

Bunch Length Measurements at SPEAR3

Jeff Corbett
for the SPEAR3 Accelerator Group

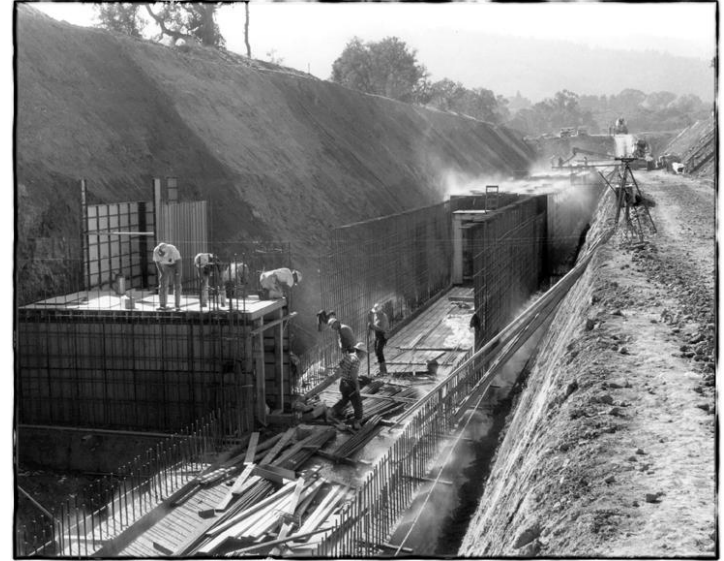
Outline

1. SLAC, LCLS, SPEAR3 and short bunch operation ($\text{low-}\alpha$)
2. Streak camera measurements
3. Cross-correlation measurements
4. Summary

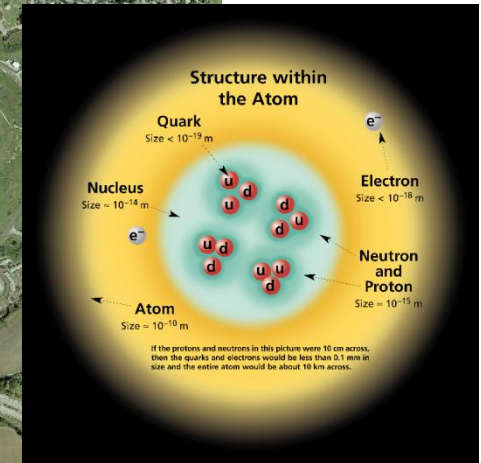
SLAC Project M circa 1962

W. K. H. "Pief" Panofsky, 1919 - 2007

SLAC Professor and Director Emeritus



Stanford Linear Accelerator Center

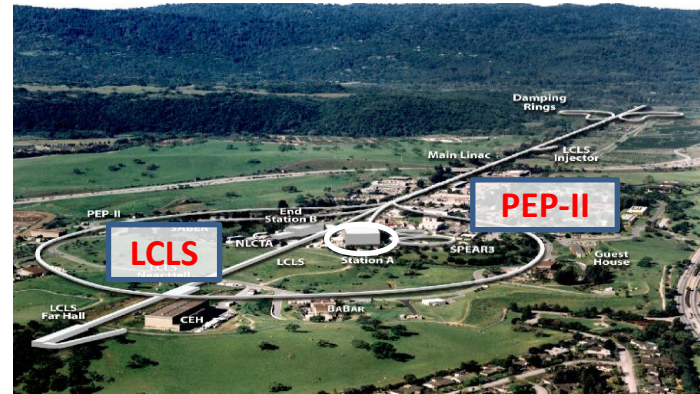


SLAC 2-mile accelerator and SPEAR storage ring

Early view of SLAC



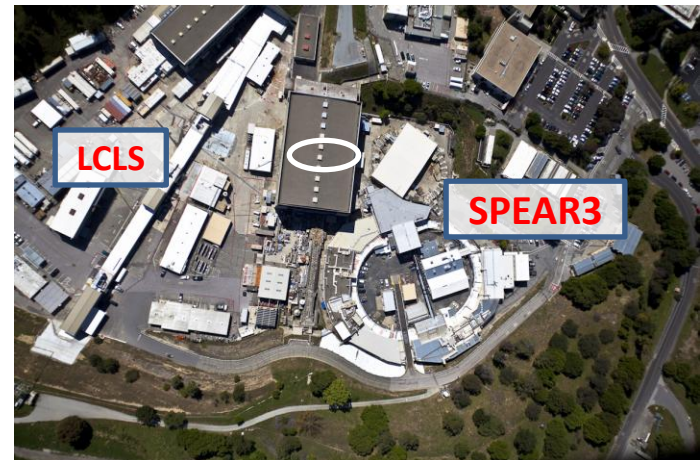
SLAC with LCLS



SPEAR circa 1972

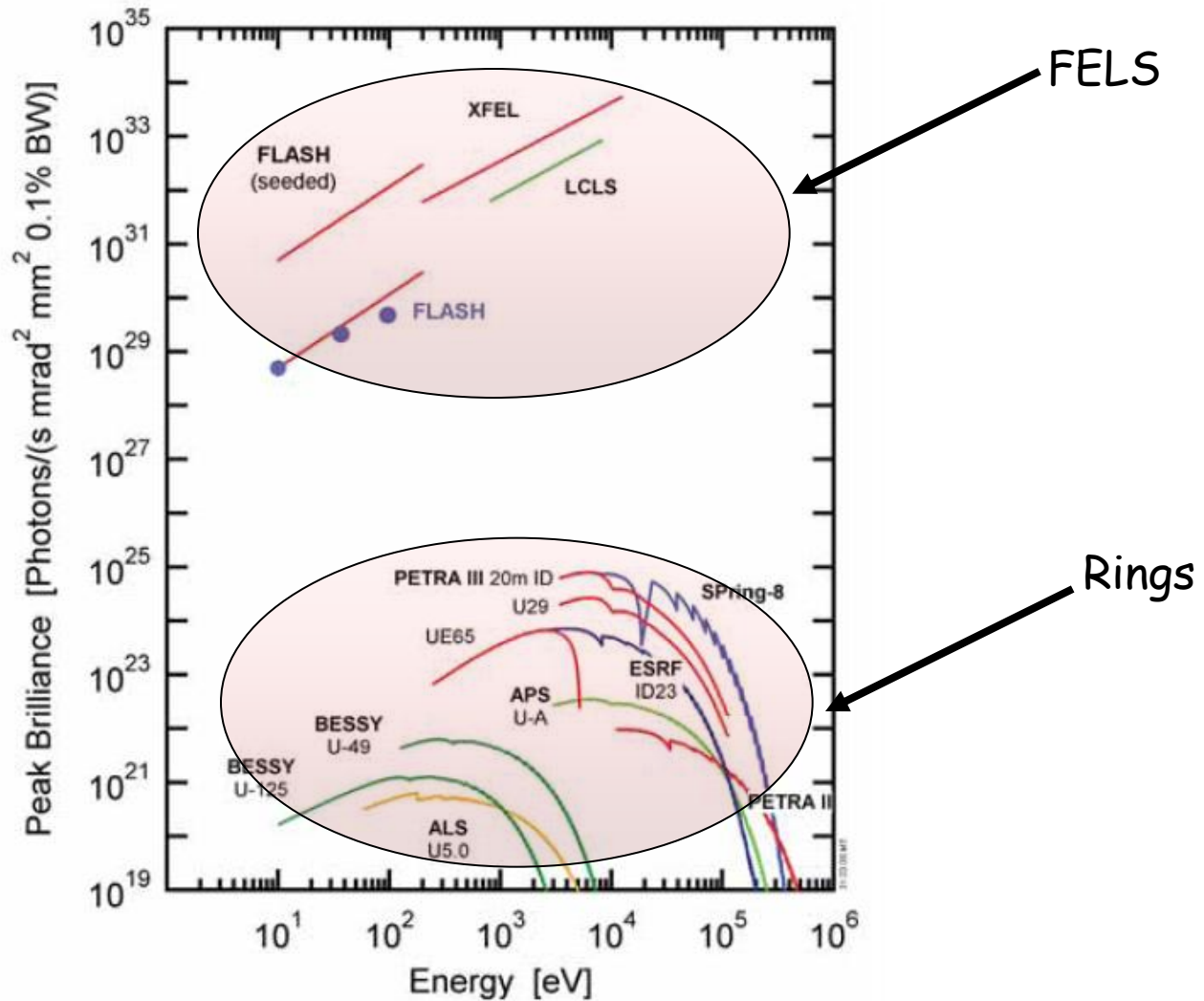


SPEAR3 circa 2009



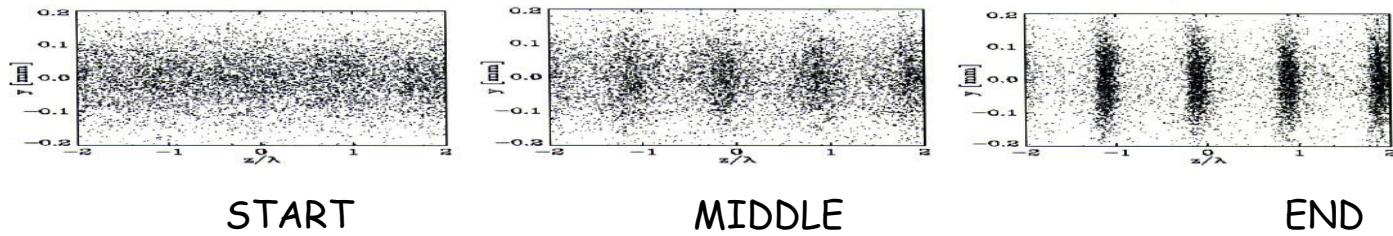
Free-Electron Lasers

- short pulse, high power, coherence

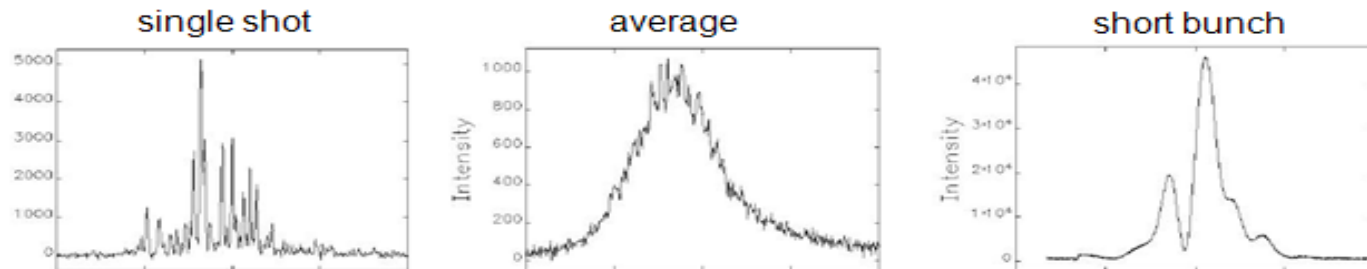


Electron and Photon Pulse Structure: SASE

Electron

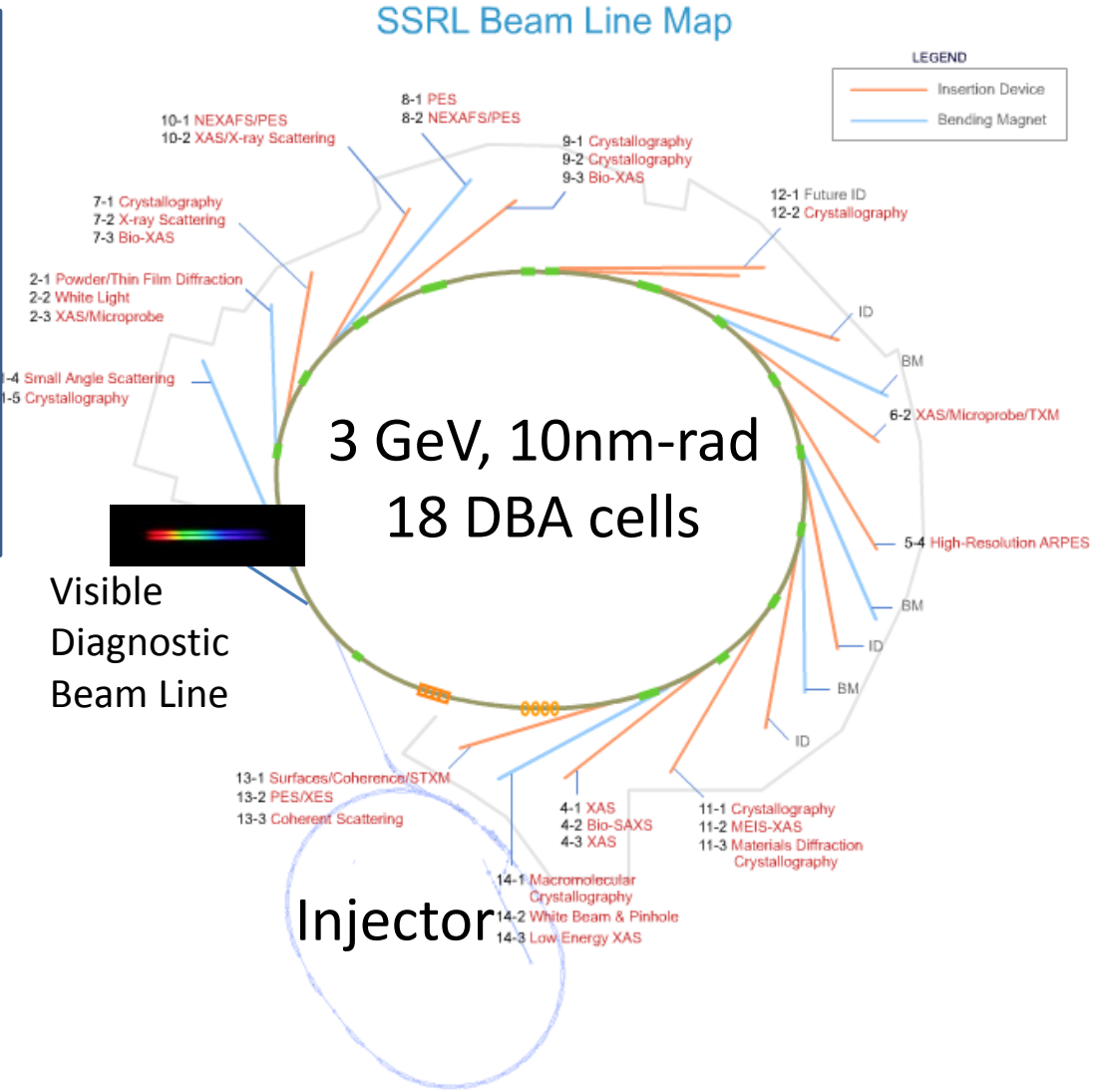
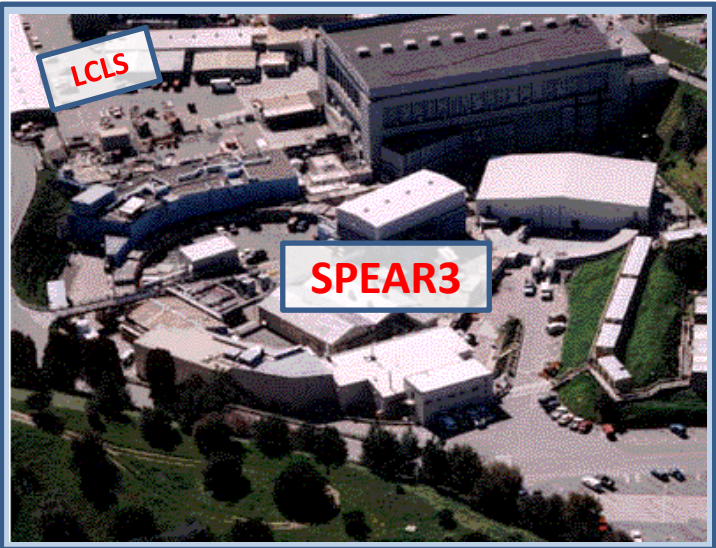


Photon

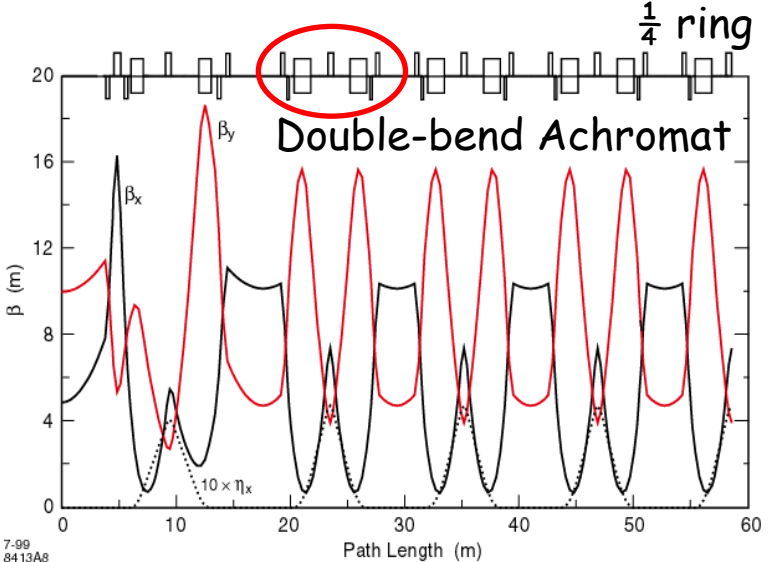
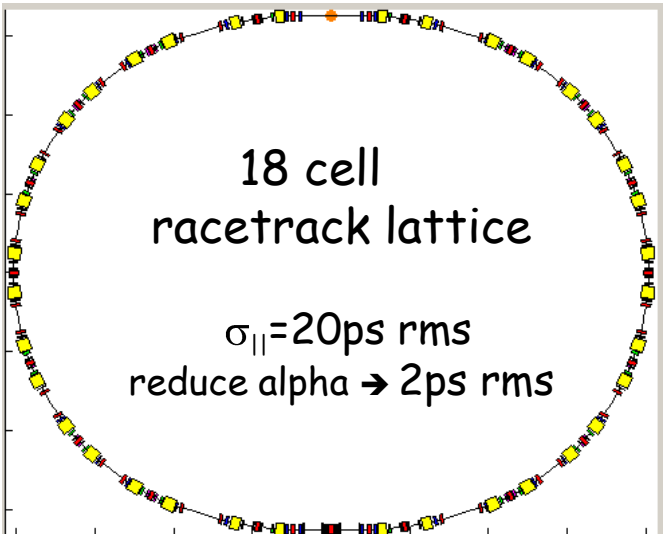


...the (LCLS) X-ray pulse duration appears much shorter than the nominal 80 fs (bunch)
...the 80fs mode of operation actually produces X-ray pulses of ~ 20 -40fs
(L. Young, et al, Nature 446,1 July 2010)

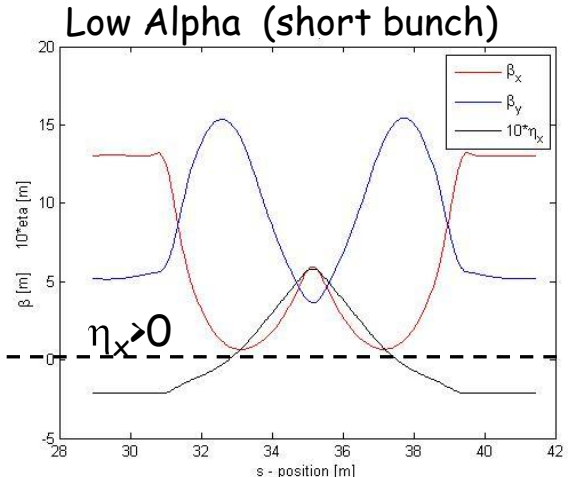
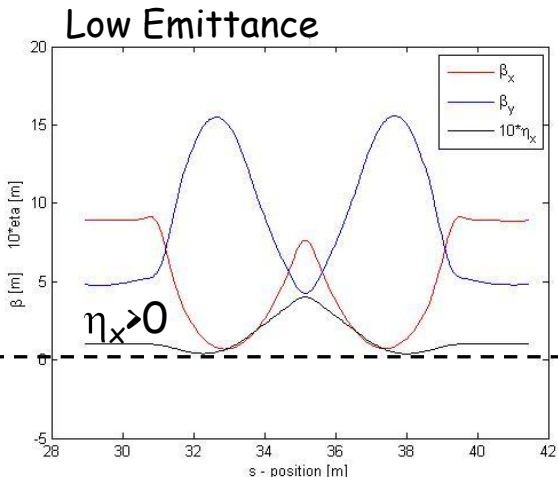
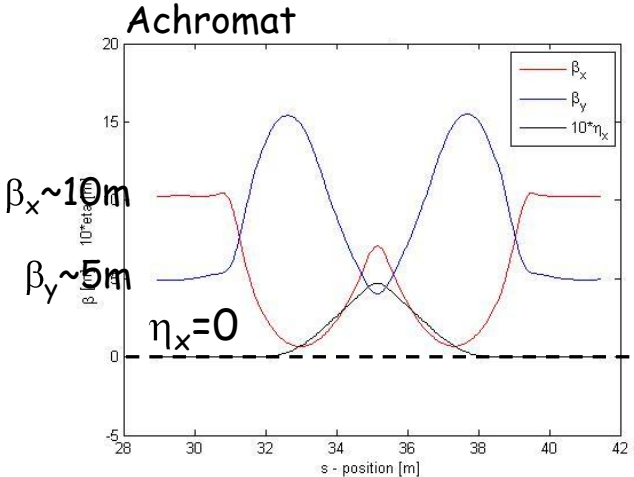
Back to the SPEAR3 Light Source



SPEAR3 Accelerator Optics

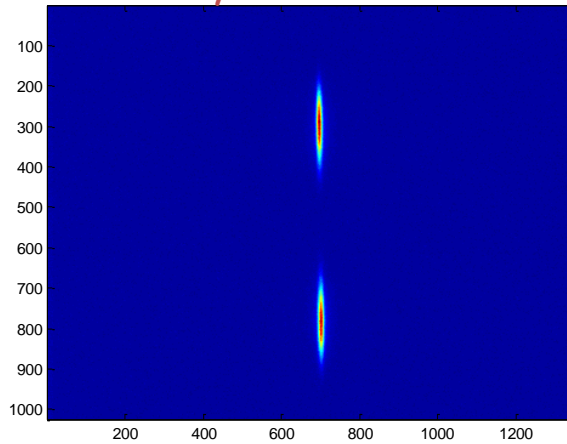


Single cell optics

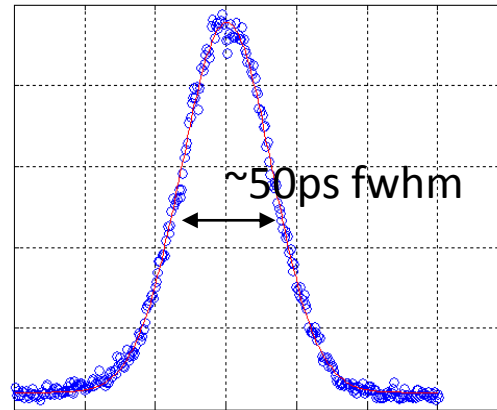


Typical streak camera data

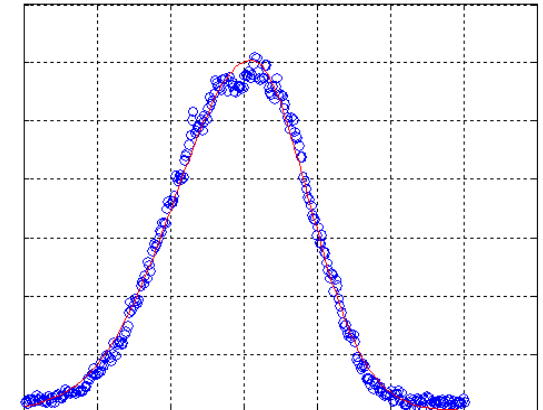
R2 synchroscan



1mA Symmetric Gaussian Fit



20mA Asymmetric Gaussian Fit



screen height

ps/px

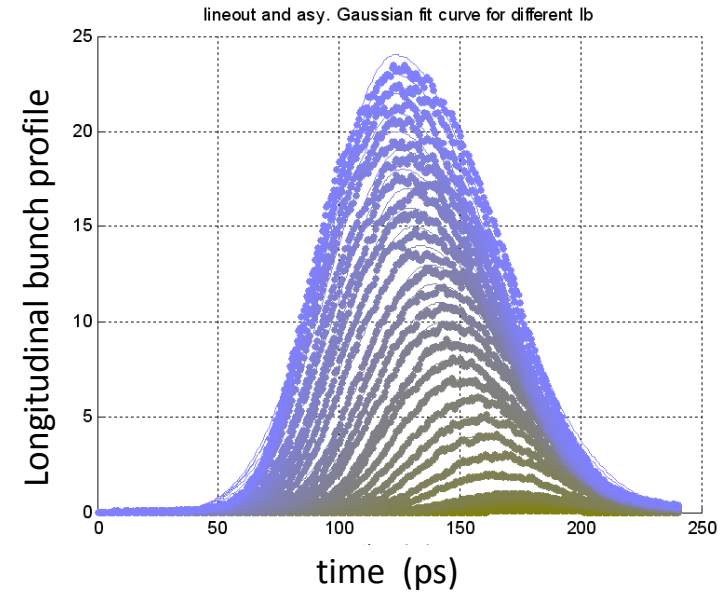
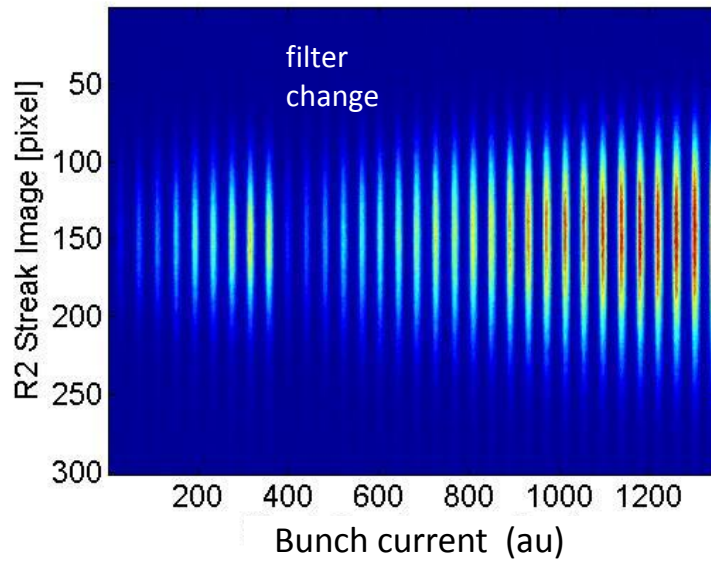
R1: 157.45ps	0.1538ps/px
R2: 704.41ps	0.6879ps/px
R3: 1214.60ps	1.1861ps/px
R4: 1686.50ps	1.6470ps/px

$$I(z) = I_1 + I_0 \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{z - \bar{z}}{\sigma \left(1 + A \operatorname{sgn}(z - \bar{z}) \right)} \right)^2 \right\}$$

asymmetry term

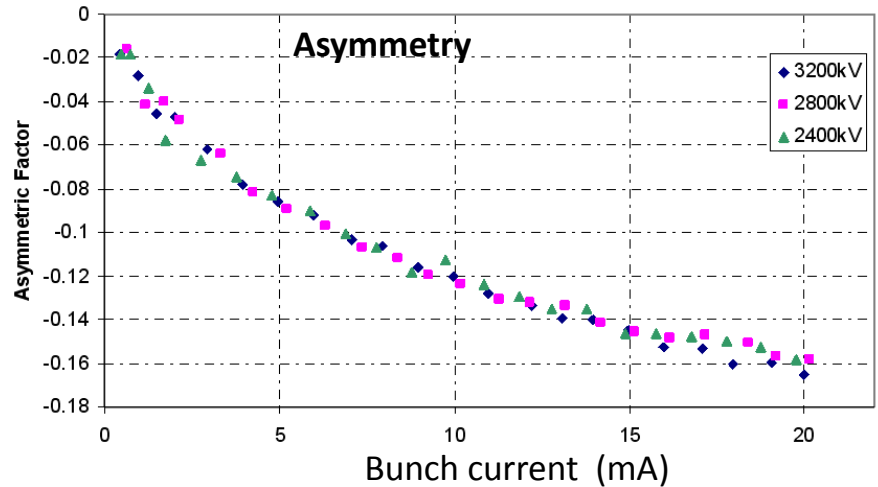
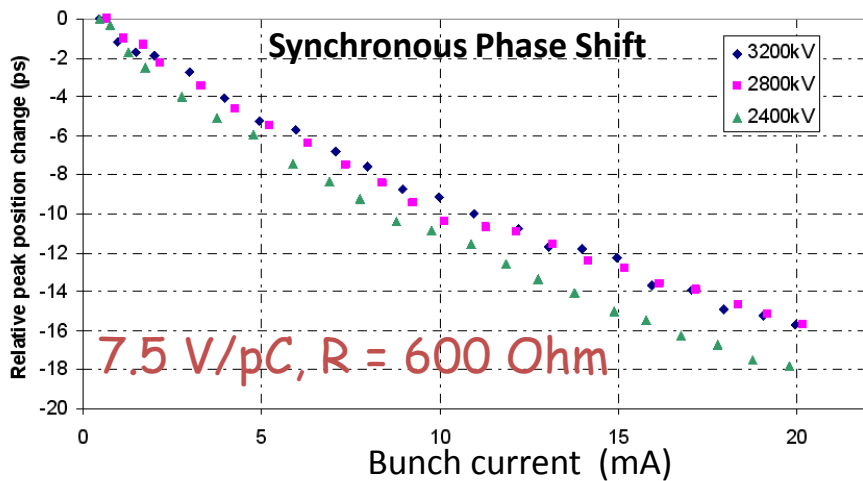
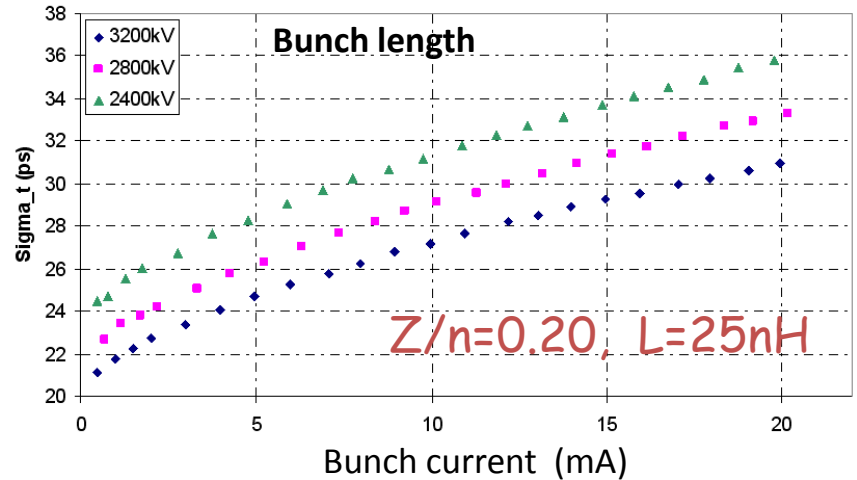
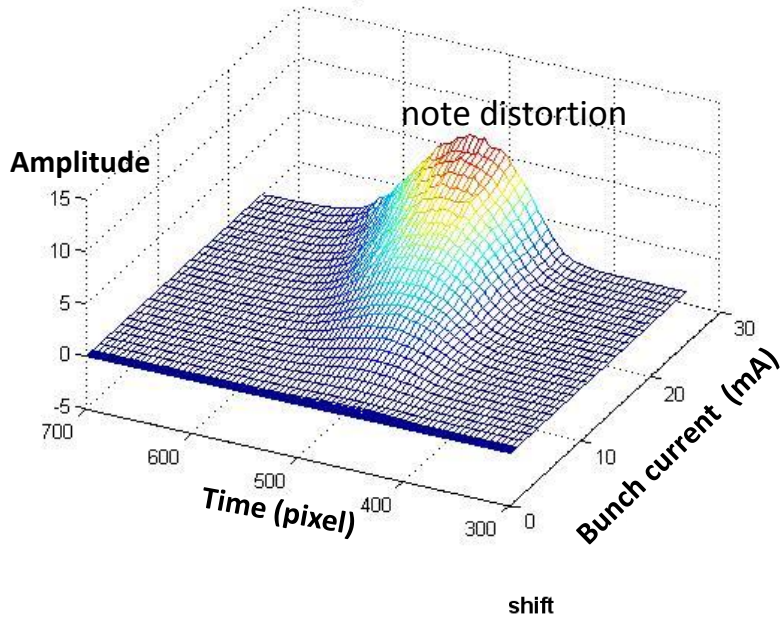
Low-emittance optics: bunch length vs. current

Low-Emittance, single-bunch data

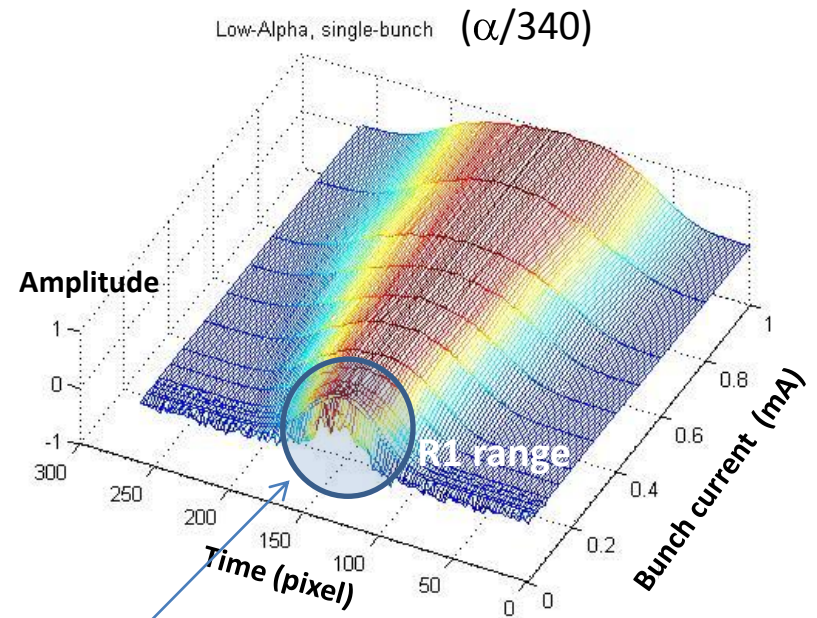
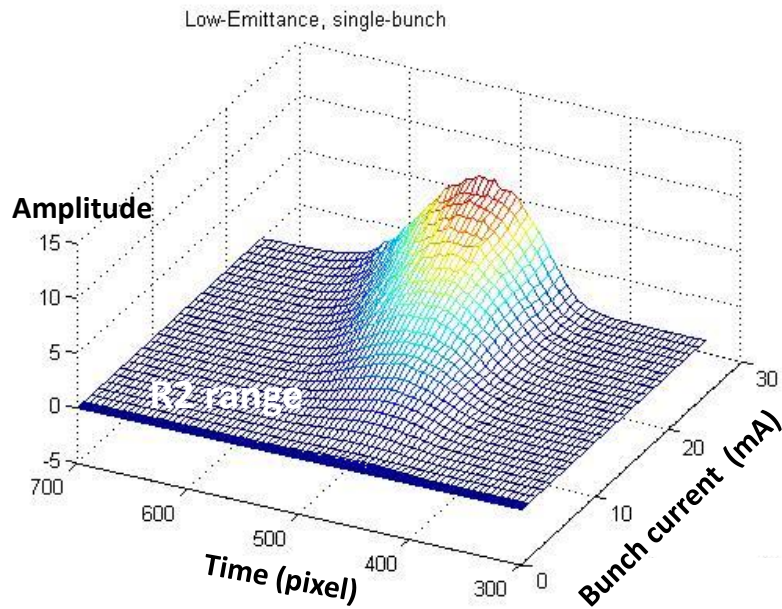


Current scan and ring impedance

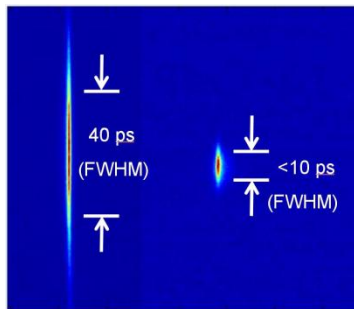
Low-Emittance, single-bunch



Bunch length measurements in low-alpha mode

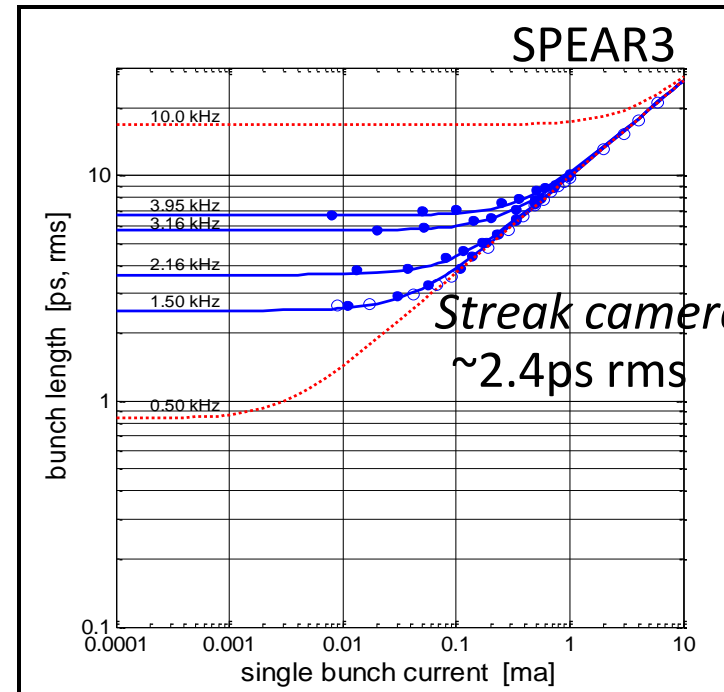
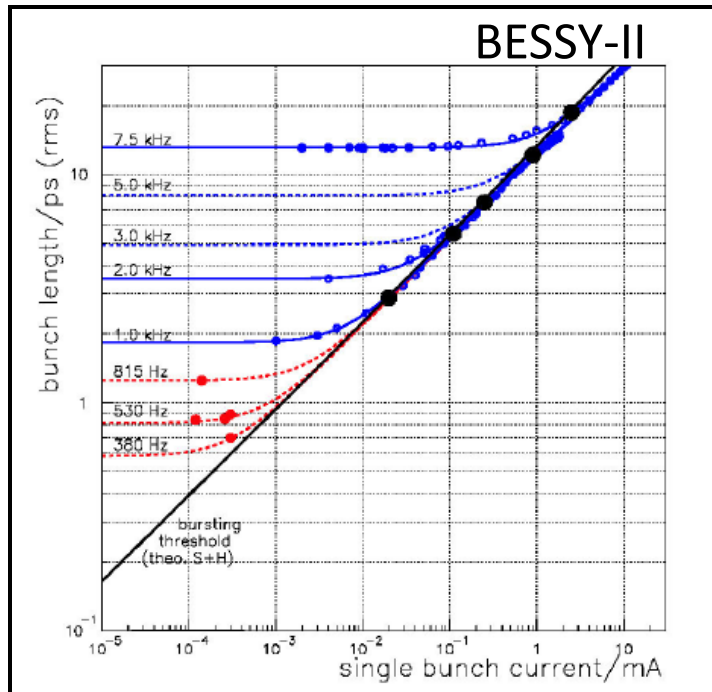
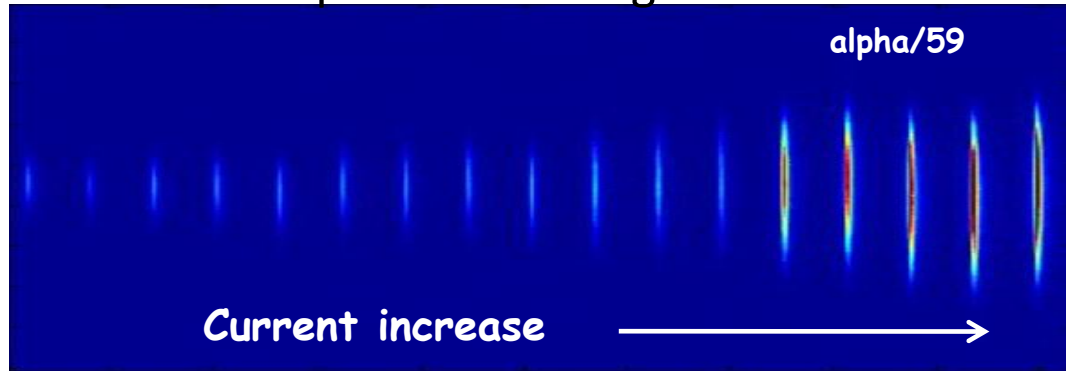


Low beam current ($\sim 10\text{-}20\text{pc}$, SR emission)
Streak camera resolution limit $\sim 2.4\text{ps rms}$

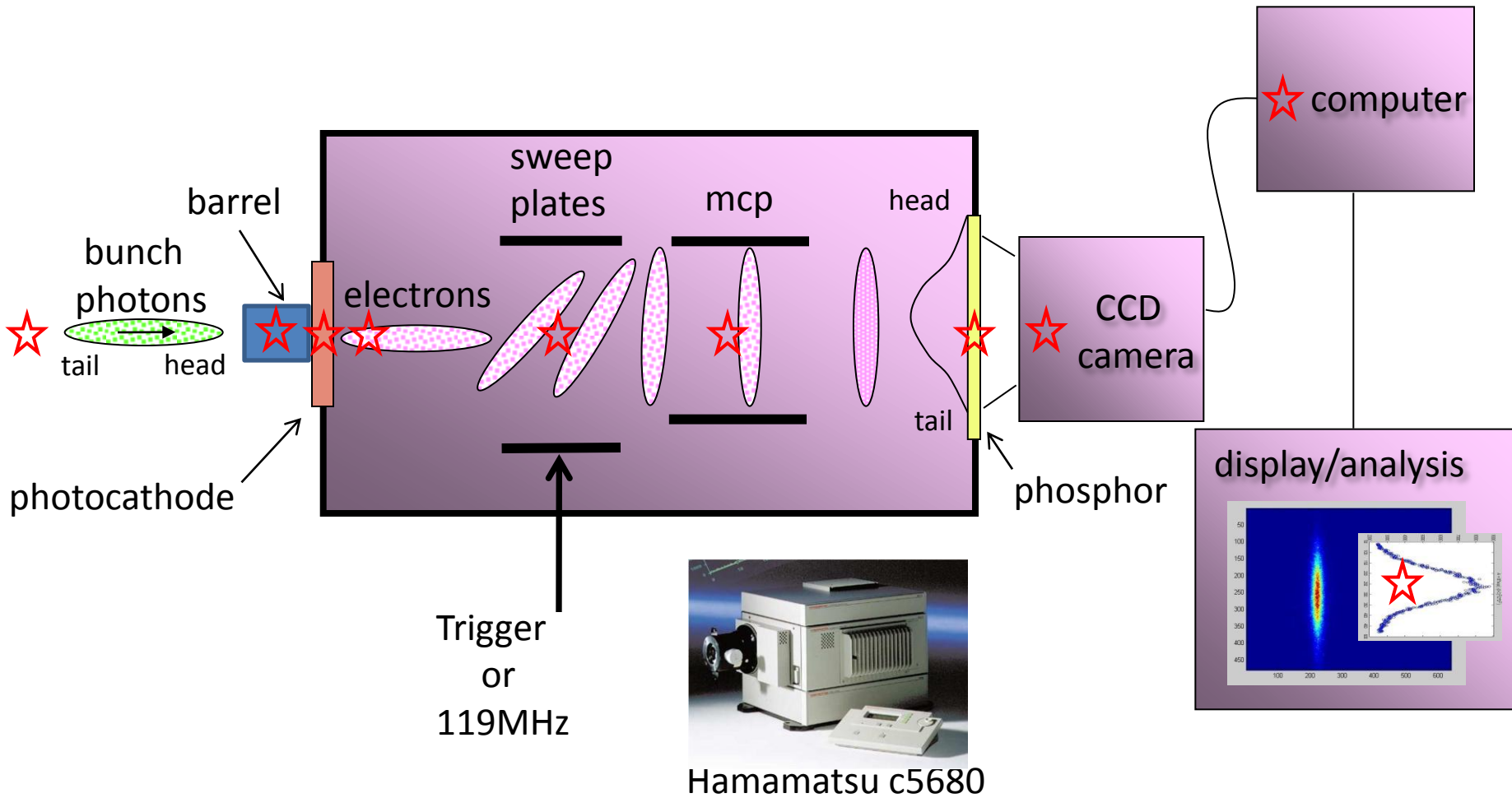


Bunch length scaling in low- α mode (cont'd)

Current dependence - single-bunch

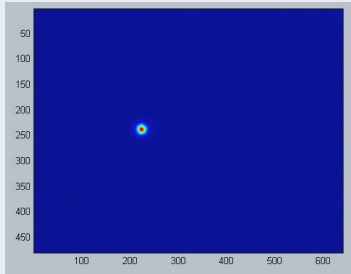


Streak camera resolution issues



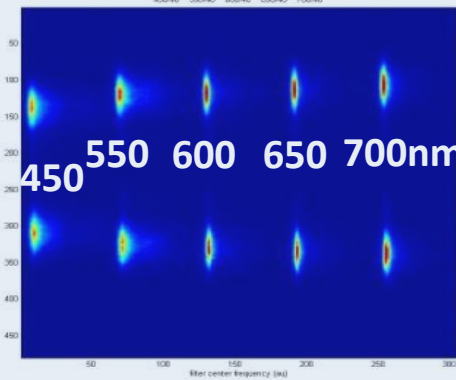
System Calibration

Focus mode



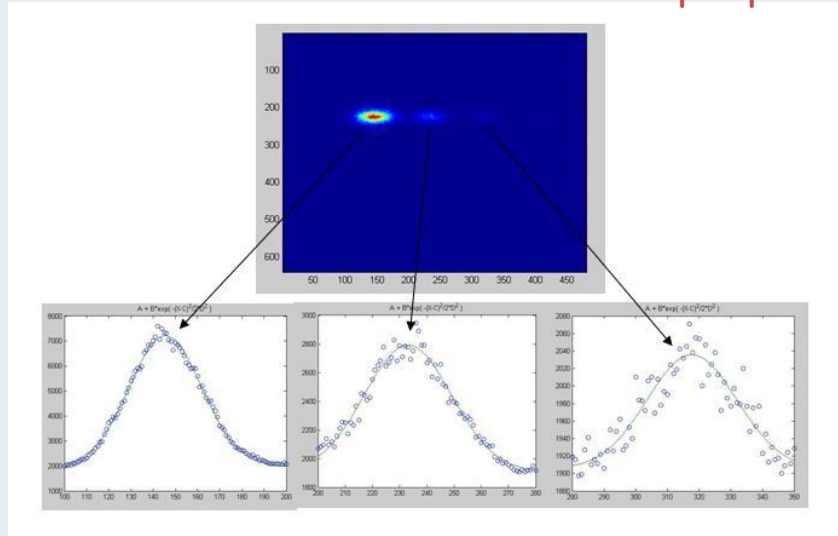
5-6 pixel FWHM

Chromatic dispersion



Glass Etalon

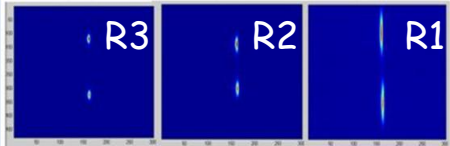
Use $2L/c$ echo to determine px/ps



screen height

ps/px

R1: 157.45ps	0.1538ps/px
R2: 704.41ps	0.6879ps/px
R3: 1214.60ps	1.1861ps/px
R4: 1686.50ps	1.6470ps/px

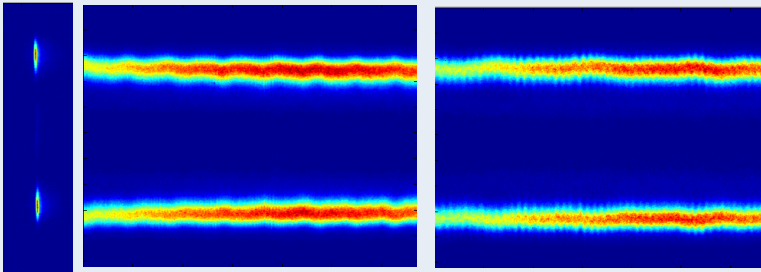


Synchroscan, dual-scan, triggered-scan operation

Synchroscan integrates but has ripple

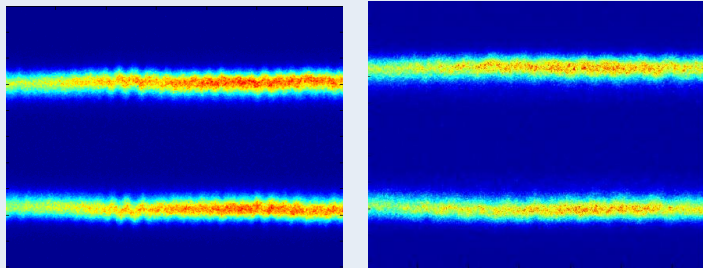
50ms horizontal

20ms



10ms

5ms

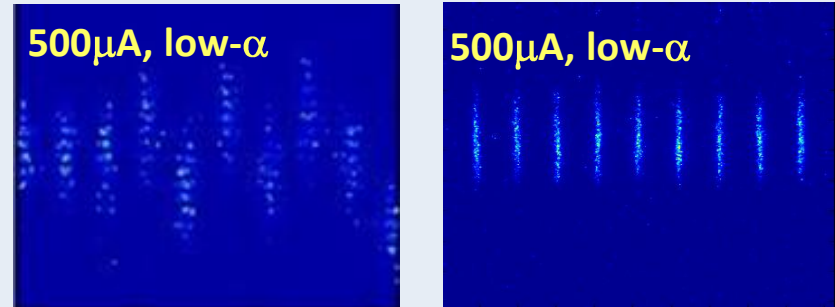


deconvolve ripple, ~ 1 ps phase noise

Triggered-scan isolates but has noise

triggered

dual-scan



fit Gaussians,
histogram statistics

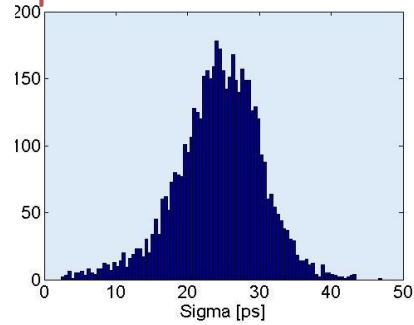
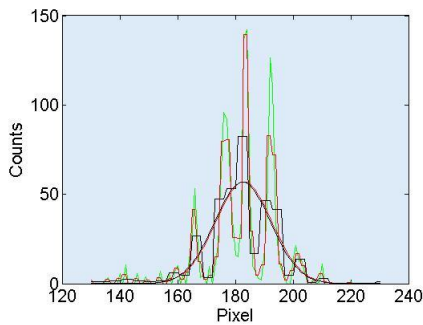
Statistical evaluation of triggered-scan data

Single-shot fits

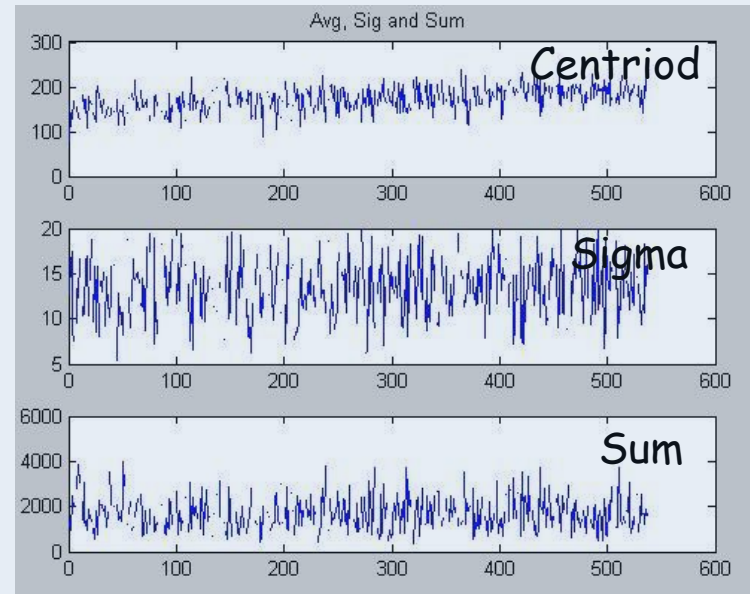
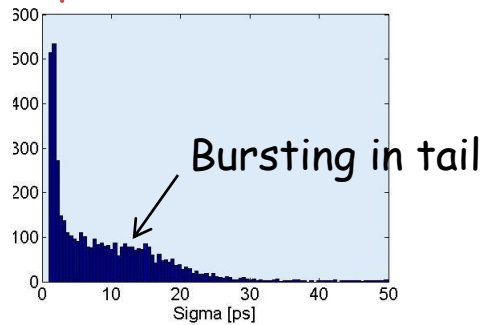
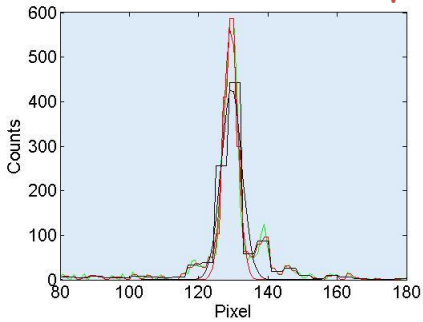
Histograms

Centriod, Sigma and Sum

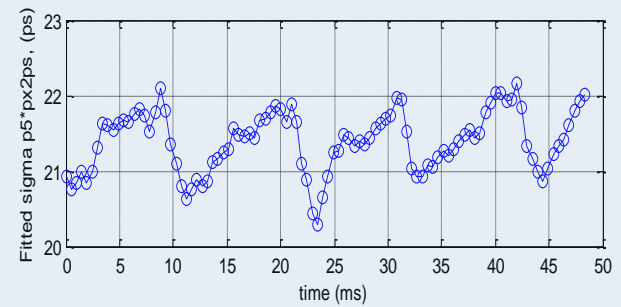
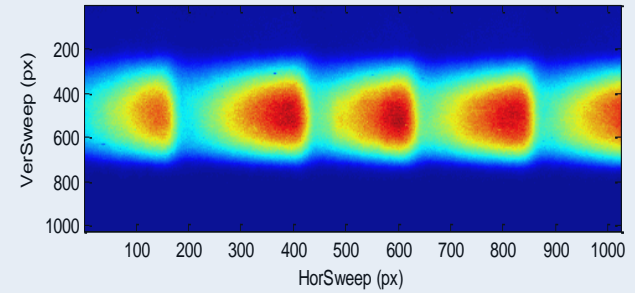
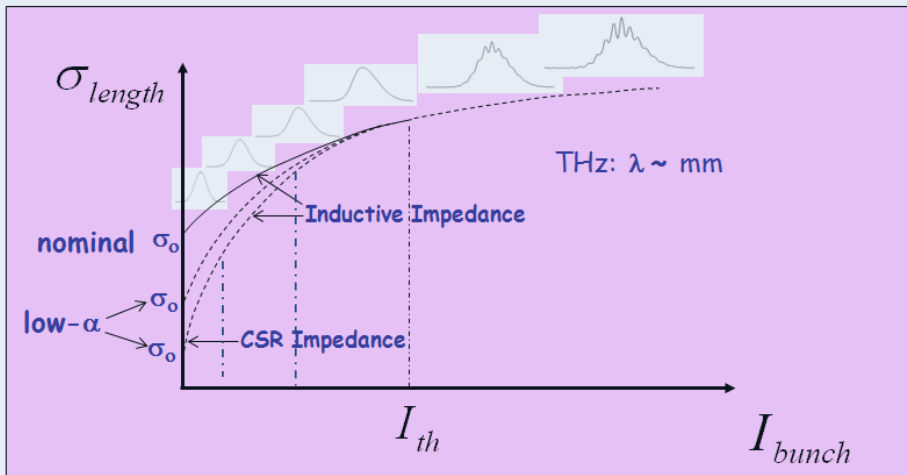
Nominal optics



Low-alpha optics



Bursting as seen on the streak camera



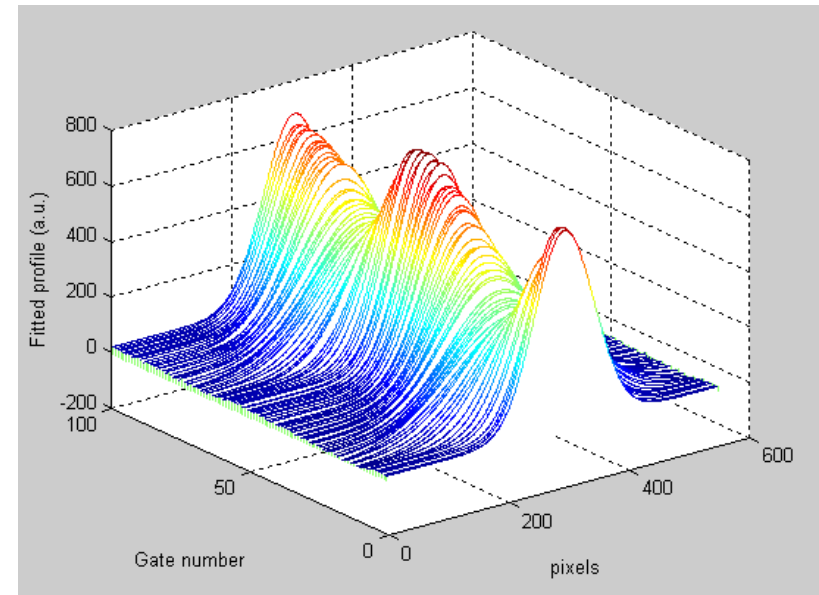
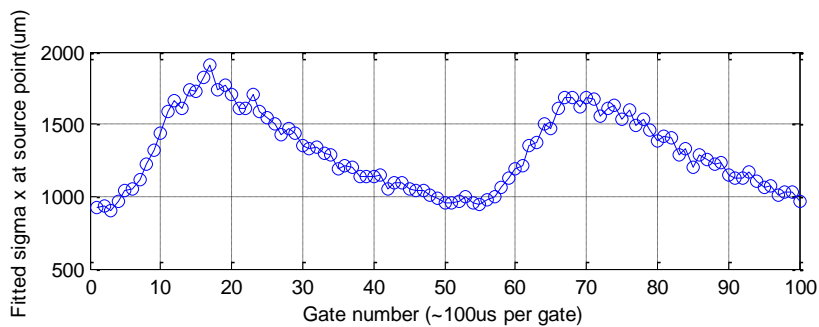
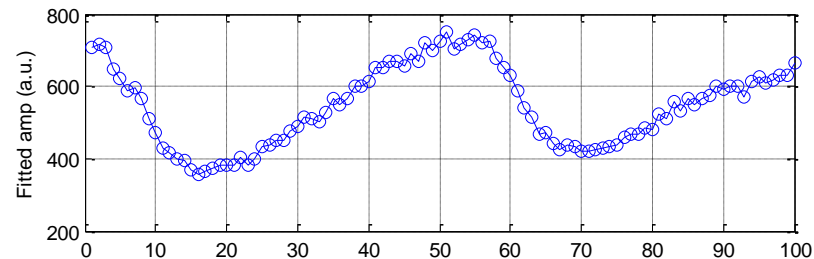
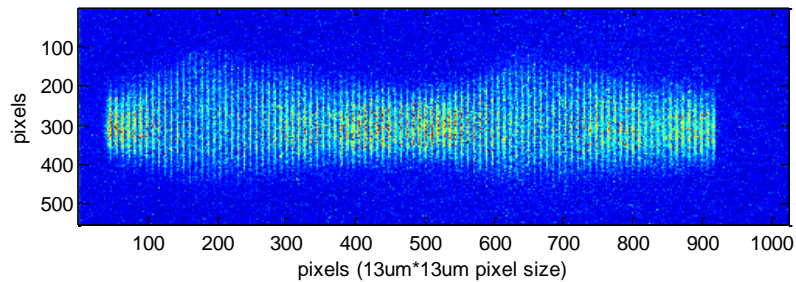
Bursting as seen on fast-gated camera

$\alpha/21$ 4.7mA

Gate trigger freq: ~ 10 kHz

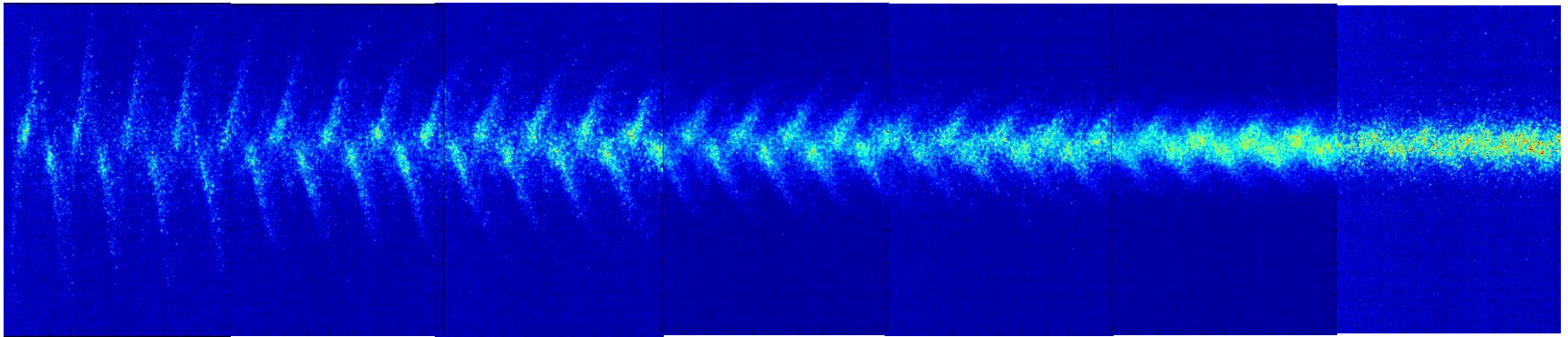
100 gates per exposure

Horizontal single turn profile Gaussian fit (4.7mA, Alpha/21 bursting)

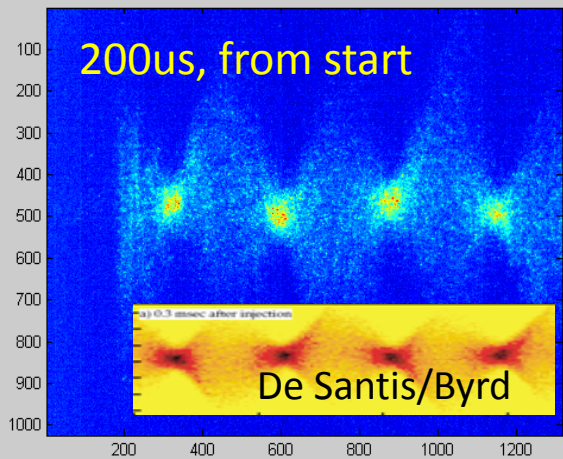


Injection damping transients – longitudinal plane

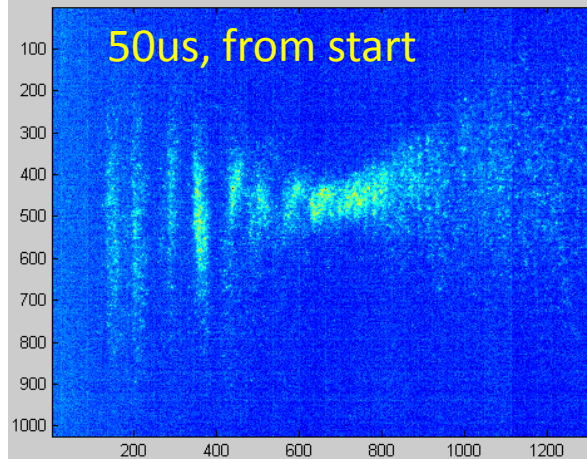
500us per frame



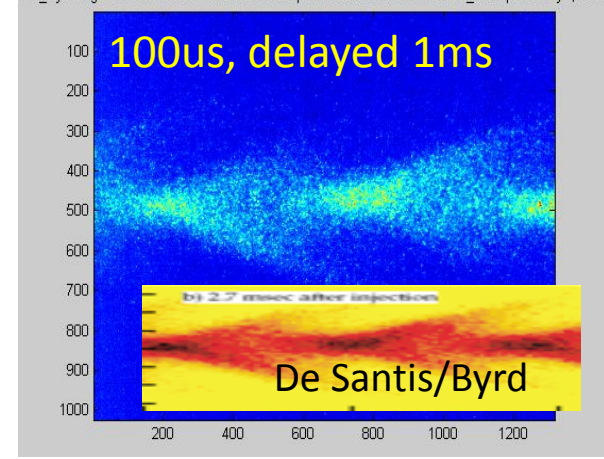
R2_InjectingBeamVr3200kV200usDualSweepBeamKickedout50msLater_30Expos_OnTheSame



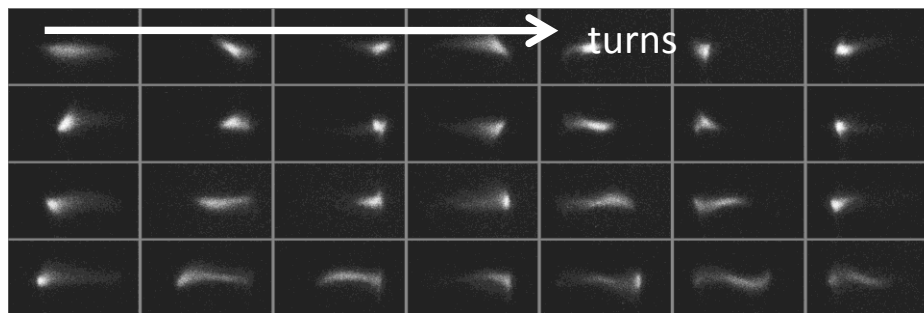
R2_InjectingBeamVr3200kV50usDualSweepBeamKickedout50msLater_30Expos



R2_InjectingBeamVr3200kV100usDualSweepBeamKickedout50msLater_30ExposDelay1,27ms



x-y projection and x-t projection of injected beam

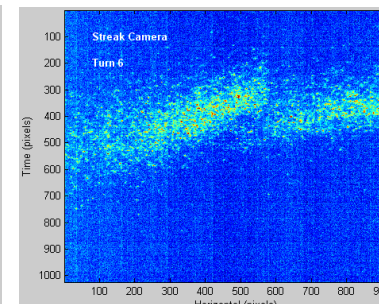
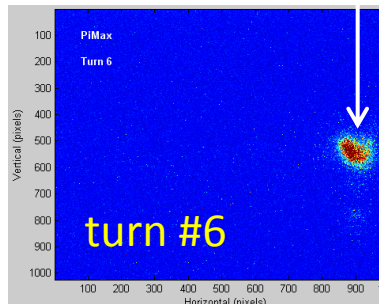
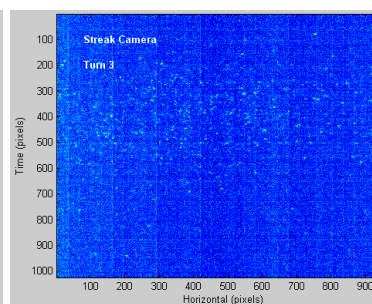
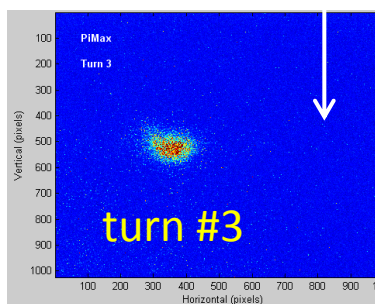
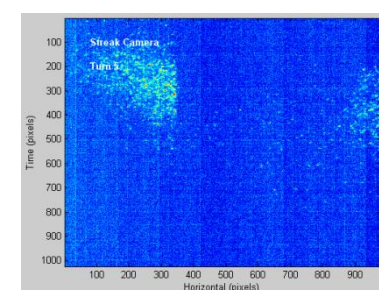
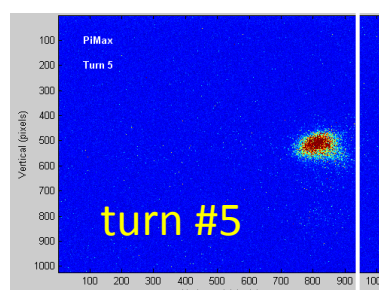
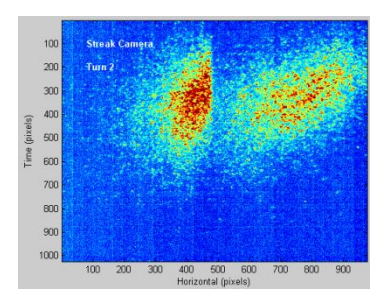
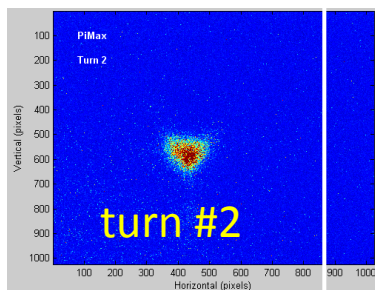
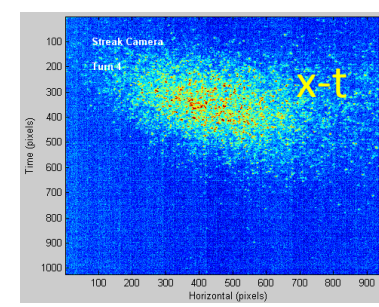
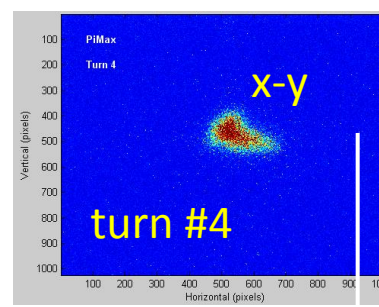
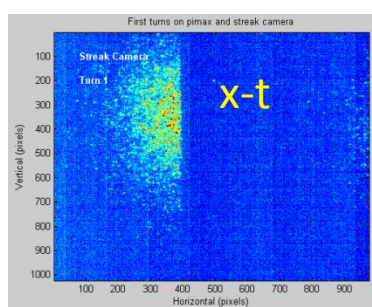
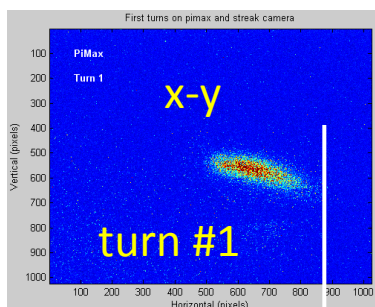


Fast Gated Camera

Streak Camera

Fast Gated Camera

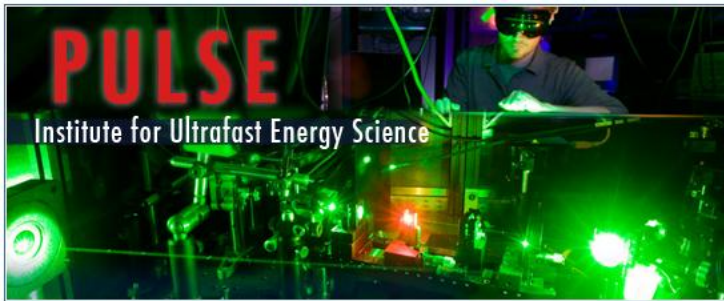
Streak Camera



Laser/SR cross-correlation bunch length measurements

Goal is to produce ps x-ray pulses at MHz rates for pump/probe

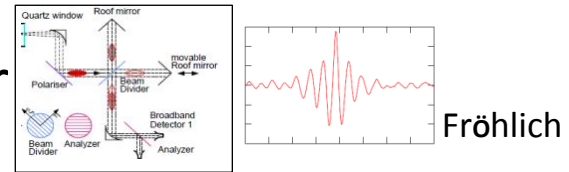
SLAC/Stanford PULSE Institute



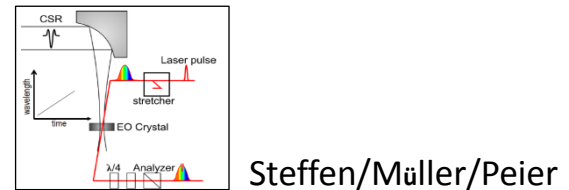
Short Bunch Measurements with SR

IR/THz beam line

∅ FIR interferometer/form factor



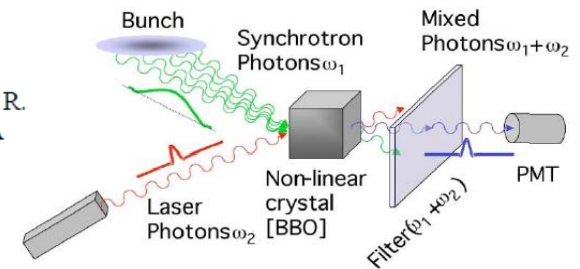
∅ CSR component/electro-optic



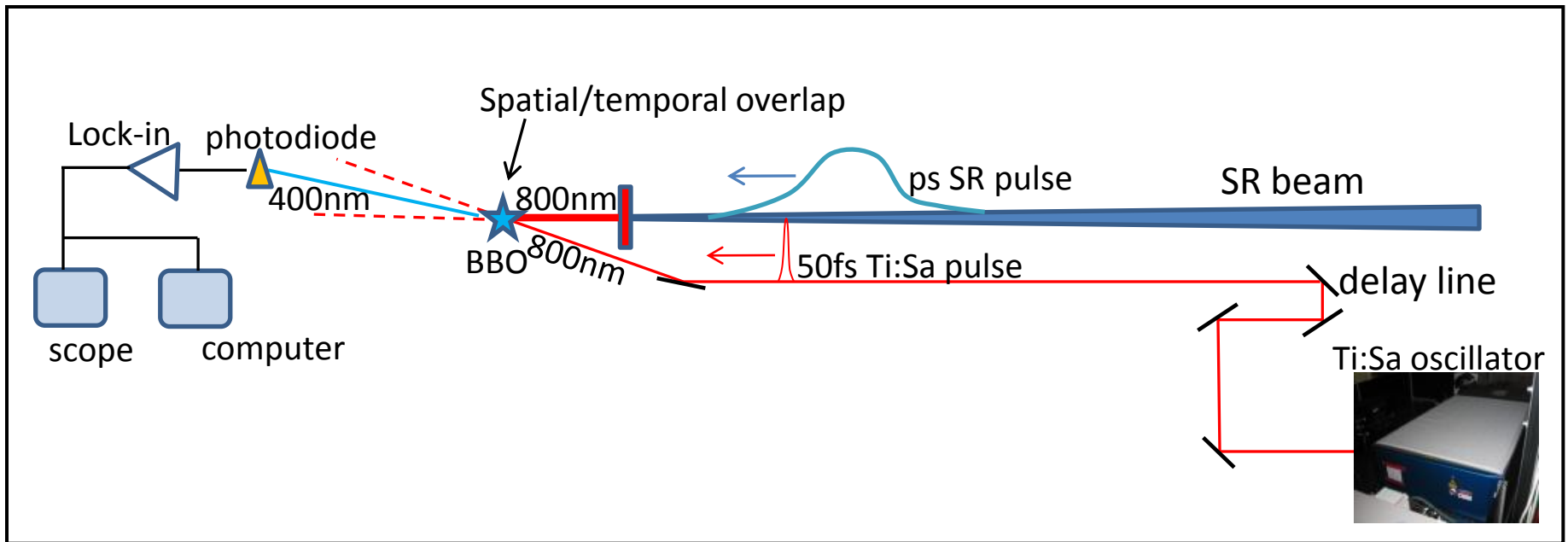
‘optical sampling’ in the visible (*Zolotorev, et al, ALS*)

DEVELOPMENT OF A LONGITUDINAL DENSITY MONITOR FOR STORAGE RINGS*

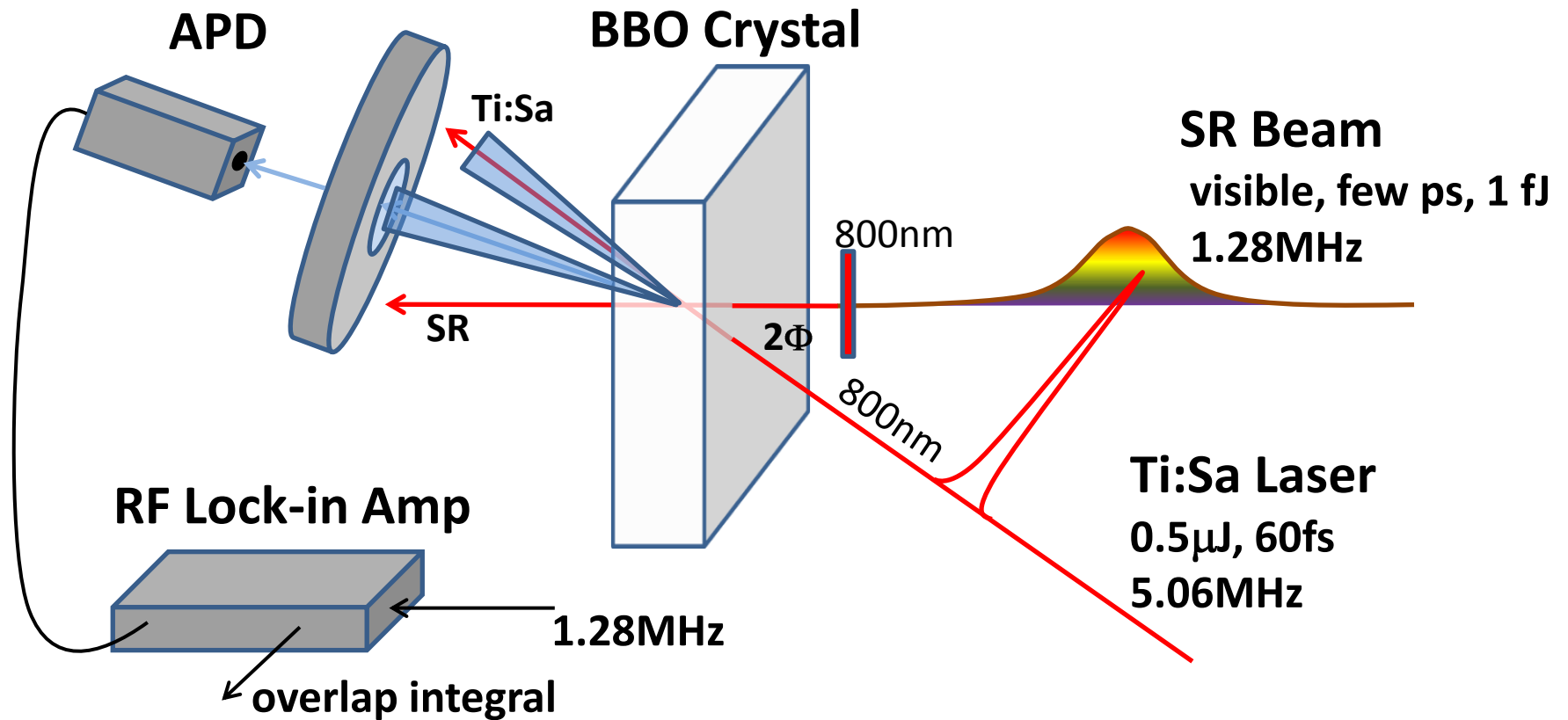
M. Zolotorev, J.-F. Beche, J. Byrd, P. Datte, S. De Santis, P. Denes, M. Placidi, A. Ratti, V. Riot, R. Schoenlein and W. Turner, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley, CA 94720, USA



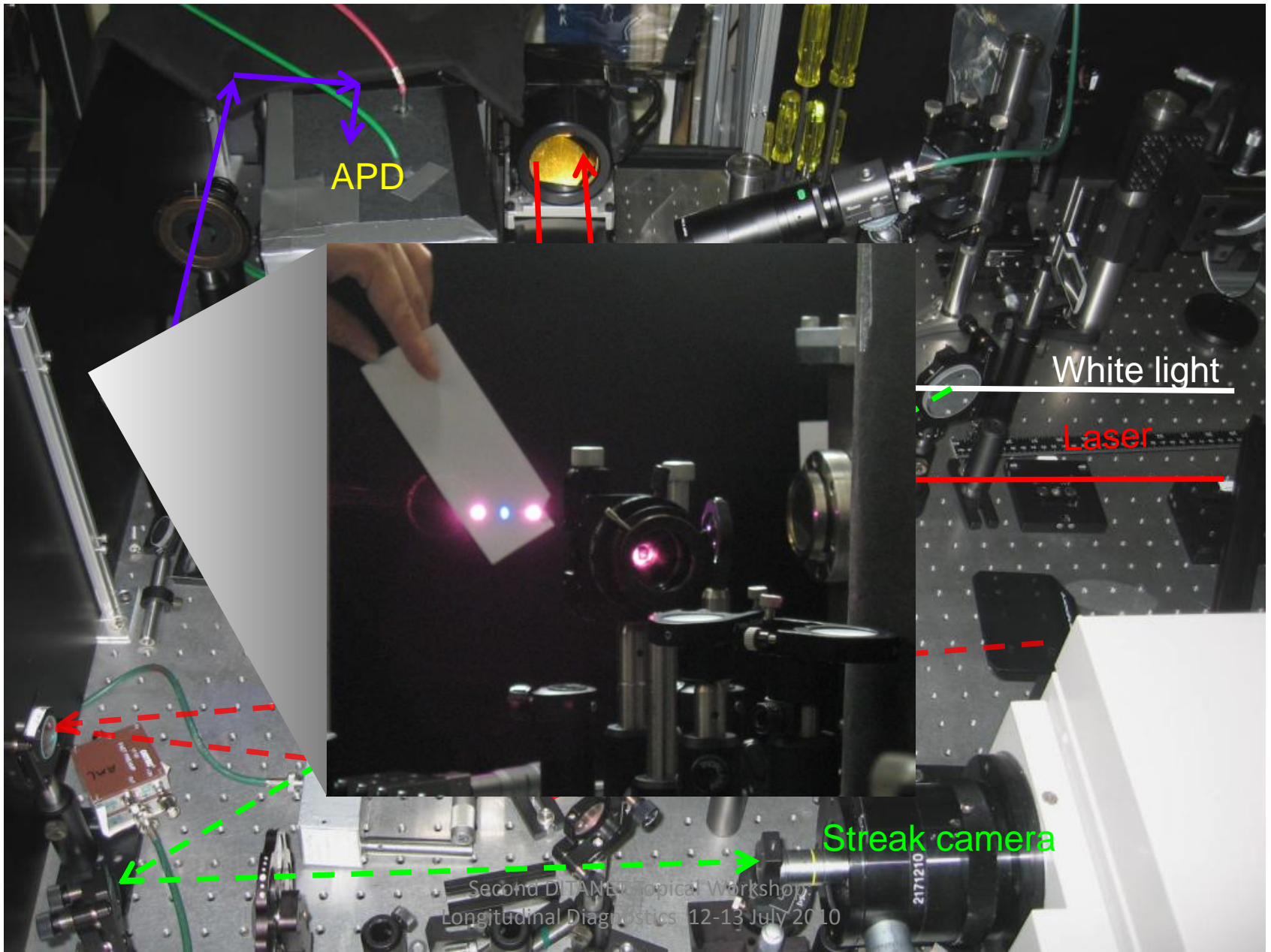
Laser/ SR Cross-correlation Geometry



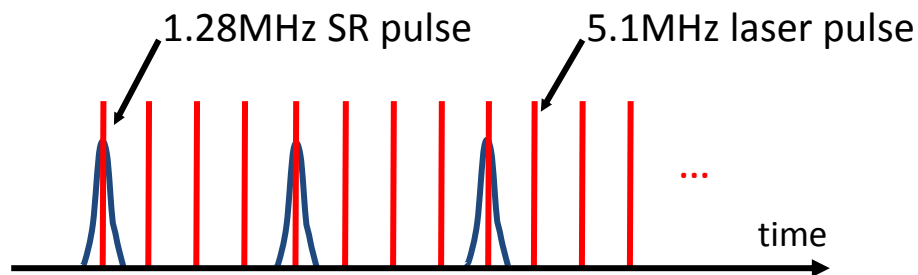
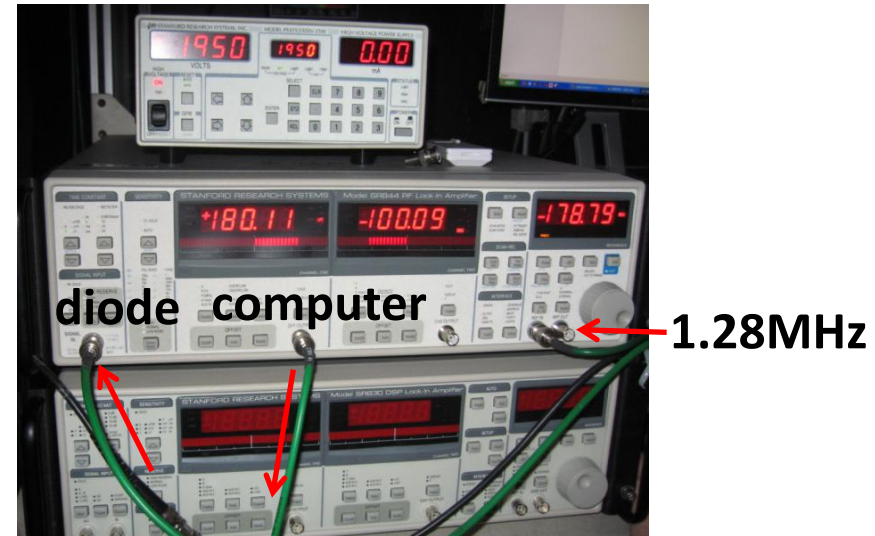
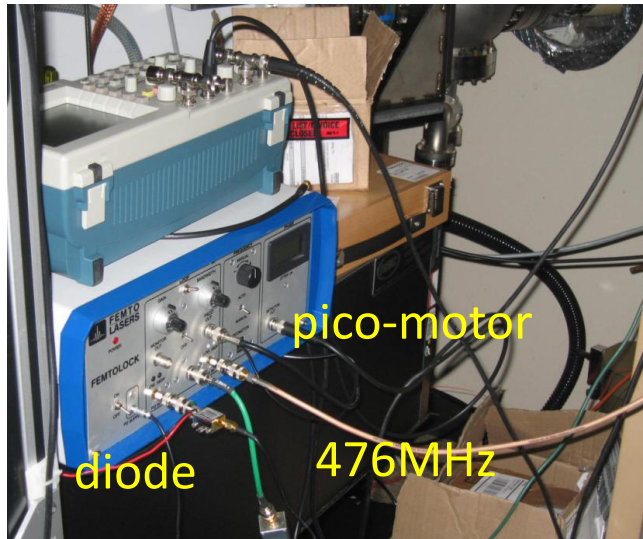
Second-Harmonic in a BBO



Plan View of Optical Bench

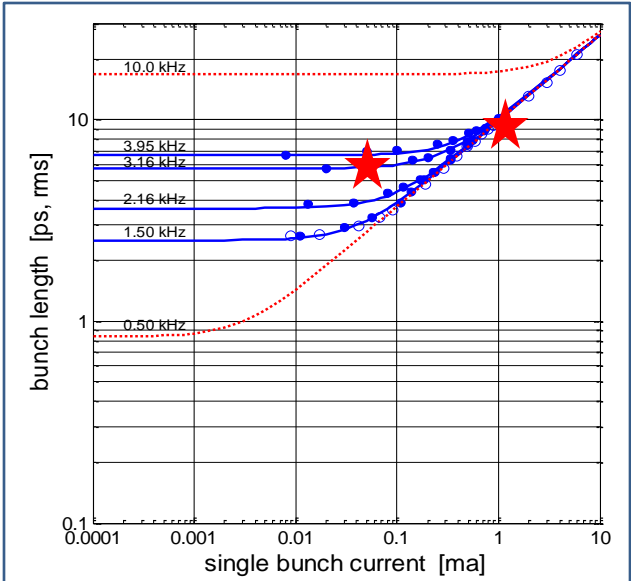
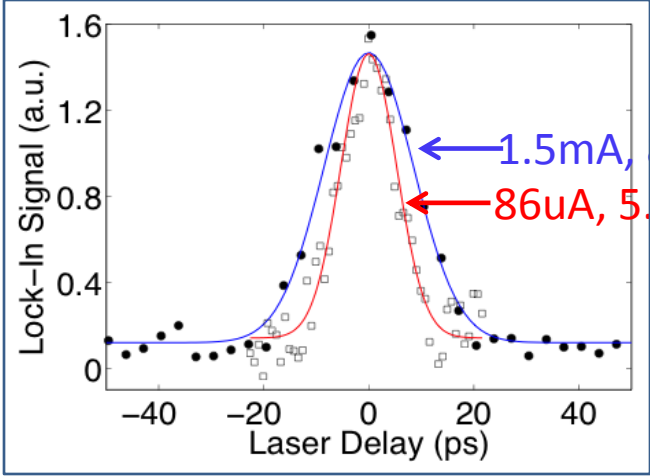
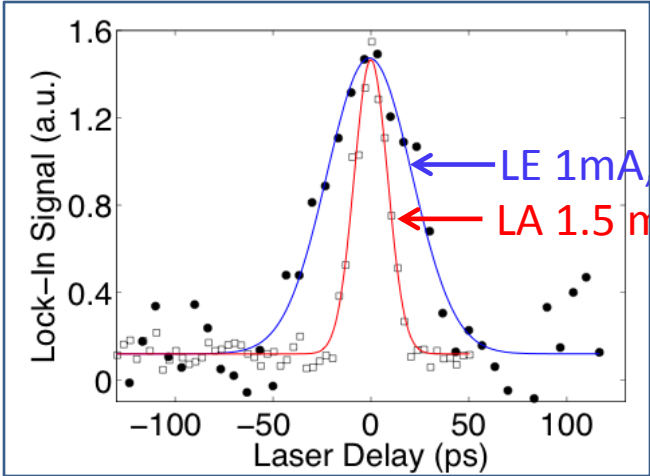


Laser timing and Lock-in Measurement



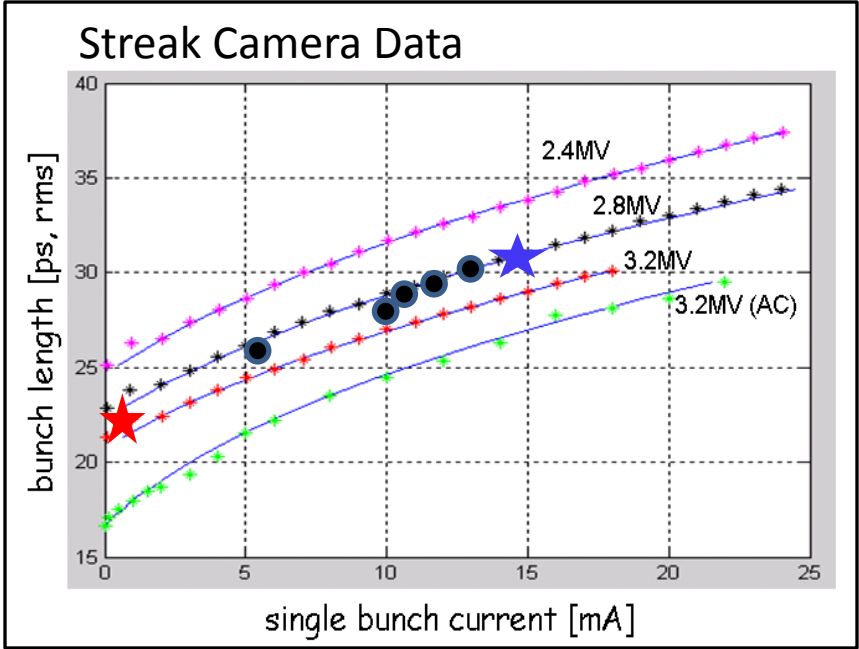
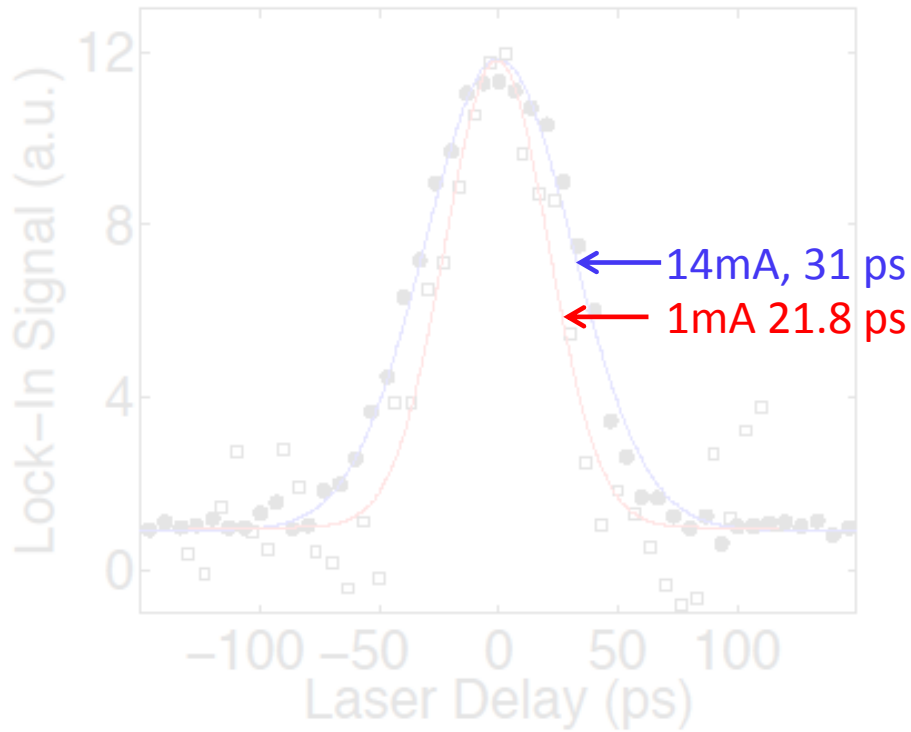
Lock-in to 1.28MHz signal
400nm component

Bunch Profile in Low- α Optics



Comparison with SC data

Profile Measurements in Low-Emittance Optics



Summary and Future Improvements

- Low- α operation for short-pulse, high rep-rate x-ray beam
- Streak camera measurements of bunch length scaling law
- Streak camera limited by low flux, ~ 2.4 ps synchroscan resolution
- Developing laser/SR cross-correlation measurements (no IR port)
- Testing different EO crystals, fiber laser
- Use visible diagnostic beam to provide timing for pump/probe stations

Thank you!