

# Development of the beam diagnostics for the IFMIF accelerator

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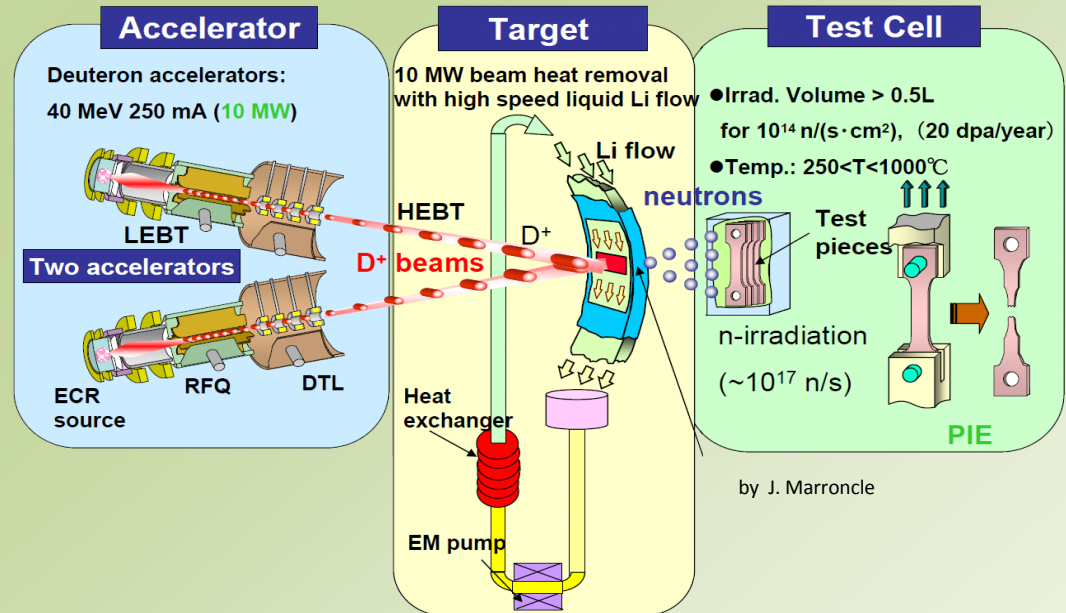


## What is IFMIF ?

❖ *IFMIF* : International Fusion Materials Irradiation Facility

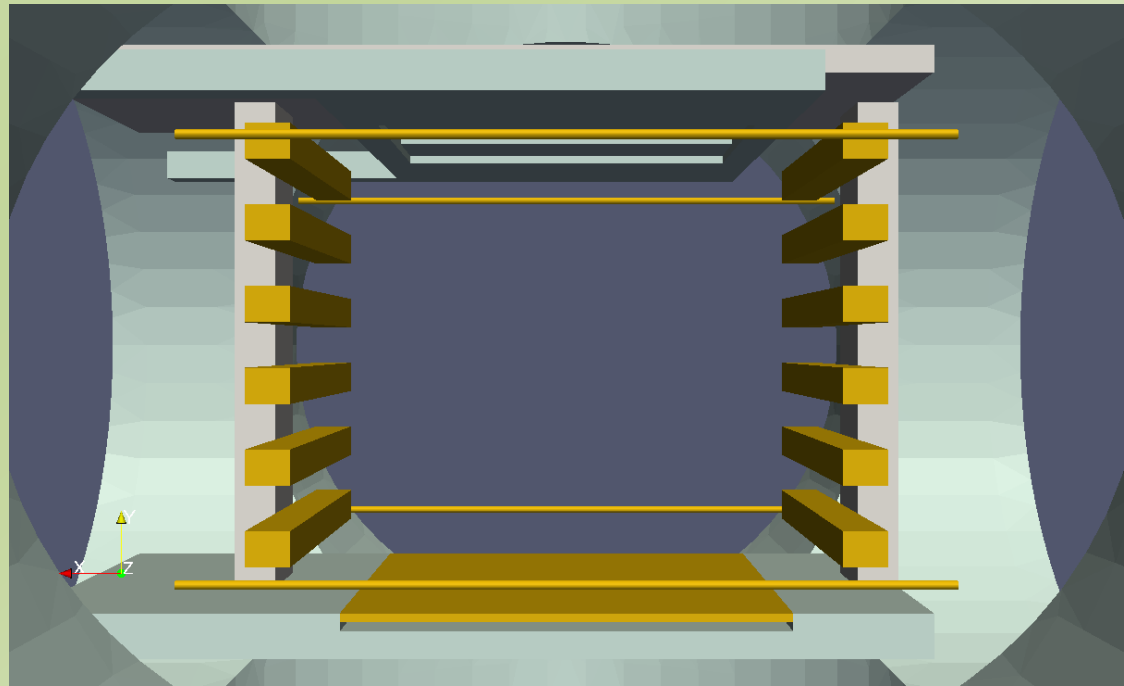
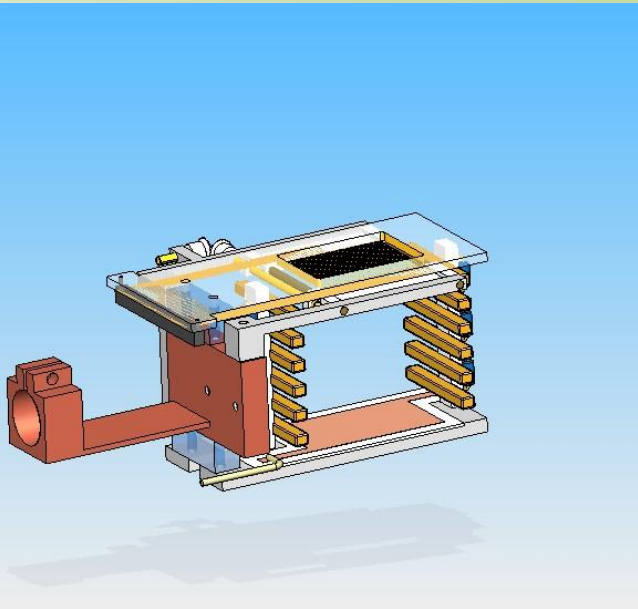
❖ Characteristics of *IFMIF* accelerator:

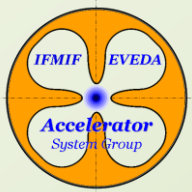
- $E = 40 \text{ MeV}$
- $I_{\text{deuteron}} = 2 \times 125 \text{ mA (cw)}$
- $P = 10 \text{ MW}$



### *Residual Gas Ionisation Beam Profile Monitor*

- ❖ 6 degrader pairs generate electric field of ca. 100 kV/m
- ❖ 32 strips collecting ionisation electrons
- ❖ Sliding windows to limit effective area on strips



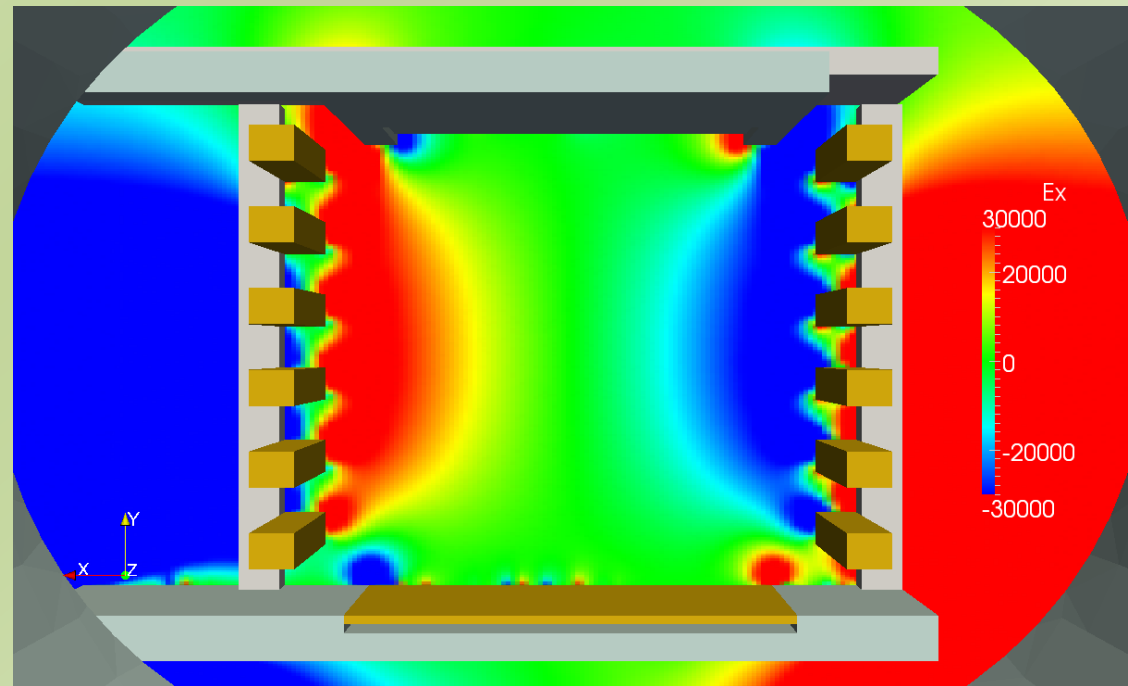


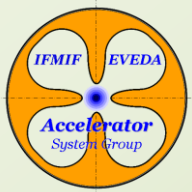
## *Electric Field Homogeneity*

- ❖ Central detector plane perpendicular to the beam
- ❖ Vertical electric field component in color

Original detector design:

Electric fields within  $\pm 30$  kV/m



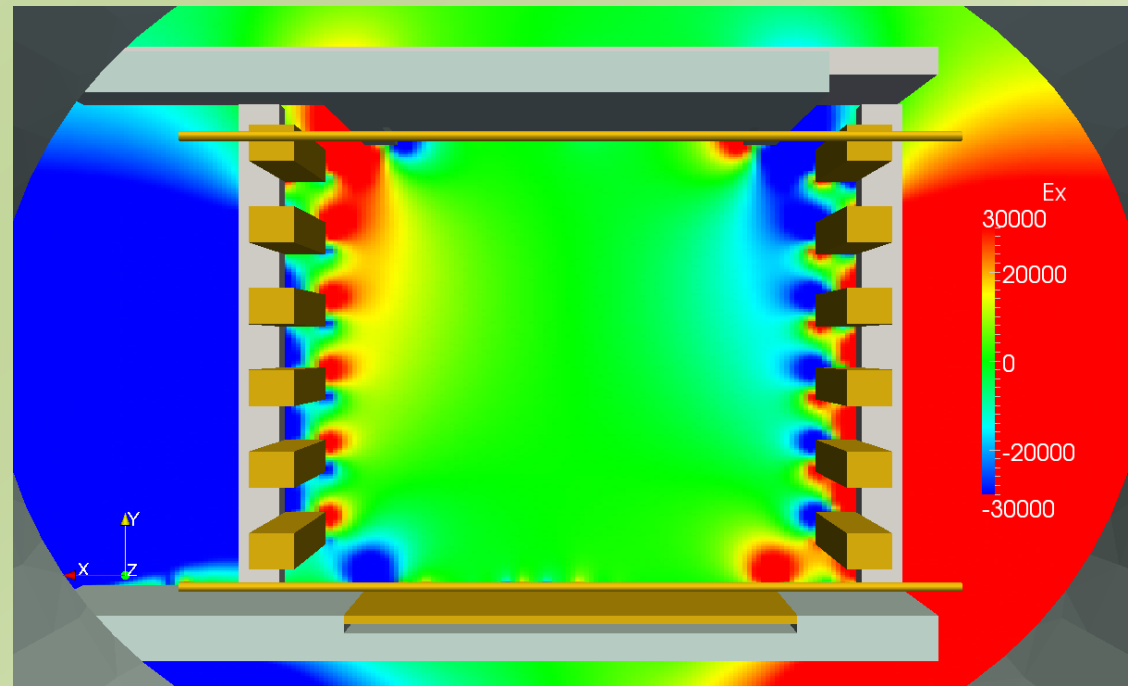


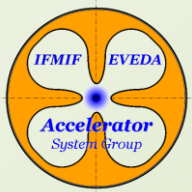
## *Electric Field Homogeneity*

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- ❖ Vertical electric field component in color

### Wire attachment:

Electric fields within  $\pm 10$  kV/m



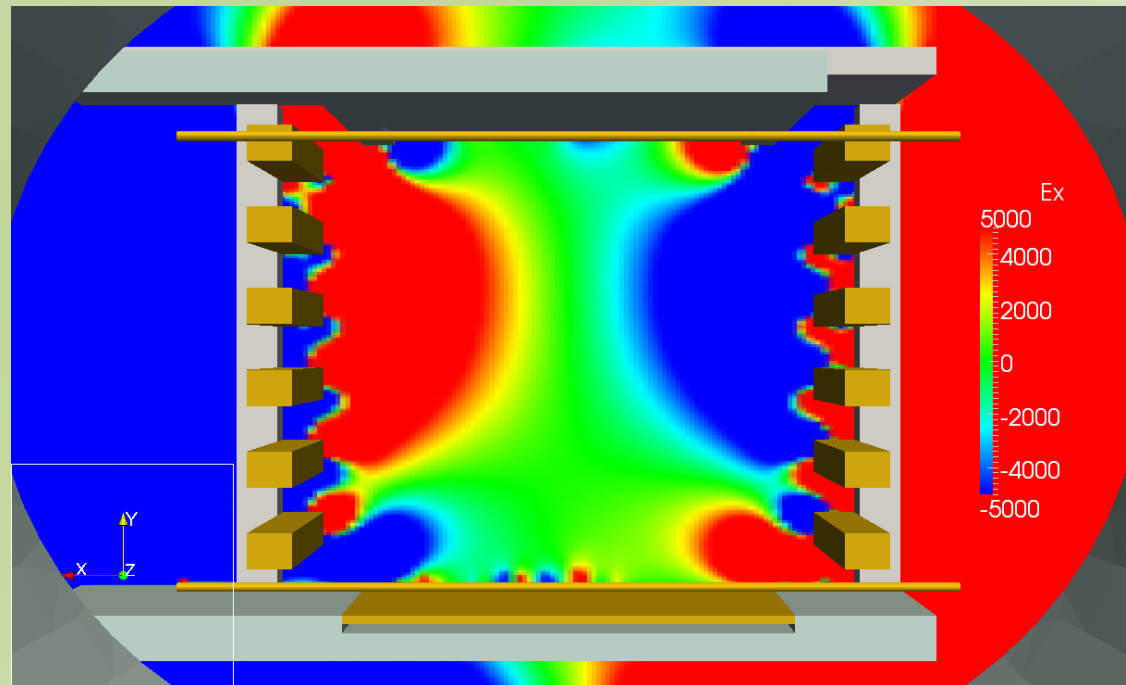


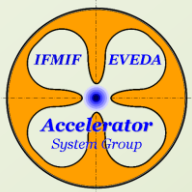
## *Electric Field Homogeneity*

- ❖ Central detector plane perpendicular to the beam
- ❖ Vertical electric field component in color

Wire attachment:

Electric fields within  $\pm 10$  kV/m



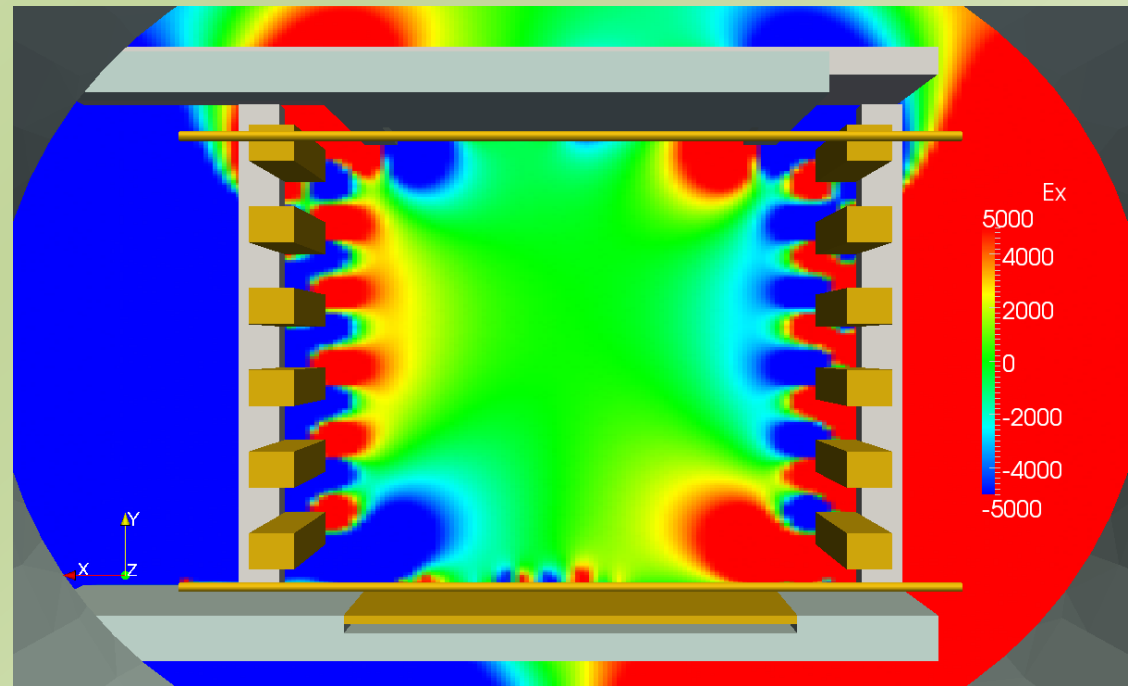


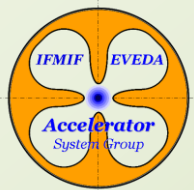
## *Electric Field Homogeneity*

- ❖ Central detector plane perpendicular to the beam
- ❖ Vertical electric field component in color

Original detector design:

Electric fields within  $\pm 3$  kV/m





### *Conclusion & Outlook*

Wire attachment & degrader voltage optimisation

⇒ Electric field homogeneity improved by one order of magnitude

Test measurements at GSI in April and May

Implementation of beam, residual gas, ionisation particles, SEM-electrons, etc.