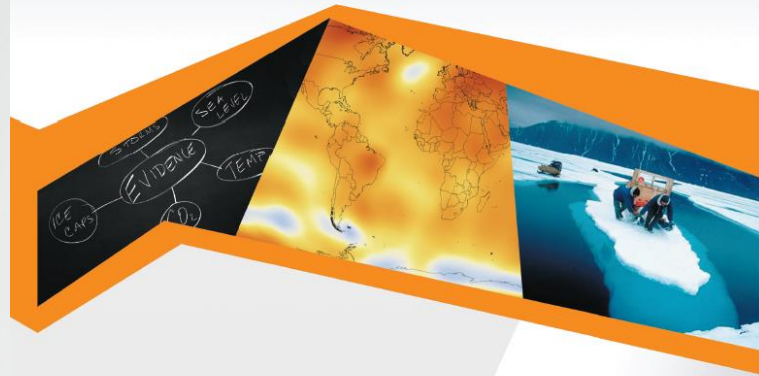


# Climate Change: Evidence, Effects, and Actions



CERN HST 2022



10

Perimeter Inspirations

Grade 10: Evidence for Climate Change

SPARKING INQUIRY THROUGH  
SCIENCE AND MATH

SCIENCE

Activity 1: Carbon Dioxide 10

Activity 2: Climate Modelling 18

Activity 3: A Warming World 24

Activity 4: The Impact of Transportation 31

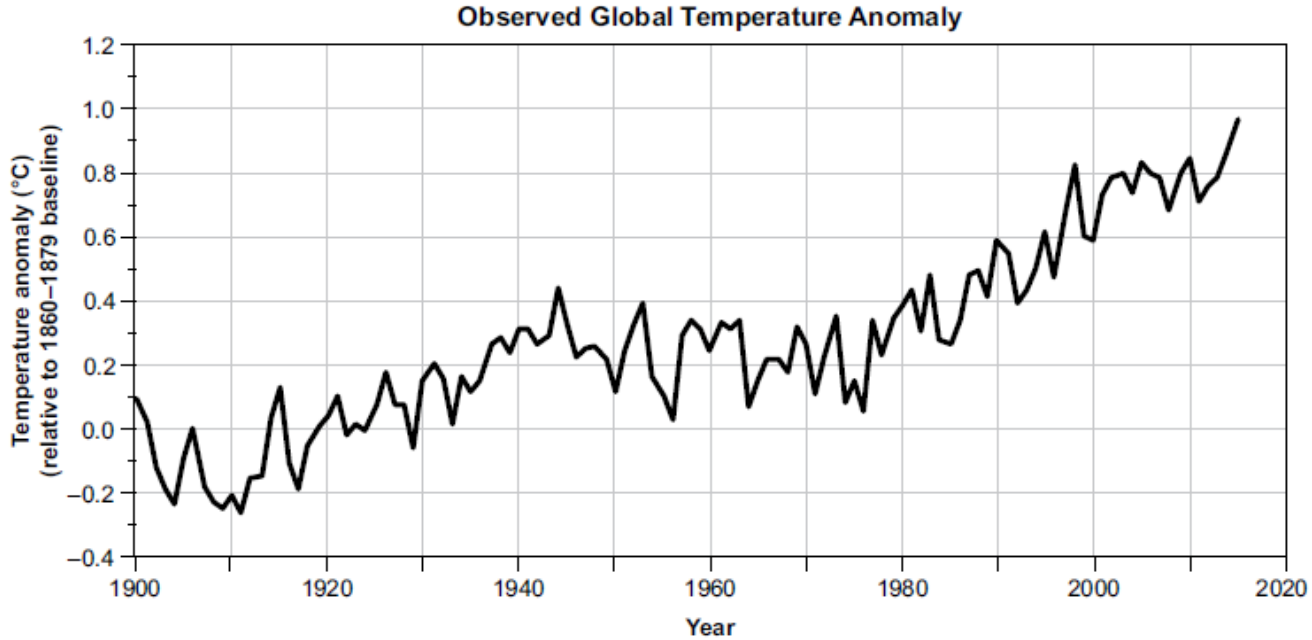
MATH

Activity 5: How Much Carbon Is in That Tree? 38

Activity 6: When Does It Make Sense to Switch? 48

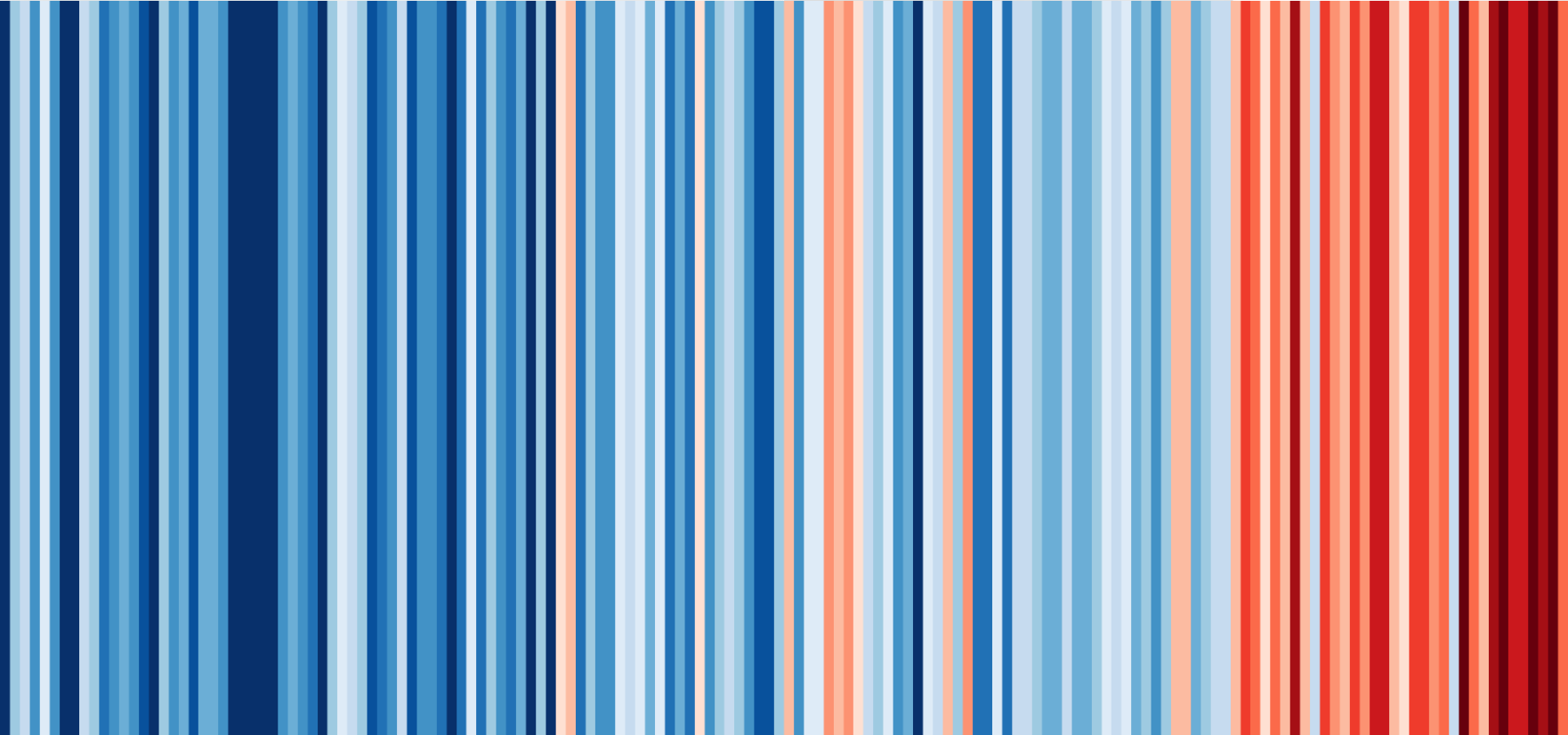
Design Challenge: Climate in a Container 53

# Earth is getting warmer

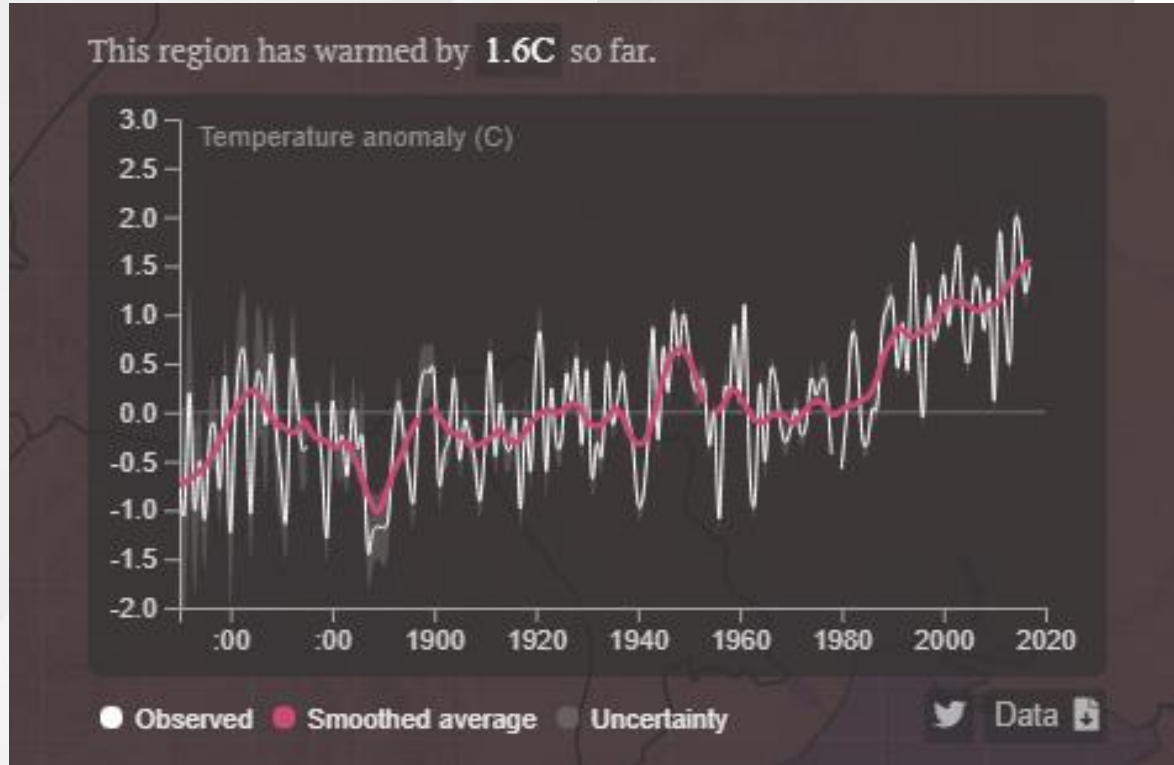


Source: NASA GISS

# Switzerland (1864 – 2021)



# Geneva is getting warmer



<https://www.carbonbrief.org/mapped-how-every-part-of-the-world-has-warmed-and-could-continue-to-warm>

A few degrees may not seem like much...

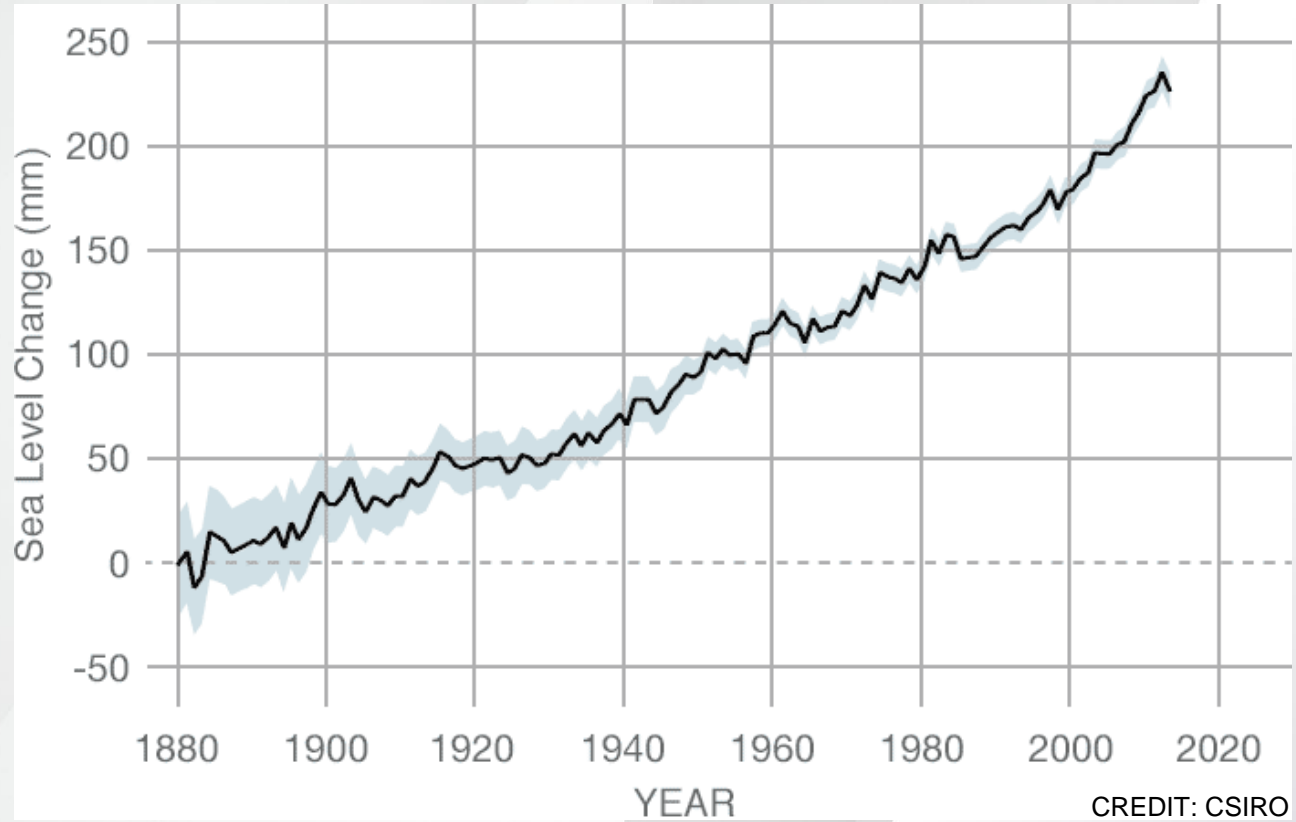


37°C = healthy



39°C = sick

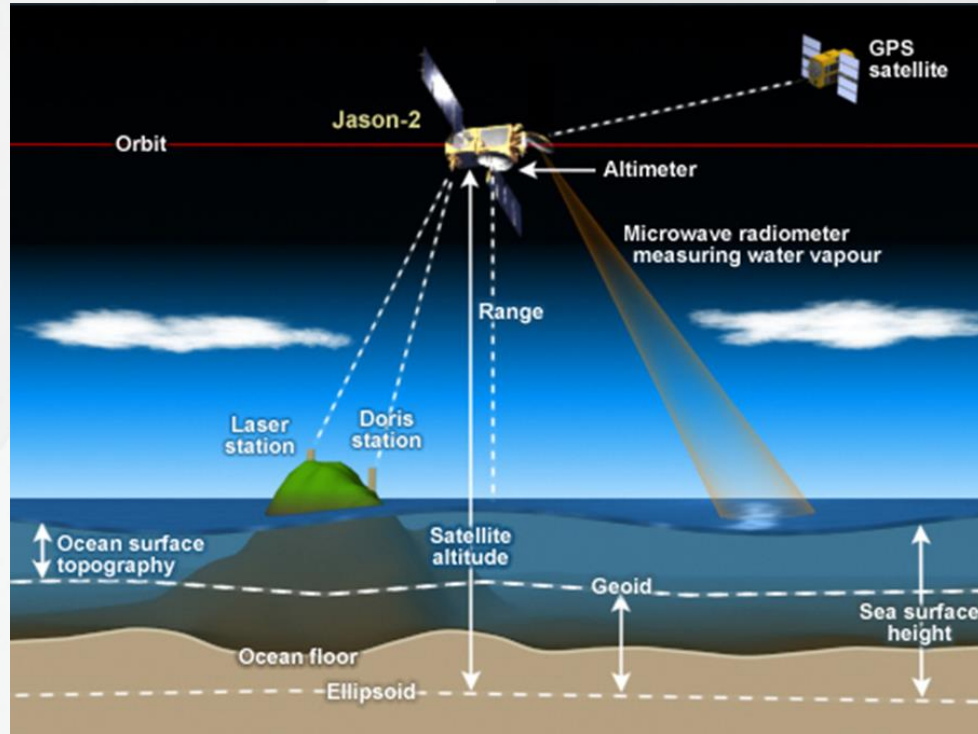
# Sea Levels are rising



CREDIT: CSIRO



# Satellite Altimetry: Measuring Sea Level



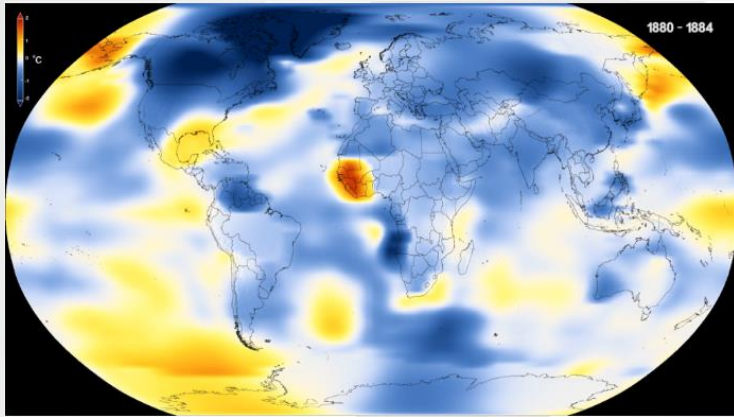


A few centimetres may not seem like much...

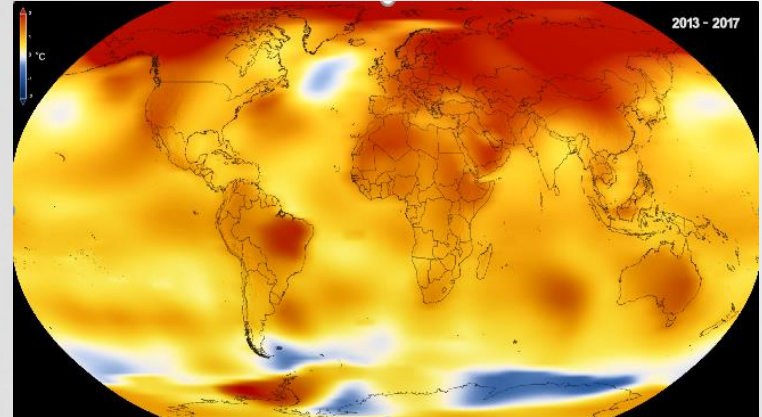


2004

The question is: Why?



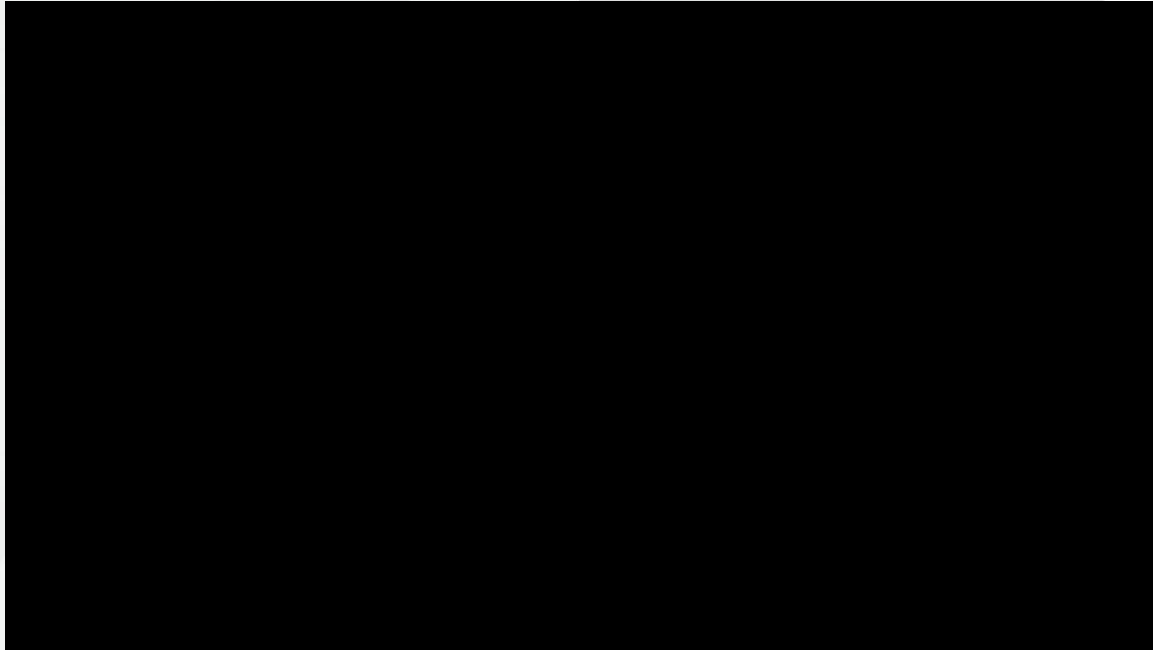
1880



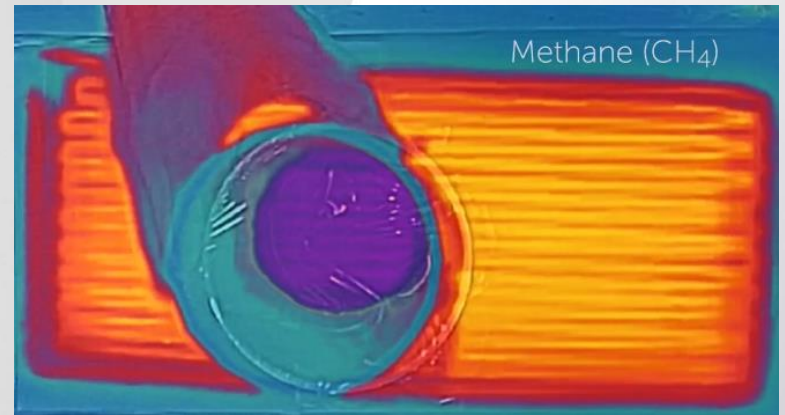
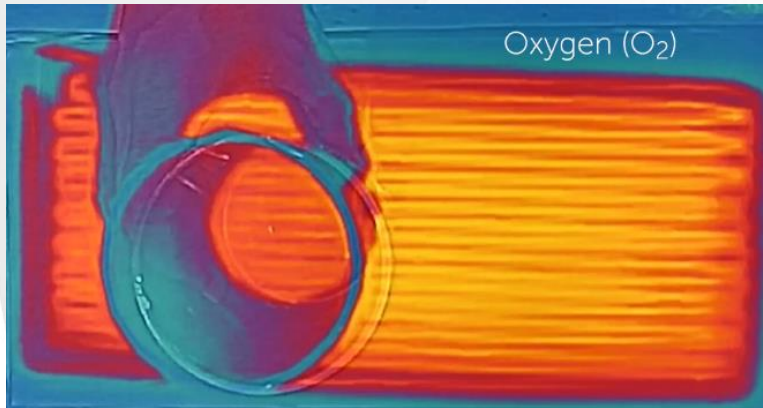
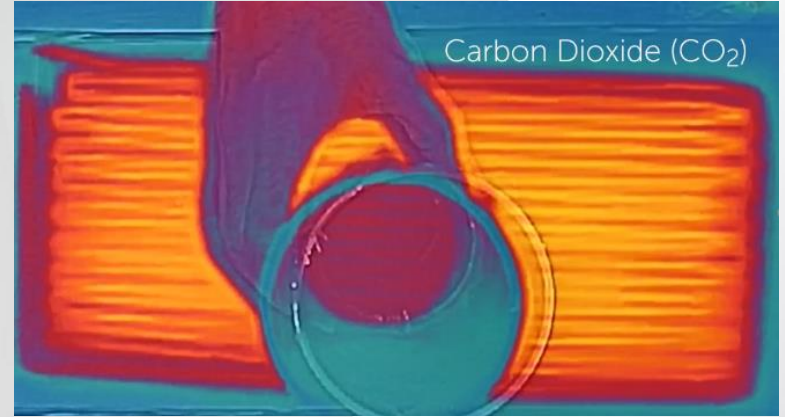
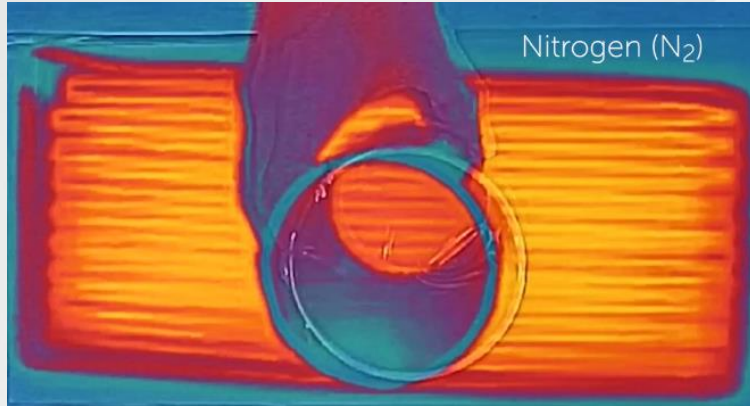
2017

And what can we do about it?

# A Climate Change demo



# Which gases are transparent to infrared radiation?





# Keeling Curve

<https://keelingcurve.ucsd.edu/>

- Measurement of the concentration of CO<sub>2</sub> in the atmosphere
- Continuous record at Mauna Loa since 1958

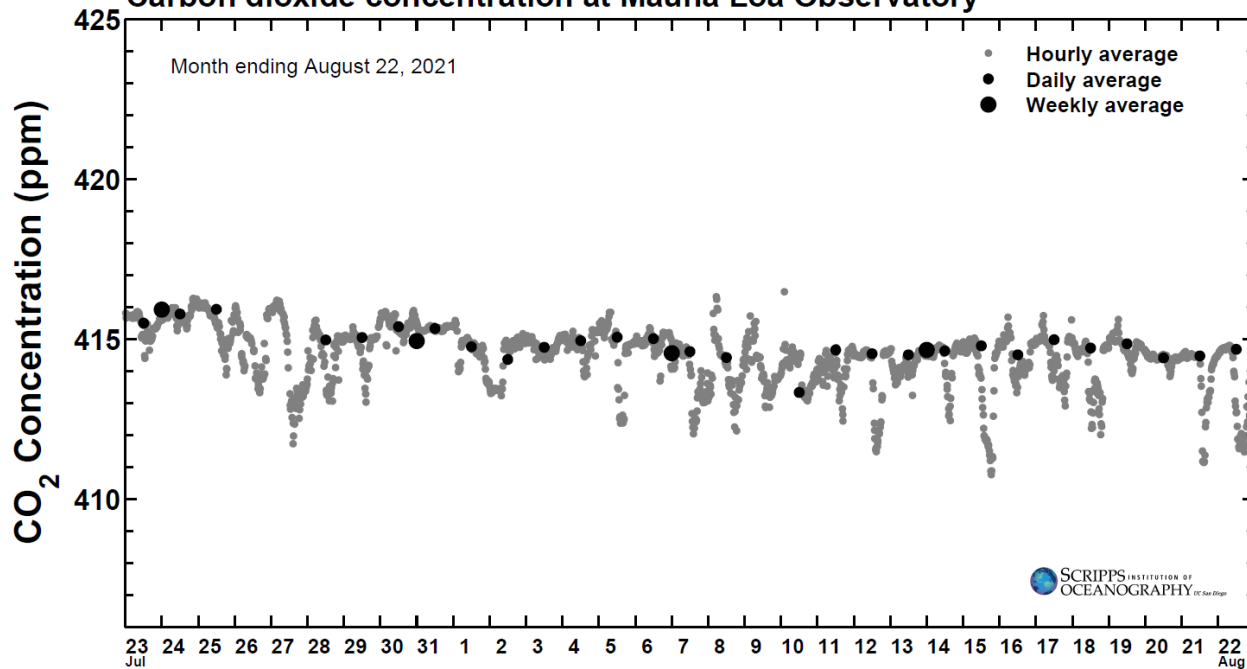
Latest CO<sub>2</sub> reading: **420.10 ppm**

(May 4, 2022)

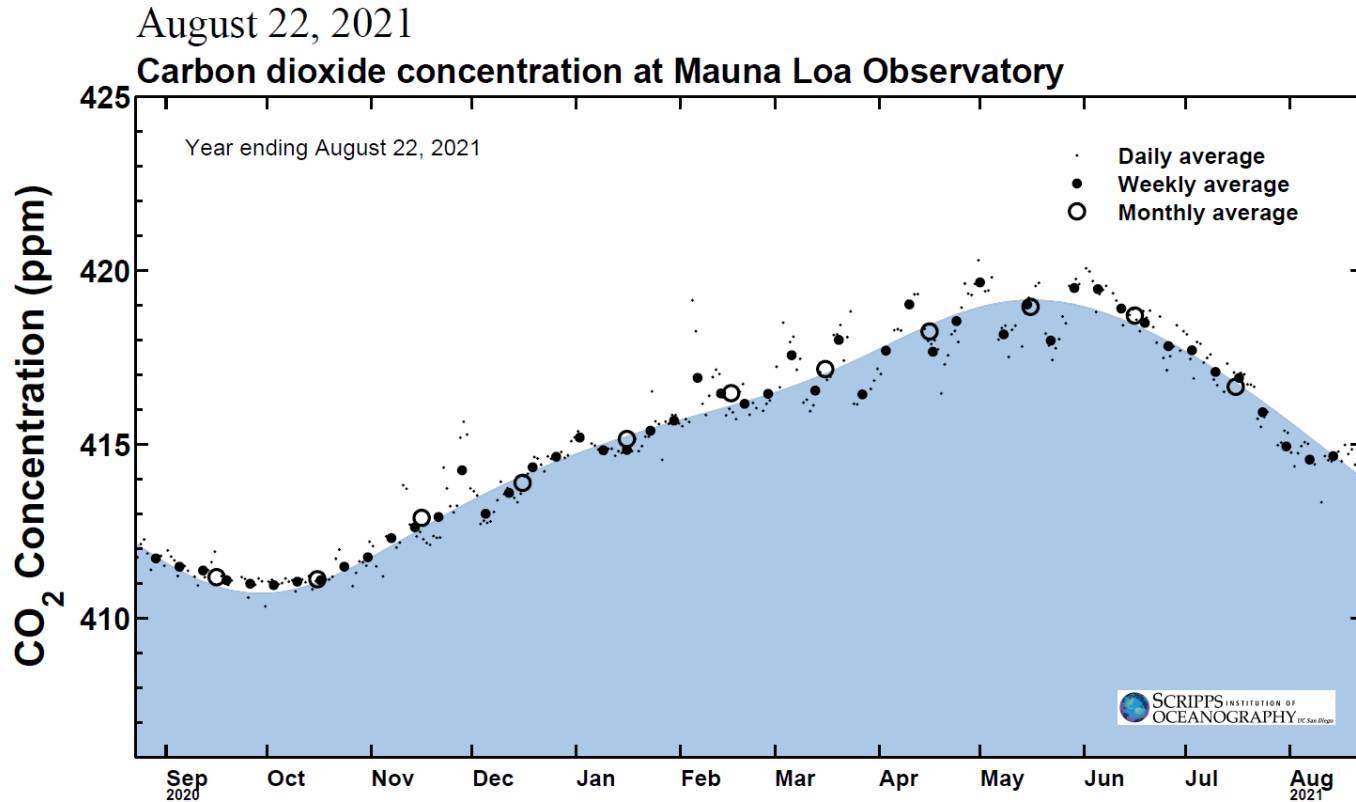
# One month

August 22, 2021

Carbon dioxide concentration at Mauna Loa Observatory



# 1 year

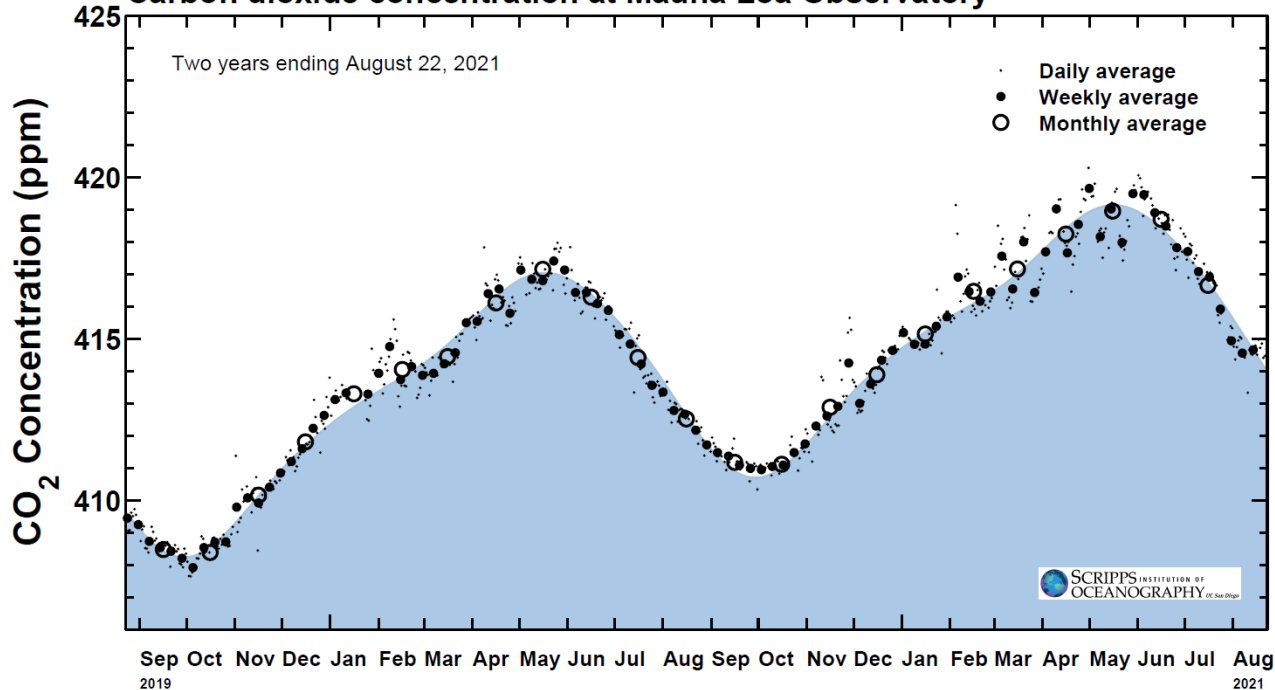




# Last two years

August 22, 2021

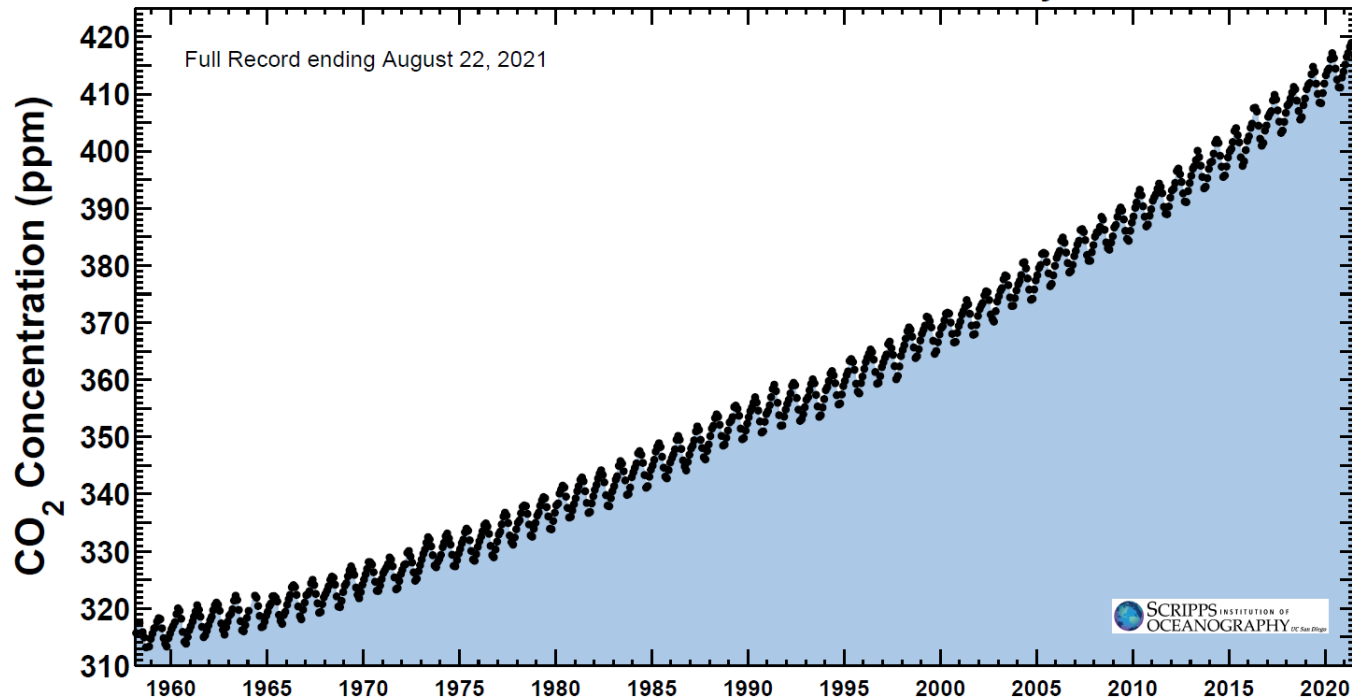
Carbon dioxide concentration at Mauna Loa Observatory



# Full record

August 22, 2021

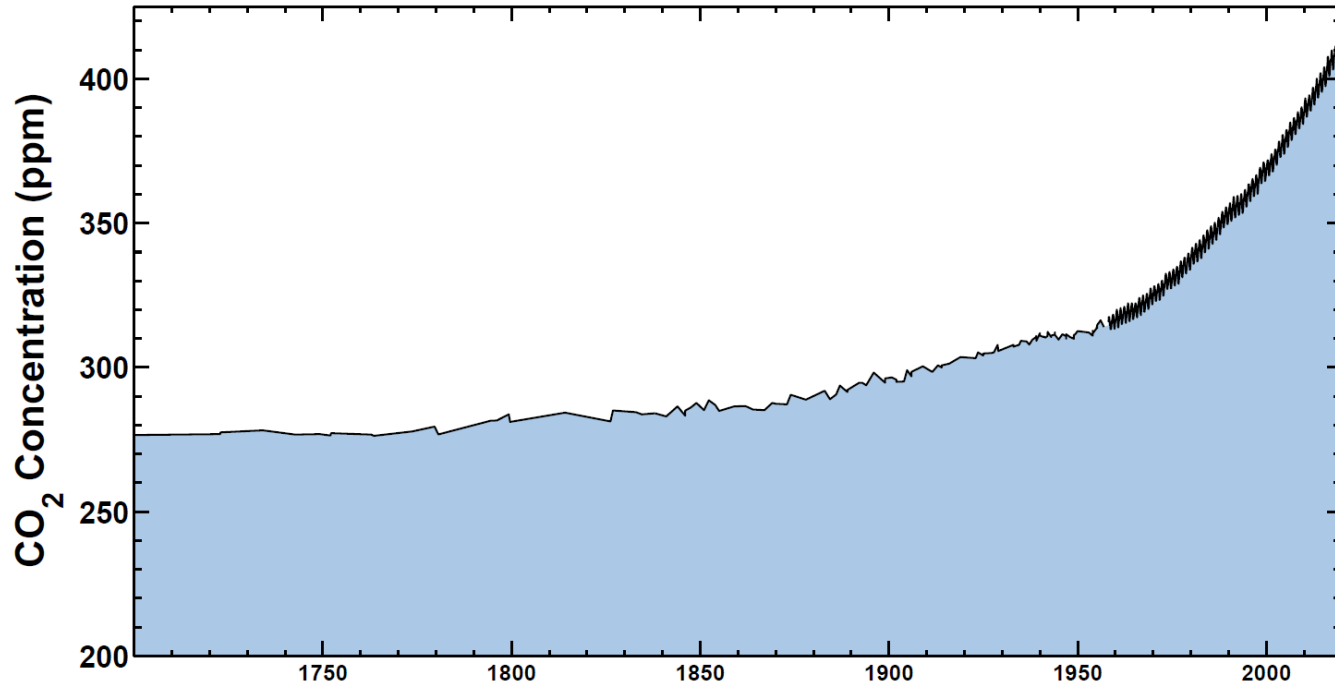
Carbon dioxide concentration at Mauna Loa Observatory



# 1700 - present

August 22, 2021

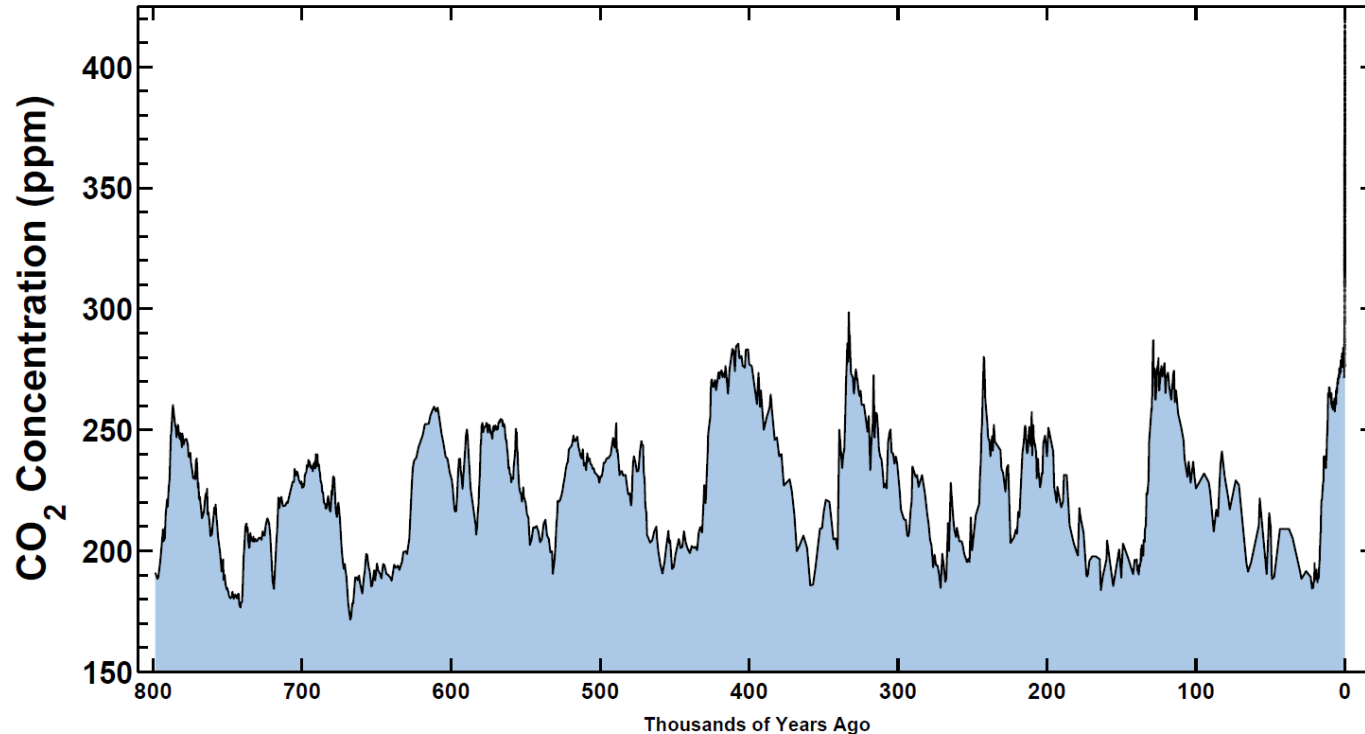
Ice-core data before 1958. Mauna Loa data after 1958.

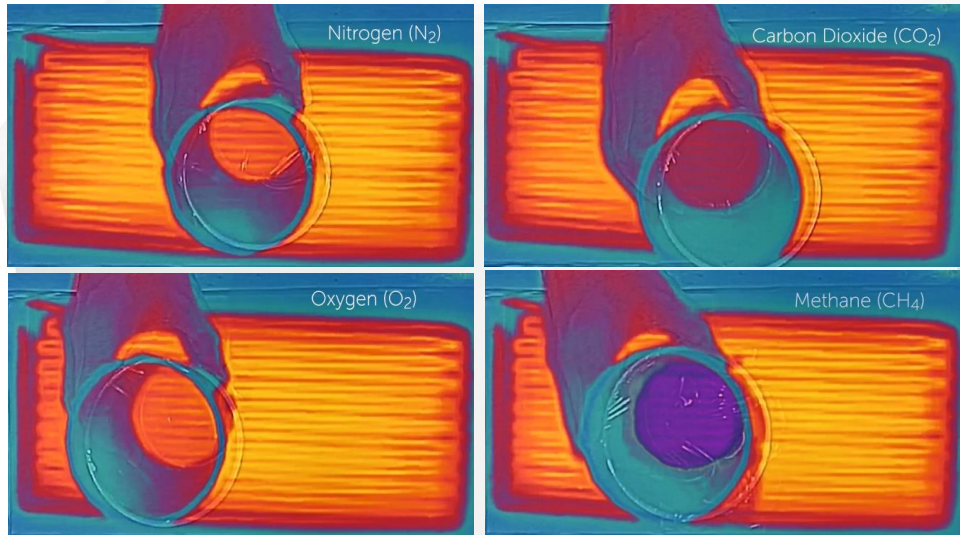


# Last 800,000 years

August 22, 2021

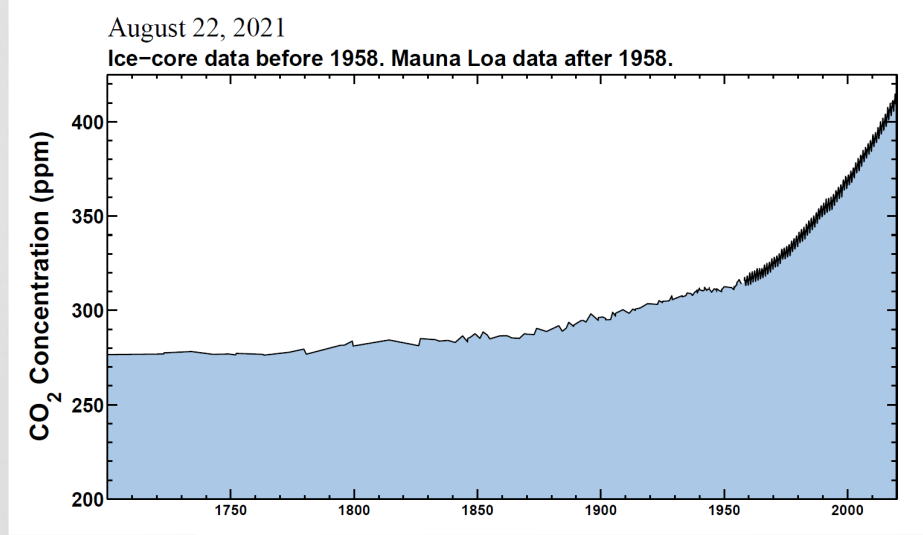
Ice-core data before 1958. Mauna Loa data after 1958.





Greenhouse gases, like  $CO_2$  and methane, absorb infrared radiation.

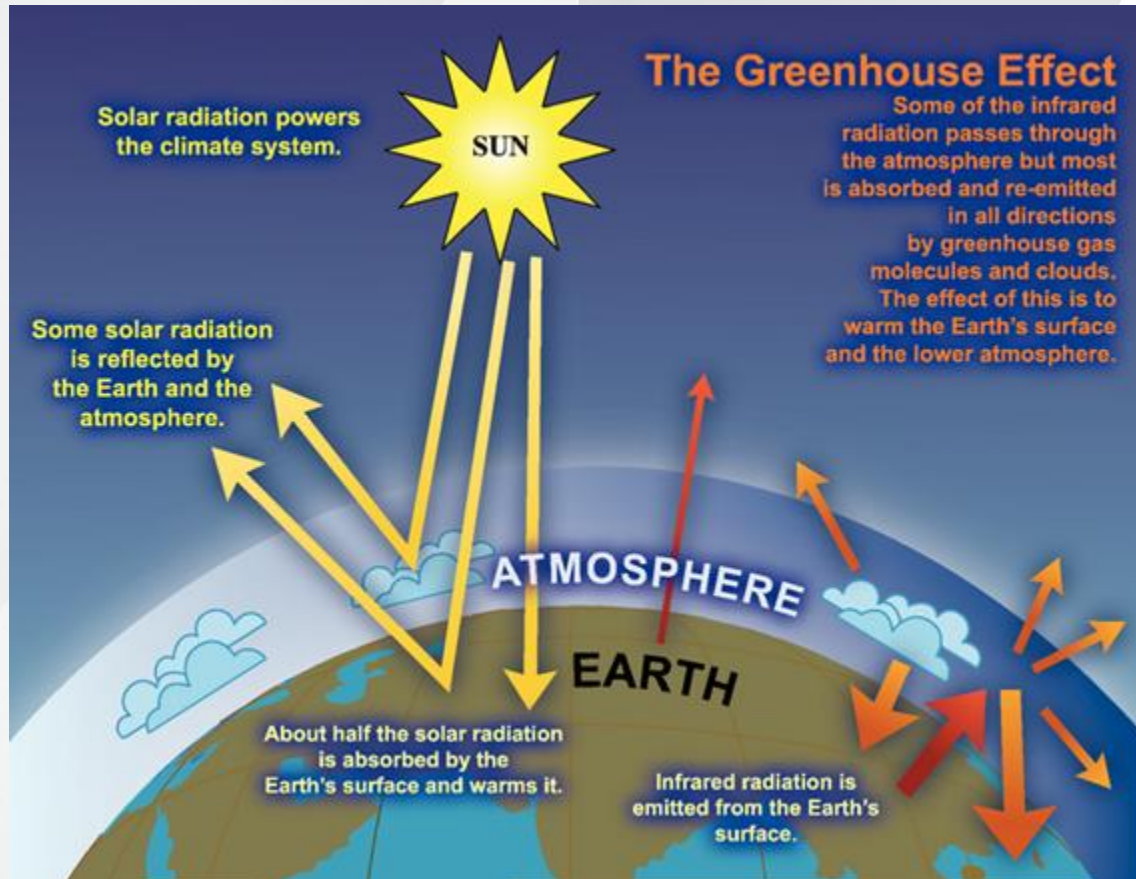
$CO_2$  levels have been increasing since industrial revolution



How do these observations  
relate to the Earth?



# Earth's atmosphere traps heat



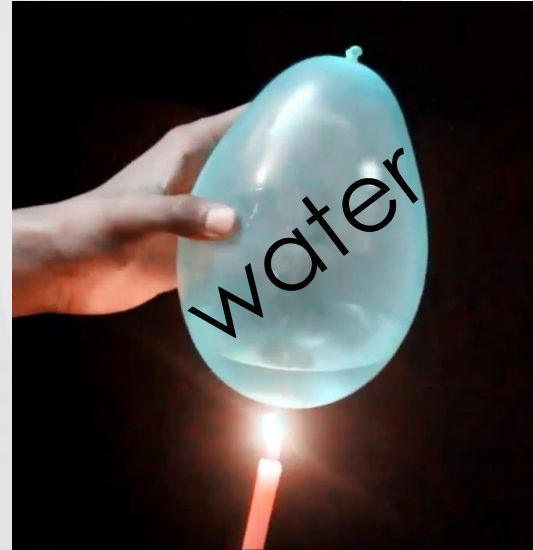


# Heat

- Predict
- Observe
- Explain
- Apply

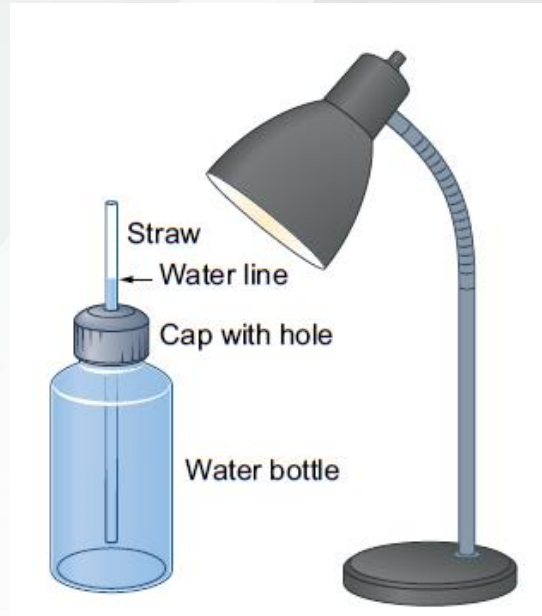


Predict: What happens to the balloons?



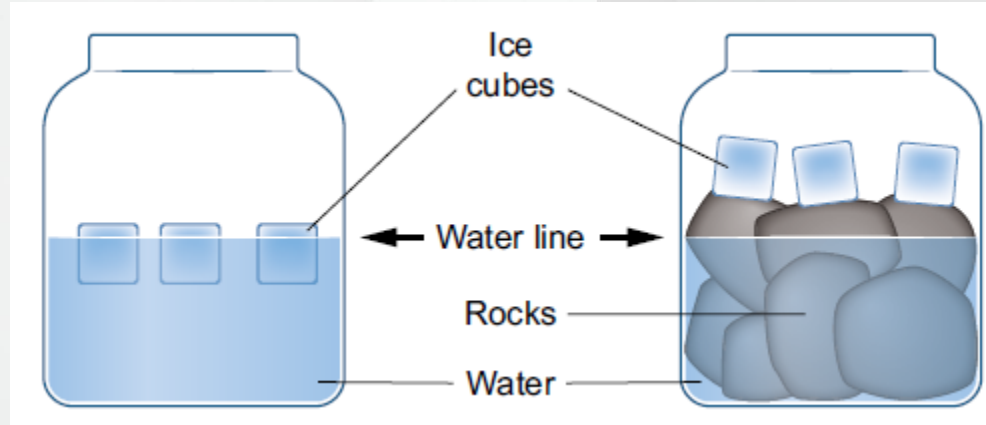
Will the balloons pop at the same time? If not, which will pop first? Why?

# Predict: What happens when water heats up?



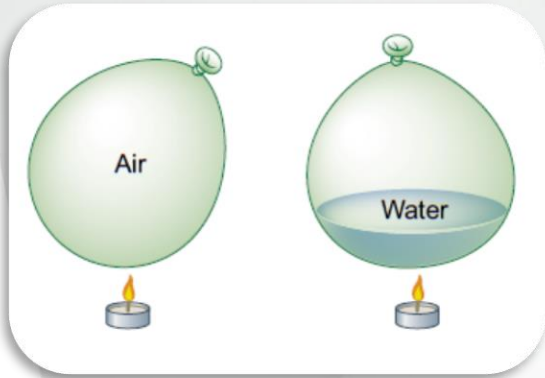
Will the water level rise, fall or stay the same?  
Why?

# Predict: What happens when ice melts?



What will happen to the water level in each container? Why?

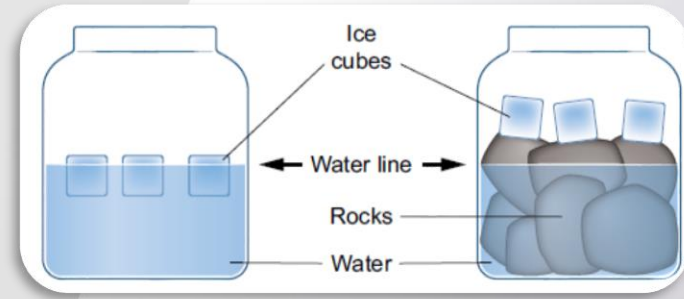
# Make your 3 predictions and explanations!



Popping time



Water level



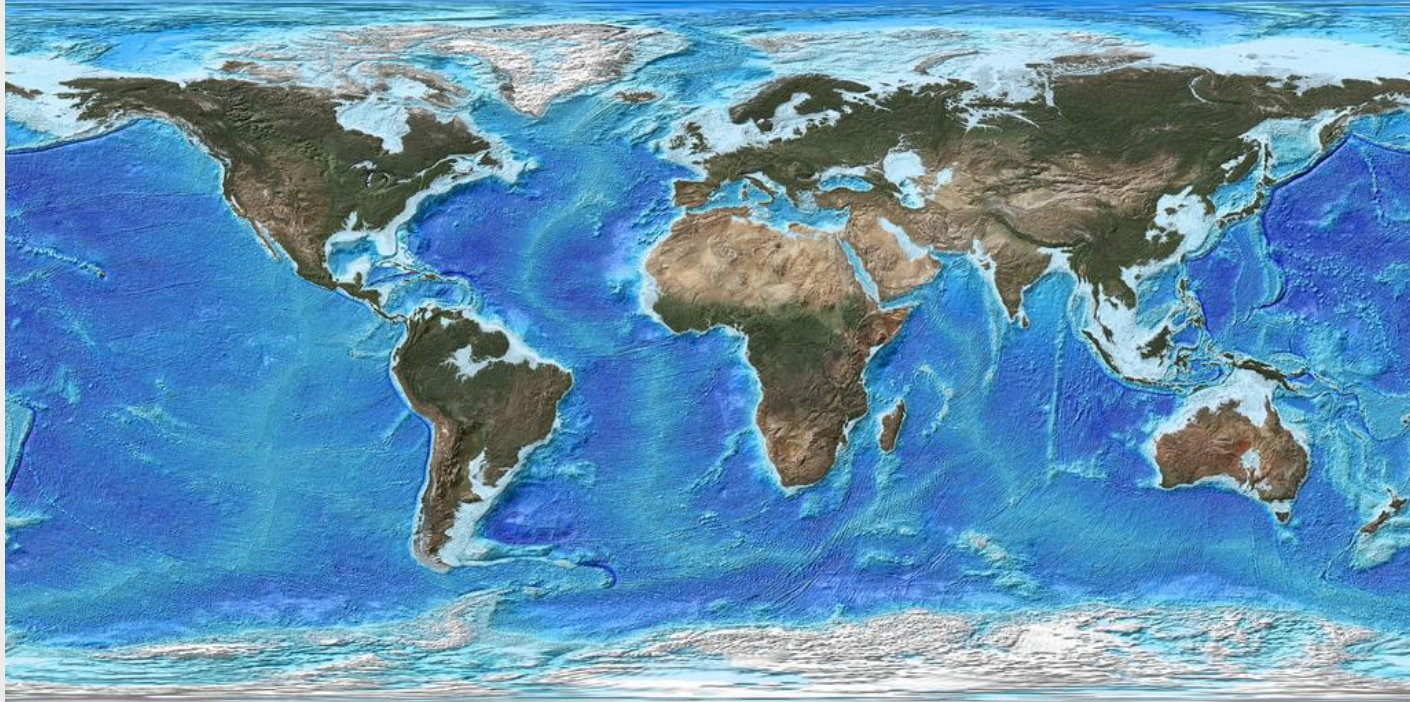
Water level

# Observe and Explain





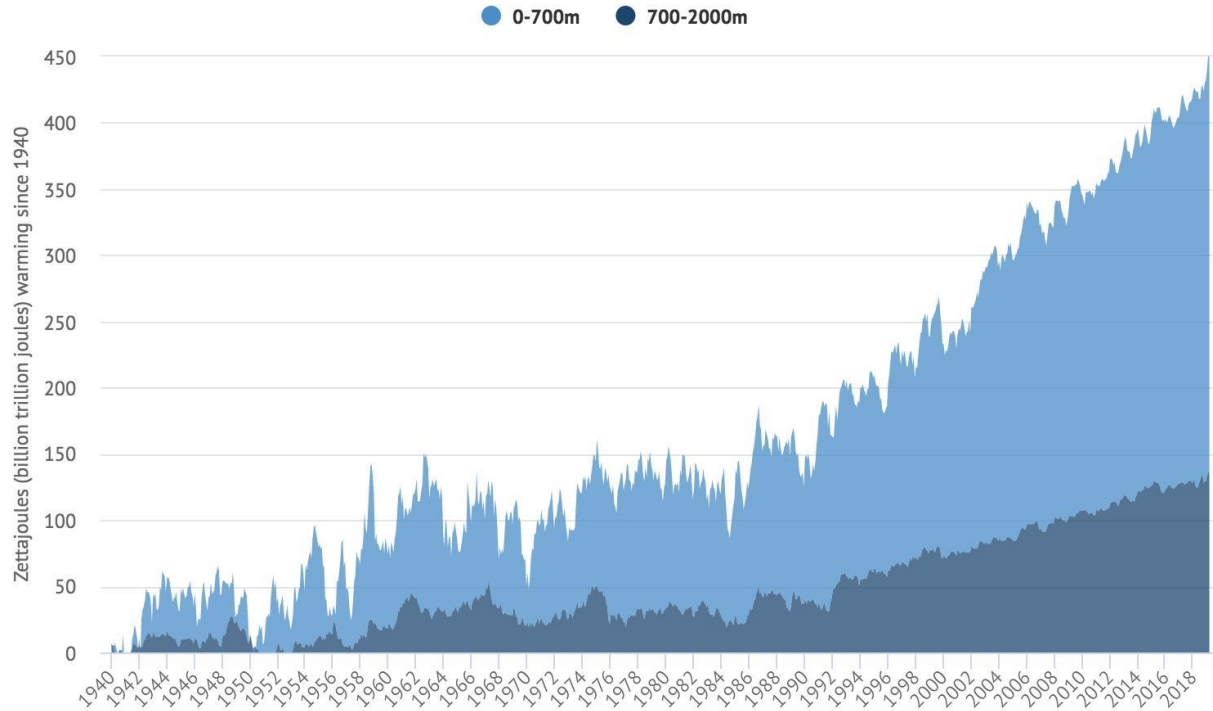
Apply:  
70% of the Earth is covered by water





# Oceans are hotter

Global ocean heat content



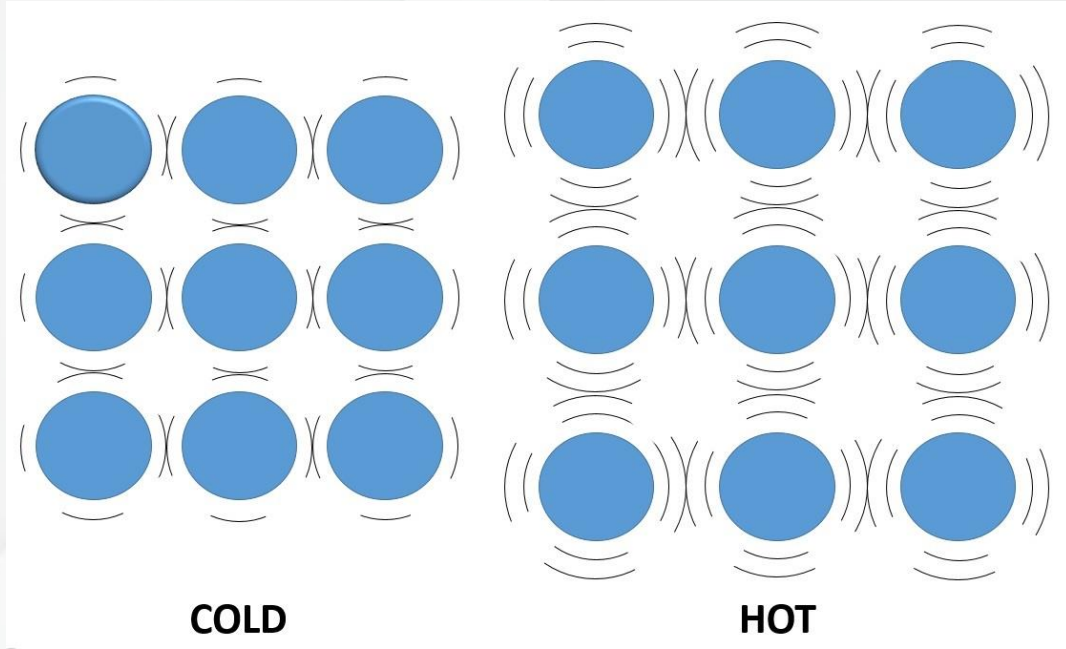
# What happens when water heats up?



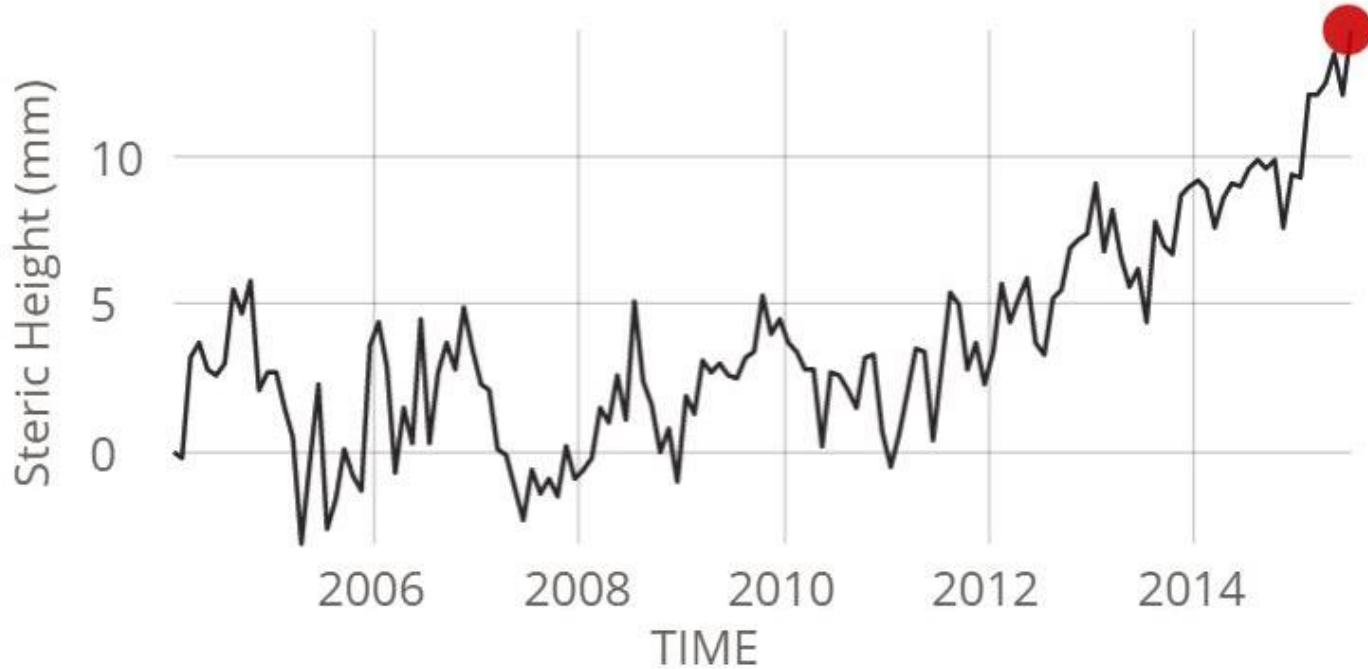
# How does this relate to the Earth?



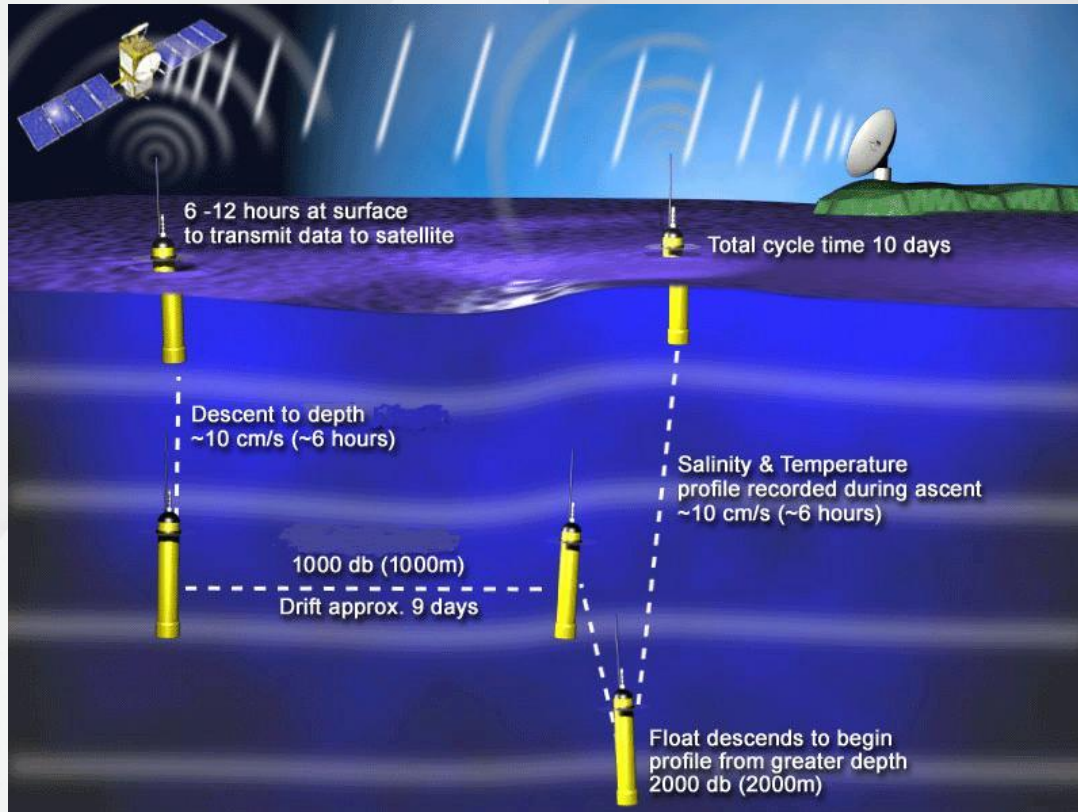
# Thermal Expansion of Water



# Apply: Measuring the Ocean's Volume

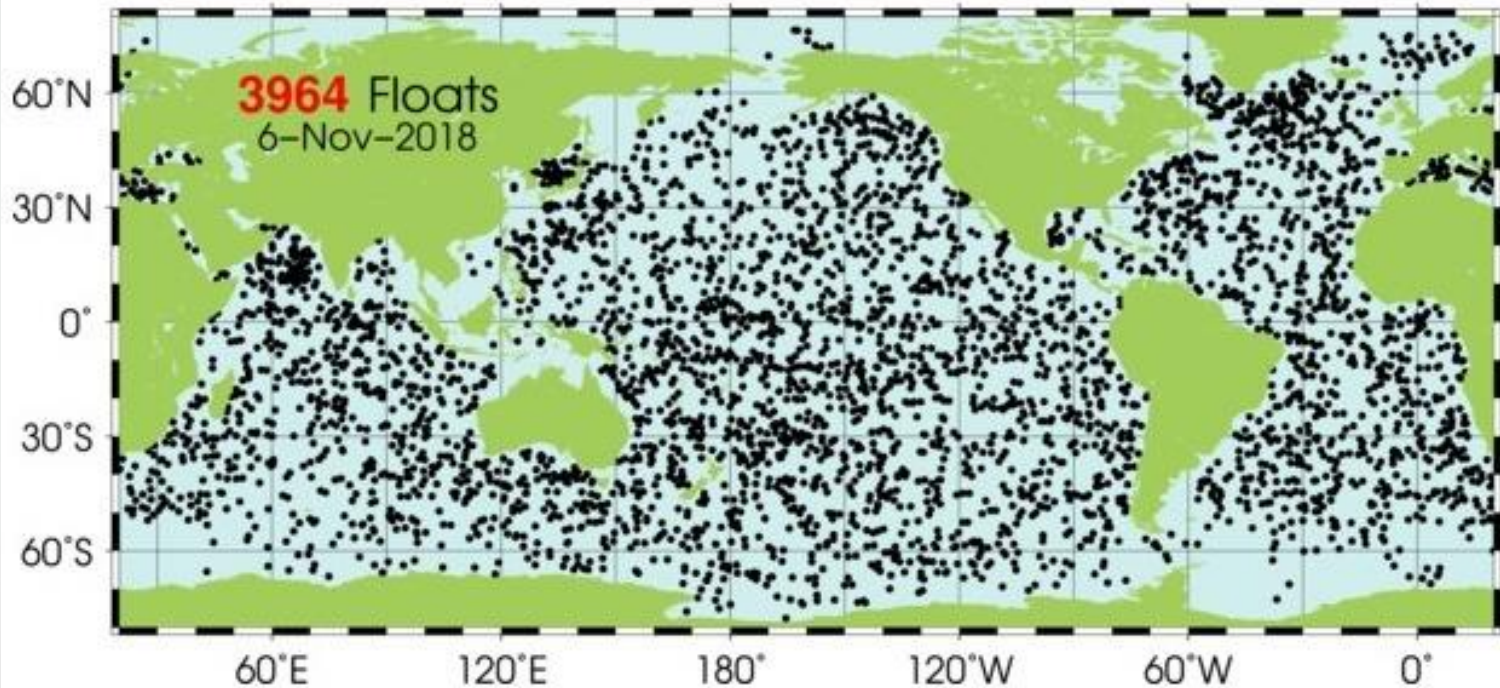


# ARGO: Measuring the Ocean's Volume



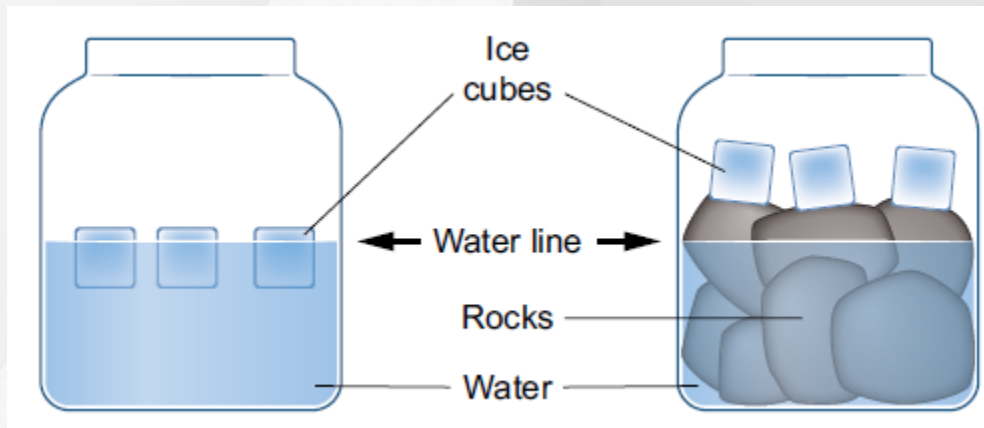


# ARGO: Measuring the Ocean's Volume

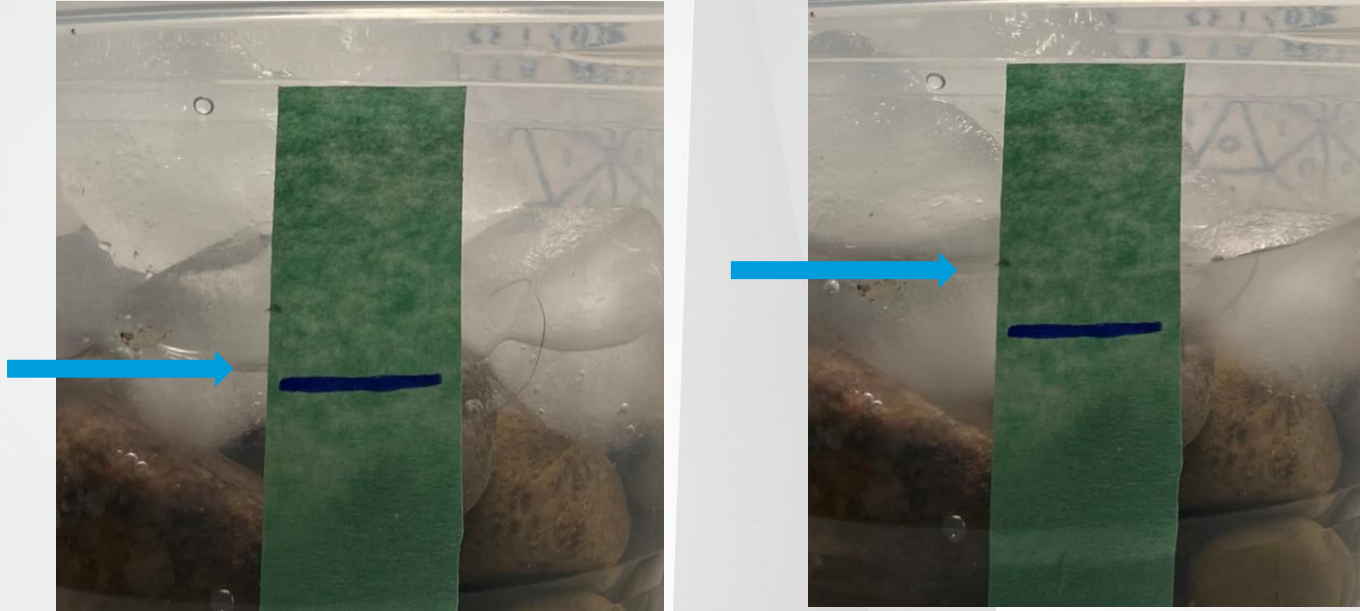




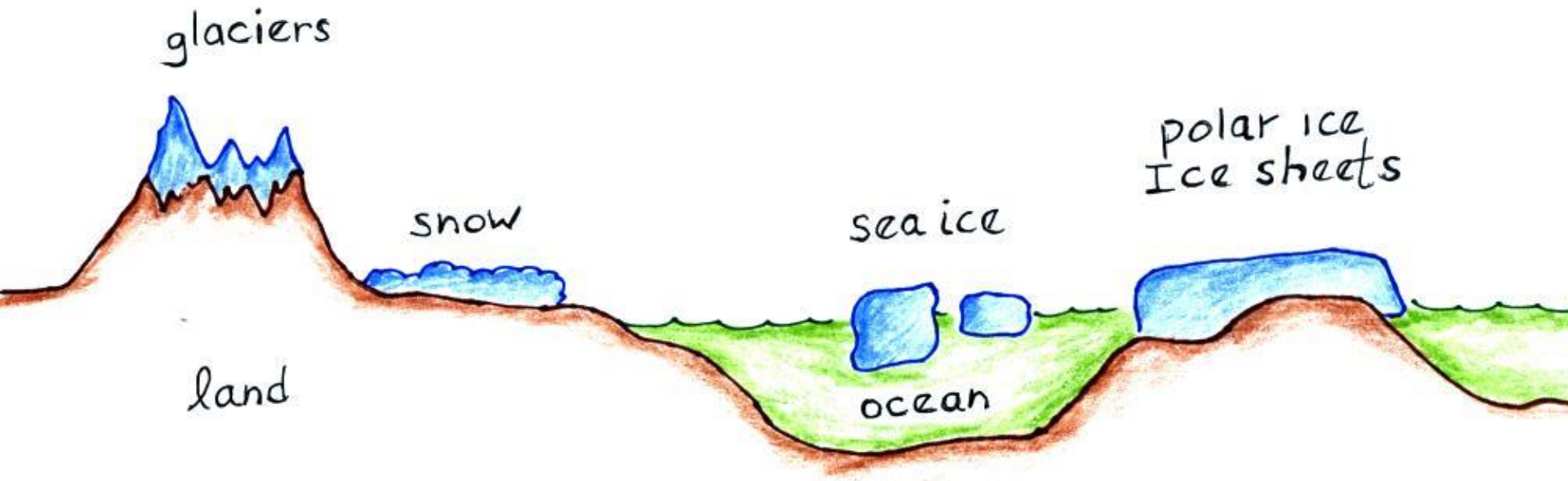
# Observe and Explain



# How does this relate to the Earth?



# Apply: Land Ice vs Sea Ice



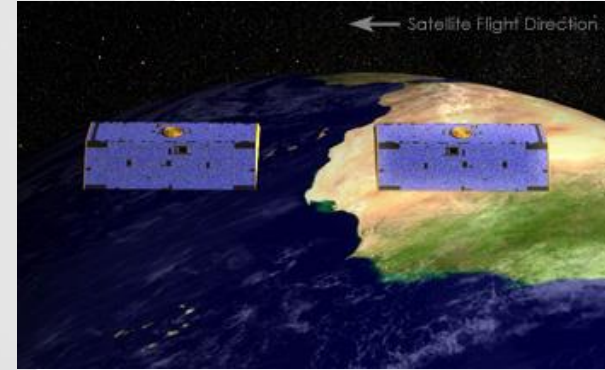
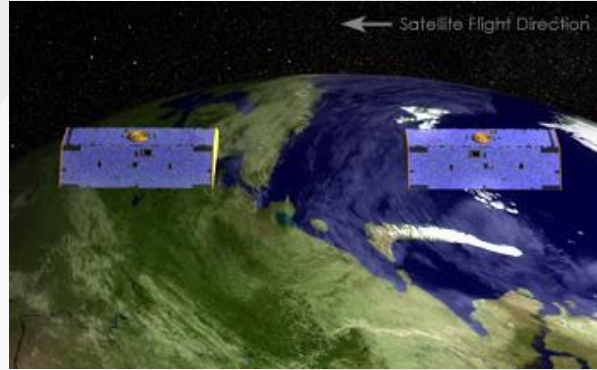
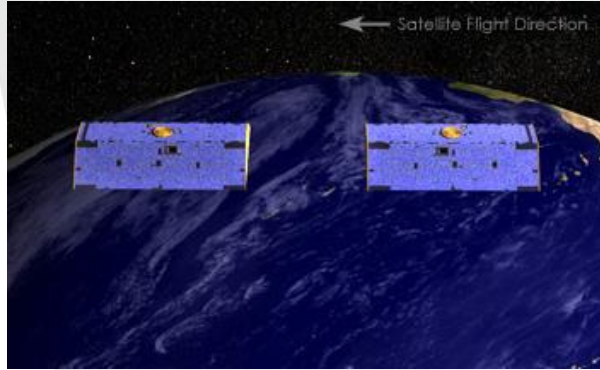


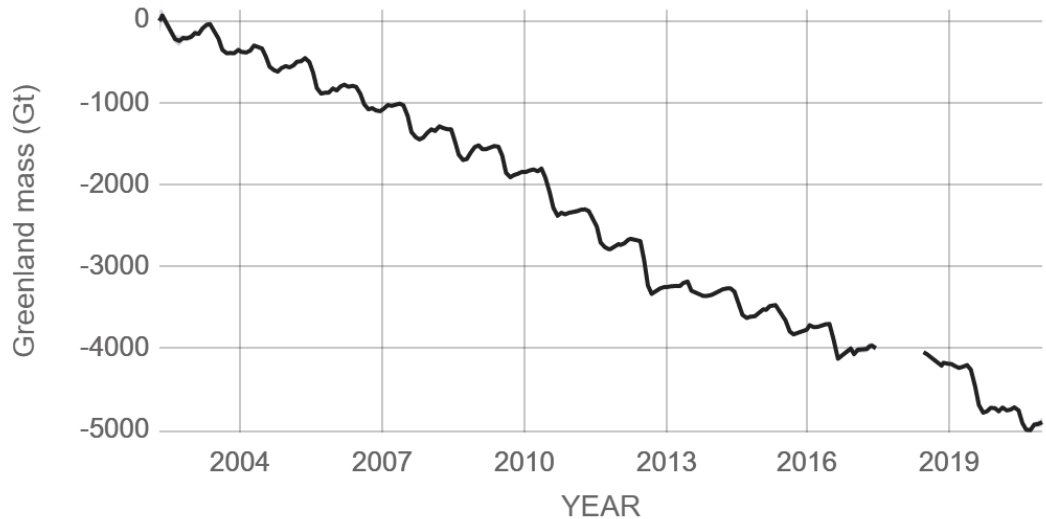
A melting ice berg does not cause a direct change in sea level



A melting glacier adds water to the ocean and causes a direct change in sea level

# GRACE: Measuring Land Ice Mass





Antarctica ice mass is decreasing at 150 Gt per year

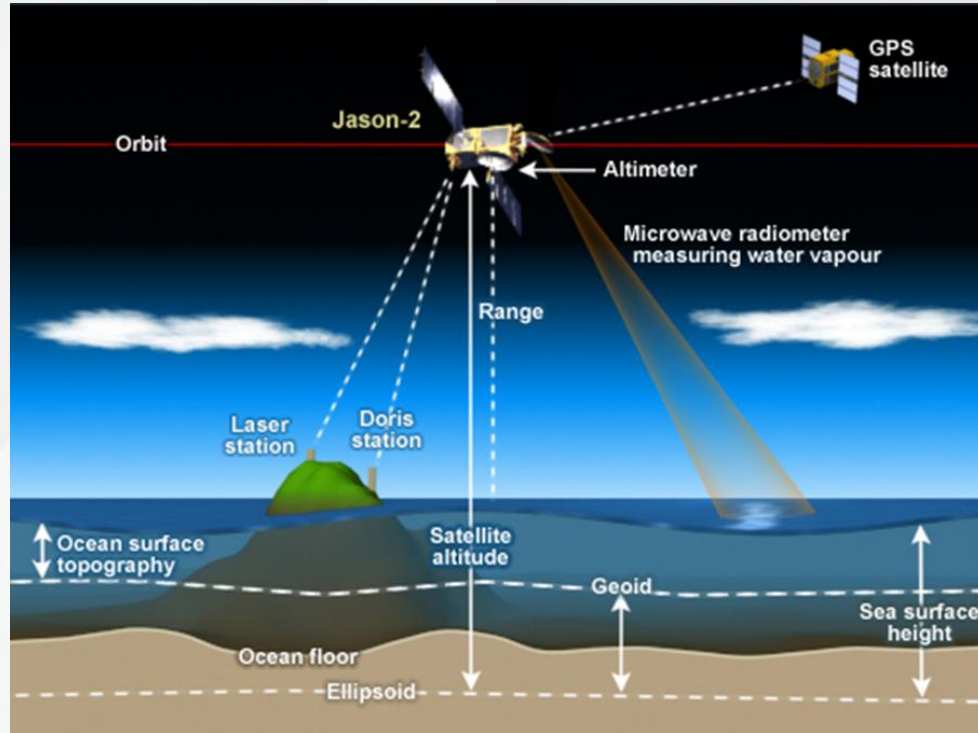
> 420 Gt per year!

Greenland ice mass is decreasing at 278 Gt per year

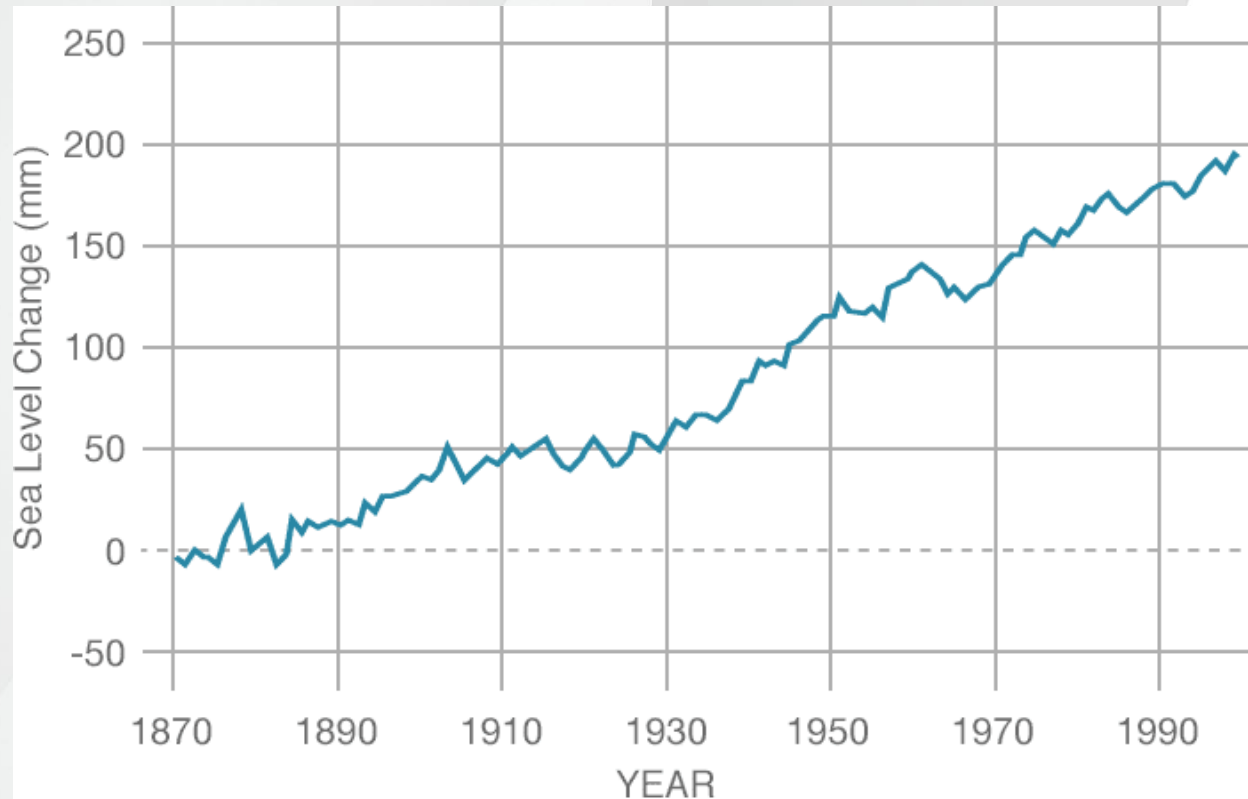
Source: climate.nasa.gov



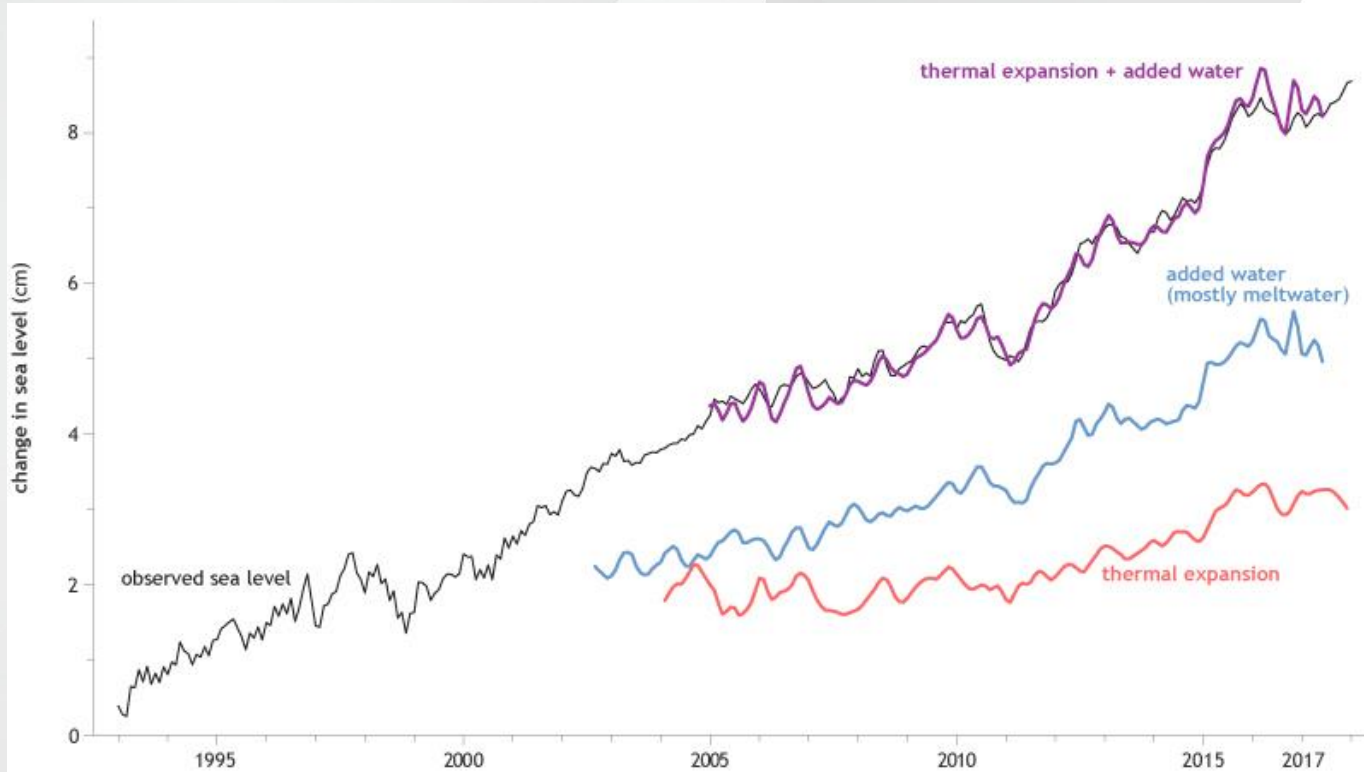
# Satellite Altimetry: Measuring Sea Level



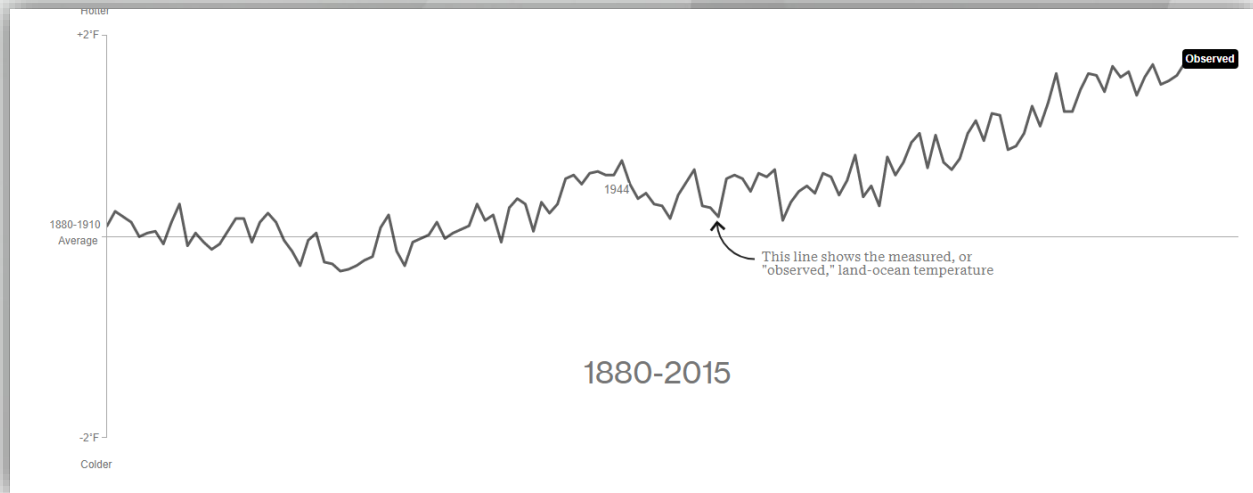
# Measuring the Height of the Sea



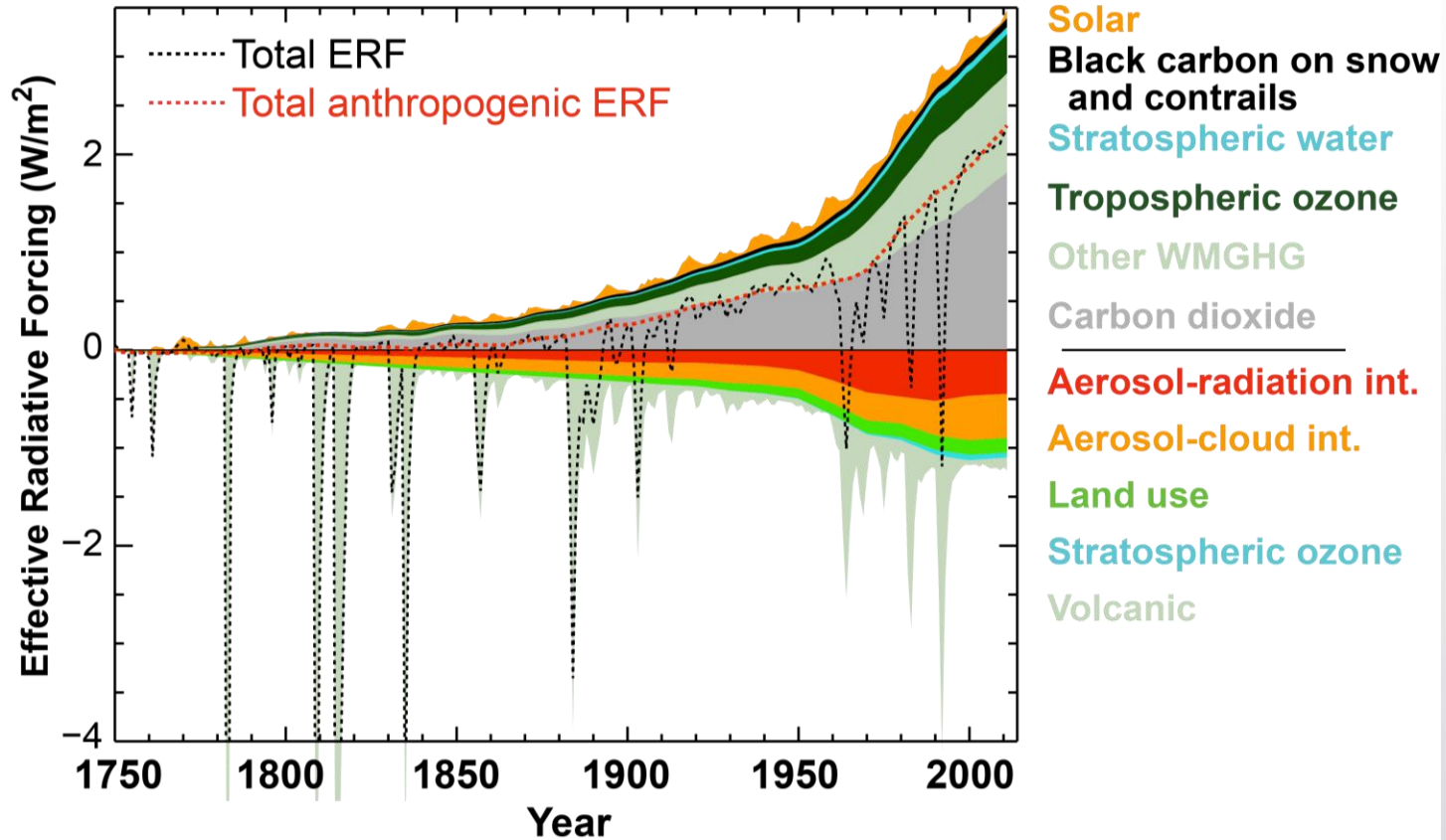
# Sea Level Budget



# What's causing the warming?



# Forcing factors



# Effects of climate change

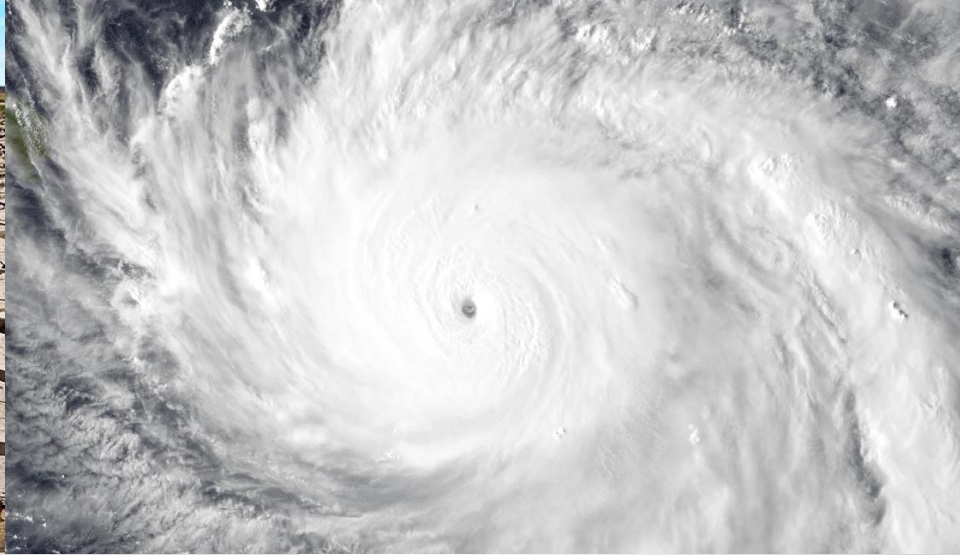
Increased flooding



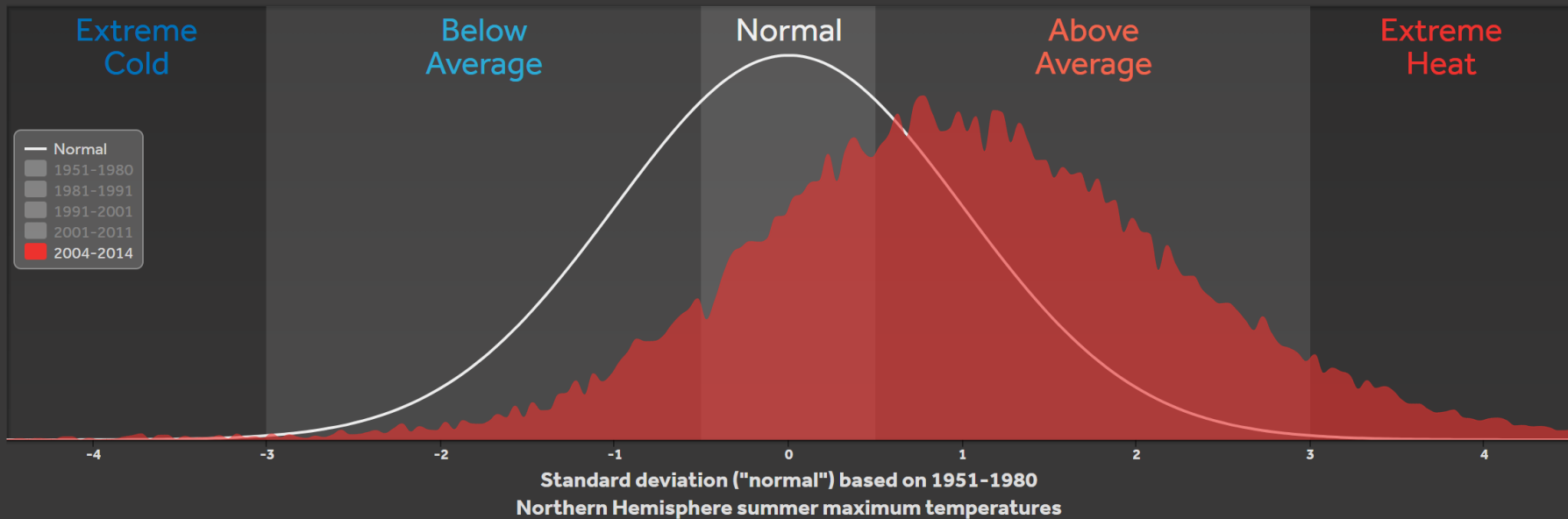


# Effects of climate change

More extreme weather events



# More heat waves



# Effects of climate change

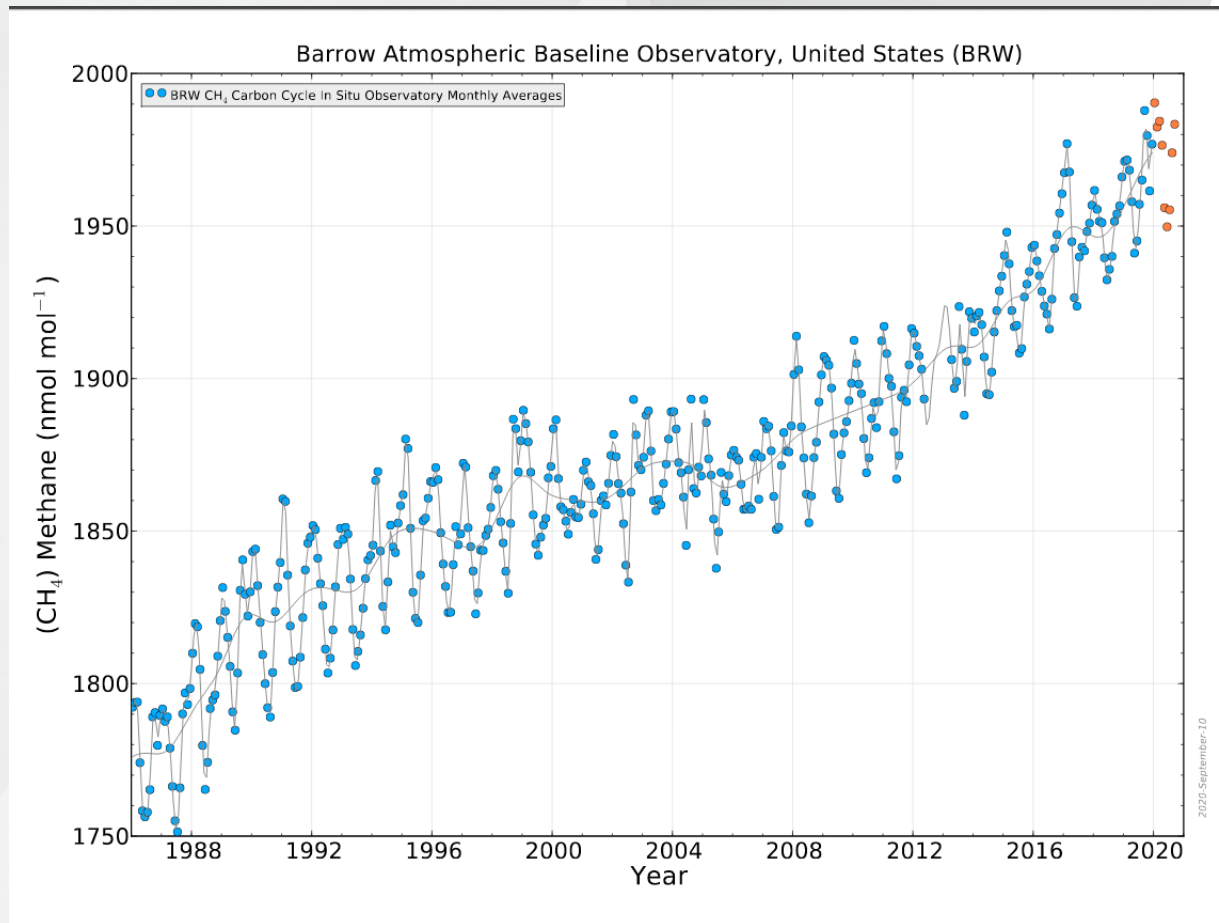
More intense wildfires



# Effects of climate change

Thawing permafrost







# Effects of climate change

## Shifting Ecosystems





# Effects of climate change

Spreading diseases

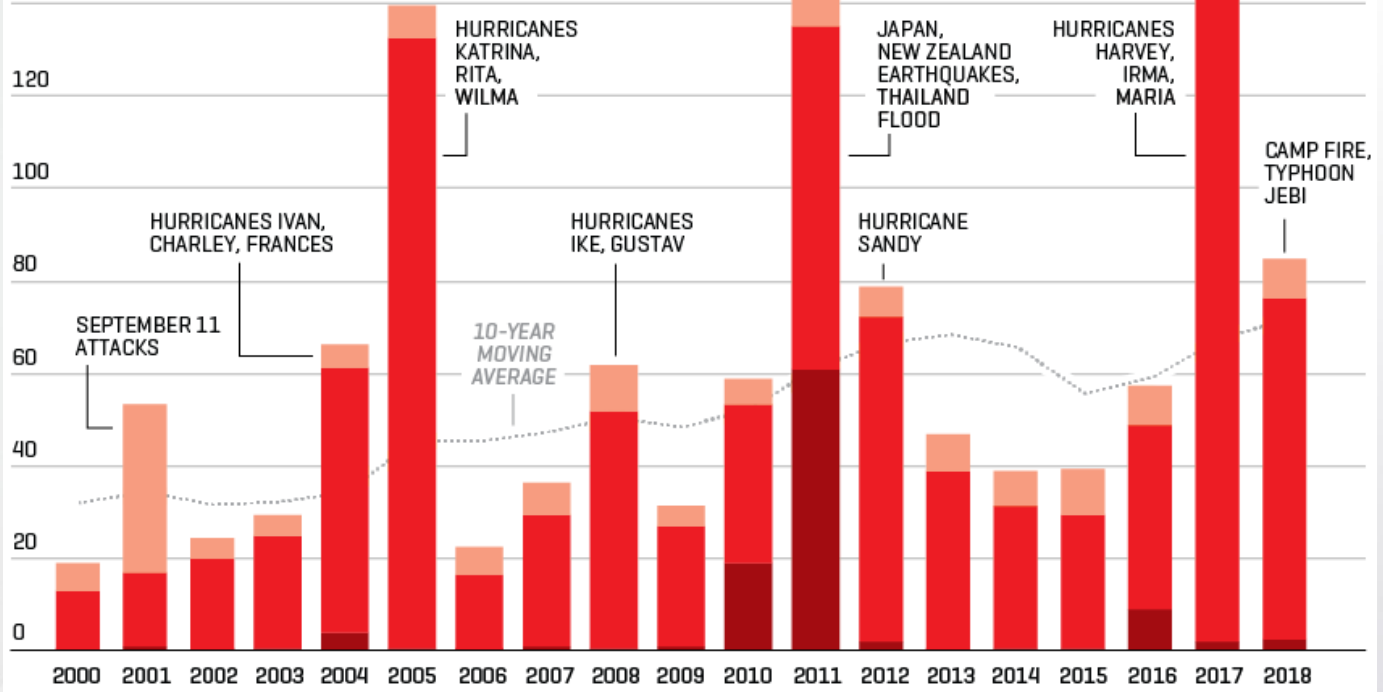


# Economic costs of climate change

## INSURED CATASTROPHE LOSSES [2018 dollars]

■ EARTHQUAKE/Tsunami ■ WEATHER-RELATED DISASTERS ■ MAN-MADE DISASTERS

\$140 billion



SOURCE: SWISS RE INSTITUTE

# Social costs of climate change



# Climate Change



*It's real...*

*It's us...*

*It's serious...*

*And the window of time to prevent dangerous impacts is closing fast.*

*Katharine Hayhoe, Texas Tech*





**HUMANITY'S GREATEST  
CHALLENGE IS ALSO OUR  
GREATEST OPPORTUNITY**

**[DRAWDOWN.ORG/CLIMATE-SOLUTIONS-101](https://drawdown.org/climate-solutions-101)**

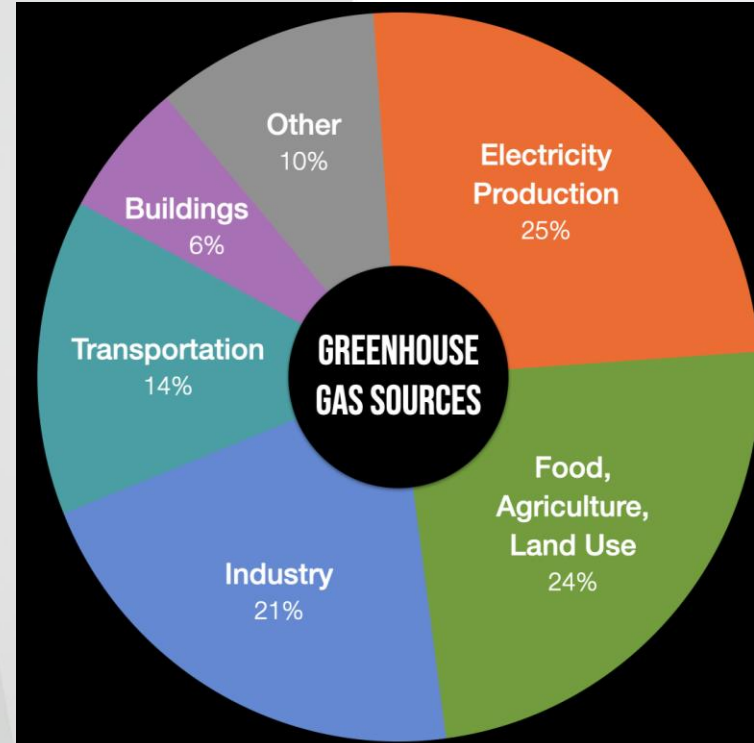
“We basically have three choices: *mitigation*, *adaptation*, and *suffering*. We’re going to do some of each. The question is what the mix is going to be. The more mitigation we do, the less adaptation will be required and the less suffering there will be.”

- John Holdren (climate expert)



# Mitigation: Sources and Sinks

- *Reducing GHGs at the source*
  - Renewables
  - Plant-based diet
  - EVs
- *Enhancing carbon sinks*
  - Reforestation
  - Carbon Capture and Sequestration
  - Direct Air Capture



# Project Drawdown Top 10

The logo for Drawdown.org, featuring the text "DRAWDOWN.ORG" in a bold, blue, sans-serif font. The text is positioned in the upper right corner of the image, set against a background of a blue sky with white clouds.

**2.0°C by 2100**

**1.5°C by 2100**

Reduced Food Waste

Onshore Wind Turbines

Health and Education for Girls/Women

Utility-Scale Solar Photovoltaics

Plant-Rich Diets

Reduced Food Waste

Refrigerant Management

Plant-Rich Diets

Tropical Forest Restoration

Health and Education for Girls/Women

Onshore Wind Turbines

Tropical Forest Restoration

Alternative Refrigerants

Improved Clean Cookstoves

Utility-Scale Solar Photovoltaics

Distributed Solar Photovoltaics

Improved Clean Cookstoves

Refrigerant Management

Distributed Solar Photovoltaics

Alternative Refrigerants

# Adaptation

Adjusting to the current and future effects of climate change.



## ***Miami Says It Can Adapt to Rising Seas. Not Everyone Is Convinced.***

Officials have a new plan to manage rising water. Succeed or fail, it will very likely become a case study for other cities facing climate threats.

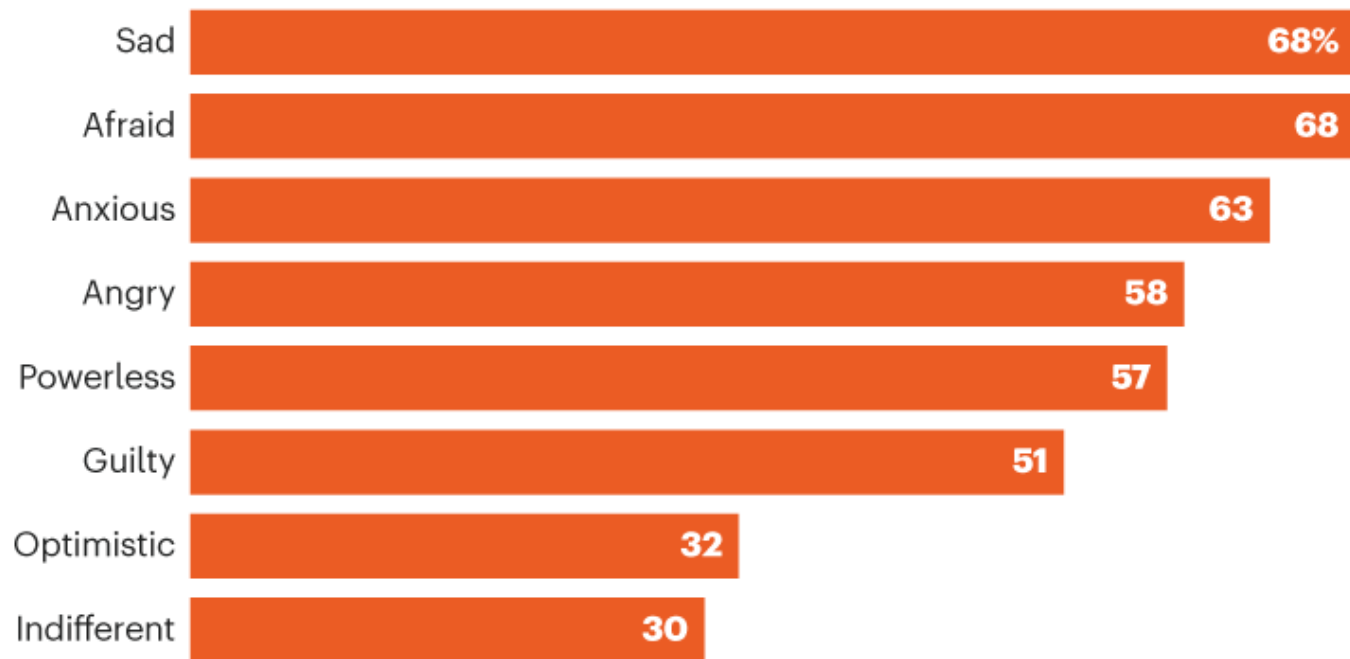
# Recognize that this is a complex issue

- Inter-generational conflict
- Racial inequality
- Defence Mechanisms
- Hopelessness
- Shame
- Anxiety



# Climate Anxiety

## Climate change makes me feel...



# What good will personal actions do?

PRACTICE WHAT  
YOU PREACH!

ACTION IS HOPE.  
THERE IS NO HOPE  
WITHOUT ACTION.

- RAY BRADBURY





# Simple actions you can take:

- Talk about Climate Change
- Reduce your own personal footprint
  - Transportation and energy choices
  - Carbon offsets
  - Dietary choices
- Lobby for systemic change
  - Political, social, economic

# Resources



DRAWDOWN.ORG

GLOBAL WEIRDING  
WITH KATHARINE HAYHOE



NEW EPISODES  
EVERY OTHER WEDNESDAY  
GLOBALWEIRDINGSERIES.COM KTTZ.ORG



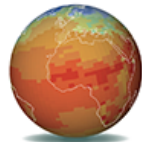
Skeptical



CarbonBrief  
CLEAR ON CLIMATE



VITAL SIGNS:  
Taking the Pulse of Our Planet



climateprediction.net

the world's largest climate modelling experiment for the 21st century

PI PERIMETER  
INSTITUTE