Tricking your users: simulated phishing campaigns at CERN

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Instead of "why": the 2019 data breach at ANU



THE AUSTRALIAN

ADMINISTRATIVE SYSTEMS

Public detailed <u>report</u> (Oct. 2nd, 2019)

"The initial means of infection was a sophisticated spear phishing email (targeting a senior staff member)

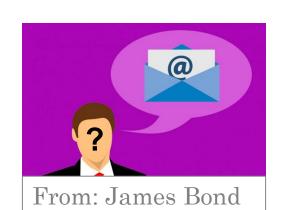
[..]

Information from victim's calendar was used to conduct additional spear phishing attacks later in the campaign"

E-mail is the main attack vector



E-mail is the main attack vector



It's very (too) easy and cheap to send e-mails



It's trivial to fake "From" field

Malicious e-mails contain infected attachments and links to malicious websites







Not only phishing.

- Password fishing ("phishing")
- Malware infections
 - ransomware, APT etc.
- Regular fraud, extortion etc.
 - "Hi, I am in trouble, can you help?"
 - "Dear Sir, you are under investigation..."
- CEO fraud
- Business email compromise
 - "Here is our new bank account number"

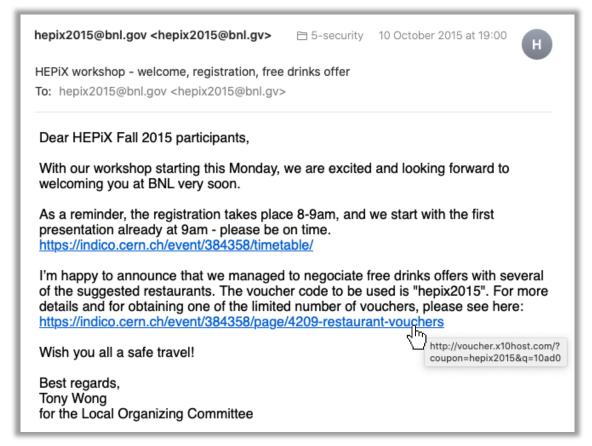
Not only email.

- Email
- SMS, WhatApp etc.
- Phone calls
- New platforms for videoconferencing and online collaborations

Everyone teleworking?
Whole new opportunities!

Technical protection measures exist...
...however, humans are the first and last line of defense

Simulated phishing campaigns



Simulated phishing campaigns at CERN

Goal

raising awareness
+
understanding
the scale of the problem

Approach

no spear phishing

no internal knowledge

no blaming

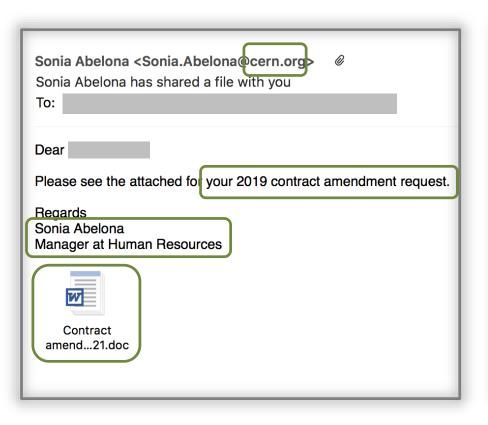
Techniques

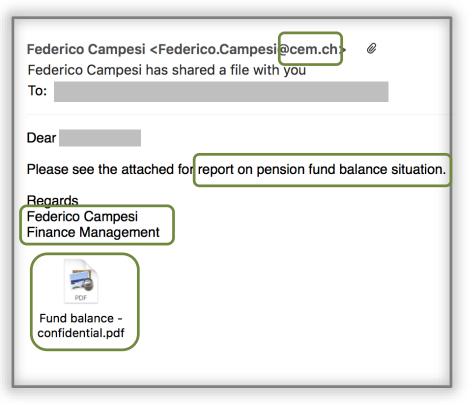
"malicious" links (2016-2018)

"malicious" attachment (2019)

"phishing" website (2020)

Various messages, senders, sender domain etc.





If you click on the link, you get redirected to this page:



Computer security emergency contact

Computer.Security@cern.ch 70500

Contact en cas d'incident de sécurité informatique



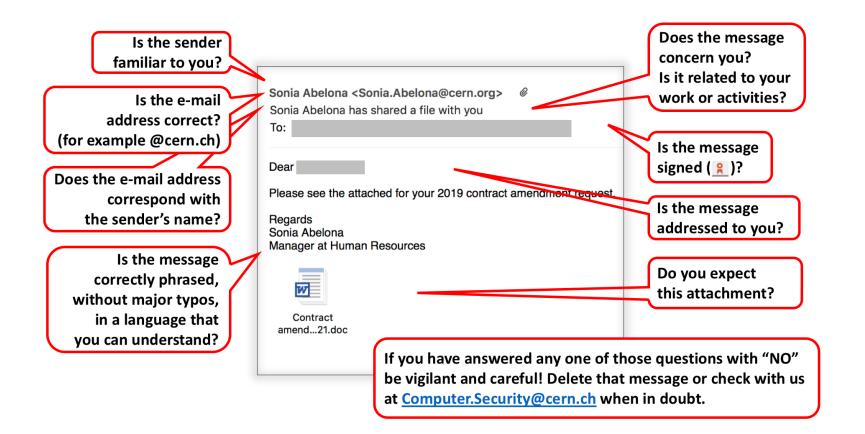


(Version française en-dessous)

Oops... The email and the attachment you have just opened are fake, and potentially malicious!

You just fell for a scam. The attached document that you have opened is fake, and potentially malicious. Your "click" could have had severe operational and financial consequences for CERN... Let us explain to you how you can better identify malicious emails and attachments, and what consequences opening them might have for you and your digital assets...

... with hints on **how to identify malicious emails**:



... with hints on **how to identify malicious links**:

Dear colleague,

Please see here for your 2020 contract amendment request: https://hr.cern.ch/76342518/Contract%20amendment%2039421

Regards Anne Darenport-Smid Manager at Human Resources http://192.91.245.24/hr.cern.ch/76342518/ Contract%20amendment%2039421? u=c0a-20eb2008&c=hr-drcc-lcu&a=t





192.91.245.24/documentstore.cern.ch/?u=c0a



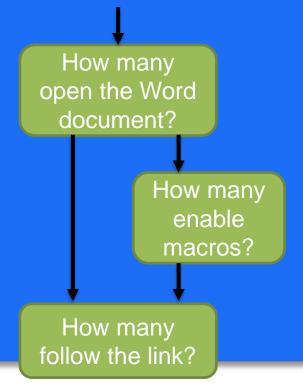
http://hr.cern.org/files/37543811.pdf



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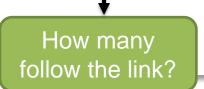


Adobe Acrobat Secure Document





Adobe Cloud: Access your files anywhere, safely

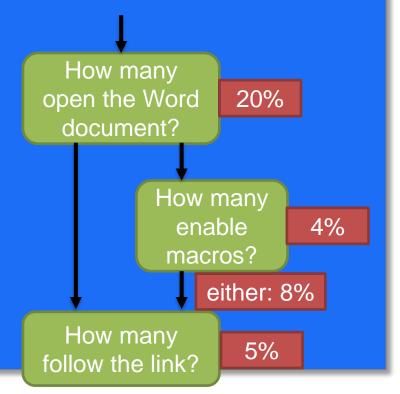




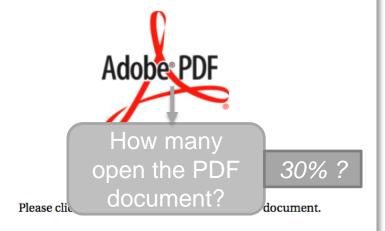
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Adobe Acrobat Secure Document





Adobe Cloud: Access your files anywhere, safely



14%

① Not Secure | 192.91.245.24/documentstore.cern.ch/report?c&

Password field disabled

Some users try several times

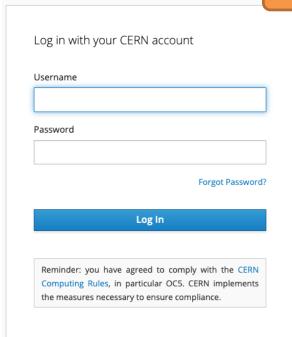
CERN Single Sign-On

Sign in with a CERN account, a Federation account or a public service account

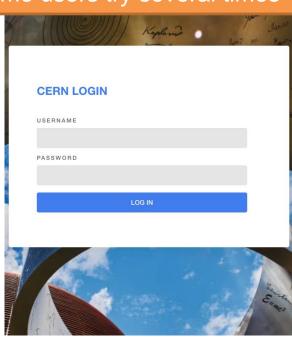
Use crede	entials		
Username	or Email address	Password	
			Sign in
Remem	ber Username or Email Address	Need password help?	
Use one-	click authentication		
<u>@</u>	Sign in using your current Windows/Kerberos credentials [autologon] Use your current authentication token. You need Internet Explorer on CERN Windows or Firefox o SLC (Firefox help here).		
Ø	Sign in using your CERN Certificate [autologon]		
701	You can get a CERN certificate	on the CERN Certification Authority website.	
Use stron	g two factor authentication	[show]	
Sign in	with a public service a	account	
	Facebook, Google, Live, etc.	 l account provider such as Facebook, Google	, Live, Yahoo, Orange.
f	reaction and an execute		
Sign in		n or institution account	
Sign in	with your organization	n or institution account	▼ Go

"Real" existing SSO





"Real" new SSO



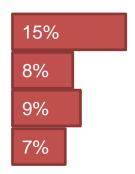
Non-existingSSO

9.4%

What worked in 2020?

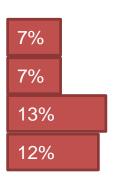
(phished rates)

your 2020 contract amendment request pension fund balance situation confidential covid-19 report new teleworking rules



DOC attachment
PDF attachment

<u>documentstore.cern.ch</u> link
Topic-specific link

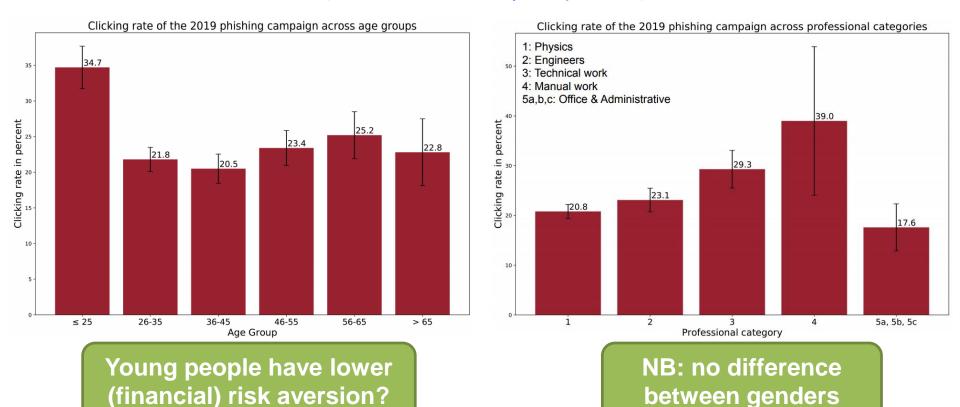






But who clicks?

(2019 results - analysis by T.Betz)



We are not the only ones

GitLab



Laptop Refresh Program

Congratulations. Your IT Department has identified you as a candidate for Apple's System Refresh Program. The following Macbook Pro has been selected for you:

MacBook Pro (15-inch, 2019) 2.4 GHz 8-Core Intel Core i9 16GB Memory

To customize your laptop or to learn more about the program please click here and sign into GitLab.

Regards, Apple

For help with subscriptions and purchases, visit Apple Support.



Tribune Publishing

We are pleased to inform you that we are providing targeted bonuses between 5,000 and 10,000 dollars this year. Tribune Publishing is able to provide this bonus as a direct result of the success created by the ongoing efforts to cut our costs!



Caroline Glenn 🔮 @bycarolineglenn - Sep 23

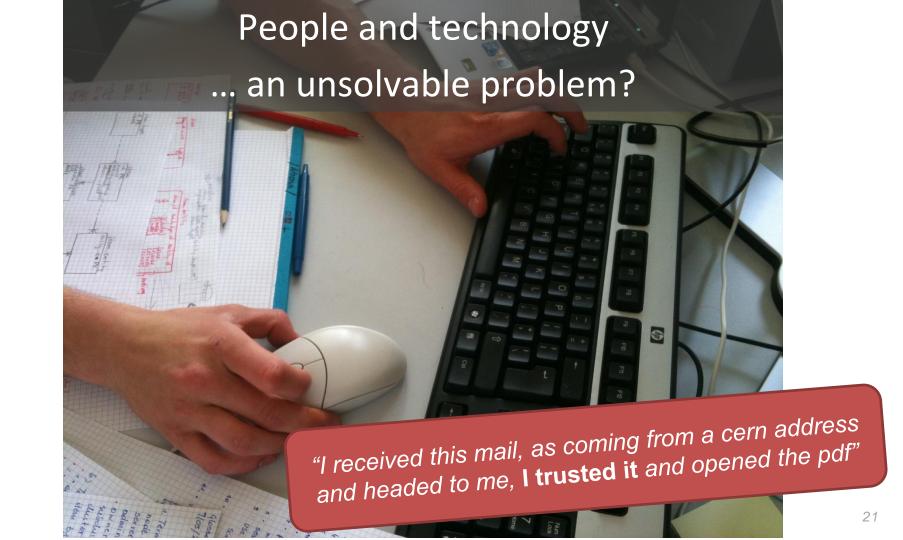
Most of our staff are underpaid to begin with. Some are struggling mentally and financially to keep working through this pandemic. Some have gotten sick with Covid.

To dangle a phony bonus to see who will fall for a phishing email is downright cruel and unimaginably tone deaf.

You will need to login below to view your and of

yea ele into Big backlash, public criticism Company apologized

Conclusions





What worked in 2019?

(click rates)

Please see the attached for report on pension fund balance situation.

for your 2019 contract amendment request.

with the confidential design report.

on your input to our results.

on new IT security measures.

18% 24% 15% 17%

 HEPiX Fall 2015 campaign: Get a voucher for free drinks

Dear sebastian Dear Sebastian 18% 18%

Commercial solutions,

open-source tools

Commercial solutions: simulated phishing campaigns

- Engagement, gamification
- Classroom courses → continuous micro-training in work environment
- Security awareness → behavior change
- Examples:









- every user receives ~3 messages per month (apparently deemed acceptable)
- growing difficulty of messages, increasing level of "truth",
 using internal information e.g. names of executives or projects
- users report malicious mails with a button in Outlook → feeding the SOC

<u>Is simulated phishing worth the effort?</u>

Should failing phish tests be a fireable offense?

No

Open-source tools also available





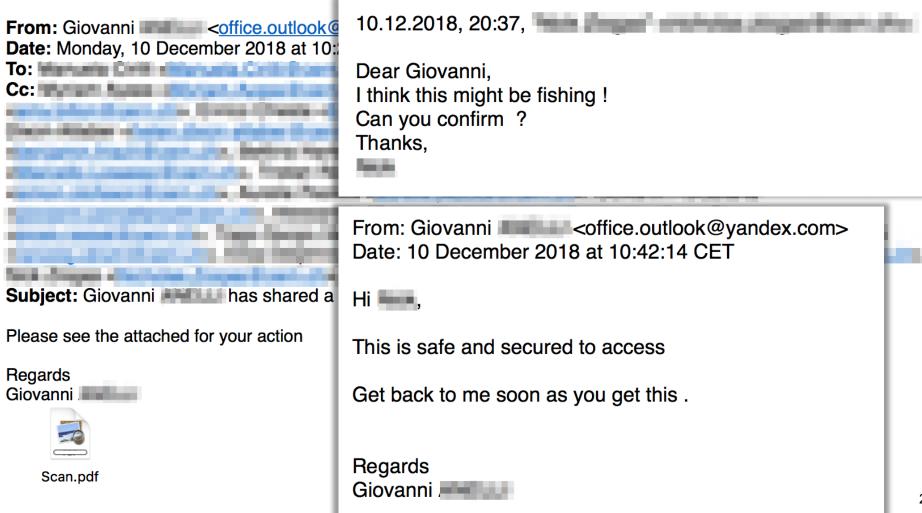


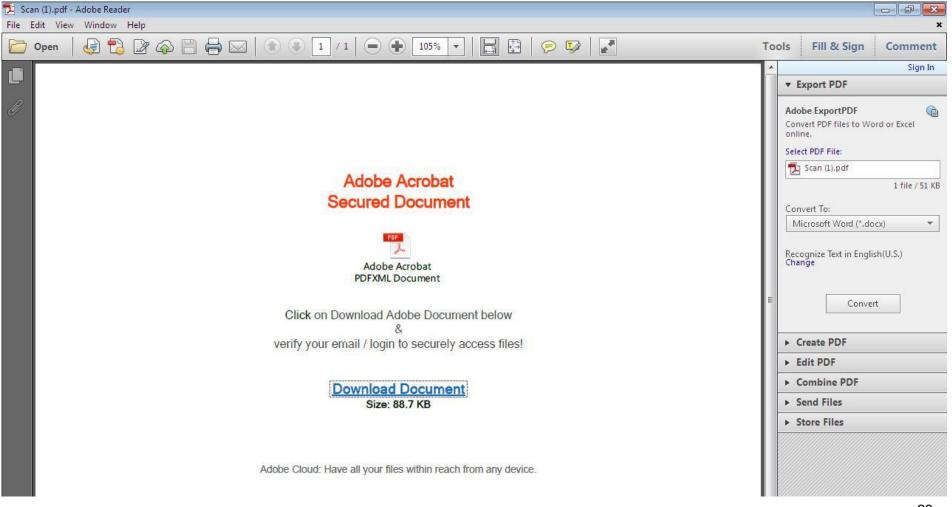


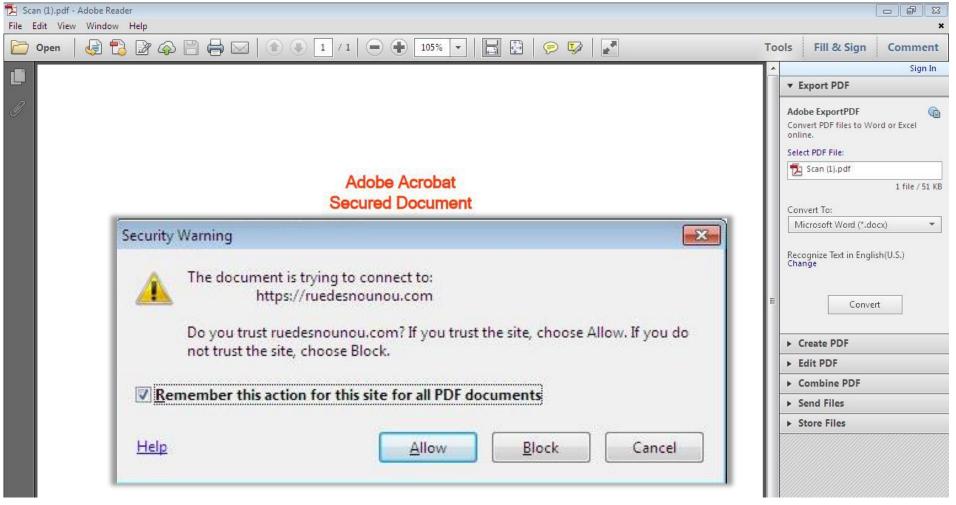


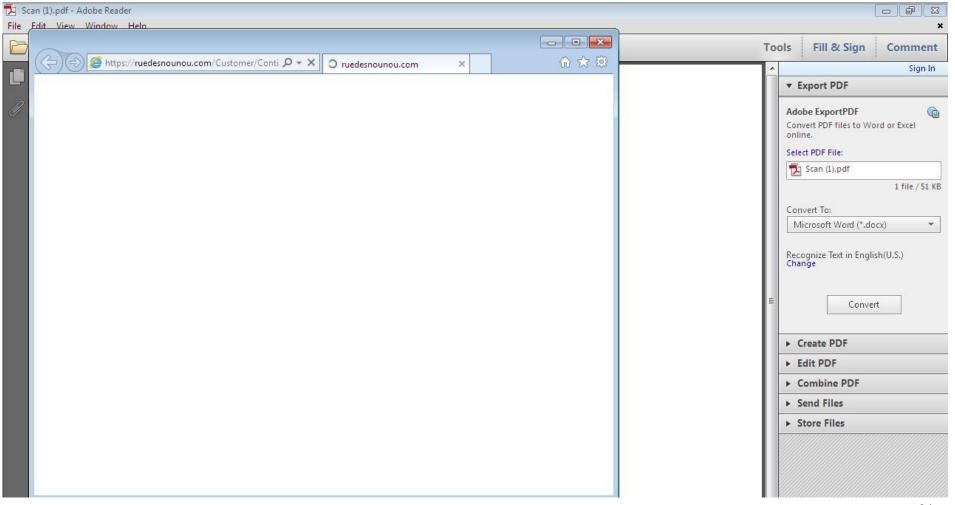
BLACKEYE

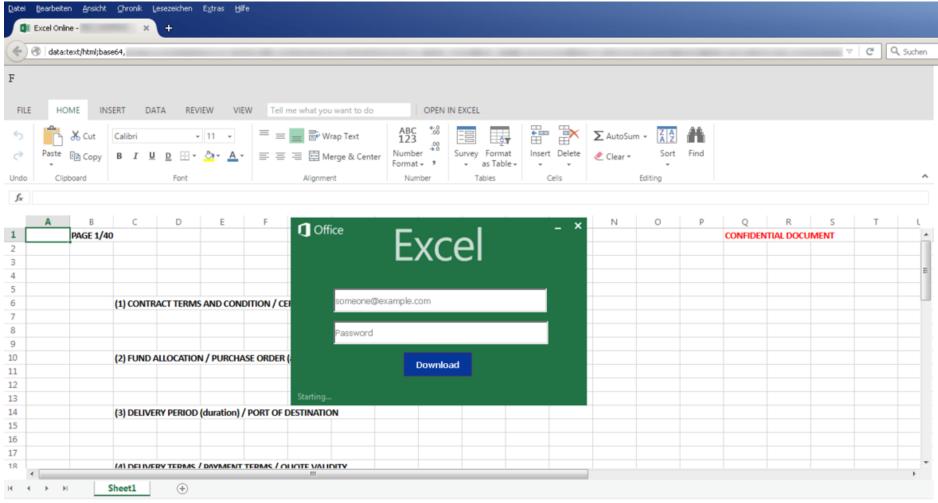
What we have seen at CERN











... half a year later ...



Let me know when you are available. There is something I need you to do. I am going into a meeting now with limited phone calls, so just reply my email.

Giovanni

Sent from my iPad

... and another 4 months later

I am planning a surprise for some of the staffs with gifts. I need you to get a purchase done, I'm looking forward to surprise some of the staffs with gift cards,I count on you to keep this as a surprise pending when they received it,I need 10 pieces of Amazon \$100 face value each gift cards. I need you to get the physical card, then you scratch the card take a picture of the cards pin,attach and email it to me. How soon can you get this done?

I will Reimburse you back later....

Regards Giovanni

Advanced techniques used by criminals

- Spear phishing: malicious mails targeted at specific individuals
 - crafted using information gathered earlier: project names, colleagues names, hierarchy, who is on holidays etc.
 - sent "from" a colleague, a business partner, even the boss
 - "whaling" attacks targeting top management
- Using "contacts" lists: An attacker compromises mailbox of a victim, and sends malicious e-mails "from" the victim to their contacts
- Joining existing conversation: An attacker compromises mailbox of a victim, and replies to existing conversations, adding a malicious URL or attachment

How can we defend ourselves and our users?

Technical protection measures (simplified view)

- Traditional anti-spam filters (signature-based, blocking certain file types etc.)
- Advanced anti-malware systems (behavior-based)
 - "detonating" (opening) attachments in a controlled environment
 - (???) visiting embedded links very problematic!
- Hardened end-points computers, for example:
 - anti-virus software, secure browsers etc.
 - macros disabled in received documents
 - not running as administrator
- Network protection and detection
 - e.g. blocking malicious domains at the DNS level
 - only partially effective (computers on the corporate network, no DNS over HTTPS etc.)

Despite these measures, some malicious e-mails will reach users

Technical protection measures do help

During the campaign:

- Macros in downloaded documents (e.g. received via e-mail) are blocked on all CERN Windows machines
- CERN anti-virus started detecting these attachments

Trojan:Script/Foretype.A!ml Alert level: Severe Status: Quarantined Date: 26-Jun-19 Recommended action: Remove the threat now. Category: Trojan Details: This program is dangerous and executes commands from an attacker. learn more Affected items: file: C:\Users\.... \Desktop\design_confidential.doc

Afterwards:

- CERN user uploaded a sample to VirusTotal, vendors picked up
 - because the filename included word "confidential"
- DOC attachment detected by AV products as Win32/Skeeyah.A!rfn trojan