

# **Solar Models: an update**

**PHYSUN II - Gran Sasso 4/10/10**

**A. Serenelli**

## Outline

- Solar models with latest abundances
  - helioseismic and neutrino results
- Solar neutrino fluxes from neutrino data: can neutrinos disentangle abundances?
- Updates on nuclear reactions: effect on models
- Solutions? Opacities: an instructive example
- Determining solar abundances from helios. + neutrinos and future work
- Final remarks

# Recap on solar abundances

Asplund et al. 2009 latest revision slightly higher abundances than in 2005 (note, particularly, neon and argon: the human factor)

Element	GS98	AGS05	AGSS09	AGSS09ph	CO <sup>5</sup> BOLD
C	8.52	8.39	8.43	8.43	8.50
N	7.92	7.78	7.83	7.83	7.86
O	8.83	8.66	8.69	8.69	8.76
Ne	8.08	7.84	7.93	7.93	—
Mg	7.58	7.53	7.53	7.60	—
Si	7.56	7.51	7.51	7.51	—
Ar	6.40	6.18	6.40	6.40	—
Fe	7.50	7.45	7.45	7.50	7.52
Z/X	0.0229	0.0165	0.0178	0.0181	0.0209

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Small differences between photospheric and atmospheric abundances

# Recap on solar abundances

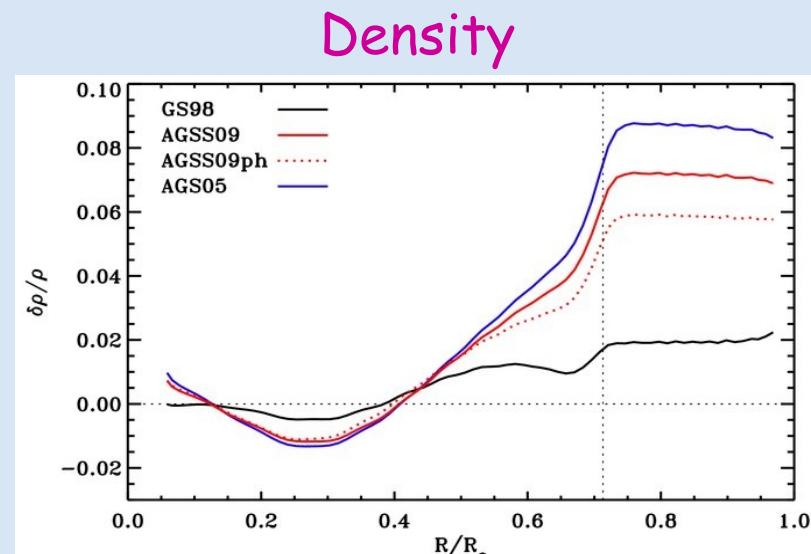
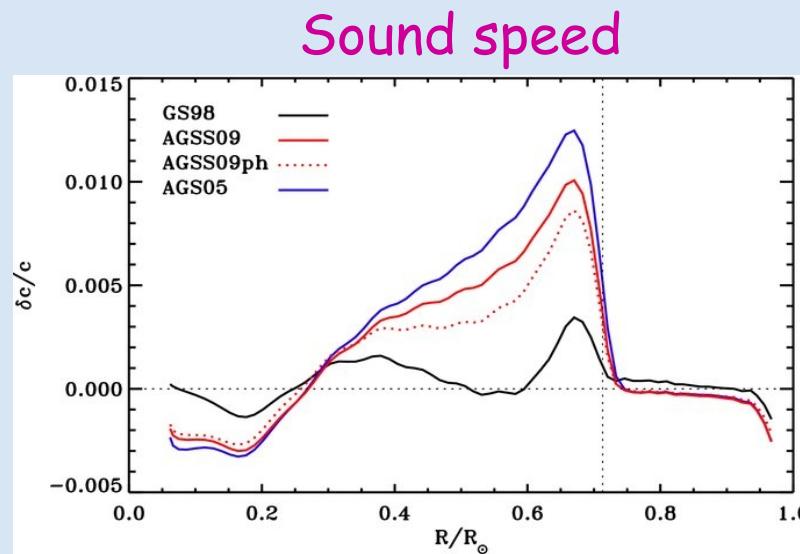
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Other group CO5BOLD derives higher abundances (and larger error bars!) although model atmospheres seem to agree very well (comparison of models undergoing)

# Some results on helioseismology

Model	$(Z/X)_S$	$Z_S$	$Z_C$	$R_{CZ}/R_\odot$	$\langle \delta c/c \rangle$	$\langle \delta \rho/\rho \rangle$	$Y_S$	$Y_C$
GS98	0.0229	0.0170	0.0201	0.713	0.0010	0.011	0.2423	0.6330
AGS05	0.0165	0.0126	0.0149	0.728	0.0049	0.048	0.2292	0.6195
AGSS09	0.0178	0.0134	0.0160	0.724	0.0038	0.040	0.2314	0.6220
AGSS09ph	0.0181	0.0136	0.0161	0.722	0.0031	0.033	0.2349	0.6263
Helios.	—	0.0172	—	0.713	0.0000	0.000	0.2485	—
Helios.	—	$\pm 0.002$	—	$\pm 0.001$	0.0000	0.000	$\pm 0.0034$	—
Peña-Garay & Serenelli (2008) – Serenelli et al. (2009)								

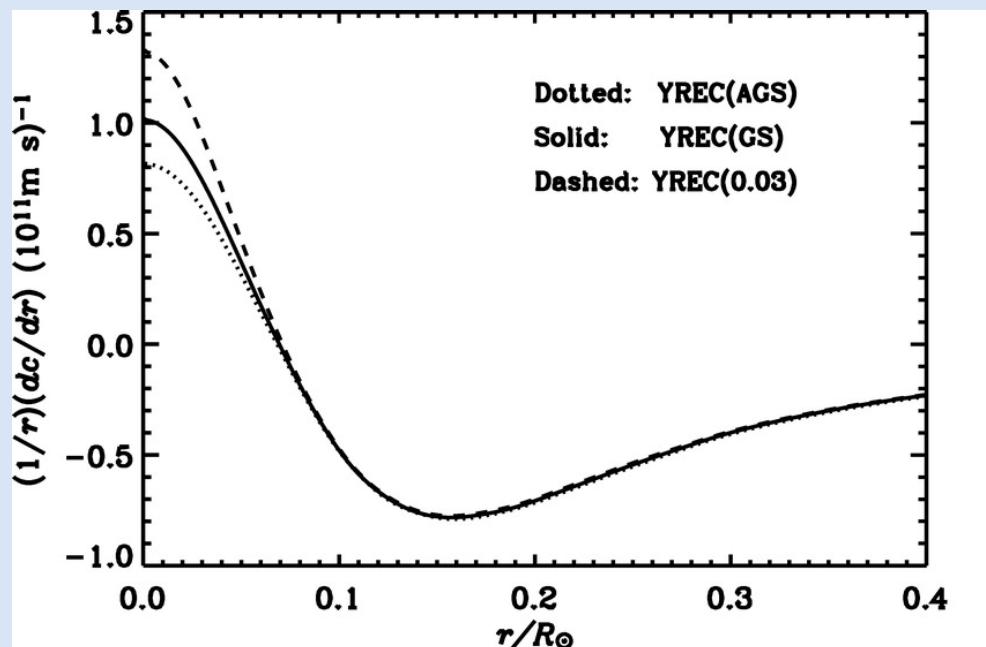


# Some results on helioseismology

Low degree modes ( $l=0, 1, 2, 3$ )

Separation ratios

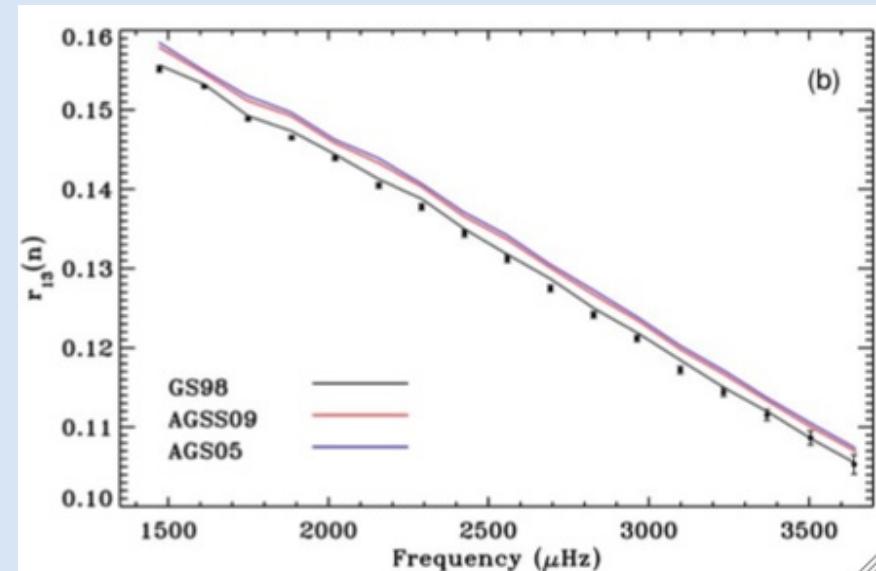
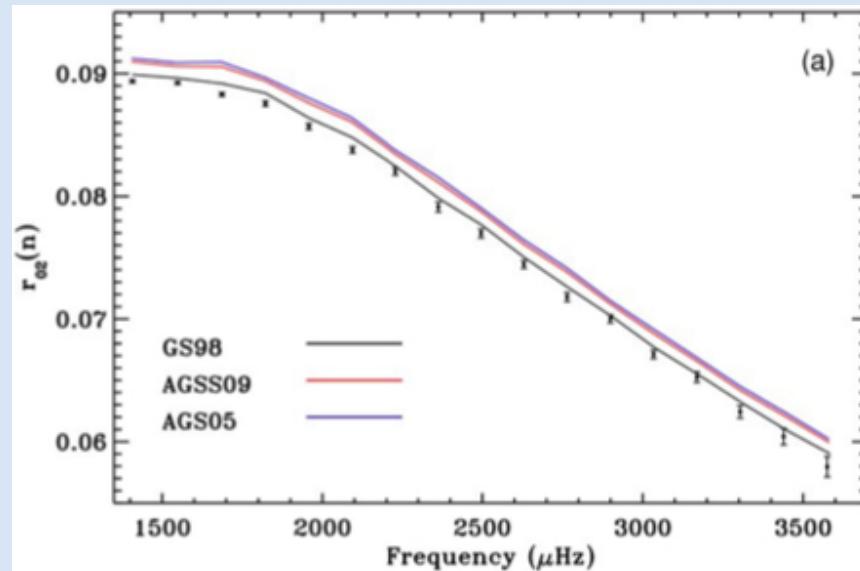
$$\left. \begin{aligned} r_{02}(n) &= \frac{\nu_{n,0} - \nu_{n-1,2}}{\nu_{n,1} - \nu_{n-1,1}} \\ r_{13}(n) &= \frac{\nu_{n,1} - \nu_{n-1,3}}{\nu_{n+1,0} - \nu_{n,0}} \end{aligned} \right\} \propto \int_0^R \frac{dc}{dr} \frac{dr}{r}$$



Enhance effects in the core

# Some results on helioseismology

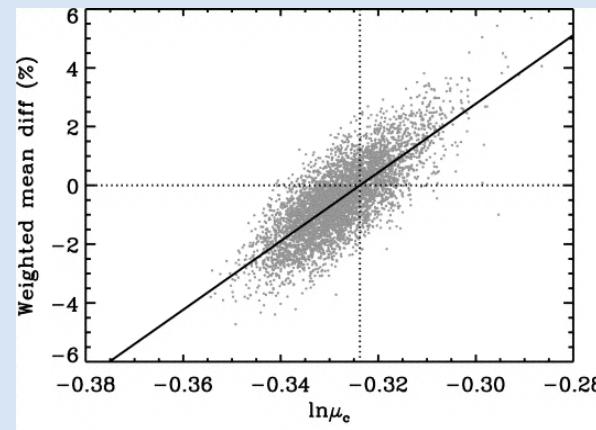
## Using individual separation ratios



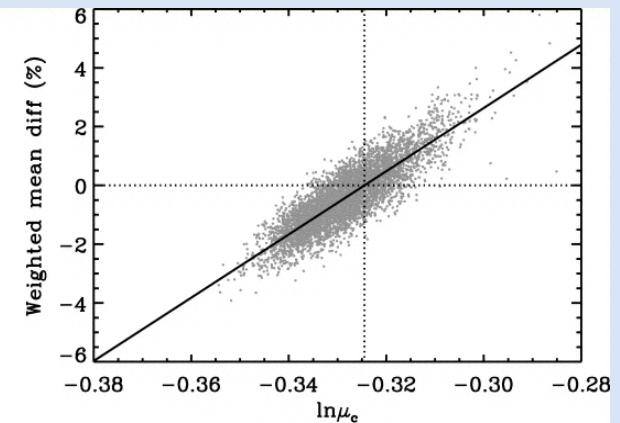
# Some results on helioseismology

Using separation ratios

$\mu_e$  averaged  
over  $R < 0.2R_\odot$

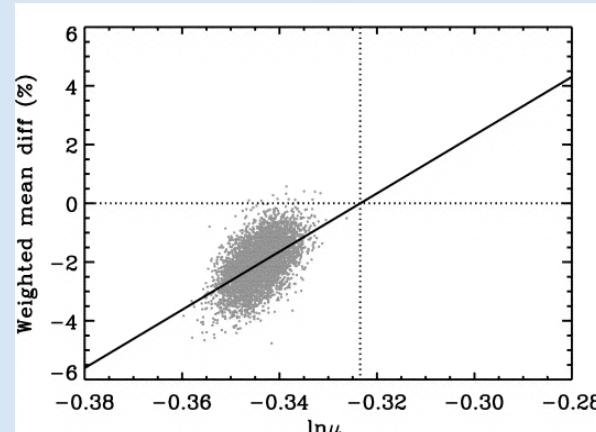


GS98

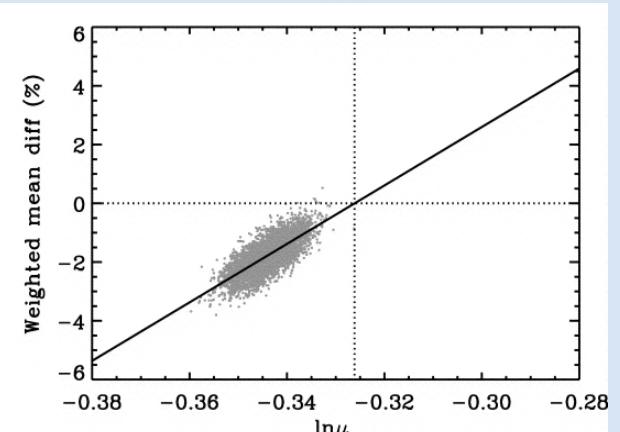


AGS05

Both compositions  
 $\mu_e = 0.723 \pm 0.003$



Chaplin et al. (2007)

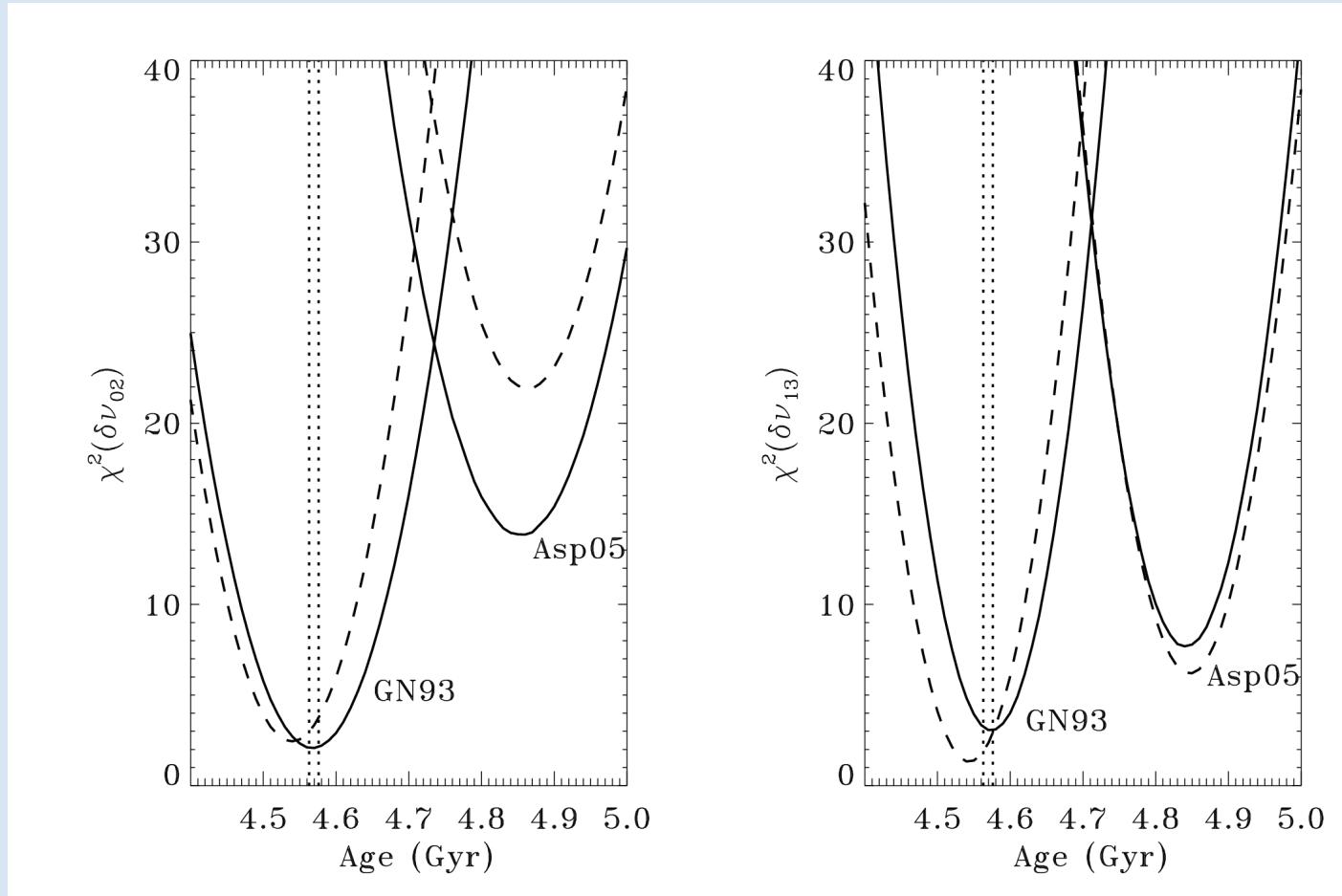


Aldo Serenelli - ICE (CSIC-IIEC)

# Some results on helioseismology

Is the low-Z Sun too young?

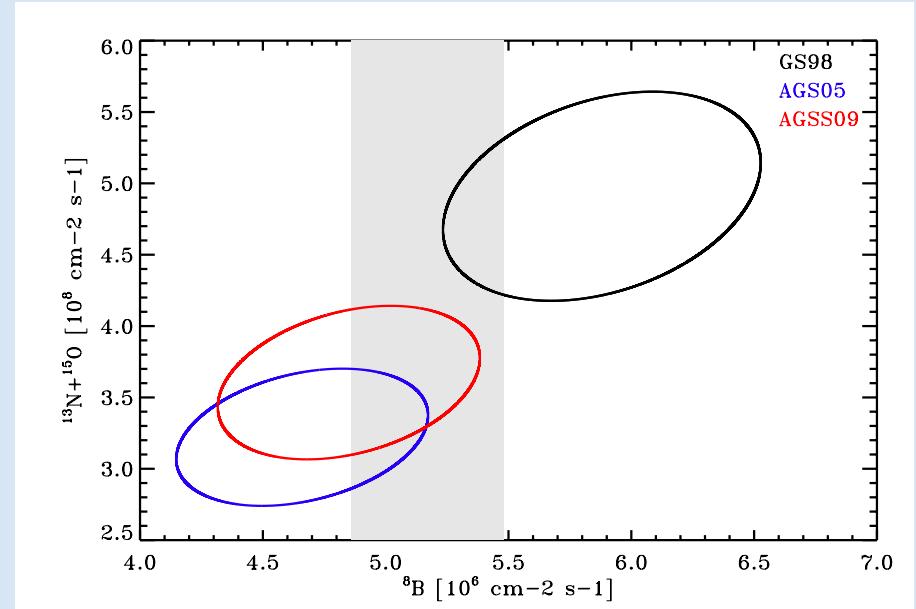
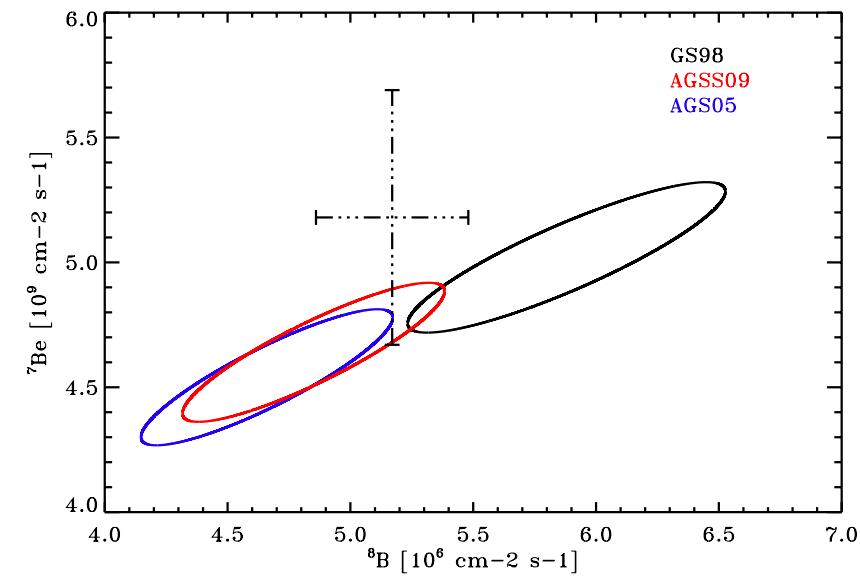
Christensen-Dalsgaard (2009)



# Neutrino fluxes

Model	pp	pep	hep	$^{7}\text{Be}$	$^{8}\text{B}$	$^{13}\text{N}$	$^{15}\text{O}$	$^{17}\text{F}$
GS98	5.97	1.41	7.91	5.08	5.88	2.82	2.09	5.65
AGS05	6.04	1.44	8.24	4.54	4.66	1.85	1.29	3.14
AGSS09	6.03	1.44	8.18	4.64	4.85	2.07	1.47	3.48
Peña-Garay & Serenelli (2008) – Serenelli et al. (2009)								

Direct measurements of  $^{7}\text{Be}$  and  $^{8}\text{B}$  from Borexino and SNO



# Neutrino fluxes

Gonzalez-Garcia et al. (2010)

Global analysis of solar & terrestrial  $\nu$  data

3 flavor-mixing framework

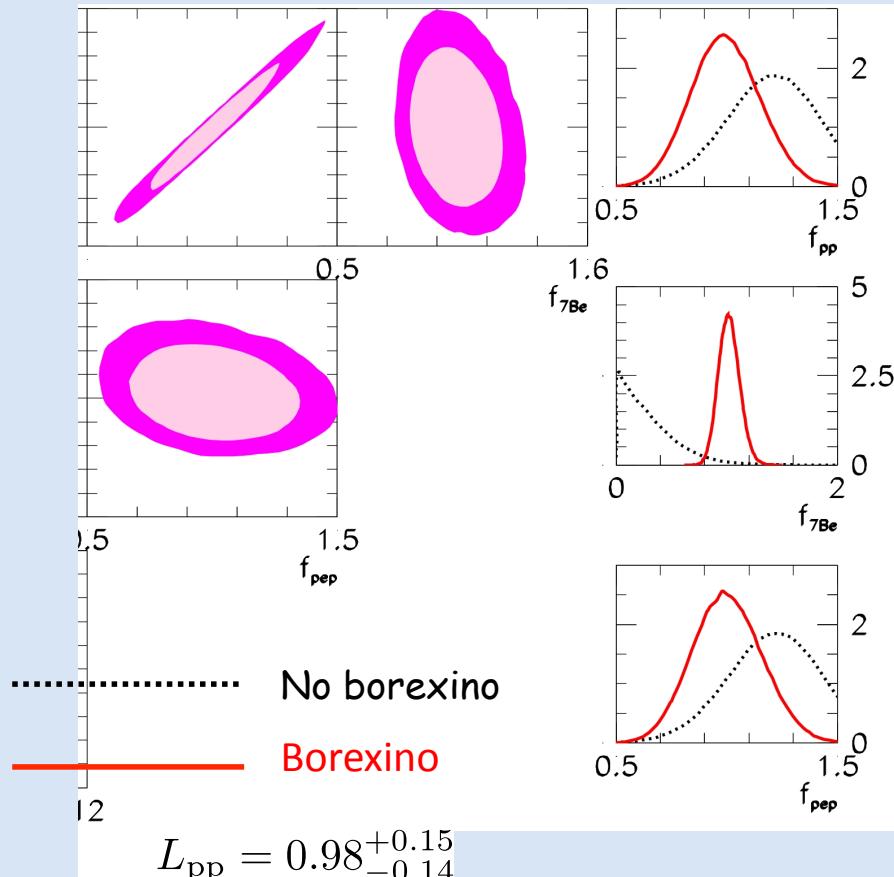
Basic constraints from pp-chains and CNO cycles

Luminosity constraint (optional)

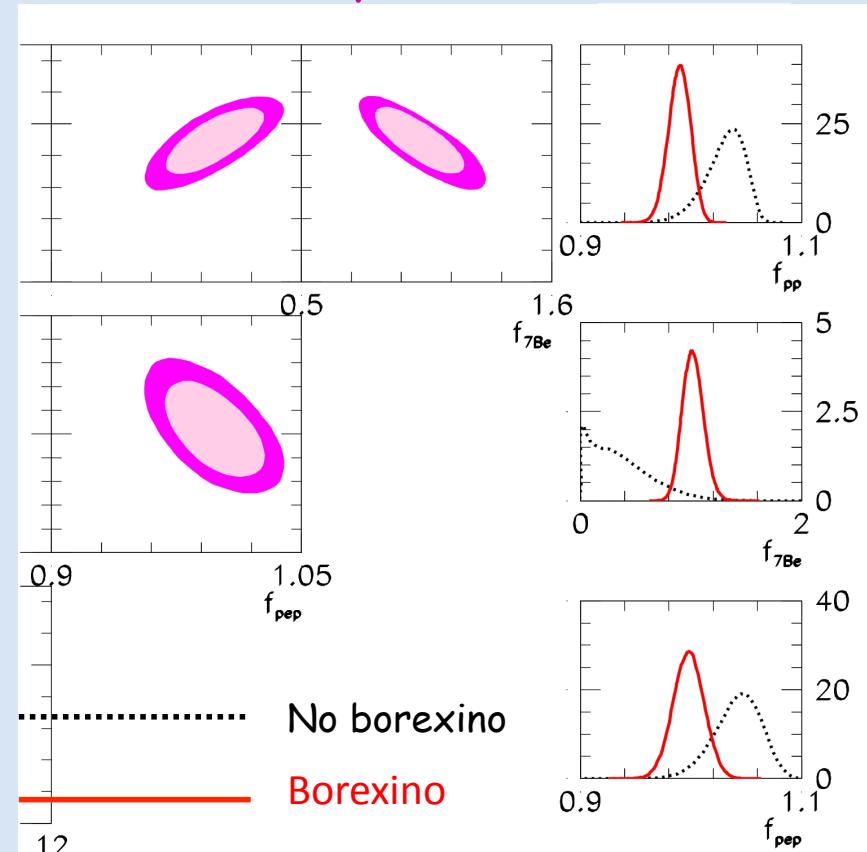
Exhaustive discussion of importance of Borexino

# Neutrino fluxes

No luminosity constraint

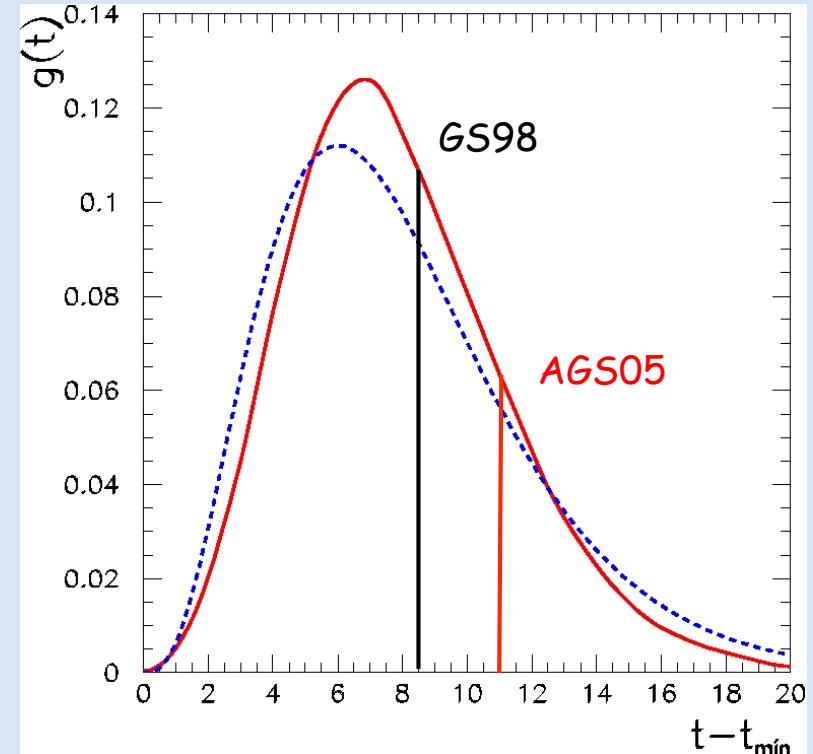
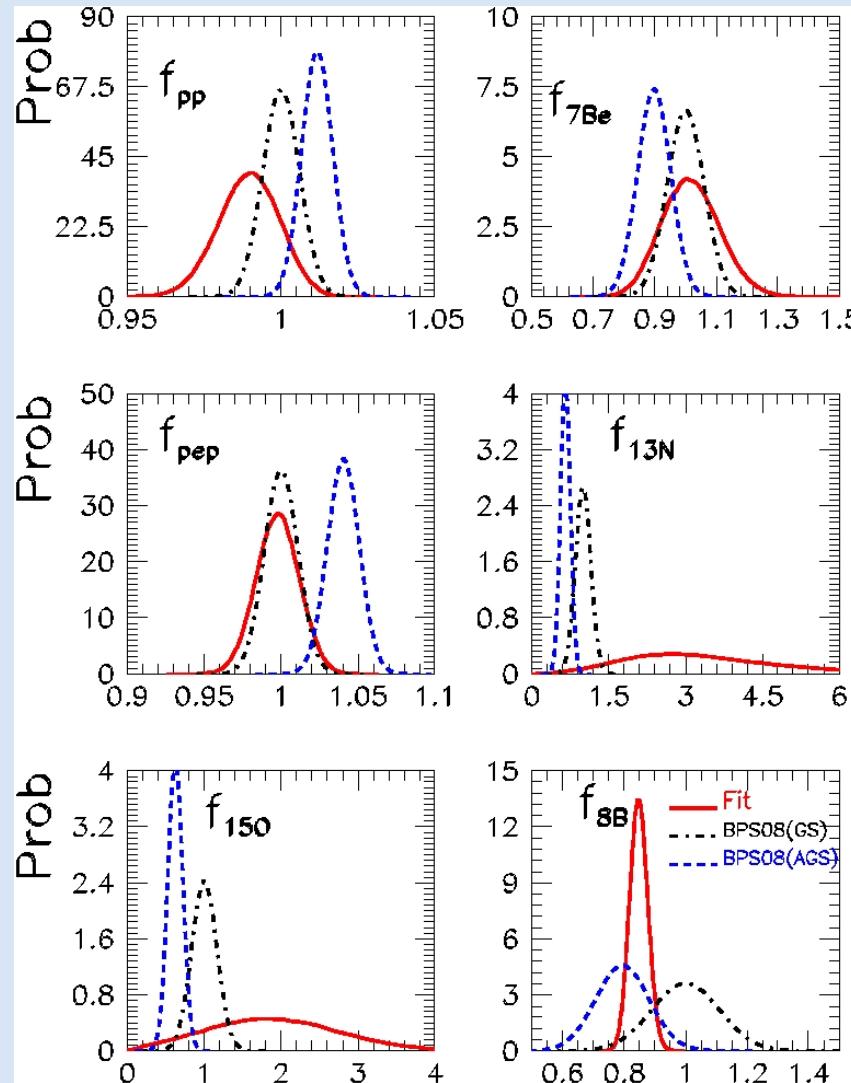


Luminosity constraint



# Neutrino fluxes

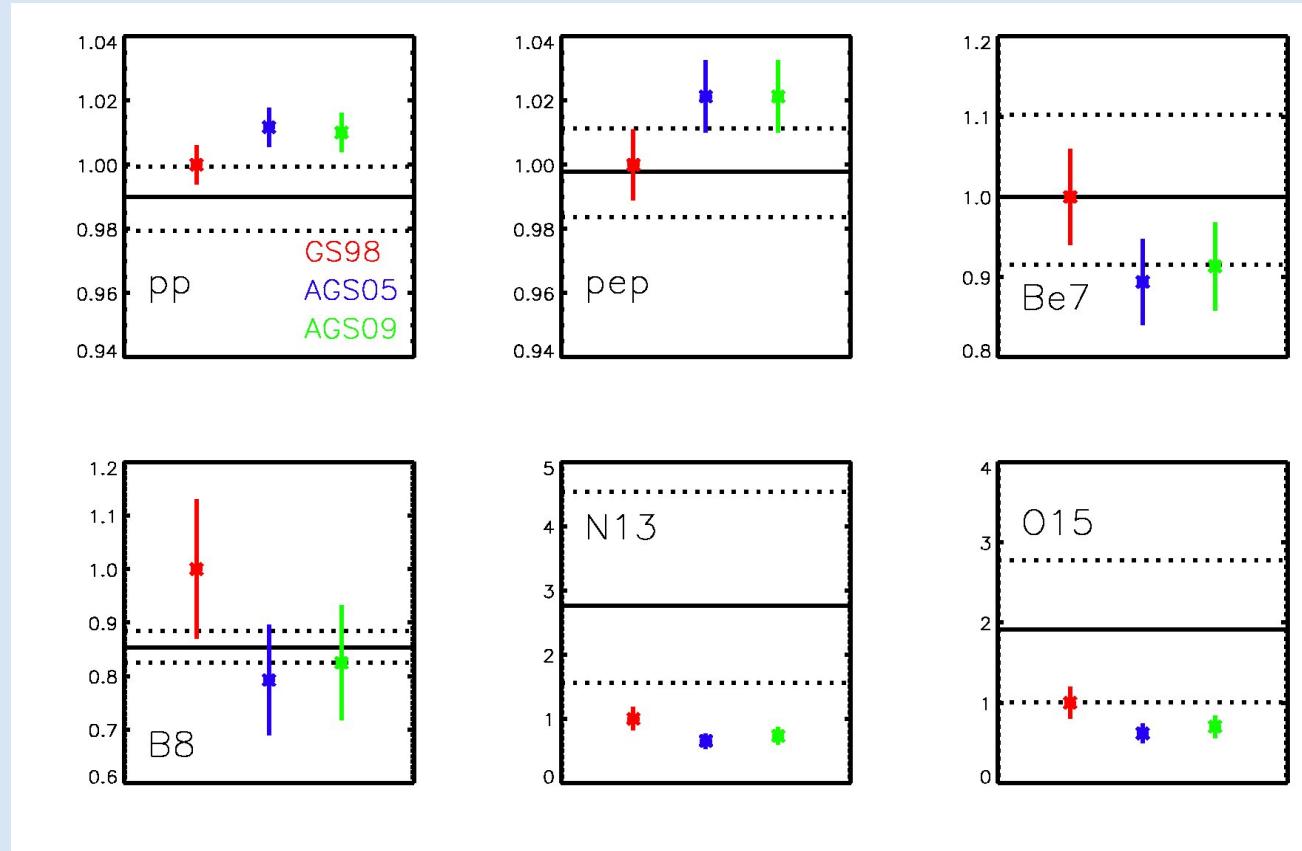
Gonzalez-Garcia et al. 2010



$$P(GS98) = 43\%$$

$$P(AGS05) = 20\%$$

# Neutrino fluxes



$$\chi^2 =$$

GS98

5.2 (74%)

AGS05

5.7 (68%)

AGS09

5.05 (76%)

However: Is the comparison fair?

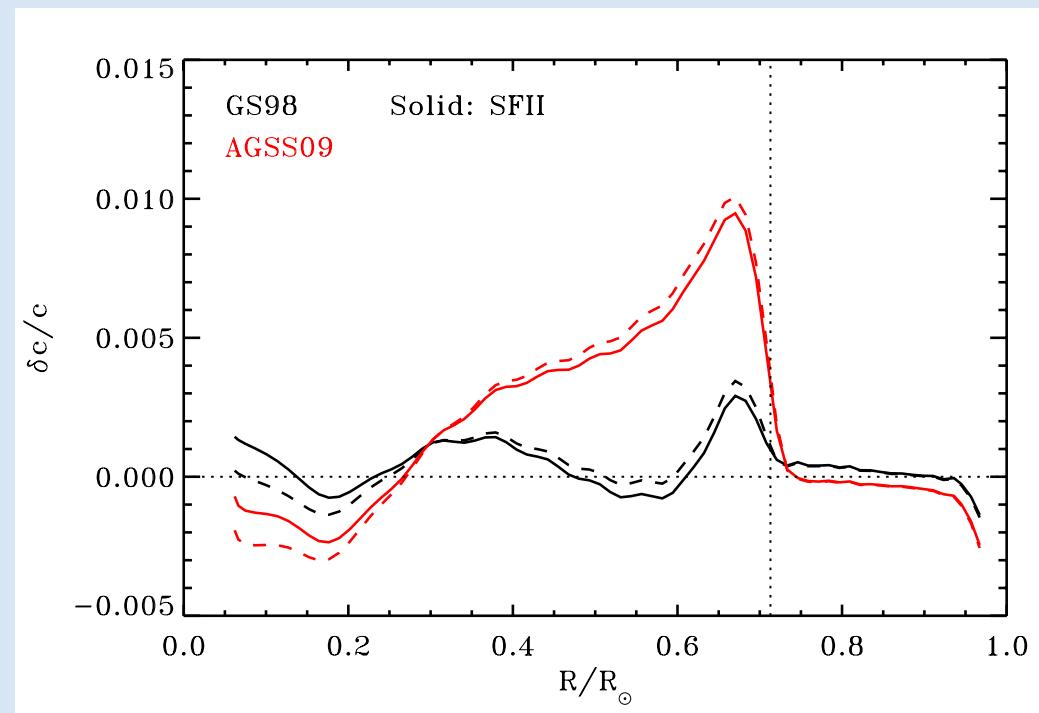
# Revised nuc. cross sections: Solar Fusion II (arxiv:1004.2318)

Reaction	SFII (keV-b)	Previous (keV-b)
$S_{11}$	$4.01 \times 10^{-22} (1 \pm 0.010)$	$3.94 \times 10^{-22} (1 \pm 0.004)$
$S_{33}$	$5.21 \times 10^3 (1 \pm 0.052)$	$5.4 \times 10^3 (1 \pm 0.06)$
$S_{34}$	$0.56 (1 \pm 0.054)$	$0.567 (1 \pm 0.03)$
$S_{17}$	$2.08 \times 10^{-2} (1 \pm 0.077)$	$2.14 \times 10^{-2} (1 \pm 0.038)$
$S_{1,14}$	$1.66 (1 \pm 0.072)$	$1.57 (1 \pm 0.08)$
$R(\text{pep})/R(\text{pp})$	↑ 2.5%	—

Talk by A. Formicola

Some changes in  $S(0)$  and errors more conservative

Small changes in helioseismic properties



# Revised nuc. cross sections: Solar Fusion II (Adelberger et al. arxiv:1004.2318)

Flux	SFII-GS98	SFII-AGSS09
pp	5.98( $1 \pm 0.006$ )	6.03( $1 \pm 0.006$ )
pep	1.44( $1 \pm 0.011$ )	1.47( $1 \pm 0.012$ )
hep	8.04( $1 \pm 0.15$ )	8.31( $1 \pm 0.15$ )
$^7\text{Be}$	4.99( $1 \pm 0.07$ )	4.56( $1 \pm 0.07$ )
$^8\text{B}$	5.57( $1 \pm 0.14$ )	4.59( $1 \pm 0.14$ )
$^{13}\text{N}$	2.96( $1 \pm 0.16$ )	2.17( $1 \pm 0.14$ )
$^{15}\text{O}$	2.23( $1 \pm 0.17$ )	1.56( $1 \pm 0.16$ )
$^{17}\text{F}$	5.52( $1 \pm 0.19$ )	3.40( $1 \pm 0.17$ )

Using results from  
Gonzalez-Garcia et al. (2010)

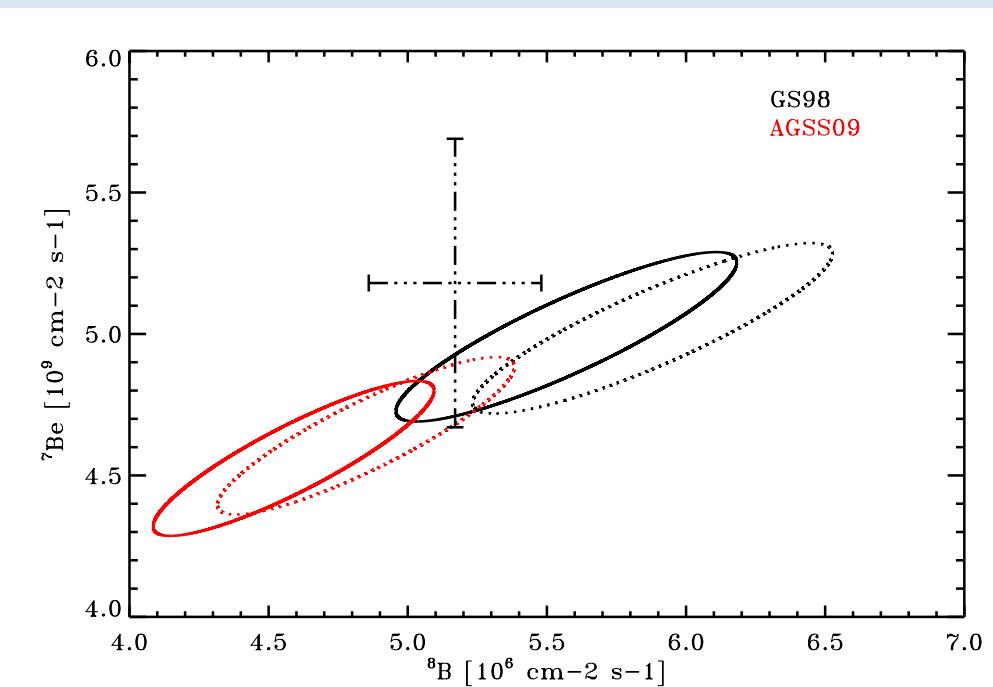
$$\chi^2(\text{SFII-GS98})=4.6 \text{ (80%)}$$

$$\chi^2(\text{SFII-AGSS09})=7.1 \text{ (52%)}$$

Neutrinos do not show  
clear preference for Z

Slight increase of pp → small decrease  
of  $^7\text{Be}$  and  $^8\text{B}$

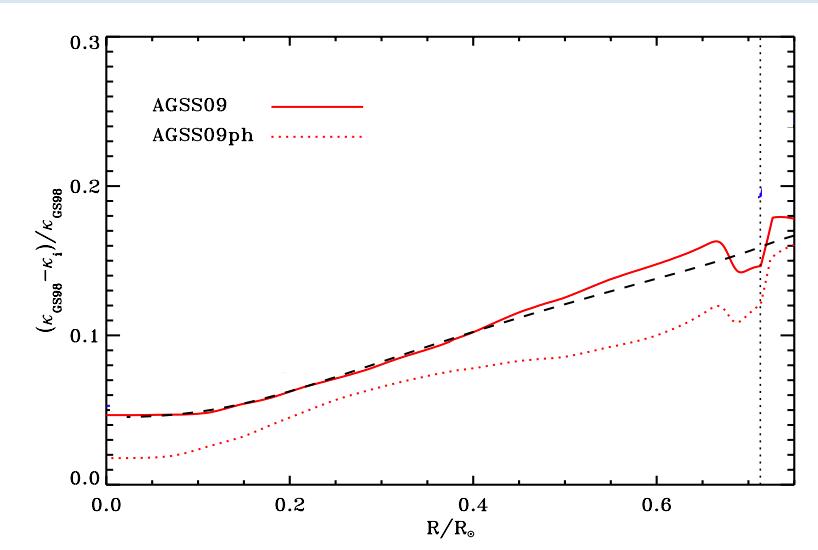
Increase in uncertainties



## Solutions?

- Is there a problem at all?
  - abundances too low?
  - uncertainties too optimistic?
- Missing physics in SSM: of course
  - extra mixing
  - rotation, gravity waves
  - diffusion, etc.
    - but... which? Do they help at all?
- Can be modeled without ad-hoc assumptions?
- Trivial answer: opacities. Several ongoing experimental efforts

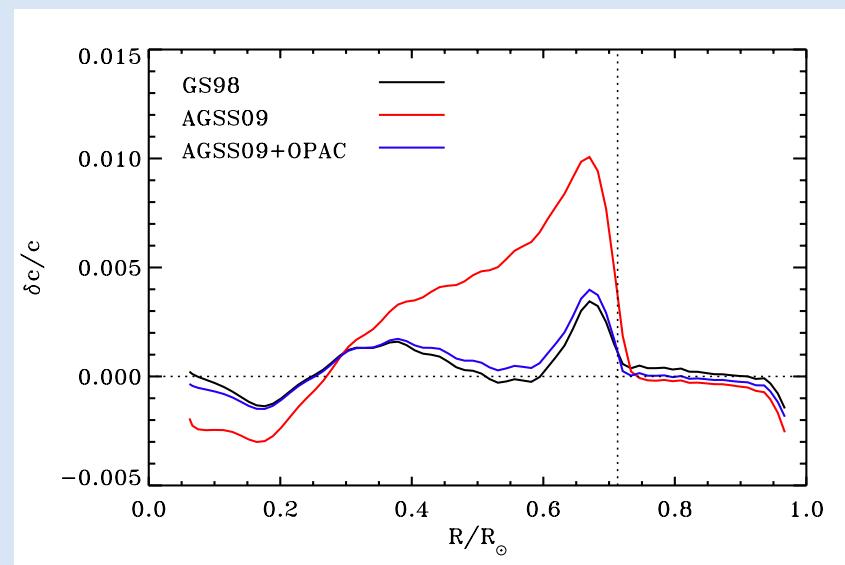
# Illustrative case: opacities



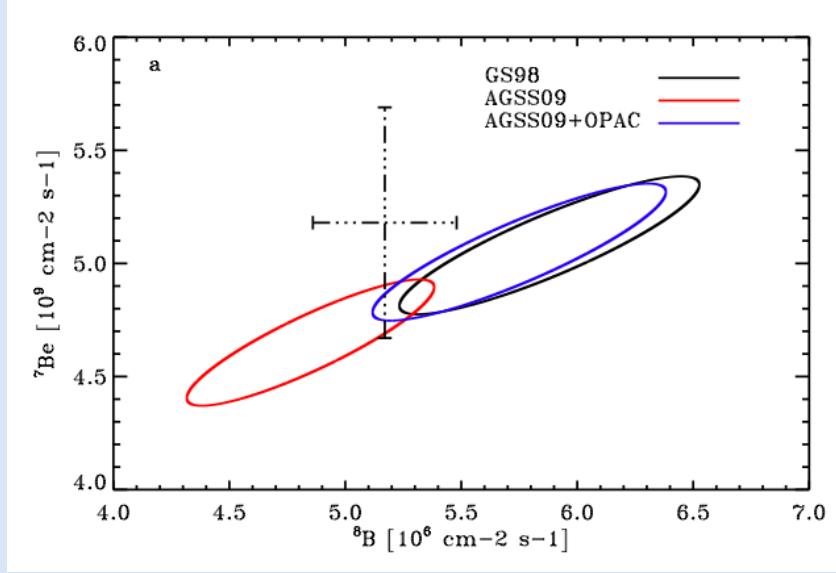
All seismic quantities fall into place  
(except  $\Gamma_1$ ?)

After Christensen-Dalsgaard et al. (2009)

Opacity increase compensates  
low-Z perfectly well

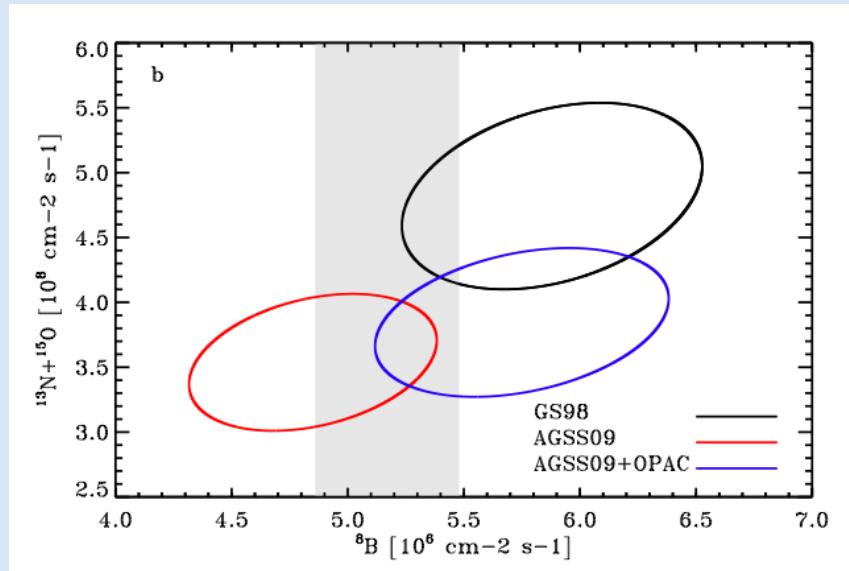


## Illustrative case: opacities



But CN neutrinos could tell between increase in opac and high Z (CN)

Even if a model can be “constructed” that satisfies helioseismic quantities, it does not imply robust predictions for neutrino fluxes



# Solar composition derived from helios.+neutrinos?

YES... but

BAD - metal abundance is usually degenerate with opacity  
(exceptions: CNO neutrinos and  $\Gamma_1$ )

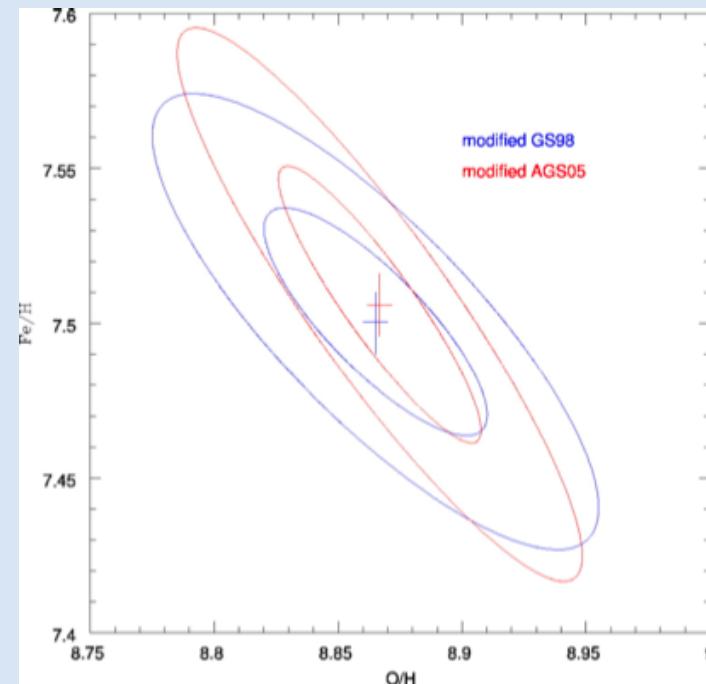
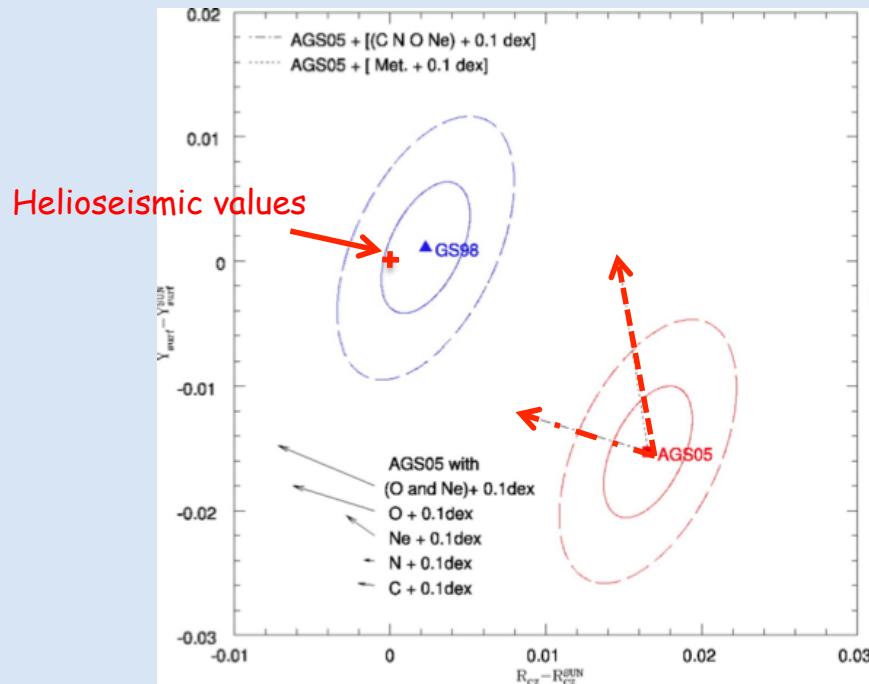
GOOD - different metals contribute in different regions and to different quantities

Control on opacity uncertainties is necessary (but unavailable)

Discussion on effect of opacities by Villante later today

# Solar composition derived from helios.+neutrinos?

Delahaye & Pinsonneault (2006) : CNONe (Phot.) & MgSiSFe (Met.)



$$R - R_{\text{helio}} = \Delta \text{Phot} \frac{\delta R_{\text{CZ}}}{\delta \text{Phot}} + \Delta \text{Met} \frac{\delta R_{\text{CZ}}}{\delta \text{Met}}$$

$$Y - Y_{\text{helio}} = \Delta \text{Phot} \frac{\delta Y_{\text{surf}}}{\delta \text{Phot}} + \Delta \text{Met} \frac{\delta Y_{\text{surf}}}{\delta \text{Met}}$$

$$[\text{O}/\text{H}] = 8.86/8.87 \pm 0.04$$

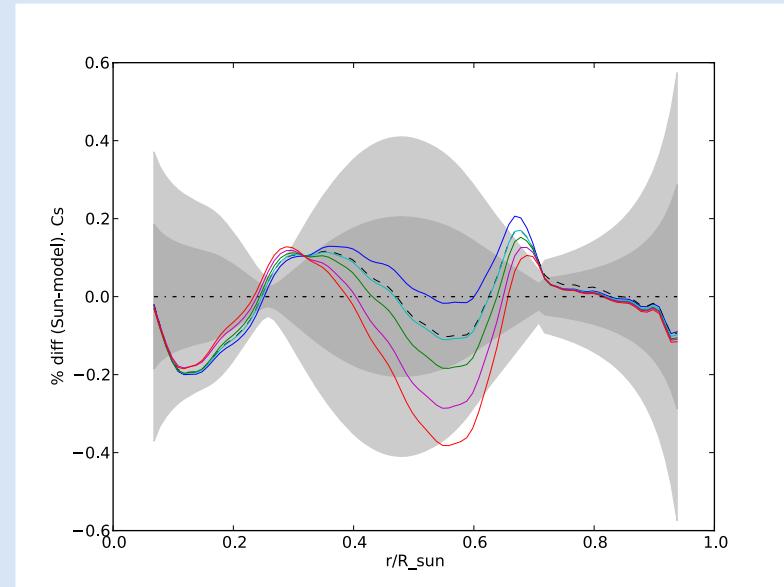
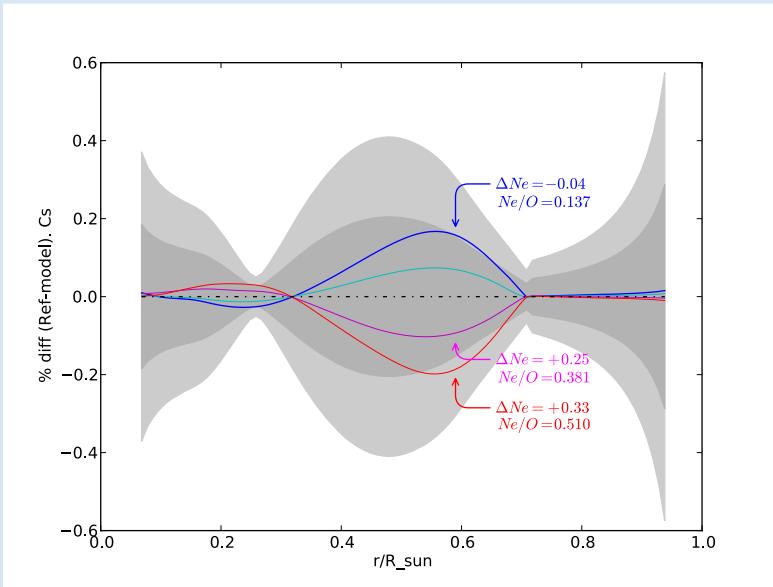
$$[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] = 7.50/7.51 \pm 0.05$$

Consistent with high Z

Aldo Serenelli - ICE (CSIC-IEEC)

# Solar composition derived from helios.+neutrinos?

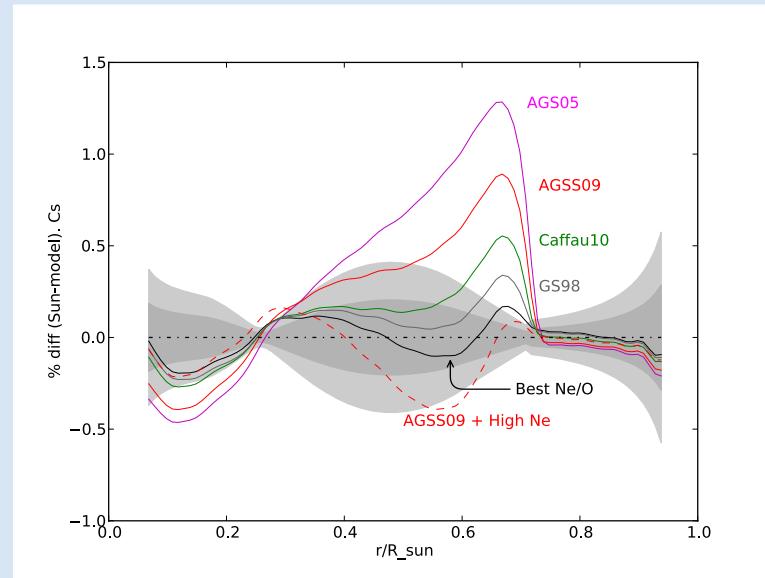
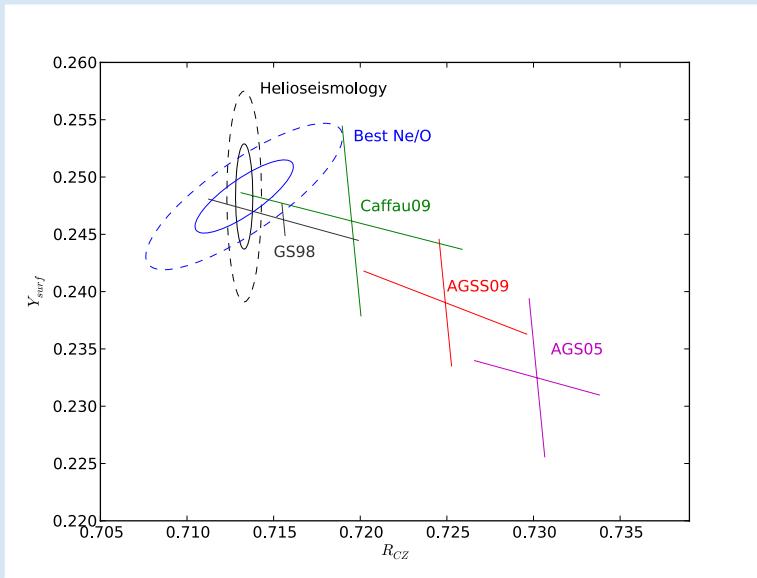
Delahaye et al. (2010): sound speed used to extract Ne



Same  $Y_s$  and  $R_{CZ}$  but different  $Ne/O$  ratio show sound speed variations → Ne can be separated from other phot. elements

# Solar composition derived from helios.+neutrinos?

Delahaye et al. (2010): sound speed used to extract Ne



$A(O) = 8.86 \pm 0.04$  -  $A(He) = 8.15 \pm 0.17$  -  $A(Fe) = 7.50 \pm 0.05$   
Consistent with previous 1-D abundances and, marginally,  
with CO5BOLD (Caffau et al)

Radiative interior not very sensitive to C and N  $\rightarrow$  CN fluxes

# Conclusions

- Model with latest abundance revision (AGSS09) do not agree with helioseismology
- Model atmospheres from different groups agree very well (T strat.); abundances do not. Human element (MP)? Uncertainties too optimistic?
- Solar neutrinos cannot separate models (yet). CN flux measurements needed.
- Updates in nuclear cross sections have small effects
- Helioseismic and neutrino data can be used to extract solar composition. Different indicators sensitive to different elements.  
**Stay tuned!**
- Interesting test for non-SSM

The end