

## The trouble with 20 $\mu\text{m}$ emittance

john

July 2, 2020

The a bunch matched for the blowout regime must satisfy

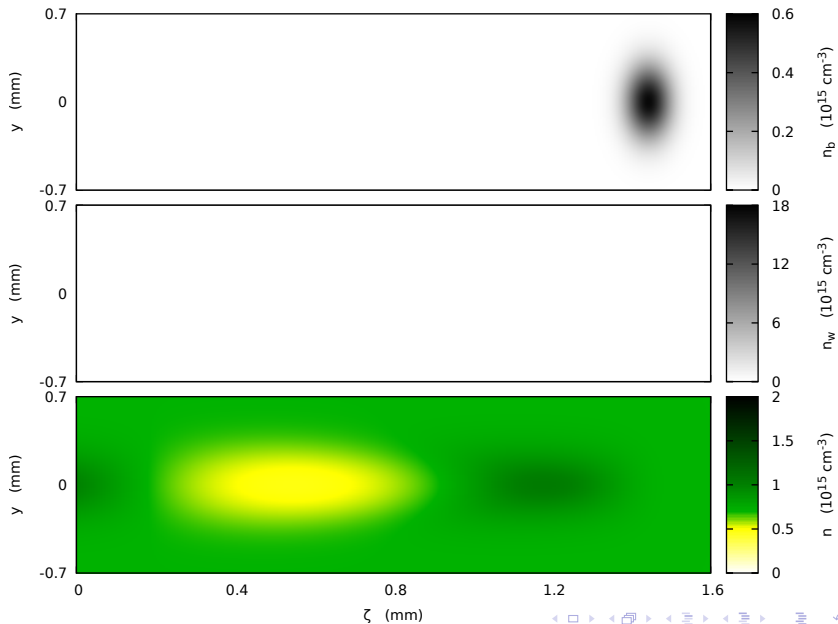
$$\sigma_x = \frac{\sqrt{2\gamma}c}{\omega_p} \sigma_{x'}, \quad (1)$$

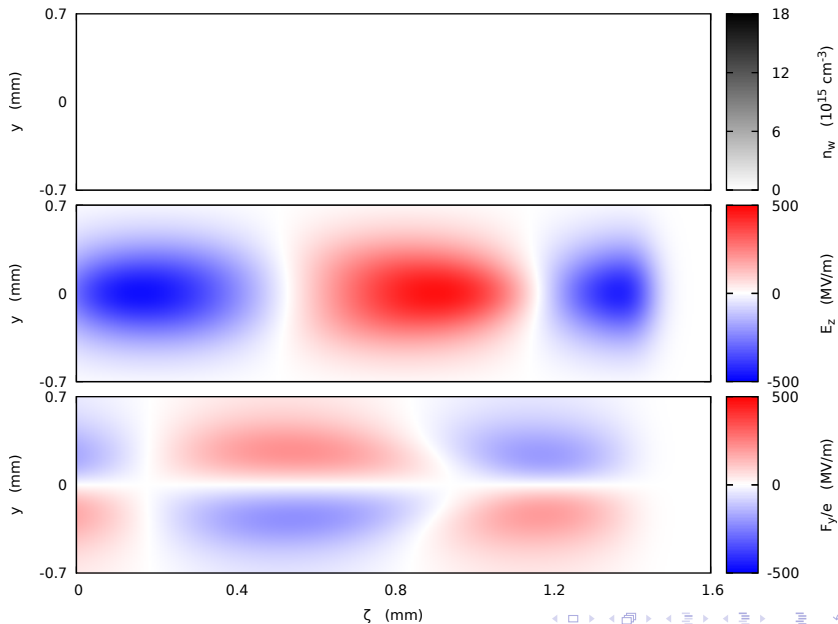
$$= \left( \frac{2c^2 \epsilon_x^{*2}}{\gamma \omega_p^2} \right)^{1/4}, \quad (2)$$

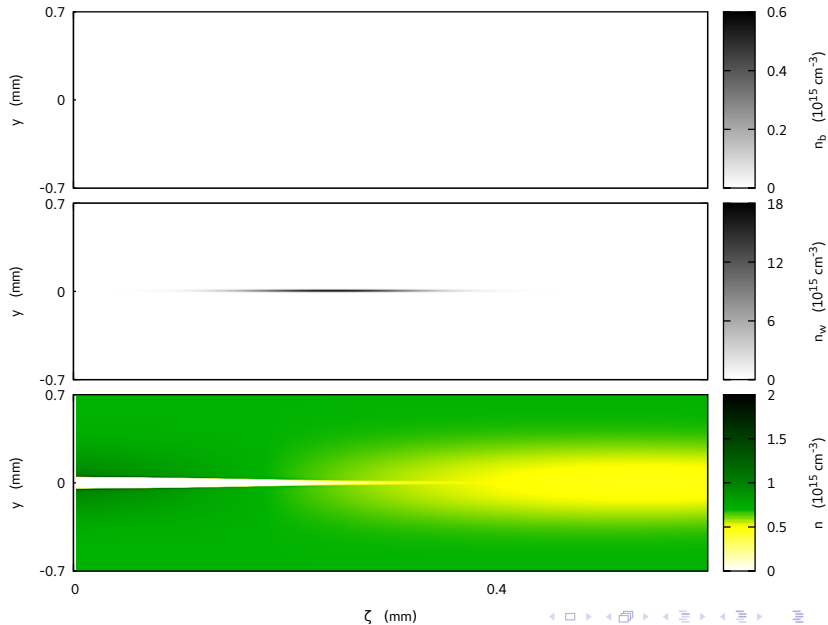
and

$$\beta = \frac{\sigma_x}{\sigma_{x'}} = \frac{\sqrt{2\gamma}c}{\omega_p} = \frac{1}{k_\beta}. \quad (3)$$

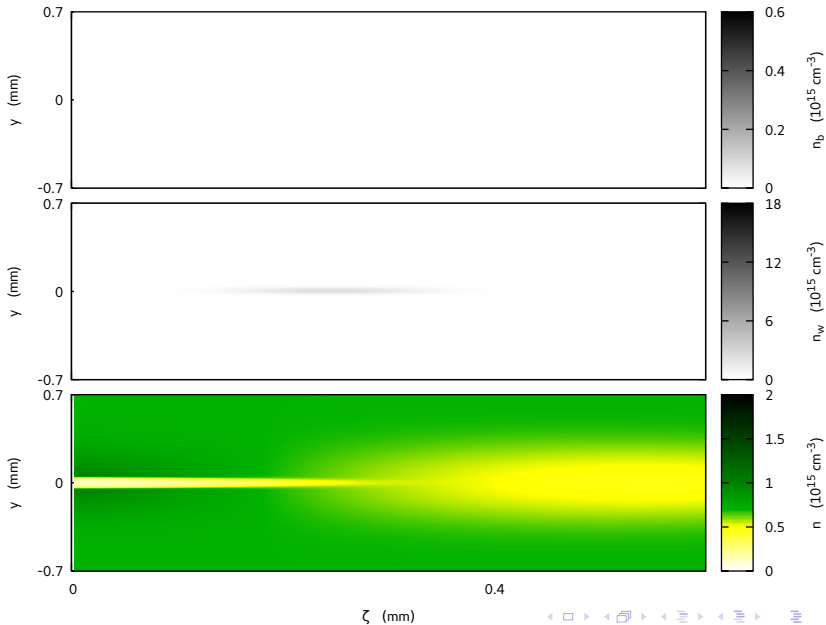
where  $\epsilon^* = \gamma \sigma_x \sigma_{x'}$  is the normalised emittance.



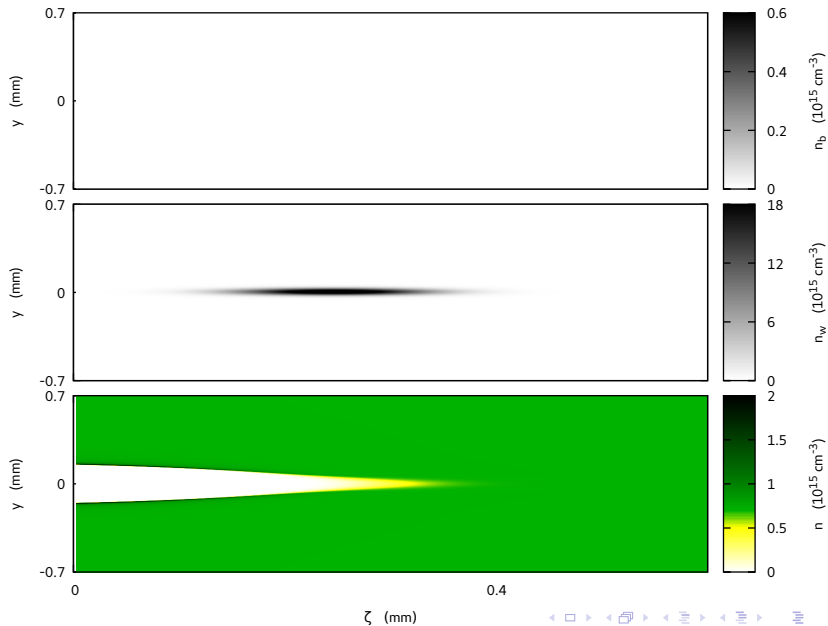




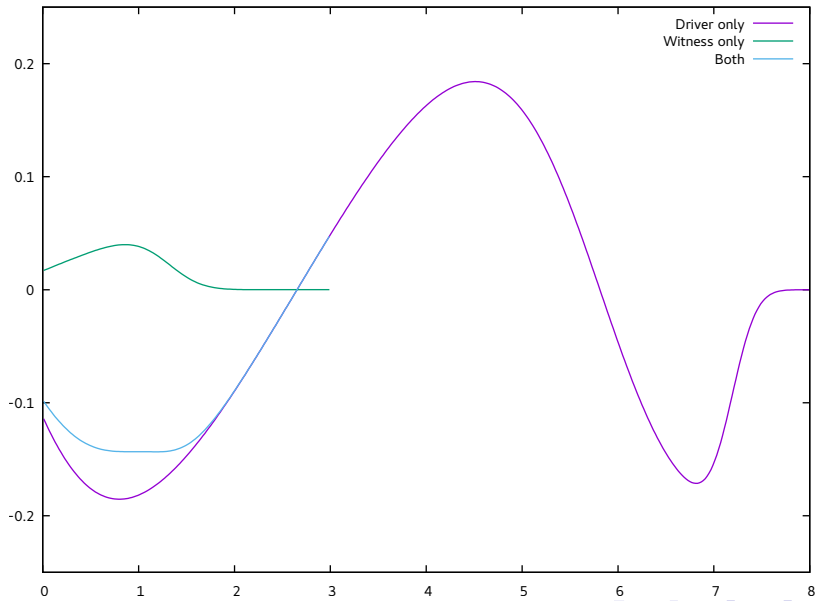
# Veronica - 20 $\mu\text{m}$



# Veronica - 20 $\mu\text{m}$ , 1 nC (witness only)

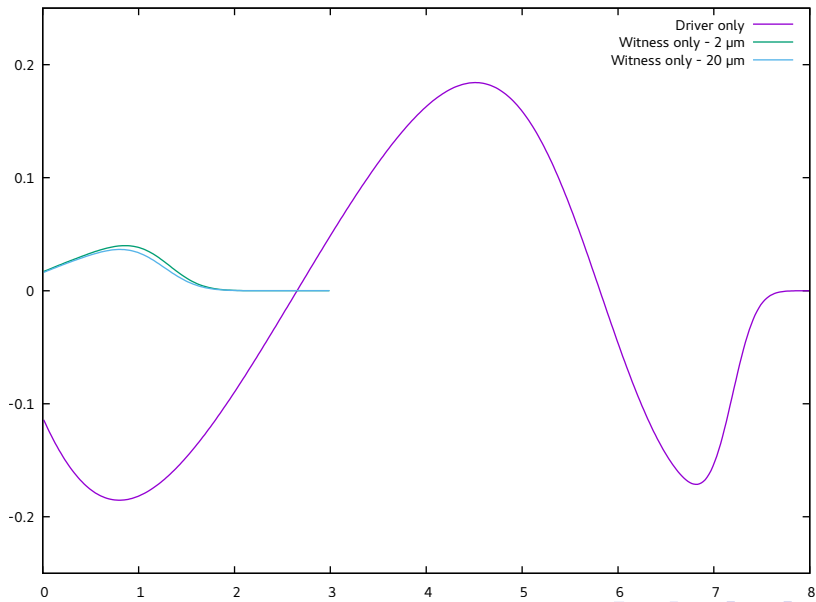


# Beamloading

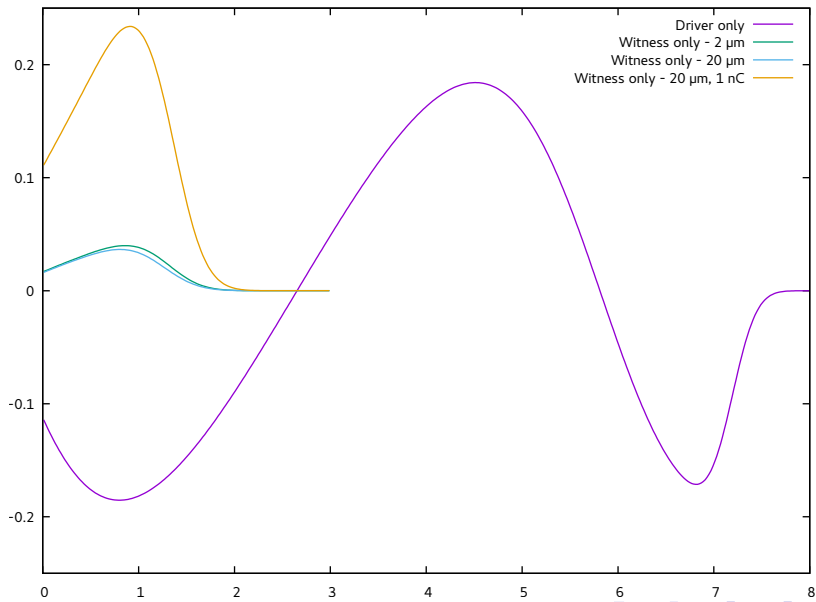




# Beamloading



# Beamloading



Beamloading involves the driver and witness wakes “cancelling out” to make a flat accelerating field

The scaled witness (keeping on-axis density the same) would have a charge of 1 nC

The decelerating field due to the witness is larger than the accelerating field from the driver! Not even possible to accelerate the whole witness