

ALICE determines the scattering parameters of D mesons with light-flavor hadrons



1. Motivation

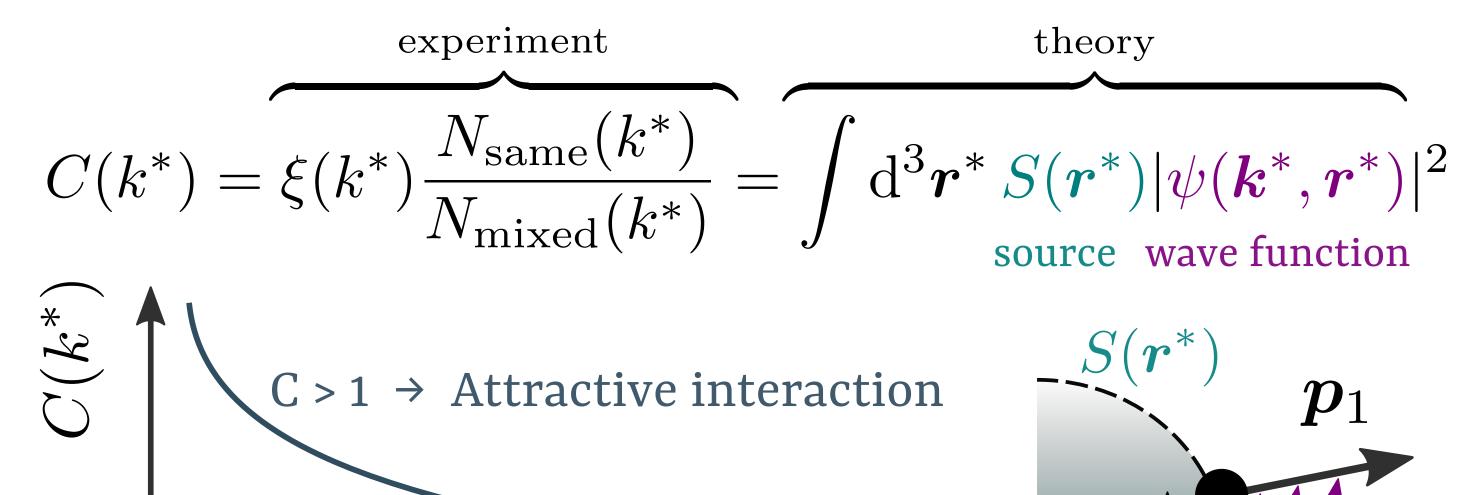
The scattering parameters of D mesons with light hadrons were never measured, however they are important for:

- searches of exotic charm states^[1] Are there multi-quark or molecular states of D mesons with light hadrons?
- lattice QCD calculations Benchmark the available predictions for the scattering parameters
- understanding the B meson decay^[2] Current measurements are incompatible with the standard model
- D mesons in heavy-ion collisions^[3]

2. Femtoscopy method

The interaction between the particles results in momentum correlations → correlation function (CF)

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Study the influence of the hadronic phase in the production of charm hadrons in heavy-ion collisions

3. Selection of D[±] mesons

Reconstructed via the $D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$ decay + c.c. Different origins for D[±] mesons:

prompt

From the hadronisation of the charm quark or decay of excited charm states

non-prompt

From beauty hadron decay

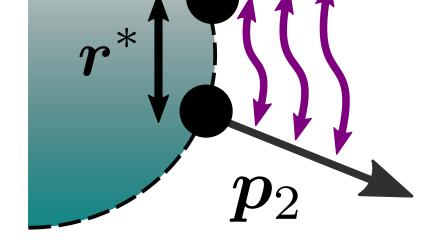
combinatorial background

From the combination of uncorrelated pion and kaon tracks

Selection based on the decay-vertex topology, employing a machine-learning multi-class classification algorithm

 $C = 1 \rightarrow No interaction$

 $C < 1 \rightarrow$ Repulsive interaction





CFs of D^{\pm} mesons with light hadrons: high-multiplicity proton-proton collisions at \sqrt{s} = 13 TeV

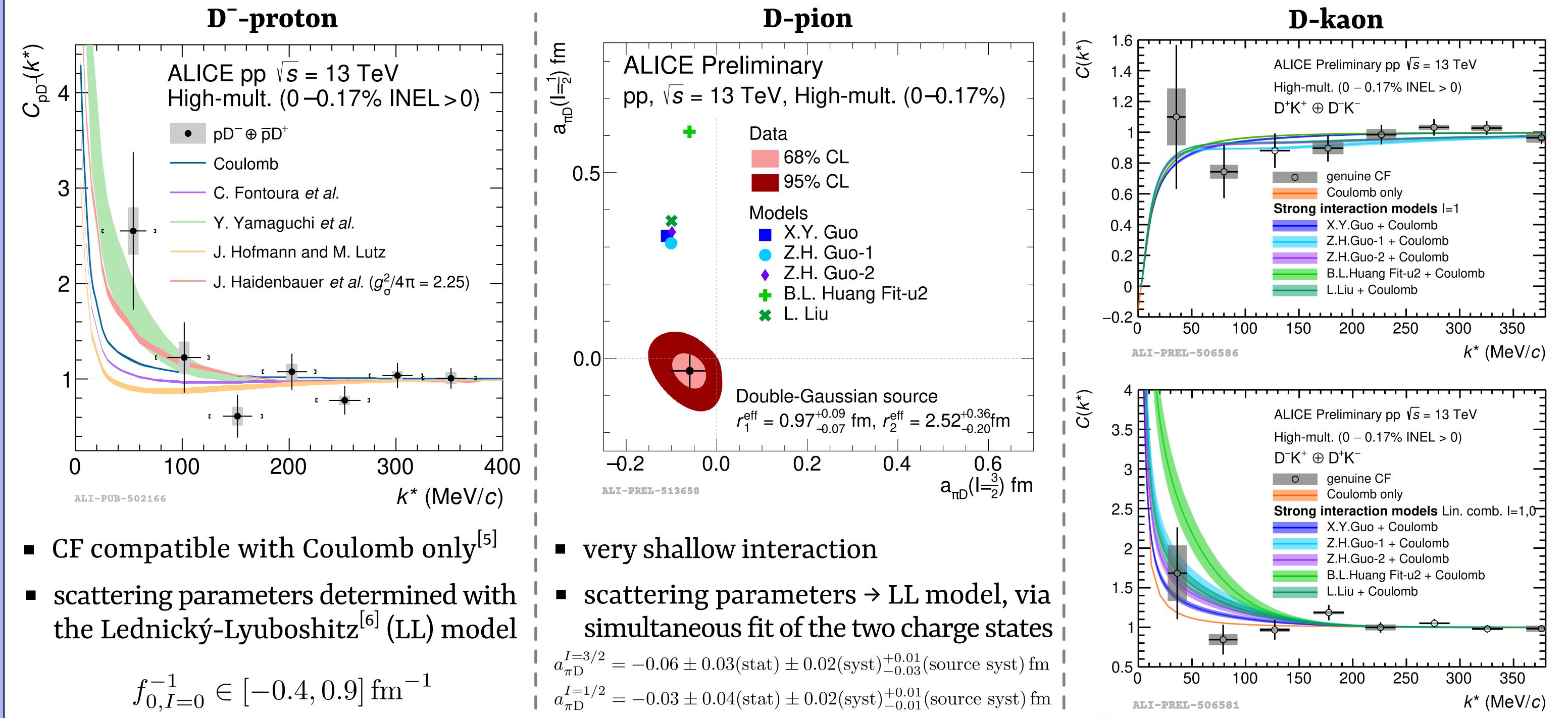
 k^*

4. Background corrections

CF corrected for several sources of background:

- jet-like correlations
- combinatorial background
- weak decays
- strong decays

5. D⁻-proton, D-pion and D-kaon interactions



 compatible with attractive interaction and ND bound state

- comparison with theory: mixed isospin: strong deviation pure isospin: agreement
- very shallow interaction
- CFs compatible with Coulomb only

References			Acknowledgements	
[1] PRC 84 (2011) 064910 [2] PRL 126 (2021) 192001	[3] PLB 701 (2011) 445–450 [4] PLB 811 (2020) 135849	[5] arXiv:2201.05352 [6] SJNP 35 (1982) 770	This project has received funding from the Helmholtz Institute Mainz and the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 824093.	
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