

Total Cross section of $\Xi^{*-}(1820)$ at GlueX

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On behalf of GlueX collaboration.

HYP2022 conference 2022, CZ

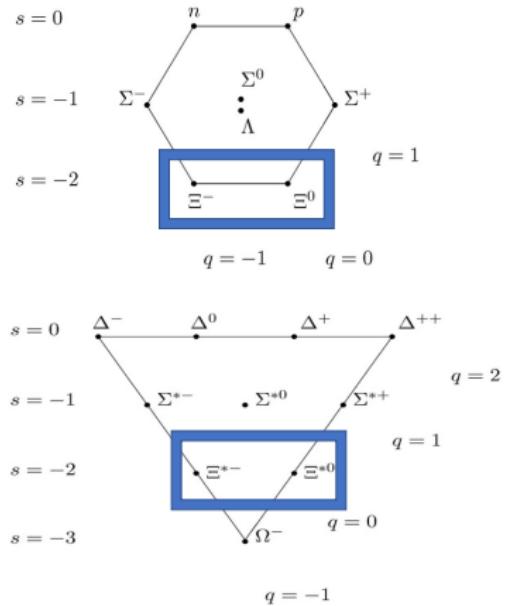


Outline

- 1 Motivation
- 2 Previous Experiments
- 3 GlueX Experiment
- 4 Event Selection
- 5 Photoproduction of Cascades at GlueX
- 6 Results
- 7 Summary Future work

Motivation

- SU(6) flavor-spin symmetry gives
 $6 \otimes 6 \otimes 6 = 20_A \oplus 70_{MS} \oplus 70_{MA} \oplus 56_s$
 $70_M = {}^2\text{10} \oplus {}^4\text{8} \oplus {}^2\text{8} \oplus {}^2\text{1}$
- First excitation: negative parity
- octet: $S = 3/2$, $L=1$ gives
 $1/2^-$, $3/2^-$, $5/2^-$
- octet: $S = 1/2$, $L=1$ gives
 $1/2^-$, $3/2^-$
- decuplet: $S = 1/2, L=1$ gives
 $3/2^-$, $1/2^-$



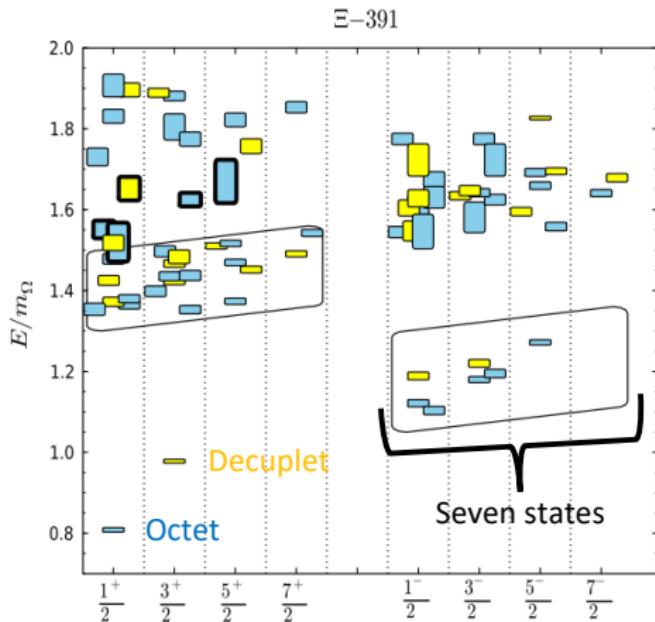
Motivation

- SU(6) flavor-spin symmetry gives

$$6 \otimes 6 \otimes 6 = 20_A \oplus 70_{MS} \oplus 70_{MA} \oplus 56_s$$
$$70_M = {}^210 \oplus {}^48 \oplus {}^28 \oplus {}^21$$

- First excitation: negative parity
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 $1/2^-$, $3/2^-$, $5/2^-$
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Excited baryon spectra from lattice QCD
Robert P.R.D 87,054506(2013)

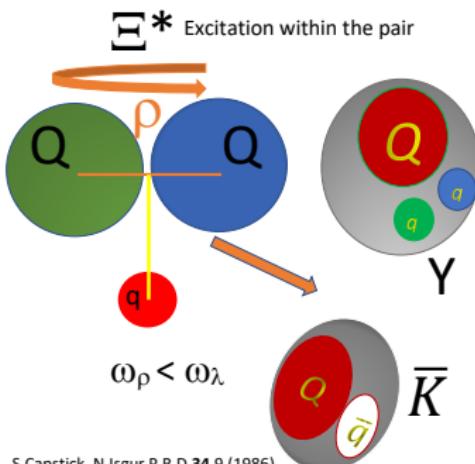


All these seven states are accessible at GlueX energies.

Motivation (cont)

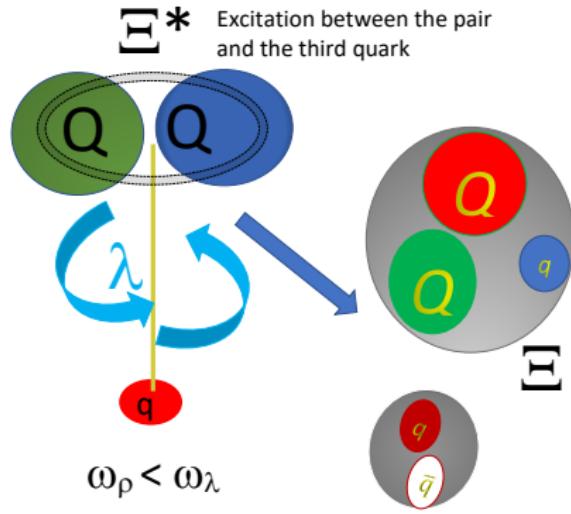
Ξ^* can be seen as two 3D harmonic oscillators

ρ decay mode



S.Capstick, N.Isgur P.R.D.**34**,9,(1986)
K.T.Chao, N.Isgur P.R.D.**23**,1,(1981)

λ decay mode



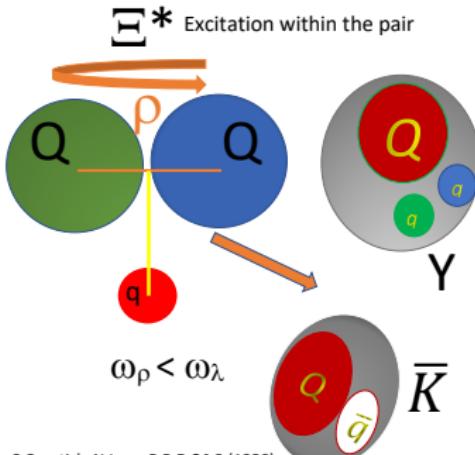
S.Capstick, N.Isgur P.R.D.**34**,9,(1986)
K.T.Chao, N.Isgur P.R.D.**23**,1,(1981)

π

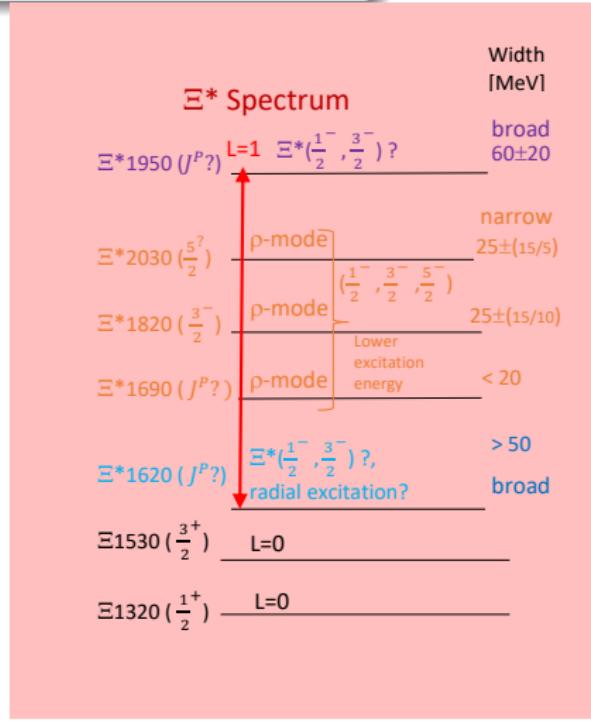
Motivation (cont)

Ξ^* can be seen as two 3D harmonic oscillators

ρ decay mode

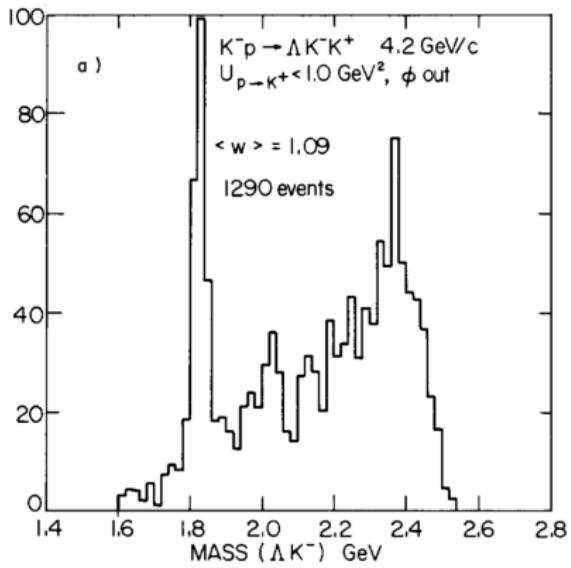


S.Capstick, N.Isgur P.R.D.**34**,9,(1986)
K.T.Chao, N.Isgur P.R.D.**23**,1,(1981)



Previous Experiments

D.Teodoro *et al.* P.L.B 77 451(1978).
CERN

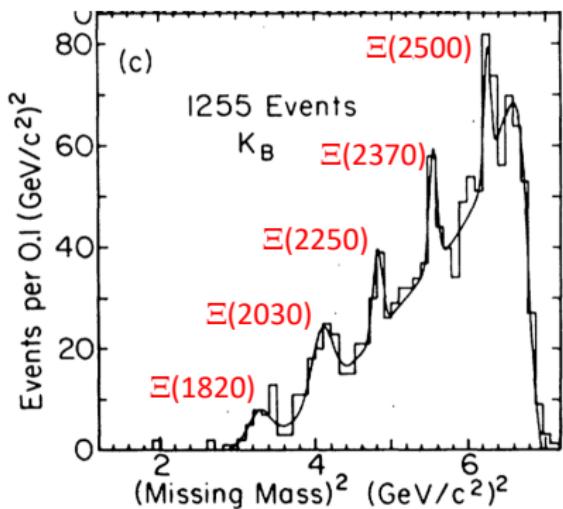


Previous Experiments

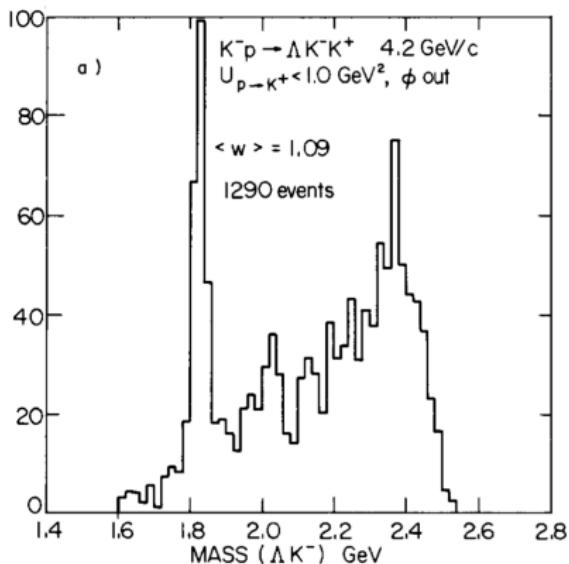
D.Teodoro et al. P.L.B 77 451(1978).

M.Jenkins et al. P.R.L. 51 (1983).
 $K^- p \rightarrow K^+ X^- (B.N.L)$

No indication of $\Xi(1620)$, $\Xi(1690)$.



CERN

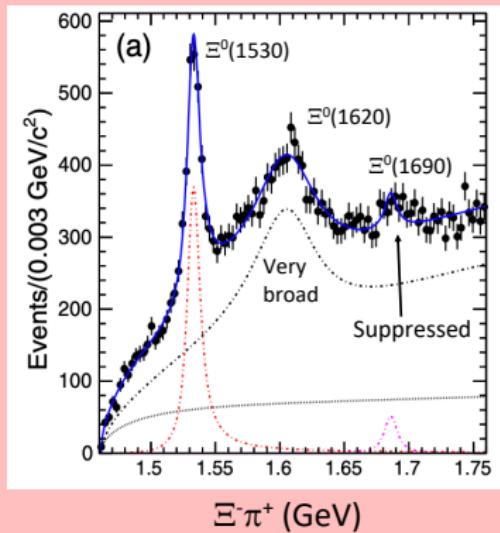
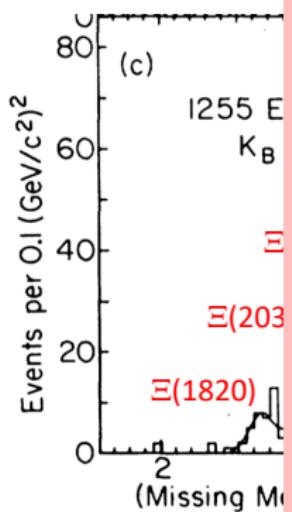


Previous Experiments

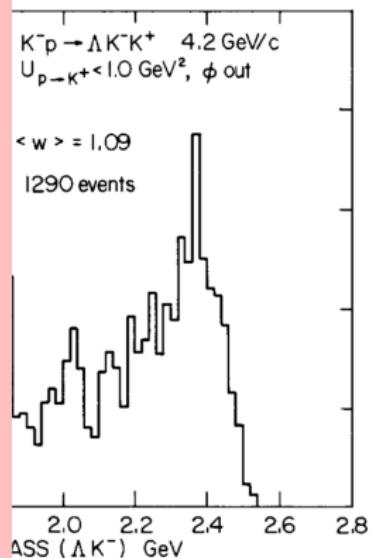
D.Teodoro et al. P.L.B 77 451(1978).

M.Jenkins et
 $K^- p \rightarrow$

No indication



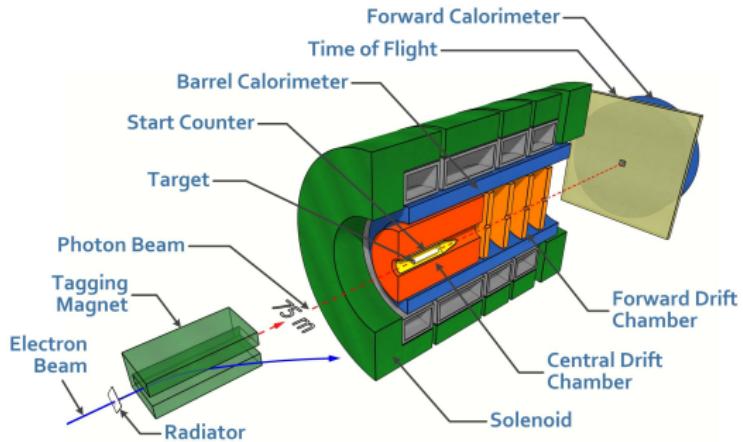
Belle: P.R.L.122,072501 (2019)



GlueX Experiment

The GlueX experiment is located in Hall D in JLab.

GlueX started data taking in 2017.



GlueX has nearly hermetic acceptance for charged and neutral particles.

More details: The strangeness program at GlueX by Dr.Peter Pauli on 01/07 at 11:00 -11:20 am.

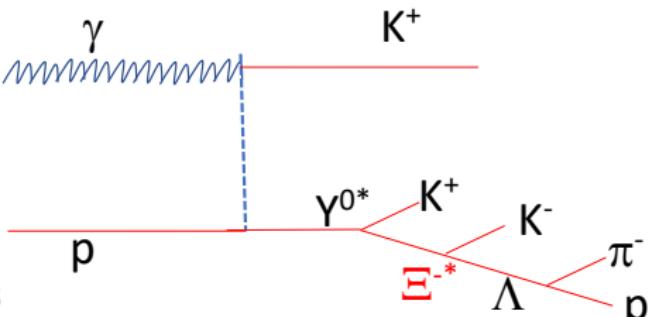
pictures are taken from <https://gluexweb.jlab.org>

Event Selection

Event selection for

$$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \Xi^{*-} \rightarrow K^+ K^+ K^- \Lambda$$

- Kinematically fitted.
- GlueX Phase-1 data.
- Selected events after relevant cuts.
- MonteCarlo sample is generated with a single Υ^{0*} hyperon of mass 2.75 GeV and width of 0.5 GeV.
- t slope of value 1.4 GeV^2 is used.



Photoproduction of Cascades at GlueX

Excited Ξ^* states at GlueX energies

Particle	J^P	Overall Status	Status as seen in			
			$\Xi\pi$	$K\Lambda$	$K\Sigma$	$\Xi(1530)\pi$
$\Xi(1318)$	$1/2^+$	****				
$\Xi(1530)$	$3/2^+$	****	****			
$\Xi(1620)$		*	*			
$\Xi(1690)$		***		***	**	
$\Xi(1820)$	$3/2^-$	***	**	***	**	**
$\Xi(1950)$		***	**	**		*
$\Xi(2030)$		***		**	***	
$\Xi(2120)$		*		*		
$\Xi(2250)$		**				
$\Xi(2370)$		**				
$\Xi(2500)$		*		*	*	

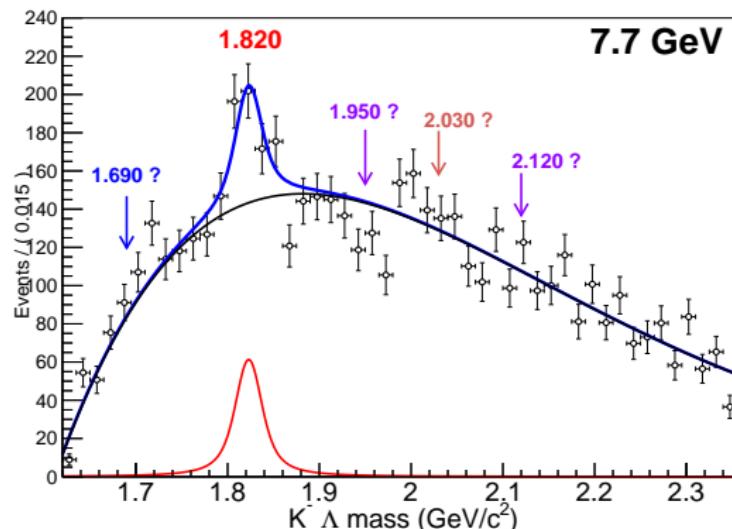
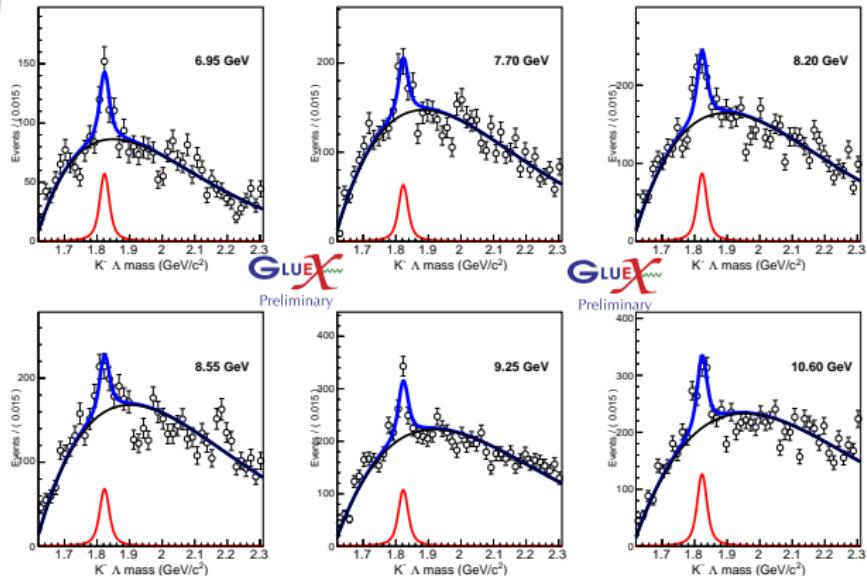


Table taken from Ref. PDG³

Results

Invariant mass of $K^-\Lambda$

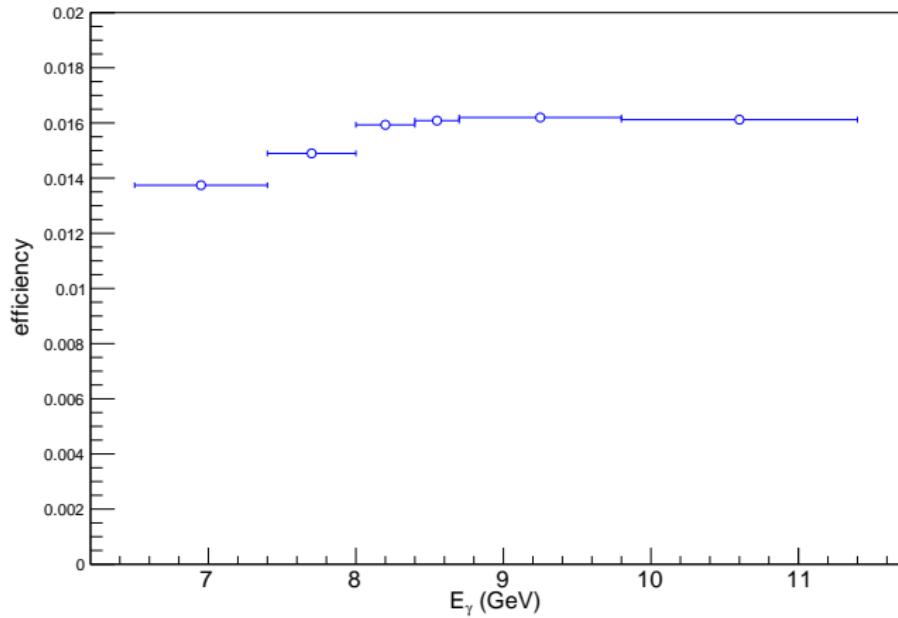
Invariant mass is fitted with a combination of Voigtian and Argus function for signal and background respectively.



Results

$$\text{efficiency} = \frac{\text{reconstructed}}{\text{generated}}.$$

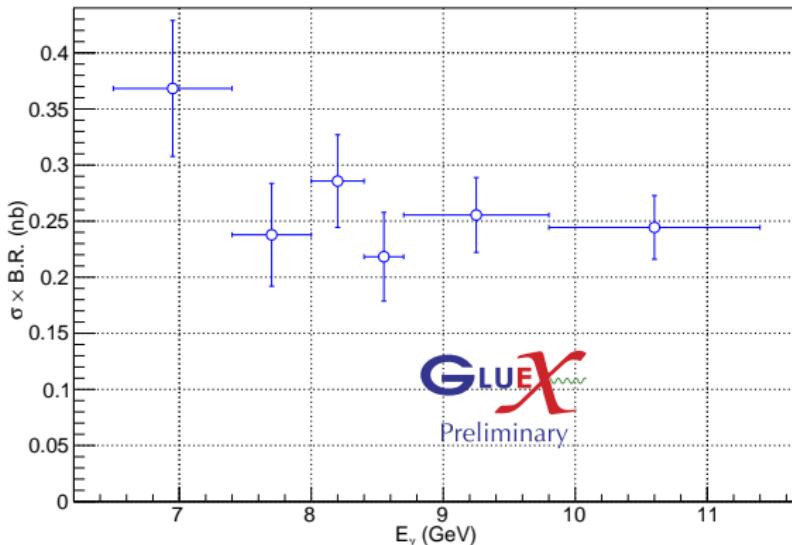
Luminosity $\sim 423 \text{ pb}^{-1}$



Results (cont)

Total cross section for $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \Xi^{*-}$

$$\sigma \times B.R. = \frac{\text{Yield}}{\text{Target} \times \text{Flux} \times \text{efficiency}}$$



J.T.Goetz⁴ et al. at CLAS collaboration estimated the upper limit for the total cross section for the $\Xi(1820)$ is 1.01 nb. CLAS data set is mostly in the energy range of 1.6-3.85 GeV.

4. J.T.Goetz et al. Phys.Rev.C 98,062201(R)(2018).

Summary and Future work

- In $K^-\Lambda$ invariant mass, $\Xi^{*-}(1820)$ is the only dominant signal.
→ excitation is likely between the pair of strange quarks.
- Total cross section is below the upper limit estimated by CLAS. CLAS data set is mostly in the energy range of 1.6-3.85 GeV.

- **Future Work:**

Measure the differential cross section for different t bins.

Measure the spin of $\Xi^{*-}(1820)$.

Include the GlueX Phase-II data.

GlueX acknowledges the support of several funding agencies and computing facilities:

gluex.org/thanks



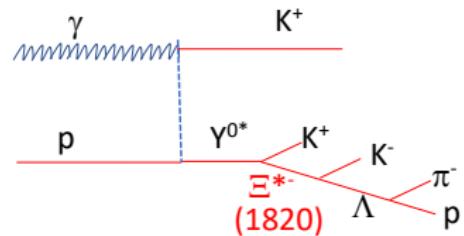
Backup (Event Selection)

Event selection for

$$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \Xi^{*-} \rightarrow K^+ K^+ K^- \Lambda$$

Name of the Cut	Range
χ^2/NDF	≤ 3.5
Missing Mass Square	$[-0.04, 0.04] \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$
Λ invariant mass	$[1.10, 1.13] \text{ GeV}/c^2$
$K^+ K^-$ invariant mass	$\geq 1.05 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
Λ path length significance	≥ 2
Beam Energy	$[6.0, 11.4] \text{ GeV}$

Table: Summary of event selection cuts



- P_4 and Vertices are Kinematically fitted.
- Accidentals are subtracted.
- GlueX Phase-1 data.
- MonteCarlo sample is generated with Y^{0*} hyperon of mass 2.75 GeV and width of 0.5 GeV.
- t slope of value 1.4 is used.

Backup

$$\text{efficiency} = \frac{\text{reconstructed}}{\text{generated}}.$$

Luminosity $\sim 423 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

