



BC1 design studies

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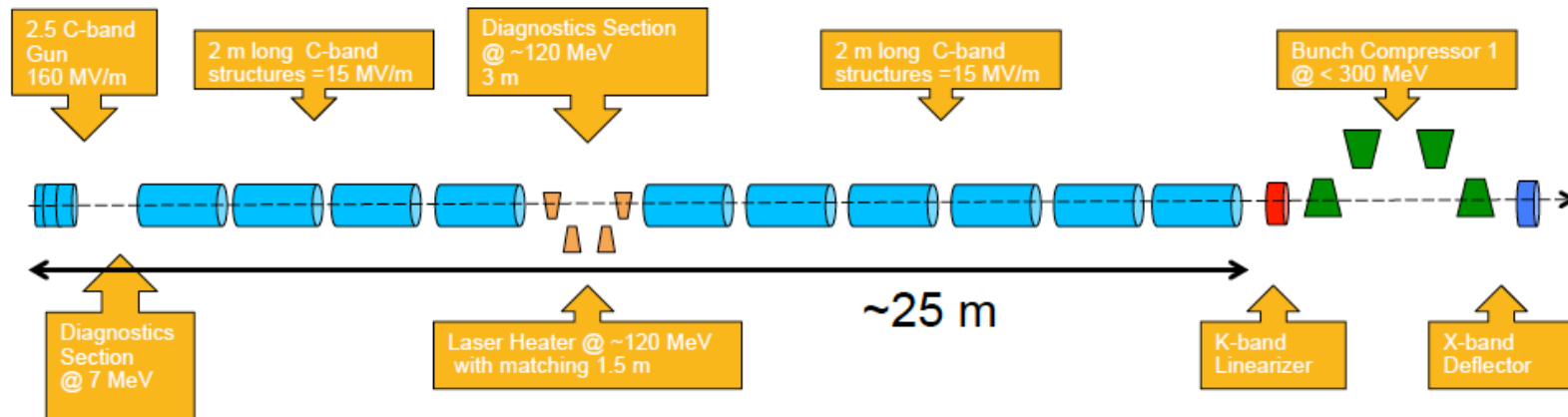


Outline

- The CSR effect has been taken into account for the ultimate layout WP of the machine up to BC1 exit, namely characterized by high repetition rate.
- The results have been obtained on the basis of the layout provided in the XLS-WP6 repository plus the insertion of the LH and 4 more C-band sections, and the 2.6 cell C-band RF-gun has been considered
- Looking at the entrance energy before the chicane, the basis for the C- band acc gradient has been:
 - Low rep rate $E_{acc} = 40 \frac{MV}{m}$
 - High rep rate $E_{acc} = 15 \frac{MV}{m}$ - The latter has been selected as the reference one.
 - Three main entrance energies have been taken into account:
 - 165 MeV- 210 MeV- 287 MeV
- The CSR effect has been studied with the Elegant code tracking 8.4 Mp through the BC1 chicane -a rough convergence test has been carried on-
- The SC effect has been studied with the GPT code tracking 220Kp through the BC1 chicane.
- CSR studies with GPT are ongoing with numerical MBI studies as well

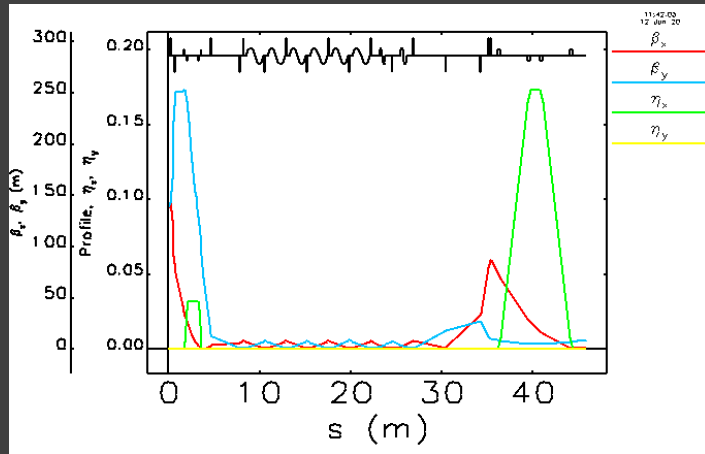
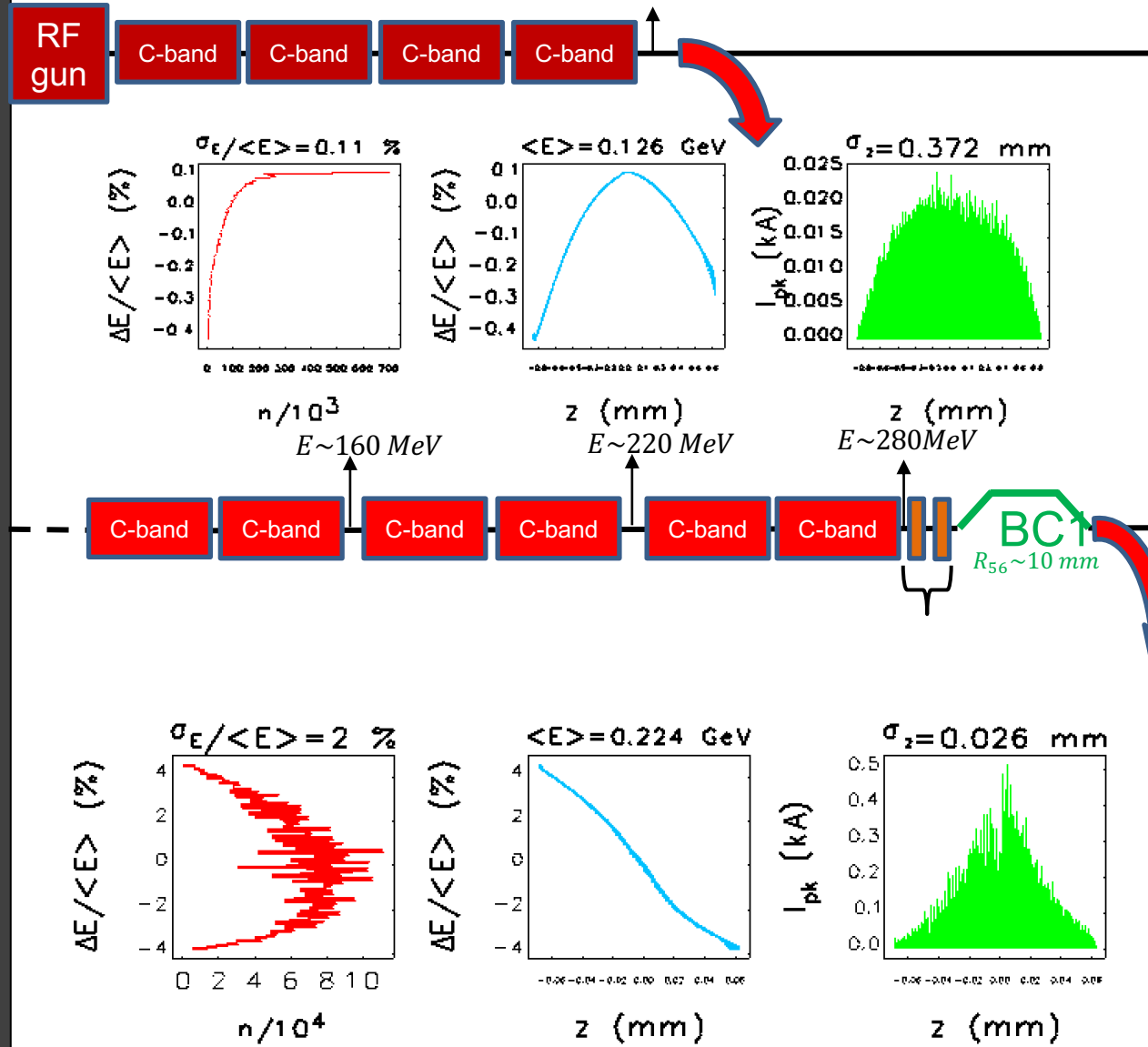
Full C-band XLS Injector Compact

- One injector for all the operational modes (HRR and LRR)
 - 2.5 C-band gun with 160 MV/m cathode peak field => longer drift for diagnostics
 - Copper cathode and TiSa Laser
 - Same gradients 15 MV/m in the 2 m long C-band structures, max gain 30 MeV/structure
 - Same diagnostics positions (@ gun exit 7 MeV and in the drift parallel to the LH @ 120 MeV)
 - Same beam parameters at the linac exit
 - Matching with LH to be determined



- Optimal BC1 input energy (=> and position) to be determined
 - Without Velocity Bunching
 - With Laser Heater less than 2 m long
 - K-band Linearizer just before the BC1, X-band RFD downstream BC1
 - Same beam parameters at the BC1 exit

High rep rate oncrest beam from 2.6 cells PhInjector.

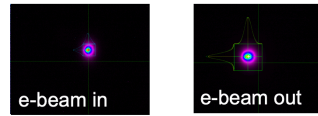
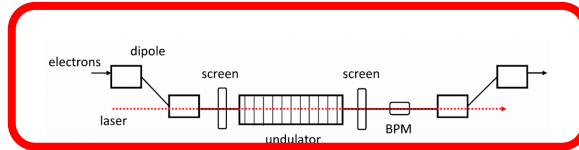




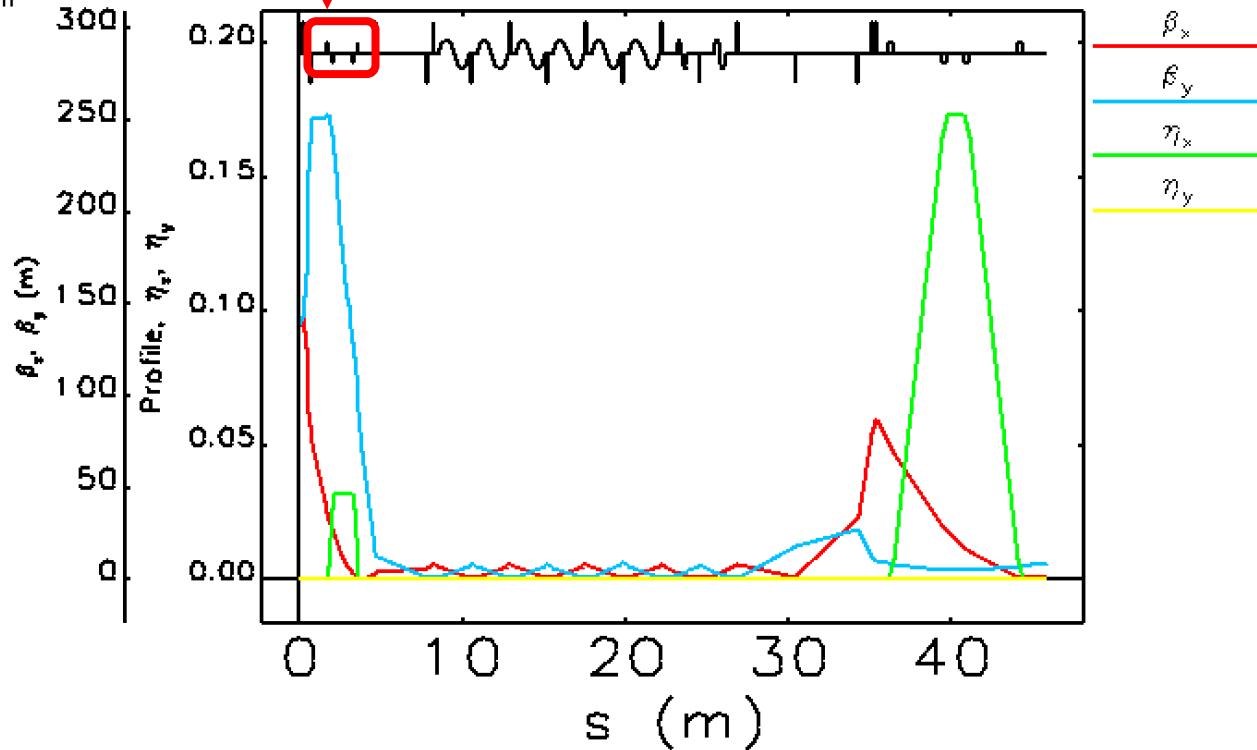
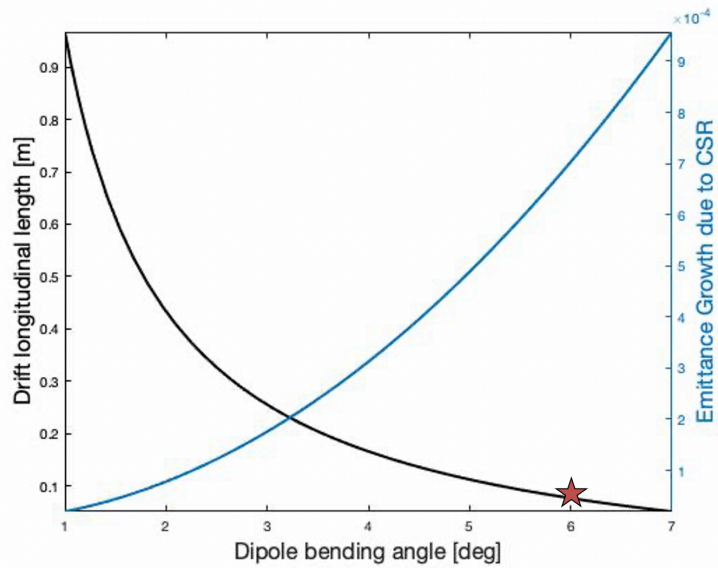
Total length



- Undulator length: $8 \times 3 = 24$ cm
- +
- Screen length: $2 \times 5 = 10$ cm
- +
- Button-BPM length: 3 cm
- +
- Dipole length: $4 \times 10 = 40$ cm
- +
- Drift length: $2 \times 10 = 20$ cm

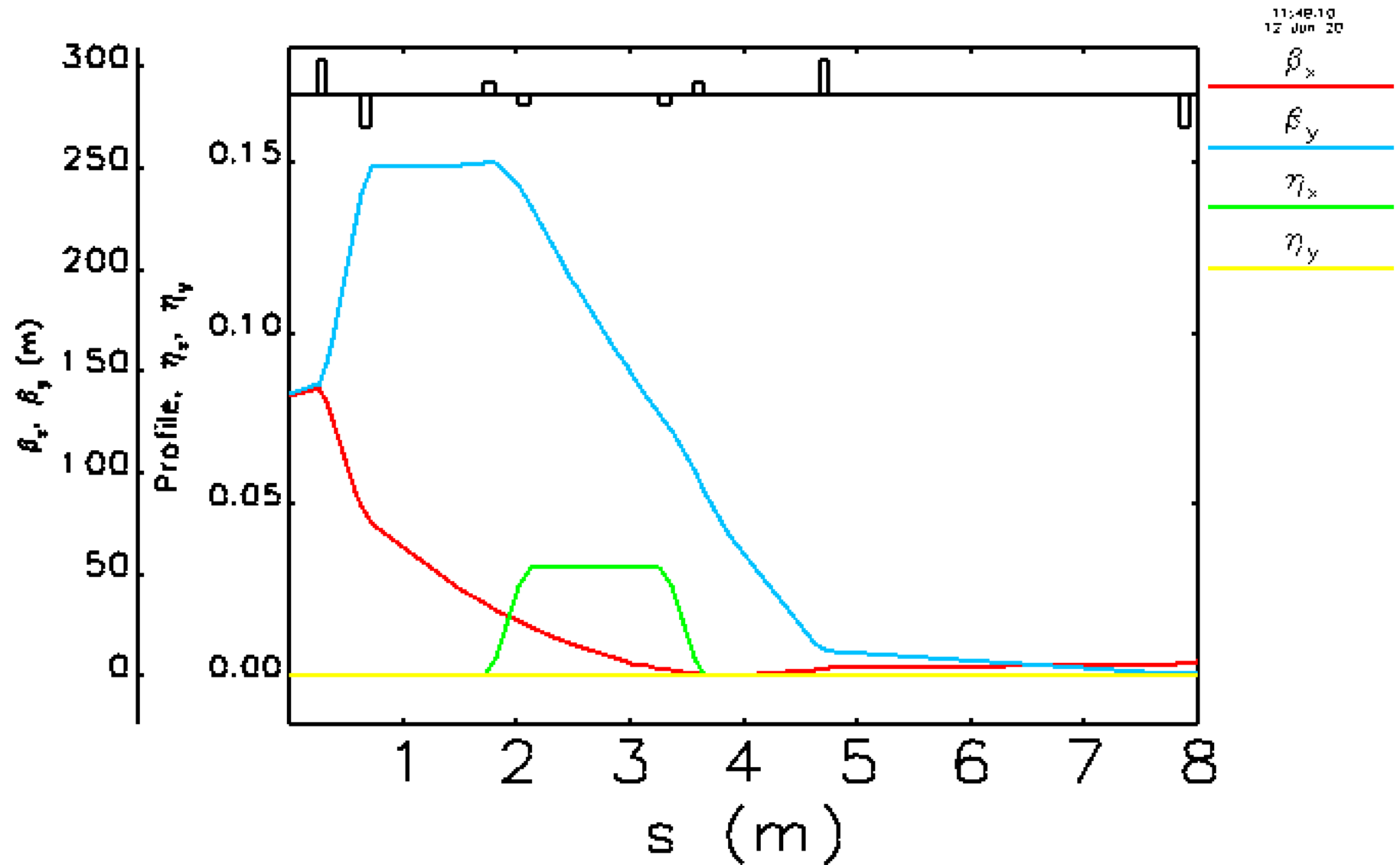


Total LH length ~ 1 m



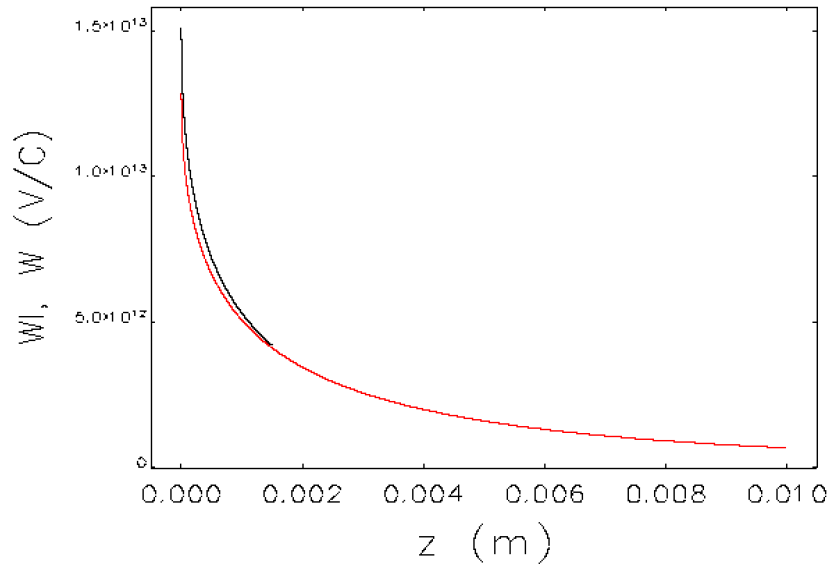


More in detail:

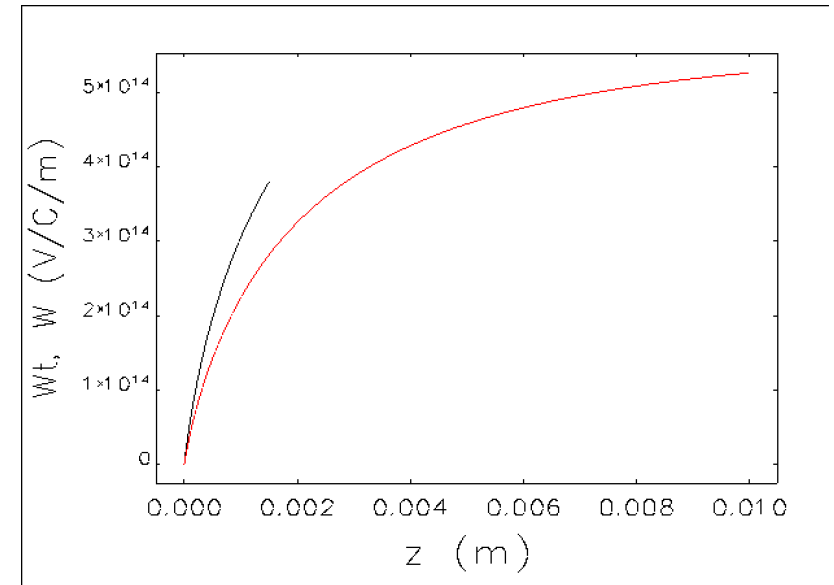




C-band wake comparison



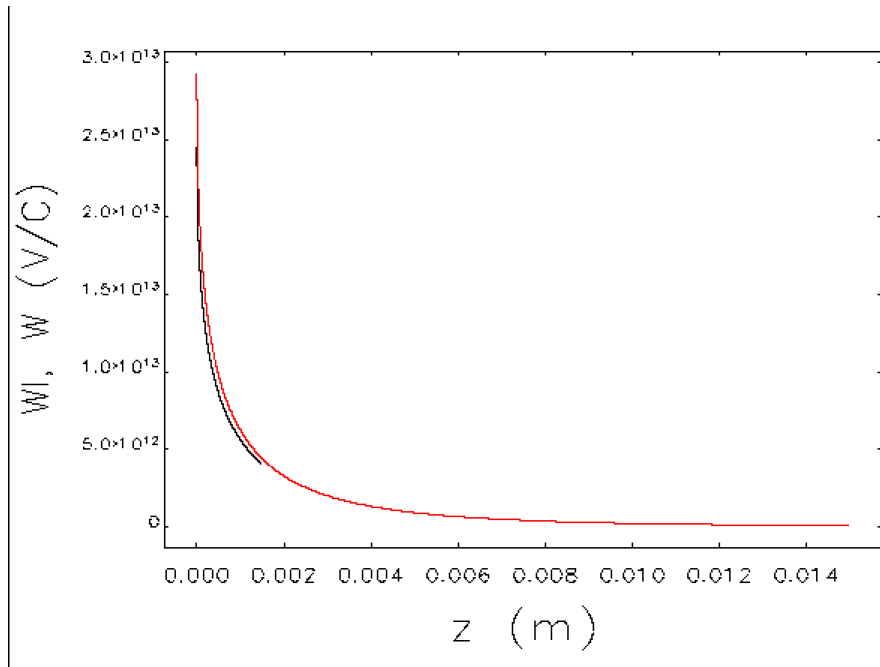
___ mine



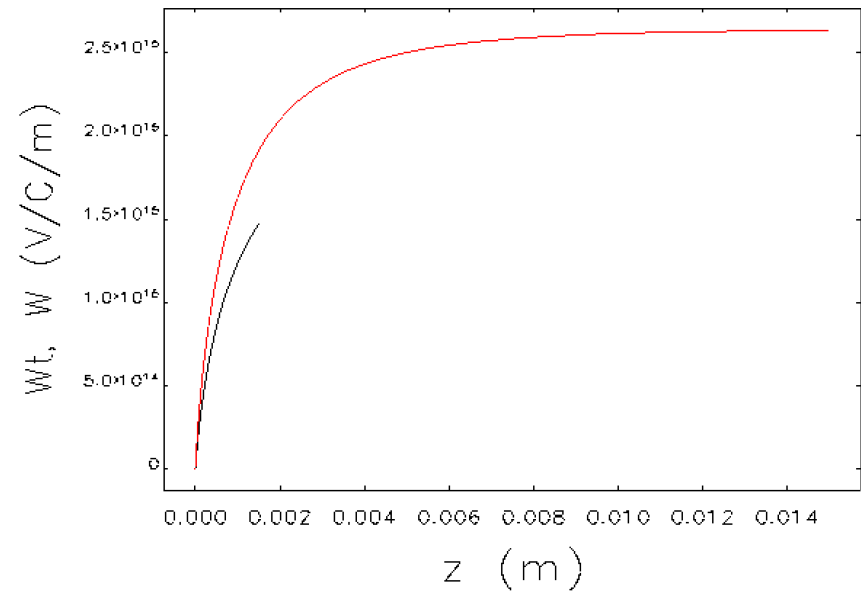
___ mine



X-band wake comparison



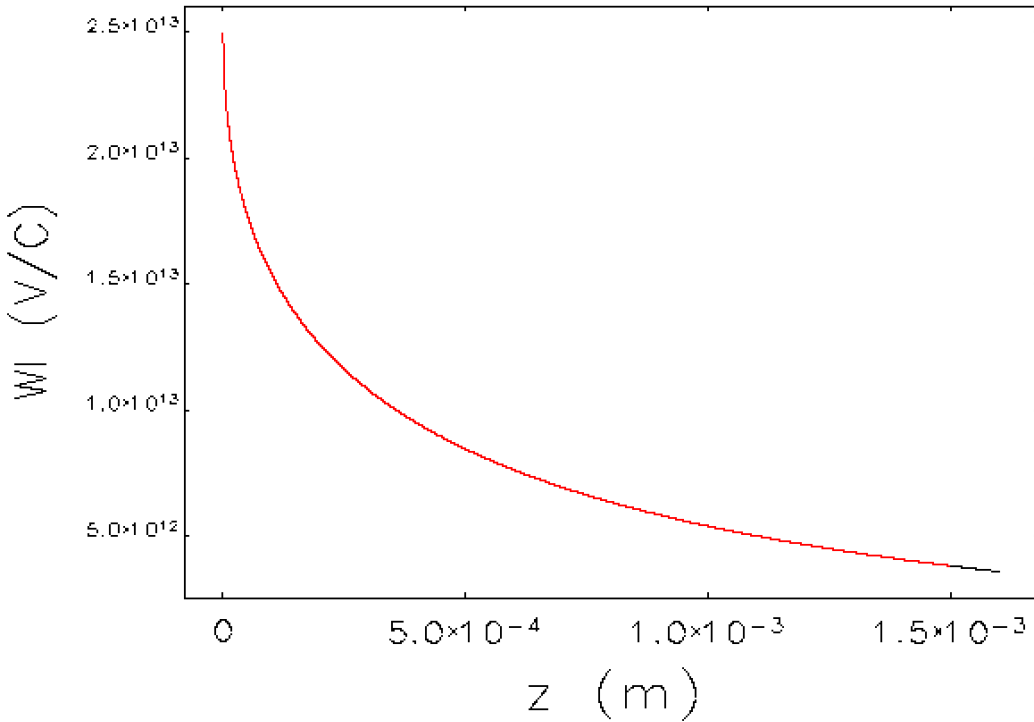
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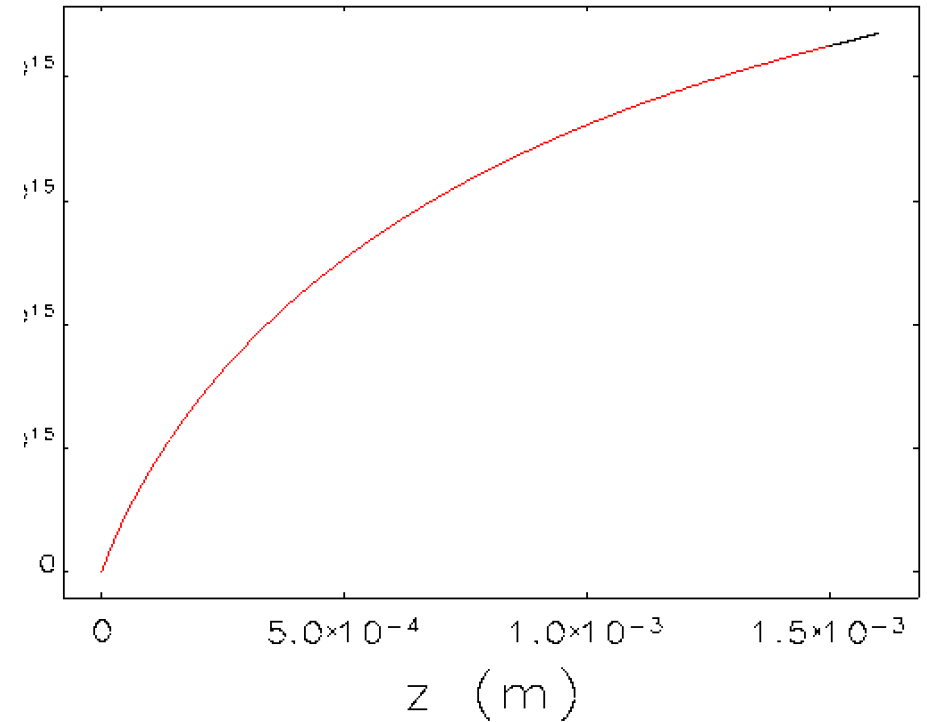
___ mine



K-band wake comparison



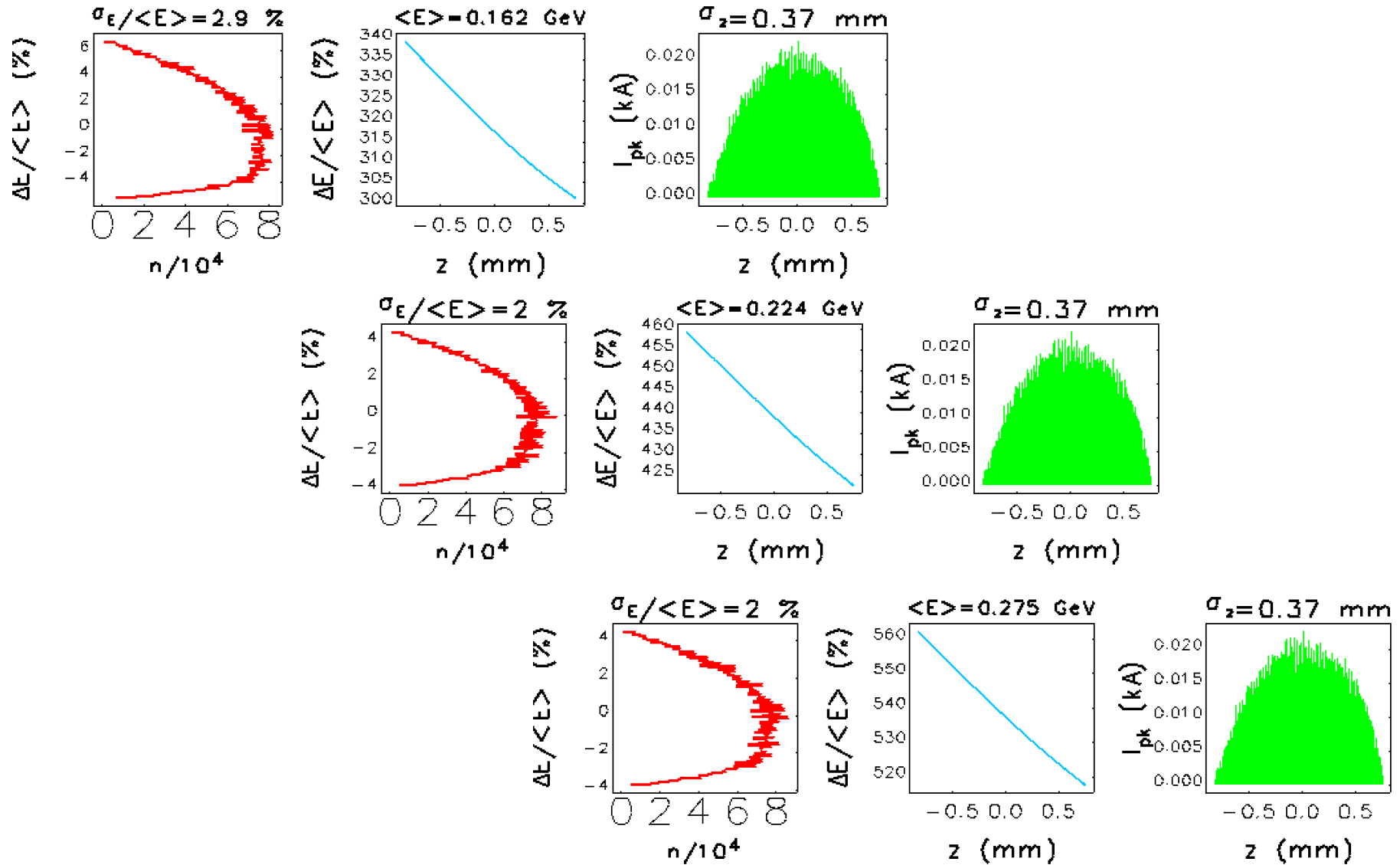
___ mine



___ mine

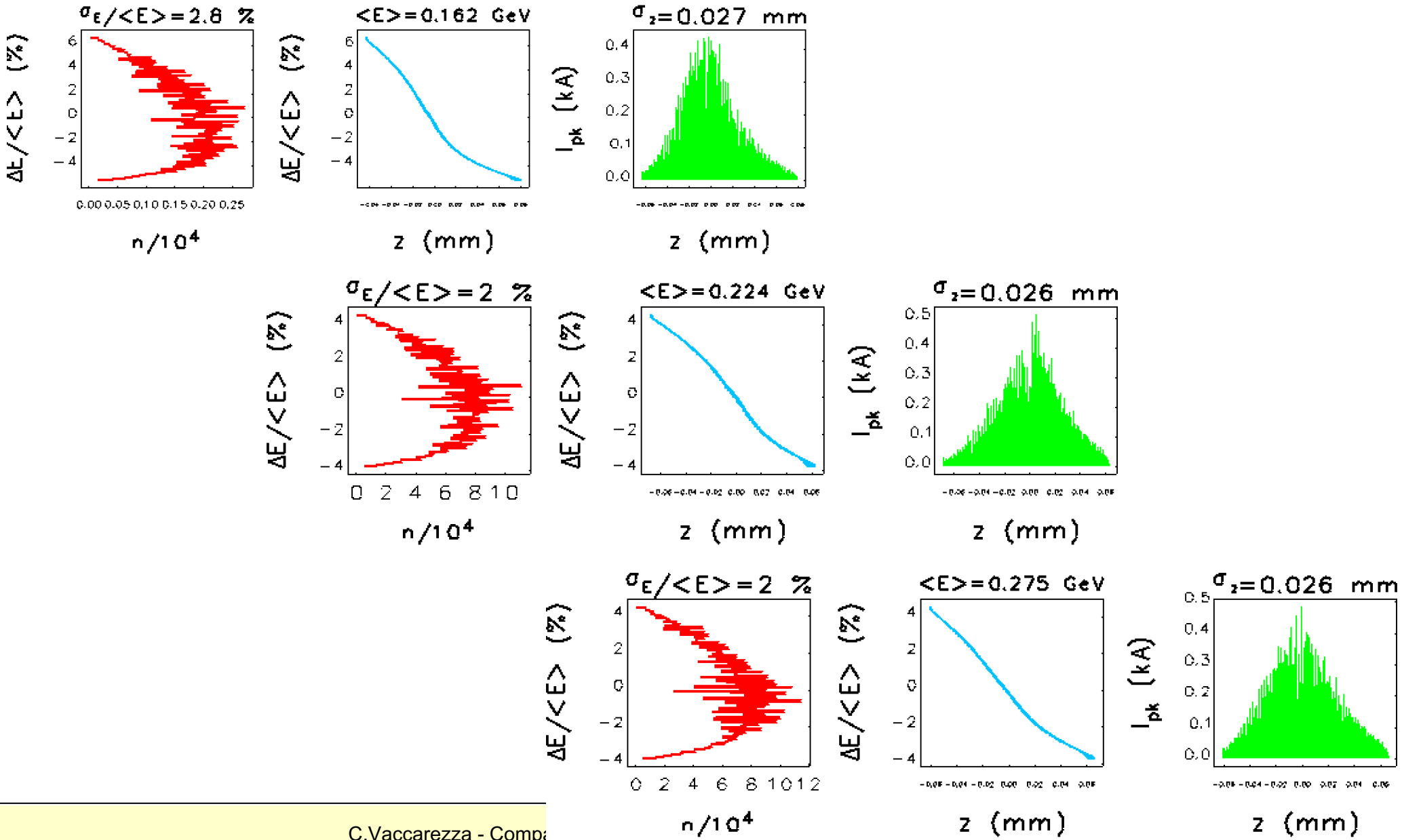


At BC1 entrance:





At BC1 exit:



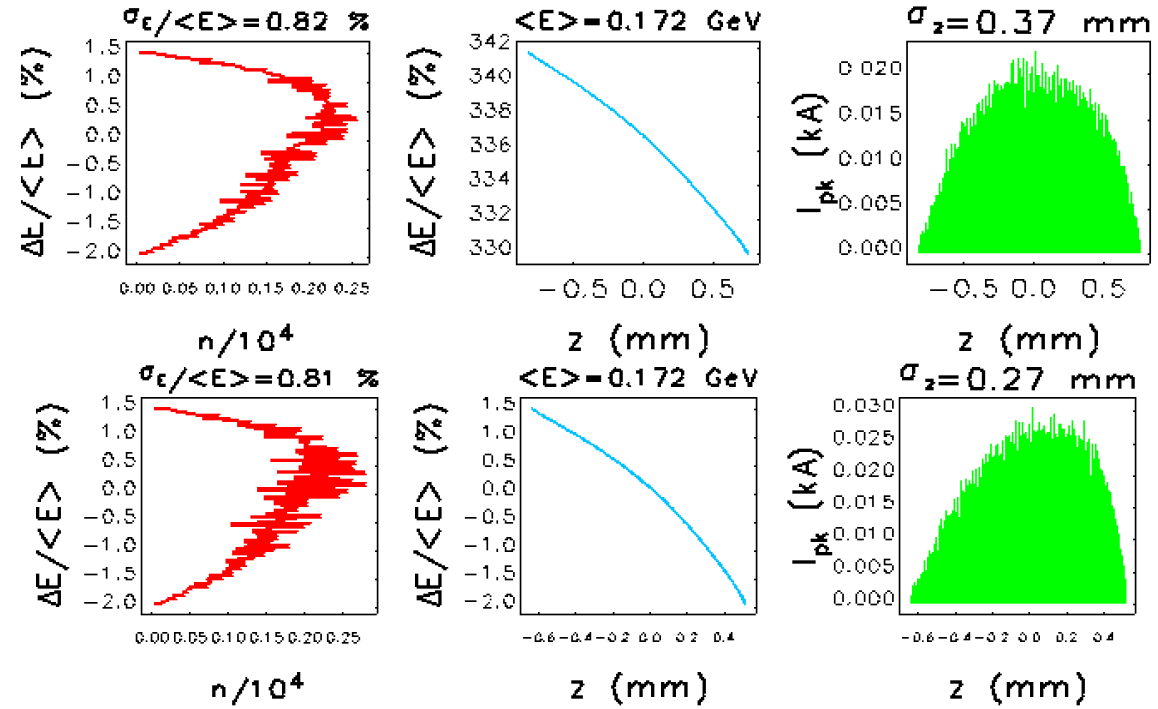


W & WO K band @160 MeV:

K-band off

BC1 in

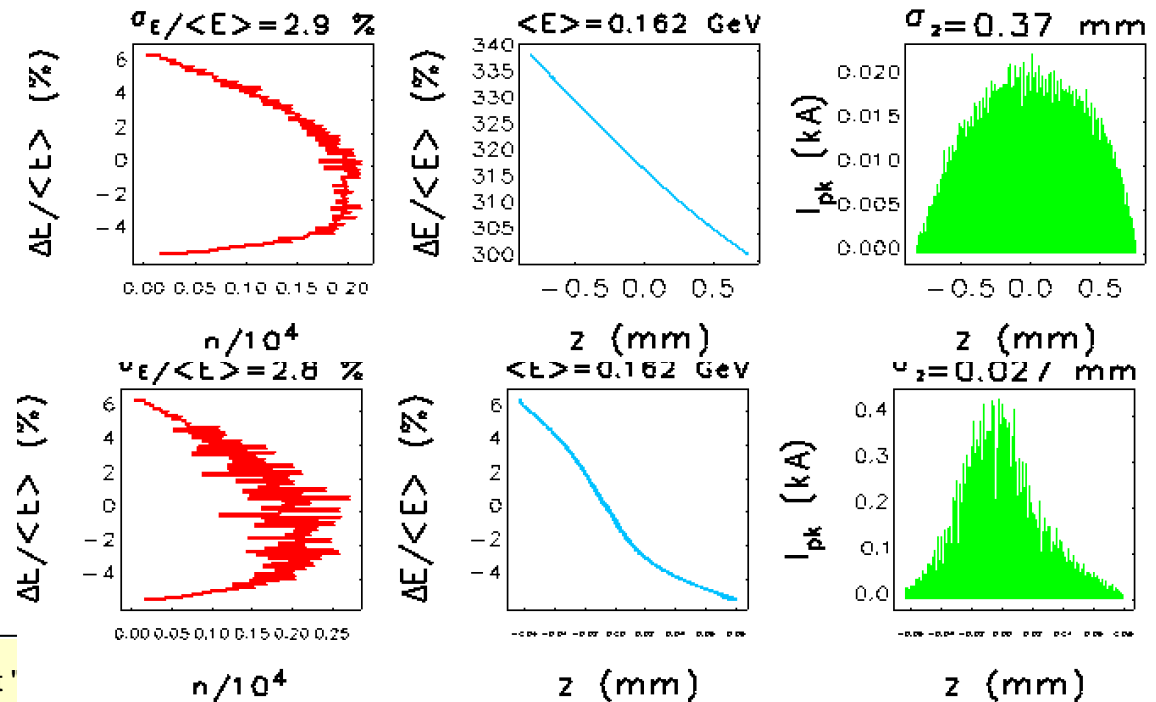
BC1 out



K-band ON

BC1 in

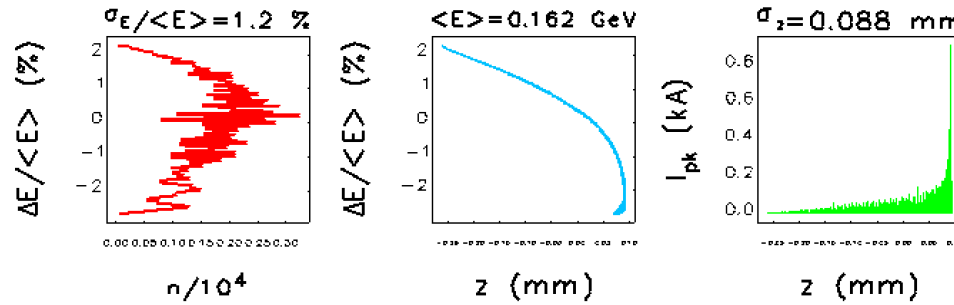
BC1 out



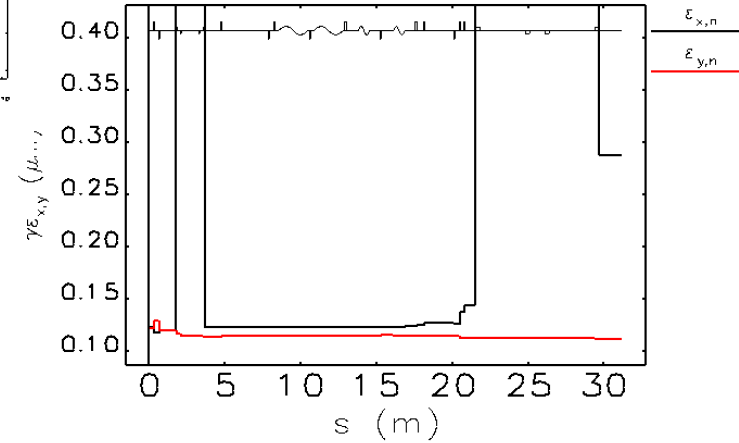


W & WO K band @160 MeV:

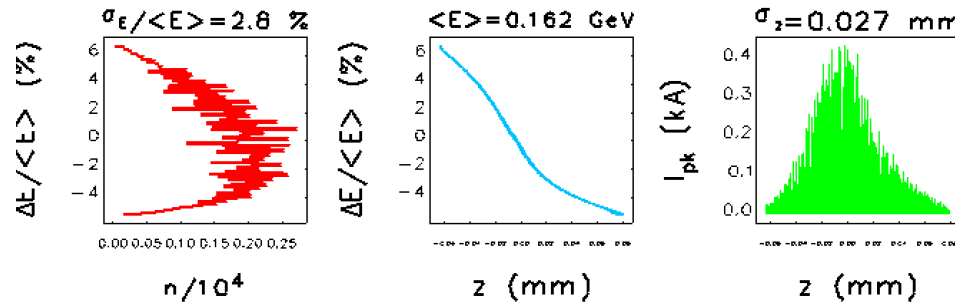
K-band off
BC1 out



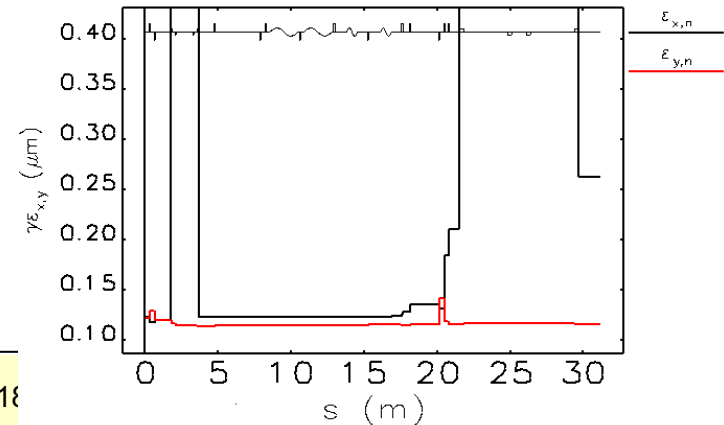
$\theta_B = 0.062$



K-band ON
BC1 out

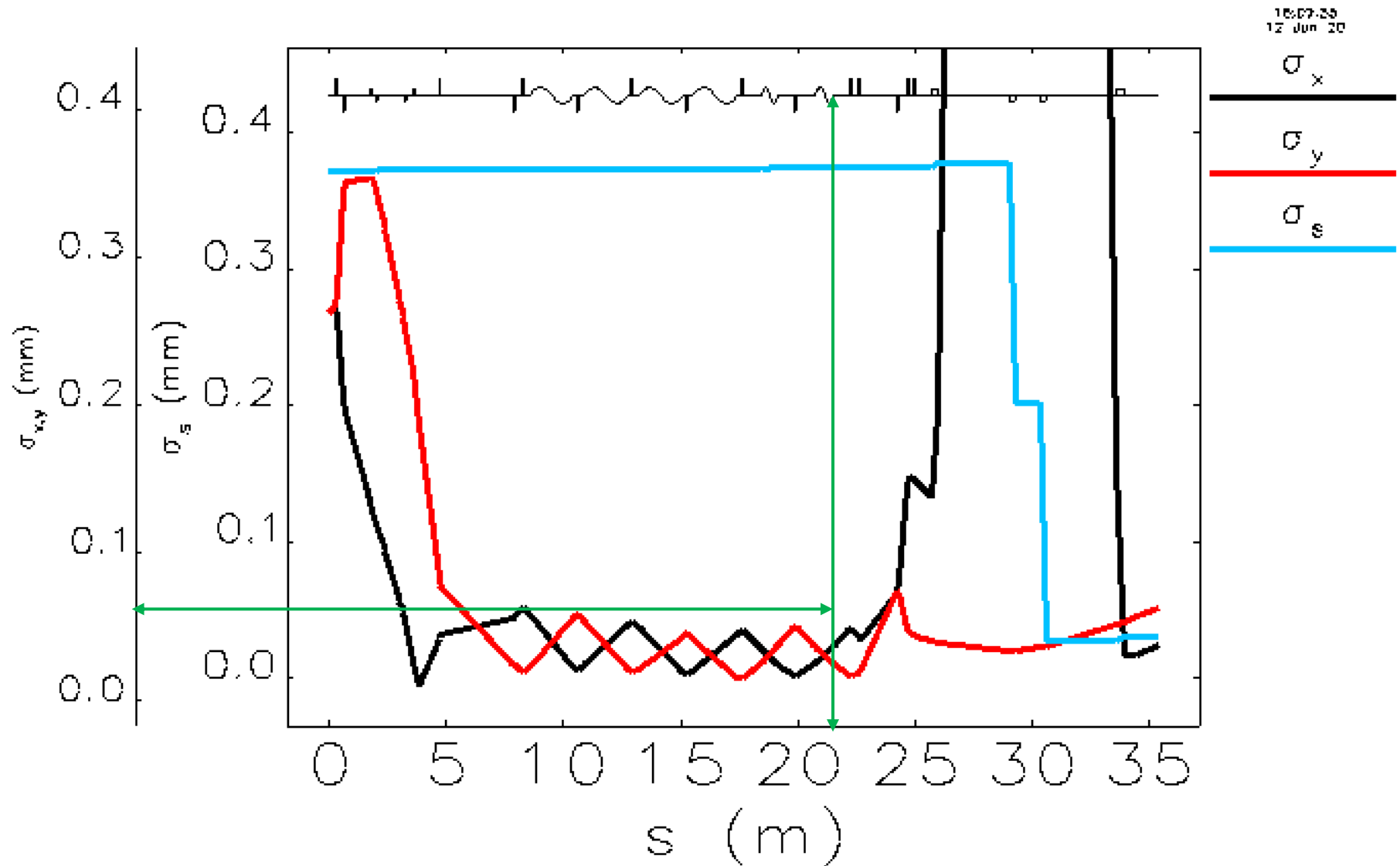


$\theta_B = 0.043$





Beam dimension along the lattice

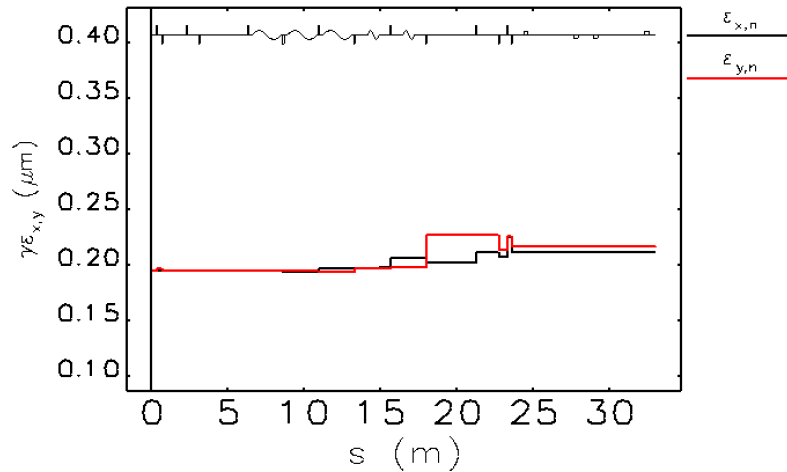




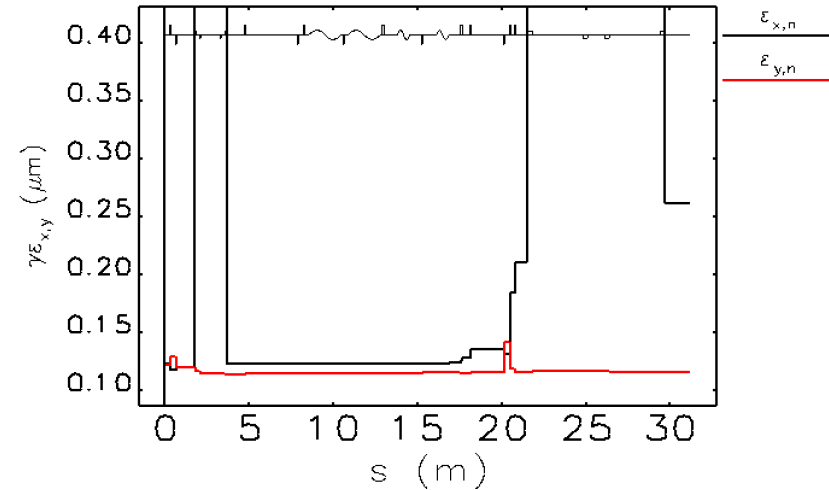
Projected horizontal emittance dilution with Elegant

(8.4 Mp 10Kbin on CSRCSBEND)

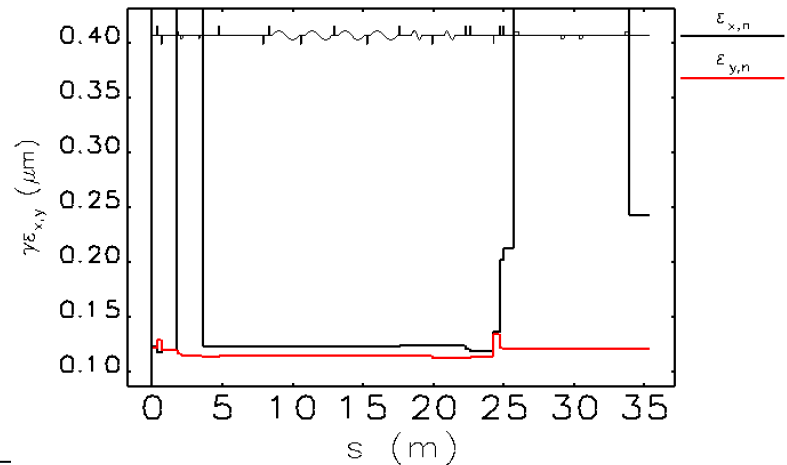
BC1 exit @ 165MeV NOCSR



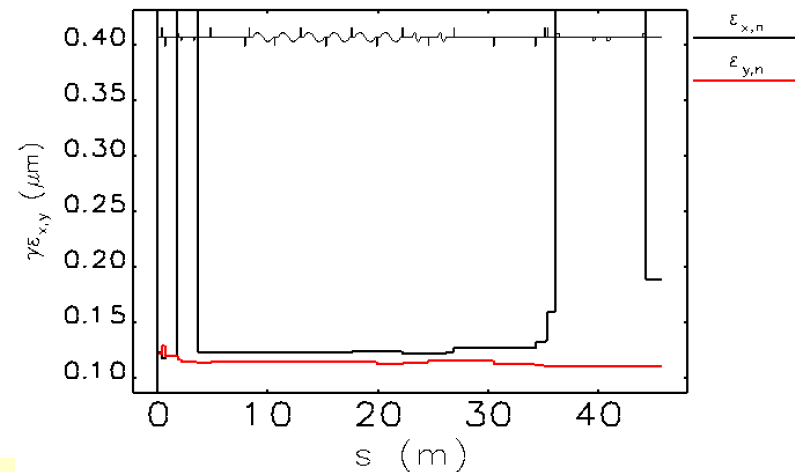
BC1 exit @ 165MeV



BC1 exit @ 220MeV



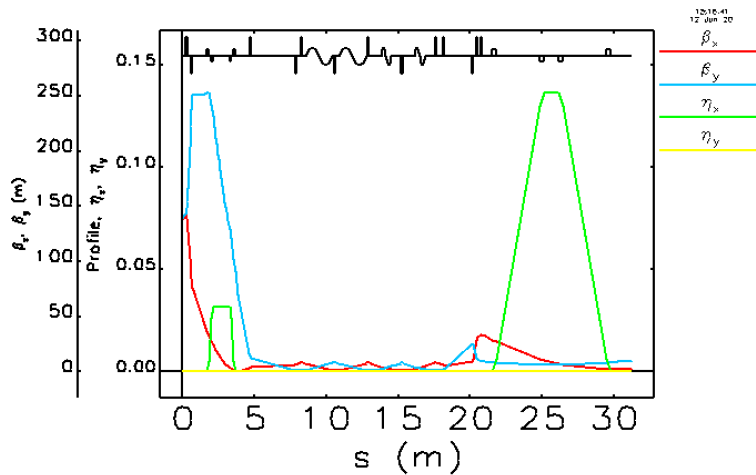
BC1 exit @ 280MeV



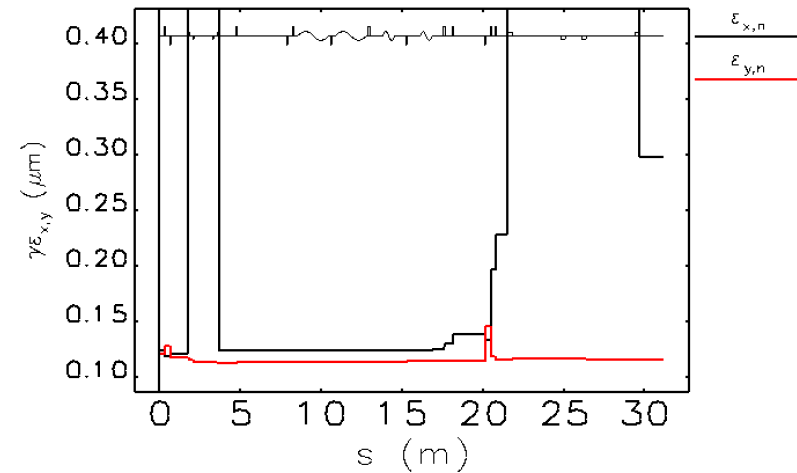


Slice horizontal emittance analys vs »lattice« in CSRCSBEND at 165 MeV

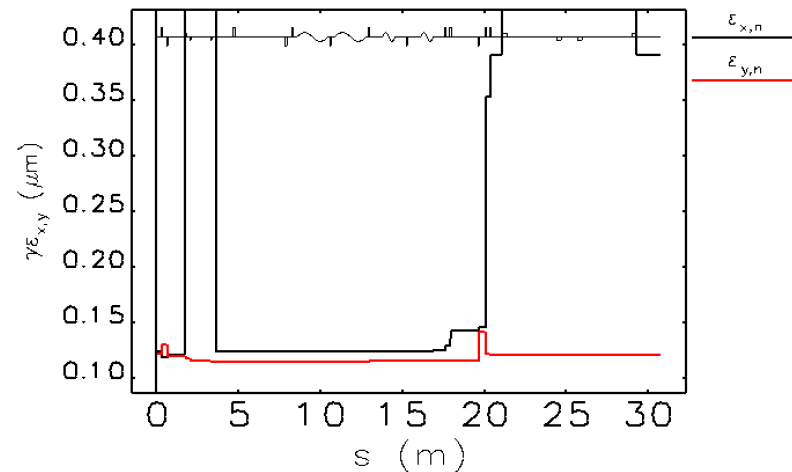
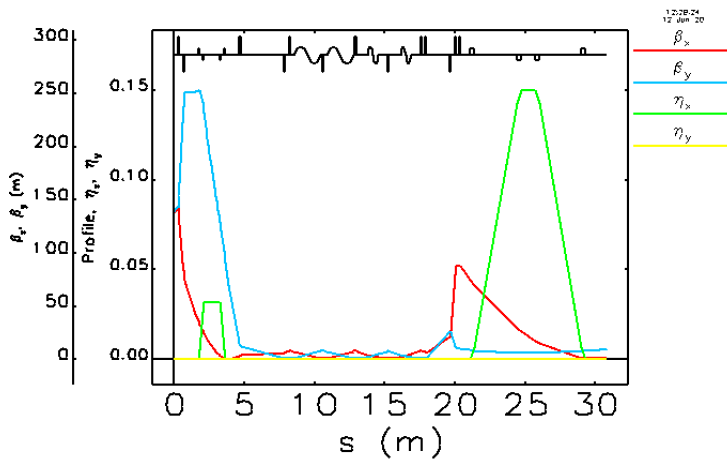
BC1 exit @ 165MeV CSROFF



BC1 exit @ 165MeV CSR ON



Worse with low β_x at the end

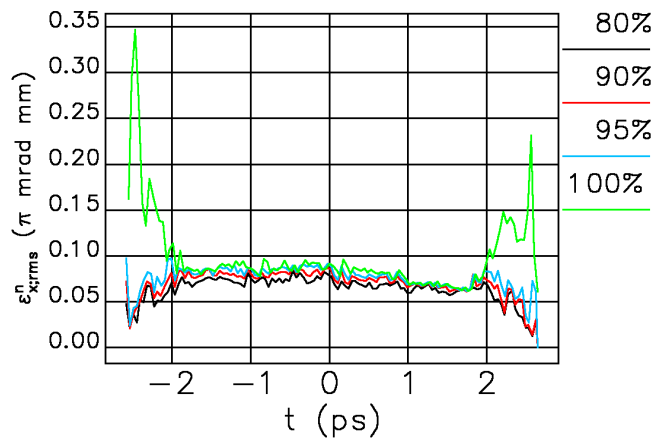




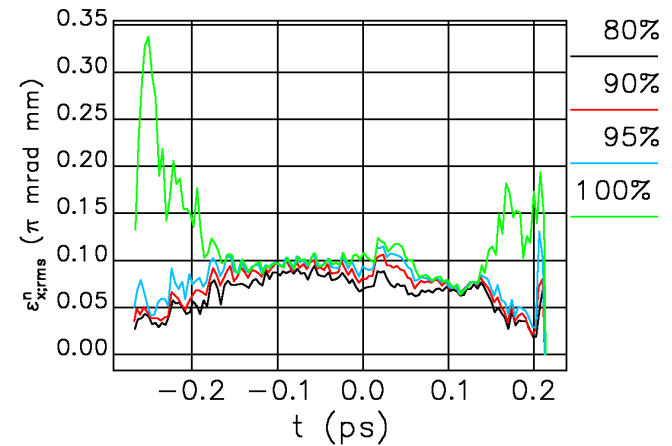
Slice analysis of Hor. Emittance vs energy entrance in BC1

(8.4 Mp 10Kbin on CSRCSBEND)

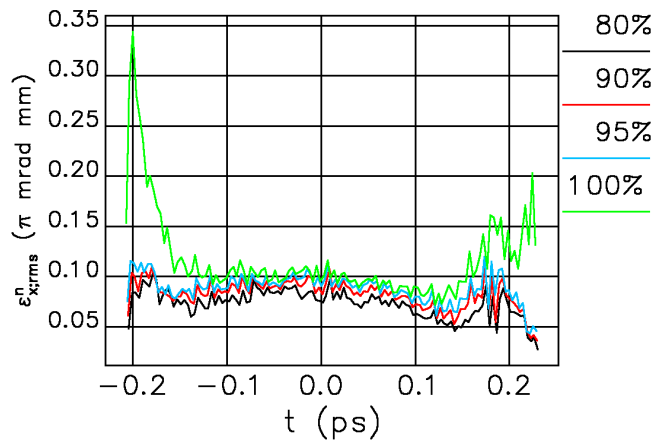
From PhInj



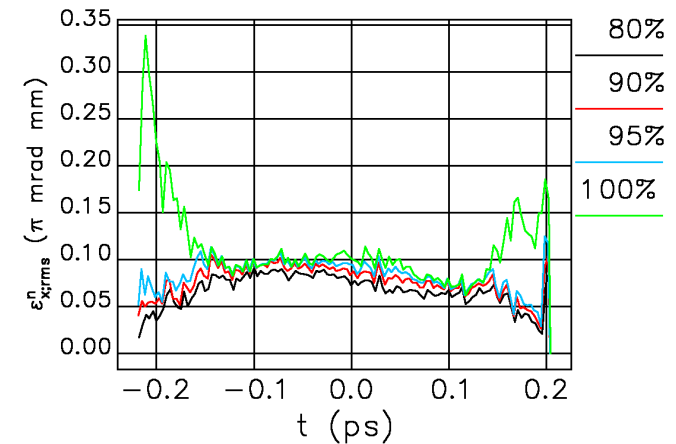
$E_{in} = 160$ MeV



$E_{in} = 210$ MeV



$E_{in} = 280$ MeV





Slice analysis of Hor. Emittance vs energy entrance in BC1

(8.4 Mp 10Kbin on CSRCSBEND)

From PhInj

$E_{in} = 160 \text{ MeV}$

%	Norm. emittance x (pi mm-mrad)	Norm. emittance y (pi mm-mrad)
80	0.08	0.08
90	0.09	0.09
95	0.10	0.10
100	0.12	0.12

%	Norm. emittance x (pi mm-mrad)	Norm. emittance y (pi mm-mrad)
80	0.13	0.10
90	0.15	0.11
95	0.18	0.11
100	0.26	0.12

$E_{in} = 210 \text{ MeV}$

$E_{in} = 280 \text{ MeV}$

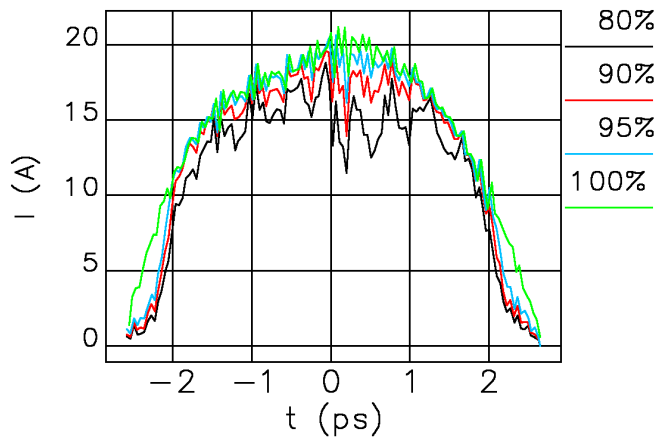
%	Norm. emittance x (pi mm-mrad)	Norm. emittance y (pi mm-mrad)
80	0.14	0.10
90	0.17	0.11
95	0.20	0.11
100	0.24	0.12

%	Norm. emittance x (pi mm-mrad)	Norm. emittance y (pi mm-mrad)
80	0.11	0.09
90	0.13	0.10
95	0.14	0.10
100	0.19	0.11

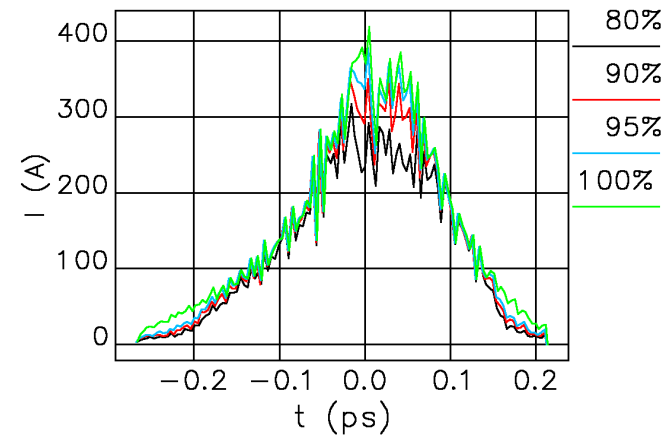


Current Distribution at BC1 exit

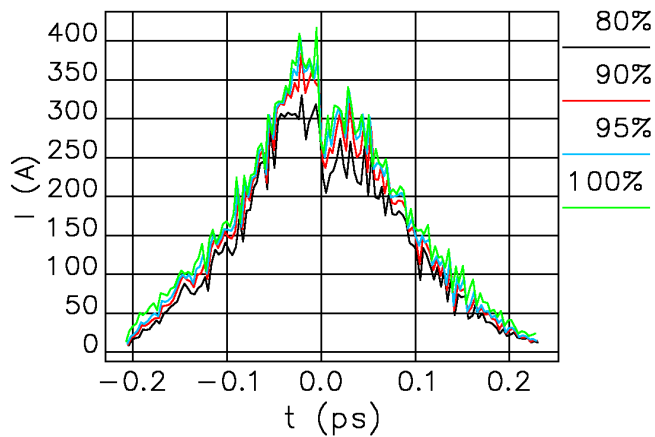
From PhInj



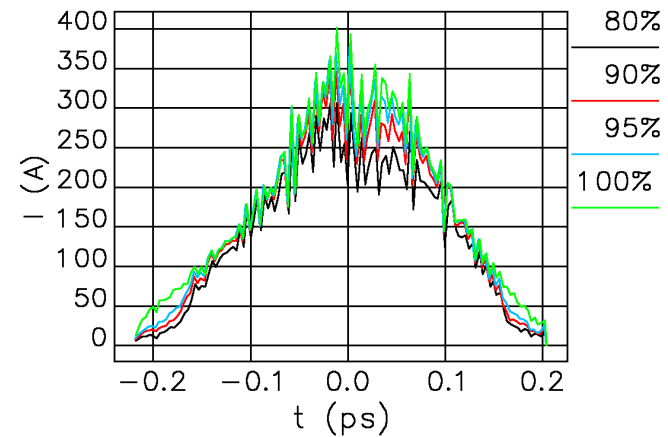
$E_{in} = 160$ MeV



$E_{in} = 210$ MeV



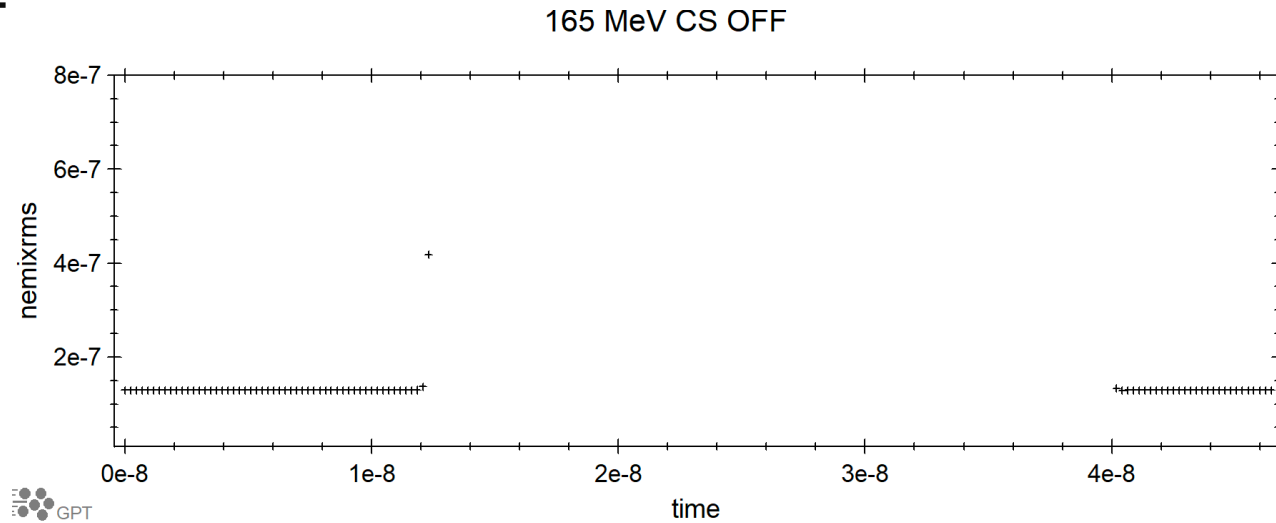
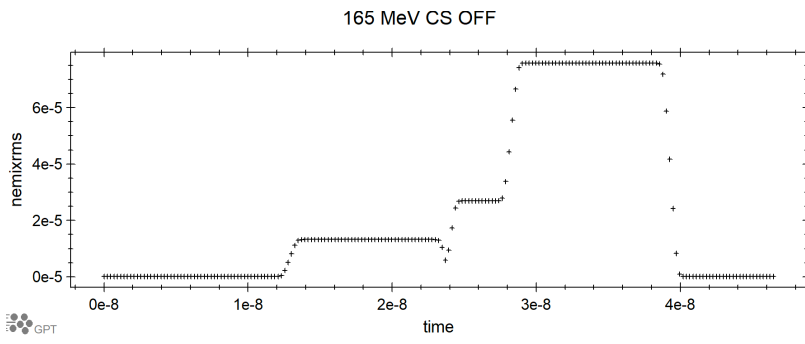
$E_{in} = 280$ MeV



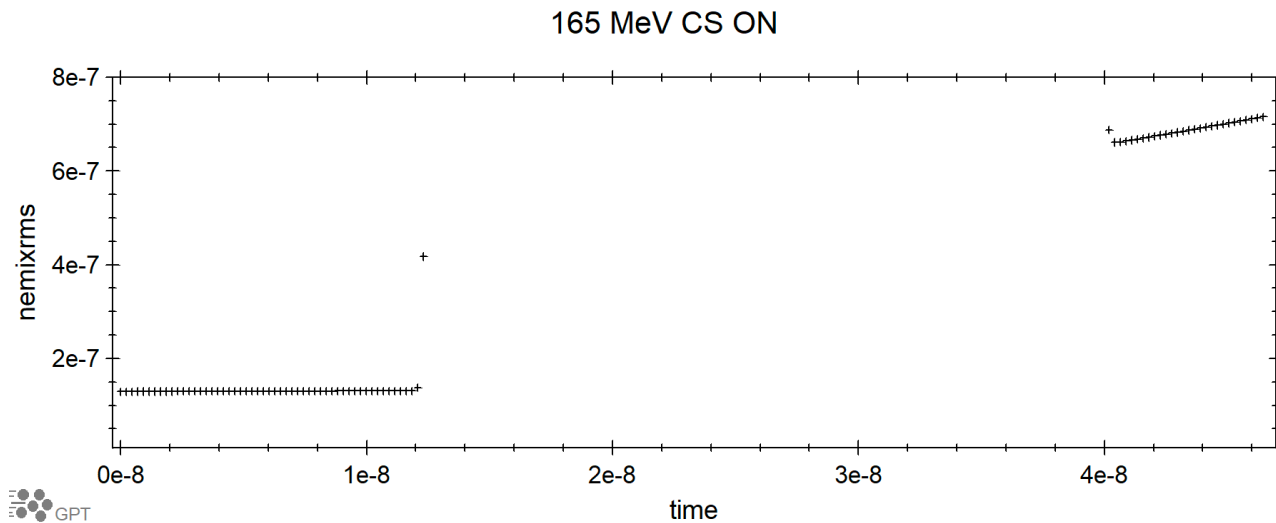
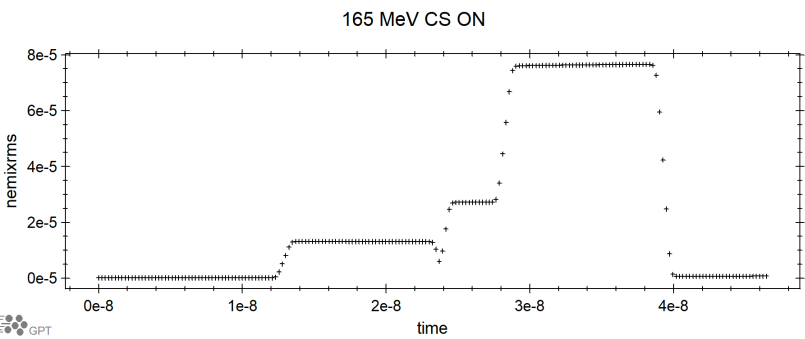


Proj. Hor. Emittance at BC1 exit with SC effect $E_{in}=160\text{MeV}$ (GPT 110kp)

CS OFF



CS ON

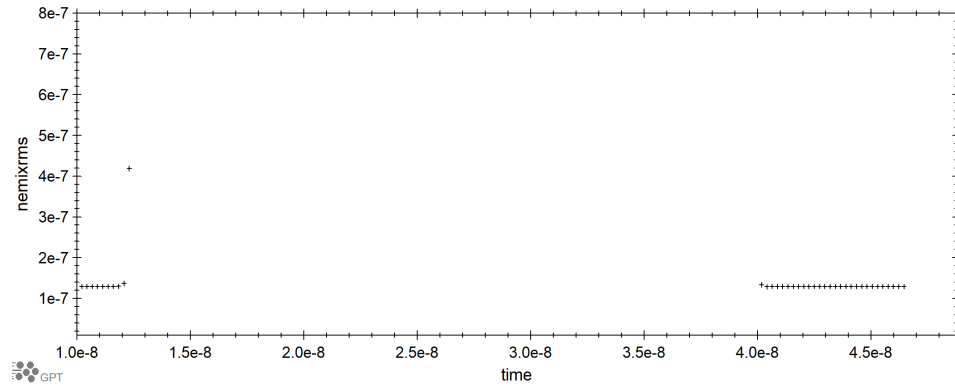




Slice analysis of Hor. Emittance vs energy entrance in BC1 with SC effect. (GPT 110kp)

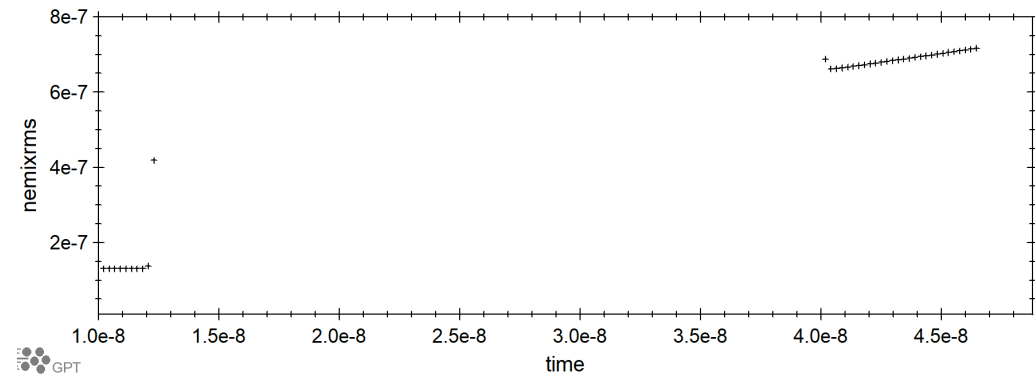
CS_OFF

165 MeV SC OFF



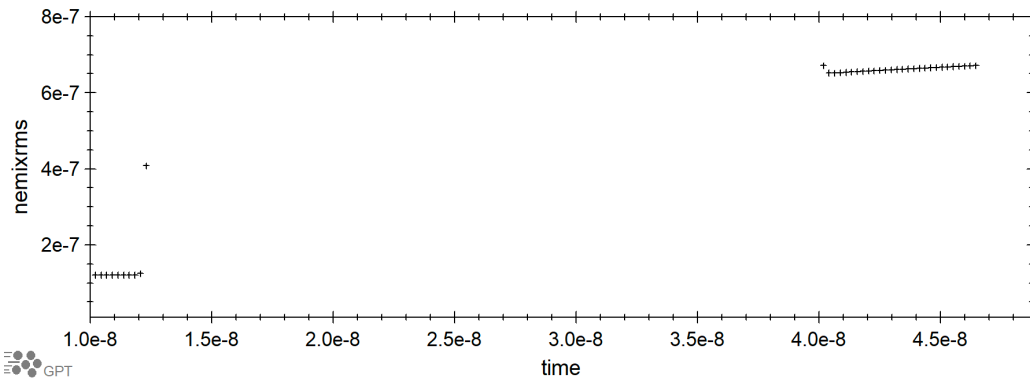
$E_{in} = 160 \text{ MeV}$

165MeV CS ON



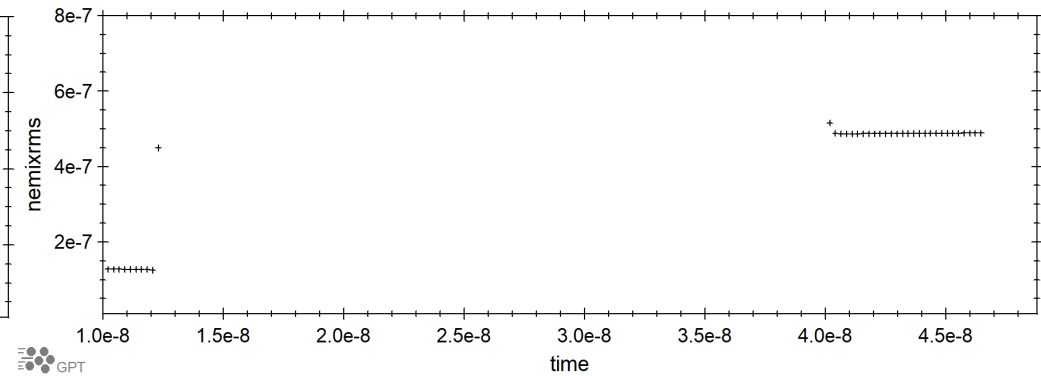
$E_{in} = 210 \text{ MeV}$

210MeV SC ON



$E_{in} = 280 \text{ MeV}$

280 MeV SC ON



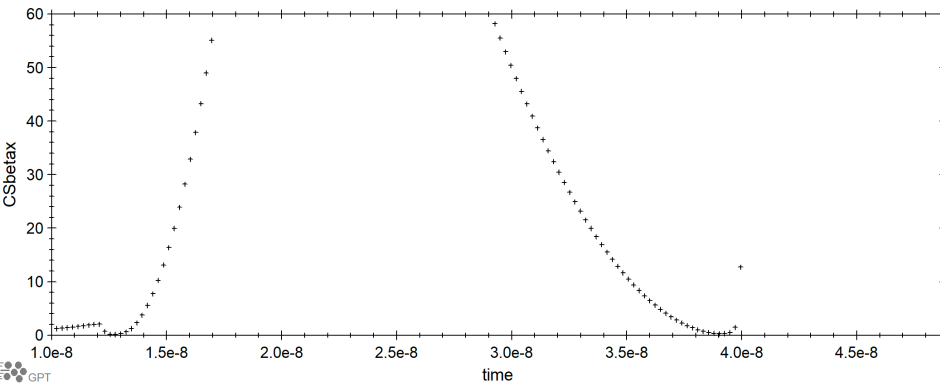


$CS\beta_x$ evolution with SC effect.

(GPT 110kp)

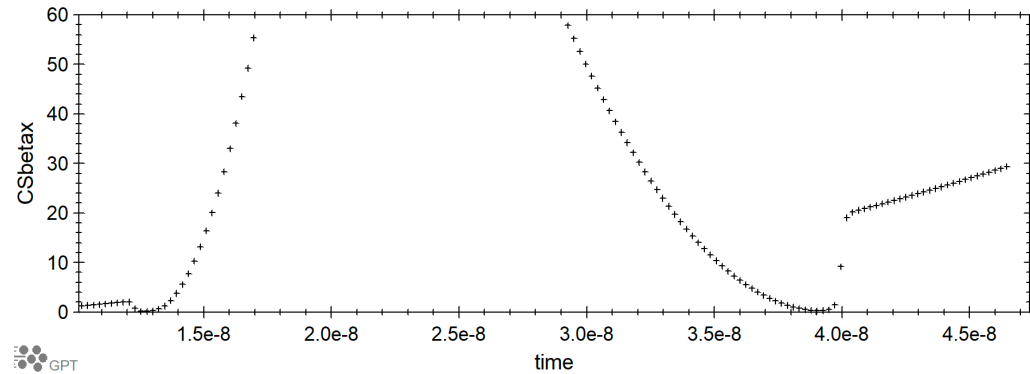
CS_OFF

165 MeV SC OFF



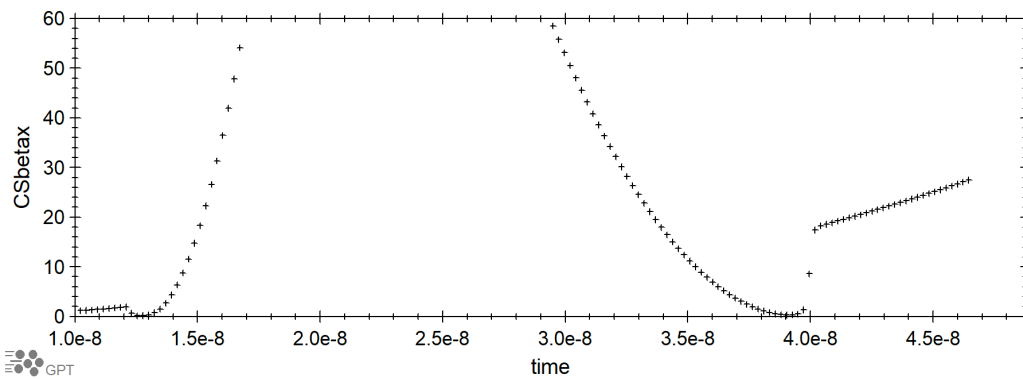
$E_{in} = 160$ MeV

165MeV CS ON



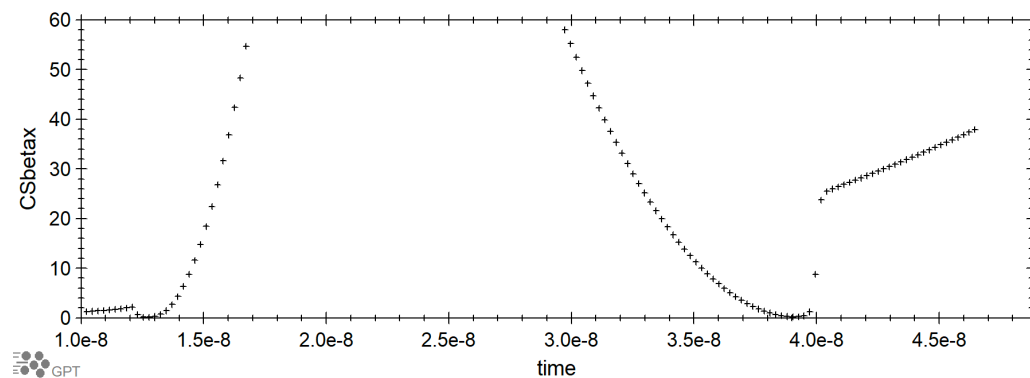
$E_{in} = 210$ MeV

210MeV SC ON



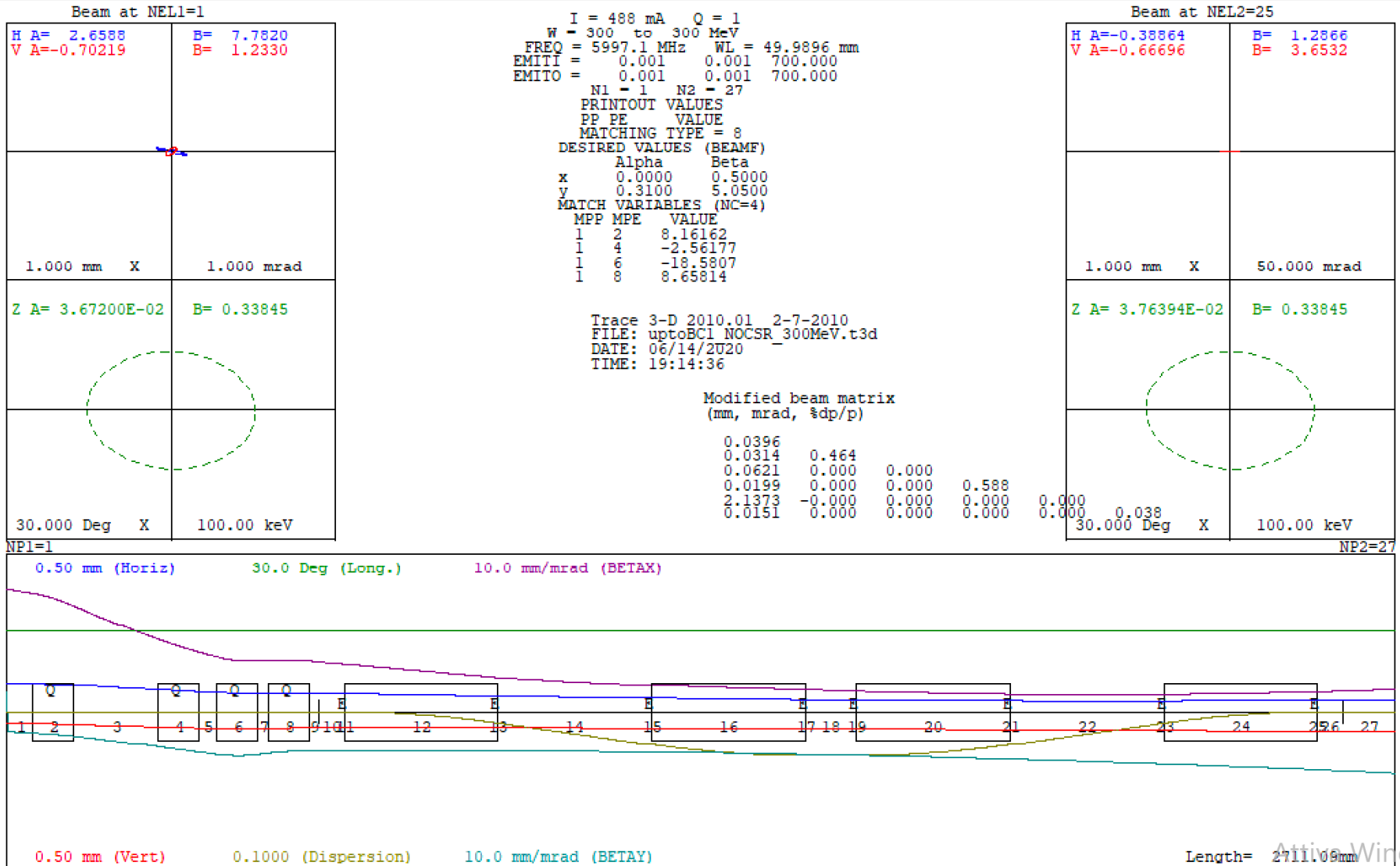
$E_{in} = 280$ MeV

280 MeV SC ON





Matching example with TR3D





Conclusion

- At the lowest entrance energy for BC1:
 - The lower rigidity of the beam makes it more sensitive to the lattice matching,
 - The CSR dilution of the projected emittance is the highest, mainly reflecting the length of the «uniform» beam region
- The SC effect is less severe for the highest entrance energy, and the hor. transverse emittance stops to grow at the exit of BC1



Thank you!

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