



A universal framework for t-channel dark matter models

Luca Mantani

In collaboration with:

C. Arina, B. Fuks

based on [arXiv:2001.05024](https://arxiv.org/abs/2001.05024) [hep-ph]

Special thank to Chiara
for some of the slides



Extend the Standard model by adding a mediator particle in addition to Dark Matter.

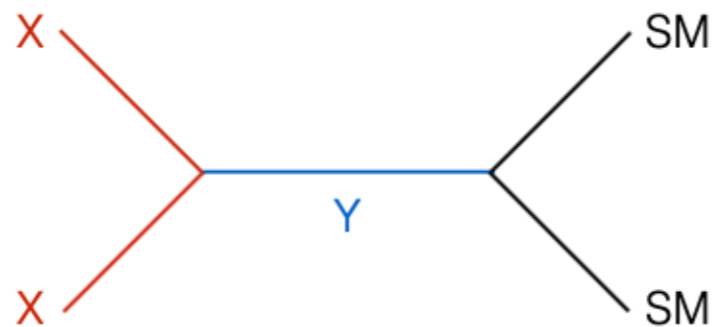
- ❖ **Dark Matter particle stable and neutral**
- ❖ **The Lagrangian has to respect gauge symmetries**



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s-channel models

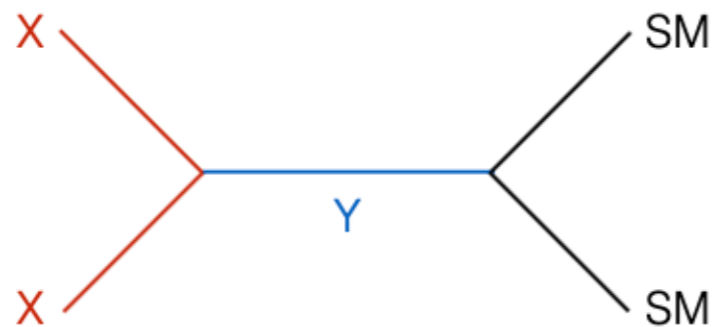


- Y is even under dark symmetries
- Y is a colour singlet and neutral
- X is a SM gauge singlet

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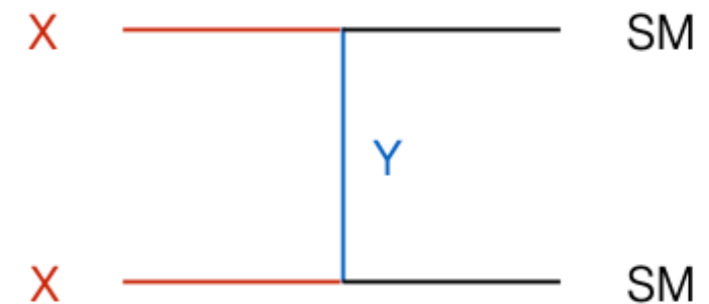
- ❖ Dark Matter particle stable and neutral
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s-channel models



- Y is even under dark symmetries
- Y is a colour singlet and neutral
- X is a SM gauge singlet

t-channel models



- Y is odd under dark symmetries
- Y is a coloured and charged
- Y is heavier than X
- X is a SM gauge singlet

DM simplified model

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \mathcal{L}_{DM}(Y, X)$$

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UFO model @ NLO

FeynRules + NLOCT

[Alloul et al. (CPC 2014); Degrande (CPC 2015);
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Dark matter observables:

- relic density
- direct detection
- indirect detection

- MadDM [Ambrogio, CA, et al. (PDU 2019)]
- MicrOmegas [Belanger et al. (CPC 2018)]

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Dark matter observables:

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- MG5_aMC
Allwall et al. (JHEP 2014)

Collider signatures:

- Decays
- Parton shower

- MadDM [Ambrogio, CA, et al. (PDU 2019)]
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$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} + \mathcal{L}_F(\chi) + \mathcal{L}_F(\tilde{\chi}) + \mathcal{L}_S(S) + \mathcal{L}_S(\tilde{S}) + \mathcal{L}_V(V) + \mathcal{L}_V(\tilde{V})$$

A very generic model with 6 dark matter candidates and 2 kind of mediators

X

Field	Spin	Repr.	Self-conj.
\tilde{S}	0	(1, 1, 0)	yes
S	0	(1, 1, 0)	no
$\tilde{\chi}$	1/2	(1, 1, 0)	yes
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\tilde{V}_μ	1	(1, 1, 0)	yes
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couplings

3x3 matrices in flavour space
real and flavour diagonal



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Model files and documentation are available here:

<http://feynrules.irmp.ucl.ac.be/wiki/DMsimpt>



The model is provided with restrictions where undesired particles and couplings are set to zero.

Name	DM	Mediators	Parameters
S3M_uni	$\tilde{\chi}$	$\varphi_{Q_f}, \varphi_{u_f}, \varphi_{d_f}$	
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S3D_3rd	χ		
S3M_uR	$\tilde{\chi}$	φ_{u_1}	
S3D_uR	χ		
F3S_uni	\tilde{S}	$\psi_{Q_f}, \psi_{u_f}, \psi_{d_f}$	
F3C_uni	S		
F3S_3rd	\tilde{S}	$\psi_{Q_3}, \psi_{u_3}, \psi_{d_3}$	$M_S, M_\psi, \hat{\lambda}_\psi$
F3C_3rd	S		
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F3V_uni	\tilde{V}_μ	$\psi_{Q_f}, \psi_{u_f}, \psi_{d_f}$	
F3W_uni	V_μ		
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F3W_3rd	V_μ		
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Each restriction has 3 free parameters.

Three broad classes:

- Fermionic DM
- Scalar DM
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coupling only to quark up-right



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→ coupling only to b and t quarks

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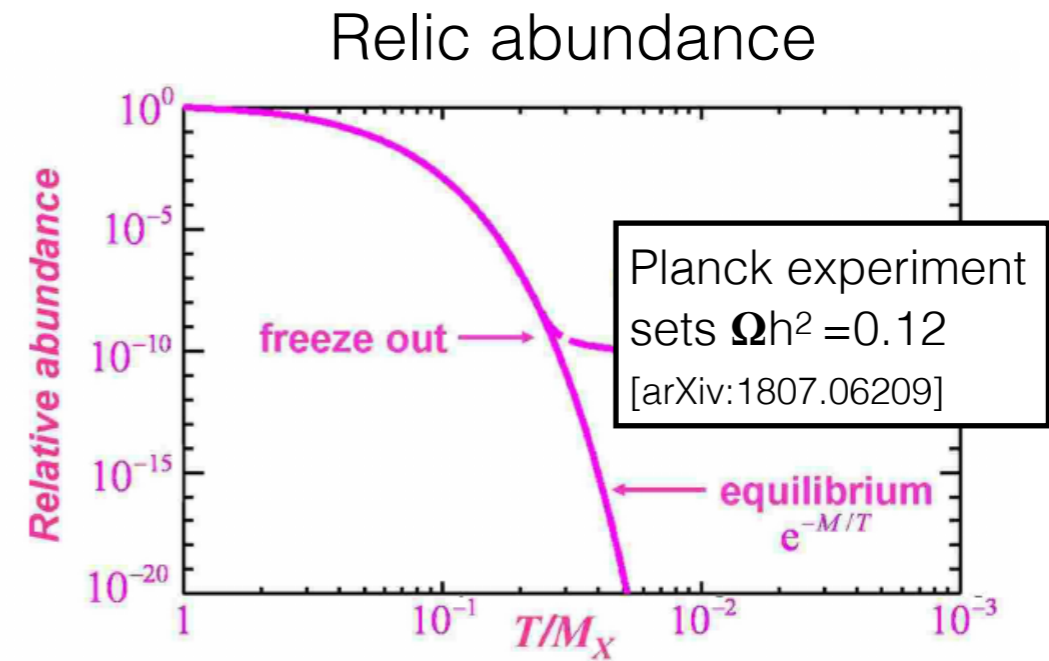
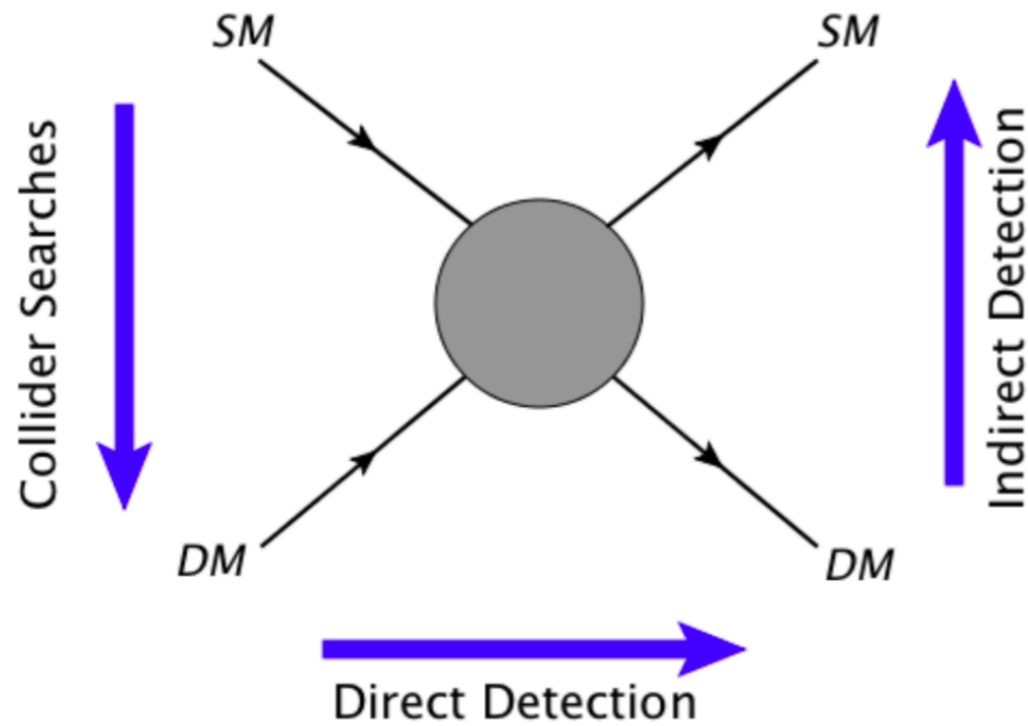
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coupling to all quarks

coupling only to b and t quarks

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These observables can severely constrain the parameter space of the model and help identify interesting regions of the parameter space for the LHC

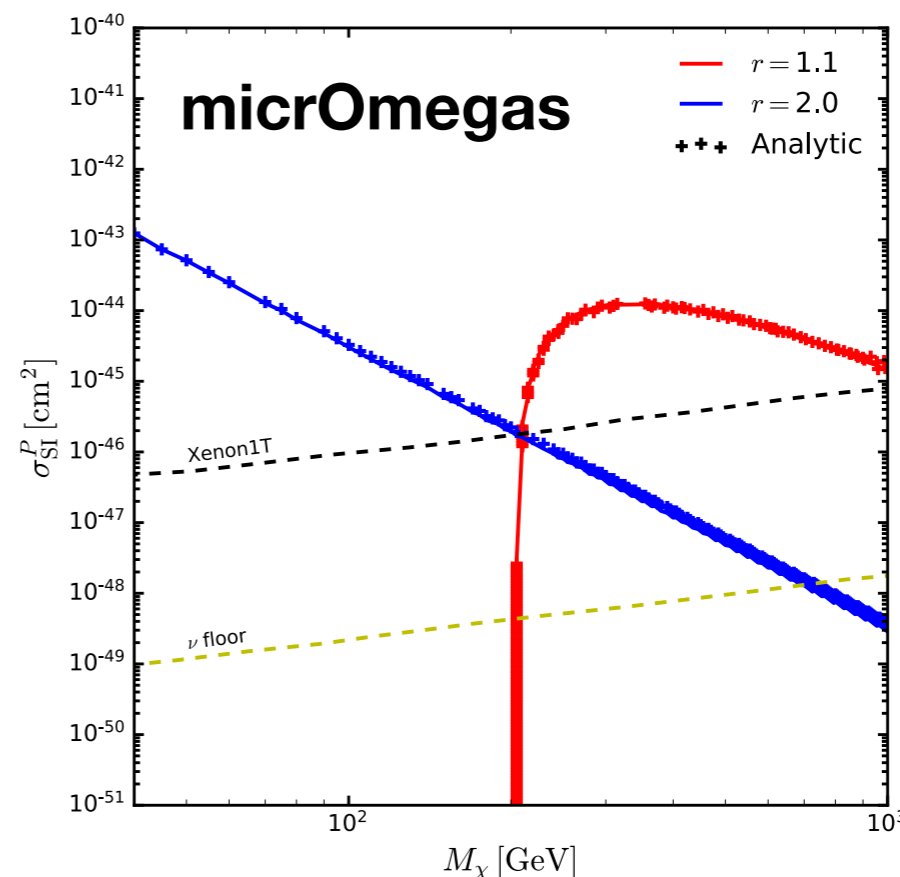
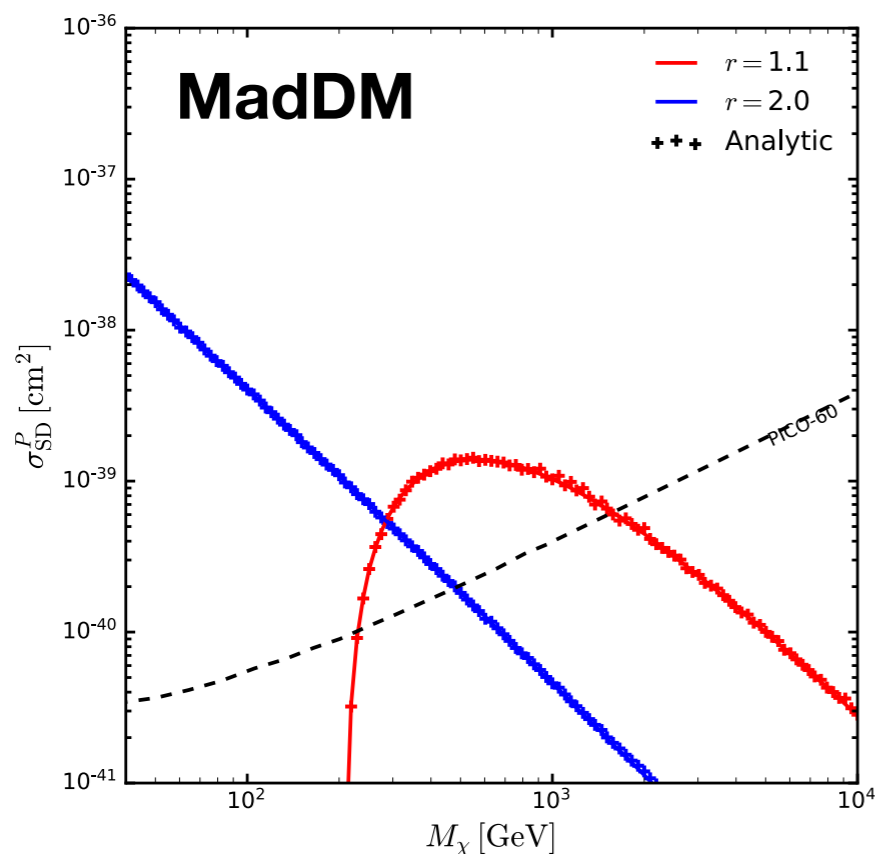
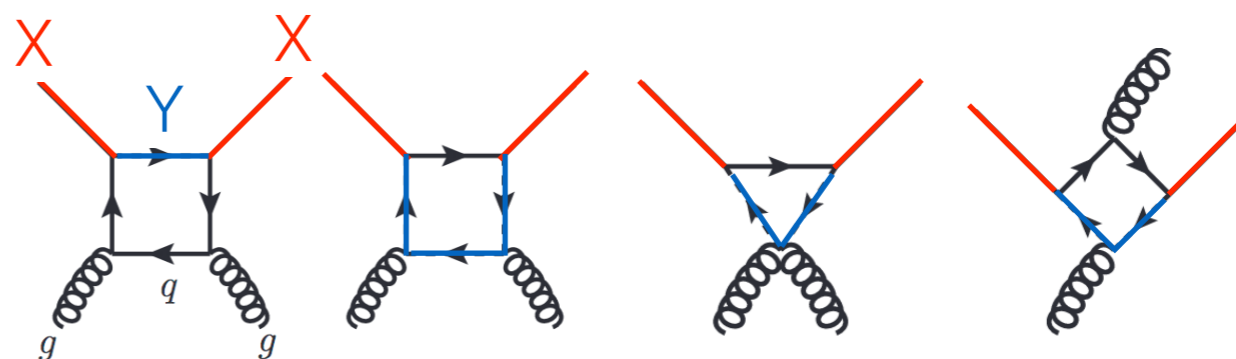
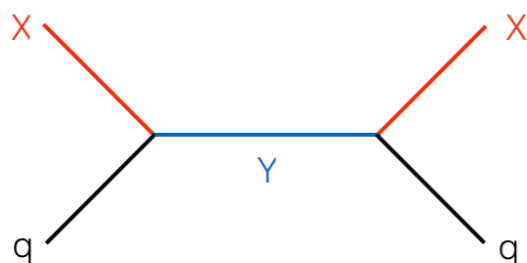
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Direct detection

analytic expressions [Hisano et al. (JHEP 2015)]

$$r = \frac{M_\varphi}{M_\chi}$$

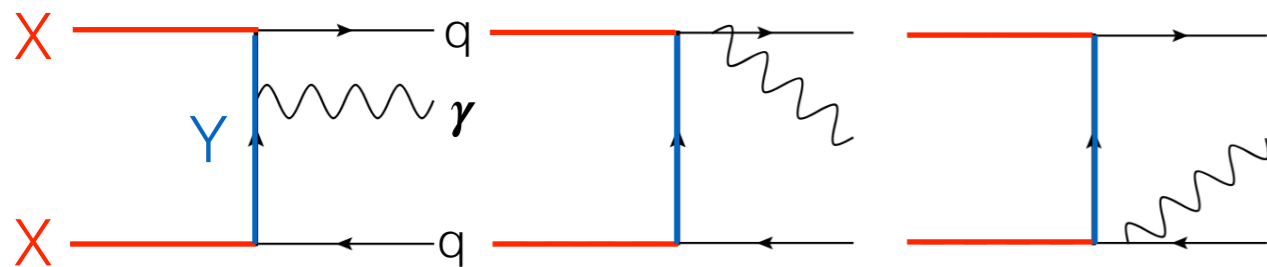


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Indirect detection

- LO: helicity suppression
- NLO: dominant, sharp signal

Virtual internal bremsstrahlung (VIB)

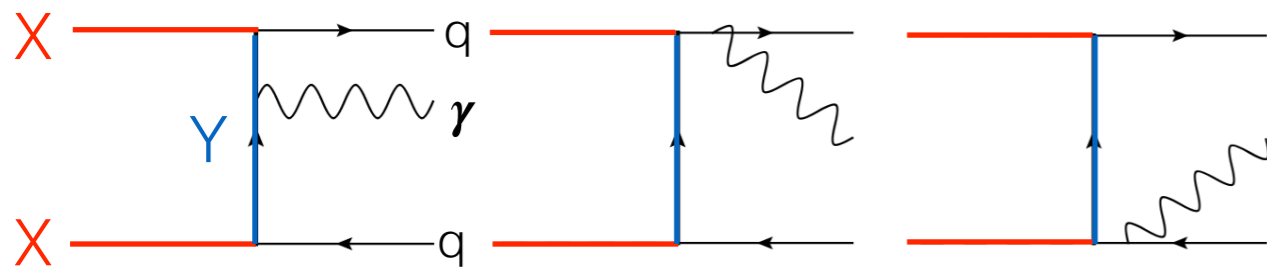


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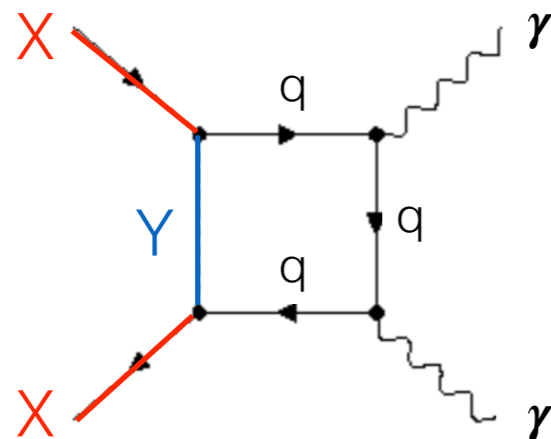
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Virtual internal bremsstrahlung (VIB)



Loop-induced diphotons

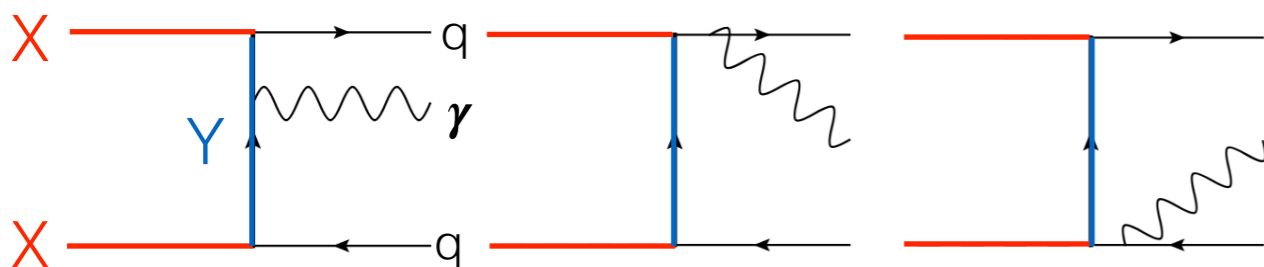


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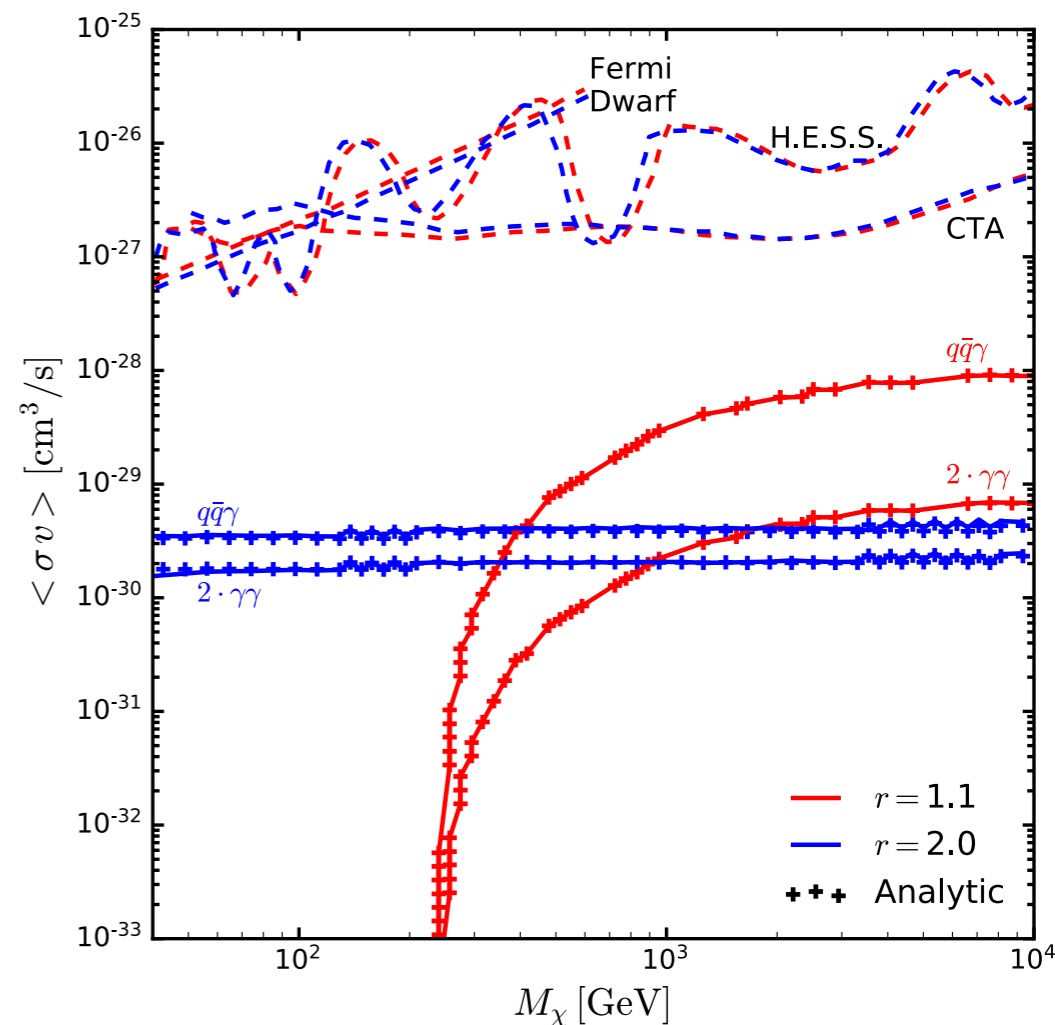
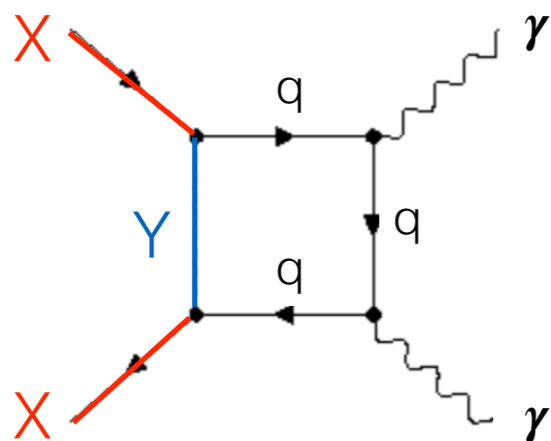
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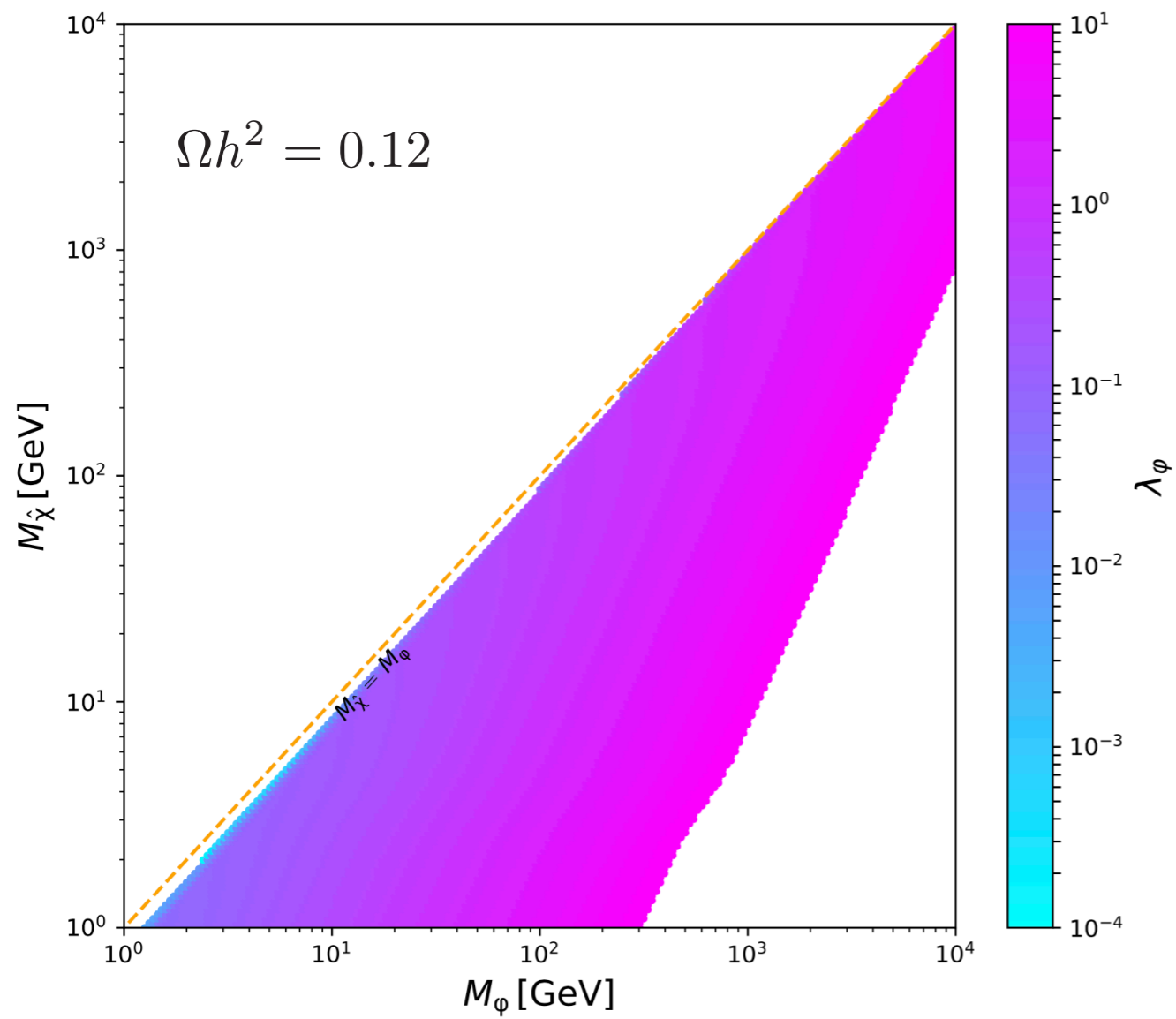


- VIB analytic expression [Giacchino et al. (JCAP 2014)]
- Gamma-ray line expression [Giacchino et al. (JCAP 2013)]
- Experimental constraints from [Garny et al. (JCAP 2013)]
- Numerical computation with MadDM and NLO UFO files



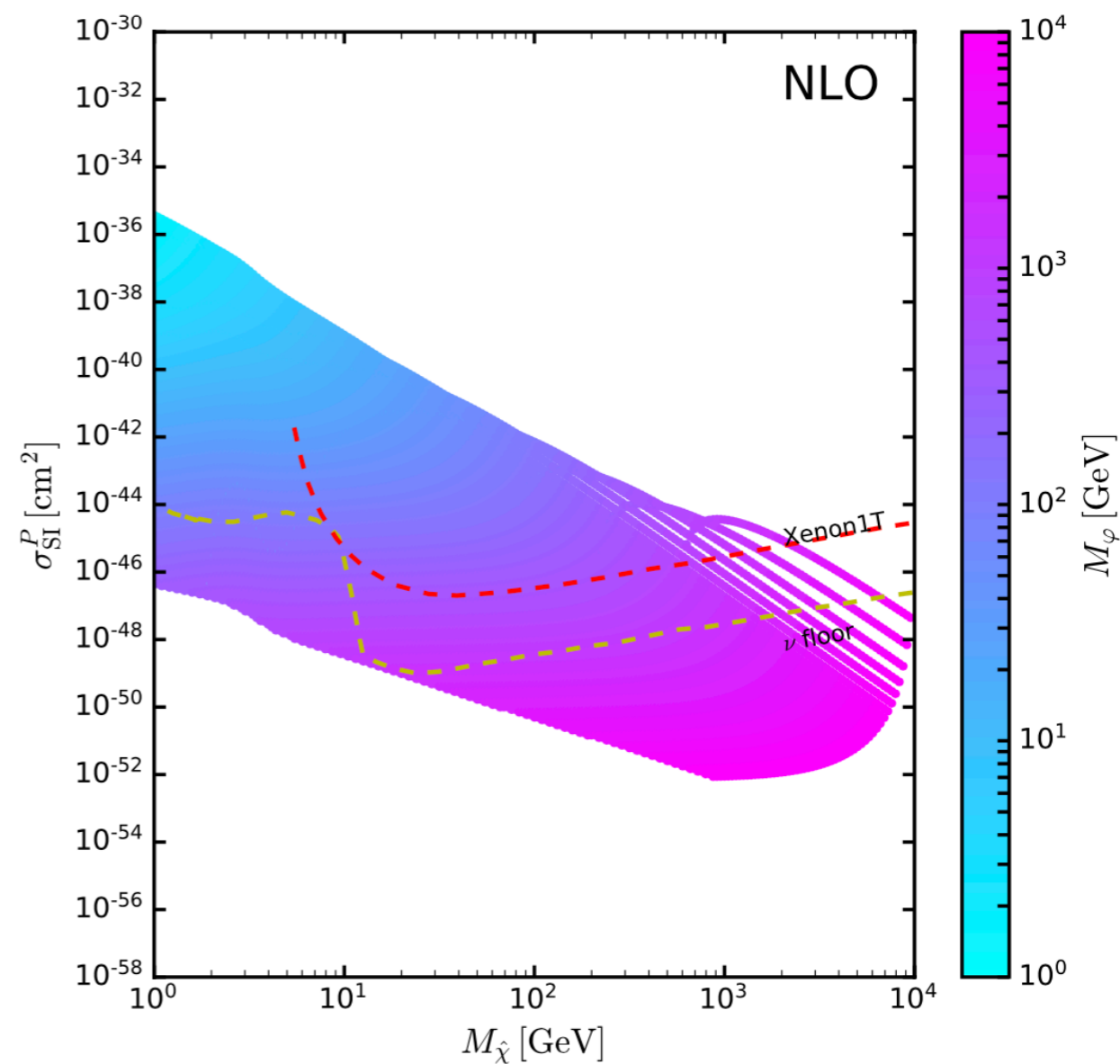
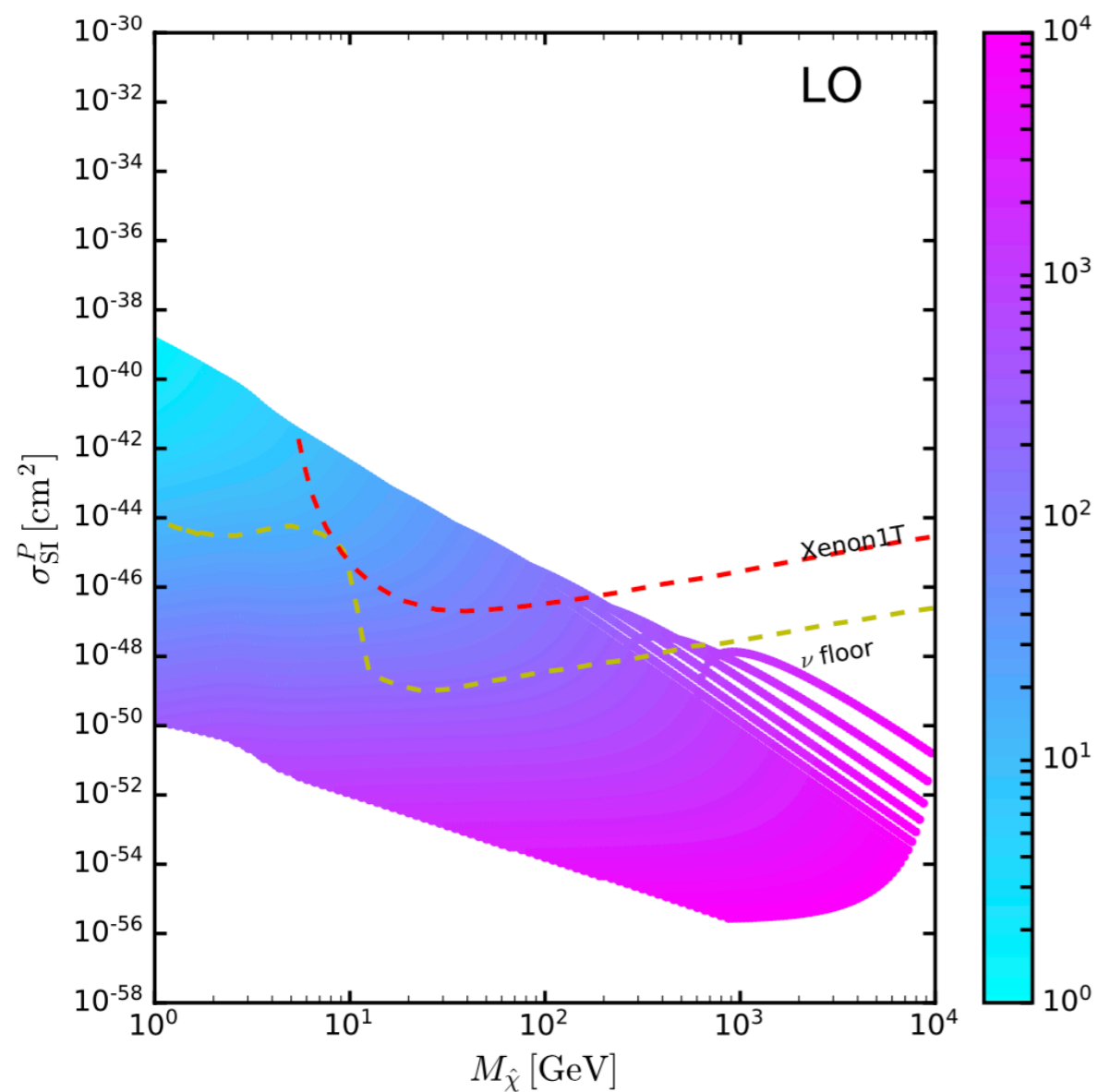
Preliminary

Relic density



Preliminary

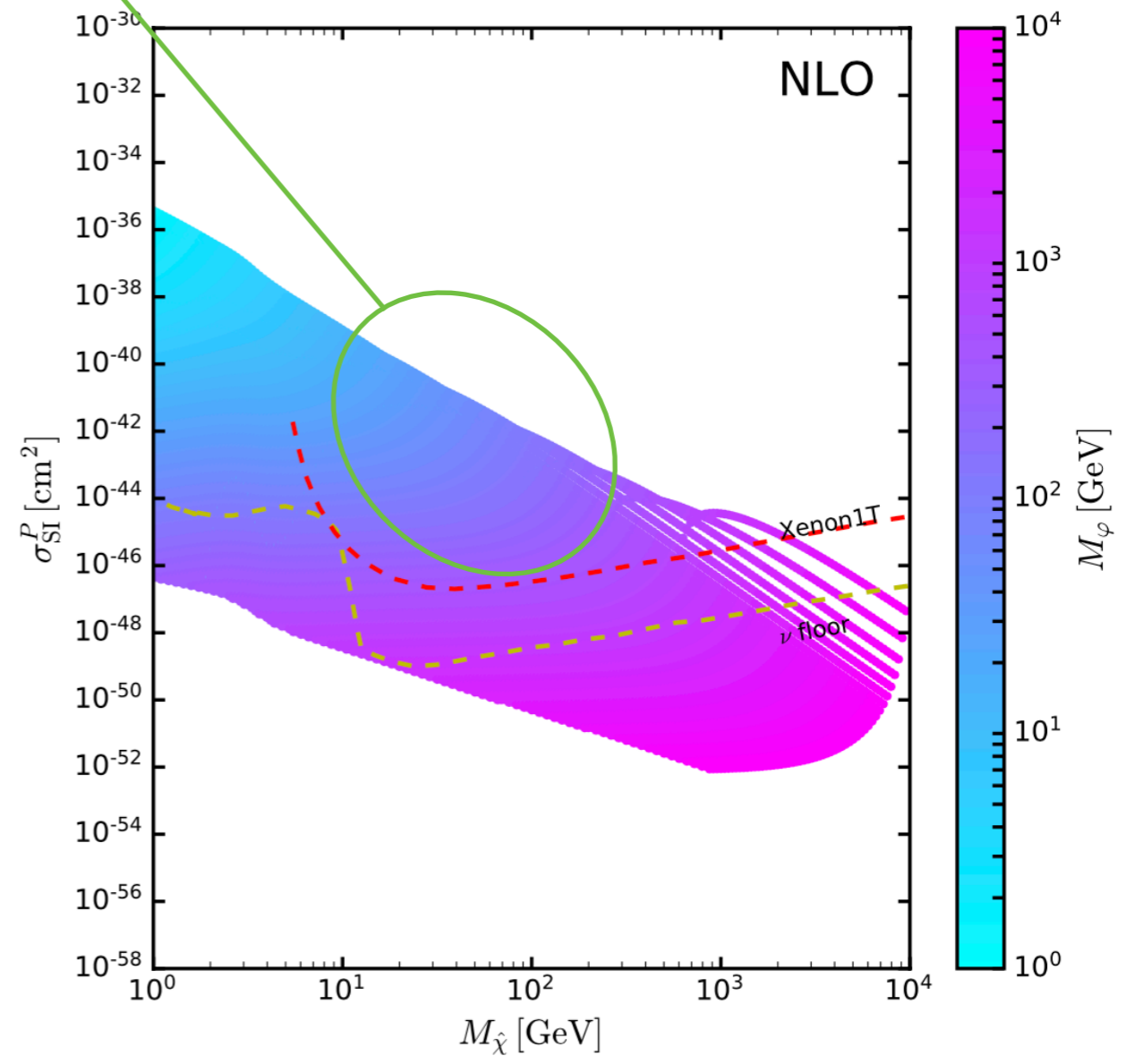
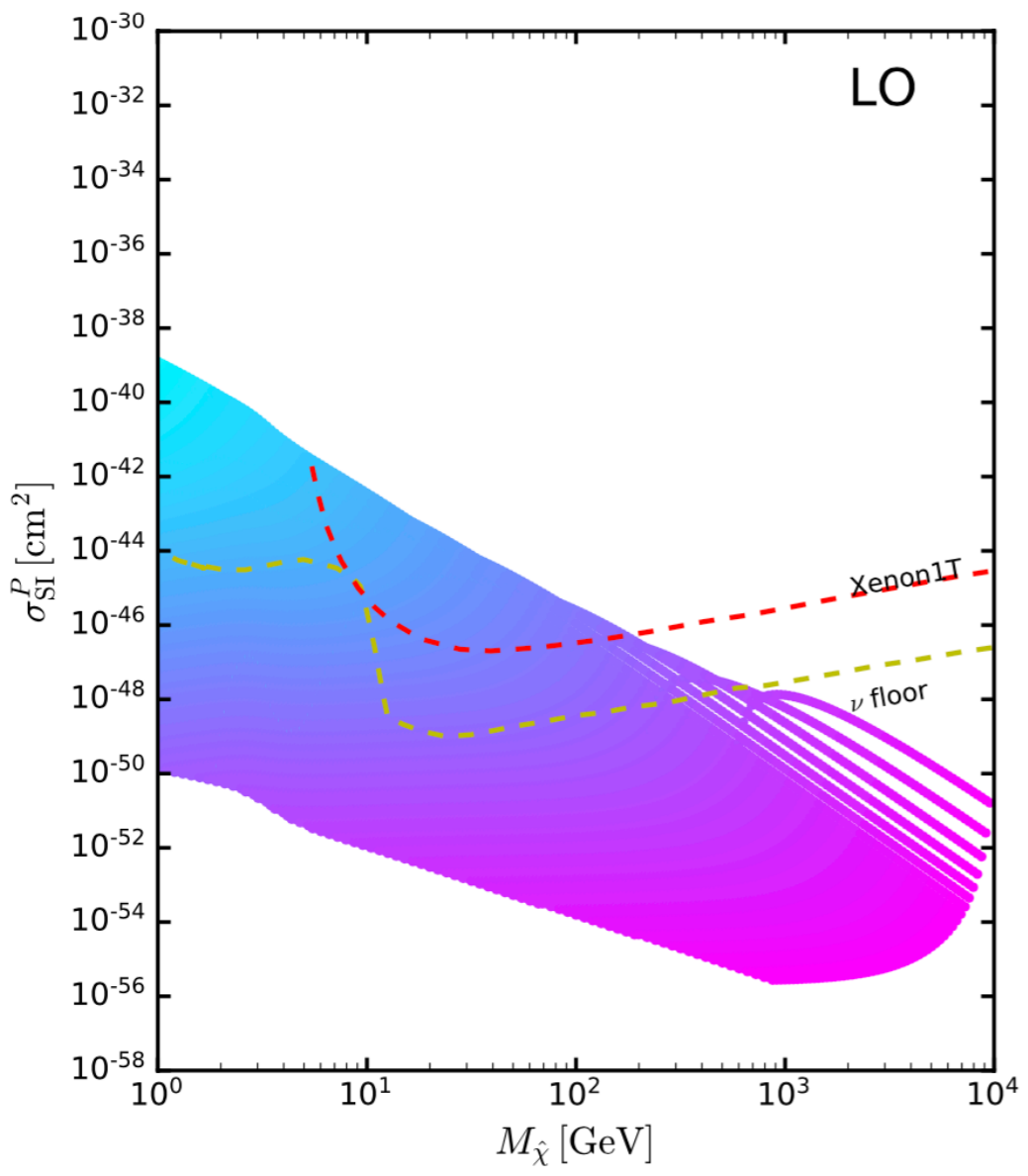
SI direct detection



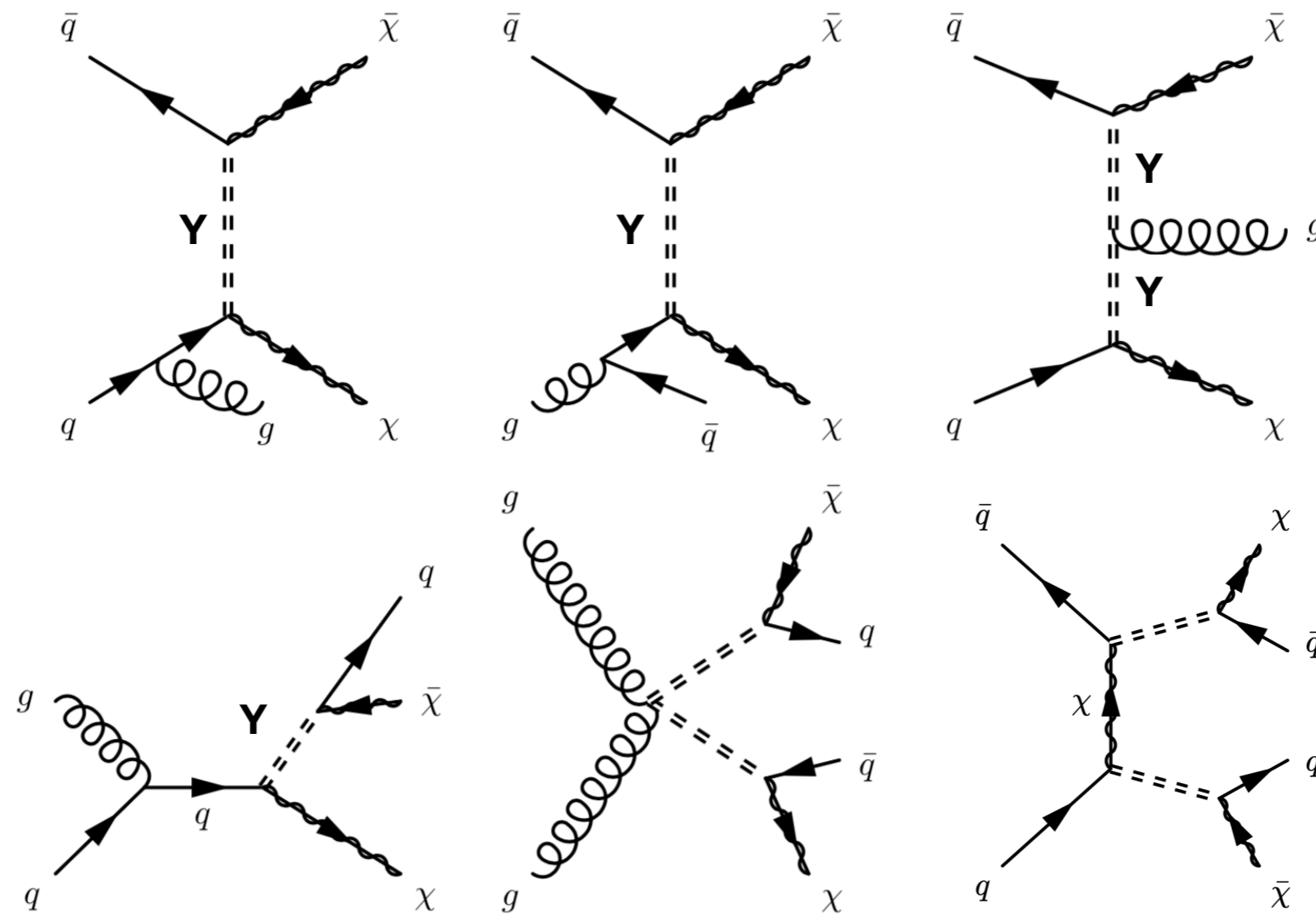
Preliminary

SI direct detection

Excluded

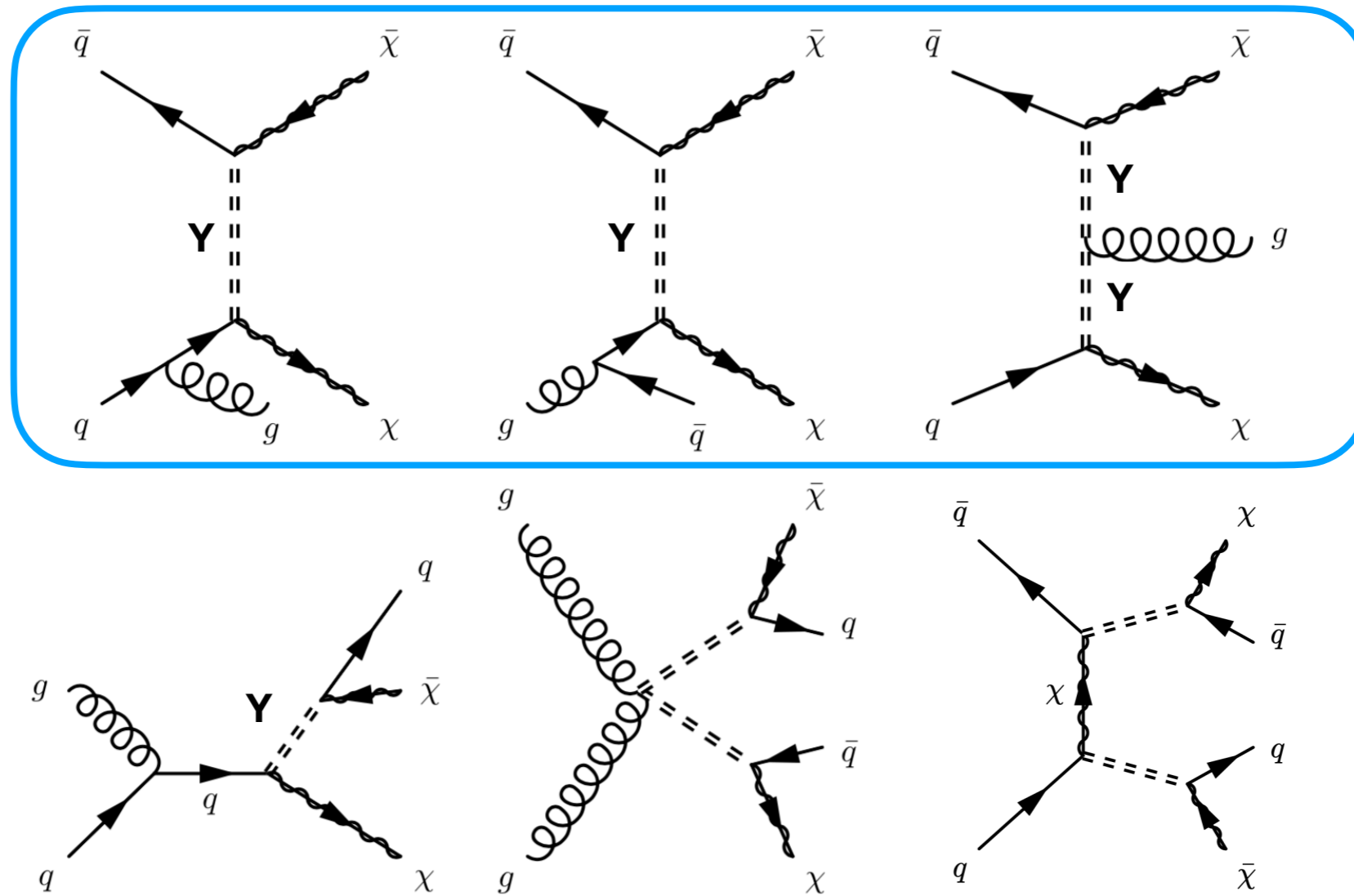


MET + jets



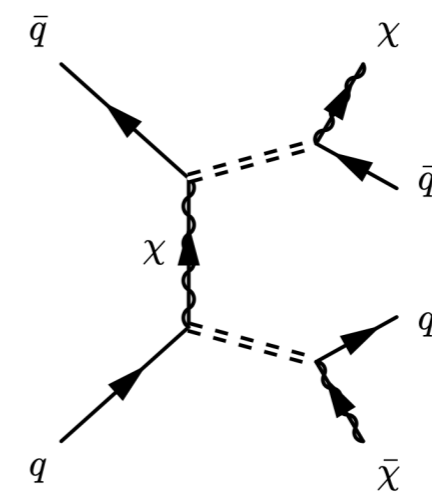
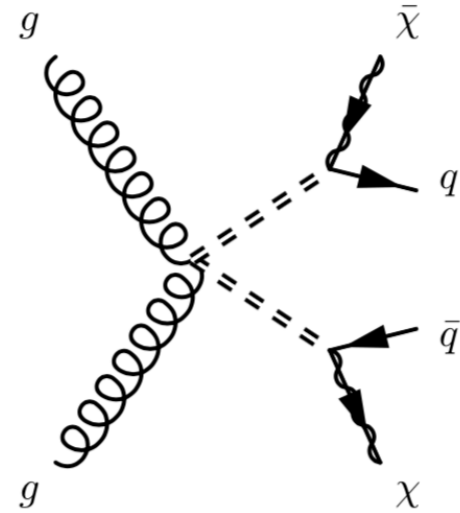
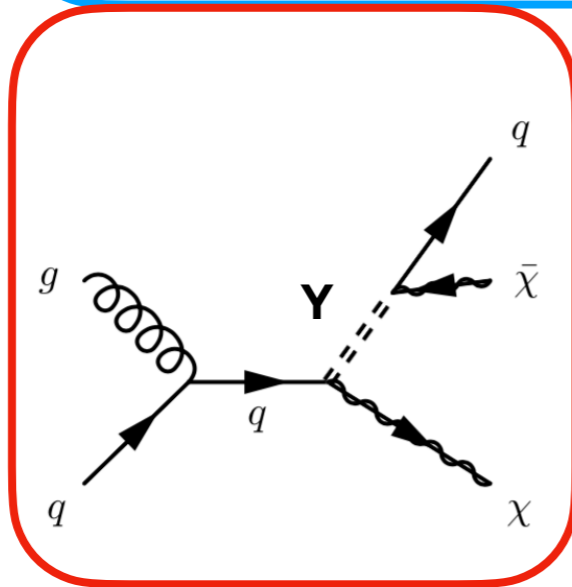
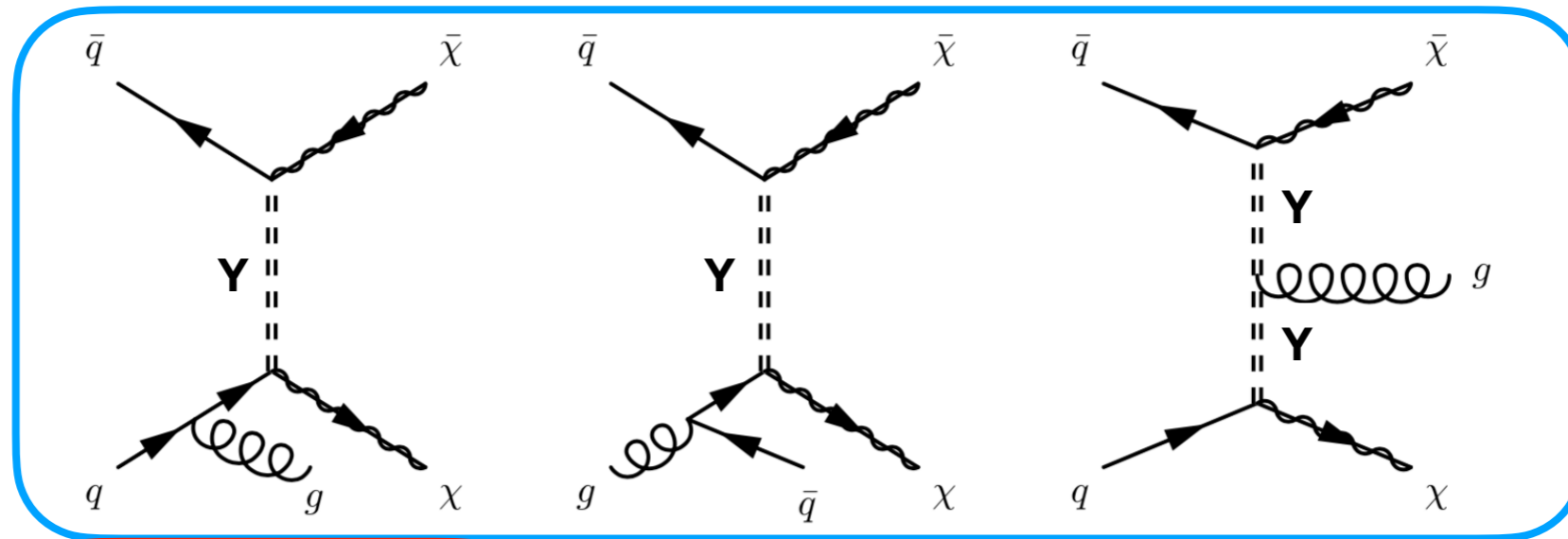
MET + jets

$pp \rightarrow XX$



MET + jets

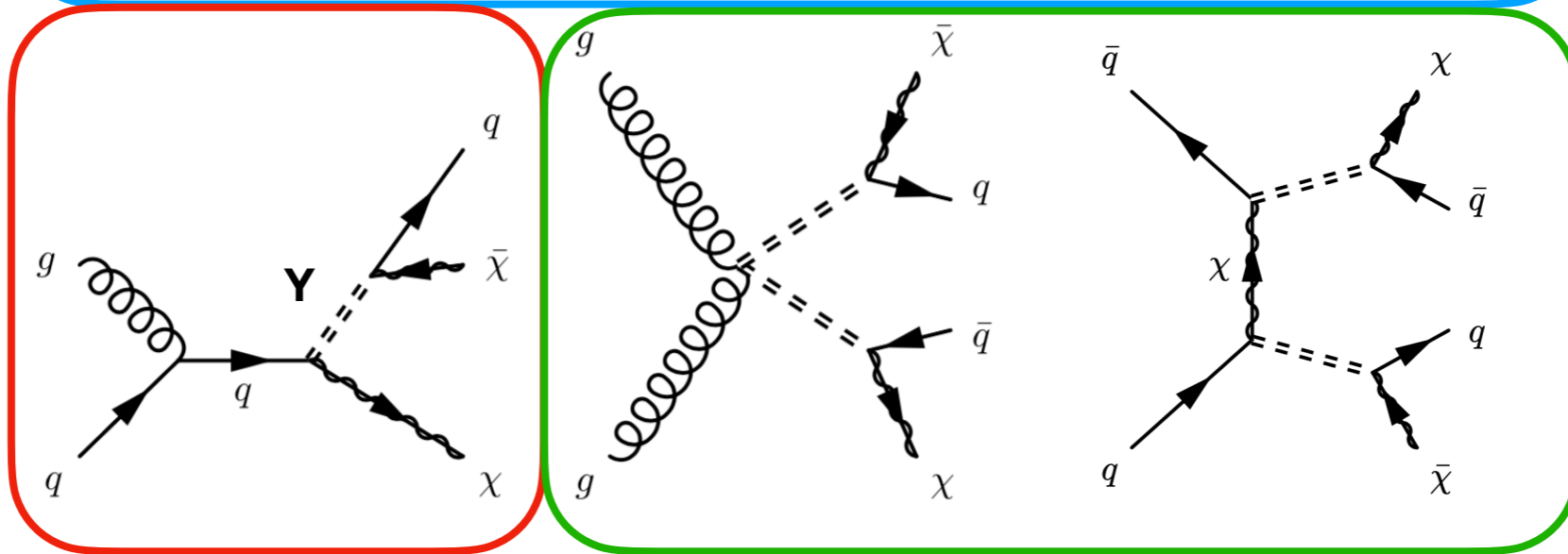
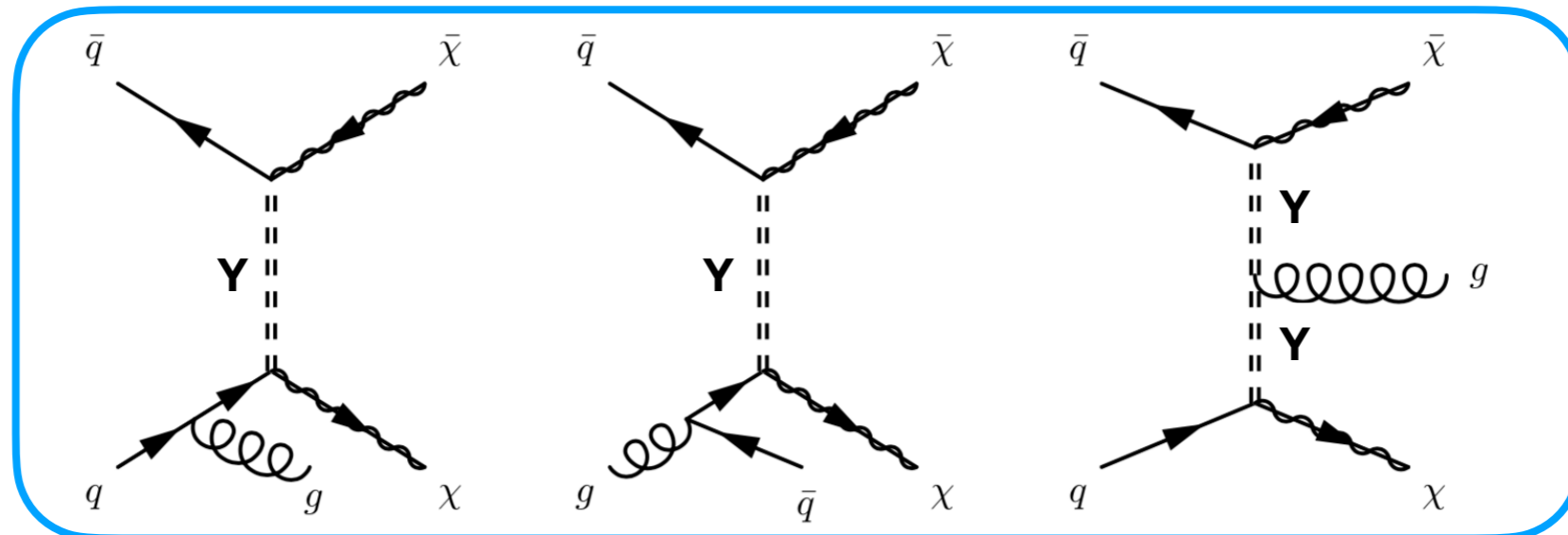
$pp \rightarrow XX$



$pp \rightarrow XY, Y \rightarrow Xj$

MET + jets

$pp \rightarrow XX$

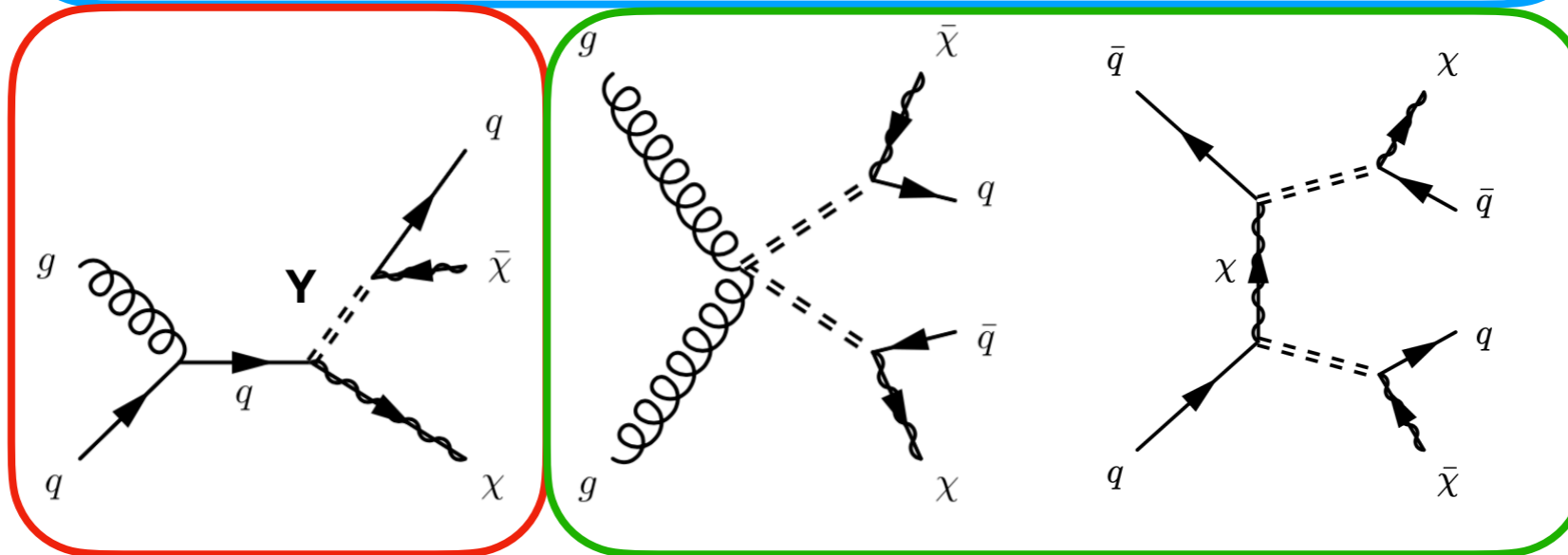
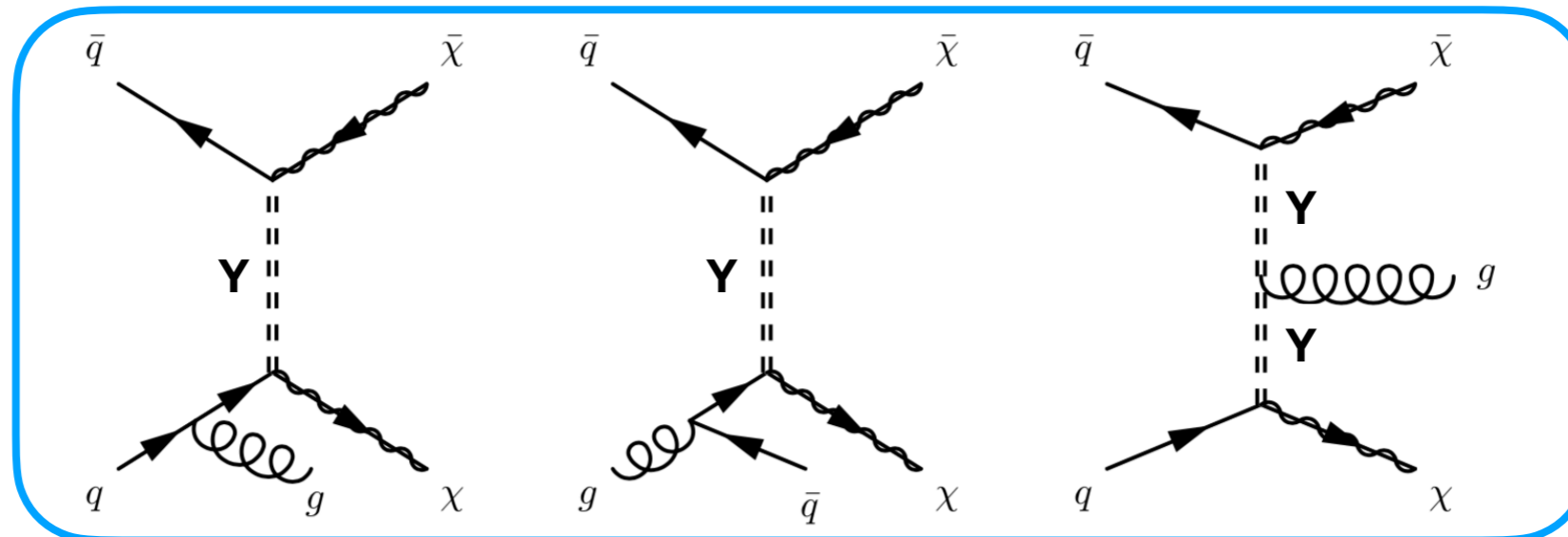


$pp \rightarrow XY, Y \rightarrow Xj$

$pp \rightarrow YY, Y \rightarrow Xj$

MET + jets

$pp \rightarrow XX$



$pp \rightarrow XY, Y \rightarrow Xj$

$pp \rightarrow YY, Y \rightarrow Xj$

Careful handling of resonances at @NLO needed.
 Use of MadStr Plugin in mg5_aMC [Frixione et al. (JHEP 2019)]




```
mg5_aMC --mode=MadSTR  
generate p p > X X [QCD]  
generate p p > X Y [QCD]  
generate p p > Y Y [QCD]  
decay Y > X j
```

Simulate processes separately
MadSTR takes care double counting

In the prescription used, we removed all square resonant diagram
Interferences of resonant and non resonant are kept


```
mg5_aMC --mode=MadSTR
generate p p > X X [QCD]
generate p p > X Y [QCD]
generate p p > Y Y [QCD]
decay Y > X j
```

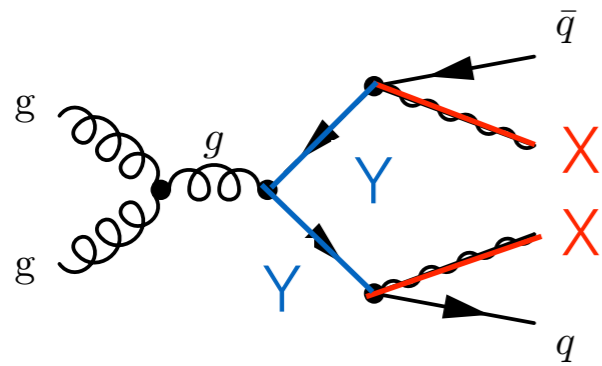
Simulate processes separately
MadSTR takes care double counting

In the prescription used, we removed all square resonant diagram
 Interferences of resonant and non resonant are kept

Shell commands in MG5_aMC@NLO for $pp \rightarrow XX$ using MadSTR

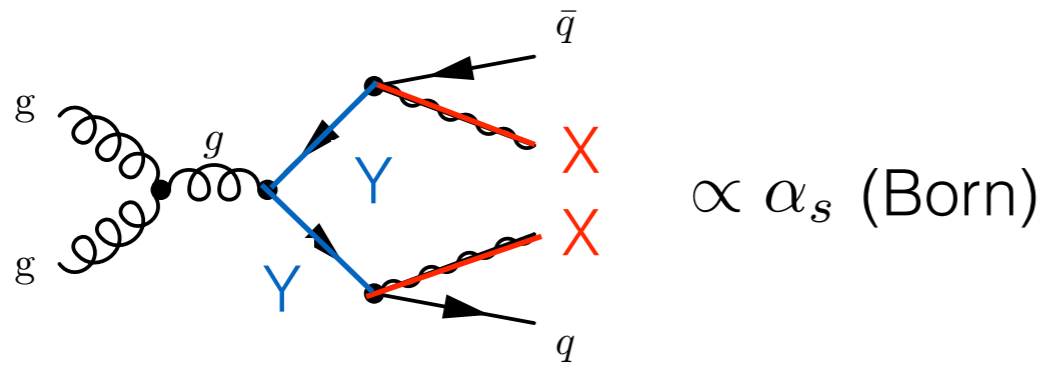
```
import model DMSimpt-S3D_uR --modelname
generate p p > xd xd~ / yf3qu1 yf3qu2 \
yf3qu3 yf3qd1 yf3qd2 yf3qd3 yf3u1 yf3u2 \
yf3u3 yf3d1 yf3d2 yf3d3 ys3qu1 ys3qu2 \
ys3qu3 ys3qd1 ys3qd2 ys3qd3 ys3u2 ys3u3 \
ys3d1 ys3d2 ys3d3 xs xm xv xc xw a z [QCD]
output
```

**Important to forbid decoupled
 particles from loops**

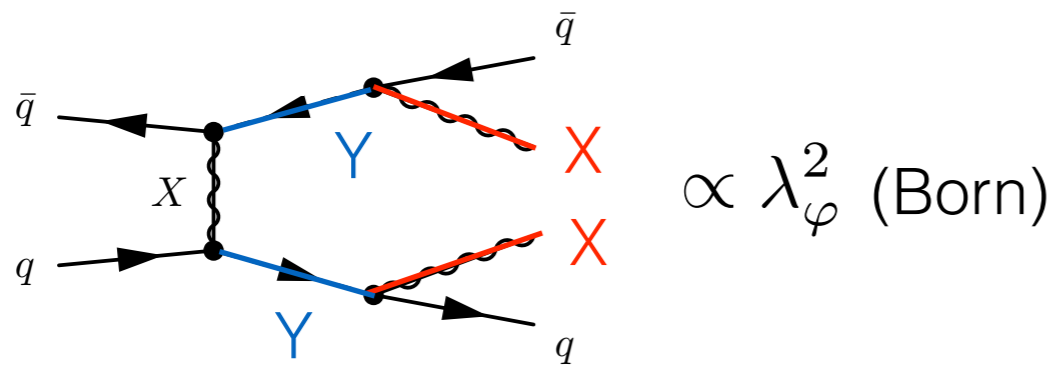


$$\propto \alpha_s \text{ (Born)}$$

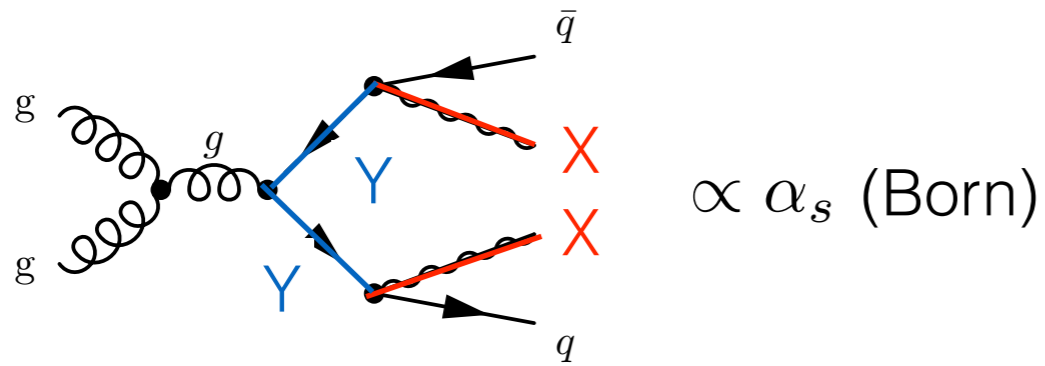
QCD contribution dominates
 Independent of DM mass and coupling



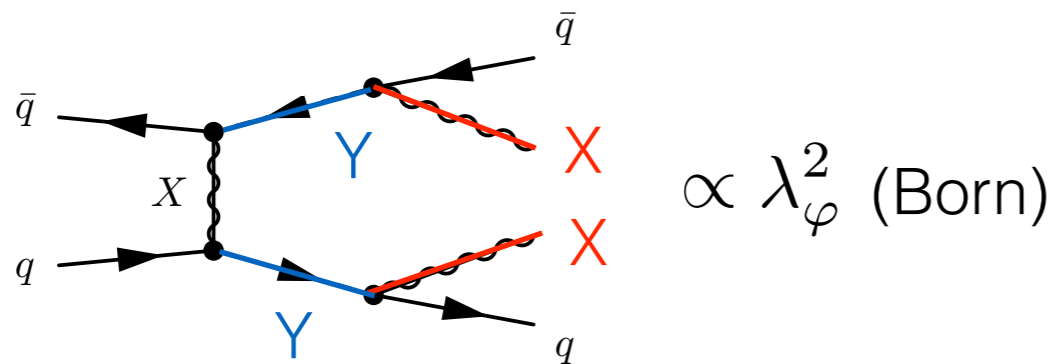
QCD contribution dominates
Independent of DM mass and coupling



If DM coupling sizable
t-channel exchange of DM is relevant



QCD contribution dominates
Independent of DM mass and coupling



If DM coupling sizable
t-channel exchange of DM is relevant

Mixed order interference@NLO problematic

1. Simulate Y Y production to get the pure QCD NLO contribution
2. YY production with DMT==2 and QCD==0 coupling computes t-channel dominant contribution
3. Simulate interference at LO and reweight by geometric mean of k-factors (QCD and t-channel) bin by bin

S1	$m_\chi = 150 \text{ GeV}$	$m_\gamma = 500 \text{ GeV}$	$\lambda_\varphi = 1$
S2	$m_\chi = 150 \text{ GeV}$	$m_\gamma = 1000 \text{ GeV}$	$\lambda_\varphi = 1$

S1	$m_\chi = 150$ GeV	$m_\gamma = 500$ GeV	$\lambda_\varphi = 1$
S2	$m_\chi = 150$ GeV	$m_\gamma = 1000$ GeV	$\lambda_\varphi = 1$

t-channel contribution
to YY sizable

S1	$m_\chi = 150$ GeV	$m_\gamma = 500$ GeV	$\lambda_\varphi = 1$
S2	$m_\chi = 150$ GeV	$m_\gamma = 1000$ GeV	$\lambda_\varphi = 1$

t-channel contribution
to YY sizable

Heavy mediator, closer to actual
SUSY bounds

S1	$m_\chi = 150$ GeV	$m_\gamma = 500$ GeV	$\lambda_\varphi = 1$
S2	$m_\chi = 150$ GeV	$m_\gamma = 1000$ GeV	$\lambda_\varphi = 1$

t-channel contribution to YY sizable

Heavy mediator, closer to actual SUSY bounds

	Scen.	XX [fb]	XY [fb]	YY (total) [fb]	YY (QCD) [fb]	YY (t-channel) [fb]
LO	S1	$775.3^{+0.4\%}_{-0.8\%} \pm 1.9\%$	$1617^{+16.5\%}_{-13.4\%} \pm 1.0\%$	$473.5^{+23.6\%}_{-16.9\%} \pm 3.0\%$	$324.2^{+34.2\%}_{-23.8\%} \pm 3.4\%$	$261.5^{+7.1\%}_{-6.3\%} \pm 2.5\%$
	S2	$122.0^{+1.8\%}_{-2.0\%} \pm 1.9\%$	$74.1^{+20.3\%}_{-15.8\%} \pm 1.2\%$	$7.452^{+19.8\%}_{-14.5\%} \pm 5.6\%$	$3.545^{+37.3\%}_{-25.4\%} \pm 7.2\%$	$6.939^{+11.1\%}_{-9.4\%} \pm 5.0\%$
NLO	S1	$929.8^{+1.9\%}_{-1.3\%} \pm 1.9\%$	$2212^{+5.9\%}_{-6.3\%} \pm 1.0\%$	$648.4^{+8.0\%}_{-9.2\%} \pm 3.1\%$	$484.7^{+10.7\%}_{-12.4\%} \pm 3.4\%$	$314.1^{+2.6\%}_{-2.6\%} \pm 2.5\%$
	S2	$139.1^{+1.3\%}_{-1.1\%} \pm 2.0\%$	$101.8^{+6.0\%}_{-7.1\%} \pm 1.2\%$	$9.888^{+6.5\%}_{-7.6\%} \pm 5.8\%$	$5.303^{+11.2\%}_{-13.3\%} \pm 7.4\%$	$8.749^{+3.6\%}_{-3.9\%} \pm 4.9\%$

S1	$m_\chi = 150$ GeV	$m_\gamma = 500$ GeV	$\lambda_\varphi = 1$
S2	$m_\chi = 150$ GeV	$m_\gamma = 1000$ GeV	$\lambda_\varphi = 1$

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Uncertainties from parton density fit

S1	$m_\chi = 150$ GeV	$m_\gamma = 500$ GeV	$\lambda_\varphi = 1$
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t-channel contribution to YY sizable

Heavy mediator, closer to actual SUSY bounds

Theoretical scale uncertainties

	Scen.	XX [fb]	XY [fb]	YY (total) [fb]	YY (QCD) [fb]	YY (t-channel) [fb]
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t-channel contribution to YY sizable

Heavy mediator, closer to actual SUSY bounds

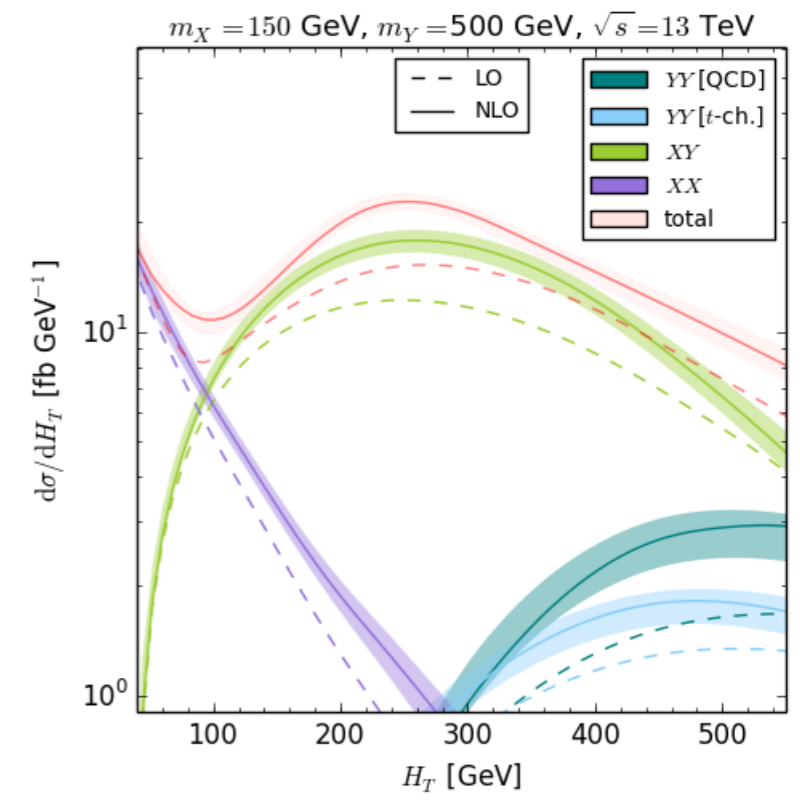
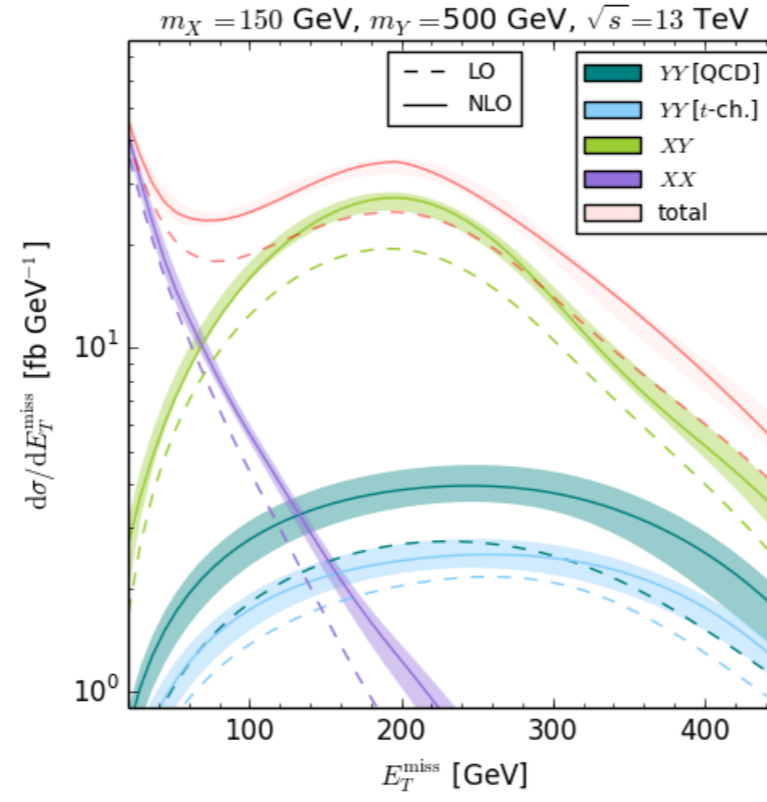
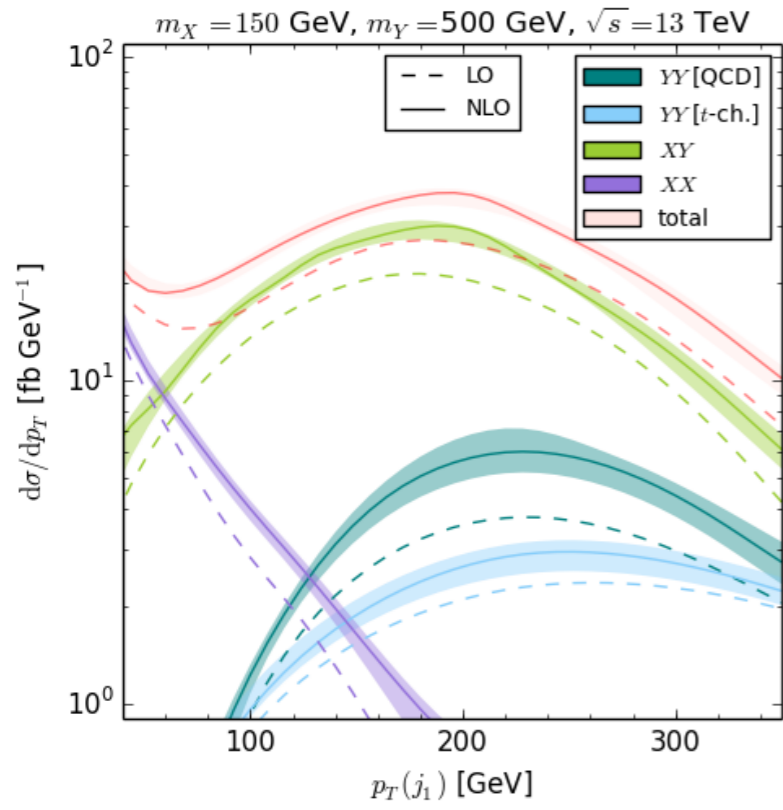
Theoretical scale uncertainties

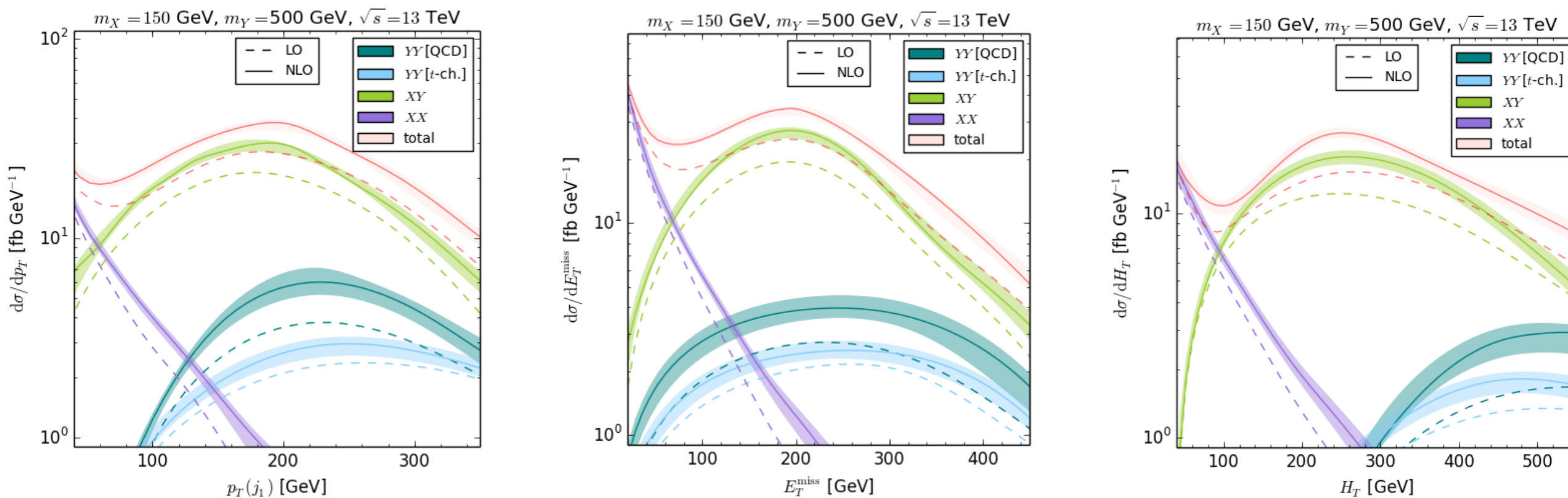
Scen.	XX [fb]	XY [fb]	YY (total) [fb]	YY (QCD) [fb]	YY (t-channel) [fb]
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Uncertainties from parton density fit

Benefits of NLO
 Large K-factors: avoid underestimating the signal
 Reduction of theoretical systematic uncertainties



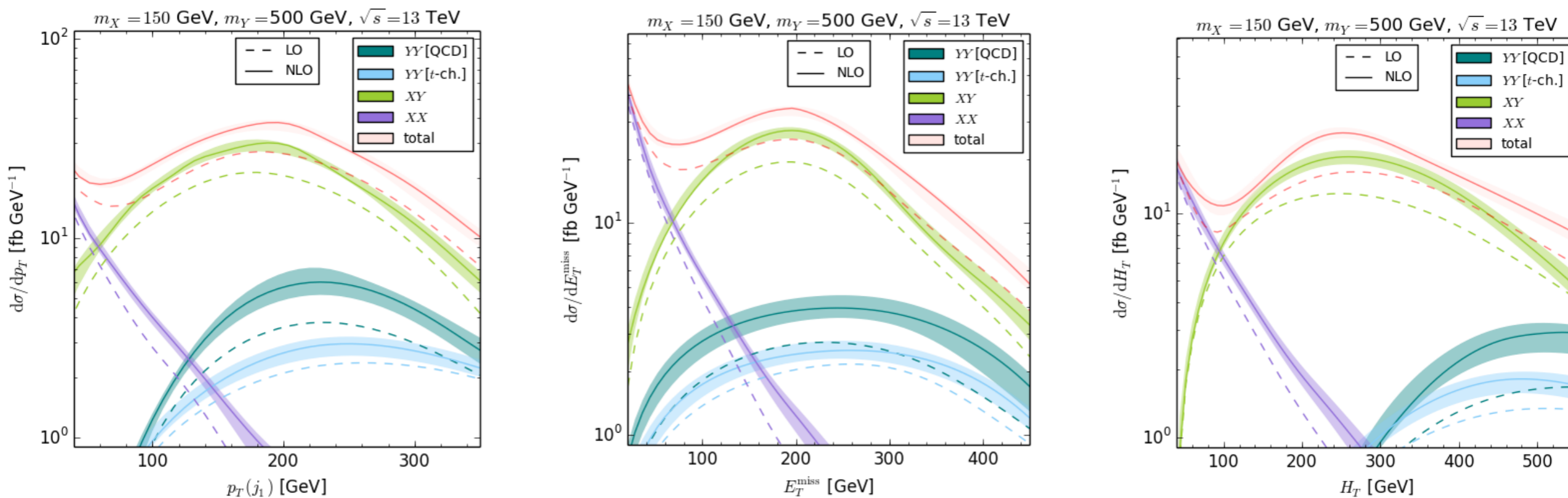




Process	CL _s [LO]	E_T^{miss} constraint	CL _s [NLO]	E_T^{miss} constraint
Total	100 %	∈ [300, 350] GeV	100 %	∈ [300, 350] GeV
XX	$1.6^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$ %	∈ [300, 350] GeV	$9.4^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$ %	∈ [250, 300] GeV
XY	100 %	∈ [300, 350] GeV	100 %	∈ [300, 350] GeV
YY [total]	$91.3^{+6.2}_{-8.8}$ %	∈ [300, 350] GeV	100 %	∈ [300, 350] GeV
YY [QCD]	$63.0^{+20.0}_{-17.2}$ %	∈ [300, 350] GeV	$88.3^{+4.8}_{-7.4}$ %	∈ [300, 350] GeV
YY [t-channel]	$70.8^{+5.0}_{-4.6}$ %	∈ [300, 350] GeV	$87.2^{+1.0}_{-1.4}$ %	∈ [300, 350] GeV

ATLAS-EXOT-2016-27 (most constraining signal region only)



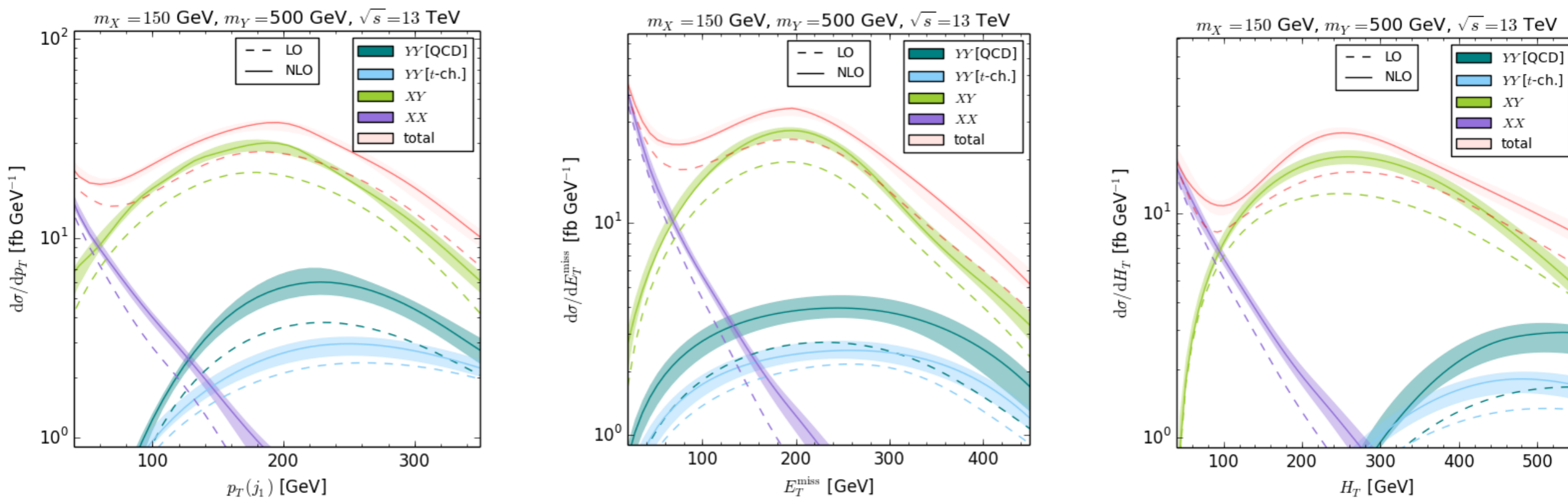


Irrelevant

Process	CL _s [LO]	E_T^{miss} constraint	CL _s [NLO]	E_T^{miss} constraint
Total	100 %	∈ [300, 350] GeV	100 %	∈ [300, 350] GeV
XX	1.6 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1} %	∈ [300, 350] GeV	9.4 ^{+0.6} _{-0.6} %	∈ [250, 300] GeV
XY	100 %	∈ [300, 350] GeV	100 %	∈ [300, 350] GeV
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YY [t-channel]	70.8 ^{+5.0} _{-4.6} %	∈ [300, 350] GeV	87.2 ^{+1.0} _{-1.4} %	∈ [300, 350] GeV

ATLAS-EXOT-2016-27 (most constraining signal region only)





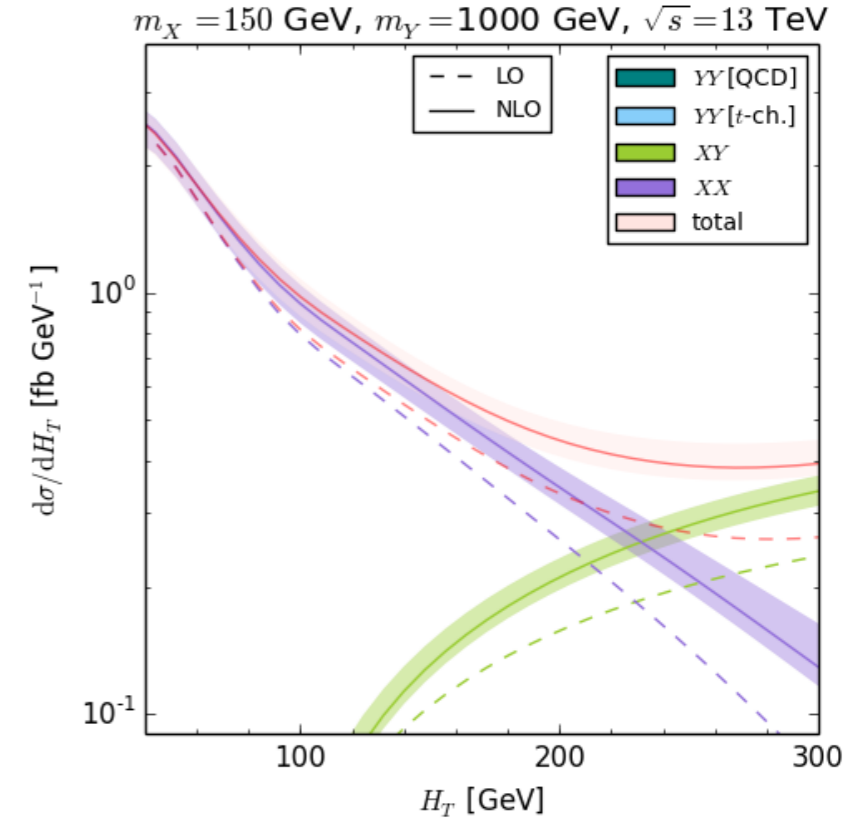
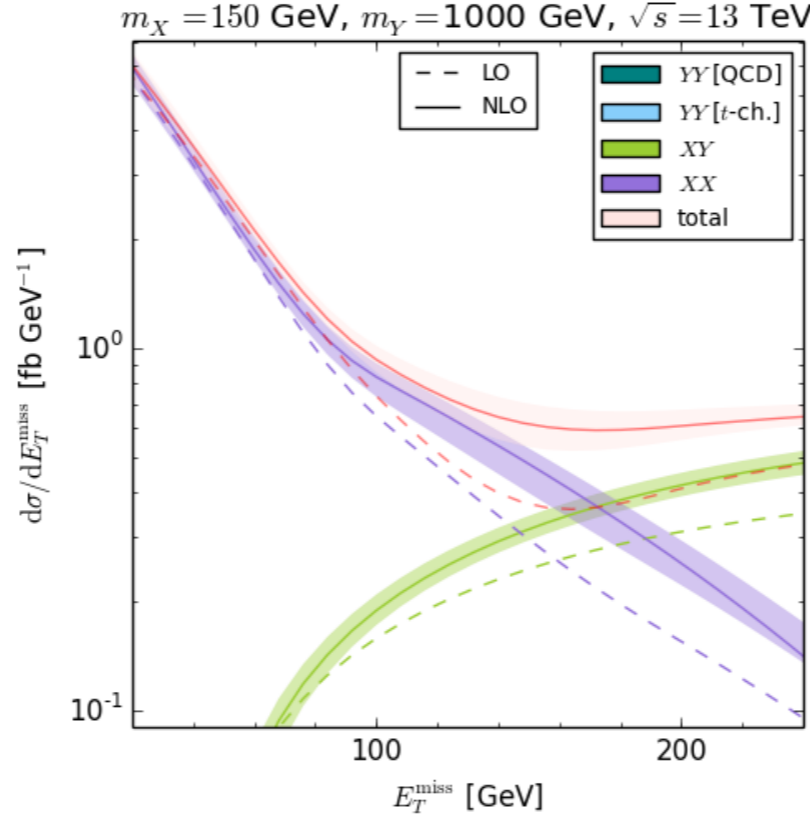
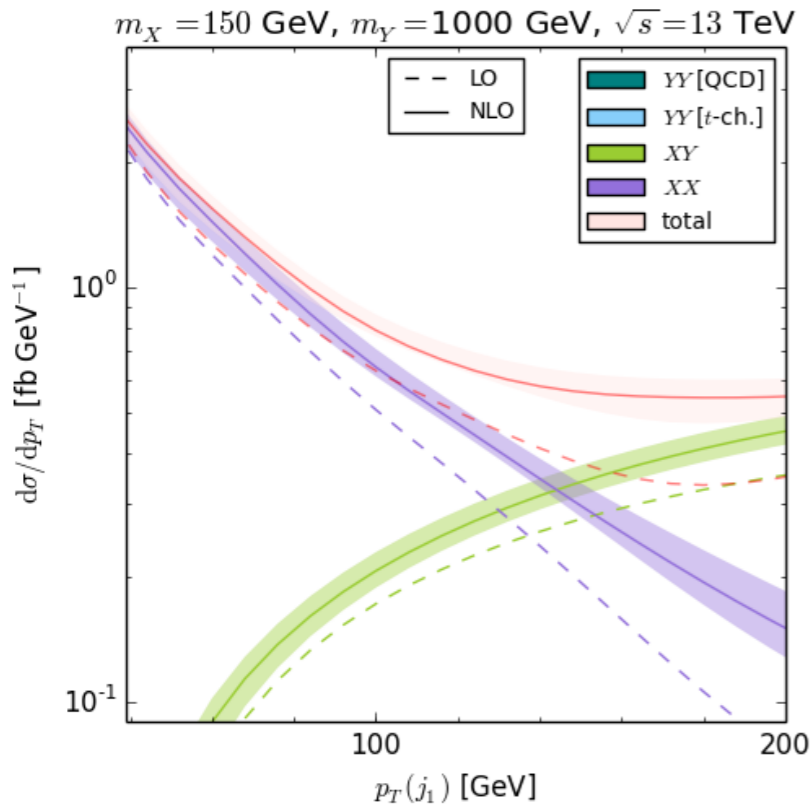
Irrelevant

Most important

Process	CL _s [LO]	E_T^{miss} constraint	CL _s [NLO]	E_T^{miss} constraint
Total	100 %	∈ [300, 350] GeV	100 %	∈ [300, 350] GeV
XX	1.6 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1} %	∈ [300, 350] GeV	9.4 ^{+0.6} _{-0.6} %	∈ [250, 300] GeV
XY	100 %	∈ [300, 350] GeV	100 %	∈ [300, 350] GeV
YY [total]	91.3 ^{+6.2} _{-8.8} %	∈ [300, 350] GeV	100 %	∈ [300, 350] GeV
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ATLAS-EXOT-2016-27 (most constraining signal region only)

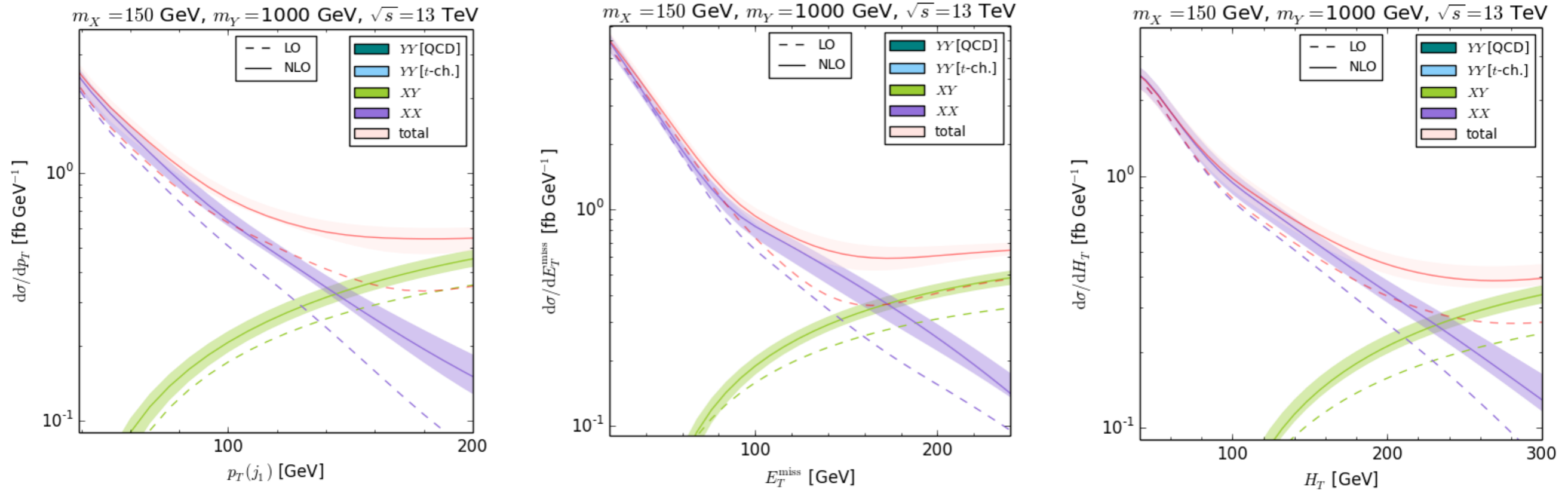




Process	CL _s [LO]	E_T^{miss} constraint	CL _s [NLO]	E_T^{miss} constraint
Total	$75.6^{+10.1}_{-10.5}$ %	$\in [700, 800]$ GeV	$97.8^{+0.9}_{-1.4}$ %	≥ 700 GeV
XX	$0.7^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$ %	$\in [250, 300]$ GeV	$3.6^{+0.3}_{-0.6}$ %	≥ 900 GeV
XY	$62.7^{+12.3}_{-10.4}$ %	$\in [500, 600]$ GeV	$83.9^{+2.9}_{-4.3}$ %	$\in [700, 800]$ GeV
YY [total]	$24.0^{+3.1}_{-3.1}$ %	≥ 900 GeV	$58.1^{+2.2}_{-3.1}$ %	≥ 900 GeV
YY [QCD]	$10.7^{+4.4}_{-2.6}$ %	≥ 900 GeV	$17.0^{+2.1}_{-2.1}$ %	≥ 900 GeV
YY [t-channel]	$29.6^{+3.3}_{-2.6}$ %	≥ 900 GeV	$38.9^{+1.2}_{-1.8}$ %	≥ 900 GeV

□ ATLAS-EXOT-2016-27 (most constraining signal region only) □



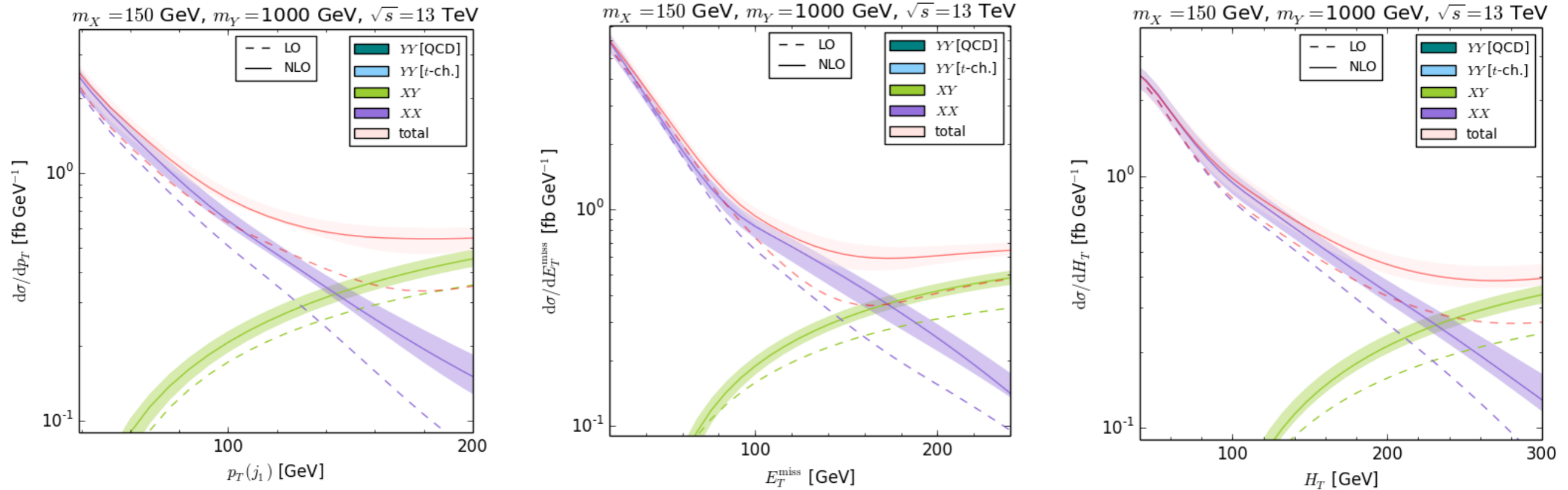


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XX	0.7 ^{+0.6} _{-0.6} %	∈ [250, 300] GeV	3.6 ^{+0.3} _{-0.6} %	≥ 900 GeV
XY	62.7 ^{+12.3} _{-10.4} %	∈ [500, 600] GeV	83.9 ^{+2.9} _{-4.3} %	∈ [700, 800] GeV
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YY [t-channel]	29.6 ^{+3.3} _{-2.6} %	≥ 900 GeV	38.9 ^{+1.2} _{-1.8} %	≥ 900 GeV

< 95% CL

□ ATLAS-EXOT-2016-27 (most constraining signal region only) □





Process	CL _s [LO]	E_T^{miss} constraint	CL _s [NLO]	E_T^{miss} constraint
Total	75.6 ^{+10.1} _{-10.5} %	∈ [700, 800] GeV	97.8 ^{+0.9} _{-1.4} %	≥ 700 GeV
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YY [total]	24.0 ^{+3.1} _{-3.1} %	≥ 900 GeV	58.1 ^{+2.2} _{-3.1} %	≥ 900 GeV
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YY [t-channel]	29.6 ^{+3.3} _{-2.6} %	≥ 900 GeV	38.9 ^{+1.2} _{-1.8} %	≥ 900 GeV

< 95% CL

Large σ

ATLAS-EXOT-2016-27 (most constraining signal region only)



- DMSimp-t framework provides a flexible tool to perform comprehensive analyses
- UFO provided with several DM candidates and restriction to specific models
- Astrophysical and cosmological constraints can help identify viable regions of parameter space
- NLO QCD corrections are relevant at colliders and should be included
- Special care is needed in simulations for colliders to combine the different channels
- Both NLO and combination of channels are crucial to set robust exclusion bounds
- Part of an on-going effort with a focus on the pheno for all models, complementary between cosmology & LHC and the potential of LHC & future colliders to distinguish between different models.

[M. Kramer, B. Fuks, C. Arina, K. Mawatari, L. Panizzi, J. Heisig, LM, H. Mies, J. Salko]



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Thanks!

