

Exotic hadrons with strangeness and charm

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**HYP
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PRAGUE**

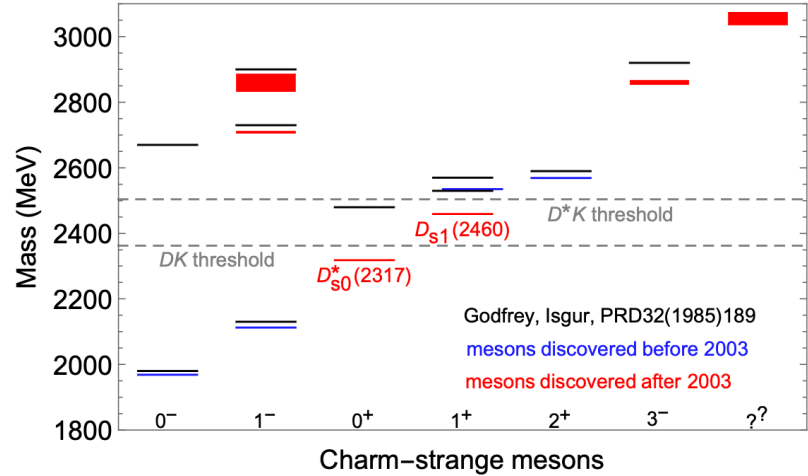
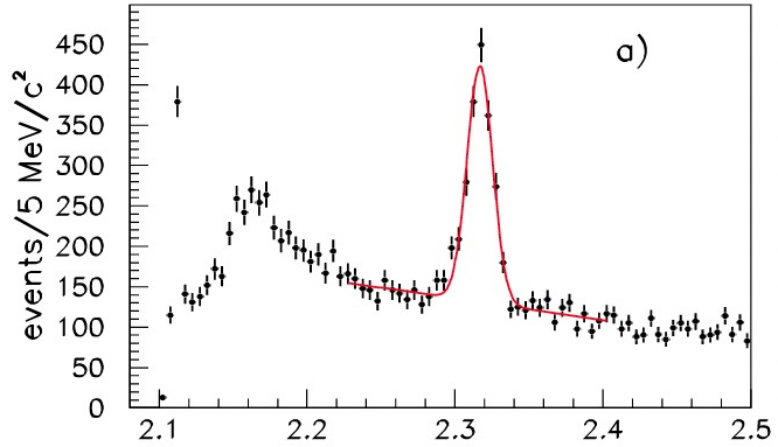
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Prague, Czech Republic

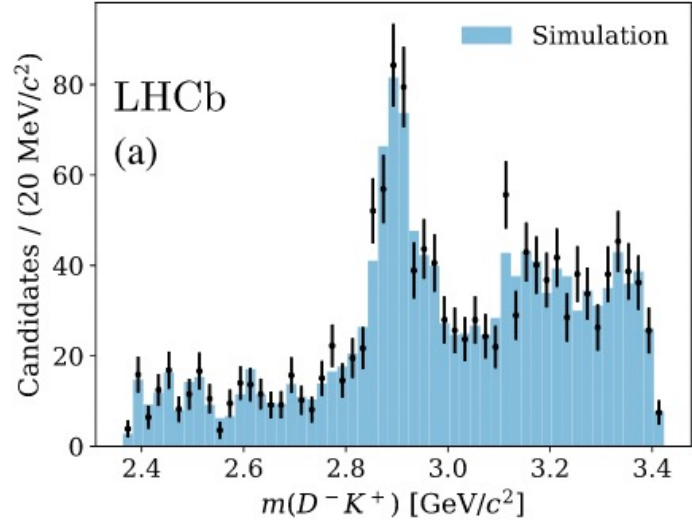
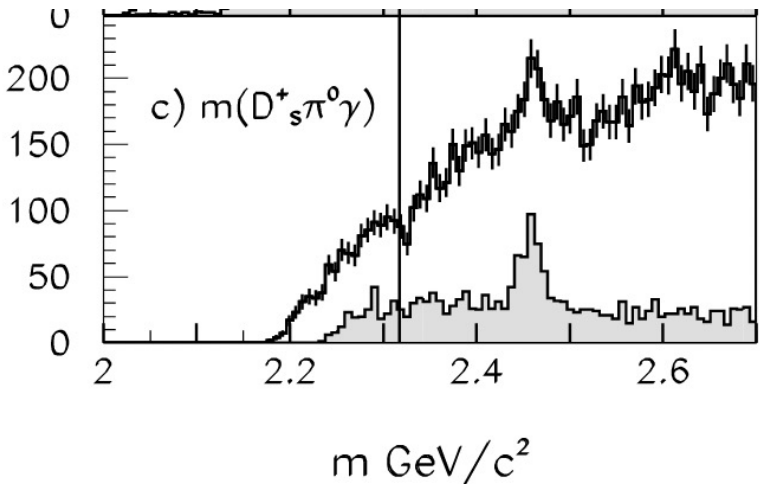


Exotic mesons with open-charm and strangeness

- $D_{s0}^*(2317)$ and $D_{s1}(2460)$: $C = 1, S = 1$



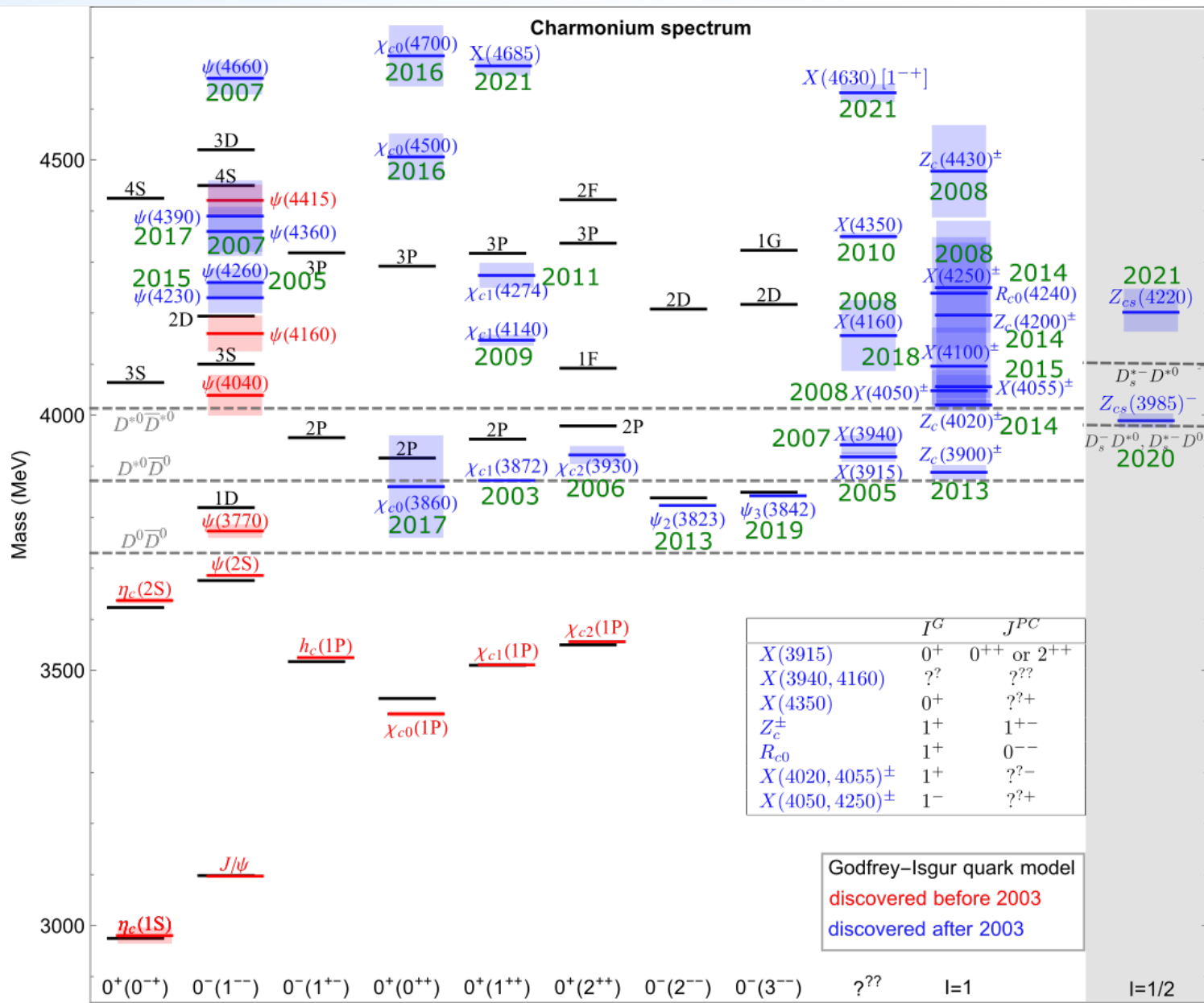
- $X(2900)$: $C = 1, S = -1$, explicitly exotic



Inclusive e^+e^- , BaBar, PRL 90 (2003) 242001;
CLEO, PRD 68 (2003) 032002

$B \rightarrow D^+ D^- K^+$, LHCb, PRL 125 (2020) 242001

Hidden-charm states



Z_{cs} 's:
Hidden-charm
w/ strangeness

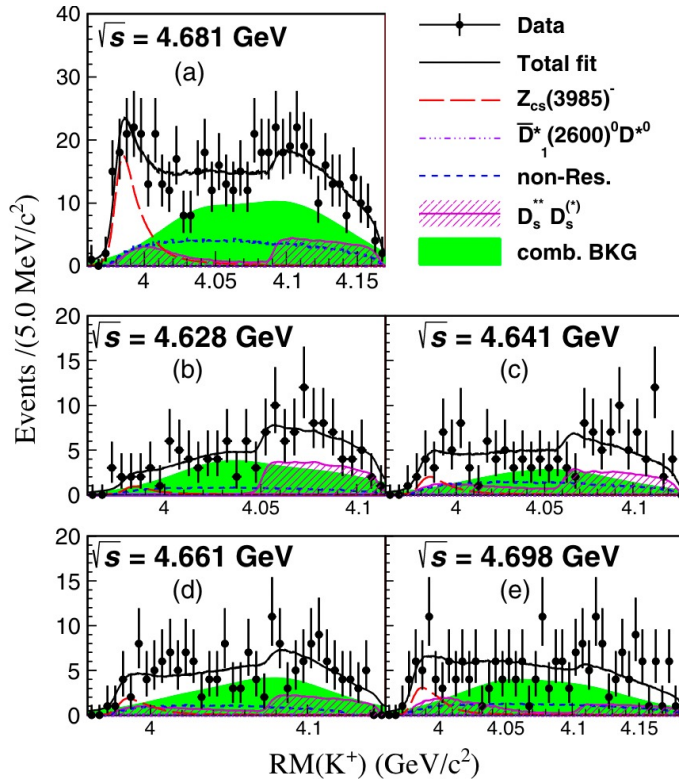
BESIII, PRL 126
(2021) 102001;
LHCb, PRL 127
(2021) 082001

Z_{CS} : hidden-charm exotics with strangeness

- $Z_{CS}(3985)$: BESIII, PRL 126 (2021) 102001

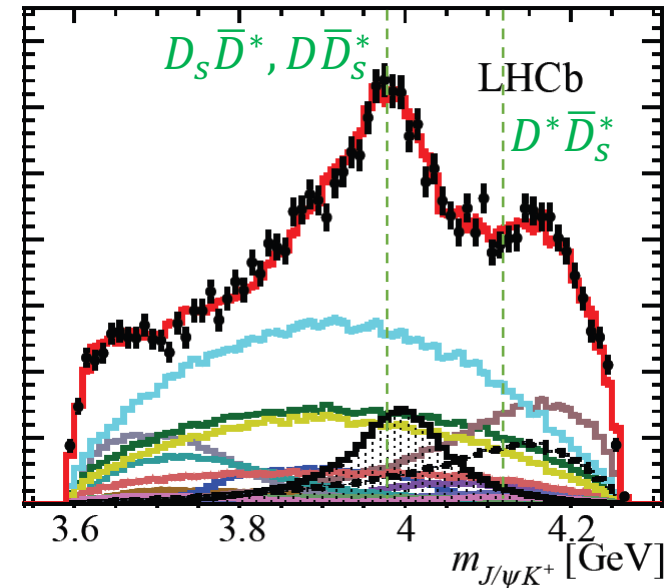
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow K^+(D_s^- D^{*0} + D_s^{*-} D^0)$
- close to the $\bar{D}_s^* D, \bar{D}_s D^*$ thresholds
- Most prominent in data with

$$\sqrt{s}_{e^+e^-} = 4.681 \text{ GeV}$$



- $Z_{CS}(4000,4220)$: LHCb, PRL 127 (2021) 082001

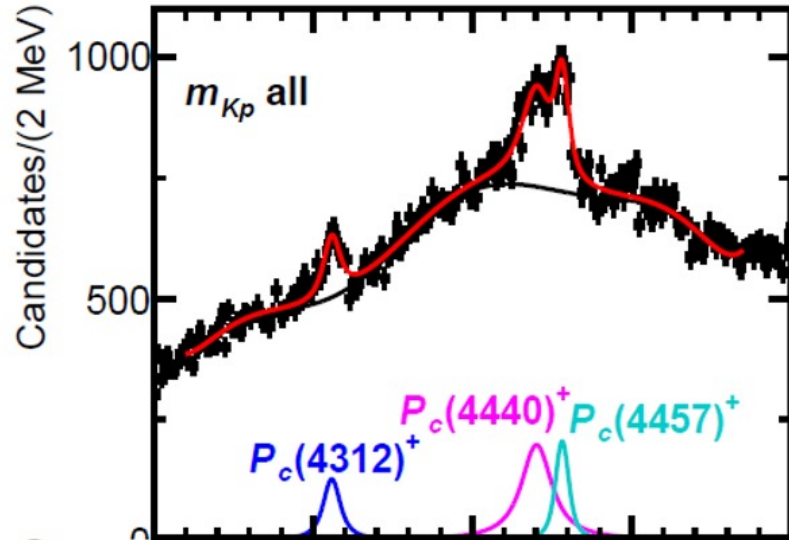
- $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ J/\psi \phi$
- $J^P = 1^+$ favored



Hidden-charm pentaquarks

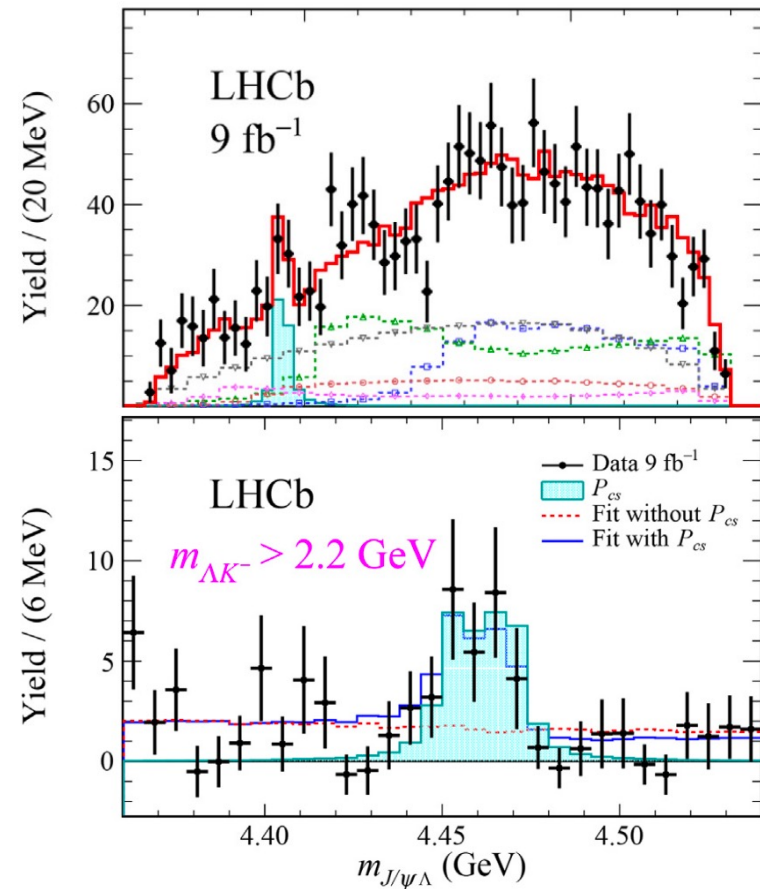
Hidden-charm P_c in $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\psi p K^-$

LHCb, PRL 115 (2015) 072001;
PRL 122 (2019) 222001



Hidden-charm P_{cs} in $\Xi_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda K^-$

LHCb, Sci.Bull. 66 (2021) 1391



Open-charm exotic mesons with strangeness

- Lattice QCD studies

- Early work using only $c\bar{s}$ -type interpolators typically gives a **mass larger** than that for D_{s0}^* (2317) G. Bali (2003); UKQCD (2003); HadSpec (2013); . . .

- $c\bar{s} + DK$ interpolators: \sim the right mass D. Mohler et al., PRL 111 (2013) 222001

$$M_{D_{s0}^*} - \frac{1}{4}(M_{D_s} + 3M_{D_s^*})$$

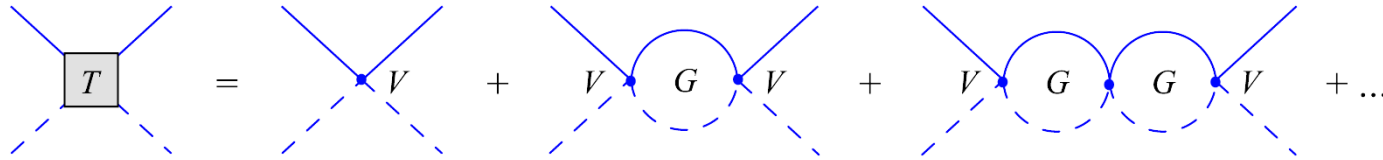
D. Mohler et al.	PDG2022
(266 ± 16) MeV	(241.5 ± 0.8) MeV

- Calculation with $M_\pi = 150$ MeV G. Bali et al. [RQCD Col.], PRD 96 (2017) 074501

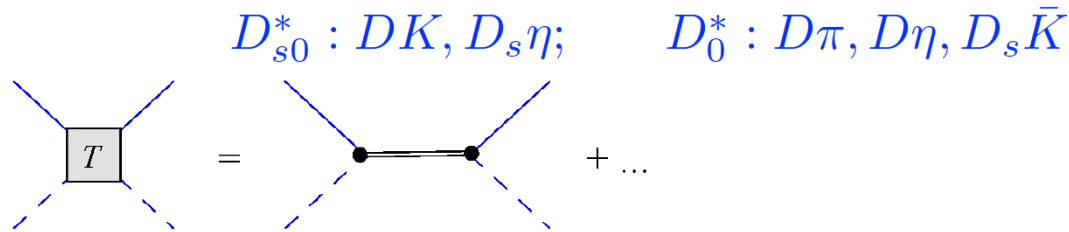
	Energy [MeV]	Expt [MeV]
m_{0^-}	1976.9(2)	1966.0(4)
m_{1^-}	2094.9(7)	2111.3(6)
m_{0^+}	2348(4)(+6)	2317.7(0.6)(2.0)
m_{1^+}	2451(4)(+1)	2459.5(0.6)(2.0)

Open-charm exotic mesons with strangeness

- *S-wave* interactions between charm mesons (D, D_s) and light pseudoscalar mesons (π, K, η)



- not far from the thresholds \Rightarrow **chiral EFT for matter field**
- D_{s0}^*/D_0^* should appear as poles in scattering amplitudes:



\Rightarrow needs a nonperturbative treatment: ChPT + unitarization

Truong (1988); Oller, Oset (1997); Oller, Oset, Pelaez (1998); Nieves, Ruiz Arriola (1999); Oller, Meißner (2001); ...

$$T^{-1}(s) = V^{-1}(s) - G(s)$$

$V(s)$: from SU(3) chiral Lagrangian, 6 LECs up to NLO **fixed from exp. + lat. data**

$G(s)$: 2-point scalar loop functions, regularized with a subtraction constant $a(\mu)$

Open-charm exotic mesons with strangeness

- Predictions of heavy-strangeness meson masses

meson	J^P	prediction (MeV)	PDG2022 (MeV)	lattice (MeV)
D_{s0}^*	0^+	2315^{+18}_{-28}	2317.8 ± 0.5	2348^{+7}_{-4} [1]
D_{s1}	1^+	2456^{+15}_{-21}	2459.5 ± 0.6	2451 ± 4 [1]
B_{s0}^*	0^+	5720^{+16}_{-23}	—	5711 ± 23 [2]
B_{s1}	1^+	5772^{+15}_{-21}	—	5750 ± 25 [2]

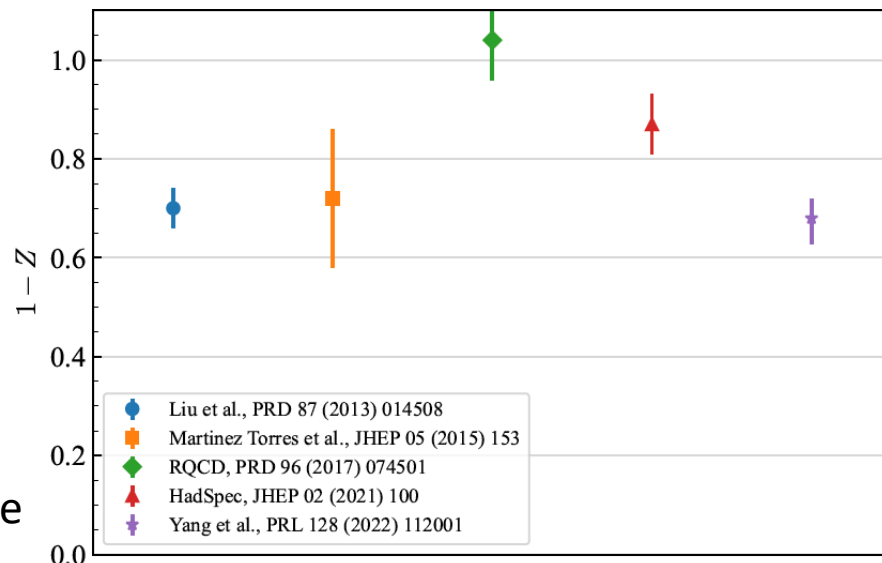
[1] RQCD, PRD 96 (2017) 074501

[2] Lang et al., PLB 750 (2015) 17

- D_{s0}^* and D_{s1} as DK and D^*K hadronic molecules

Barnes, Close, Lipkin (2003); van Beveren, Rupp (2003); Kolomeitsev, Lutz (2004); FKG et al. (2006); Gamermann et al. (2007); Faessler et al. (2007); FKG, Hanhart, Meißner (2009); . . .

- Compositeness of D_{s0}^* (2317) from lattice



Open-charm exotic mesons with strangeness

- Special roles of kaons:
 - ▣ Light enough so that the dynamics can be approximately treated using chiral symmetry
 - ▣ Heavy enough so that the WT term leads to nonperturbative phenomena
- More kaonic bound states are expected

FKG, U.-G. Meißner, PRD84(2011)014013

- ▣ The matter field can be any hadron with a small width $\Gamma \ll$ inverse of force range

Constituents	$D_1(2420)K$	$D_2(2460)K$	$\bar{B}_1(5720)K$	$\bar{B}_2(5747)K$
J^P	1^-	2^-	1^-	2^-
Predictions (MeV)	2870 ± 9	2910 ± 9	6151 ± 33	6169 ± 33
Decays	$D^{(*)}K, D_s^{(*)}\eta$	$D^*K, D_s^*\eta$	$\bar{B}^{(*)}K, \bar{B}_s^{(*)}\eta$	$\bar{B}^*K, \bar{B}_s^*\eta$

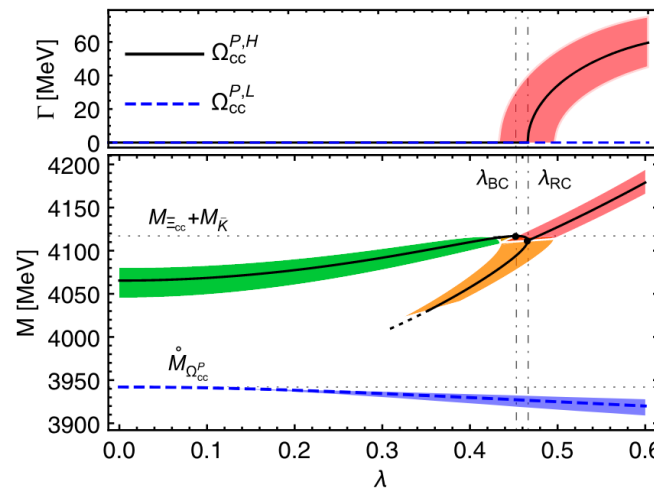
$D_{s1}^*(2860) ?$

- ▣ Doubly-charmed strange baryons coupled to $B_{cc}\bar{K}$

FKG, U.-G. Meißner, PRD 84 (2011) 014013; Z.-H. Guo, PRD 96 (2017) 074004; J. Dias et al., PRD 98 (2018) 094017; L. Meng, S.-L. Zhu, PRD 100 (2019) 014006; Q.-X. Yu et al., EPJC 79 (2019) 1025; ...
 For a recent review, see L. Meng et al., arXiv:2204.08716

- Complications due to P-wave excitation within the QQ -diquark

M.-J. Yan et al., PRD 98 (2018) 091502

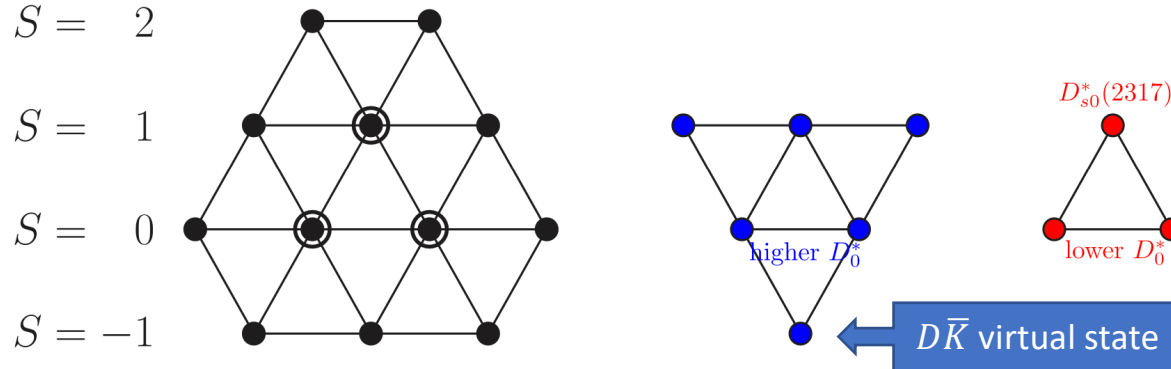


Open-charm exotic mesons with strangeness

- $D\bar{K}$ virtual state

- SU(3) irreps: $\bar{3} \otimes 8 = \bar{15} \oplus 6 \oplus \bar{3}$

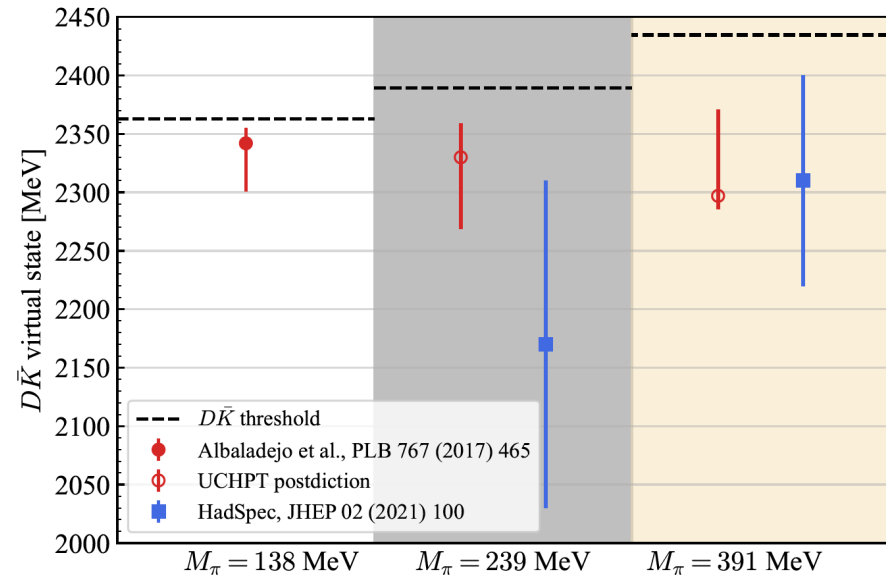
M. Albaladejo et al., PLB 767 (2017) 465



WT term: $\bar{15}$: repulsive; 6 : attractive; $\bar{3}$: most attractive

- Virtual state found with lattice QCD

HadSpec, JHEP 02 (2021) 100



Open-charm exotic mesons with strangeness

- Kaons are pseudo-Goldstone bosons, interactions of K^* could be stronger
 - $D^{(*)}\bar{K}$ form isoscalar virtual states \Rightarrow reasonable to expect $D^{(*)}\bar{K}^*$ bound states

□ $X(2900)$: resonant structure around $D^*\bar{K}^*$ threshold

- $X_{0,1}(2900)$, but fine structures not resolved
- $J^P = (0,1,2)^+$ $D^*\bar{K}^*$ bound states predicted

R. Molina, T. Branz, E. Oset, PRD 82 (2010) 014010;

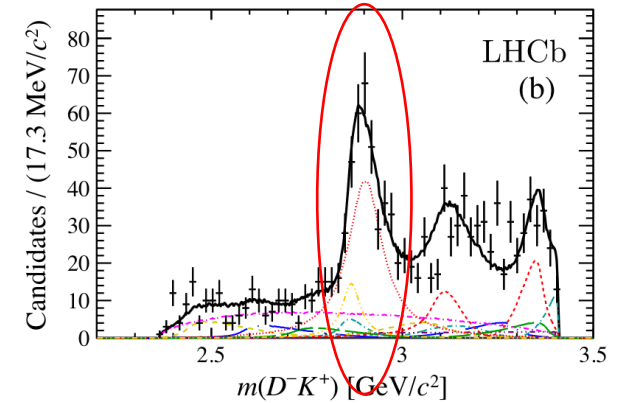
R. Molina, E. Oset, PLB 811 (2020) 135870; ...

➤ There must be partners

- Spin partner: $D\bar{K}^*$ with $J^P = 1^+$, $M \sim 2760$ MeV
- Bottom partners: $B\bar{K}^* \sim 6175$ MeV;
 $B^*\bar{K}^* \sim 6220$ MeV

➤ $J^P = 1^- D_1\bar{K}$ virtual/bound state is also expected

See also H. Chen, H.-R. Qi, H.-Q. Zheng; ...



- $\psi(3770) \rightarrow D^+ D^-$
- $\chi_{c0}(3930) \rightarrow D^+ D^-$
- $\chi_{c2}(3930) \rightarrow D^+ D^-$
- $\psi(4040) \rightarrow D^+ D^-$
- $\psi(4160) \rightarrow D^+ D^-$
- $\psi(4415) \rightarrow D^+ D^-$
- $X_0(2900) \rightarrow D^- K^+$
- $X_1(2900) \rightarrow D^- K^+$
- Nonresonant

LHCb, PRL 125 (2020) 242001

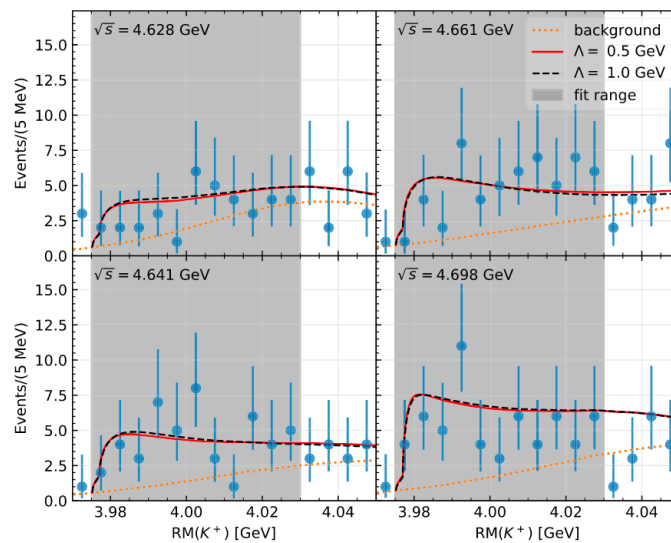
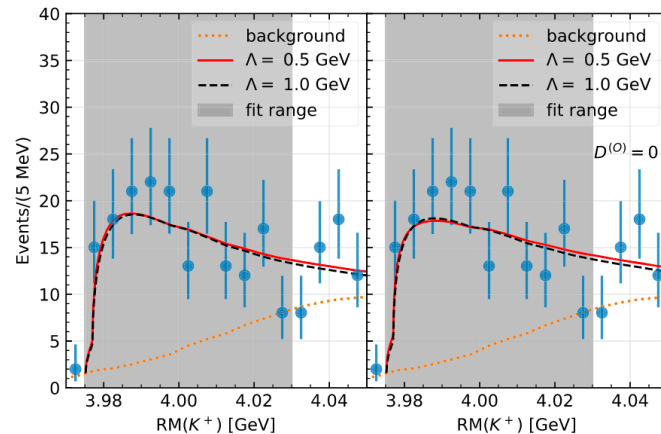
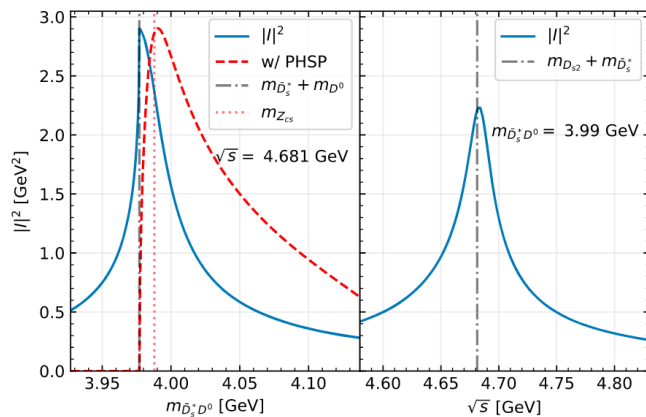
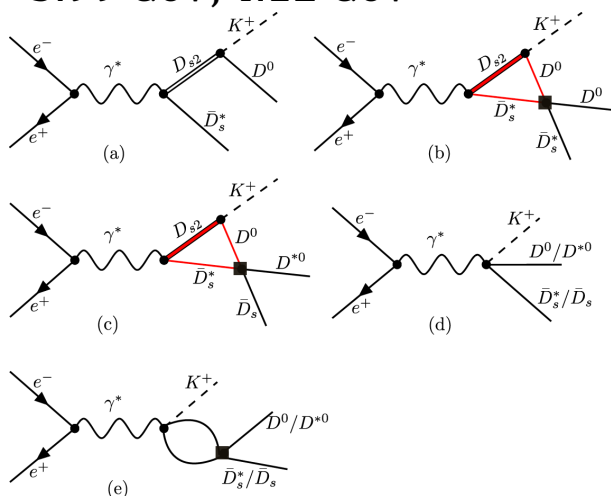
Z_{CS} : hidden-charm exotics with strangeness

- $Z_{CS}(3985)$ as a $(D_s^- D^{*0} + D_s^{*-} D^0)$ molecular state Z. Yang et al., PRD 103 (2021) 074029

▣ Role of **triangle singularity** for $e^+e^- \rightarrow K^+(D_s^- D^{*0} + D_s^{*-} D^0)$ at $\sqrt{s}_{e^+e^-} = 4.681$ GeV

▣ Two Z_{CS} states: virtual or resonant

~ 3.99 GeV, 4.12 GeV



Z_{CS} : hidden-charm exotics with strangeness

- $Z_{CS}(3985)$ as a $(D_s^- D^{*0} + D_s^{*-} D^0)$ molecular state

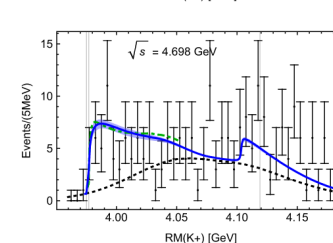
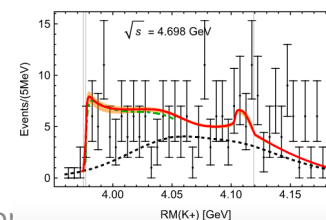
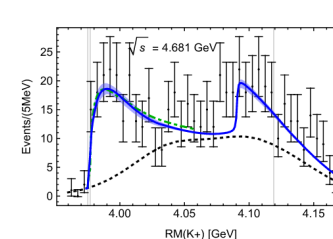
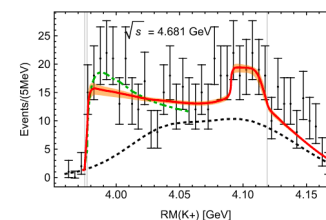
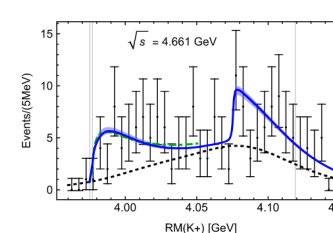
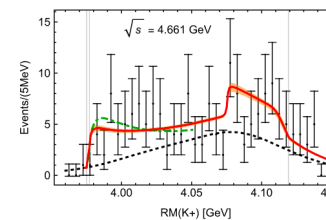
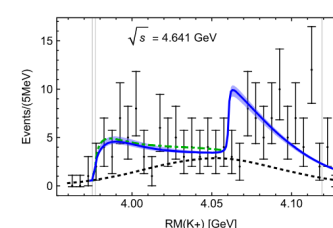
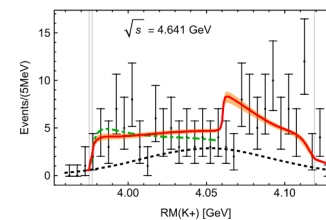
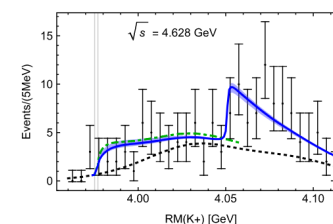
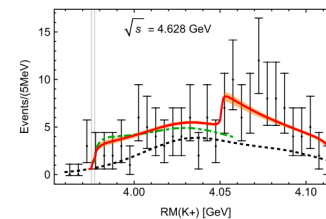
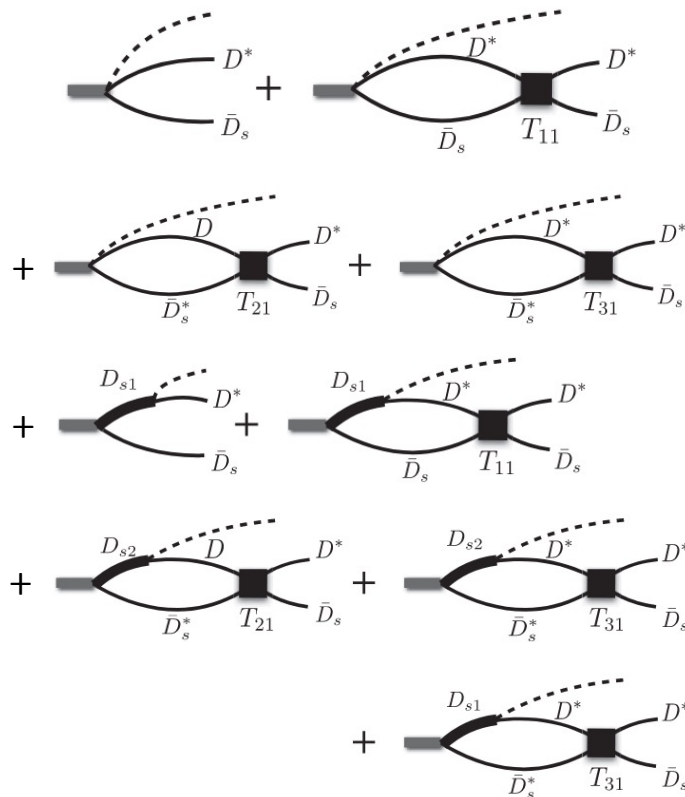
V. Baru et al., PRD 105 (2022) 034014

□ Fit to BESIII data in the full range

□ Scenarios: **two**

or **one** Z_{CS} (strong ch. coupling)

□ Both $D_{s2} \bar{D}_s^* D^{(*)}$ and $D_{s1} \bar{D}_s^{(*)} D^*$ triangles



Z_{CS} : hidden-charm exotics with strangeness

- Models that the **broad $Z_{CS}(4000)$** by LHCb and the **narrow $Z_{CS}(3985)$** by BESIII are different states

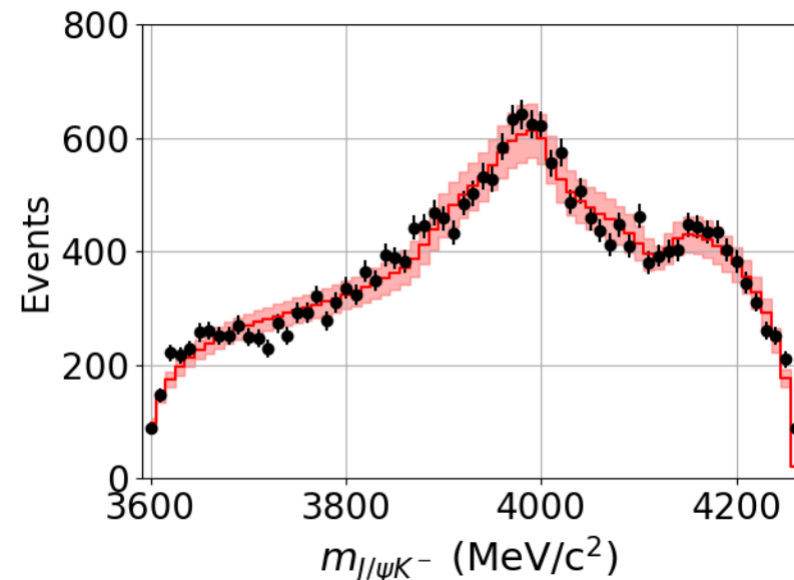
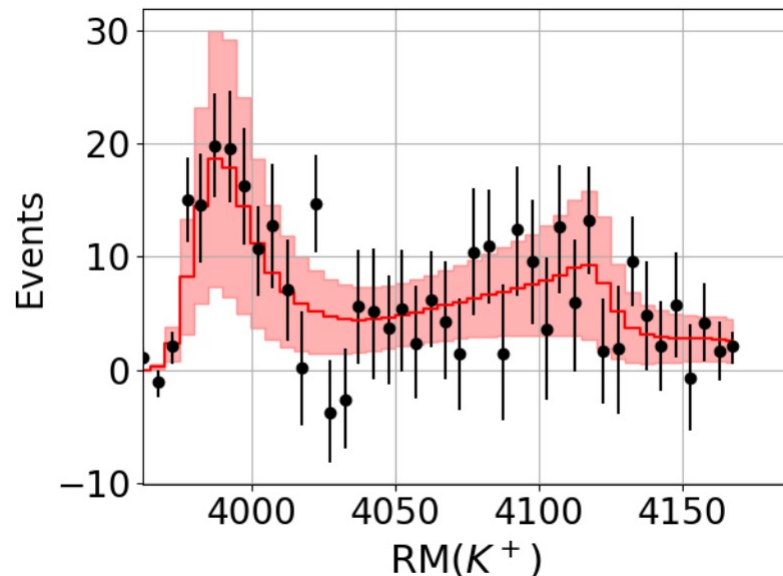
L. Maiani, A. D. Polosa, V. Riquer, Sci.Bull. 66 (2021) 1616; L. Meng, B. Wang, S.-L. Zhu, Sci.Bull. 66 (2021) 2065; ...

- **Line shapes depend on reactions**: the broad $Z_{CS}(4000)$ and the narrow $Z_{CS}(3985)$ structures **might correspond to the same state**;

Z. Yang et al., PRD 103 (2021) 074029

- ▣ Fits to both BESIII and LHCb data with $Z_{CS}(3985)$ and $Z_{CS}(4110)$ virtual states

P. Ortega, D. Entem, F. Fernandez, PLB 818 (2021) 136382

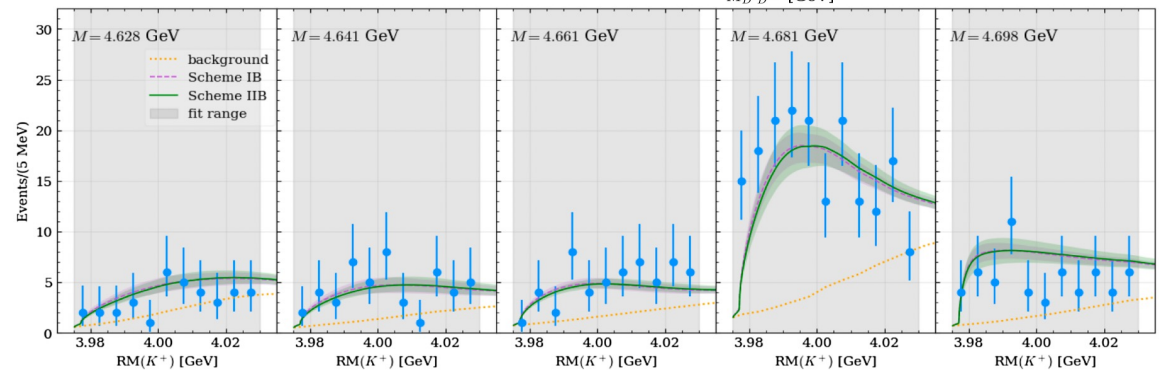
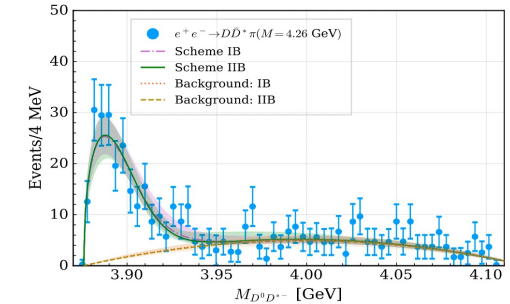
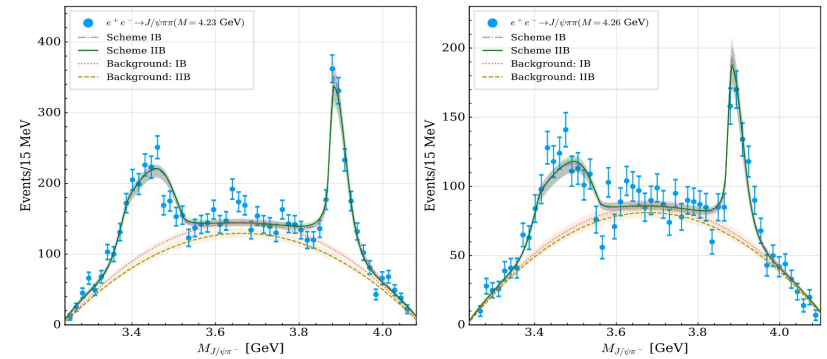
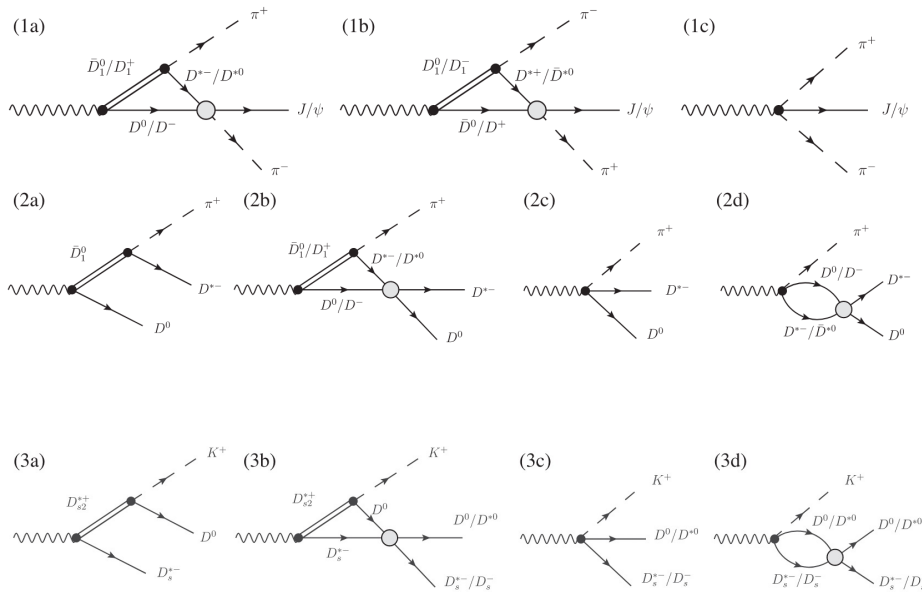


Z_{CS} : hidden-charm exotics with strangeness

- $Z_c(3900)^\pm$ and $Z_{CS}(3985)$ are SU(3) partners

□ Simultaneous description of the BESIII data

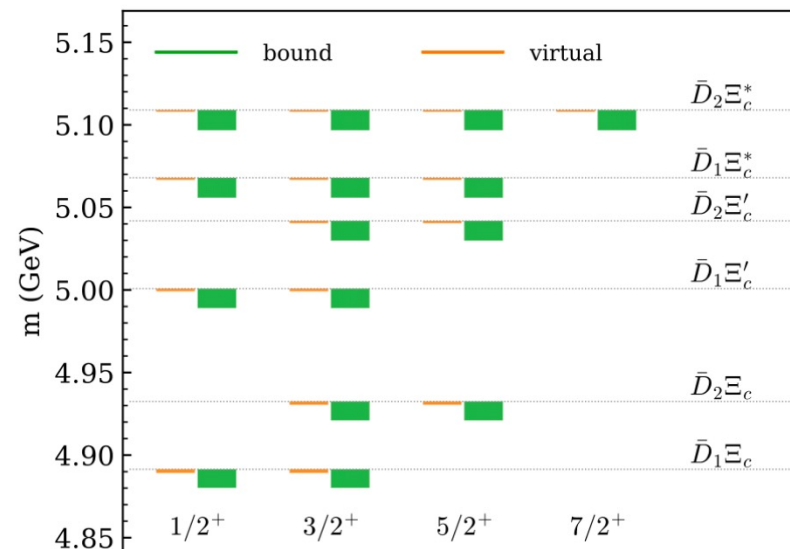
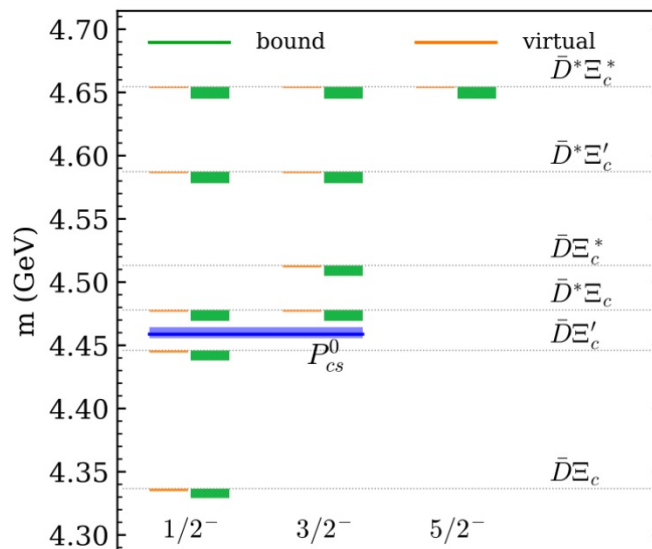
M.-L. Du, M. Albaladejo, FKG, J. Nieves, PRD 105 (2022) 074018



P_{CS} : hidden-charm pentaquarks with strangeness

- P_c and P_{cs} as $\bar{D}\Sigma_c$ and $\bar{D}\Xi_c$ hadronic molecules in the above 4 GeV region first predicted in J.-J. Wu, R. Molina, E. Oset, B.-S. Zou, PRL 105 (2010) 232001
- More $\bar{D}^{(*)}\Sigma_c^{(*)}$ and $\bar{D}^{(*)}\Xi_c^{(*)}$ hadronic molecules expected from heavy quark spin symmetry C.-W. Xiao, J. Nieves, E. Oset, PRD 88 (2013) 056012; PRD 100 (2019) 014021; PLB 799 (2019) 135051; M.-Z. Liu et al., PRD 98 (2018) 114030; M.-Z. Liu et al., PRL 122 (2019) 242001; B. Wang, L. Meng, S.-L. Zhu, PRD 101 (2020) 034018; M.-L. Du et al., PRL 124 (2020) 072001; ...
- A survey of the P_{CS} spectrum with the simple vector-meson exchange model

X.-K. Dong, FKG, B.-S. Zou, Progr.Phys. 41 (2021) 65





Summary

- Lots of exotic hadron candidates observed in the last two decades; an overall understanding is still lacking
- I only focused on those with strangeness and charm as hadronic molecules
 - ▣ **Kaonic bound states:** universal due to chiral symmetry
 - Chiral symmetry + lattice + exp.: D_{s0}^* (2317) and D_{s1} (2460) are the best understood among the exotic candidates
 - ▣ P_{CS}, Z_{CS} with hidden-charm
 - Heavy quark symmetry is important
 - No lattice calculation so far
 - Better data are urged

Thank you for your attention!