EPIC: Exploiting the Potential of ISOLDE at CERN

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Corresponding authors:

Gerda Neyens, ISOLDE Physics Group Leader, CERN, Switzerland and KU Leuven, Belgium Kieran Flanagan, ISOLDE Collaboration Committee Chair, University of Manchester, UK

Co-authors: everybody welcome – send mail to corresponding authors or R. Lica (writing group coordinator)

Abstract

The motivations for a significant expansion of the ISOLDE facility at CERN are presented, as well as the corresponding upgrades that should be addressed in the next 5-10 years. Taking advantage of the LIU (LHC Intensity Upgrades) realized during CERN's 2nd long shutdown period (2019-2020), the CERN Booster is now delivering a proton beam at twice higher intensity and at an increased maximum energy of 2 GeV. If such beam is sent onto an ISOLDE target, this leads to a significant gain in intensity of the radioactive ion beams produced at ISOLDE. Additionally, the growing ISOLDE user community, which addresses a wide variety of research fields, requires more space to couple their dedicated experimental equipment to new beam lines connected to the ISOLDE target stations. This calls for a new experimental hall, coupled to a new proton beam line and new modern target stations. By moving all the low-energy experiments from the current ISOLDE hall to this new facility, space becomes available in the existing building to couple a new dedicated Compact Storage Ring to the HIE (High Intensity and Energy)-ISOLDE post-accelerator. Further upgrades of this accelerator, which reached completion in spring 2018, should guarantee the promised 10 MeV/u radioactive beam energy for all isotopes produced at ISOLDE (up to Ac). These upgrades to the HIE-ISOLDE facility would also open a lot of new research capabilities and would profit from parallel operation to the new ISOLDE facility, thanks to the increased proton beam energy and intensity.

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