# Intelligent Alert system for HEP experiments

Rahul Indra

Valentin Kuznetsov Federica Legger Christian Ariza



## Agenda

- About Me
- Overview
- 2. Proposed Architecture
- 3. Alerting Module
- 4. Alerting Services
- 5. AlertManager one place for all alerts
- 6. Use of Slack & Karma
- 7. Intelligence Module
- 8. Future Work
- 9. Tools Used
- 10. Important Links
  - Appendix



### About Me

Rahul Indra
Computer Science Undergraduate Student
Indian Institute of Engineering Science & Technology
Shibpur, India



Google Summer of Code '20 Student Developer @ CERN-CMS



### 1. Overview



"The growth of distributed services introduces a challenge to properly monitor their status and reduce operational costs."

#### Tools in use:-

- ElasticSearch
- Kafka
- Grafana
- Prometheus
- AlertManager
- VictoriaMetrics
- Custom Solutions like GGUS, SSB system etc.



CMS infrastructure can produce significant amount of data on :-

- various anomalies
- intermittent problems
- outages
- scheduled maintenance.

So, in short our operational teams deal with a large amount of alert notifications and tickets!



### Solution

### An intelligent Alert Management System

### Aim

- detect
- analyse
- spot anomalies
- silence false alerts
- automate operation procedures



### The system's abilities include, but are not limited to :-

- Consuming tickets from various ticketing systems. (GGUS & SSB have been implemented). Being modular architecture, there's always a scope to add more services in future.
- Extracting alerts, relevant to the specific CMS services which gets affected by such interventions
- Intelligently grouping and ranking those alerts.
- Silencing false alerts.
- Making them visible in our monitoring tools (Grafana, Slack, Karma etc.).



# 2. Proposed Architecture

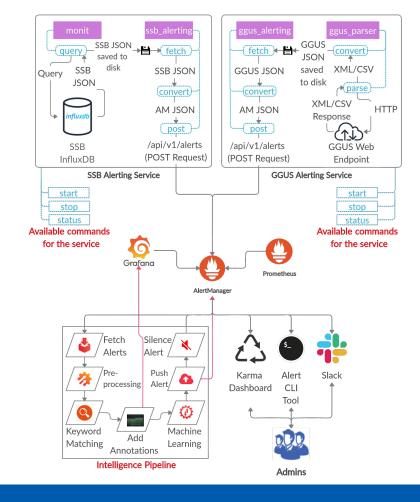


### Components Developed

- Parser
- Alerting Module
- Alerting Service
- Intelligence Module
- Alert CLI Tool

### Tools

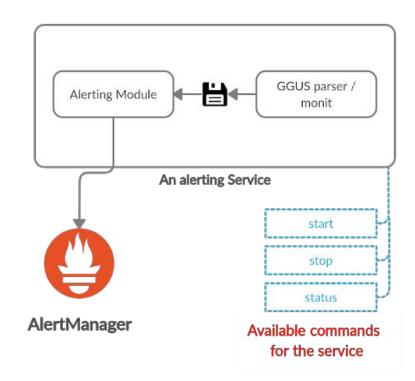
- Grafana
- Prometheus
- AlertManager
- Slack
- Karma



# 4. Alerting Service



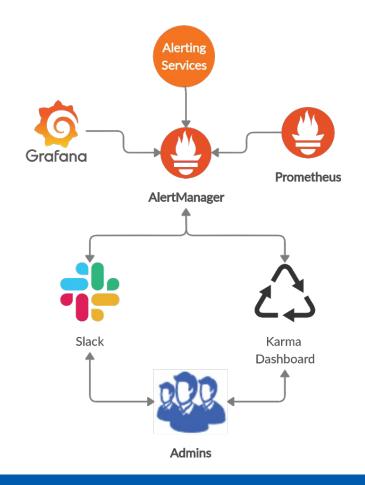
- Parser fetches data and saves to disk
- Alerting module gets fetched data as input, converts it and pushes to AM.
- This whole process is bundled as a Linux Service with three commands:
  - start
  - stop
  - status



5. AlertManager - one place for all alerts



- Alerting services which has been developed push GGUS & SSB alerts to AM at defined time interval.
- Grafana & Prometheus push their alerts to AM as well.
- Karma Dashboard fetches all alerts from AM, and displays in better format.
- Slack channels are populated when an alert is fired.
- AM, Slack and Karma give all required info for alerts to our Admins.





6. Use of Slack & Karma

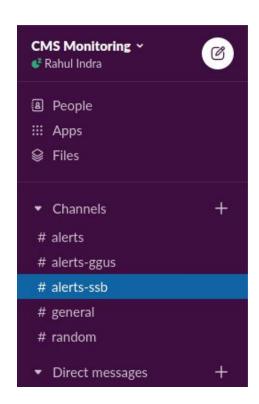


#### Slack

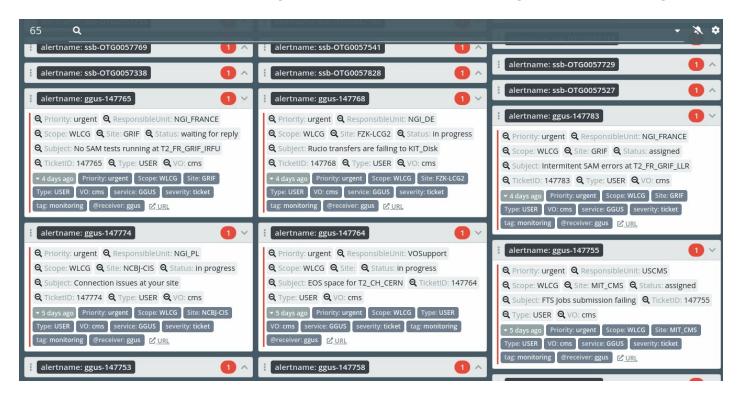
- Slack has defined channels for particular service alerts.
- Users are notified about fired alerts.
- AlertManager bots are at work.

#### Karma

- A dashboard which pulls all alerts from AM.
- Availability of multi grids arrangement based on filters.
- Bundling similar alerts
- Concise and better view than AM.
- Wrote Dockerfile and Kubernetes config files.



### Karma Dashboard showing all alerts under "tag=monitoring" (GGUS)





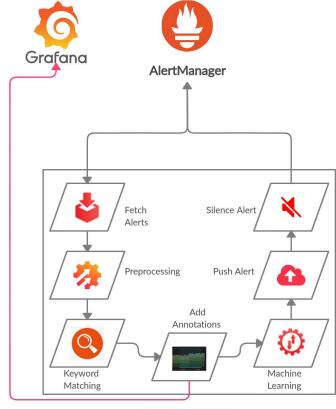
# 7. Intelligence Module



- A data pipeline.
- Components independent of each other.
- One component receives the data, adds its logic and forwards the processed data to other component.

### Why data pipeline?

- Low coupling
- Freedom of adding or removing components on demand.
- Power of concurrency



Intelligence Pipeline



#### What it does?

- Assigning proper severity levels to SSB/GGUS alerts which helps operators to understand the criticality of the infrastructure.
   Ex. If Number of Alerts with severity="urgent" > some threshold, then the infrastructure is in critical situation.
- Annotating Grafana Dashboards when Network or Database interventions.

### Scope for additional features include, but are not limited to :-

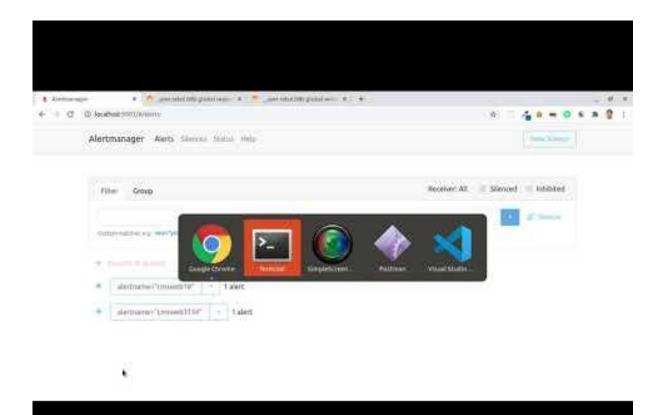
- Predicting type of alerts and grouping similar alerts with the help of Machine Learning.
- Adds applicable tutorial/instructions doc to alert, on following which an operator can solve the issue.



# Let's watch Intelligence Module live...

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vhJ367jaxMo







### 8. Future Works



- Evaluation of ElastAlert for setting alerts on ElasticSearch and integration of the same in this project.
- Service which takes configuration for operator's actions and pushes to AM so that it matches alerts with the actions.
- Use of Machine Learning in intelligence module which will predict it's severity info, priority and type.
- Deployment of finalized project to k8s infrastructure.



### 9. Tools Used



### Programming Language

GoLang

#### Editor

- Vim
- Visual Studio Code

### Helper Tools

- Github
- git CLI Tool
- golint, goreportcard.com
- Adobe Photoshop
- Google Doc
- Google Slides



# 10. Important Links



### Github repository

https://github.com/dmwm/CMSMonitoring

#### Contributions in :-

https://github.com/dmwm/CMSMonitoring/tree/master/scripts

https://github.com/dmwm/CMSMonitoring/tree/master/src/go/MONIT

https://github.com/dmwm/CMSMonitoring/tree/master/src/go/intelligence

https://github.com/dmwm/CMSMonitoring/tree/master/doc/AlertManagement

### **GSoC Progress Report**



# Thank You!



29

### Appendix

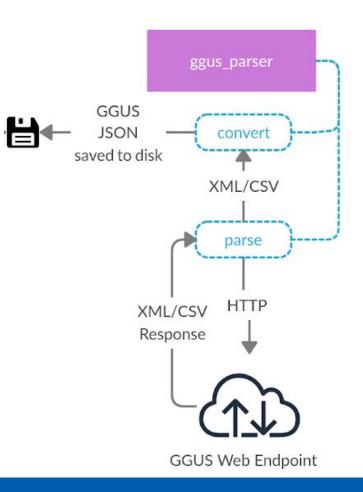
- A. Parsers
  - a. GGUS Parser
  - b. monit
- B. Alerting Module
- C. Alerting Service
- D. Slack & Karma
- E. Intelligence Module
- F. Alert CLI Tool



### A. Parsers



- GGUS Ticketing System outputs data either in XML or CSV.
- Developed Parser capable of parsing both formats.
- ggus\_parser has two components :-
  - parse parses the XML or CSV data
  - convert converts the parsed data into JSON format and saves it to disk.
- XML/CSV formats are configurable



### GGUS Ticket (csv)

Ticket-ID, Type, VO, Site, Priority, Resp. Unit, Status, Last Update, Subject, Scope 147196, USER, cms, FZK-LCG2, urgent, NGI\_DE, assigned, 2020-07-14, FZK-LCG2: issues on data access, WLCG

Which is Parsed and Converted into .....



### GGUS Parsed Ticket (JSON)

```
"TicketID": 147196,
"Type": "USER",
"VO": "cms".
"Site": "FZK-LCG2",
"Priority": "urgent",
"ResponsibleUnit": "NGI_DE",
"Status": "assigned",
"LastUpdate": "1590670920",
"Subject": "FZK-LCG2: issues on data access",
"Scope": "WLCG"
```

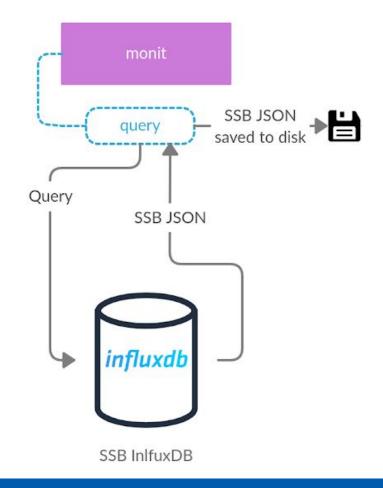


### What about SSB Ticketing System?

- There was no need of parser for SSB Ticketing System.
- monit tool was developed by CMS.
- Query InfluxDB/ES data sources in MONIT via Grafana proxy
- SSB alerts in JSON format is given on standard output.
- We piped stdout to .json file and saved to disk.

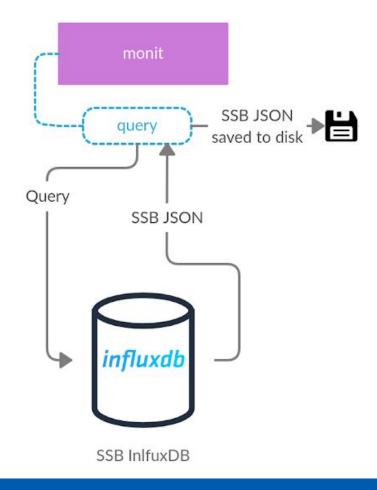
Ref:-

https://github.com/dmwm/CMSMonitoring/blob/master/src/go/MONIT/monit.go



### **MONIT** Query

monit -query=\$query -dbname=\$dbname -token=\$token -dbid=\$dbid > ssb\_data.json



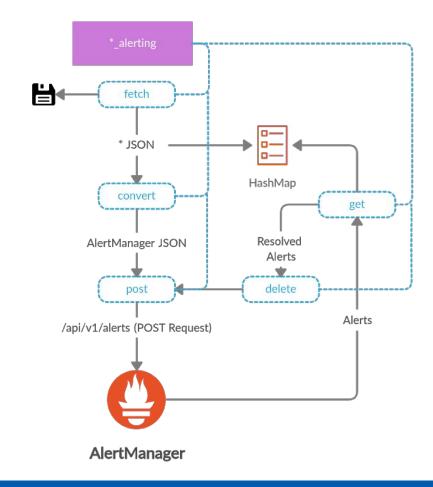


# B. Alerting Module



# Components Developed

- fetch
- convert
- post
- get
- delete

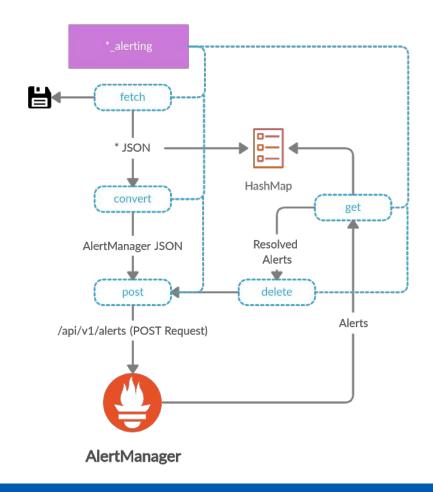




#### fetch

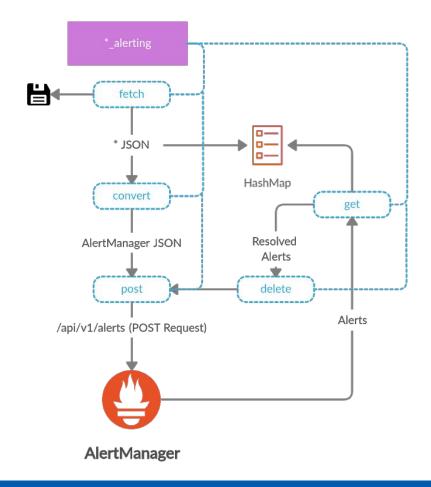
- fetches saved JSON
   GGUS or SSB data from
   the disk
   (ggus\_parser or monit)
- maintains a hashmap for seen alerts
- map[alert\_name] = alert

\*now onwards we will call each datapoint from GGUS/SSB as an alert





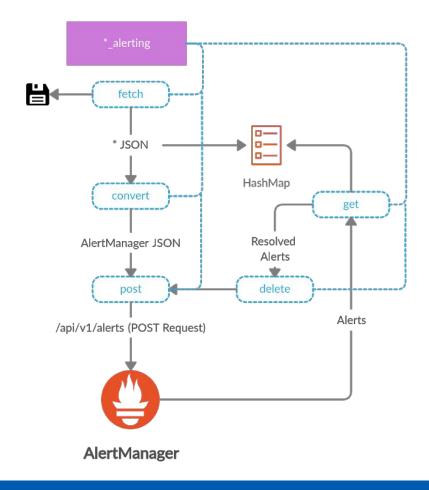
- convert
  - fetched alerts are input here
  - gets converted to JSON data which AlertManager API understands





### post

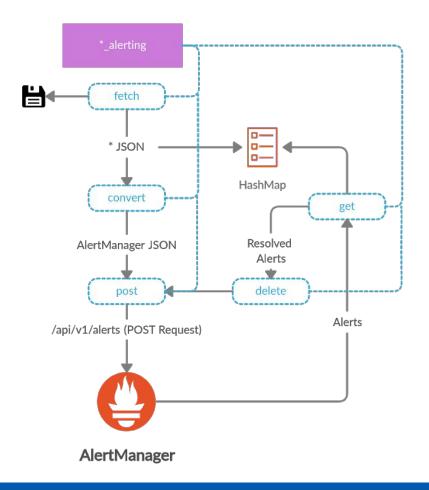
 converted JSON data which contains GGUS/SSB alerts is pushed to AlertManager.





## get

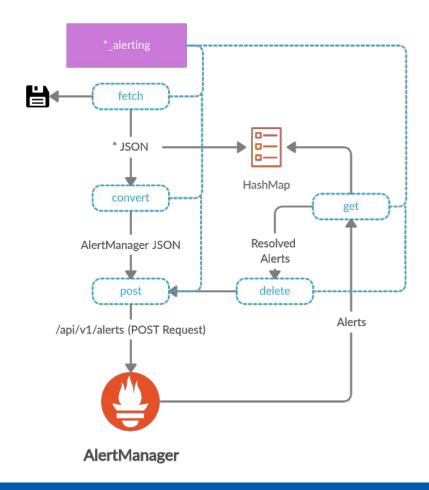
- Few GGUS/SSB alerts do not have Ending Time, hence open ending.
- We fetch GGUS/SSB alerts from AlertManager
- Check with HashMap (which updates), if an alert is resolved or not.
- Bundle all resolved alerts





#### delete

- All resolved alerts will now have End Time == time.Now()
- All open ending alerts in AlertManager get new EndTime,
- thus get deleted





# C. Alerting Service

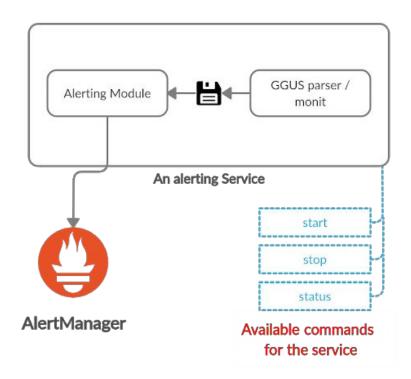


Image beside shows an alerting service architecture

#### Components

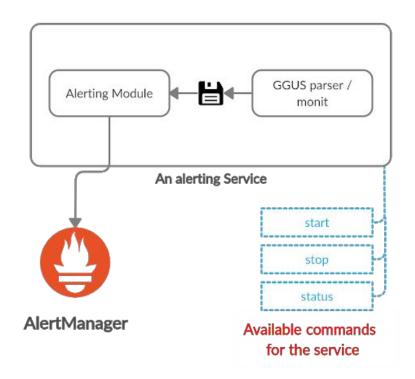
- parser / monit
- \*.alerting module

Alerting service -> A linux service running both of these logics at a regular interval in the background.



# Configuration

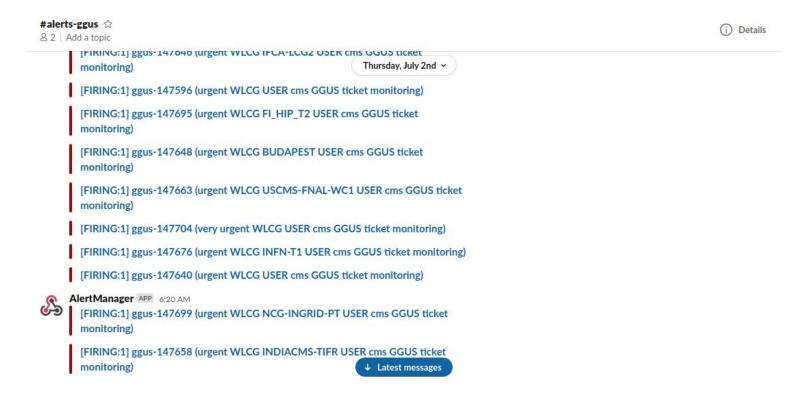
- AlertManager URL
- Time Interval for the service
- HTTP Timeout
- Verbosity Level
  - o GGUS
- GGUS Format
- VO
  - o SSB
- Query
- Token



# D. Slack & Karma

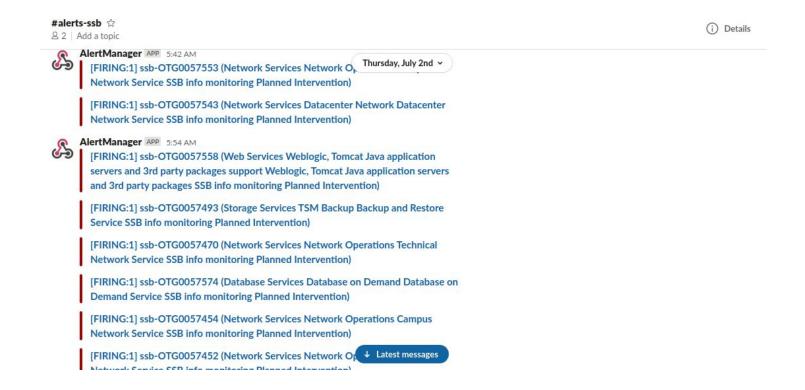


## alerts-ggus channel for GGUS alerts on Slack





#### alerts-ssb channel for SSB alerts on Slack



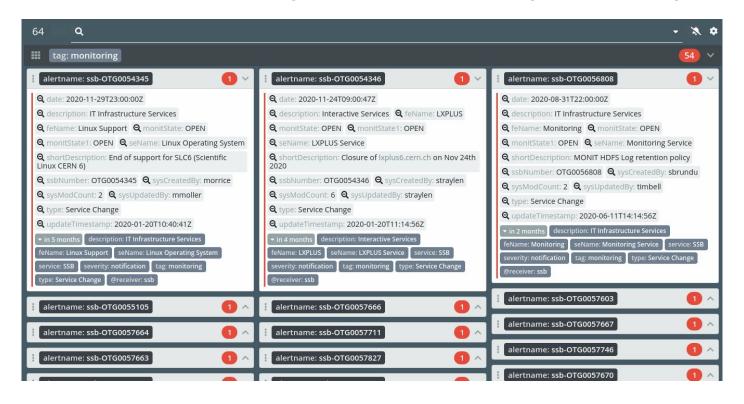


# Karma Dashboard <a href="https://cms-monitoring.cern.ch">https://cms-monitoring.cern.ch</a>





# Karma Dashboard showing all alerts under "tag=monitoring" (SSB)





# E. Intelligence Module

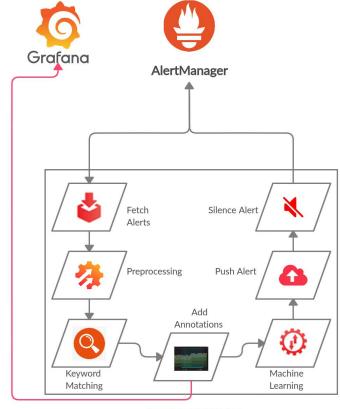


#### Components

- Fetch Alerts
- Preprocessing
- Keyword Matching
- Add Annotations
- Machine Learning
- Push Alert
- Silence Alert

#### Tools

- AlertManager
- Grafana

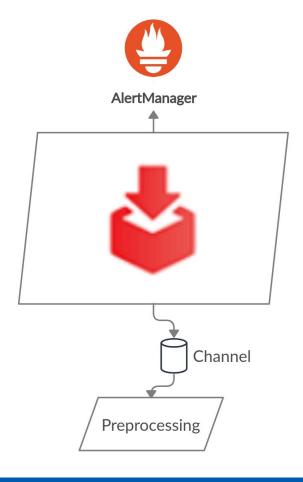


Intelligence Pipeline



#### Fetch Alerts

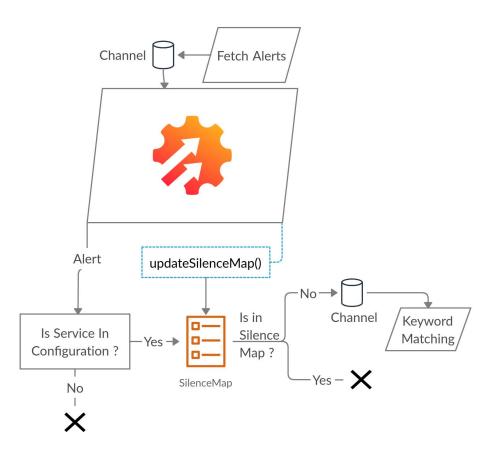
- Fetches all alerts from AlertManager
- Bundles them and put them on a channel.
- Channel (Analogy) baggage belt at Airports. You put data into it, data will be picked up when required by other party.





## Preprocessing

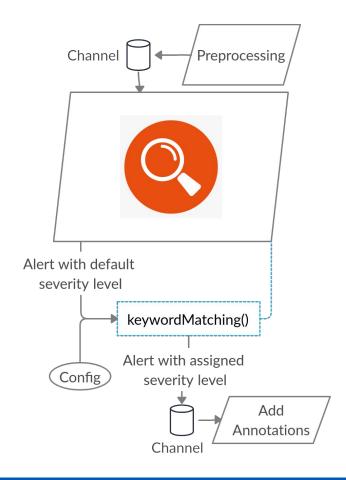
- Filtering based on configuration.
- Only filtered alerts are forwarded.
- Here we also manage one map for keeping track of active silenced alerts to avoid redundant silences.
- If an alert is already silenced that means it has been processed by the intelligence module before.





# **Keyword Matching**

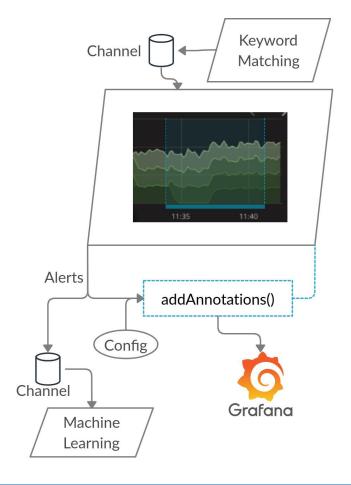
- Analysis of Alerts showed us repetitive use of a few important keywords.
- These keywords help in assigning severity levels.
- We search for these keywords in alerts, if found we assign severity level mapped to that keyword.





#### **Add Annotations**

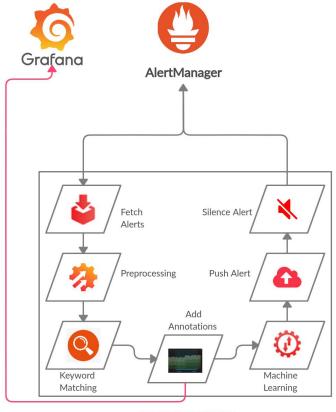
- Grafana has dashboards which shows running services' metrics in the form of graphs.
- Grafana has add Annotation feature.
- SSB alert mentioning intervention in network / DB affects these services.
- We push such interventions info in the form of annotations into Grafana dashboards.



## Machine Learning

\*FUTURE WORK\*

As of now forwards the same data that it gets

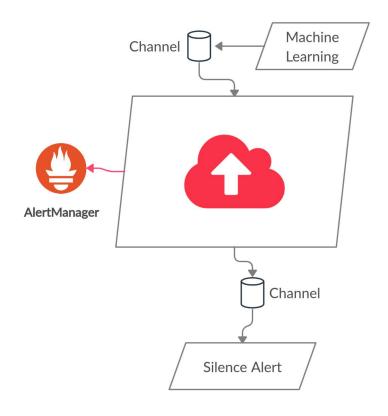


Intelligence Pipeline



#### Push Alert

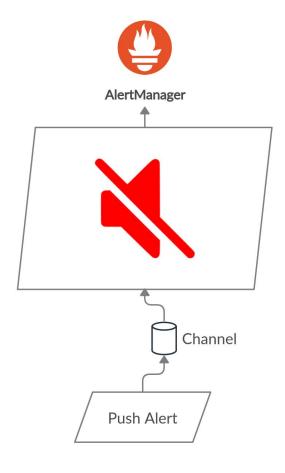
- Alerts with modified information are pushed to AlertManager
- Incoming alerts are then forwarded to Silence Alert.





#### Silence Alert

- Alerts which get modified and pushed to AlertManager get copied.
- Older alert is redundant
- We silence the older one for the duration of its lifetime.





# F. Alert CLI Tool



- Gives a nice and clean CLI interface for getting alerts, their details printed on the terminal itself either in tabular form or JSON format.
- Convenient option for operators who prefer command line
- Comes with several options such as :-
  - service, severity, tag Filters
  - sort Sorting
  - details For detailed information of an alert
  - json information in JSON format



#### \$alert -service=SSB -sort=duration

NAME	SERVICE	TAG	SEVERITY	STARTS	ENDS	DURATION
ssb-0TG0057733	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 11h 39m 35s	IN 11h 49m 35s	10m
ssb-0TG0055105	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 15D 7h 39m 35s	IN 15D 8h 39m 35s	1h
ssb-0TG0057766	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 11h 39m 35s	IN 12h 39m 35s	1h
ssb-0TG0057846	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 19h 39m 35s	IN 20h 39m 35s	1h
ssb-0TG0057667	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 14D 6h 54m 35s	IN 14D 7h 54m 35s	1h
ssb-0TG0057735	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 11h 9m 35s	IN 12h 39m 35s	1h 30m
ssb-0TG0057664	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 12D 8h 9m 35s	IN 12D 10h 9m 35s	2h
ssb-0TG0057827	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 5D 11h 39m 35s	IN 5D 13h 39m 35s	2h
ssb-0TG0057666	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 14D 8h 9m 35s	IN 14D 10h 9m 35s	2h
ssb-0TG0057746	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 7D 15h 39m 35s	IN 7D 17h 39m 35s	2h
ssb-0TG0057663	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 7D 8h 9m 35s	IN 7D 10h 9m 35s	2h
ssb-0TG0057711	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 12D 8h 9m 35s	IN 12D 10h 9m 35s	2h
ssb-0TG0057829	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 12D 8h 9m 35s	IN 12D 10h 9m 35s	2h
ssb-0TG0057582	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 15h 39m 35s	IN 18h 39m 35s	
ssb-0TG0057603	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 1M 16D 19h 39m 35s	IN 1M 16D 23h 39m 35s	
ssb-0TG0057723	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 12h 39m 35s	IN 16h 39m 35s	
ssb-0TG0057769	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 10h 39m 35s	IN 14h 39m 35s	
ssb-0TG0057670	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 2D 3h 39m 35s	IN 2D 10h 39m 35s	7h
ssb-0TG0057731	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 1D 9h 39m 35s	IN 1D 19h 39m 35s	10h
ssb-0TG0057828	SSB	monitoring	notification	1D 4h 50m 25s AGO	IN 5D 19h 19m 35s	7D 10m
ssb-0TG0056808	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 1M 17D 1h 39m 35s	Undefined	Undefined
ssb-0TG0057541	SSB	monitoring	notification	12h 20m 25s AGO	Undefined	Undefined
ssb-0TG0054346	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 4M 9D 12h 40m 22s	Undefined	Undefined
ssb-0TG0054345	SSB	monitoring	notification	IN 4M 15D 2h 39m 35s	Undefined	Undefined
ssb-0TG0057527	SSB	monitoring	notification	4D 10h 41m 53s AGO	Undefined	Undefined



#### \$alert -severity=high

NAME	SERVICE	TAG	SEVERITY	STARTS	ENDS	DURATION
No CMS monitoring status	monitoring	CMS	high	7D 23h 24m 18s AGO	IN 3m 27s	7D 23h 27m 45s

#### \$alert -name=ssb-OTG0054345 -details

```
severity: notification
tag: monitoring
description: IT Infrastructure Services
feName: Linux Support
seName: Linux Operating System
shortDescription: End of support for SLC6 (Scie
sysCreatedBy: morrice
```

#### \$alert -name=ssb-OTG0054345 -details -json

{"labels":{"alertname":"ssb-OTG0054345","description":"IT Infrastructure S ervices","feName":"Linux Support", "seName":"Linux Operating System", "service":"SSB", "severity": "notification", "tag": "monitoring", "type": "Service Change"}, "annotations":{"date":"2020-11-29723:00:00Z", "description":"IT Infrastructure Services", "feName":"Linux Support", "monitState":"0PEN", "monitState1":"0PEN", "seName":"Linux Operating System", "shortDescription": "End of support for SLC6 (Scientific Linux CERN 6)", "ssbNumber":"0TG0054345", "sysCreatedBy": "morrice", "sysModCount":"2", "sysUpdatedBy": "mmoller", "type": "Service Change", "updateTimestamp": "2020-01-20710:40:412"}, "startsAt": "2020-11-29723:00:00Z", "endsAt": "3000-05-24715:43:26Z"}

