



Searches for New Resonances Decaying to Di-Higgs at ATLAS

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On behalf of the ATLAS collaboration
Higgs 2020 Conference

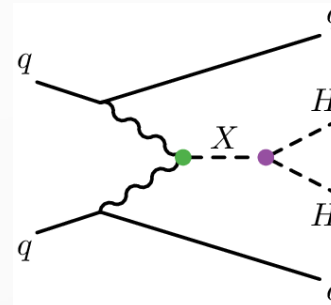
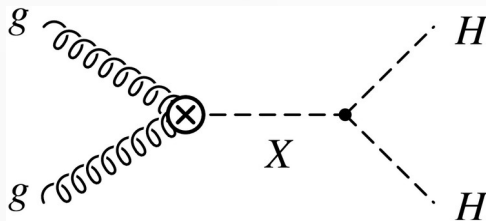
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BSM Di-Higgs Production at LHC

- In the Standard Model (SM), the di-Higgs production cross section is very small.
 - ggF: 31fb, VBF: 1.7fb @ 13 TeV.
- Physics beyond the Standard Model (BSM) can enhance the production rate.
 - Modified couplings – ggF: $\kappa_\lambda \kappa_t$; VBF: $\kappa_\lambda \kappa_V \kappa_{2V}$
 - New resonance that decays to di-Higgs.
- For resonance, we are searching for:
 - Spin-0 particles: predicted by Two-Higgs-Doublet-Models (2HDM) and Electroweak Singlet (EWK-singlet) Models.
 - Spin-2 particles: predicted by Randall-Sundrum (RS) model of wrapped extra dimension.

Topic of this talk



Di-Higgs Decay Channels

- Focus on resonance di-Higgs production searches:
- Publications using ATLAS 2015~2016 dataset (36.1fb^{-1}) covers:
 - $bbbb$, $bbWW$, $bb\tau\tau$, $bb\gamma\gamma$
 - $WWWW$, $WW\gamma\gamma$
 - Data 15~16 combination result:
[Phys. Lett. B 800 \(2020\) 135103](#)
- New publications using ATLAS Full Run2 (2015~2018, 139fb^{-1}) dataset:
 - $bbbb$ (VBF): [JHEP 07 \(2020\) 108](#)
 - $bb\tau\tau$ (boosted topology): [arXiv: 2007.14811](#)

Higgs Decay	bb	WW	$\tau\tau$	ZZ	$\gamma\gamma$
bb	34%				
WW	25%	4.6%			
$\tau\tau$	7.3%	2.7%	0.39%		
ZZ	3.1%	1.1%	0.33%	0.07%	
$\gamma\gamma$	0.26%	0.10%	0.03%	0.01%	<0.001%

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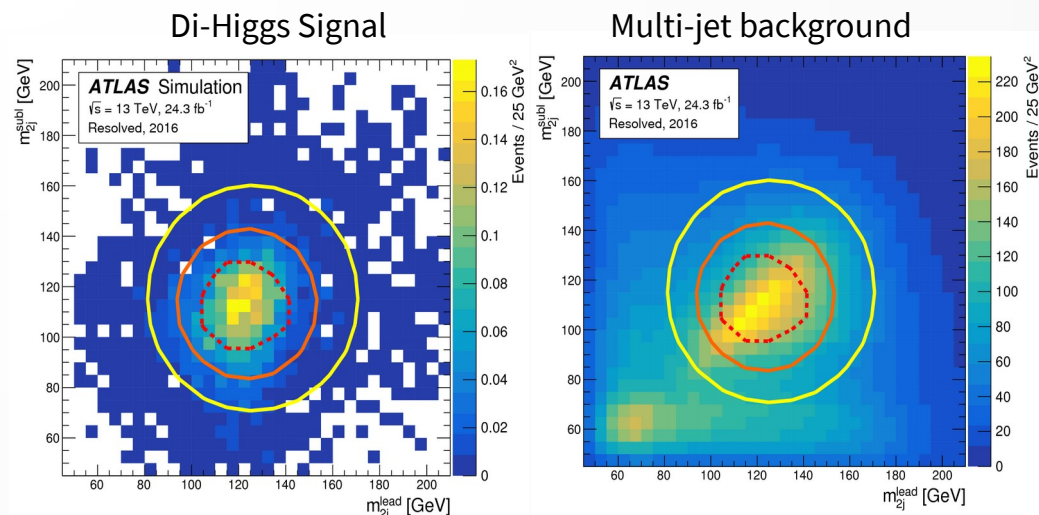
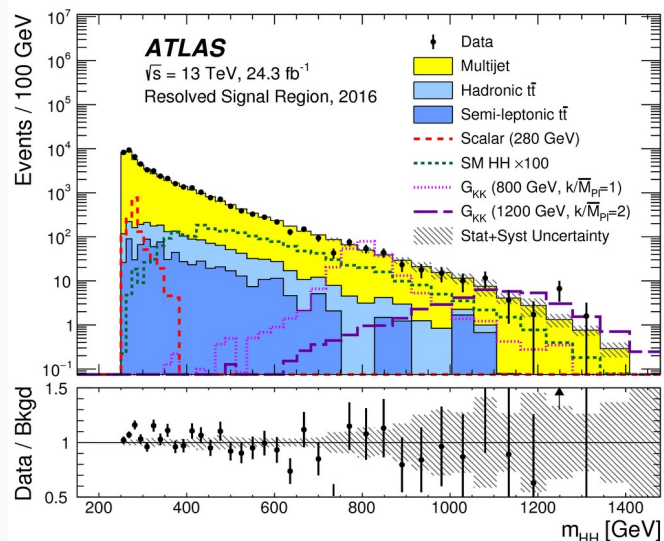
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Results from 2015~2016 Dataset

- Overview of individual channels
- Statistical combination results

HH → bbbb

- **HH → bbbb**: high BR, low S/B
 - Resolved analysis: Four small-R jets, both b-tagged.
 - Boosted analysis: Two large-R jets, both have 1/2 associated b-tagged track jets.
- Backgrounds: multi-jet (data-driven) and top-quark pair.



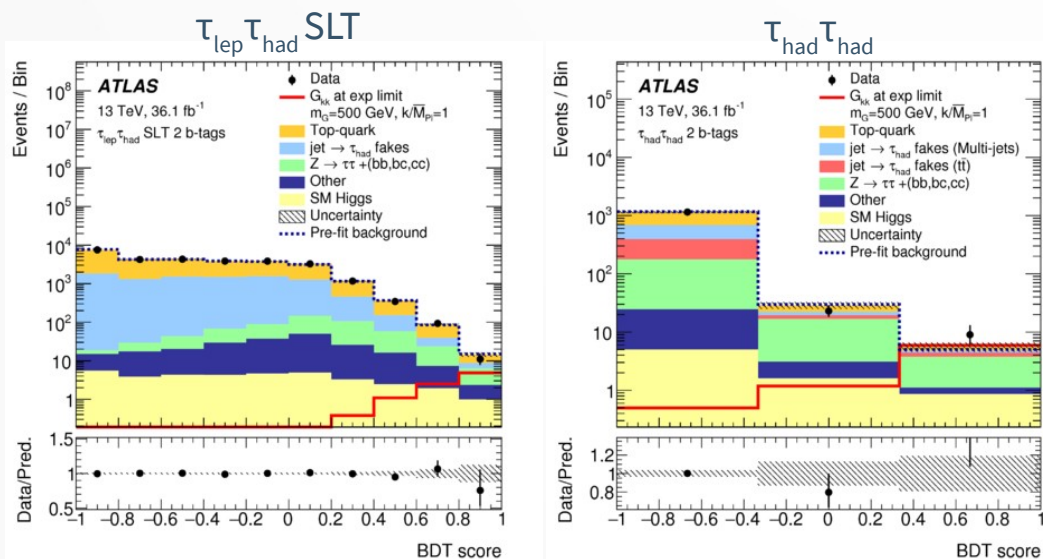
- Signal Region: selected by 2D Higgs mass window.
- Resonance search range: 260~1400 GeV (resolved), 800~3000 GeV (boosted)[*].
- **Dominates the sensitivity at high mass region.**

[*] Statistical combination is performed in the overlapping range.

HH \rightarrow bb $\tau\tau$

- **HH \rightarrow bb $\tau\tau$** : medium BR, medium S/B
- 2 b-tagged jets and 2 τ -lepton.
 - $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$: 2 hadronic decay τ .
 - $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$: 1 leptonic + 1 hadronic decay τ .

Event Categories		
$\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$		$\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$
Single-lepton trigger (SLT)	Lepton + τ_{had} trigger (LTT)	Single- τ_{had} trigger or Di- τ_{had} trigger



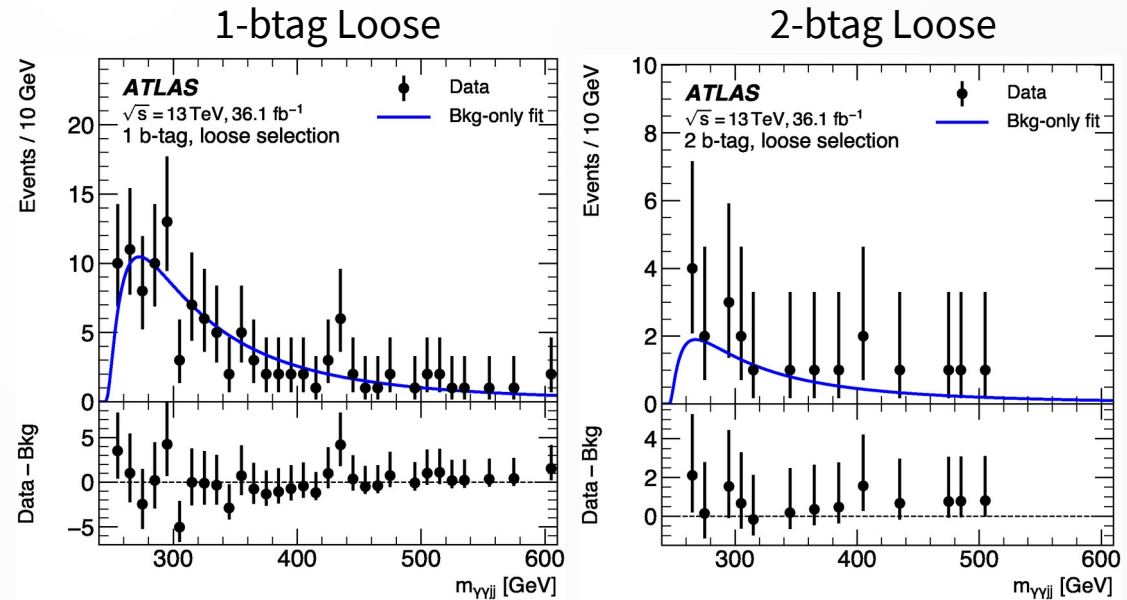
Discriminate variable: Output of Boosted Decision Tree (BDT)

- Multi-variable analysis strategy.
- Backgrounds: top-quark pair, jet \rightarrow τ_{had} fake (data-driven) and $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ + heavy flavour jets.
- Resonance search range: 260~1000 GeV.
- **Best sensitivity in the medium mass region.**

$HH \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma$

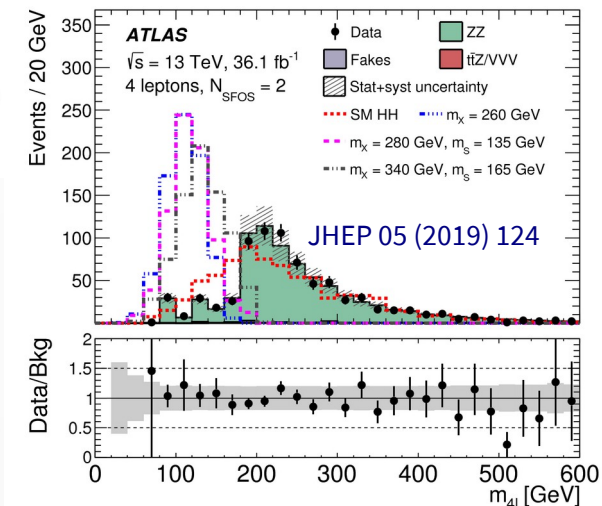
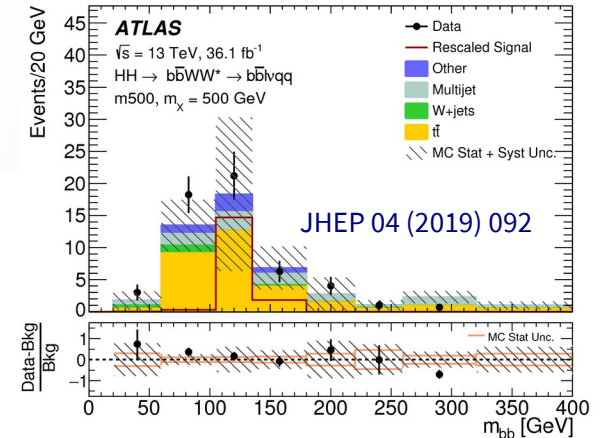
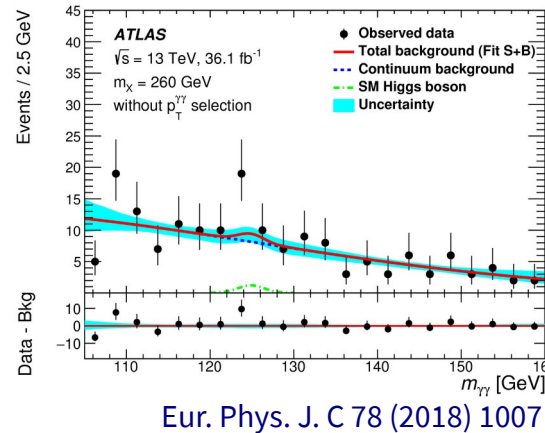
- **$HH \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma$** : low BR, high S/B
- 2 jets and 2 high- p_T photons.
 - Require 2 b-tagged jets or 1 b-tagged jets + another jet chosen by a BDT.
- Categorisation based on number of b-tagged jets and kinematics of jets.
 - “Tight” for $M > 500$ GeV.
 - “Loose” for $M < 500$ GeV.
- Backgrounds: $\gamma\gamma$ +jets, single Higgs

- Signal region is selected by requirements on di-photon and di-jet invariant mass.
- Resonance search range: 260~1000GeV.
- **Dominate the sensitivity in low mass region.**



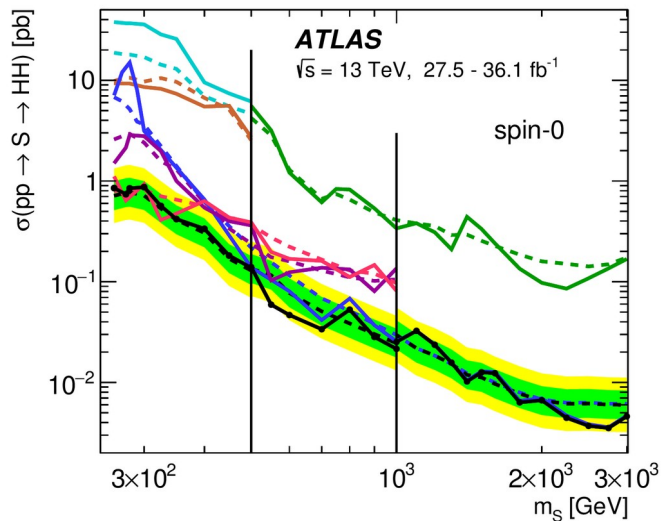
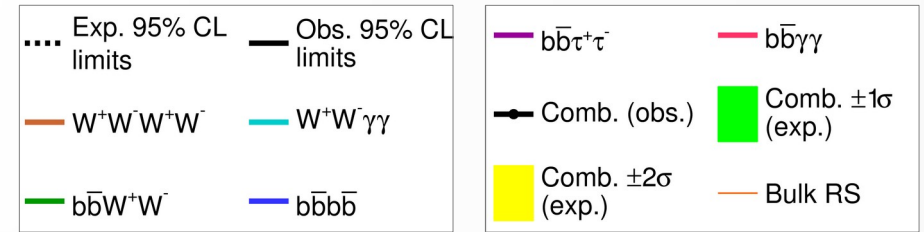
Additional Channels

- Leptonic final states \rightarrow Low background.
- Less sensitive due to neutrino in $H \rightarrow WW$.
- **$HH \rightarrow bbWW$**
 - $WW \rightarrow lvqq$, resolved + boosted analysis
 - Resonance search range: 500~3000 GeV
- **$HH \rightarrow WW\gamma\gamma$**
 - $WW \rightarrow lvqq$. Final Discriminant: $m_{\gamma\gamma}$
 - Resonance search range: mass < 500 GeV.
- **$HH \rightarrow WWWW$**
 - Including 2/3/4-lepton channels, categorised by lepton flavours.
 - Resonance search range: mass < 500 GeV. Also search for $X \rightarrow SS$ (heavy scalar S)

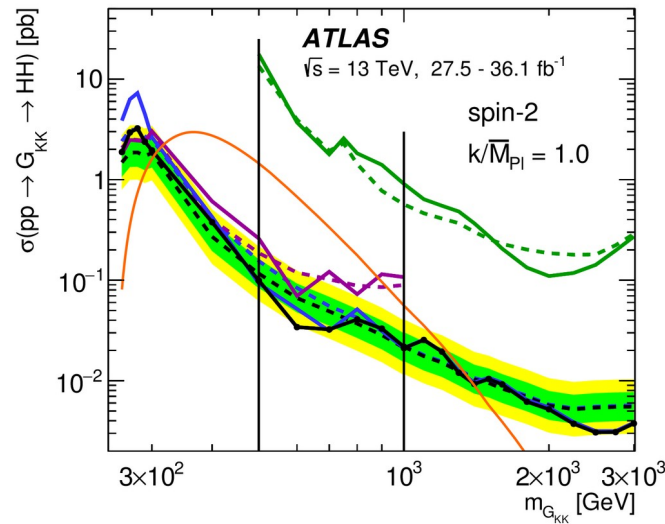


HH combination

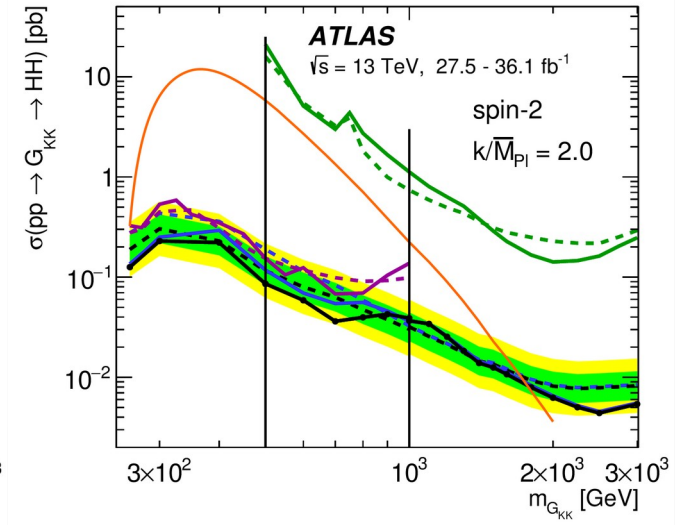
- Limits on the production of:
 - narrow width scalar particle in 2HDM model.
 - spin-2 Kaluza-Klein (KK) gravitons in RS model.



Observed upper limits on cross section:
 0.8 pb @ 260 GeV ~ 0.005 pb @ 3TeV

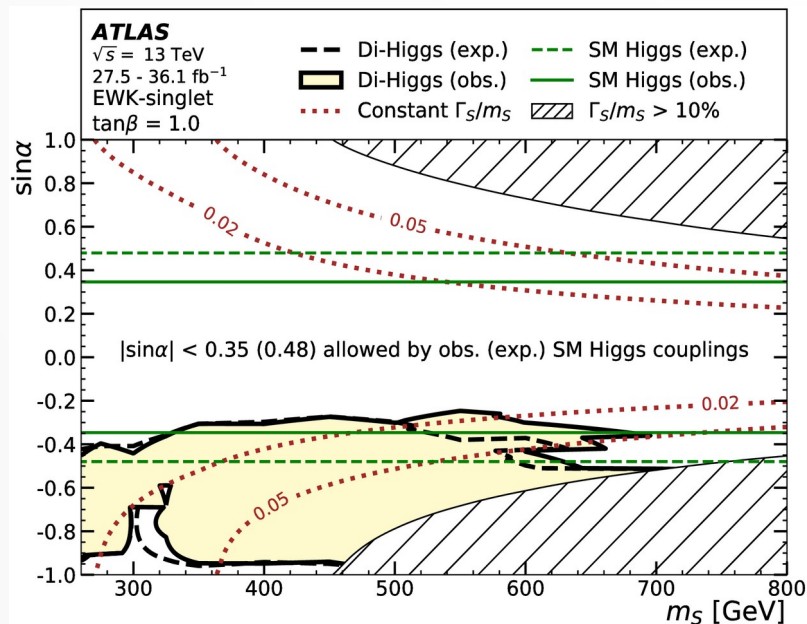


In the case $k/\bar{M}_{\text{pl}}=1.0$ (2.0), the RS model is excluded at 95% CL in the graviton mass from 310 (260) GeV to 1380 (1760) GeV.

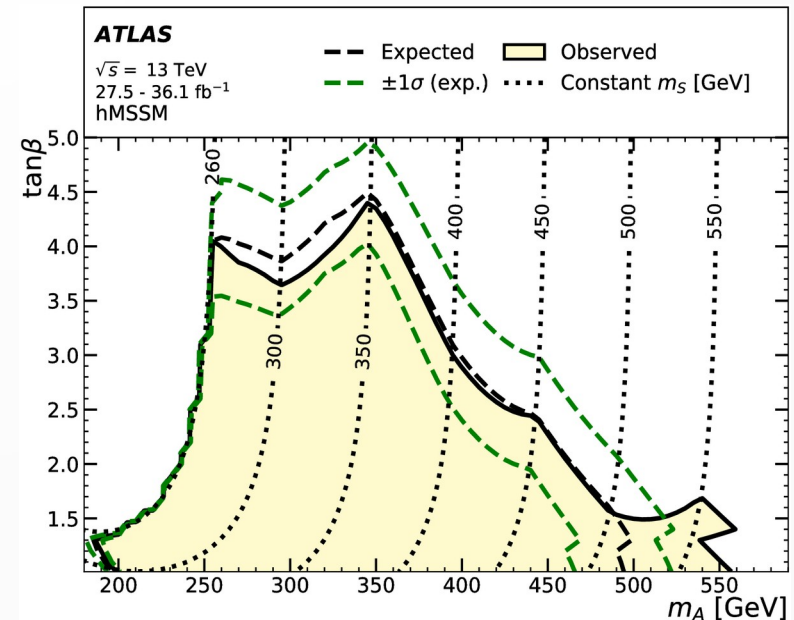


HH combination

- Interpreted into Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model (hMSSM scenario) and EW-singlet model. Several parameter spaces are excluded.



For EWK-singlet model at $\tan\beta = 1.0$, exclude the heavy scalar particle mass from 260 GeV to 700 GeV, depending on $\sin\alpha$



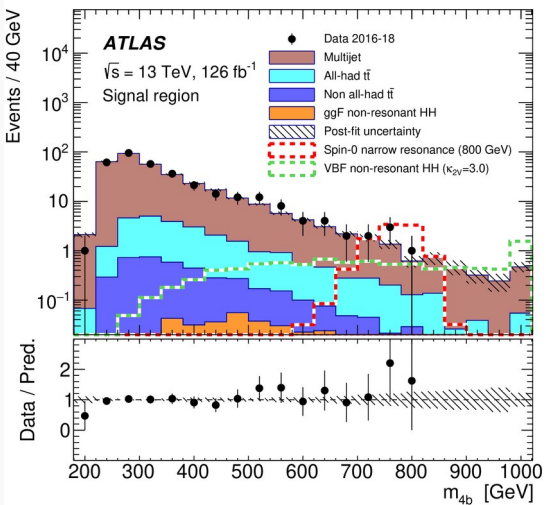
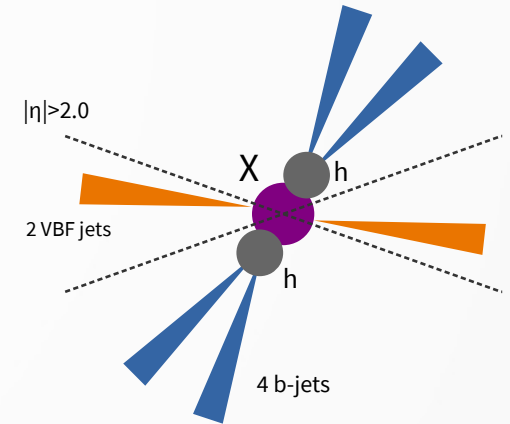
For hMSSM, exclude the heavy pseudoscalar particle mass from 190 GeV to 560 GeV, depending on $\tan\beta$

Results from Full Run2 Dataset

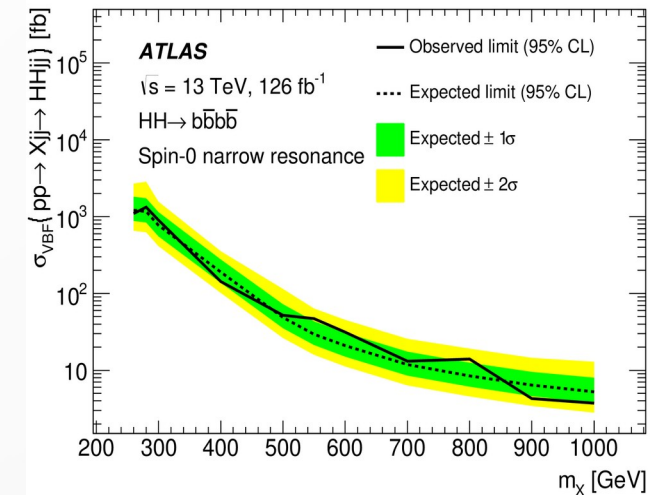
- VBF $HH \rightarrow bbbb$
- $HH \rightarrow bb\tau\tau$ Boosted Analysis

VBF $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$

- First **VBF** HH production result at ATLAS
- Most sensitive to κ_{2V} in non-resonant production, also has access to resonant production.
- VBF selection: two high p_T jets that have large rapidity gap and large invariant mass.
- General strategy is similar as ggF analysis.

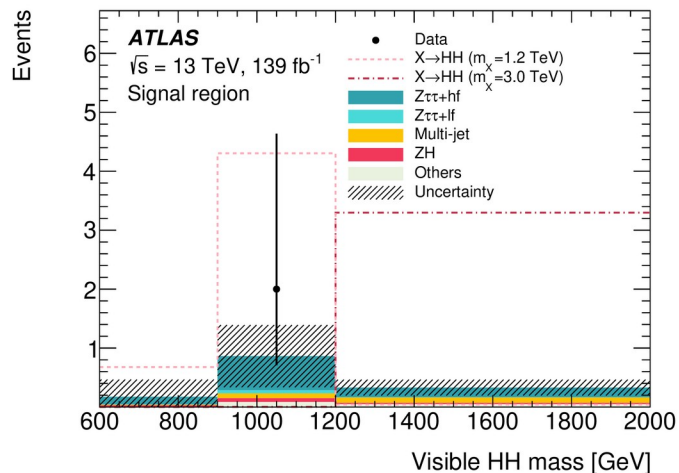
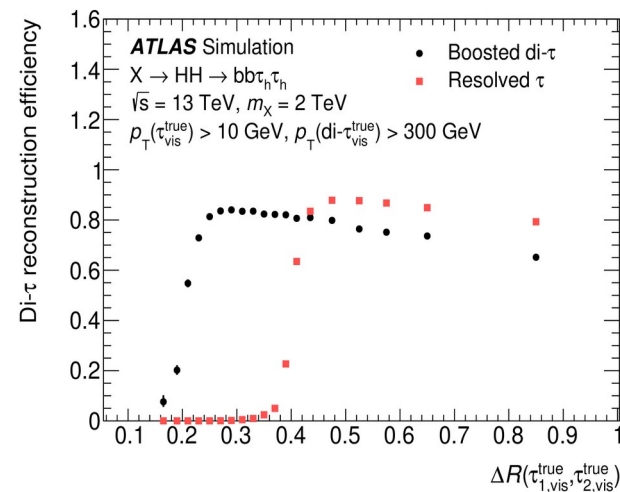
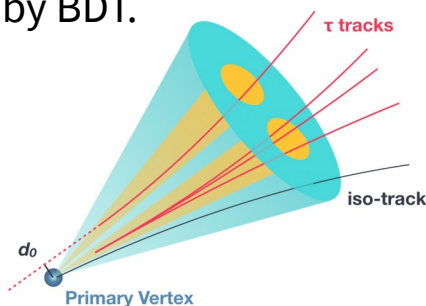


- Search range: 260 ~ 1000 GeV
- Limits are set on the resonant production cross section via VBF
 - 1pb @ 260 GeV, 4fb @ 1TeV
- Both narrow and broad width hypotheses are considered for the resonance.

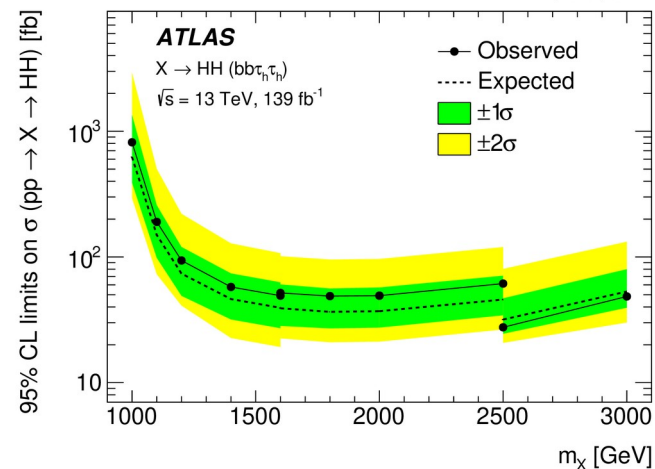


HH \rightarrow bb $\tau\tau$ Boosted Analysis

- Novel technique first time used in ATLAS to reconstructed **boosted τ -pairs**
- Decay of τ -pair (fully hadronic):
 - Reconstructed as a large-R jet with R=0.2 sub-jets.
 - Identified against quark/gluon initiated jets by BDT.
- H \rightarrow bb decay: large-R jet, require 2 b-tagged.
- Main backgrounds
 - Z $\tau\tau$ + heavy flavour jets, multi-jet.



- Search range: 1000 ~ 3000 GeV. Extend the sensitive region of bb $\tau\tau$ channel.
- Limits are set on Di-Higgs production cross section via narrow width scalar resonance particle.
- 90~30fb @ 1.2~3.0TeV



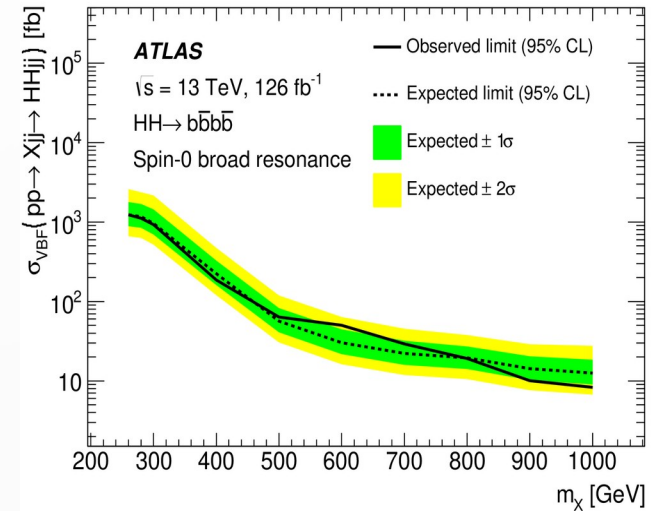
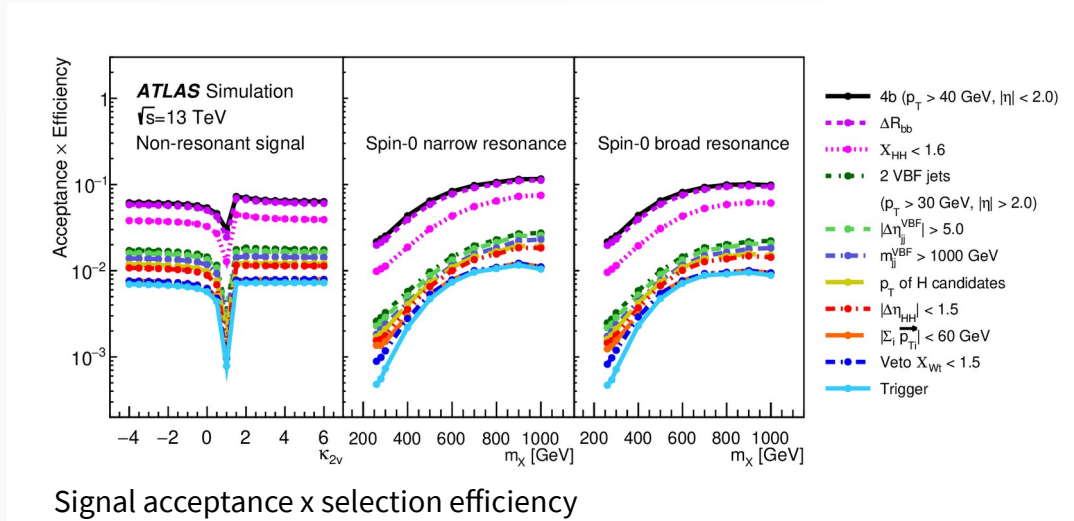
Summary

- Searches for new resonance decaying to di-Higgs have been performed in various final states.
 - Several BSM models: 2HDM, EW-singlet, RS model.
 - Search range: 260 to 3000 GeV.
- No sign of excess from Standard Model is observed so far. Upper limits on the cross section and exclusions on parameter space are reported.
- Results from new production modes and final states are presented.
- **More results from full Run2 datasets will come soon!**

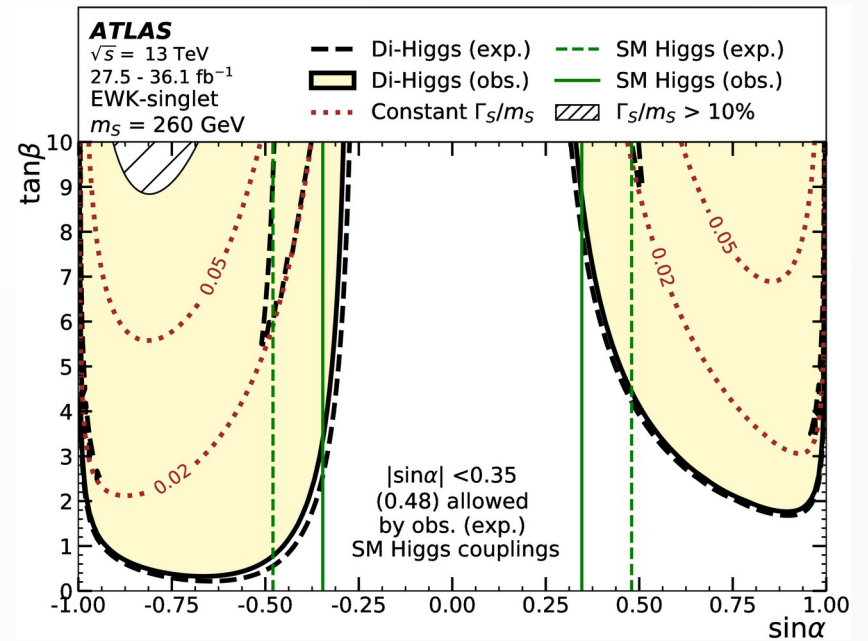
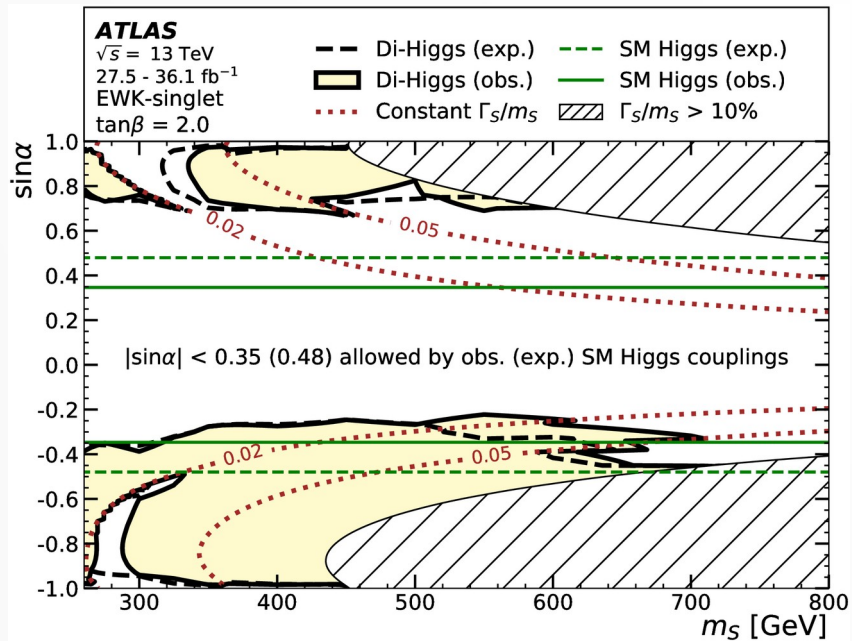
Thanks for listening!

Extra Materials

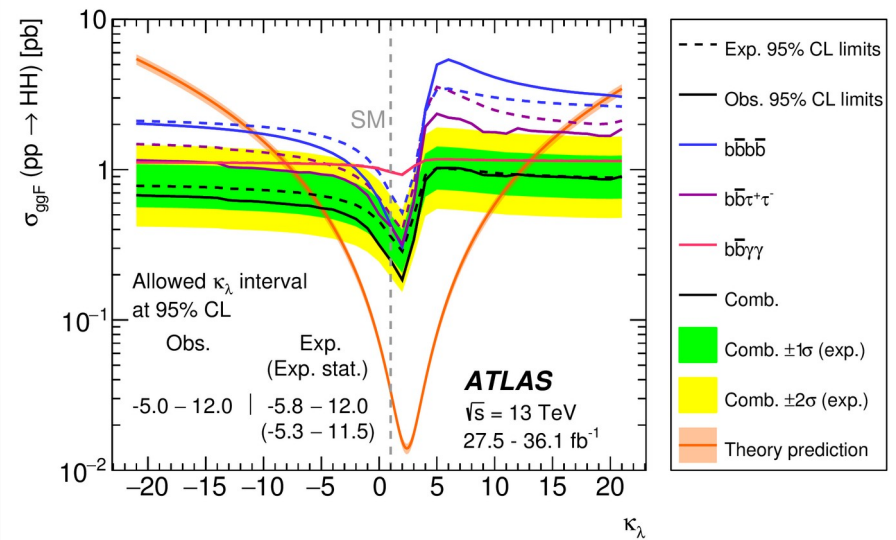
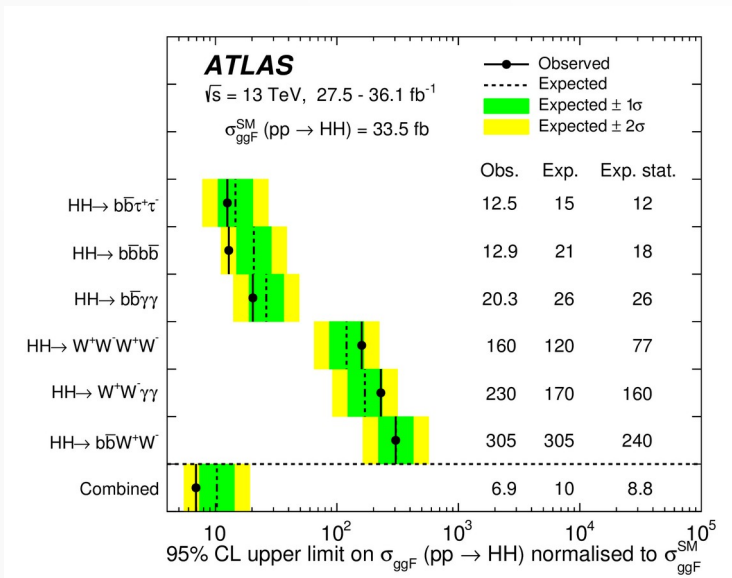
VBF $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$



HH Combination Results

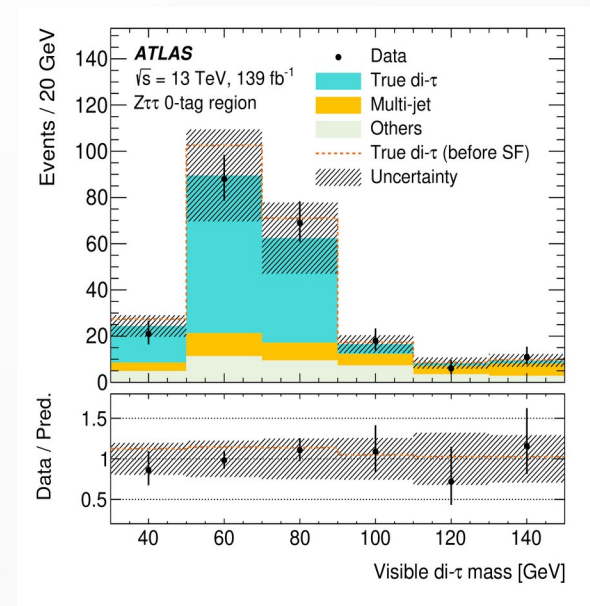
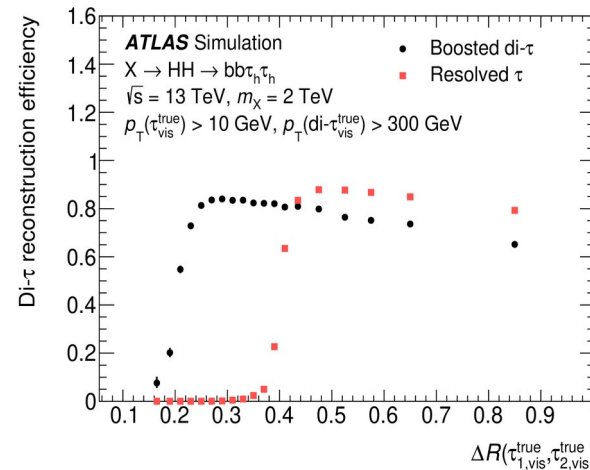
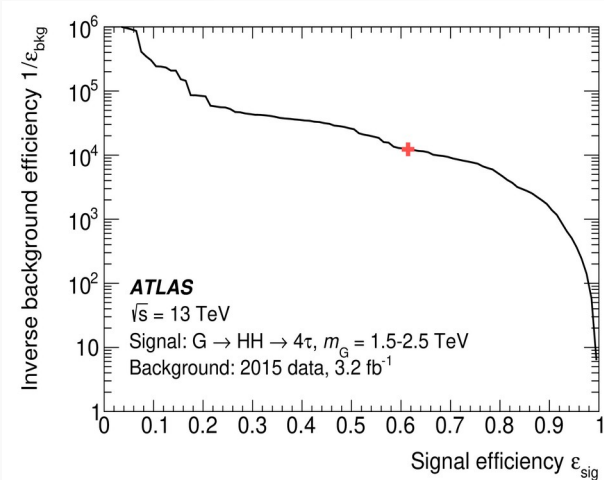


Non-resonant production combination results



Di- τ tagging

- Decay of τ -pair (fully hadronic):
 - Reconstructed as an anti-kt R=1.0 jet with R=0.2 sub-jets.
 - Identified against quark/gluon initiated jets by BDT.
 - Tagging efficiency has been calibrated in dedicated analysis region.



bb $\tau\tau$ Boosted Analysis

