



# Logging data in relation with Post-Mortem and archiving

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Post-Mortem Workshop



# Topics



- Purpose of the LHC Logging Service
- Architecture overview
- Interaction with the Post-Mortem system
  - Combining and correlation of slow logging data and external transient data
  - Naming conventions and enforcement
  - Data lifetime policy
- Ideas and possibilities
  - Better use of the Naming database
  - Storing of PM summary information
- *No conclusion*



# Logging Service - Purpose

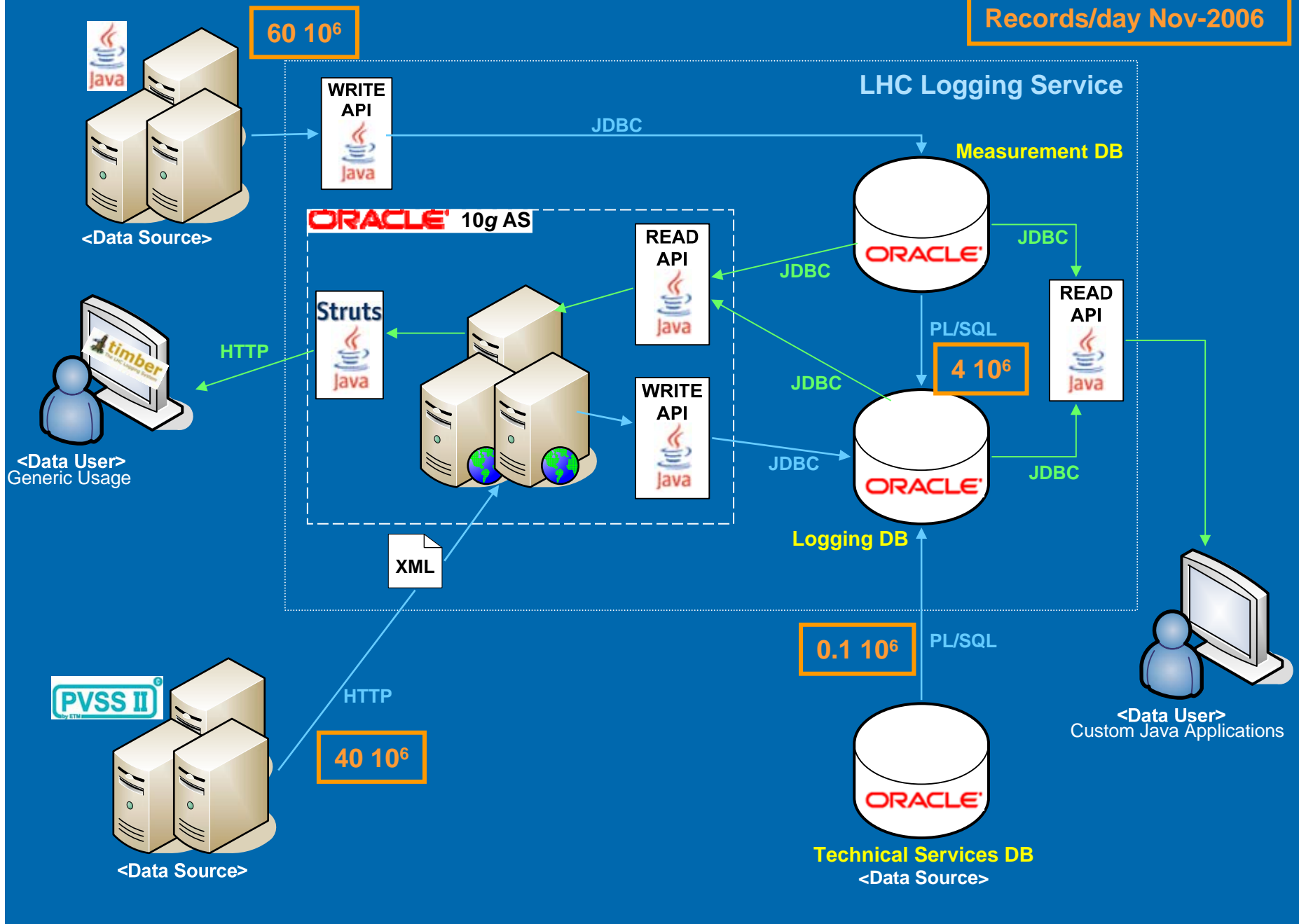


- Need to know what's going on in and around the LHC by *logging* heterogeneous time series data, in order to
  - manage information required to improve the performance of the machine and individual systems;
  - meet specific INB requirements to record beam history;
  - make available long term operational statistics for management;
  - avoid duplicate logging developments.
  
- Logging Project started in 2001
- First operational implementation used in autumn 2003
  
- Any client can use the service, including the injectors and the experiments
- Exponential increase in data volumes
- Expected to stabilize after 1<sup>st</sup> year of LHC operation ~5TB per year

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# Architecture

Records/day Nov-2006





# Integration with other services



- For a complete **PM analysis**, slow logging data will need to be combined with transient data captured by the PM server
- Many data sources are the same for PM and Logging
  - **Interlocks**: PIC, WIC, BIC
  - **Beam instrumentation**: BCT, BL, BPM
  - **Equipment**: Power Converters, Collimators, RF, Beam Dump
  - **Quench Protection System**
  - **Technical infrastructure**: CV, electricity
  - **Cryogenics**: production, instrumentation
  - **Vacuum**: pressures
- Two **prerequisites** are to be fulfilled
  - Consistent **identification** of the data  $\Leftrightarrow$  **Name of Parameter or Entity**
  - Coherent **time-stamping** of the data  $\Leftrightarrow$  **UTC at the data source**
- The same logic holds for Alarms, Setting, Trims,...

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# General naming scheme



<LHC entity>:<quantity code>

For example:  
STATUS  
VOLTAGE  
TEMPERATURE  
INTENSITY



<LHC entity code>.<location>.<function>



An "occurrence" may slip in to guarantee uniqueness of the entity

For example:  
LHC half cell  
CERN works  
Powering subsector

To specify in more detail the entity, if necessary

<LHC equipment code>

<https://edms.cern.ch/cedar/plsql/codes.systems>

**"Naming of LHC Entities and their Parameters for the CERN Control Centre"**

LHC-C-QA-0002  
EDMS 473091

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# Signal names in practice



Signal	Description	System
<b>MQ.12L3:U_1_EXT</b>	Voltage across first half of MQ.12L3 external aperture	QPS
<b>MB.A8R7:ST_MAGNET_OK</b>	Magnet status (SC or quenched) MB.A8R7	QPS
<b>RCD.A56B2:I_DIDT</b>	Current slope in corrector circuit RCD.A56B2	QPS
<b>DQAMG.UA63.RQ4.L6:ST_FIP</b>	WorldFIP status from controller on circuit RQ4.L6	QPS
<b>DQQDL.A8R7:ST_PWR_PERM</b>	Power permit from quench loop controller DQQDL.A8R7	QPS
<b>RCD.A56B2:ST_ABORT_PIC</b>	Quench status signal received by PIC for circuit RCD.A56B2	PIC
<b>RB.A12.ODD:CMD_ABORT_PIC</b>	Fast abort request issued by PIC for odd side on circuit RB.A12	PIC
<b>CIP.UA63.ML6:ST_SUPPLY_24V_1</b>	Status of the first 24V power supply in CIP.UA63.ML6	PIC
<b>RPTE.UA87.RB.A81:I_REF</b>	Current reference of 13kA power converter on MB circuit	PC
<b>RPTE.UA87.RB.A81:STATE_PLL</b>	Phase-locked loop state of 13 kA power converter on MB circuit	PC
<b>RPLB.UA83.RCOSX3.L8:I_MEAS ①</b>	Measured current of 120A power converter for inner triplet skew octupole corrector circuit	PC
<b>RPMBB.UA83.RQSX3.L8:STATE ①</b>	State of 600A power converter for inner triplet skew quadrupole corrector circuit	PC

① Have been logged during hardware commissioning heat runs 2005-2006

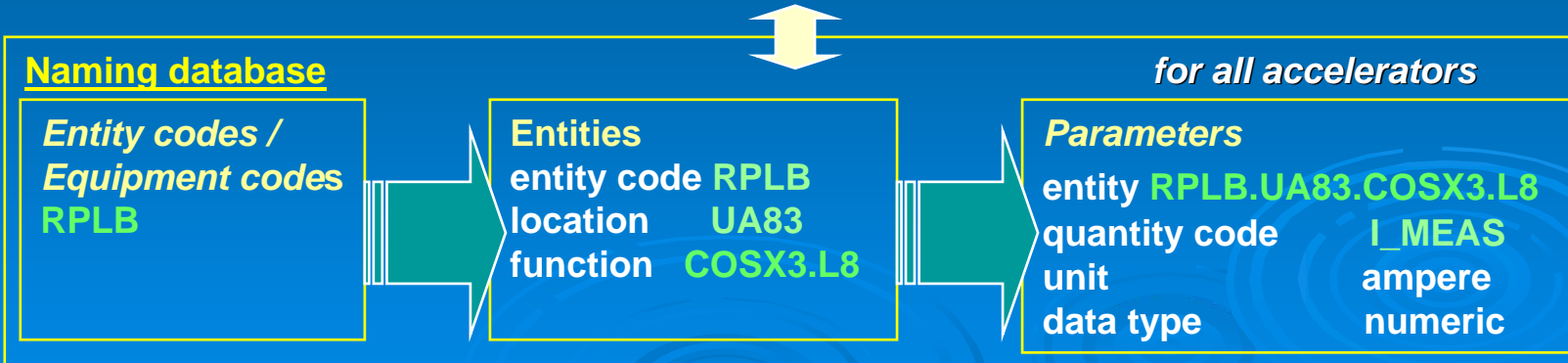




# A different key per data store



<p><b>PM Server</b> file system</p> <p>folder <code>../RPLB.UA83.COSX3.L8/2006_01...</code></p> <p>file <code>pmdata-100Hz.sdds</code></p>	<p><b>Logging database</b> table records</p> <p>var-name <code>RPLB.UA83.COSX3.L8:I_MEAS</code></p> <p>var-id <code>139162</code></p>
<p><b>LASER alarms database</b> table records</p> <p>FF <code>FFC_50</code></p> <p>FM <code>RPLB.UA83.COSX3.L8</code></p> <p>FC <code>23 (voltage source fault)</code></p>	<p><b>Measurement database</b> table records</p> <p>var-name <code>RPLB.UA83.COSX3.L8:I_MEAS</code></p> <p>var-id <code>2877</code></p>
<p><b>Layout database</b> table records</p> <p>slot <code>RPLB.UA83.COSX3.L8</code></p> <p>slot-id <code>322206</code></p>	<p><b>MTF</b> EDMS doc file</p> <p>slot <code>RPLB.UA83.COSX3.L8</code></p> <p>file <code>24HrsHeatRun_lasse_ RPLB.UA83.COSX3.L8@SUB_51@I_MEAS @14_26_00_000@0.sdds</code></p>



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# Naming database



- The **naming database** has implemented the quality assurance definition rules
- Public portal : <http://cern.ch/service-acc-naming>
- The naming database can be used as:
  - Centrally maintained **equipment code** catalogue
  - **Dictionary** for entity parameters (signals)
  - **Preparation** of foreseen entities and their parameters
  - **Propagation** of definitions to other data stores
  - **Generation** of supervision systems configuration
- Usable for all accelerators
- Currently 150,000+ signals defined



# Data lifetime



- Data stored in the logging database will be kept for the lifetime of LHC
  - Policy for keeping PM events (after analysis) has to be defined as well
  - The more data there is, the more difficult it will be to analyze
    - $10^7$  records/ hour from QPS sector (i.e. a lot of noise)
  - Logging database could hold summary information per PM event
  - Data definitions may vary over time
    - ☠ Renaming (for whatever reason)
    - ☠ Correcting historical errors (e.g. inversion of power converter cabling)
    - ☑ End-user must be confident when retrieving data for analysis
- ↪ ...Data Management of PM related data risks to get tricky over time

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