



# Quantifying DNA Damage in Comet Assay images using Neural Networks

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Fast Machine Learning Workshop,  
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Science & Technology  
Facilities Council

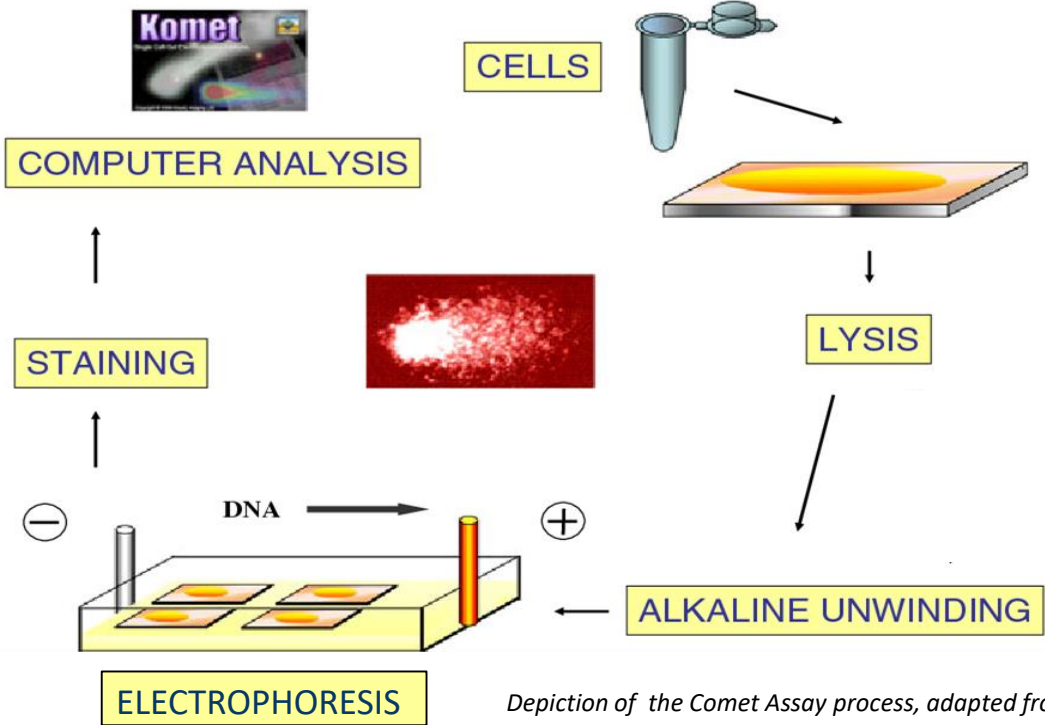


# Overview

- Comet Assay
  - Measure DNA damage
- Program to automatically quantify damage
  - Incorporating NN for instance segmentation
  - Issues data available
- MC simulation of comet assay images

# Comet Assay

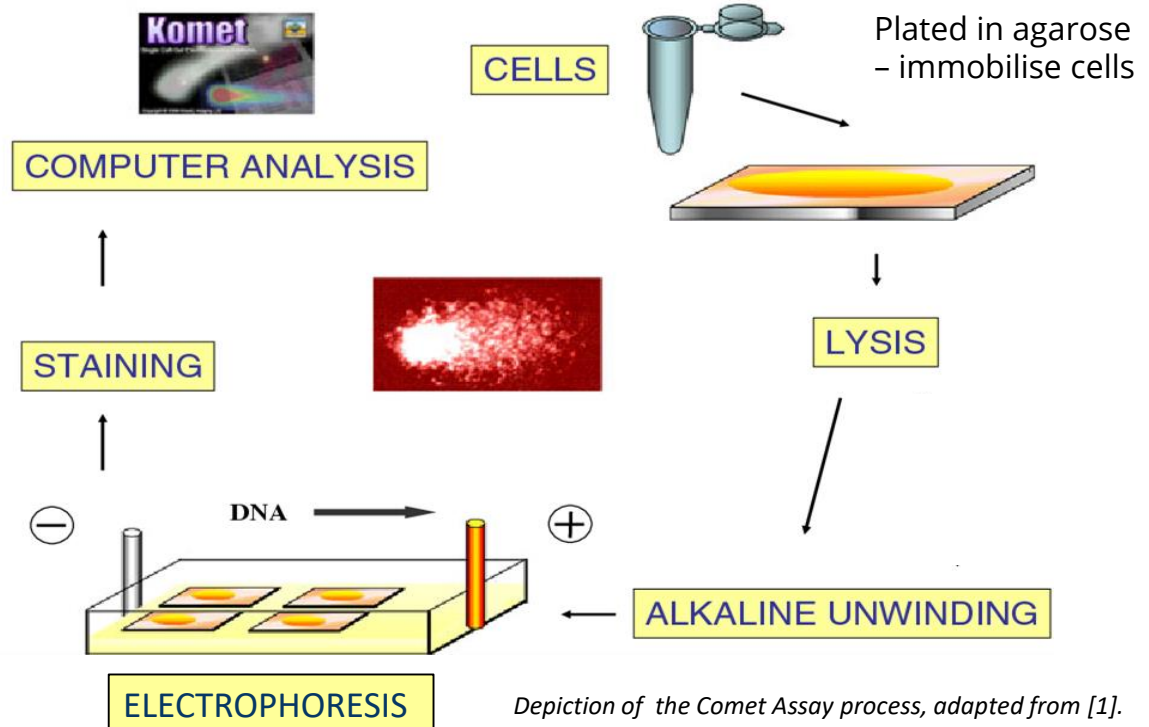
Procedure for obtaining  
DNA damage levels



Depiction of the Comet Assay process, adapted from [1].

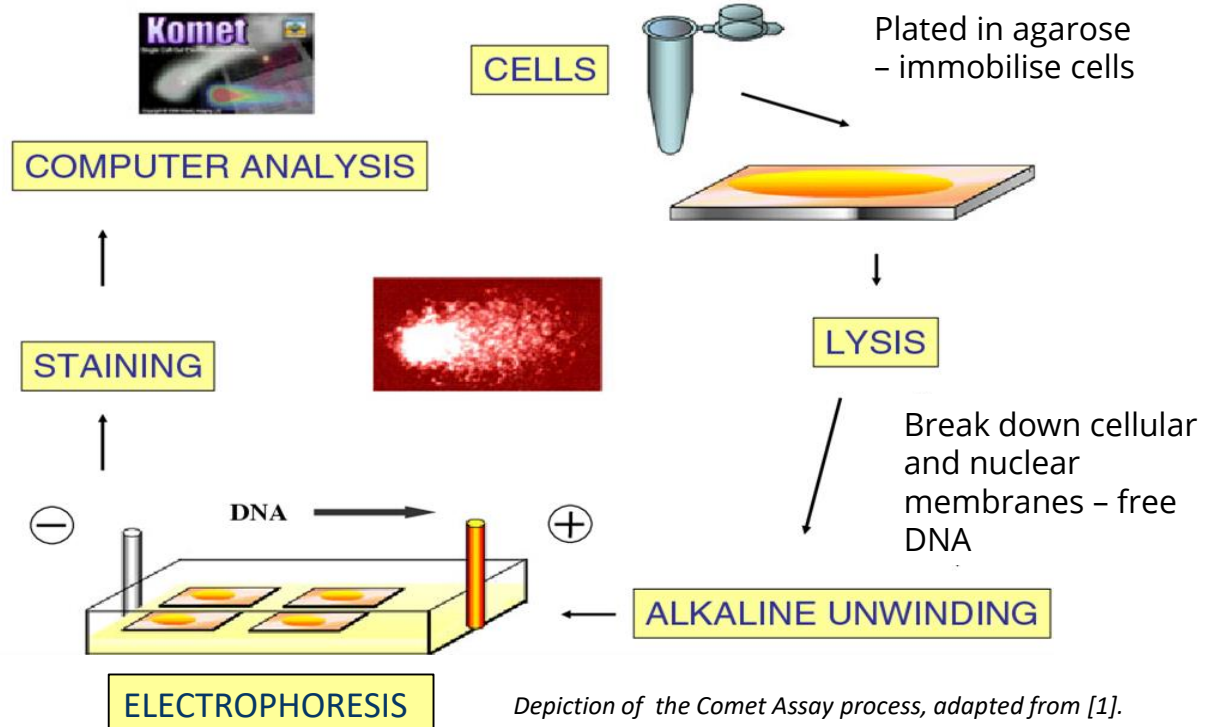
# Comet Assay

Procedure for obtaining  
DNA damage levels



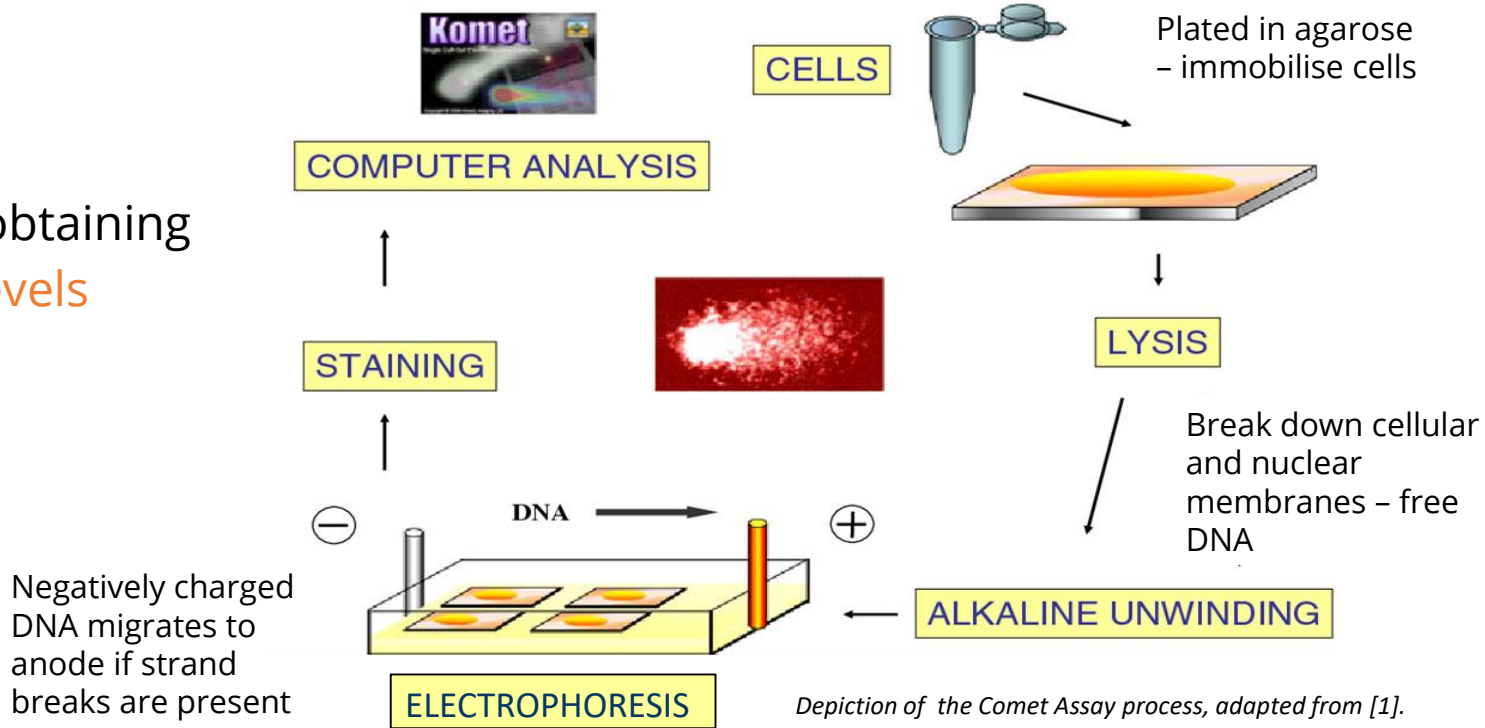
# Comet Assay

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# Comet Assay Images

More fluorescent and elongated tail  
indicative of more strand breaks

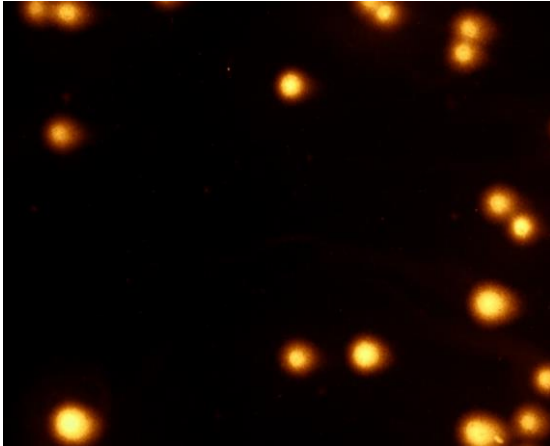


Image of control cells (no irradiation) after a comet assay

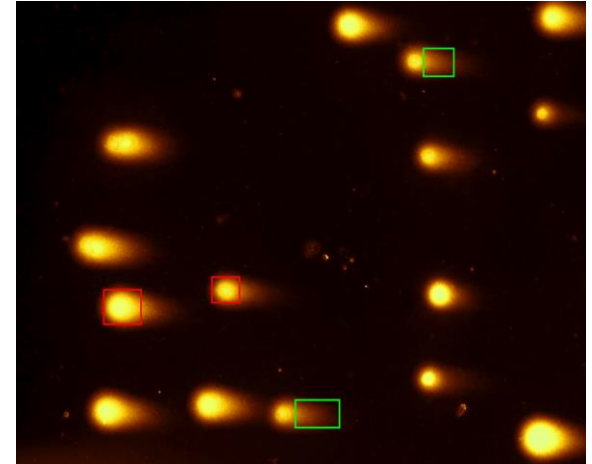


Image of irradiated cells that have formed comets following a comet assay. Comet heads are outlined in red, tails in green.

# Comet Assay Images

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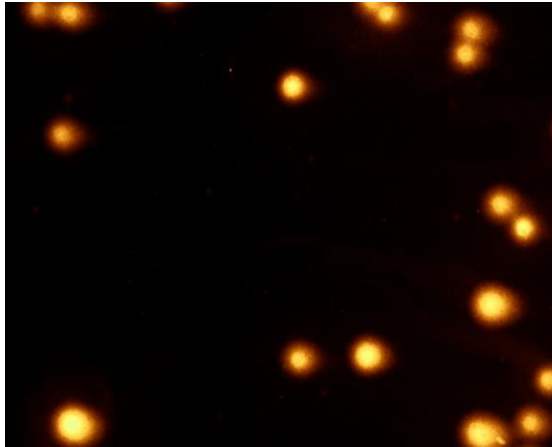


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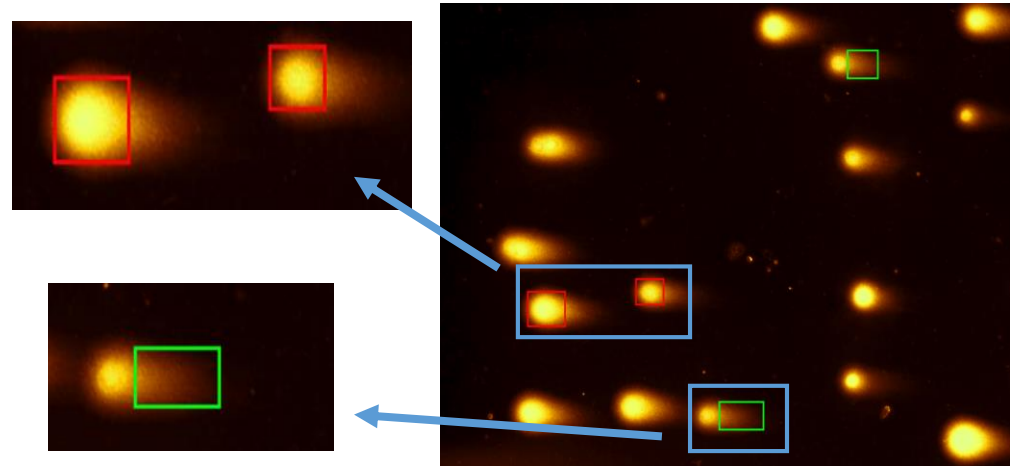
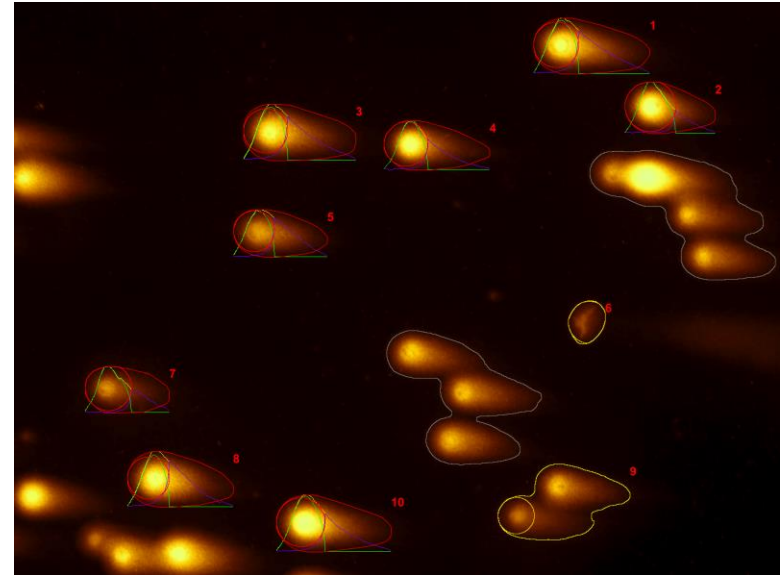


Image of irradiated cells that have formed comets following a comet assay. Comet heads are outlined in red, tails in green.



# Image Analysis

- Methods of analysis vary a lot
  - By eye - relative & carries lots of variability - no numeric results
  - Semi-automated - user defines comet regions and comet properties are measured
  - Full Automation - quickest, but measurement algorithms still vary
- Developing programme to automate analysis
  - As little user input as possible
  - Written in Python



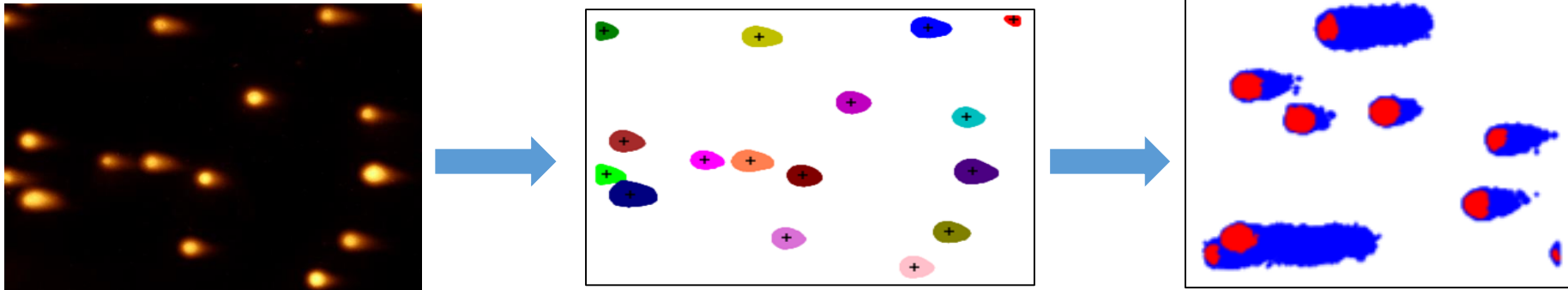
**OpenComet** 

A fully automated free comet assay software

*Open Source comet analysis software [1]*

# Measuring Comets

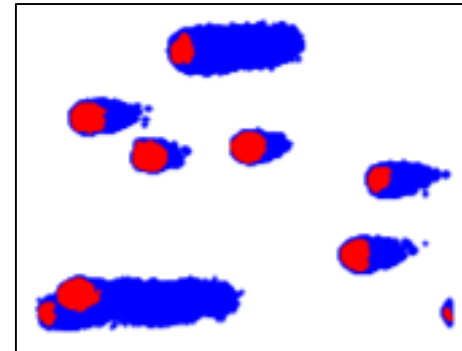
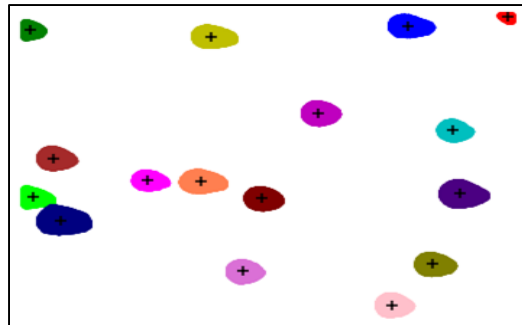
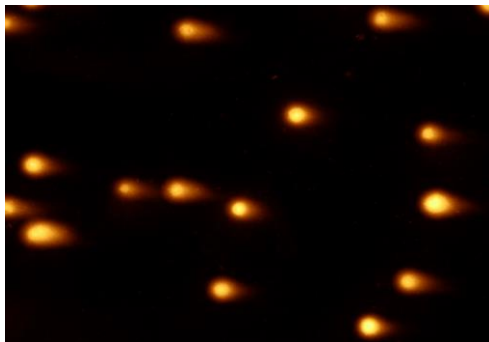
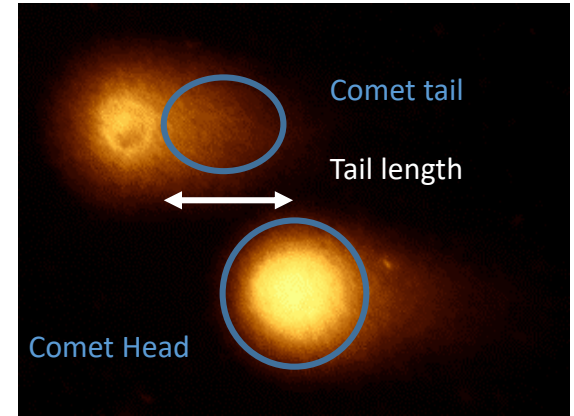
- Image analysis and thresholding to extract comet body and head
- Widely used measurements: **tail length and tail DNA %**
- Thresholding **loses data** around comet edge



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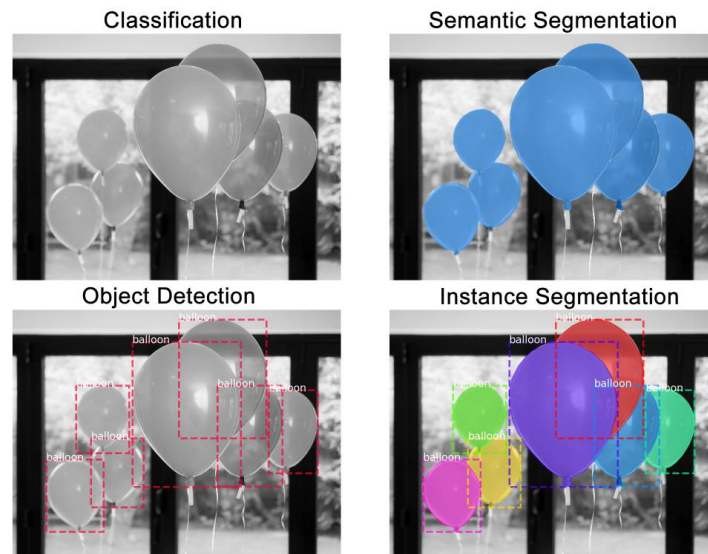
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$$\text{tail DNA} = \frac{\sum \text{tail pixel intensities}}{\sum \text{comet pixel intensities}} * 100$$



# Identifying Comets

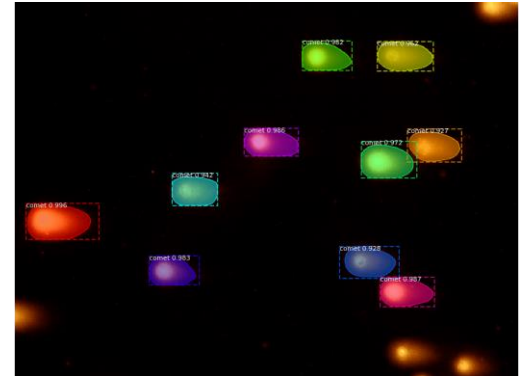
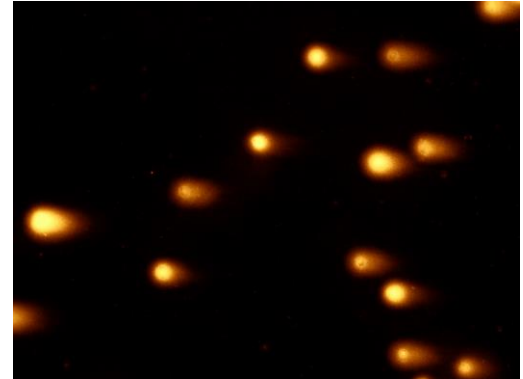
- Train a network to identify comets within images automatically as a first step
- Using **instance segmentation** – identify all instances of comets as separate masks
- Identifications based on overall structure rather than intensity - more robust across different image sets



*Representation of how the instance segmentation method combines the bounding box and pixel-wise classification methods [3].*

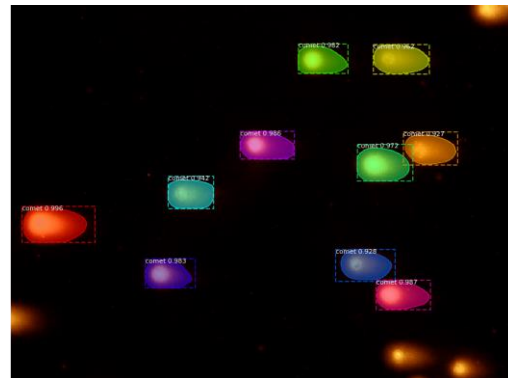
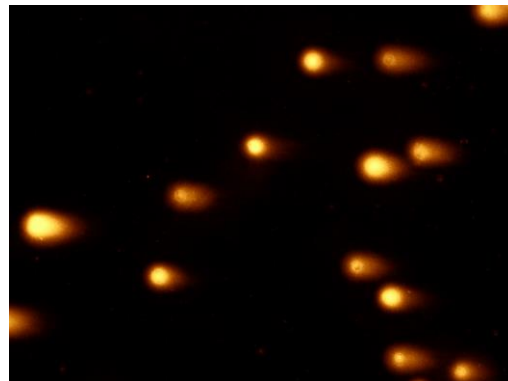
# Instance Segmentation

- Mask R-CNN combines Faster R-CNN and FCN
  - Faster R-CNN consists of RPN and RoIPool
  - RPN proposes bounding boxes
  - RoIPool extracts features to classify bboxes
- Adding FCN gives additional mask output
  - Total loss is combined from classifications, bounding boxes and masks



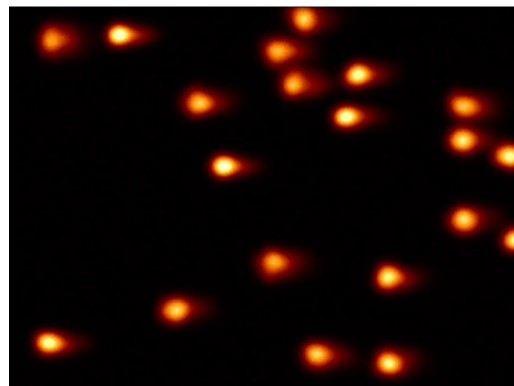
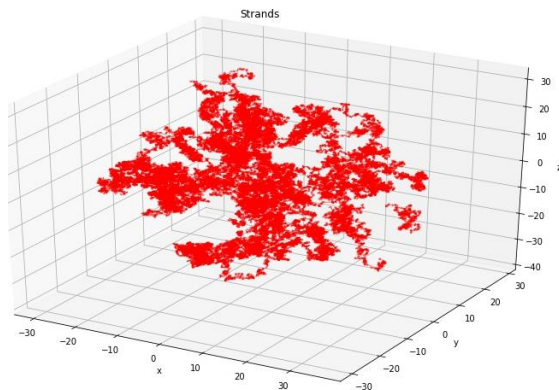
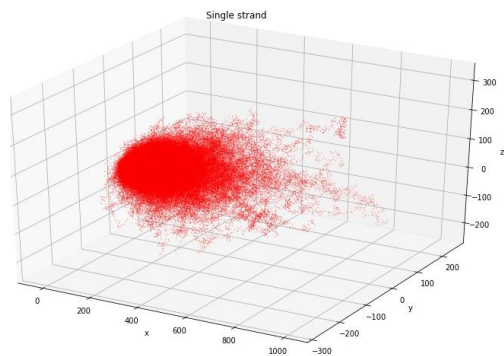
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- Transfer learning - use already trained weights (COCO model [5])
  - < 100 images used
  - Vastly quicker train time
  - >90% confidence in masks
- However, **lack of data** available for training/testing



# Simulating Images with MC

- Crude modelling of assay to produce simulated images
  - Random breaks on strands
  - Drift broken strands away from cell: E field strength and strand length dependent
- Use to further test neural net performance and train other models



# Summary

- Comet assay images need better, consistent quantification of DNA damage levels
- Program proposed automates the process
  - Uses instance segmentation to identify comets
- Monte Carlo
  - Simulate the assay procedure to produce simulated images
  - Provide more data for NN models and further testing of performance



# References

- [1] H. Karlsson. "The comet assay in nanotoxicology research". In: Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry 398 (2010), pp. 651–666
- [2] BM Gyori, G Venkatachalam, PS Thiagarajan, D Hsu and MV Clement. "OpenComet: An automated tool for comet assay image analysis", Redox Biology, 2:457-465, 2014.
- [3] <https://engineering.matterport.com/splash-of-color-instance-segmentation-with-mask-r-cnn-and-tensorflow-7c761e238b46>
- [4] Kaiming He et al. "Mask R-CNN". In: CoRRabs/1703.06870 (2017). arXiv:1703.06870.url:http://arxiv.org/abs/1703.06870
- [5] Tsung-Yi Lin et al. "Microsoft COCO: Common Objects in Context". In: CoRRabs/1405.0312(2014). arXiv:1405.0312.url:http://arxiv.org/abs/1405.0312

**Thank you, Questions??**