonn, D. Rönchen, M., Döring, U.G. Meißner, EPJA (2018) 54
 BnGa PWA, E. Klempt, A. Sarantsev, U. Thoma, V. Nikonov



Forward $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$, Eur. Phys. J. A (2021) 57:80

- Identify $\Lambda \rightarrow \pi^0 n$ with low energy deposition the BGO Rugby Ball
- Reconstructed forward K^+ mass:



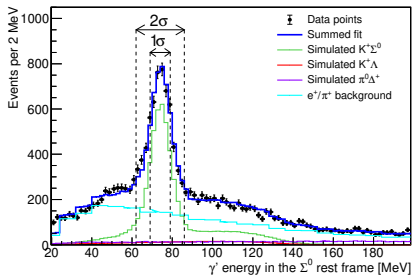
K^+ missing mass fitted with:

Simulated $K^+ \Lambda$ and $K^+ \Sigma^0$, Background from e^+ & π^+

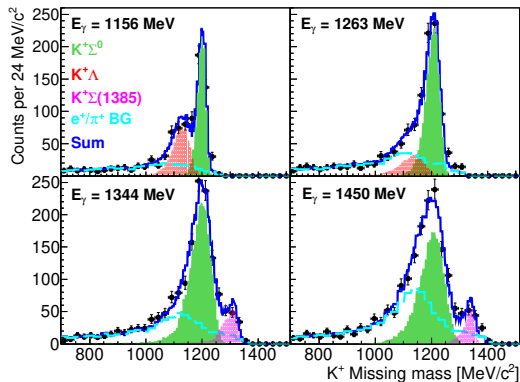


$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Sigma^0$ T.C. Jude et al., Phys. Lett. B 820 (2021) 136559

- After identifying forward K^+ , boost all γ in the BGO into the Σ^0 rest frame
- 74 MeV decay energy, select 1σ or 2σ events:



- Missing mass recoiling from forward K^+ after Σ^0 decay photon identification



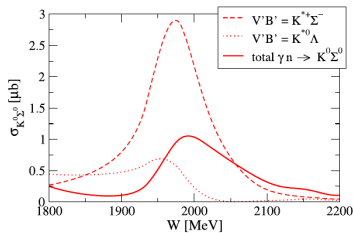
$\gamma n \rightarrow K^0 \Sigma^0$ K. Kohl, PhD thesis, arXiv:2108.13319 (2021) (submitted to EPJA)



- Peak predicted - “smoking gun” for reaction mechanism

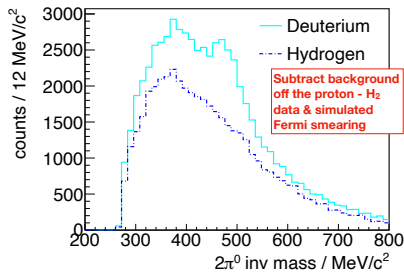
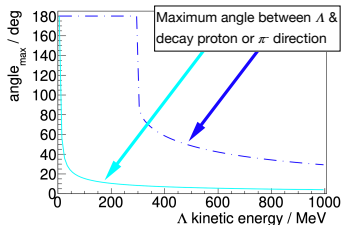
A. Ramos and E. Oset, PLB 727, (2013) 287

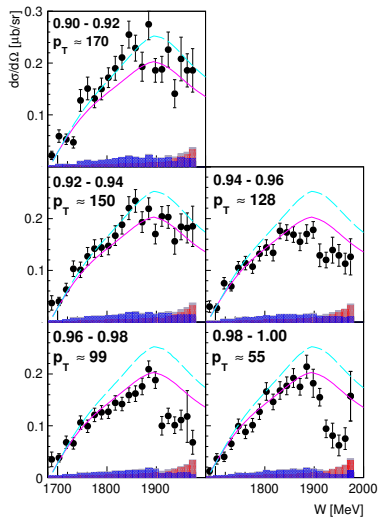
- Equivalent model that predicted the P_C states as dynamically generated



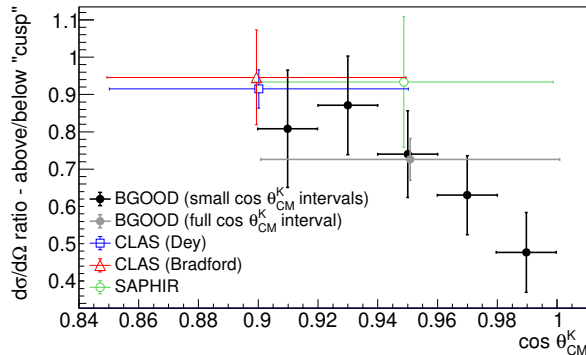
$\gamma n \rightarrow K^0 \Sigma^0$ at BGOOD

- $K^0 \rightarrow 2\pi^0$ in the BGO Rugby Ball
- Identify $\Sigma^0 \rightarrow \gamma \Lambda$ & angle cut on $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$



$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Sigma^0$ T.C. Jude et al., Phys. Lett. B 820 (2021) 136559


- Cusp increases quickly with $\cos \theta_{\text{CM}}^K$ and K^+ transverse momentum (p_T) (labelled left, inset)
- Consistent with the “extent of cusp” seen at CLAS:

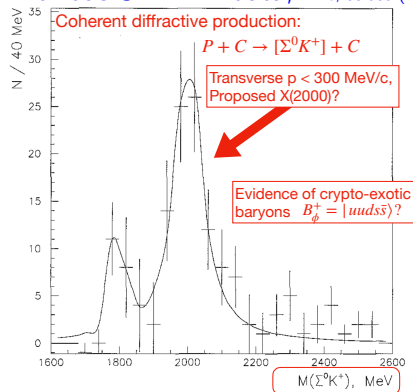




Forward $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Sigma^0$ - Motivation

- Limited data at forward K^+ angles
- $W \sim 1900$ MeV at the $K^+ K^- p$ threshold, many predictions:
 - ϕN bound systems [Gao, Huang, Liu, Ping, Wang & Z. Zhao, PRC, 95:055202, 2017](#)
 - Molecular $K\Sigma$ states, $J^P = 1/2^-$ & $3/2^-$ consistent with $N^*(1875)$ & $N^*(2100)$ [Huang, Zhu & Ping, PRD 97:094019, 2018.](#)
 - A 3-hadron $K\bar{K}N$ molecule with $a_0(980)N$ & $f_0(980)N$ components [Martínez Torre, Khemchandani, Meißner & Oset, EPJA 41:361, 2009.](#)

Previous SPHINX data, ZPC, 68:585 (1995)



Low transverse p requires forward kinematics in photoproduction!

Exotic phenomena in the charmed sector*

*Not what we study at BGOOD!

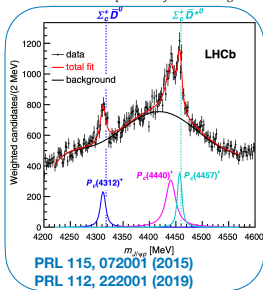


Pentaquark candidates at LHCb

PARTICLE PHYSICS 16 JULY 2015 | VOL 523 | NATURE | 267

Forsaken pentaquark particle spotted at CERN

Exotic subatomic species confirmed at Large Hadron Collider after earlier false sightings.

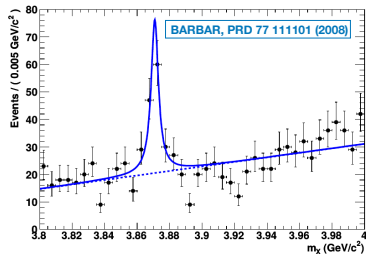


Meson-baryon dynamically generated states?

eg Wu, Molina, Oset, & Zou, PRL 105, 232001 (2010)

Charmed meson sector

$X(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi$ - most cited paper from Belle
PRL91, 262001 (2003)



$X(3872)$ - molecular $D^0 \bar{D}^0$?

eg, Törnqvist, PLB 590, 209 (2004)

