

EXPERIMENTAL INPUTS TO PDF FITS

HIGGS 2020

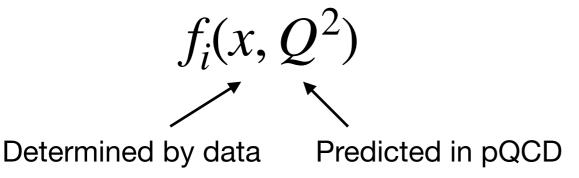
OCTOBER 27TH, 2020

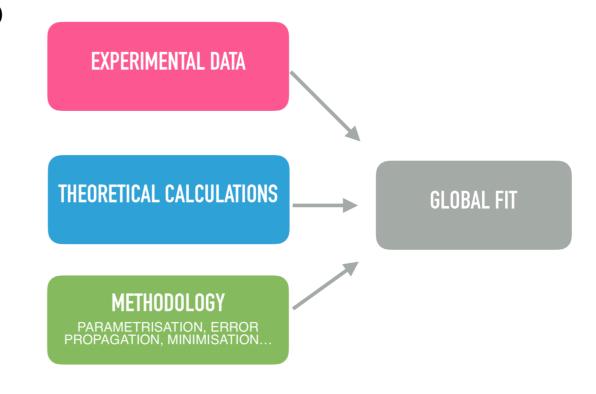
Simone Amoroso (DESY)

on behalf of the ATLAS and CMS Collaborations

INTRODUCTION

- Knowledge of Parton Distribution Functions is a prerequisite for making predictions for hadron colliders
 - Precise knowledge of the PDFs and their uncertainties is crucial for a successful LHC physics program
- SM measurements can be used to improve our knowledge of PDFs
- * As accurate theory predictions become available more and more SM processes can be incorporated in PDF fits

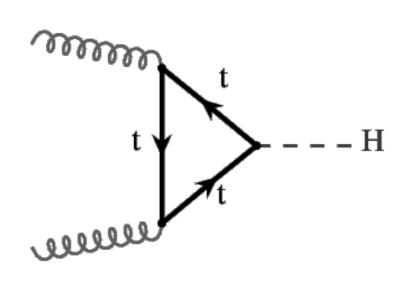




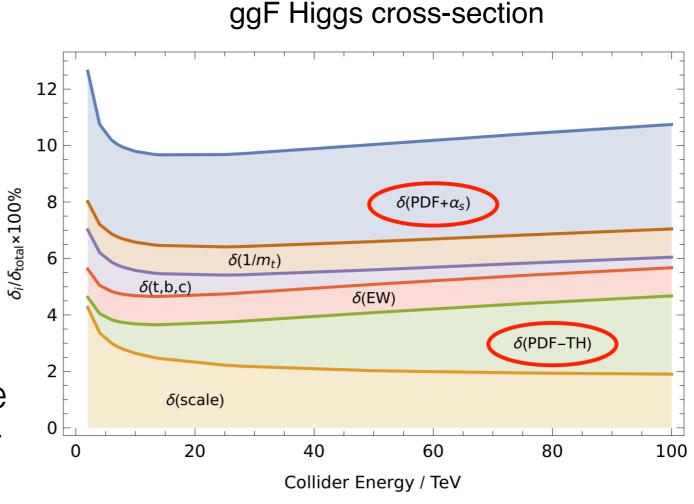
Interplay between theory and experimental data, in a sort of "global consistency test" of the SM

HIGGS PHYSICS

Precise characterisation of the Higgs sector is one of the main goals of the LHC physics program



And uncertainties due to the knowledge of PDFs are an important limiting factor in Higgs measurements

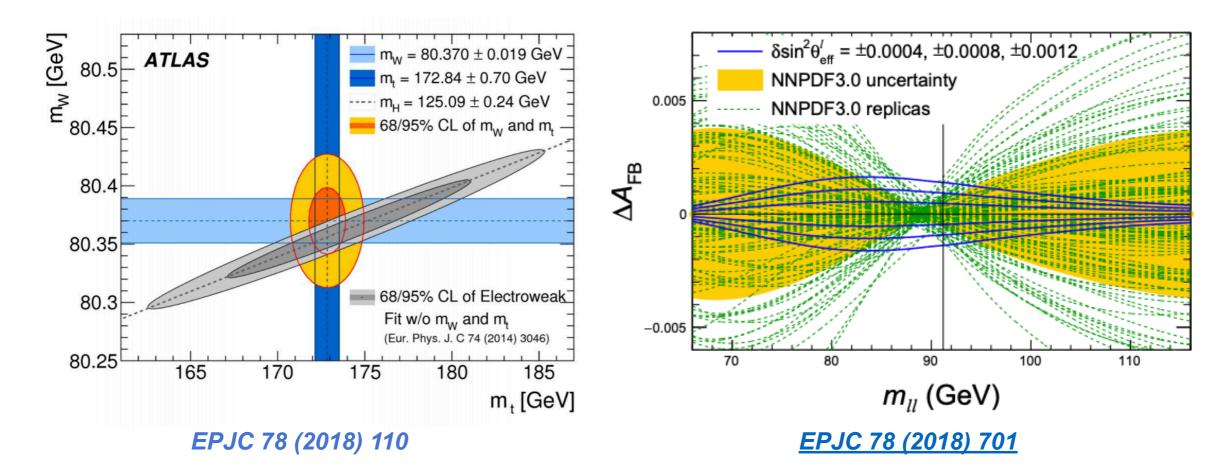


HL/HE-LHC YR, [1902.00134]

Not just relevant for gluon-gluon fusion, but impacting also associated production, VBF, di-Higgs

EW PRECISION MEASUREMENTS

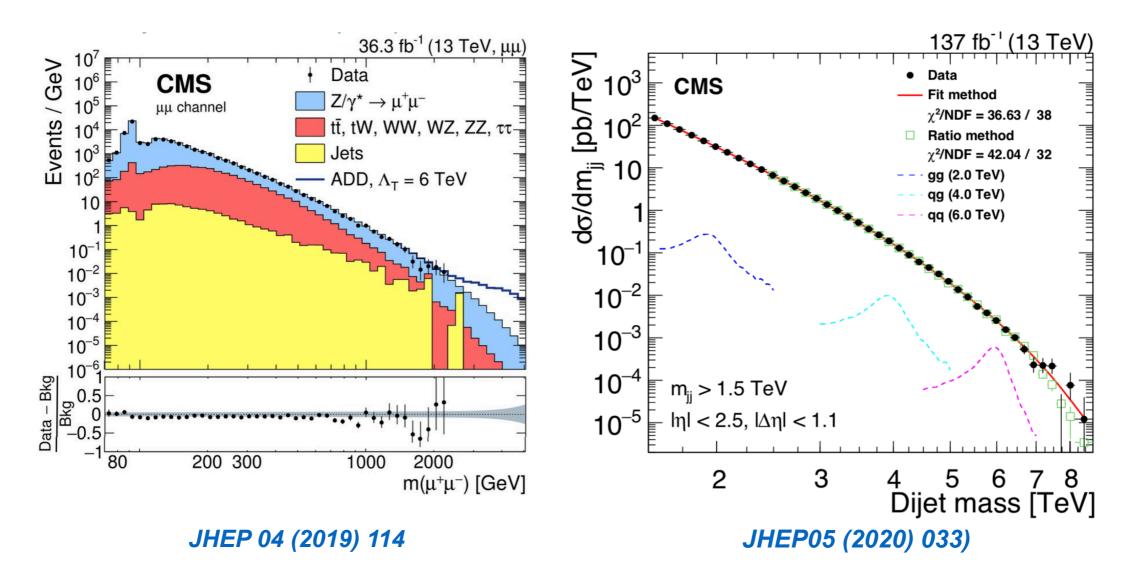
* LHC now starting to be competitive with LEP/Tevatron



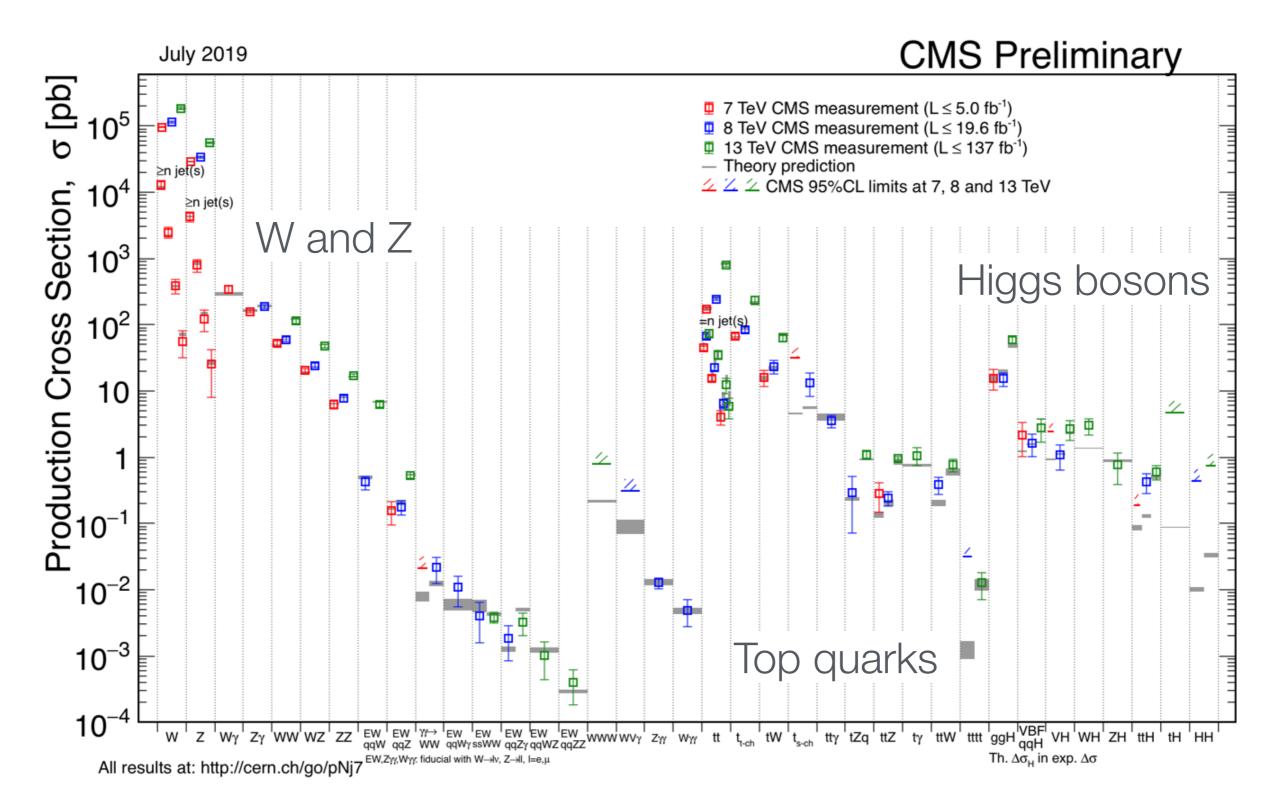
- Both measurements suffer from very large PDF uncertainties
 - $ightharpoonup \sin^2 heta_W^{ ext{eff}}$: Reduction of A_{FB} through "PDF dilution"
 - \triangleright m_W: PDF induced W polarisation affects p_T| (+ HF production)

BSM SEARCHES

- Searches for new particles and forces at high masses and high p_T are also limited by the knowledge of PDFs at high-x
- Not a lot of constraining data, large impact of parametrisation and other methodological choices
 - ▶ I.e.~20% PDF uncertainty for a 3 TeV Z' production



SM CROSS-SECTIONS

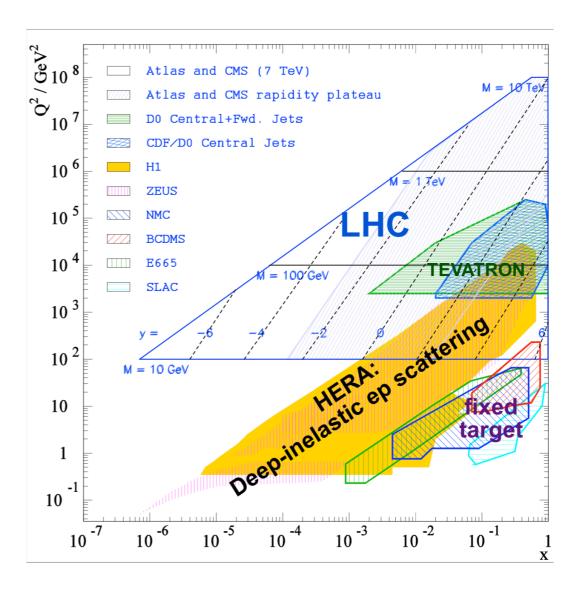


* Impressive number of measurements by the LHC Collaborations

AND PDF CONSTRAINTS

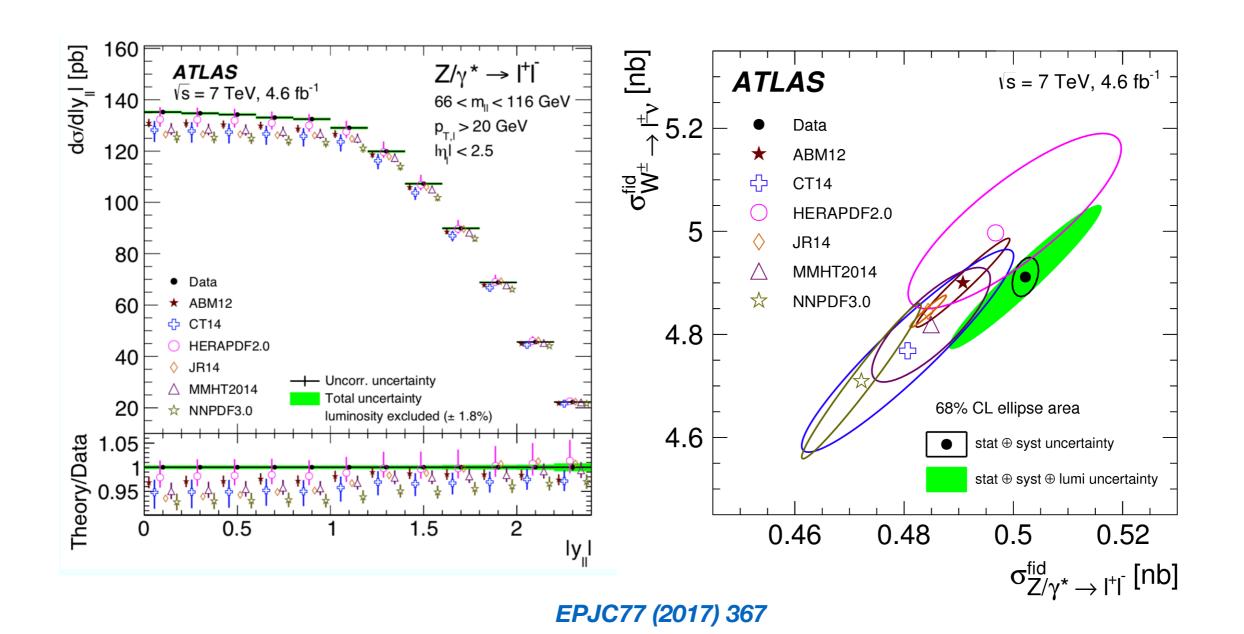
* While DIS data is still the backbone of global PDF fits, the LHC can now provide plenty of complementary information

Process	PDF sensitivity
Drell-Yan	Flavour decomposition
W+charm	Strange-quark
V+jet	Medium-x gluon
Jets, dijets	High-x gluon and quark
photon+jet	Medium-x gluon
Top-pair	Medium and high-x gluon
single-top	u/d ratio at large-x



DY CROSS-SECTIONS 7 TEV

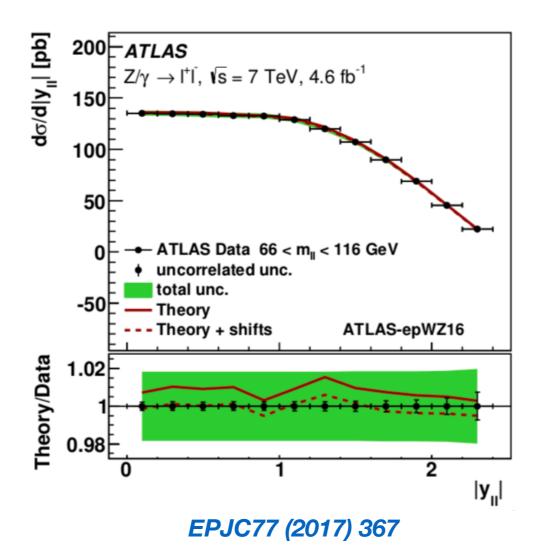
- * W, Z cross-sections have significant impact on proton quark content
- * Most precise measurement from ATLAS at 7 TeV
 - Experimental precision of 0.6, 0.5, and 0.32% for W±,Z respectively

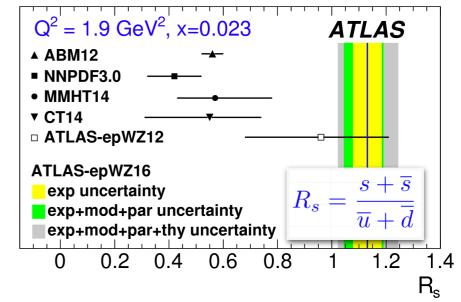


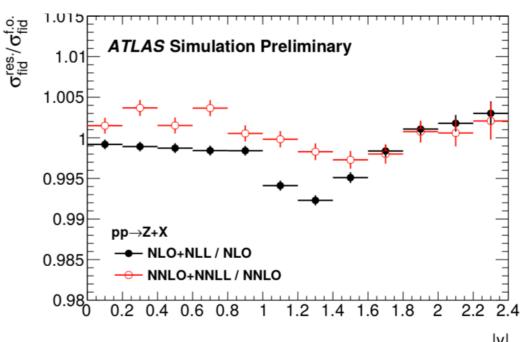
DY CROSS-SECTIONS 7 TEV

- * Favours larger strangeness than in previous global fits
 - In tension with neutrino induced dimuon production ($\bar{\nu}s \rightarrow lc$)
 - At this level of precision theory systematics from NNLO subtraction

and the effect power corrections from the lepton fiducial selections become important

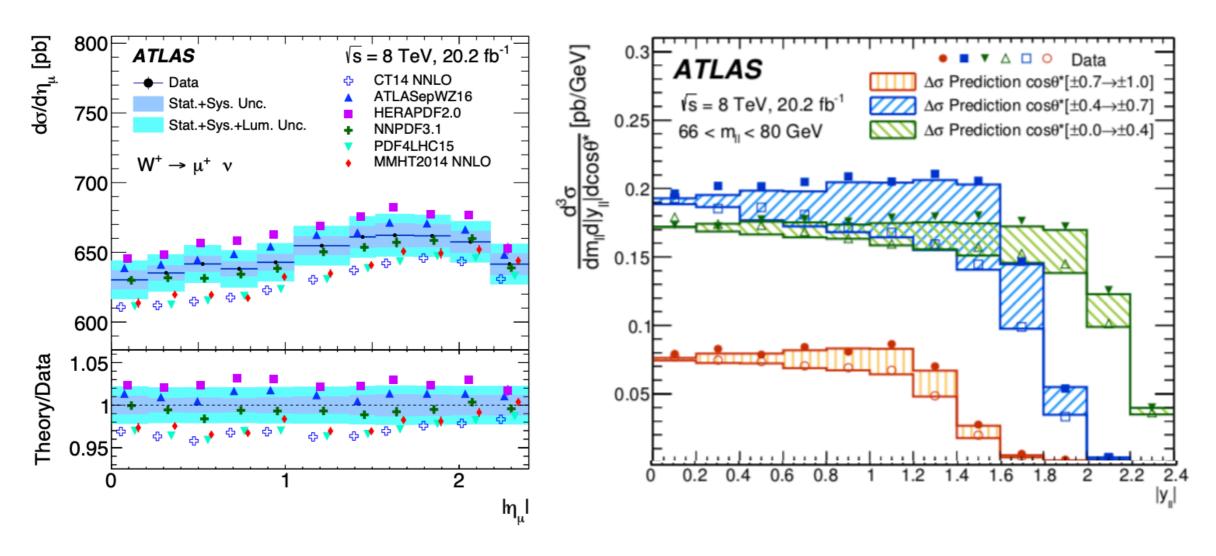






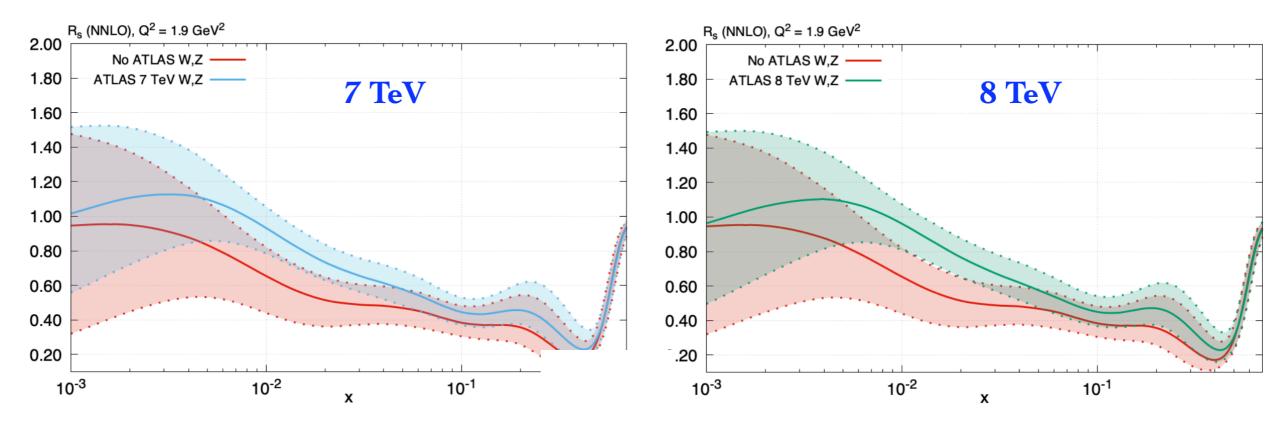
MULTI-DIFFERENTIAL DY AT 8 TEV

- * ATLAS 8 TeV W and Z cross-sections available
 - W cross-sections as a function of lepton rapidity
 - $^{\triangleright}$ Z cross-sections triple-differential in mass, rapidity and $\cos heta^*$



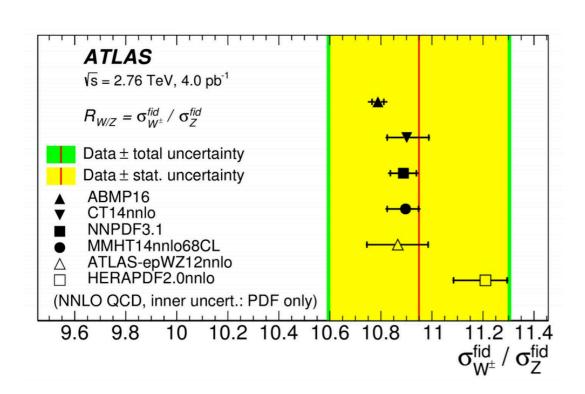
MULTI-DIFFERENTIAL DY AT 8 TEV

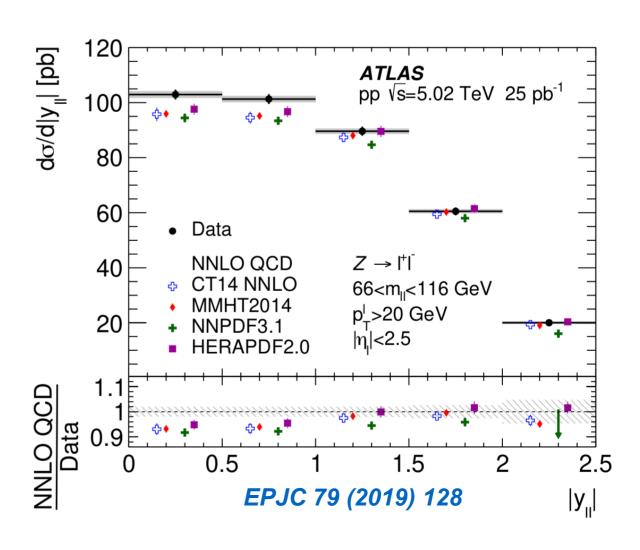
- * Measurements included in the upcoming MSHT2020 fit
 - Including ATLAS 7 TeV W,Z find a similar strangeness enhancement as the ATLAS QCD analysis
 - Similar impact on PDFs and strangeness enhancement at low-x preferred also by the ATLAS 8 TeV W,Z measurements



W, Z AT 2.76 AND 5 TEV

- * LHC datasets at lower energies can provide interesting cross-section measurements
 - Allows for powerful SM tests from cross-section ratios
 - Going to lower energies allows to probe higher x
 - Most PDFs underestimate the 5 TeV data at central yz

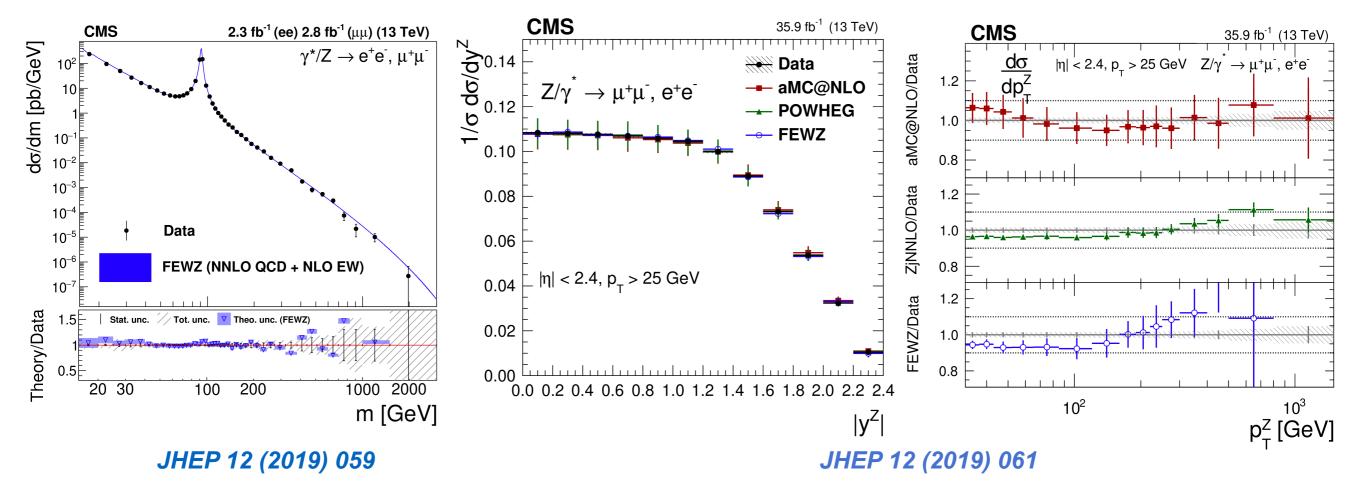




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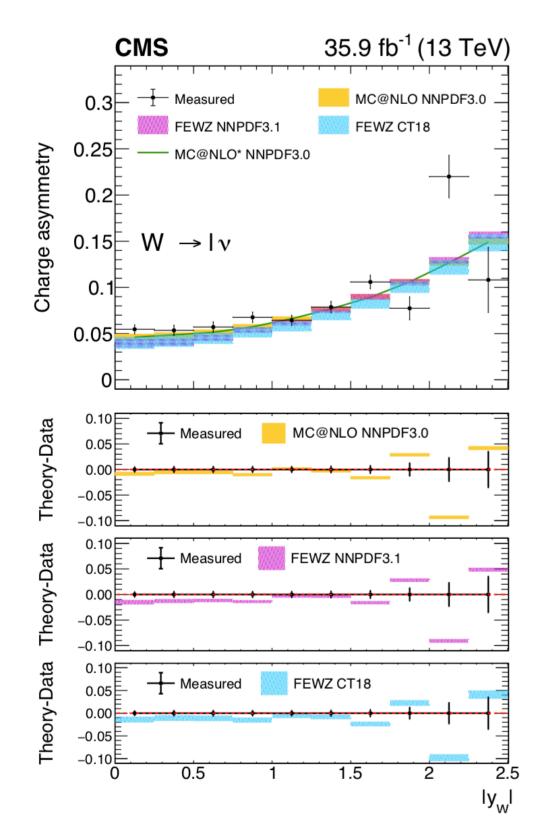
Z CROSS-SECTIONS AT 13 TEV

- * Two differential Z cross-section measurements at 13 TeV from CMS
 - As a function of m_∥, probing the photon PDF at high mass
 - As a function of $p_{T||}$, $y_{||}$ and ϕ^* ; probing the production dynamics
 - Data well described by NNLO QCD with NNPDF3.1



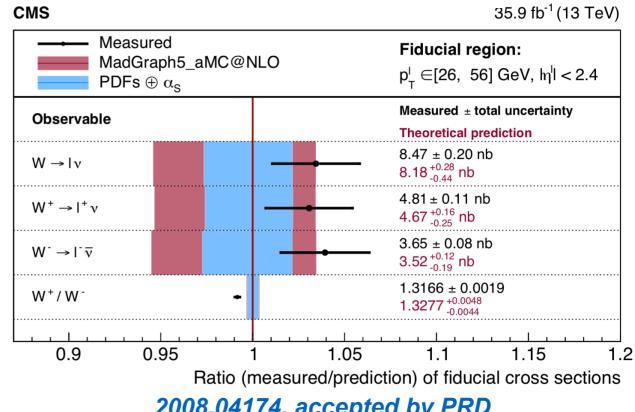
W POLARISATION AT 13 TEV

Novel CMS measurement of differential cross-sections and charge asymmetry for the two W helicity states



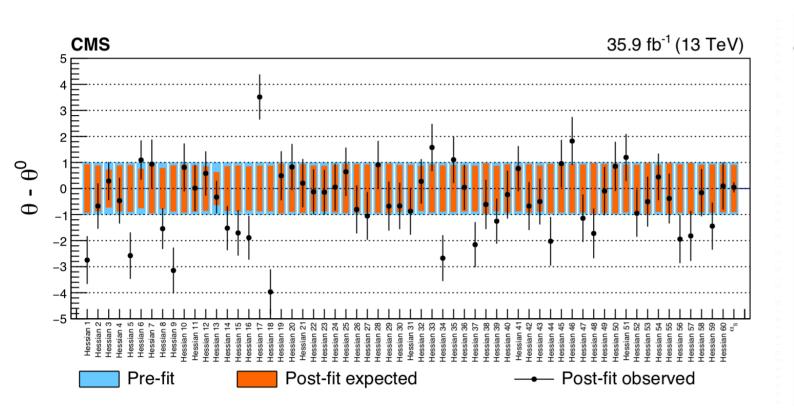
- Cross-sections measured as a function of p_T^I and p_T^I
- Integrated W cross-sections and charge asymmetry sensitive to valence quark PDFs

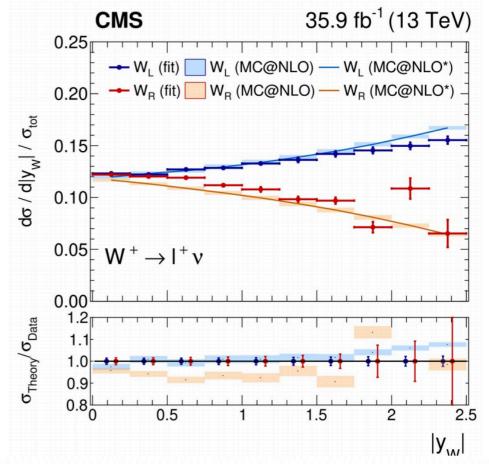
$$A_W \sim \frac{u_V(x_0) - d_V(x_0)}{u(x_0) + d(x_0)}$$

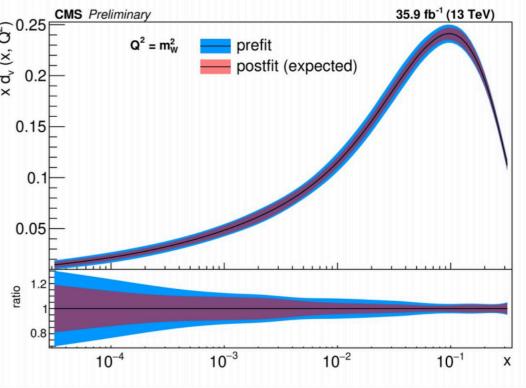


W POLARISATION AT 13 TEV

- Impact on PDF evaluated using Hessian profiling of the NNPDF31 set
 - Using NLO+PS predictions from madgraph_aMC@NLO
- Strong sensitivity to the PDF eigenvectors, and large uncertainty reduction for valence-quark PDFs

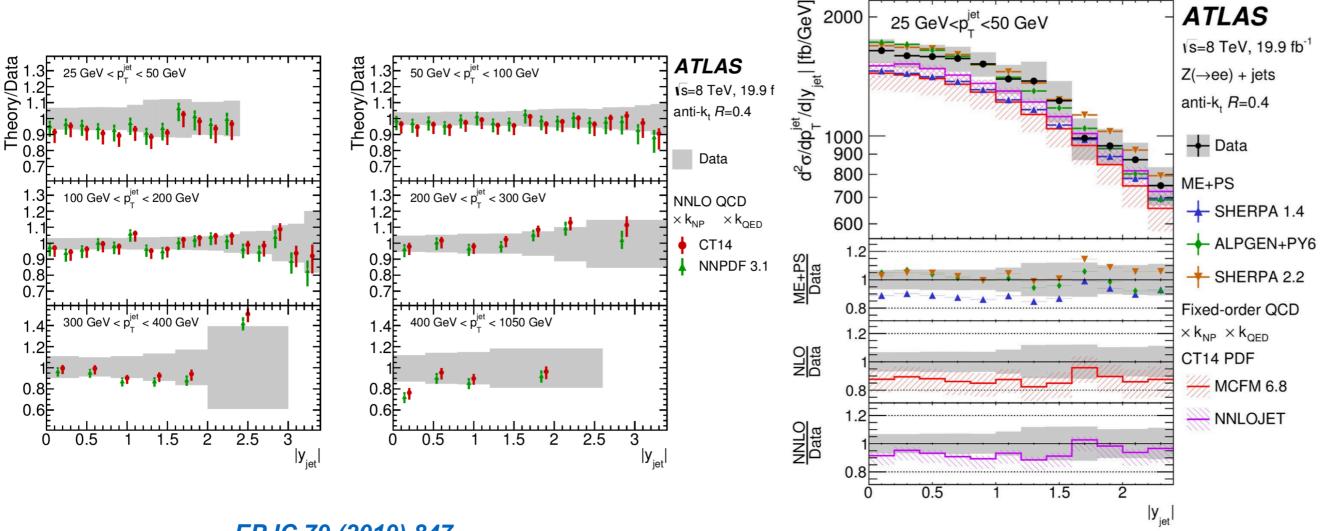






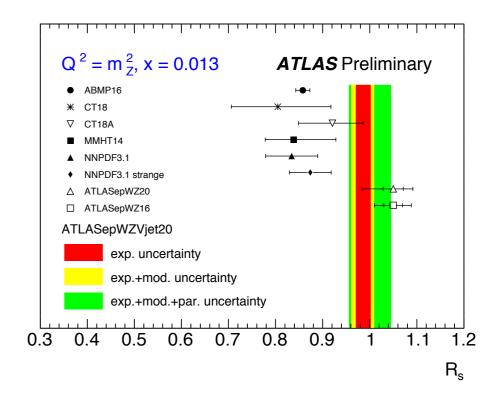
V+JETS

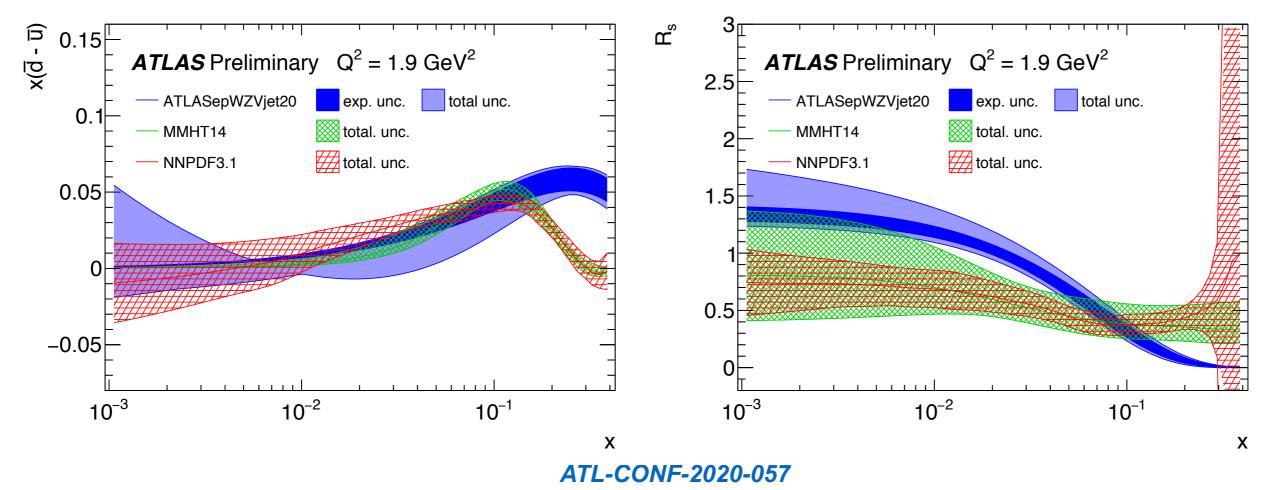
- NNLO QCD predictions for V+1jet production have now been computed
 - Available with antenna (NNLOJET) and Njettiness subtraction
 - Allow consistent inclusion of existing V+jet measurements in PDF fits
- * Sensitive to the valence quark PDFs and the strange PDF at medium-x



V+JETS

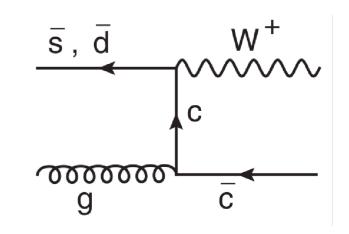
- New ATLAS NNLO QCD analysis of 8 TeV W,Z+1jet measurements
 - Consistent with inclusive W,Z and an unsuppressed strange at small-x
 - Dbar-ubar distribution in better agreement with global fits in the region covered by data (x<0.1)</p>

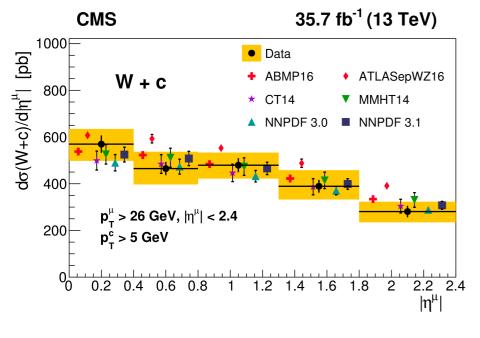




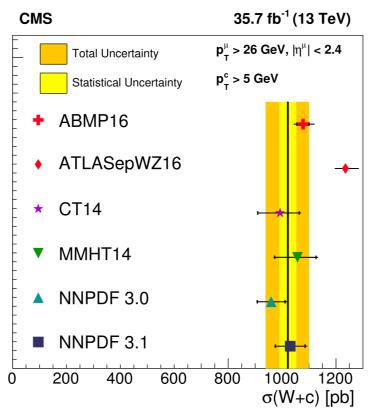
W+CHARM

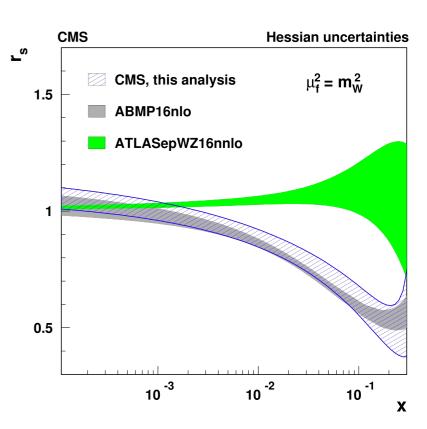
- W+charm quark events mostly produced by gs->W+c
- Direct sensitivity to the strange PDF
- * Can exploit charge correlations to separate W+c from W+g(->ccbar)
- Recent CMS 13 TeV measurement, when interpreted in a PDF analysis prefers a lower strangeness than ATLAS W,Z data
 - So far predictions exists only at NLO, would be important to have NNLO





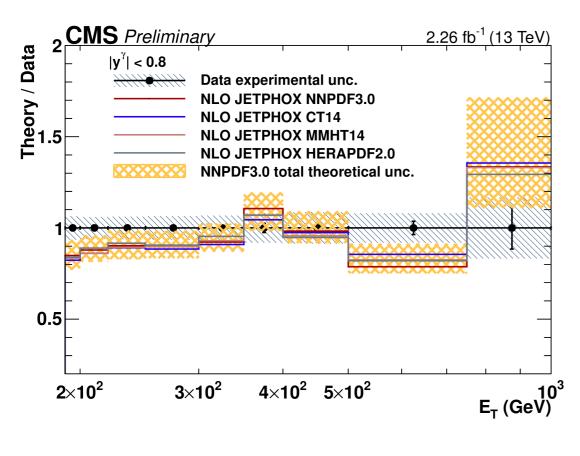


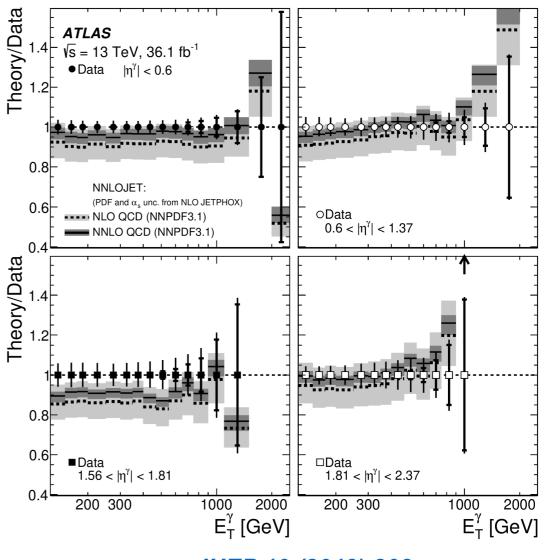




PROMPT-PHOTON PRODUCTION

- Prompt-photon production sensitive to the gluon PDF at medium-x
 - Relevant to constrain uncertainties for ggH production
- * Large reduction in MHOU when going to NNLO theory
- * But uncertainties from fragmentation component at low-/medium-ET



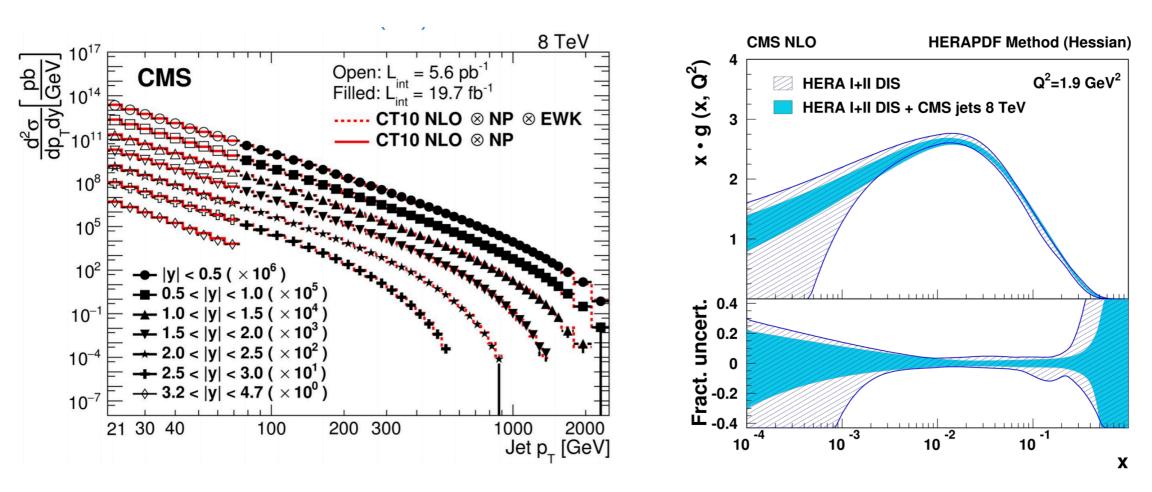


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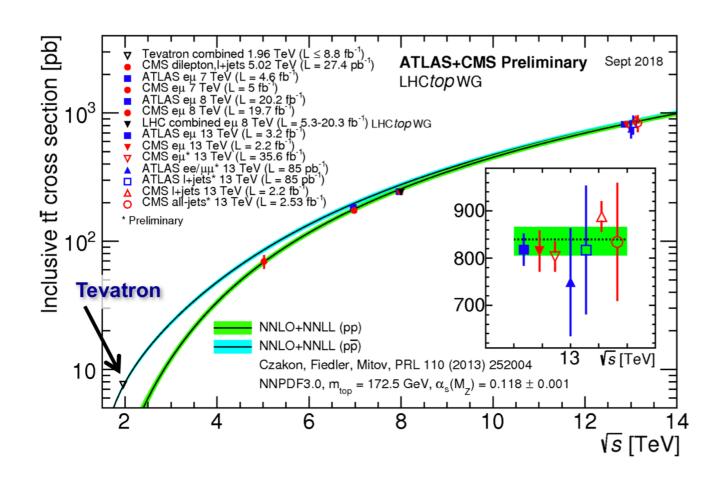
INCLUSIVE JETS

- Jets and dijets data very sensitive to the gluon PDF at large-x
 - Simultaneous sensitivity to the strong coupling
 - Theory now available to NNLO QCD, yet still important differences from choice of nominal scale
 - And some issues in obtaining a good fit of the ATLAS jet data (unclear if an experimental or theoretical issue)

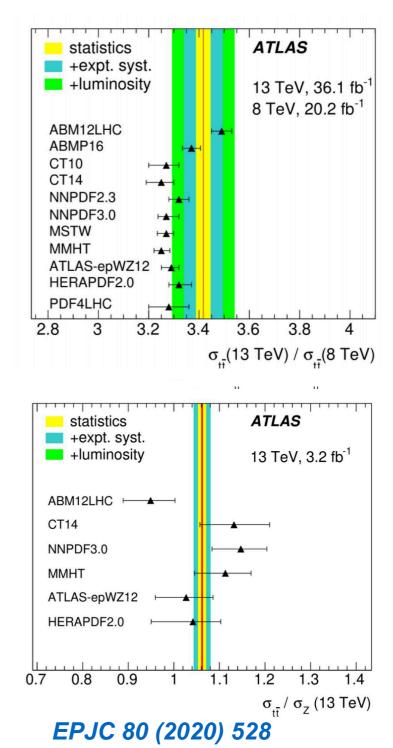


TTBAR CROSS-SECTIONS AT 13 TEV

- * Top-pair production cross-section now measured to ~2%
- Sensitive to the gluon PDF (and the strong coupling)

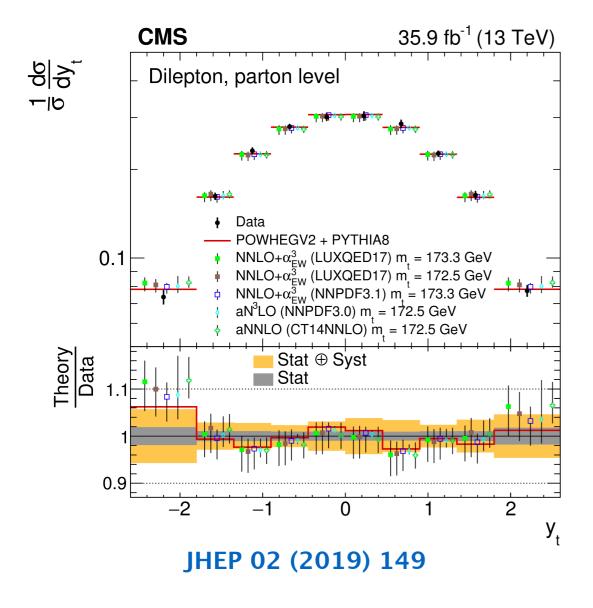


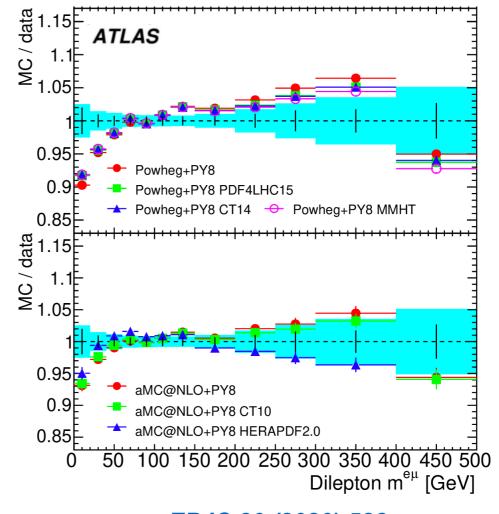
- * Cross section ratios at different energies, and ttbar/Z ratios can further enhance PDFconstraints
- * Determined to better than 4% precision



DIFFERENTIAL TTBAR CROSS-SECTIONS

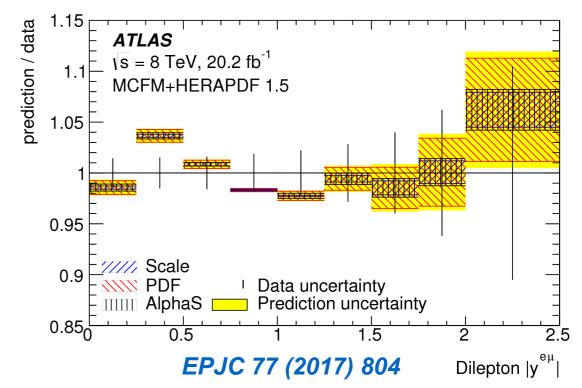
- Differential cross-section measurements enhance the PDF sensitivity and extend it to even higher x
 - NNLO QCD differential predictions now available allowing for a consistent inclusion in NNLO PDF fits
 - But beware of uncertainties from particle-parton level

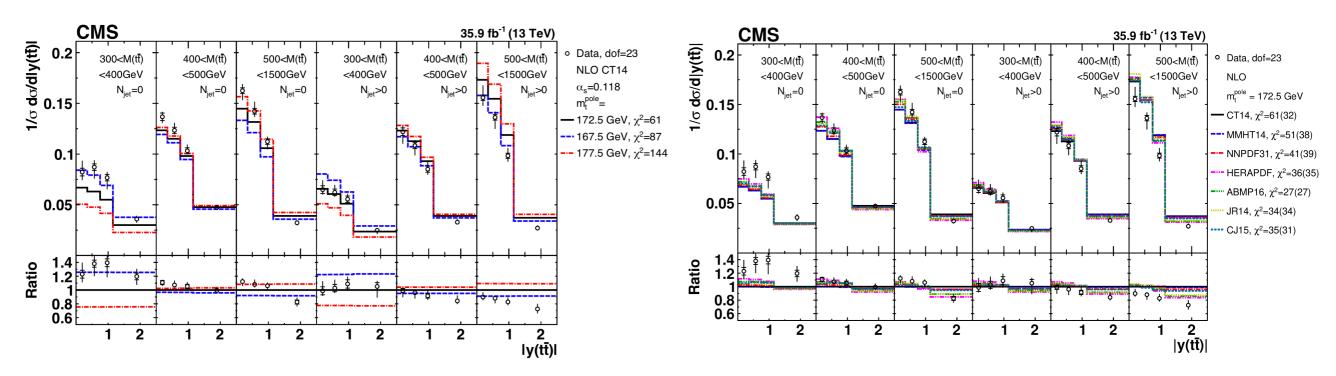




DIFFERENTIAL TTBAR CROSS-SECTIONS

- Two measurements have been used by LHC Collaborations in simultaneous fits of the PDFs and m_t
 - 8 TeV ATLAS measurement of differential cross-sections in dileptonic events
 - ▶ 13 TeV CMS measurement of triple-differential ttbar cross-sections in the dilepton channel as a function of (m_{tt},y_{tt},nj_{ets})





DIFFERENTIAL TTBAR CROSS-SECTIONS

- \star CMS data used in a simultaneous extraction of m_t , α_S and PDFs at NLO
 - Top data helps reducing correlations between the three quantities
 - Large impact on the gluon and strange PDFs

$$\alpha_{\rm S}(m_{\rm Z}) = 0.1135^{+0.0021}_{-0.0017} \qquad m_{\rm t}^{\rm pole} = 170.5 \pm 0.8 \, {\rm GeV}$$

$$\frac{\rm CMS}{\rm cm}$$

$$\frac{\rm CMS}{\rm cm}$$

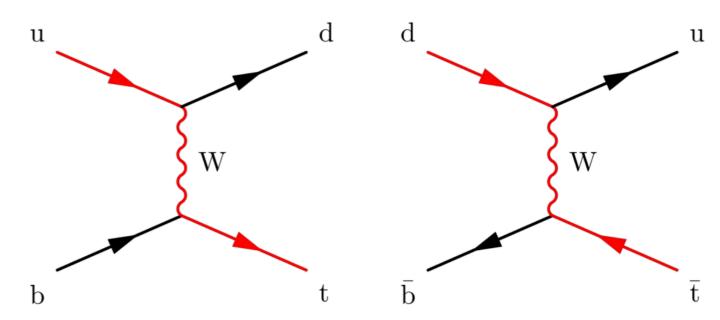
$$\frac{\rm CMS}{\rm cm}$$

$$\frac{\rm CMS}{\rm cm}$$

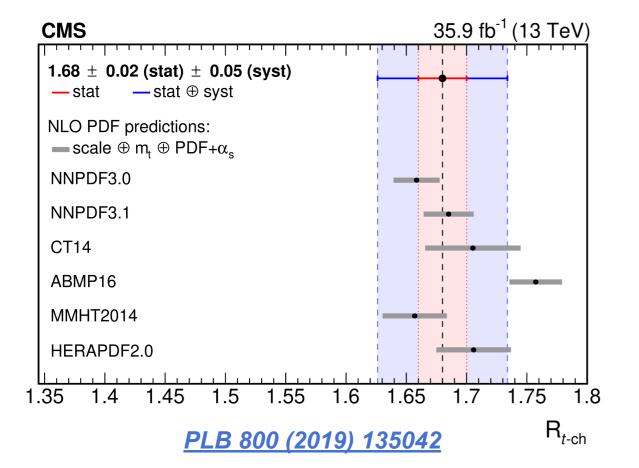
$$\frac{\rm cm}{\rm cm}$$

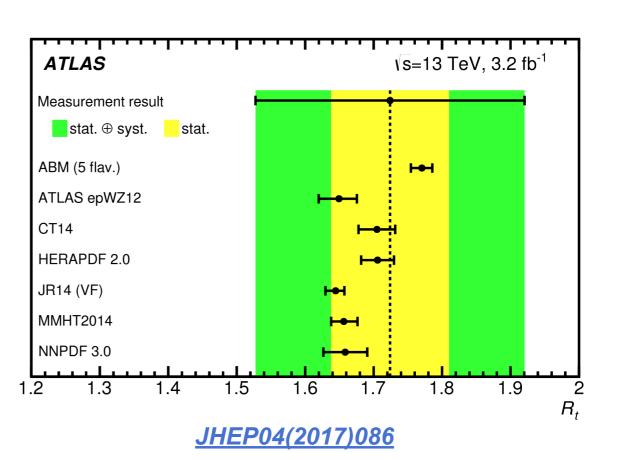
T-CHANNEL SINGLE-TOP

- t-channel single-top sensitive to the u/d ratio at high-x
- * The cross-section ratio $R_t = \sigma(tq)/\sigma(\bar{t}q)$ cancels out common systematic uncertainties



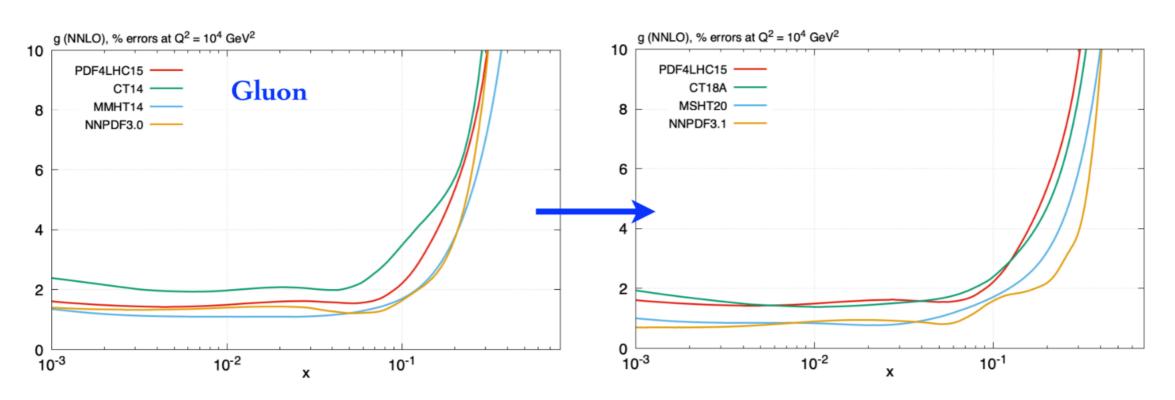
Good description by modern PDF fits (but for ABMP16)



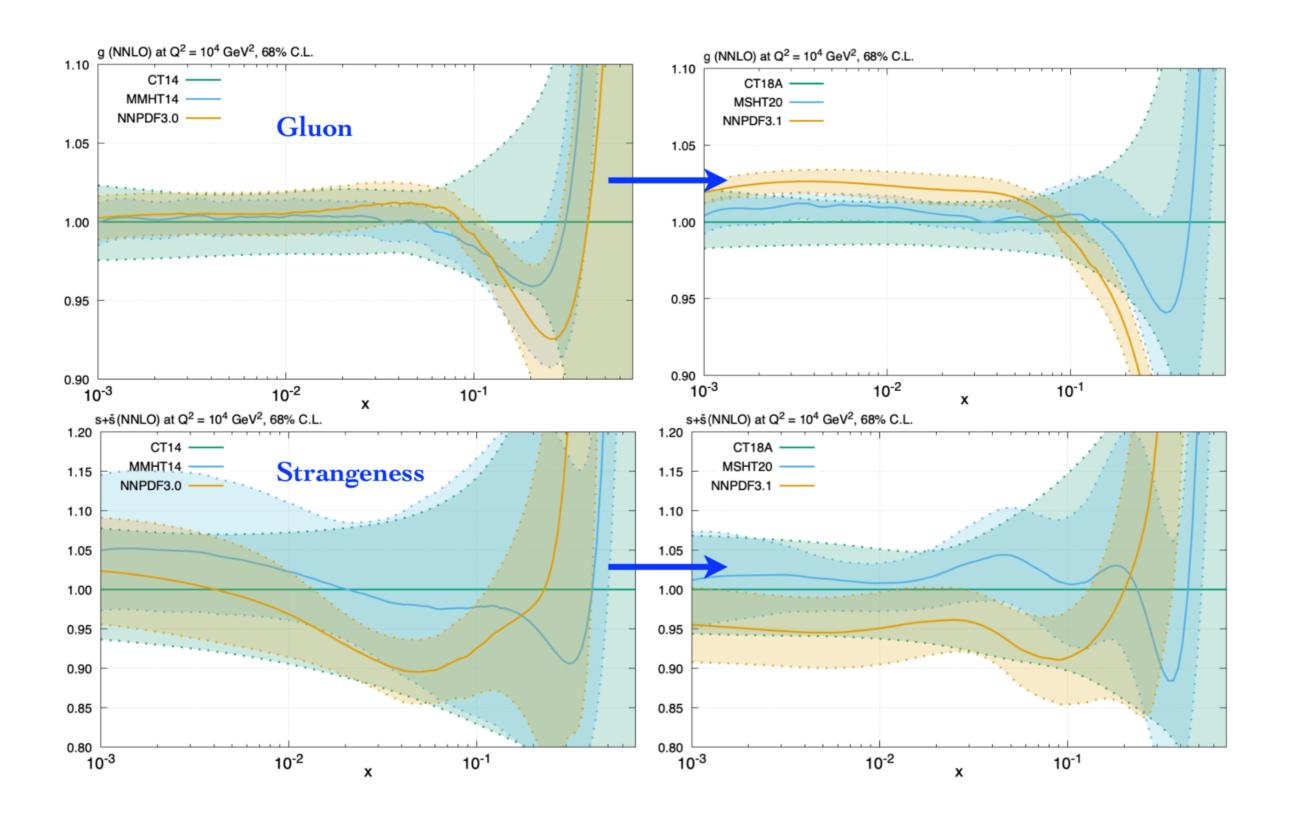


STATUS OF GLOBAL FITS

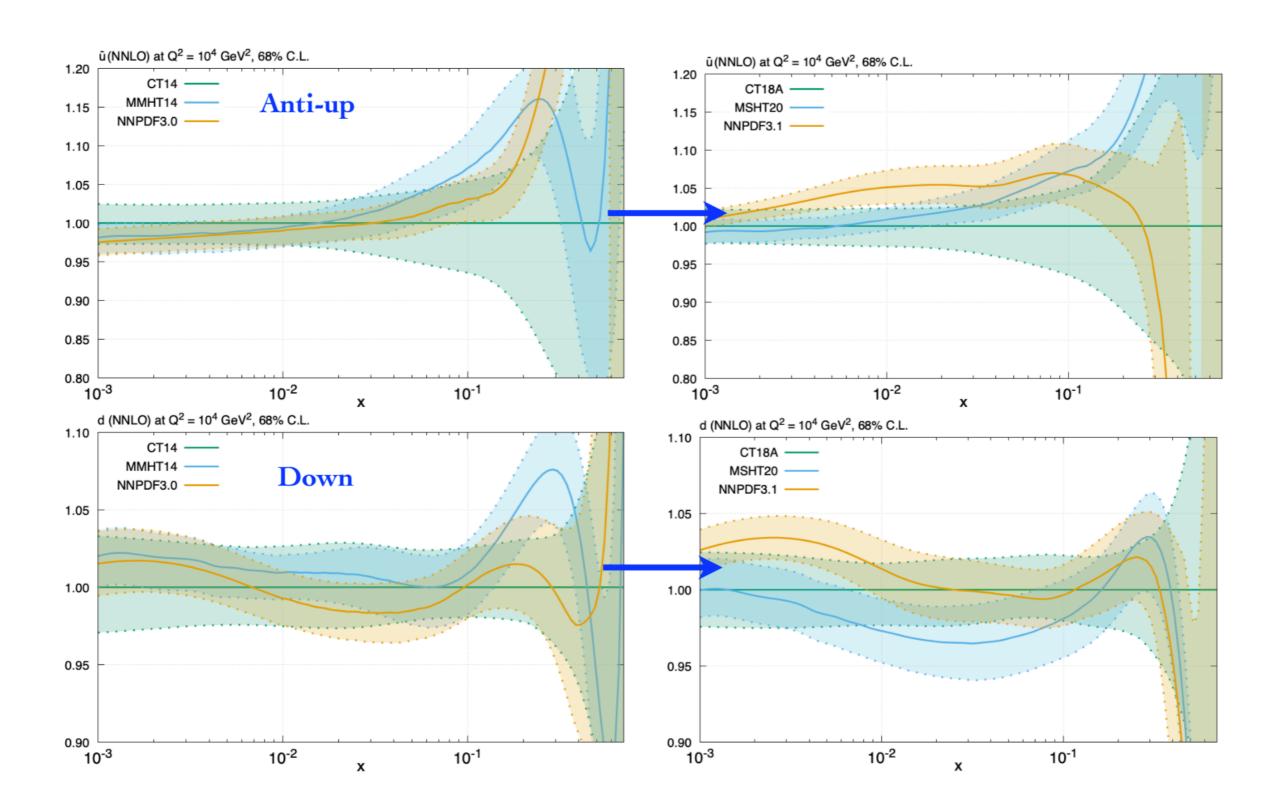
- Post Run-1 fits (almost) available from the three major groups: CT18, MSHT20, NNPDF3.1
 - Increase relevance of LHC data (and more processes included)
 - ▶ Theory predictions at higher accuracy (NNLO QCD+NLO EW)
 - Improvements in fit methodology and uncertainties
- Visible reduction in uncertainties as more data is added
- ♣ Does not always goes together with increase consistency among fit



STATUS OF GLOBAL FITS

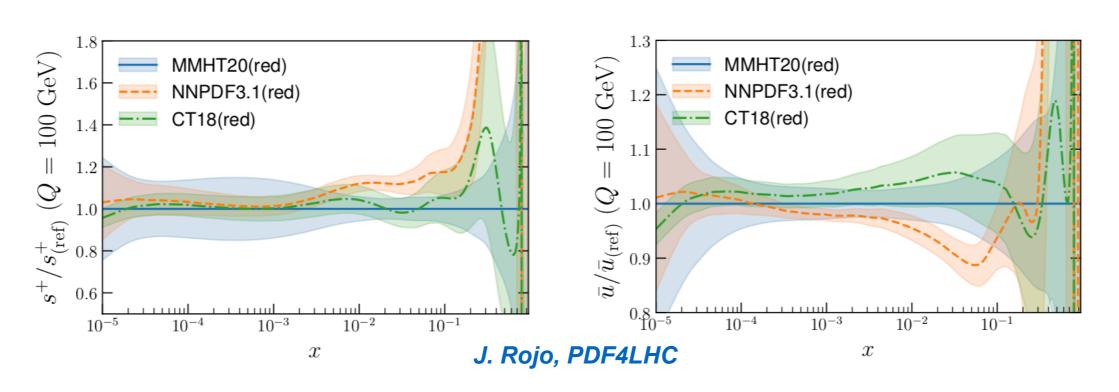


STATUS OF GLOBAL FITS



BENCHMARKING AND CORRELATIONS

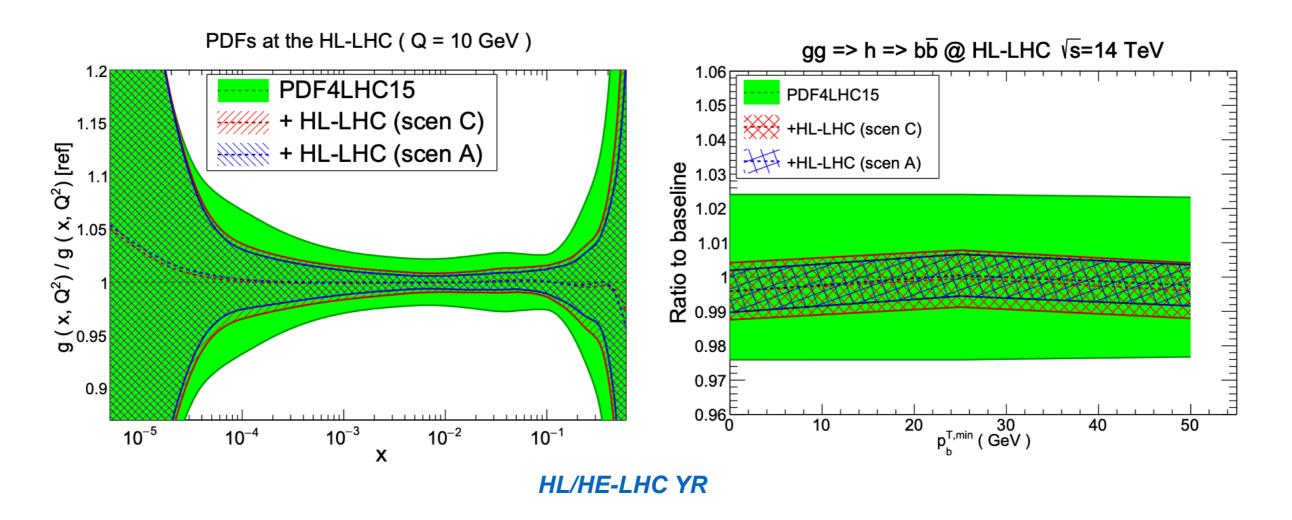
- Crucial to understand how significant are differences between different PDF sets and predictions which use them
- New PDF4LHC benchmarking exercise started
 - Evaluate consistency of PDF group on a common subset of data
 - Using same theory predictions and systematics treatment
 - Differences found for strange and quark flavour separation



* Also LHCEWWG effort to evaluate correlations between different PDFs through fits to pseudo-data

HL-LHC PROSPECTS

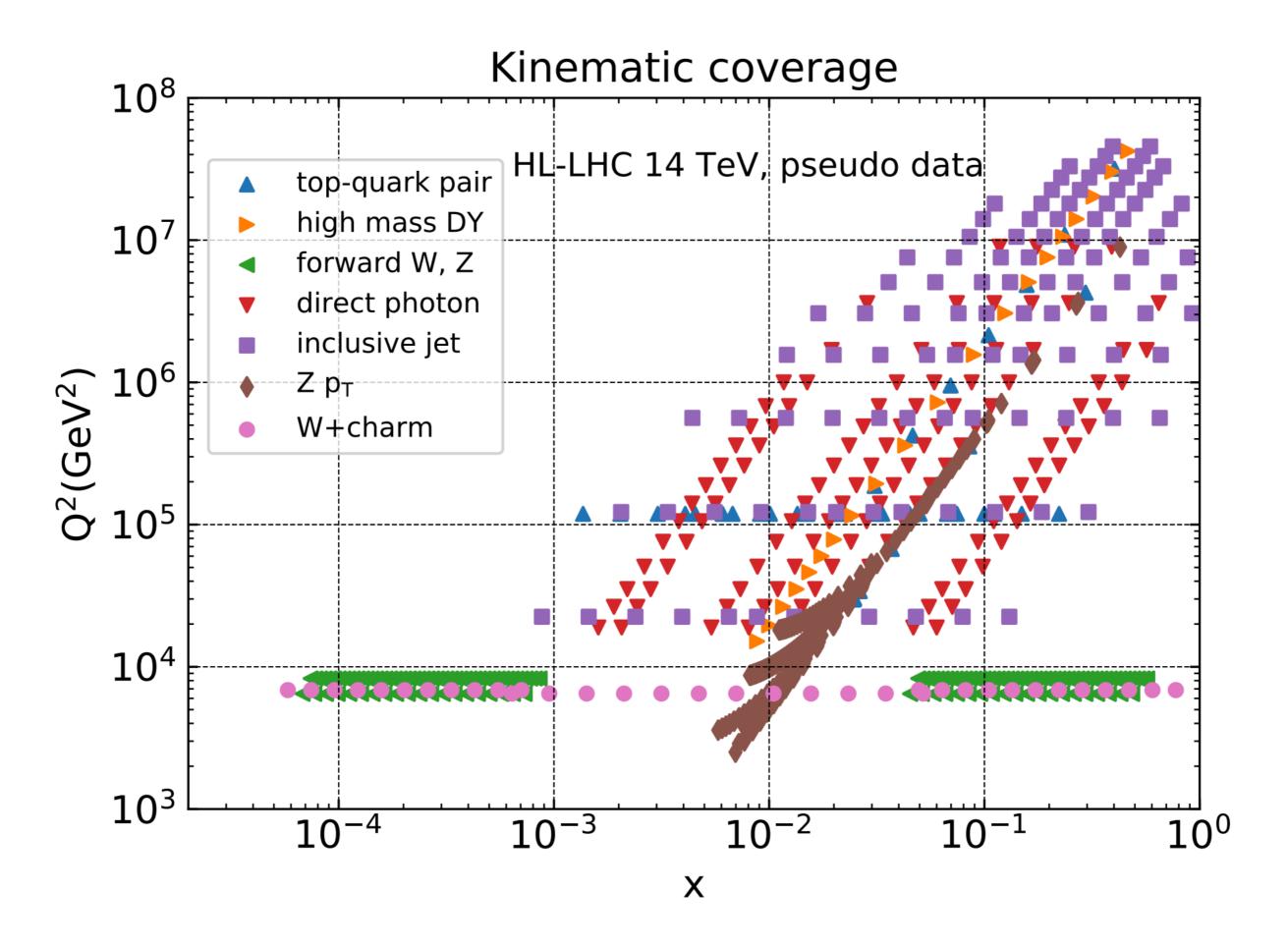
- Thanks to upcoming higher precision measurements expect reduction in PDF uncertainties by factors 2-4 at HL-LHC
- * Significant improvements in the uncertainties for mediumand high-x gluons and for the strange PDF
- Uncertainties on ggH production below the percent level



SUMMARY

- Inclusion of LHC measurements crucial for the progress in the PDFs understanding of the last few years
 - Complementary to DIS data, precise enough to constrain the valence, strange and gluon PDFs
- As measurement became more precise they start challenging the accuracy of our theory predictions
 - NNLO QCD not always enough: N³LO QCD, NLO EW, soft-gluon resummation effects can be important
- Bright prospects for further reduction of uncertainties by including even more precise Run2 measurements
 - Ensuring this will go together with a reduction in the spread between different fits is essential to reduce theory systematics for the HL-LHC physics program

BACKUP



PDFs WITH MHOU

Construct a theory covariance matrix from scale variations

Scales assumed correlated across all phase-space, renormalisation scale

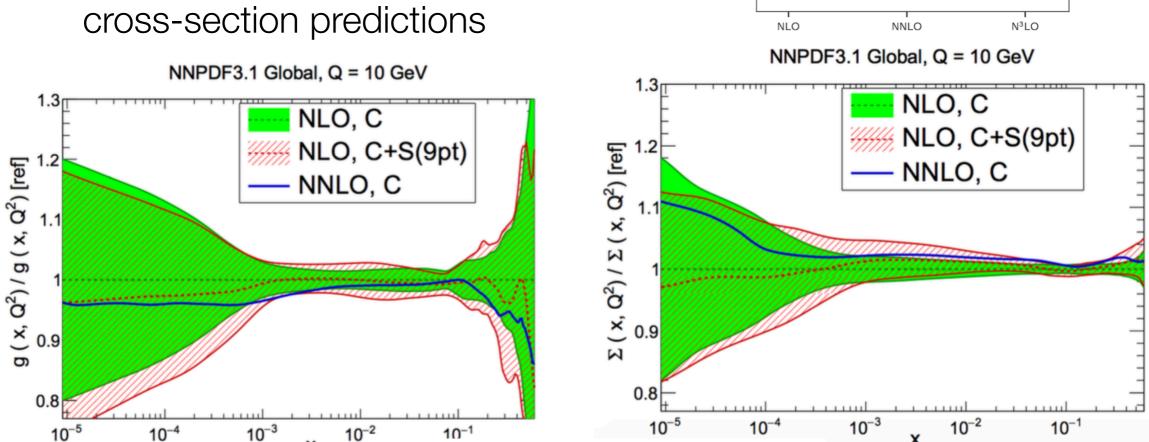
NNLO PDFs

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uncorrelated process by process

Including MHOUs in the fit improves the fit quality for several datasets, relaxes tensions among them

Are needed not to double count MHOU in the PDFs and in the



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FIT TO V+JETS DATA

