

Exotic hadrons at Belle and Belle II

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@HYP2022

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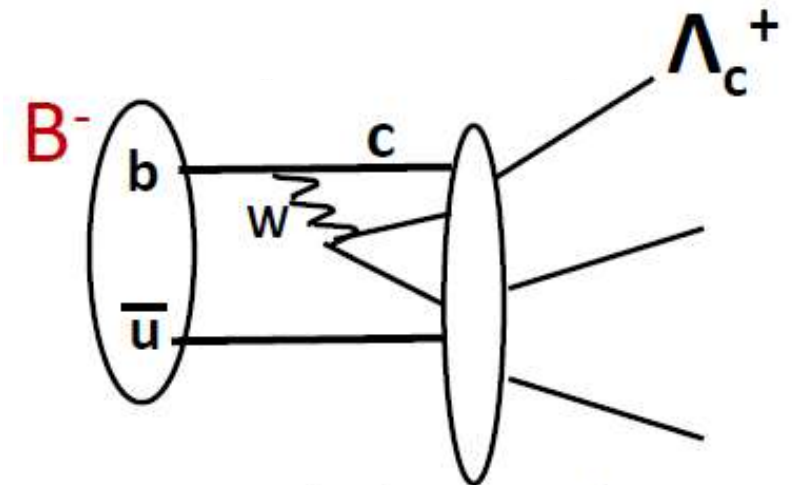
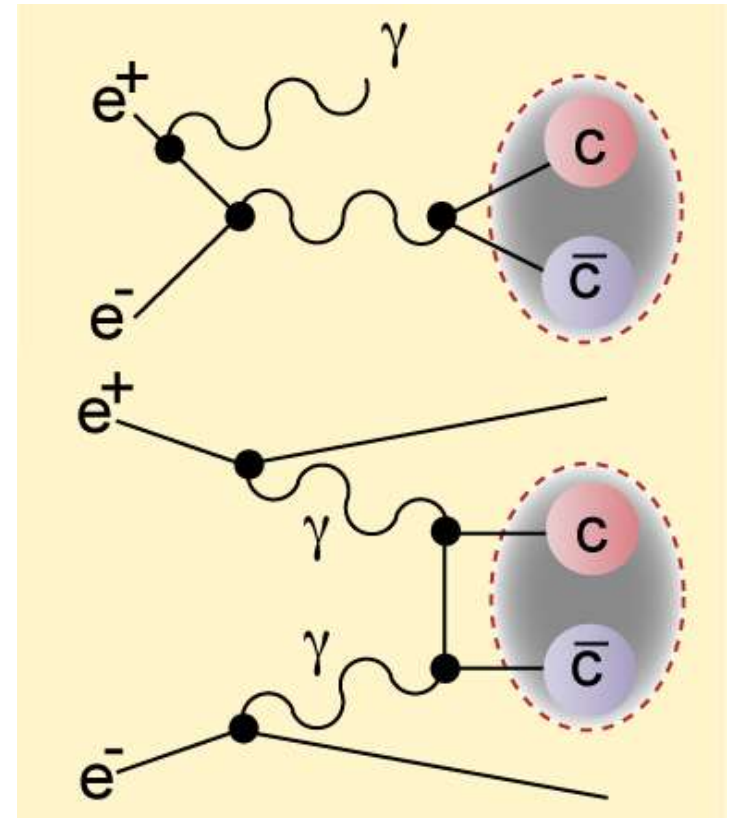


e^+e^- for hadron spectroscopy

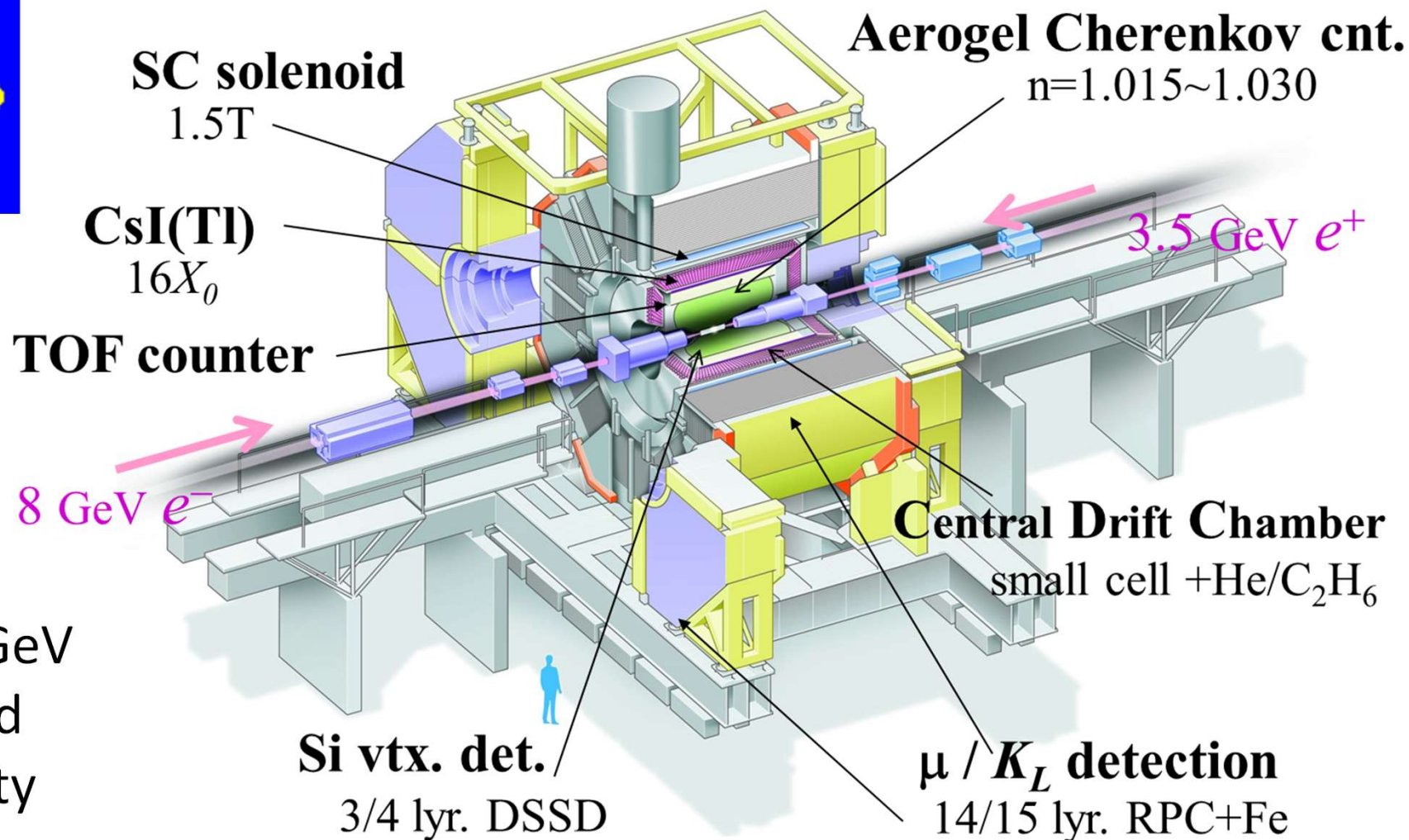
- Small background
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}$ production is flavor blind.
Only $(\text{charge})^2$ matters \rightarrow Production of heavy hadrons
- Missing mass spectroscopy is possible
 - Absolute branching fraction
 - Study of decays with missing particles (n, ν, \dots)
- Small production rate can be compensated by high luminosity
- Many exotic hadrons/candidates are found at e^+e^- machines

Hadron production in e^+e^-

- **Direct resonance production**
 - 1^- states: ψ, Υ, Y
 - Initial state radiation allows lower mass than \sqrt{s}
 - 2-photon process: $0^{++}, 2^{++}, \dots$
- **Indirect production**
 - Quark fragmentation from $Q\bar{Q}$
 - Cascade decays
 $b \rightarrow c, \Upsilon$ decays, ...



Belle experiment



- $\sqrt{s} \sim 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
- Integrated Luminosity $\sim 1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$
- Almost 4π , good momentum resolution ($\Delta p/p \sim 0.1\%$), EM calorimeter, PID & Si Vertex detector
- Finished ~ 10 years ago, still producing ~ 20 papers/year

Some of recent (~ 1 year) results

- $\Omega(2012) \rightarrow \Xi(1530)\bar{K}$ [to be submitted to PRL]
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\phi$ via ISR [to be submitted to PRD]
- $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^+\gamma, \Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0\gamma$ [to be submitted to PRD]
- Peak structure in $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$ [to be submitted to PRL]
- $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \chi_{c2}(1P) \rightarrow J/\psi\gamma$ [to be submitted to JHEP]
- New charm baryon in B decay [arXiv:2206.08822]
- $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c\pi^-$ [arXiv:2206.08527]
- Search for $X(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ [arXiv:2206.08592]
- Exotic candidates in $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\psi(2S)$
[arXiv:2105.06605, PRD in press]

Some of recent results (cont.)

- Search for $X_{cc\bar{s}\bar{s}}$ in $D_S^{(*)+} D_S^{(*)+}$ [PRD105 (2022) 032002]
- $\Lambda_c \rightarrow p\eta'$ [JHEP 03 (2022) 090]
- $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda K_S^0, \Sigma^0 K_S^0, \Sigma^+ K^-$ [PRD105 (2022) L011102]
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow Y(1,2S)\eta, Y(1S)\eta'$ [PRD104 (2021) 112006]
- $\Lambda_c \rightarrow p\omega$ [PRD104 (2021) 072008]
- $\Omega(2012)$ in Ω_c decay [PRD104 (2021) 052005]
- $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{K}^{*0}, \Sigma^0 \bar{K}^{*0}, \Sigma^+ K^{*-}$ [JHEP 06 (2021) 160]
- Mass and width of $\Sigma_c^{(*)+}$ [PRD104 (2021) 052003]
- $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ and $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+$ [PRL127 (2021) 121803]

Some of recent results (cont.)

- $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+ K^-$ [PRD103 (2021) 112002]
- Search for $\eta_{c2}(1D)$ in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\eta_{c2}(1D)$
[PRD103 (2021) 012012]
- Energy dependence of $e^+e^- \rightarrow B^{(*)}B^{(*)}$
[JHEP 06 (2021) 137]
- $\Lambda_c \rightarrow p\eta$ and $p\pi^0$ [PRD103 (2021) 072004]
- Spin-parity measurement of $\Xi_c(2970)$
[PRD103, L111101]
- $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \eta\Lambda\pi^+$ decay and $\Lambda(1670)$ [PRD103 (2021) 052005]
- Evidence of $\gamma\gamma^* \rightarrow X(3872)$ [PRL126 (2021) 122001]
- **More and more are coming!**

Topics of the day

1. Baryons

- Peak structure in $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$
- Spin-parity measurement of $\Xi_c(2970)$
- New charm baryon in B decay

2. Mesons

- Search for tetraquark $X_{cc\bar{s}\bar{s}}$
- Exotic candidates in $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\psi(2S)$

3. Belle II activities & future prospects

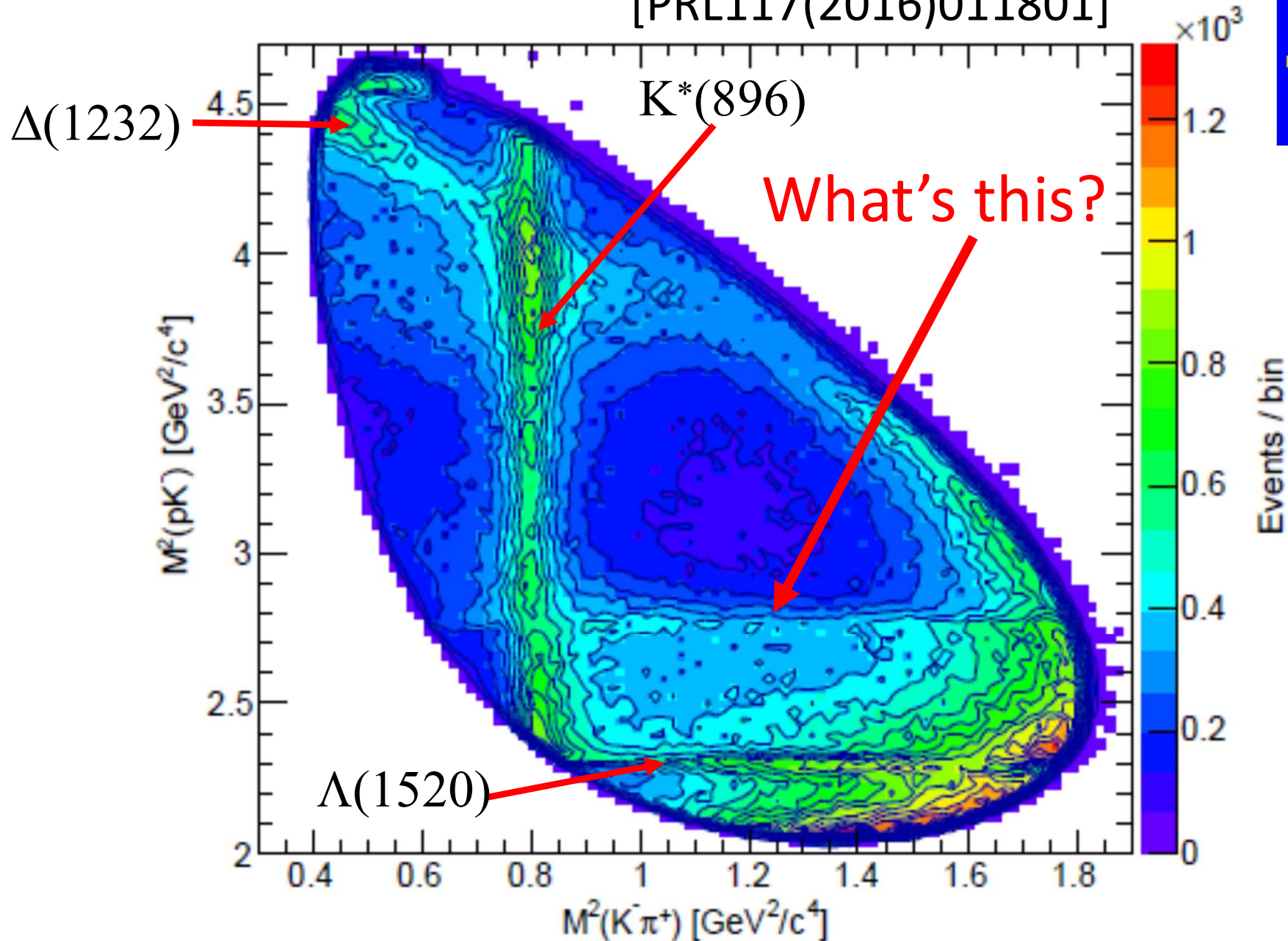
4. Summary

1. Baryons

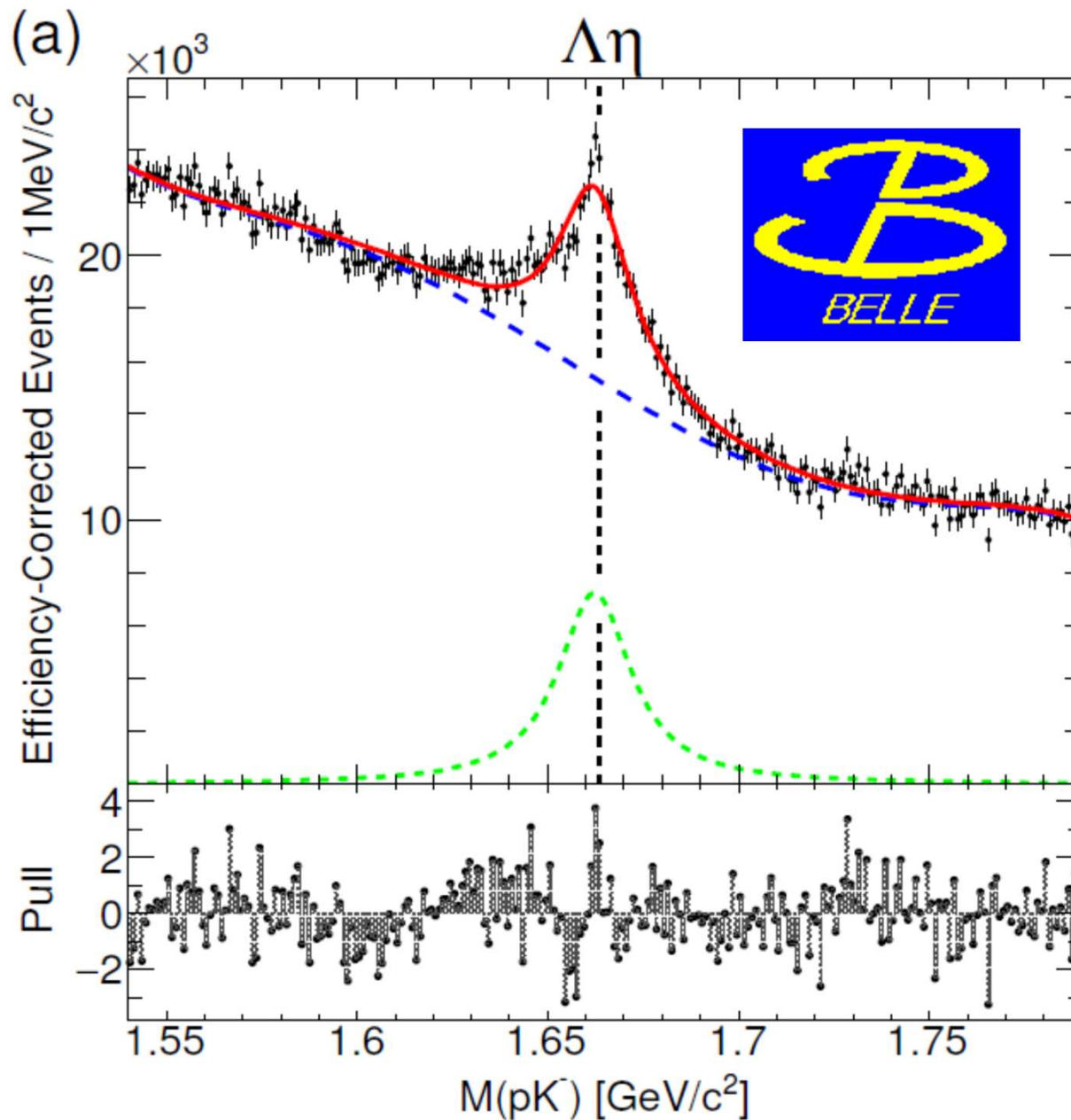
- We have more papers on baryons than mesons recently

Peak structure in $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$

[PRL117(2016)011801]

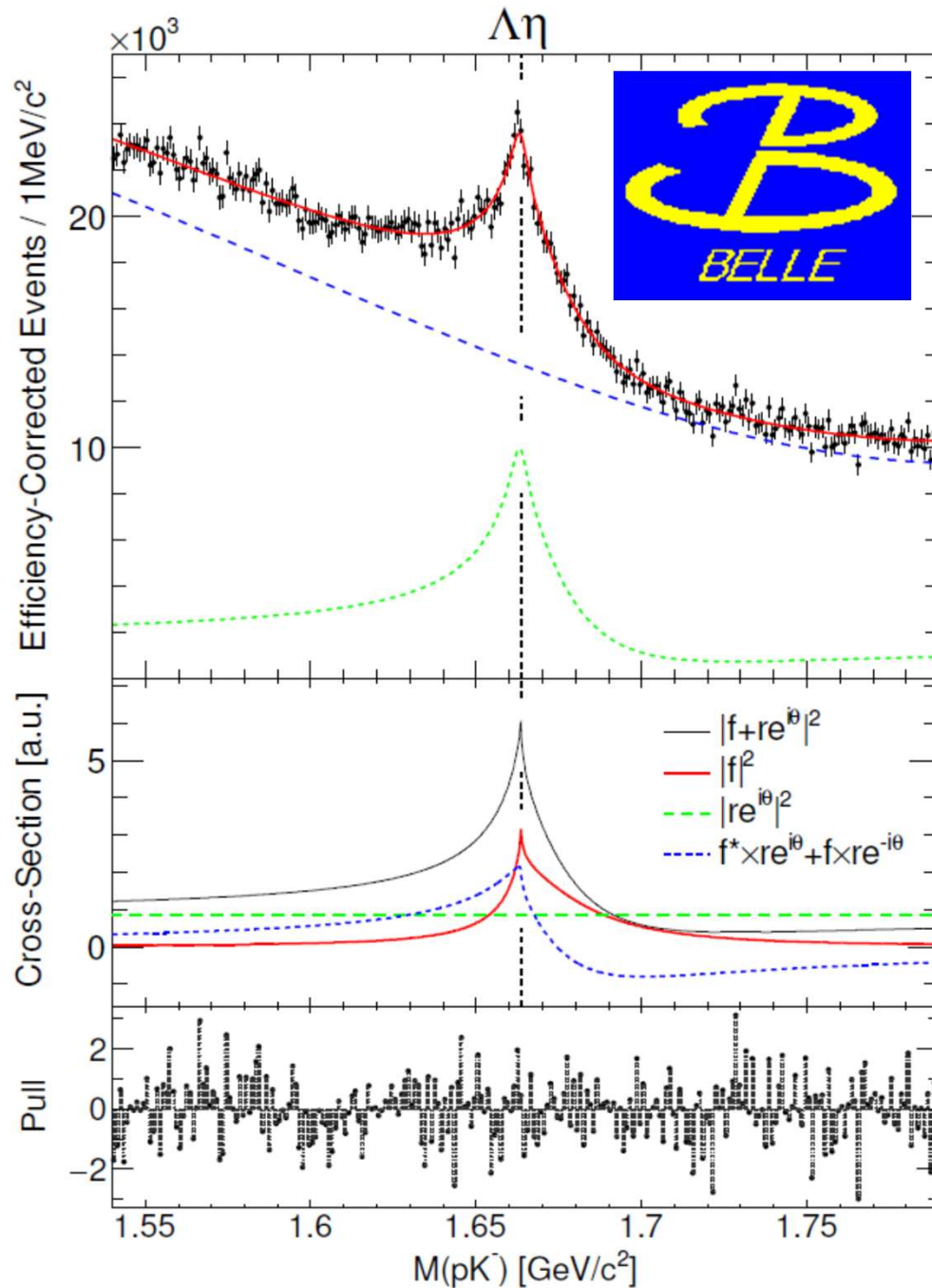


Fit to Breit-Wigner



- Not very good especially near the peak.
- Best χ^2/DOF : 308/243

Fit to Flatte



$$\frac{dN}{dm} \propto |f(m) + re^{i\theta}|^2$$

$f(m)$: non-relativistic Flatte

$$\frac{1}{m - m_f + \frac{i}{2} (\Gamma' + \bar{g}_{\Lambda\eta} k)}$$

- Improved near the peak
- **Best χ^2/DOF : 257/243**
 - Better than BW by 7σ

Threshold cusp

- The fit explains the peak as a threshold cusp with nearby $\Lambda(1670)$
 - **First identification of a threshold cusp from the spectrum shape**
- Obtained $\Lambda(1670)$ parameters are consistent with those measured in $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Lambda\eta\pi^+$ [Belle, PRD103 (2021) 052005]

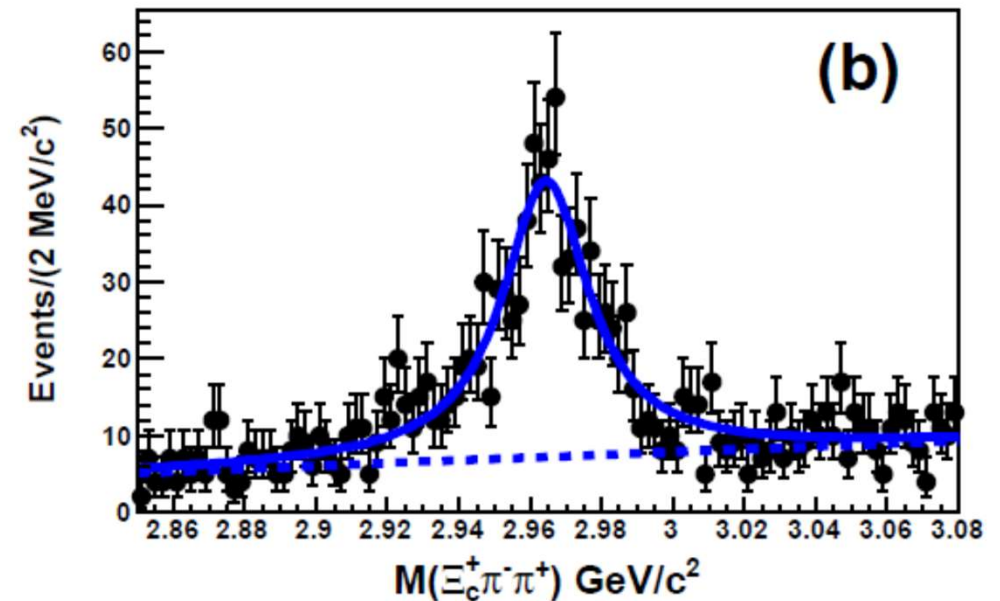
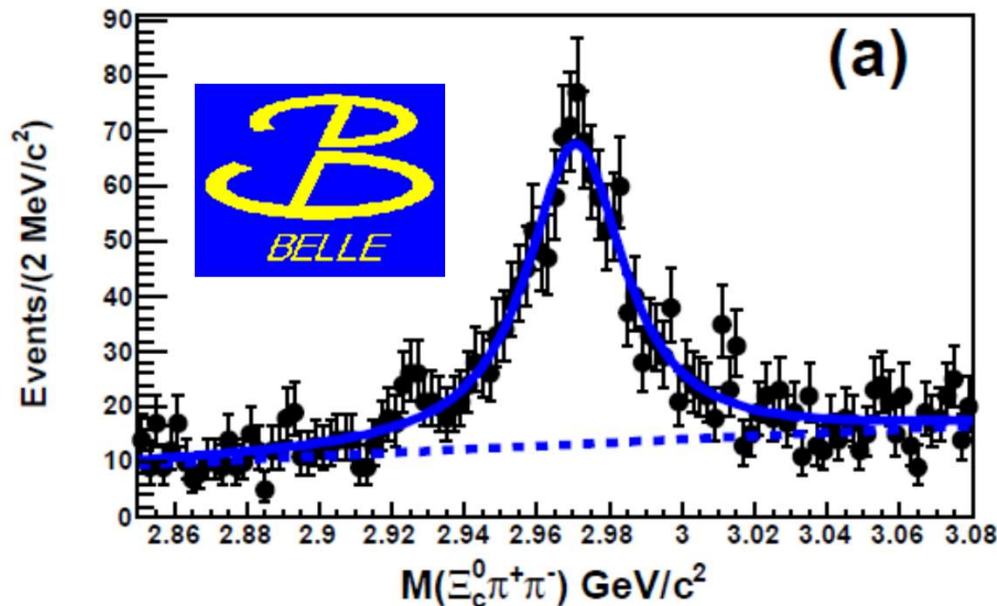
| | Present result | $\Lambda\eta\pi^+$ mode |
|-------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Mass | 1674.4 | $1674.3 \pm 0.8 \pm 4.9$ |
| Width | $50.3 \pm 2.9^{+4.2}_{-4.0}$ | $36.1 \pm 2.4 \pm 4.8$ |

- How about other near-threshold exotic hadrons?
 - **They may be actually threshold cusps!**

$\Xi_c(2970)$

- Relatively low excitation energy
 - Good statistics & S/N ratio

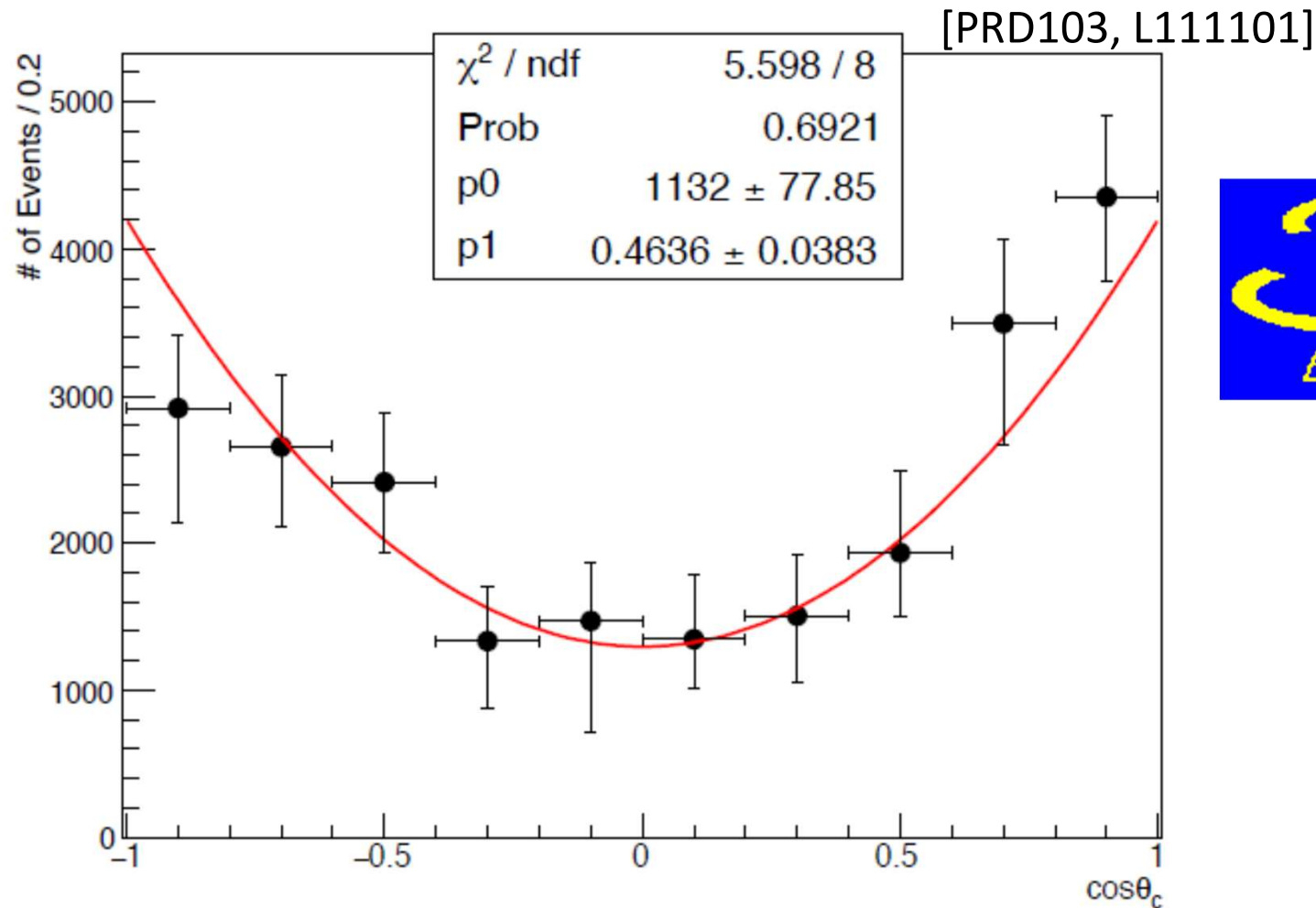
Belle, PRD94, 052011 (2016)



- Wide variety of theoretical predictions
- Important decay mode: $\Xi_c(2970) \rightarrow \Xi_c^*(2645)\pi$

SPIN: Angular correlation of

$$\Xi_c(2970) \rightarrow \Xi_c^*(2645)\pi_1 \rightarrow \Xi_c\pi_1\pi_2$$



- Consistent with $1+3\cos^2\theta \rightarrow J = 1/2$

[see also: Arifi, Hosaka, Nagahiro, and Tanida, PRD101, 111502(R)(2020)]

PARITY: Decay to Ξ_c^* and Ξ_c'

- $R = \frac{\Gamma(\Xi_c(2970) \rightarrow \Xi_c^* \pi)}{\Gamma(\Xi_c(2970) \rightarrow \Xi_c' \pi)}$ is expected to be small for

negative parity:

- $\Xi_c(2970) \rightarrow \Xi_c' \pi$ is in S-wave, while
 $\Xi_c(2970) \rightarrow \Xi_c^* \pi$ is in D-wave.

- For positive parity, calculable based on HQS

| | | |
|-----------------------|------|------|
| Parity | + | + |
| Diquark spin s_ℓ | 0 | 1 |
| R | 1.06 | 0.26 |

- We got $R = 1.67 \pm 0.29(\text{stat.})_{-0.09}^{+0.15}(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.25(\text{IS})$

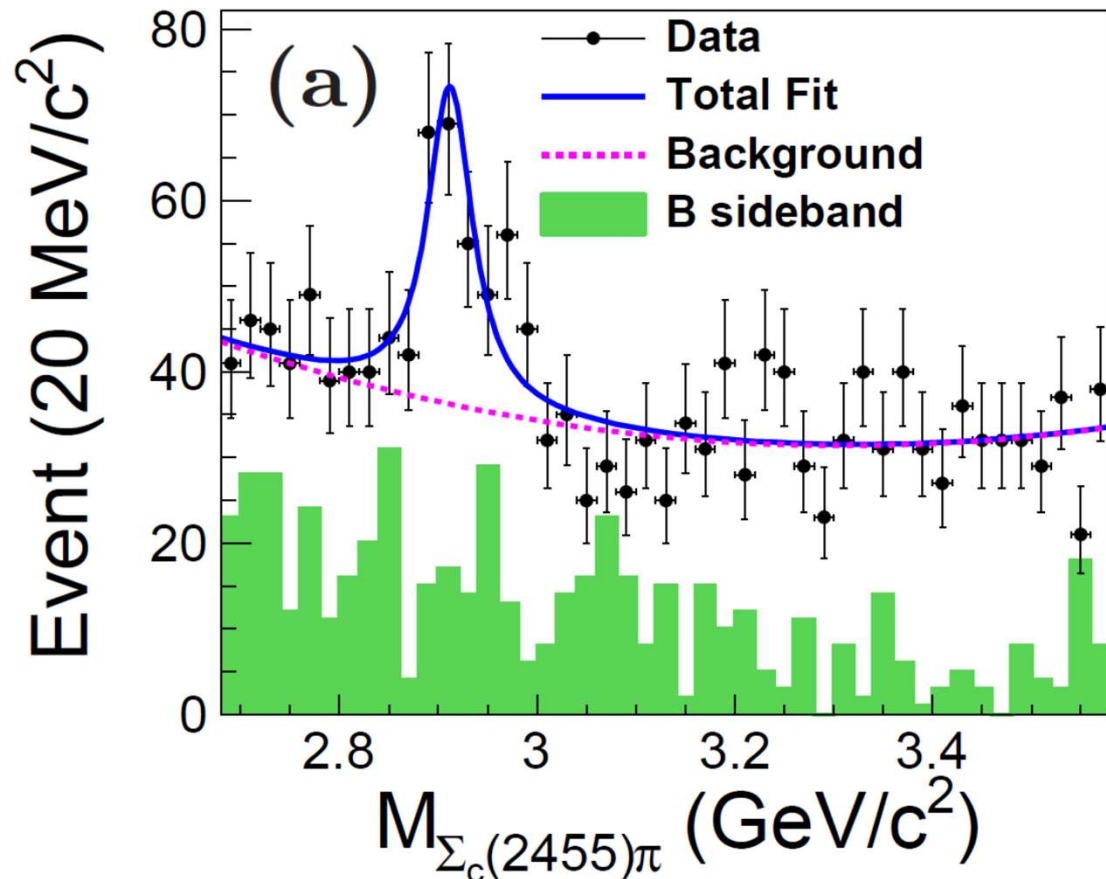
– Consistent with P=+ and brown-muck spin $s_\ell=0$ only.

Discussion

- We got $J^P=1/2^+$. What can we say from this?
- This is **the same as infamous Roper resonance**, N(1440), the first excited state of nucleon.
 - Excitation energy (~ 500 MeV) is also the same.
- Difficult to explain Roper in quark model
 - Single quark excitation: 1st excited state should be a negative parity state (ex. N(1530)).
 - Surprisingly, difficult even in Lattice QCD.
 - **The present measurement may give a hint.**

New charm baryon in B decay

- A search in B^0 decay to $\Sigma_c(2455)^{0,++}\pi^\pm\bar{p}$



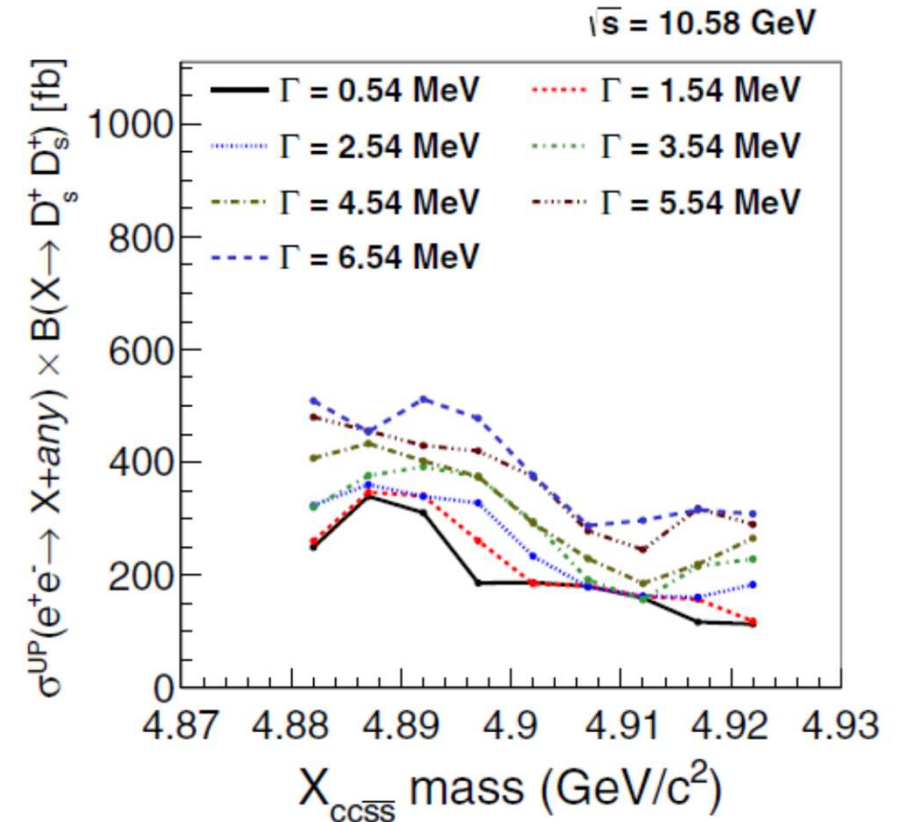
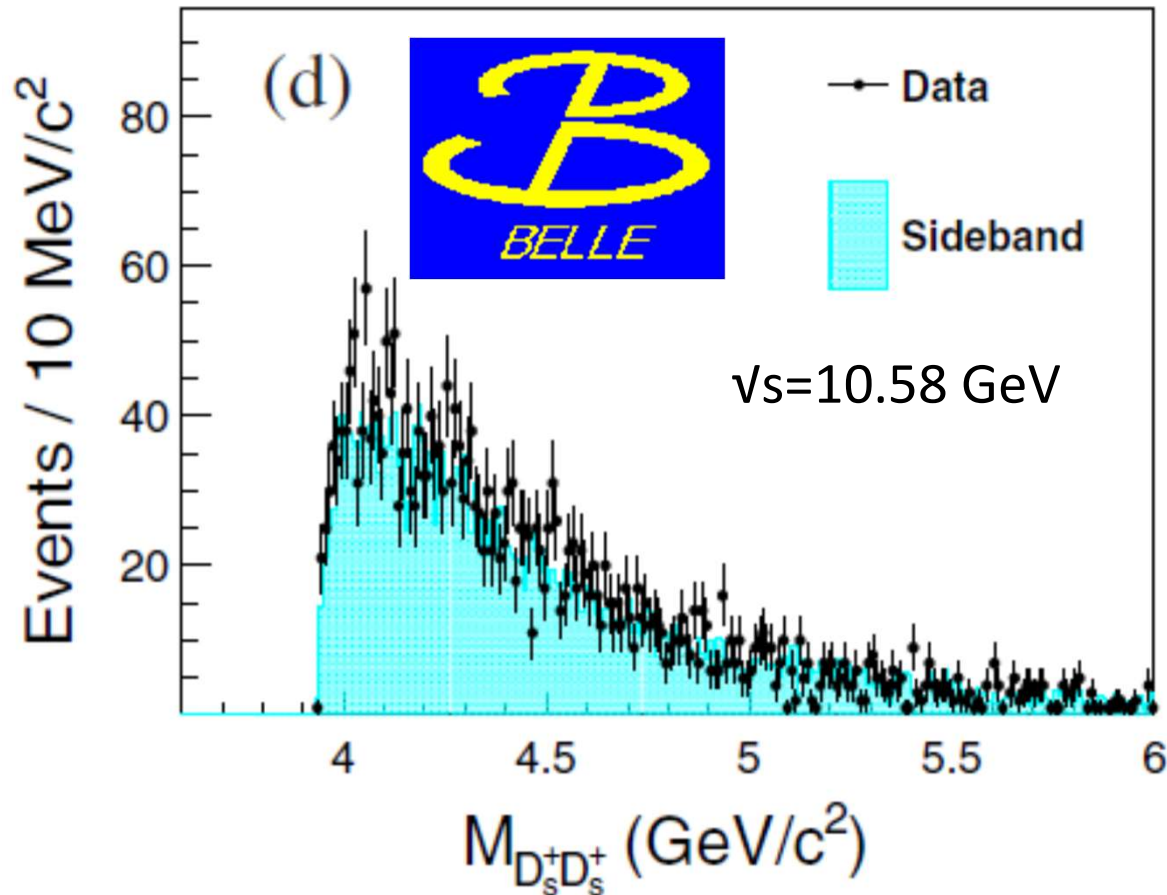
Known resonances
 $[\Lambda_c(2880) \text{ \& } \Lambda_c(2940)]$
 are unlikely by 4.2σ

$$M = 2913.8 \pm 5.6 \pm 3.8 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$\Gamma = 52 \pm 20 \pm 19 \text{ MeV}$$

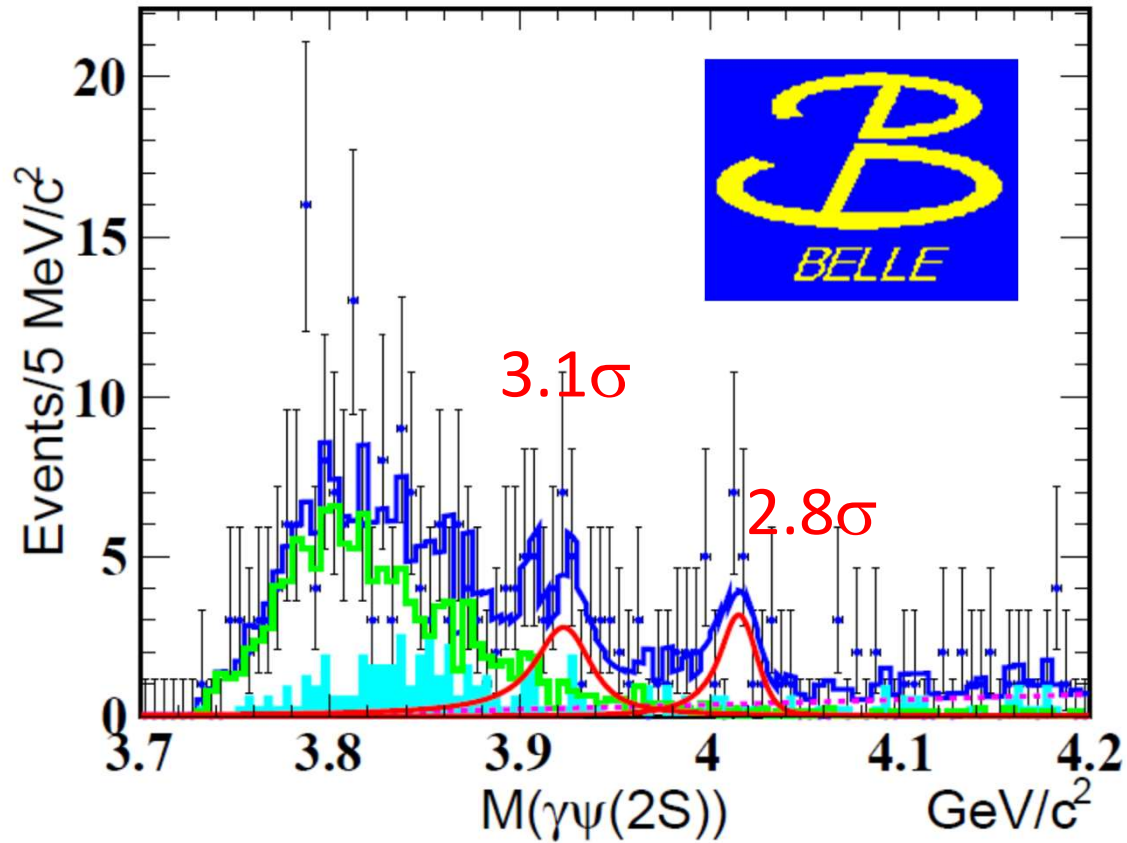
2. Mesons

Search for tetraquark $X_{cc\bar{s}\bar{s}}$



- 5 energies: Y(1S), Y(2S), 10.52, 10.58 & 10.867 GeV
- No significant signals. Upper limits are set.

Exotic candidates in $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\psi(2S)$



arXiv:2105.06605
PRD, in press.

- Hint for 2 resonances
 - Candidates for exotics
- $R_1(3921)=X(3915)?$
 $\chi_{c2}(3930)?$
- $R_2(4014)??$
 - Very near to the $D^*\bar{D}^*$ threshold

| Resonant parameters | $J = 0$ | $J = 2$ |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| M_{R_1} | $3922.4 \pm 6.5 \pm 2.0$ | |
| Γ_{R_1} | $22 \pm 17 \pm 4$ | |
| $\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma} \mathcal{B}(R_1 \rightarrow \gamma\psi(2S))$ | $9.8 \pm 3.6 \pm 1.2$ | $2.0 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.2$ |
| M_{R_2} | $4014.3 \pm 4.0 \pm 1.5$ | |
| Γ_{R_2} | $4 \pm 11 \pm 6$ | |
| $\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma} \mathcal{B}(R_2 \rightarrow \gamma\psi(2S))$ | $6.2 \pm 2.2 \pm 0.8$ | $1.2 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.2$ |

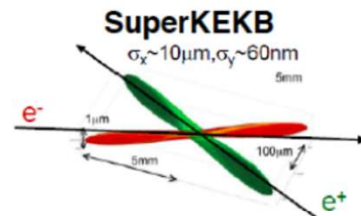
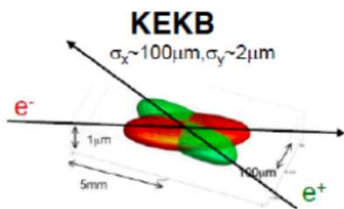
3. Belle II activities & future prospects

SuperKEKB and Belle II

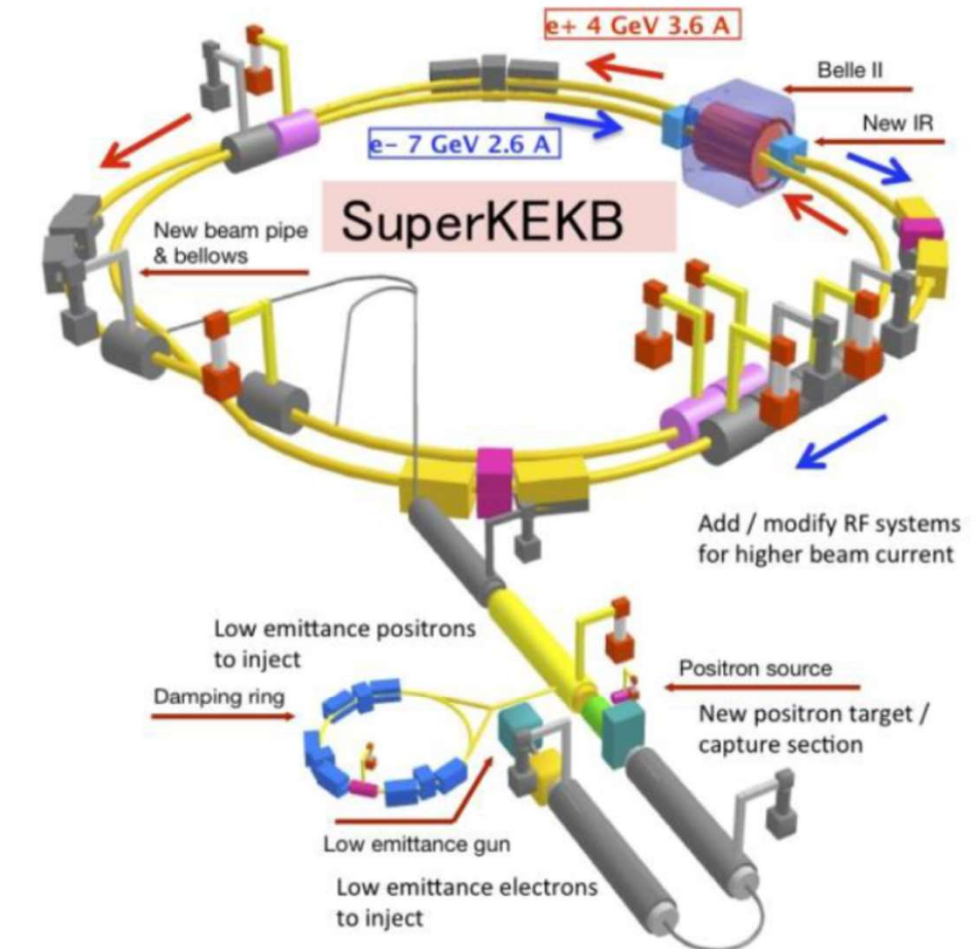
Upgrade for SuperKEKB and Belle II to achieve **30x peak \mathcal{L}**

- Reduction in the beam size by $1/20$ at the IP.
- **Doubling** the beam currents.

$$L = \frac{\gamma_{e\pm}}{2e r_e} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*} \right) \left(\frac{I_{e\pm} \xi_{y\pm}^{e\pm}}{\beta_y^*} \right) \left(\frac{R_L}{R_{\xi_y}} \right)$$



- ▶ *First turns achieved Feb. 2016*
- ▶ *Beam-background studies ongoing*



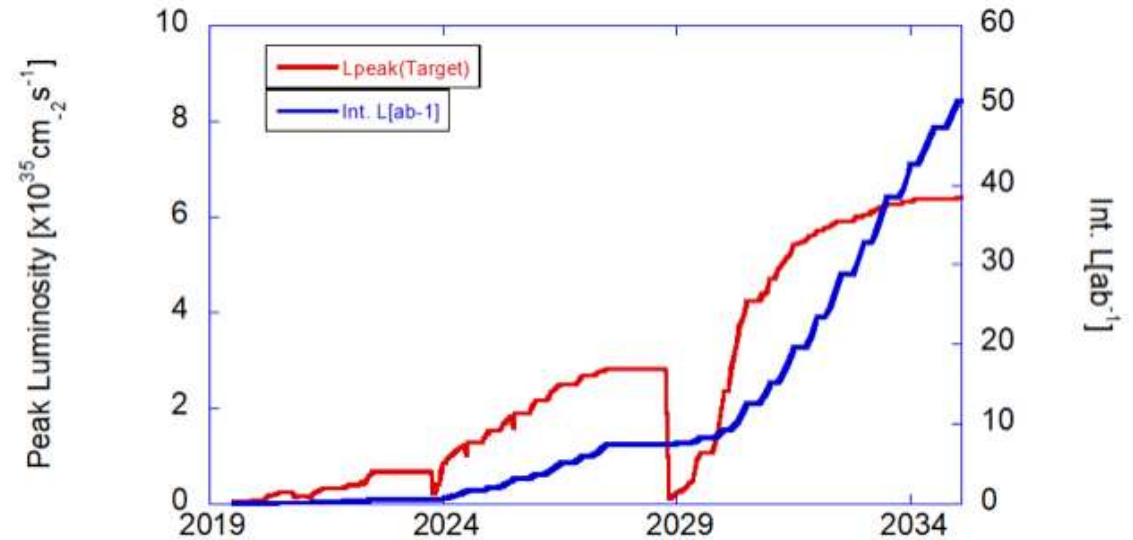
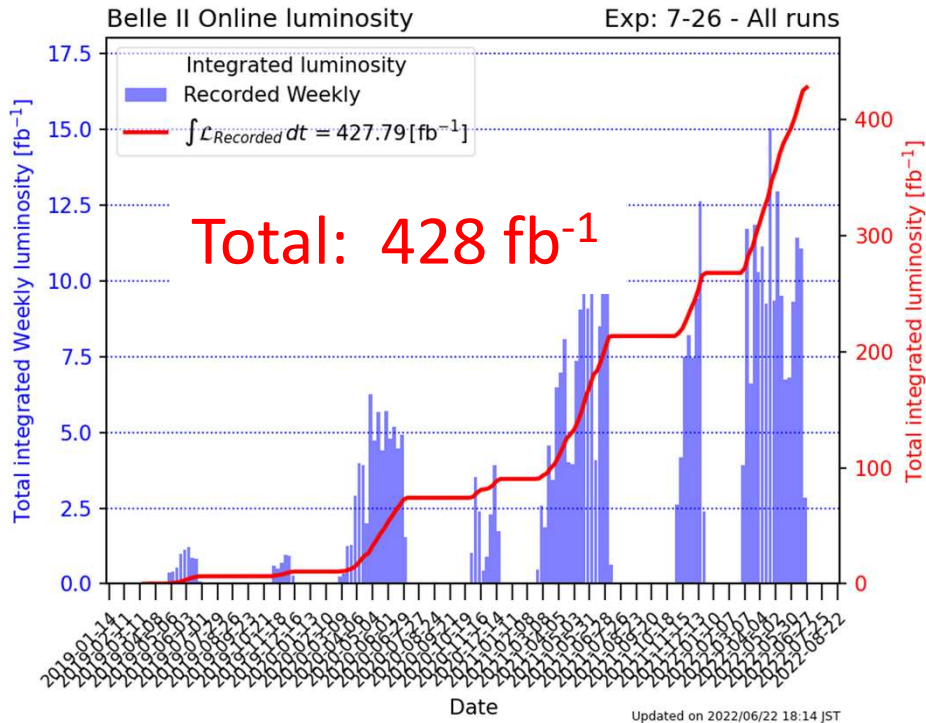
Goal: x50 more statistics than Belle

Belle II integrated luminosity



Achieved

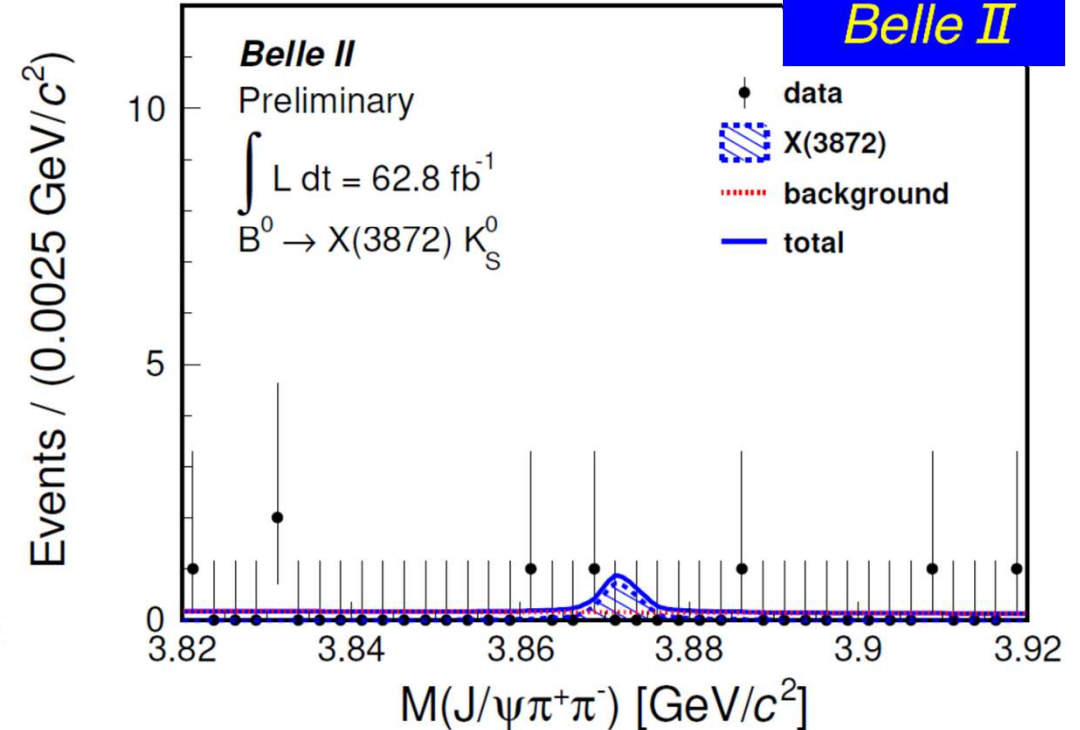
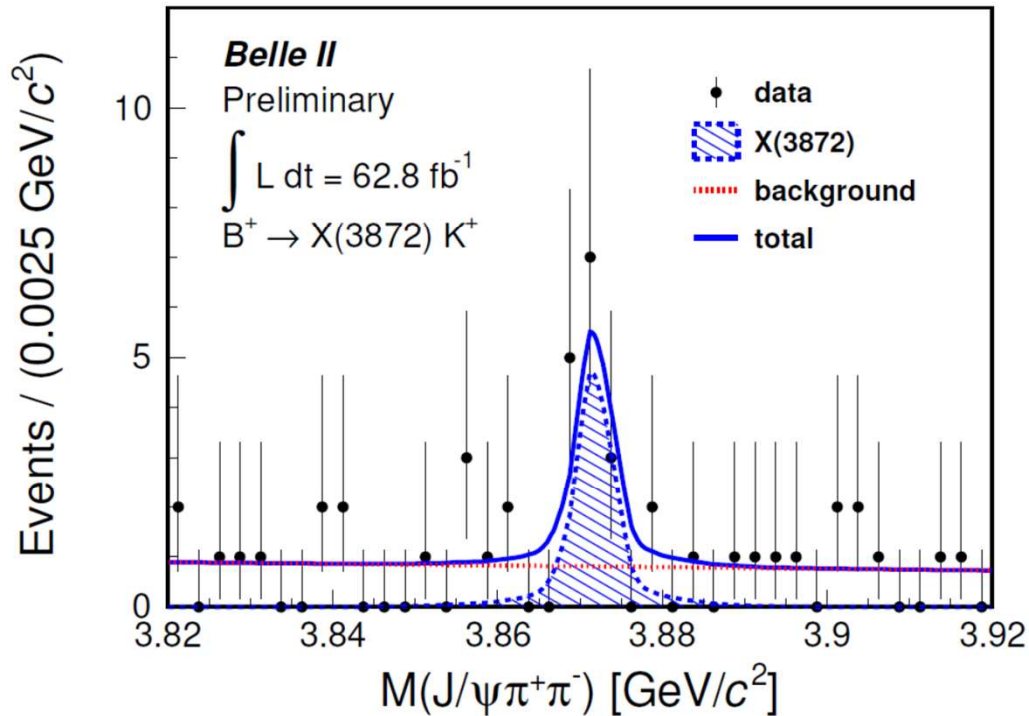
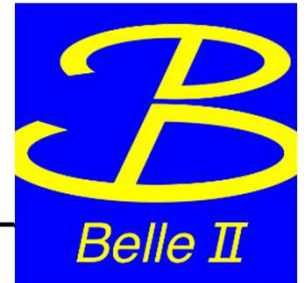
Prospect



- Instantaneous luminosity already exceeded Belle
 → New record: $4.7 \times 10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ on June 22nd.
- Integrated luminosity will exceed Belle within a few years
- Goal: 50ab^{-1} around 2035.

X(3872)

- **Rediscovery of X(3872)** in $B \rightarrow X(3872)K \rightarrow J/\psi\pi\pi K$ with 63 fb^{-1} (4.6σ significance)
 - $\sim 20\%$ higher efficiency than Belle

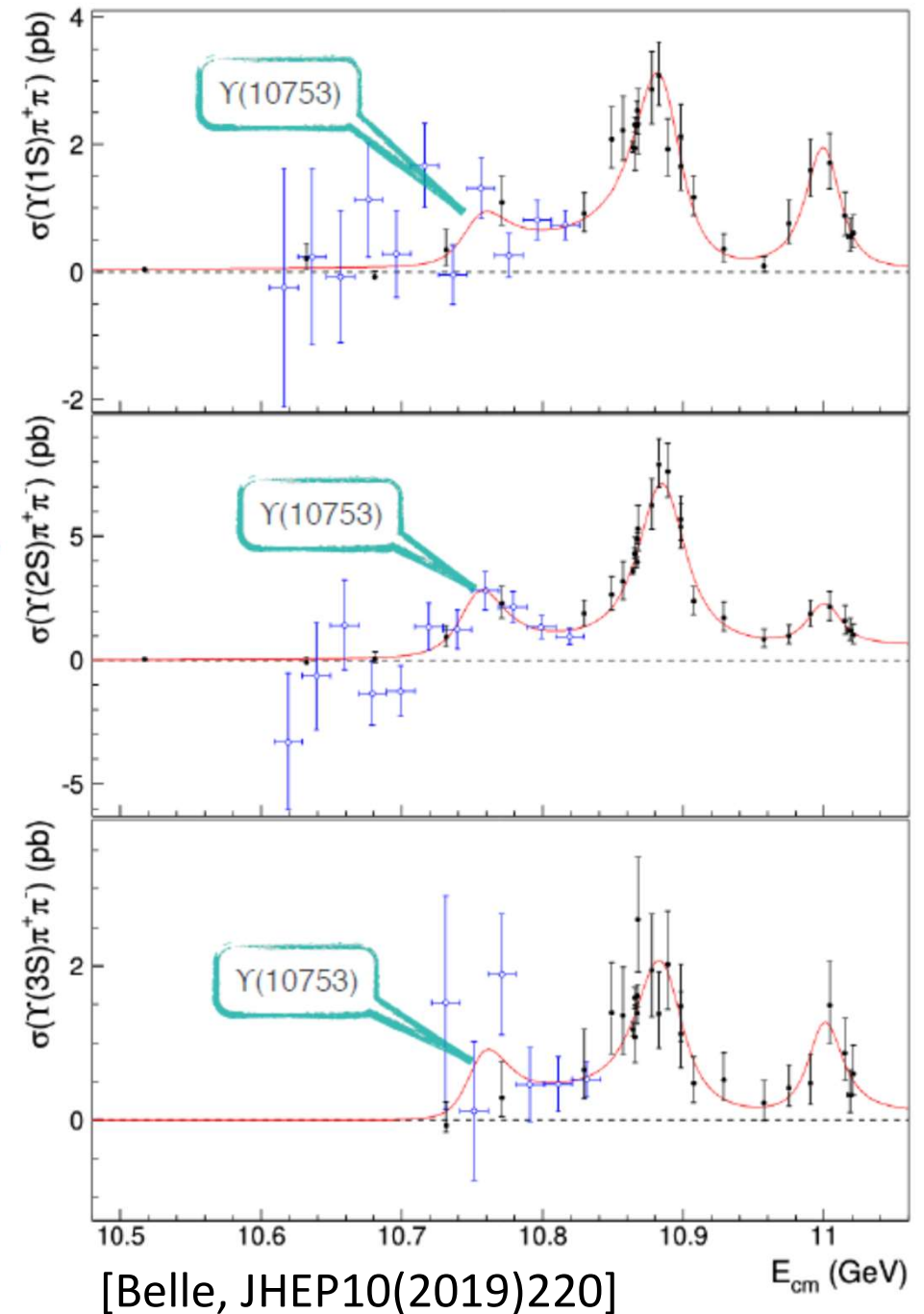
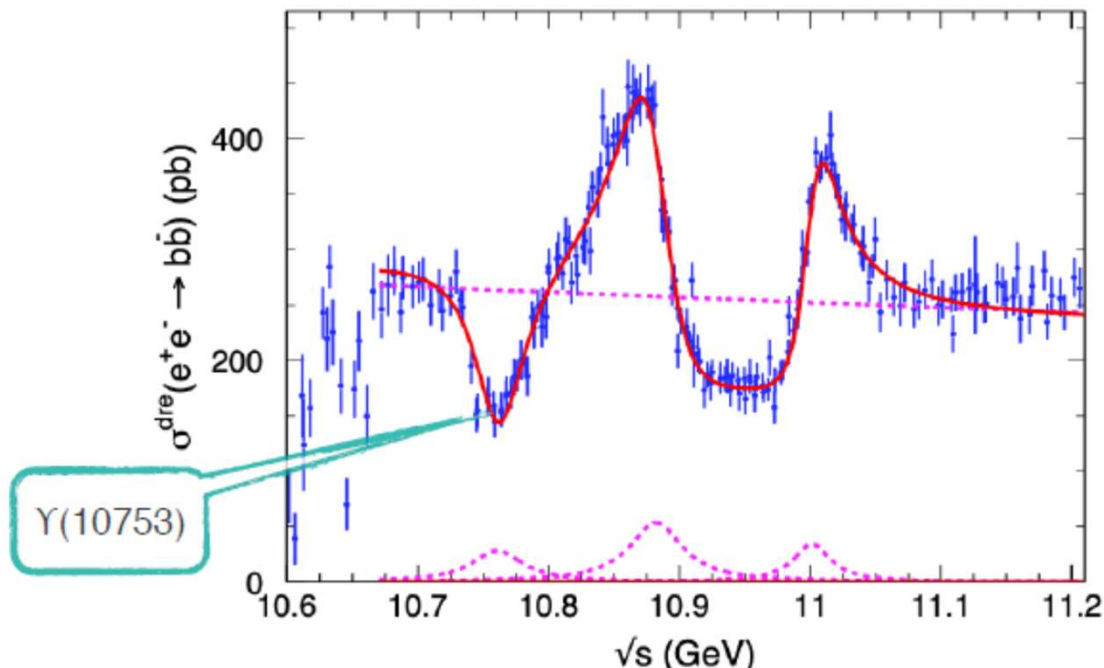


- Near future: **Measurement of absolute BR** with $1\text{-}5 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ using missing mass in $B \rightarrow XK$.

Energy scan ~ 10.751 GeV

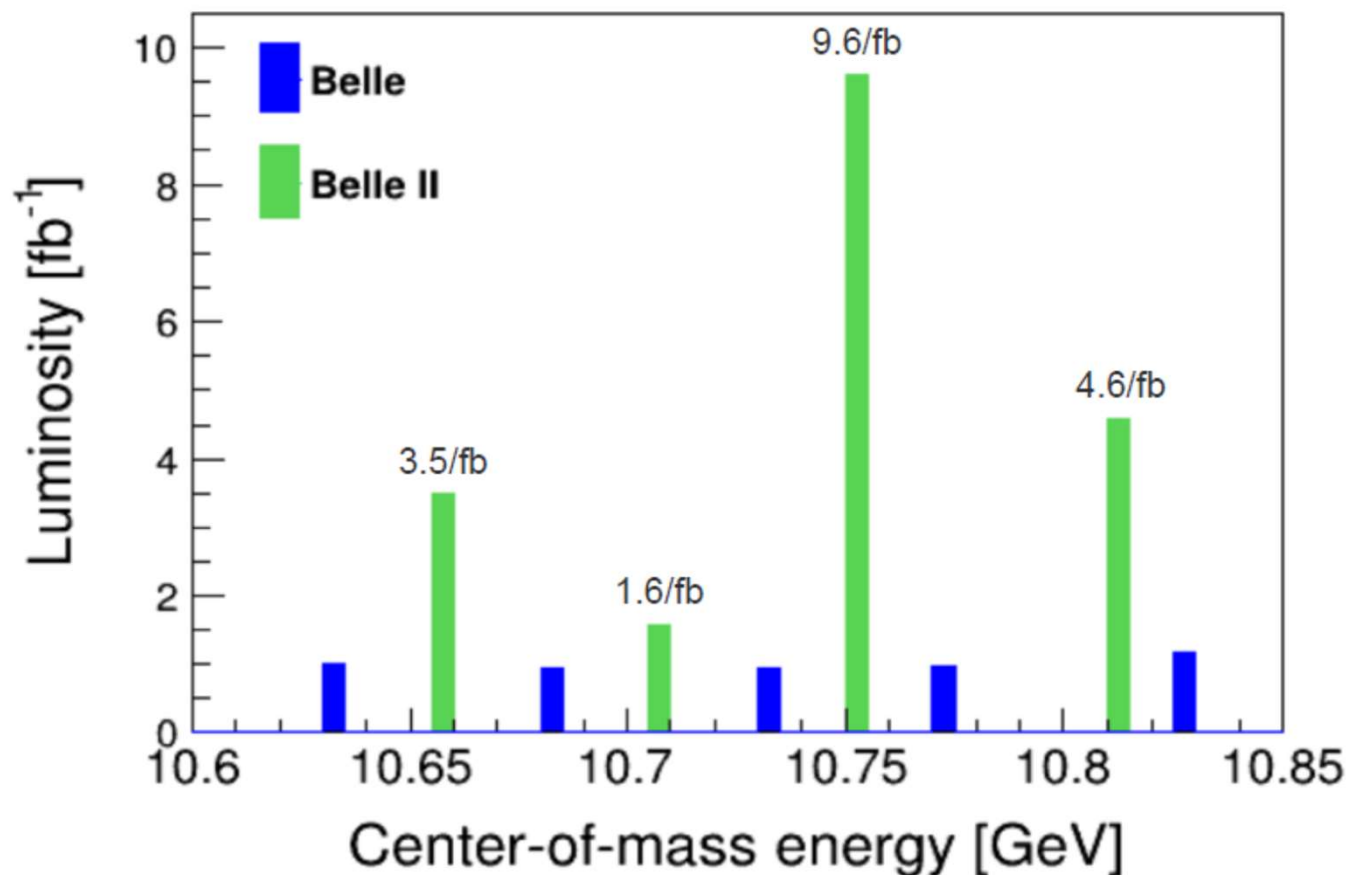
- $Y(10753)$?
 - Hints in $Y(nS)\pi\pi$ & inclusive $b\bar{b}$ data
 - Significance 5.2σ
 - Exotic? Conventional?

[Chin. Phys. C 44 8, 083001 (2020)]



Mini energy scan

- We took data at 4 points in Nov./Dec. 2021.
 - To establish the existence
 - Analysis ongoing



Summary

- Belle is still producing lots of interesting results
 - Observation of a threshold cusp
 - Spin-parity measurement of charmed baryon
 - And more. >10 hadron spectroscopy papers every year
- Belle II will acquire x50 more statistics than Belle
 - Instantaneous luminosity already surpassed
 - New record: $4.7 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ achieved
 - Mini energy scan around 10.753 GeV
 - Expecting a lot of further discoveries