

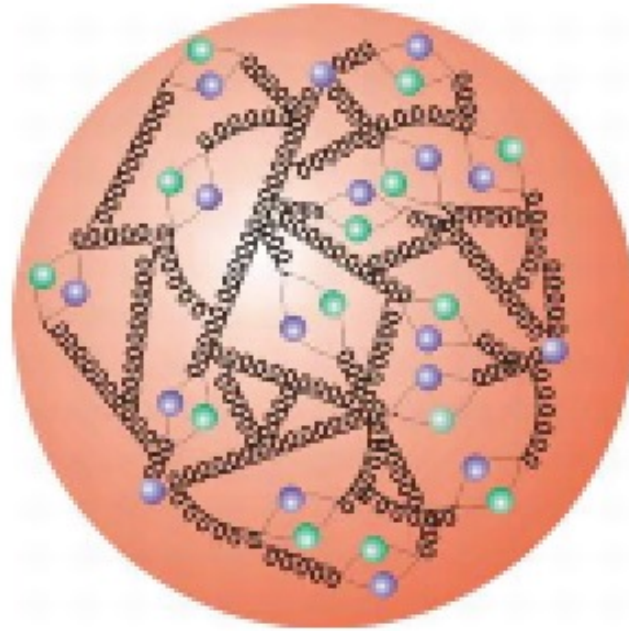
# Nucleon Parton Distributions from Lattice QCD

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Sheng Liu, Andreas Schafer,  
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# The complicated world inside a proton



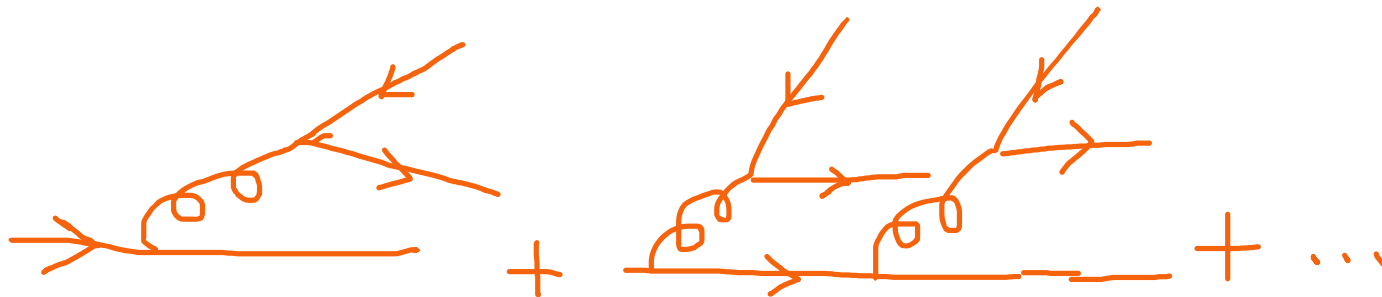
**Parton structures:** 1d mom+spin PDF to 3d GPD & TMD to Wigner (and beyond?) [BNL, JLab, J-PARC, COMPASS, GSI, EIC, LHeC, ...] to **applications** (Higgs, new physics...)

Can we determine these  
distributions theoretically?

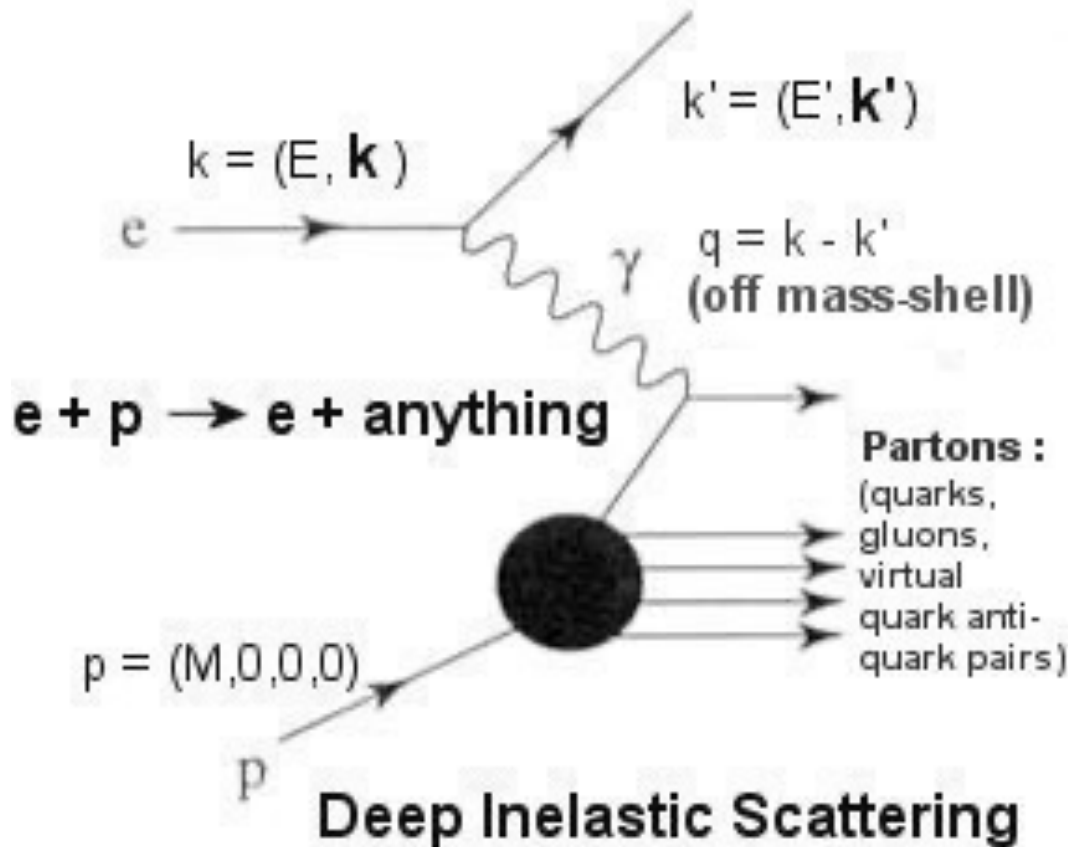
# PDFs from QCD---a light cone problem!

- The number of quark anti-quark pairs diverges (manifestation of non-perturbative nature of the problem): **an infinite body problem!**
- Lattice QCD
- Euclidean lattice: light cone operators cannot be distinguished from local operators

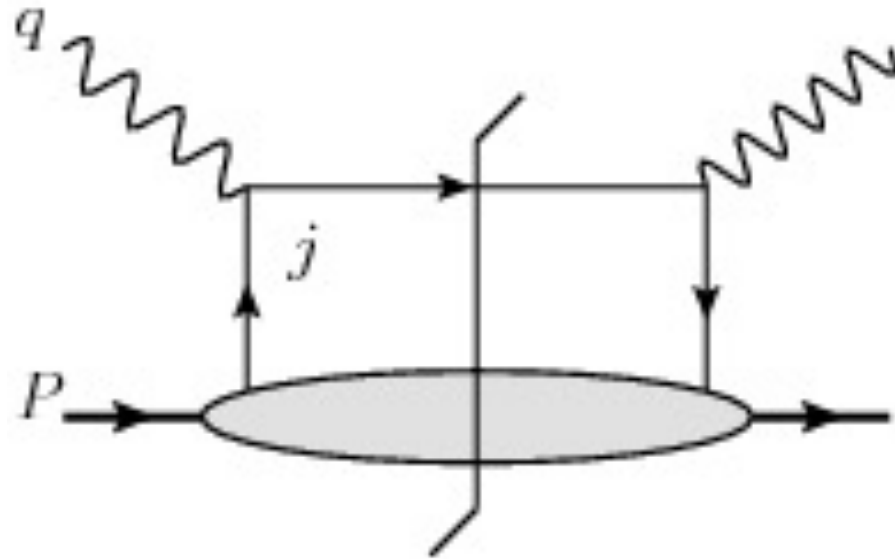
$$\begin{aligned} t^2 - \mathbf{r}^2 &= 0 \\ -t_E^2 - \mathbf{r}^2 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$



# Measuring Parton Distributions Using DIS experiments



# Parton Distribution Function (PDF) in QCD



The struck parton moves on a light cone at the leading order in the twist-expansion.

$$q(x, \mu^2) = \int \frac{d\xi^-}{4\pi} e^{ix\xi^- P^+} \langle P | \bar{\psi}(0) \lambda \cdot \gamma \Gamma \psi(\xi^- \lambda) | P \rangle$$

# PDFs from QCD---a light cone problem!

- Euclidean lattice: light cone operators cannot be distinguished from local operators
- Moments of PDF given by local twist-2 operators (twist = dim - spin); limited to first few moments but carried out successfully

$$\langle x^n \rangle$$

# Beyond the first few moments

- Smearred sources: Davoudi & Savage
- Gradient flow: Monahan & Orginos
- Current-current correlators: K.-F. Liu & S.-J. Dong; Braun & Müller; Detmold & Lin; QCDSF; Qiu & Ma
- Xiangdong Ji (Phys. Rev. Lett. 110 (2013) 262002): quasi-PDF: computing the x-dependence directly. (variation: pseudo-PDF, Radyushkin; w/ Karpie, Orginos, Zafeiropoulos)



# Ji's idea

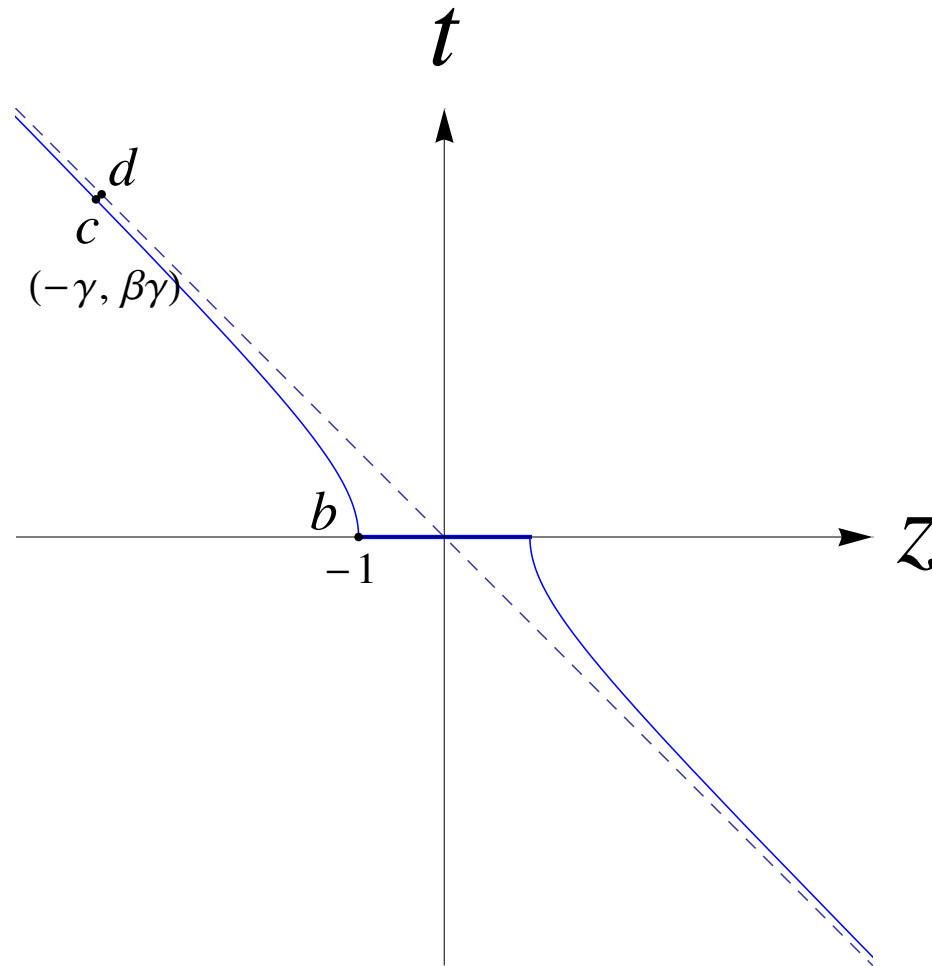
- Quark PDF in a proton:  $(\lambda^2 = 0)$

$$q(x, \mu^2) = \int \frac{d\xi^-}{4\pi} e^{ix\xi^- P^+} \langle P | \bar{\psi}(0) \lambda \cdot \gamma \Gamma \psi(\xi^- \lambda) | P \rangle$$

- Boost invariant in the z-direction, rest frame OK
- Quark bilinear op. always on the light cone
- What if the quark bilinear is slightly away from the light cone (space-like) in the proton rest frame?

- Then one can find a frame where the quark bilinear is of equal time but the proton is moving.

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$$\tilde{q}(x, \Lambda, P_z) = \int \frac{dy}{|y|} Z\left(\frac{x}{y}, \frac{\mu}{P_z}, \frac{\Lambda}{P_z}\right) q(y, \mu) + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2}{P_z^2}, \frac{M^2}{P_z^2}\right) + \dots$$

# Matching

$$\tilde{q}(x, \Lambda, P_z) = \int \frac{dy}{|y|} Z\left(\frac{x}{y}, \frac{\mu}{P_z}, \frac{\Lambda}{P_z}\right) q(y, \mu) + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2}{P_z^2}, \frac{M^2}{P_z^2}\right) + \dots$$

Xiong, Ji, Zhang, Zhao (GPD: Ji, Schafer, Xiong, Zhang; Xiong, Zhang) Factorization (Ma, Qiu; Li; OPE: Izubuchi, Ji, Jin, Stewart, Zhao), Linear divergence, LPT (Ishikawa, Ma, Qiu, Yoshida; JWC, Ji, Zhang; Xiong, Luu, Meissner; Rossi, Testa; Constantinou et al.) Multiplicative Renormalizability (Ji, Zhang, Zhao; Ishikawa, Ma, Qiu, Yoshida; Green, Jansen, Steffens; Zhang, Ji, Schäfer, Wang, Zhao; Li, Ma, Qiu), RI (Monahan & Orginos; Yong & Stewart; Constantinou et al.; LP3), NPR (Constantinou et al.; LP3), E vs. M spaces (Carlson et al.; Briceno et al.), Renormalon (Braun, Vladimirov, Zhang; Liu, Chen), Modeling (Xing et al., ...), ...

# Lattice Setup (isovector proton PDF)

- Lattice:  $64^3 \times 96$

$$a = 0.09 \text{ fm} \quad L \approx 5.8 \text{ fm}$$

- Fermions: MILC highly improved staggered quarks (HISQ) Clover (valence)

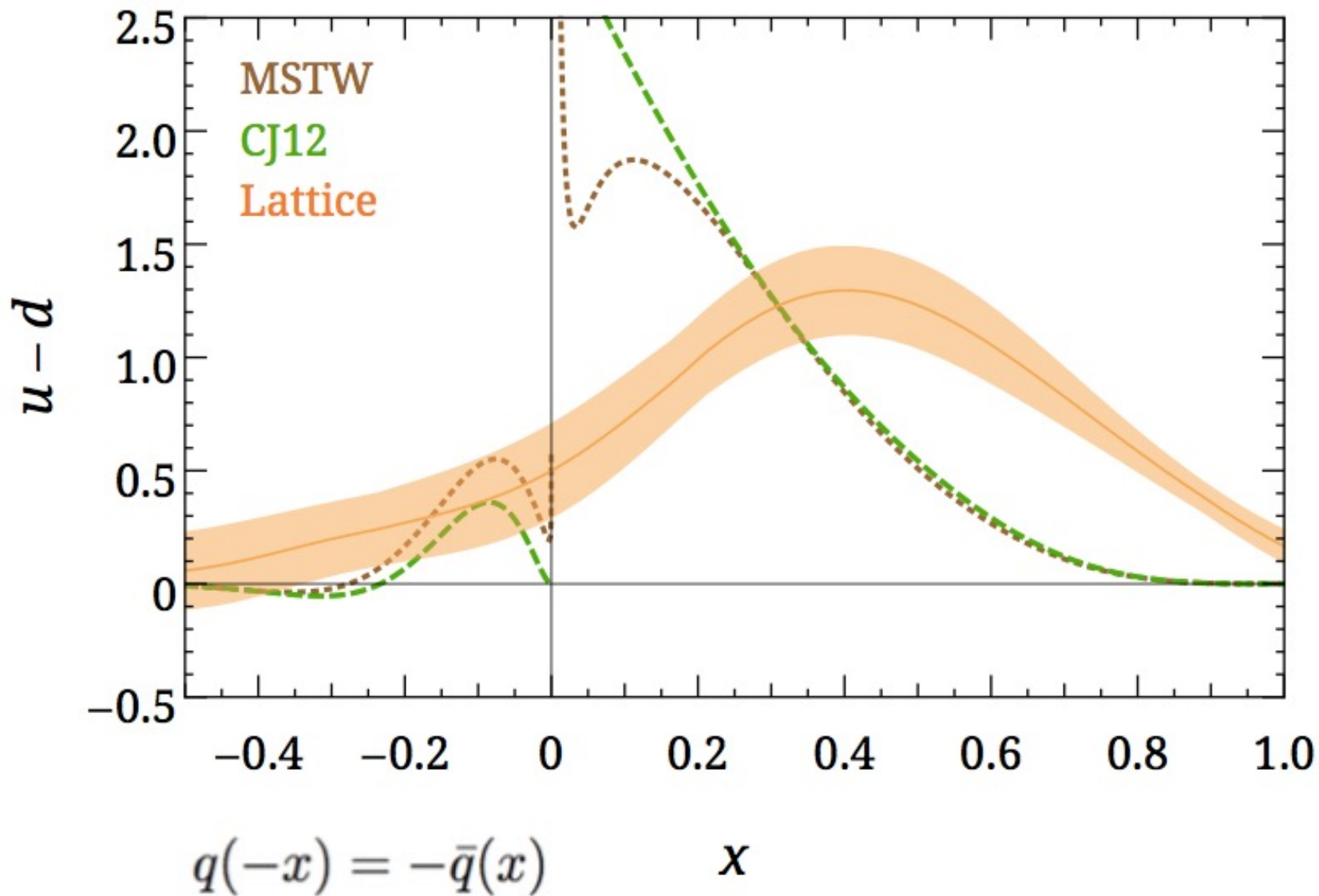
$$N_f = 2 + 1 + 1 \quad M_\pi \approx 135 \text{ MeV}$$

- Gauge fields/links: hypercubic (HYP) smearing (one step), 884 config.

- $P^z = n \frac{2\pi}{L} = 2.2, 2.4, 3.0 \text{ GeV}$  ( $n = 10, 12, 14$ )

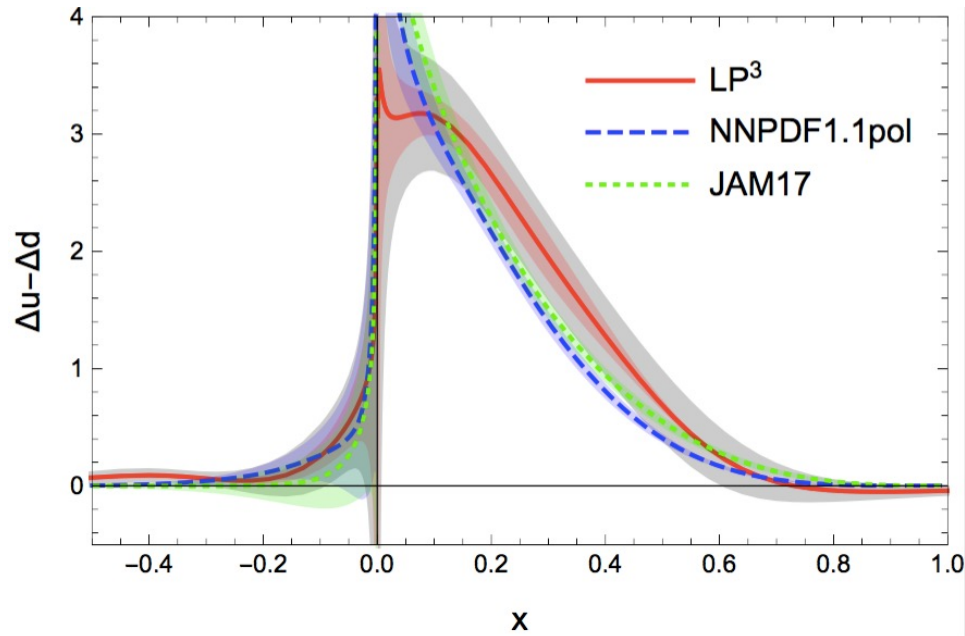
(high momentum smearing: Bali, Lang, Musch, Schafer; smaller energy gap)

# LP3 (1402.1462)

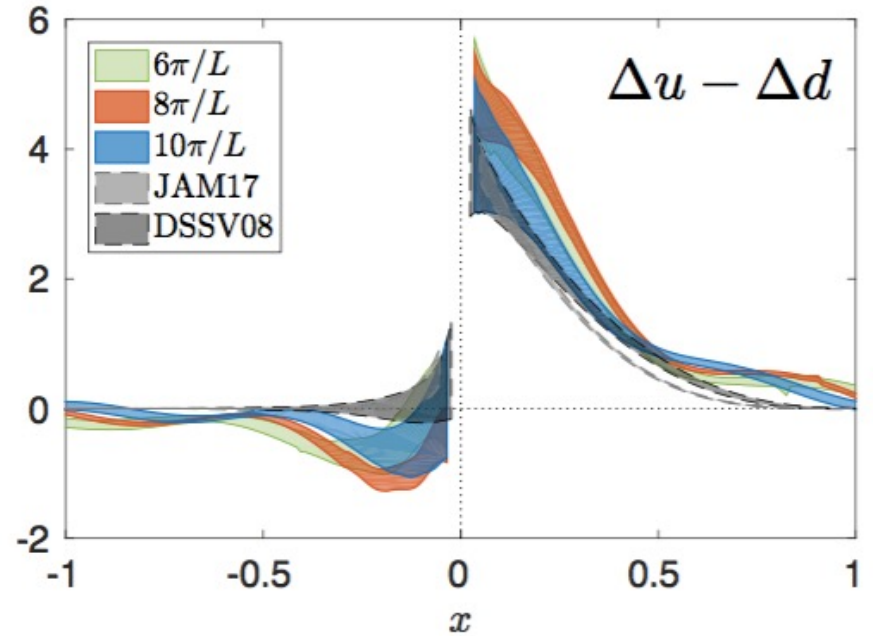




# Helicity

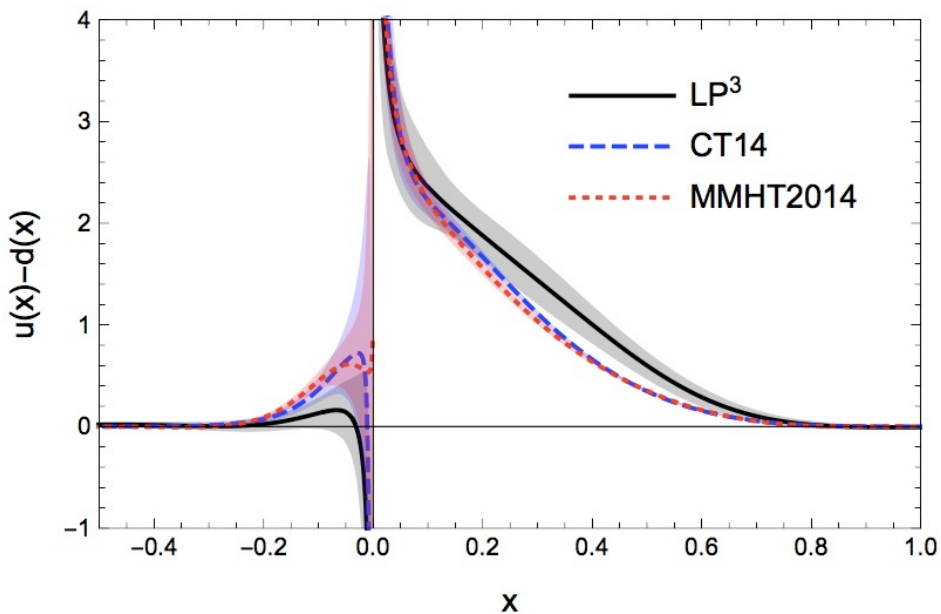


LP3(1807.07431,PRL)

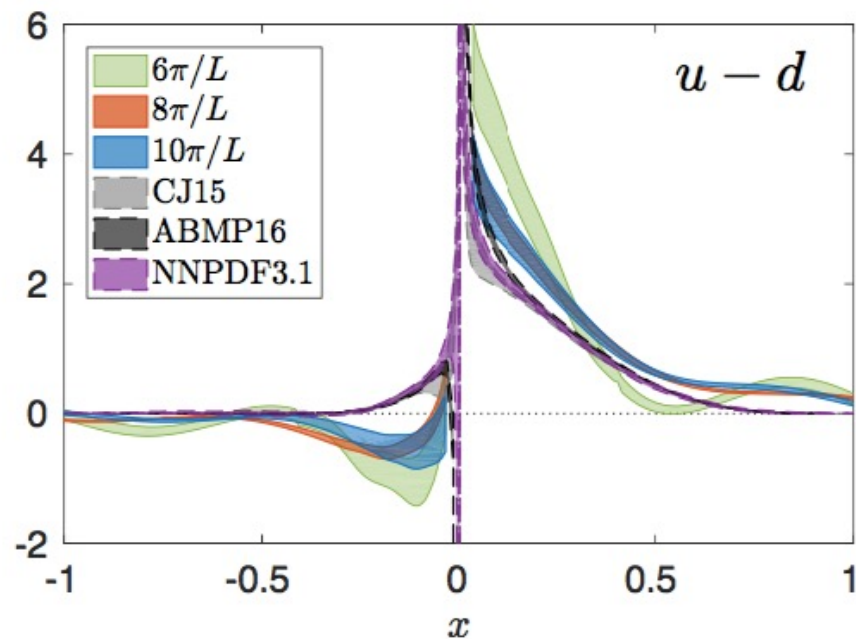


ETMC(1803.02685,PRL)

# Parton Density

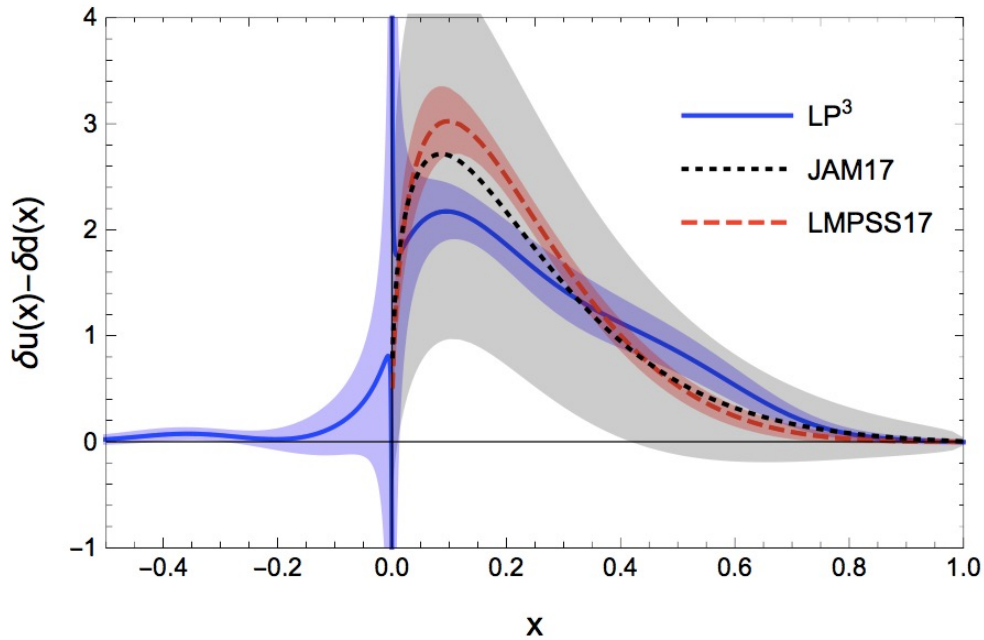


LP3(1803.04393)

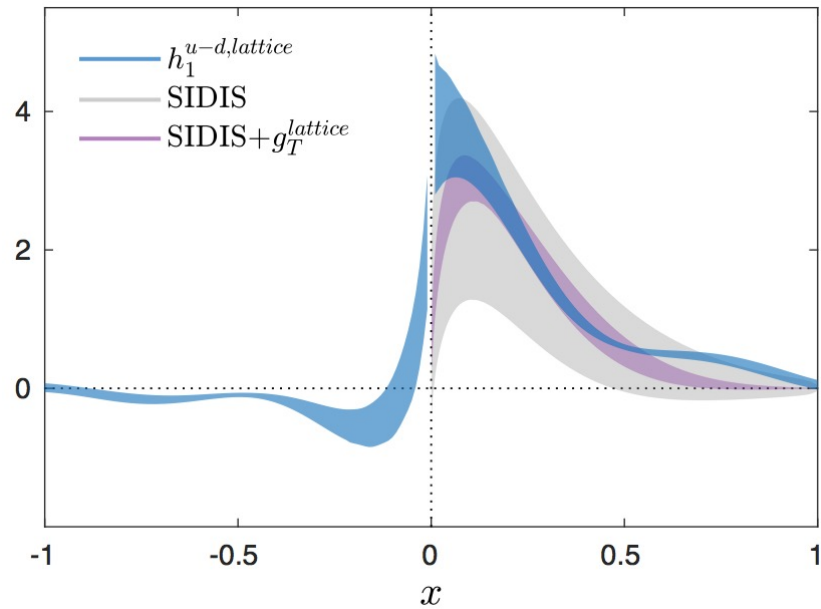


ETMC(1803.02685)

# Transversity

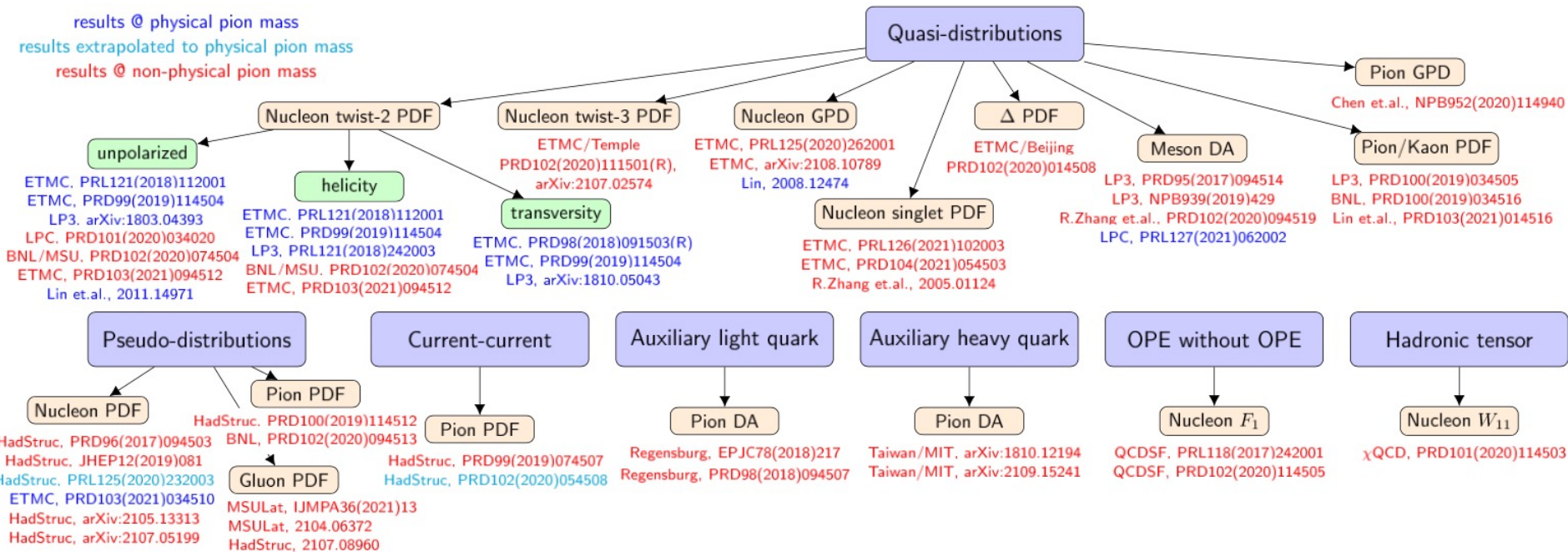


LP3 (1810.05043)



ETMC(1803.02685)

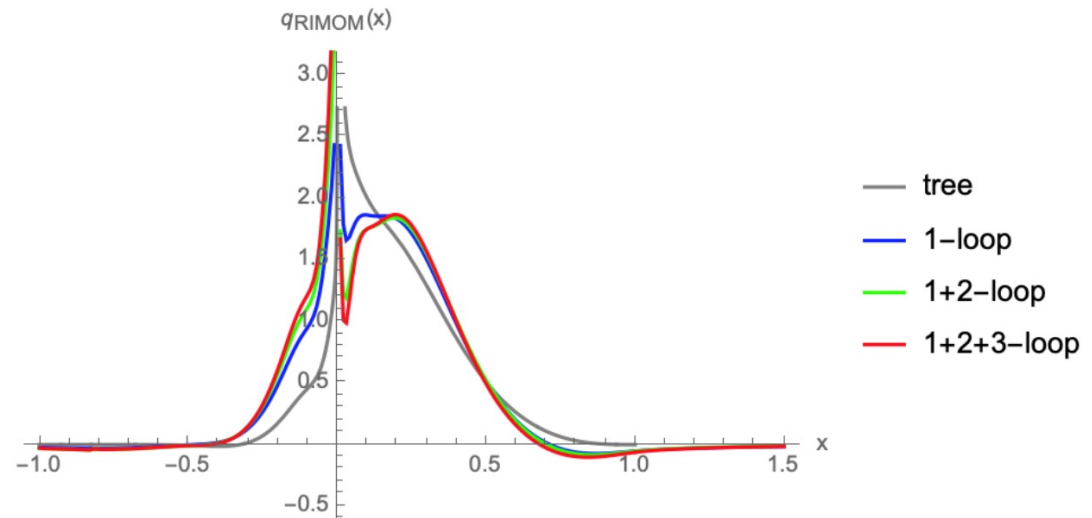
# A lot more recent lattice computations. See Krzysztof Cichy's review on Lattice2021 (2110.07440).



# Power Corrections

- $\mathcal{O}(M^2/(P^z)^2)$  corrections computed to all orders (JWC et al. 1603.06664)
- Renormalon effect: Braun, Vladimirov, Zhang (1810.00048)  $\mathcal{O}(\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2/x^2 P_z^2)$ ; But the slow convergence is not seen in bubble diagrams at 3-loops

(w/ Wei-Yang  
Liu 2010.06623)



# More Systematics Studies

- We need

$$\frac{\pi}{a} \gg P_z \gg \frac{1}{z_{max}} \gg \Lambda_{QCD}, m_\pi \gg \frac{\pi}{L}$$

Now we have

$$6.8 > 3 \gg 0.15 \sim 0.2, 0.14 > 0.1 \text{ (GeV)}$$

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- Finite volume effect: ChPT (w/ Wei-Yang Liu 2011.13536). Less than 1% when  $P_z/M \geq 1$  and  $m_\pi L \geq 3$ .

(JWC, Ji, **PLB**523 (2001) 107; **PRL** 87 (2001) 152002; **PRL** 88 (2002) 052003; JWC, Stewart, **PRL** 92 (2004) 202001; Arndt, Savage, **NPA**697 (2002) 429)

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- long tail and NPR: Hybrid (2008.03886) or self-renormalization (2103.02965) (LPC)



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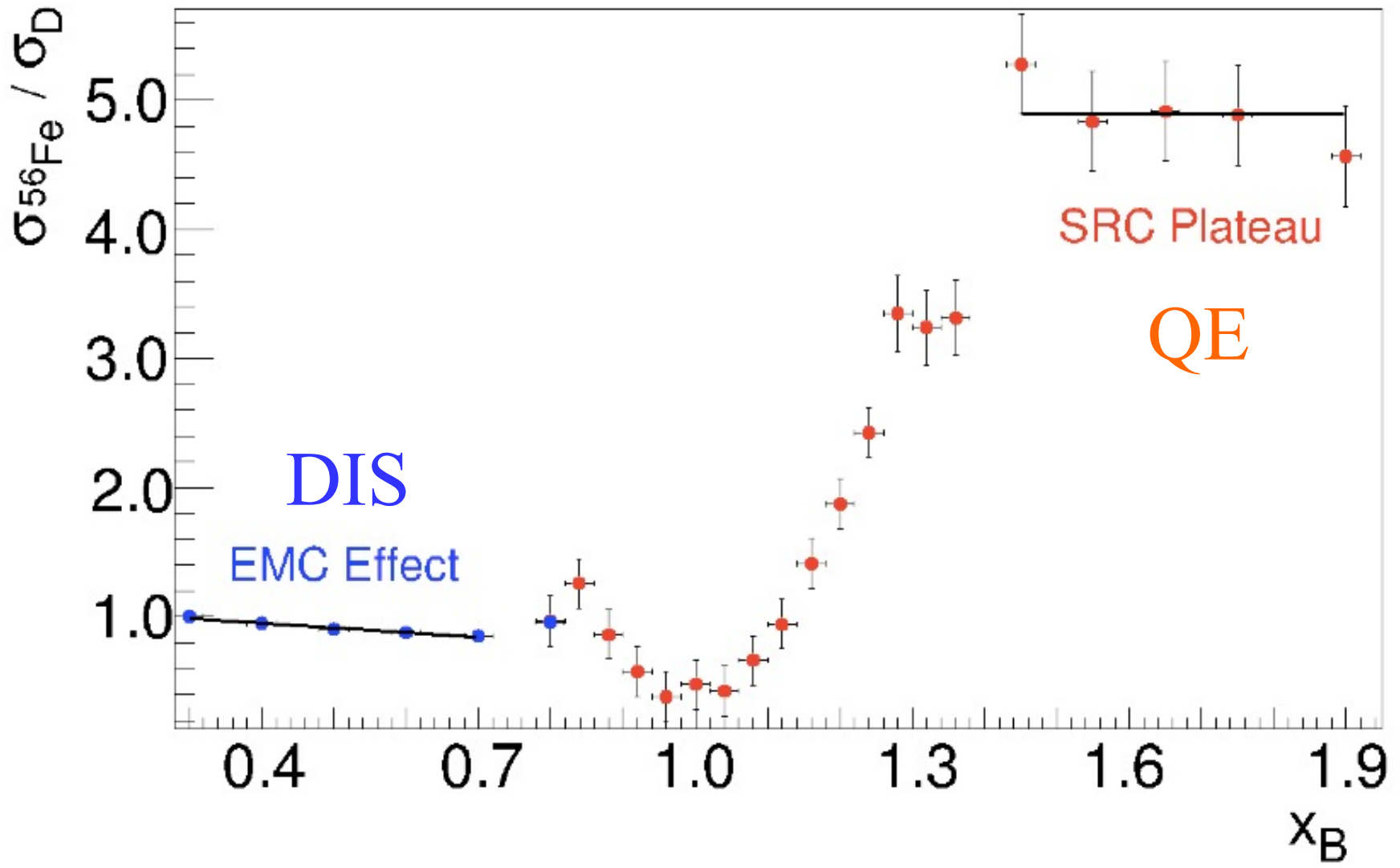
Now we have

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- Continuum limit: Residual divergence seen in RI/MOM for a rest pion state ( $\chi$ QCD 2012.05448).

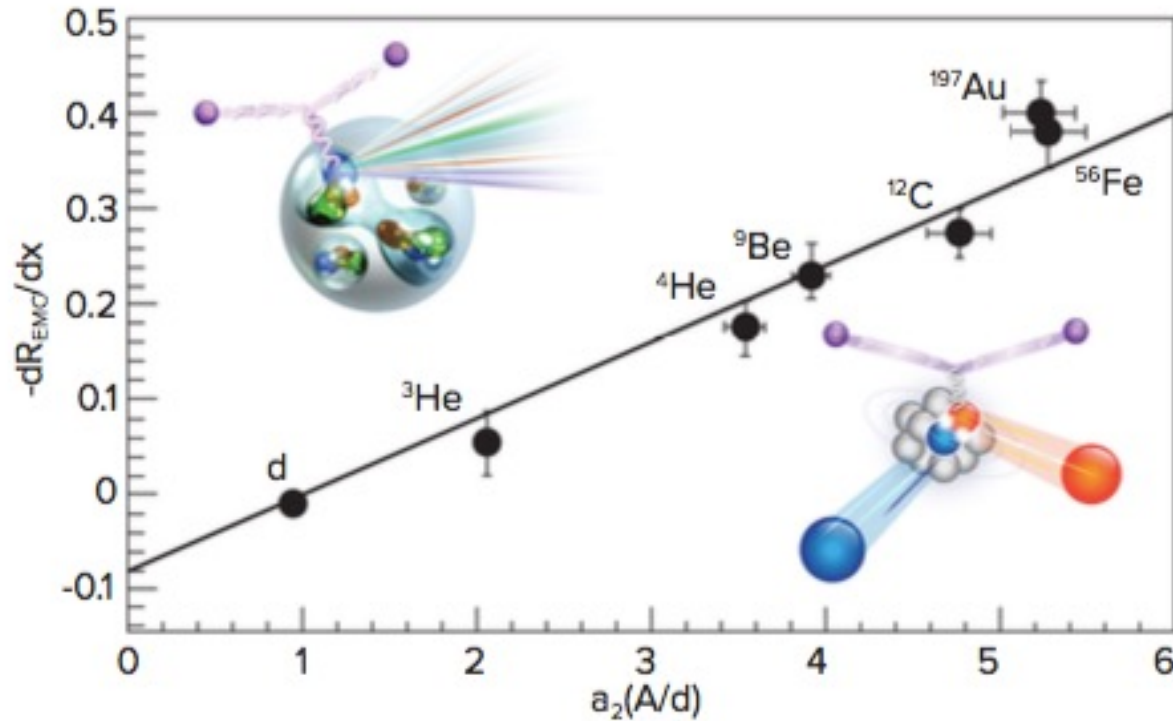
# Outlook

- Rapid progress made since 2013
- Further error study (non-singlet)
- Singlet PDF's: s, c, b and gluons
- If it works, complimentary to exp.: PDF (sea asymmetry, small and large x's, non-valence partons), DA, GPD, TMD, Wigner distributions ... **and**



# An Astonishing Empirical Result!

Weinstein et al., PRL106, 052301 (2011)



EFT w/ Detmold, Lynn, Schwenk, PRL 119 (2017) 262502 :

- EMC-SRC linear relation reproduced
- Some  $a_2$  reproduced ab initio
- Remaining problem: EMC slope from LQCD (only need deuteron)

# Backup slides

# First (isovector) LPDF Computation

- Lattice:  $24^3 \times 64$

$$a \approx 0.12 \text{ fm} \quad L \approx 3 \text{ fm}$$

- Fermions: MILC highly improved staggered quarks (HISQ) Clover (valence)

$$N_f = 2 + 1 + 1 \quad M_\pi \approx 310 \text{ MeV}$$

- Gauge fields/links: hypercubic (HYP) smearing, 461 config.

- $P^z = \frac{2\pi}{L}n = n \times 0.43 \text{ GeV} \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

# Review: Ji's LPDF (LaMET)

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{q}(x, \mu^2, P^z) &= \int \frac{dz}{4\pi} e^{-ixzP^z} \langle P | \bar{\psi}(0) \lambda \cdot \gamma \Gamma \psi(z\lambda) | P \rangle \\ &\equiv \int \frac{dz}{2\pi} e^{-ixzP^z} h(zP^z) P^z\end{aligned}$$

$$\lambda^\mu = (0, 0, 0, 1)$$

- Taylor expansion yields

$$\bar{\psi} \lambda \cdot \gamma \Gamma (\lambda \cdot D)^n \psi = \lambda_{\mu_1} \lambda_{\mu_2} \cdots \lambda_{\mu_n} O^{\mu_1 \cdots \mu_n}$$

op. symmetric but not traceless

$$(\lambda_{\mu_1} \lambda_{\mu_2} - g_{\mu_1 \mu_2} \lambda^2 / 4)$$

# Review: Ji's LPDF (LaMET)

$$\langle P | O^{(\mu_1 \dots \mu_n)} | P \rangle = 2a_n P^{(\mu_1} \dots P^{\mu_n)}$$

- LHS: trace, twist-4  $\mathcal{O}(\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2 / (P^z)^2)$  corrections, parametrized in this work
- RHS: trace  $\mathcal{O}(M^2 / (P^z)^2)$ .
- One loop matching  $\alpha_s \ln P^z$ , OPE

$$\tilde{q}(x, \Lambda, P_z) = \int \frac{dy}{|y|} Z\left(\frac{x}{y}, \frac{\mu}{P_z}, \frac{\Lambda}{P_z}\right) q(y, \mu) + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2}{P_z^2}, \frac{M^2}{P_z^2}\right) + \dots$$



# Non-Perturbative Renormalization + Matching

$$\tilde{q}(x, \Lambda, P_z) = \int \frac{dy}{|y|} Z \left( \frac{x}{y}, \frac{\mu}{P_z}, \frac{\Lambda}{P_z} \right) q(y, \mu) + \mathcal{O} \left( \frac{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2}{P_z^2}, \frac{M^2}{P_z^2} \right) + \dots$$

- NPR (RI/MOM scheme),  $\gamma_t$   $p^2 = -\mu_R^2$   
Landau gauge  $p_z = p_z^R$
- RI/MOM to  $\overline{\text{MS}}$  performed at one loop

# Rossi & Testa's criticism

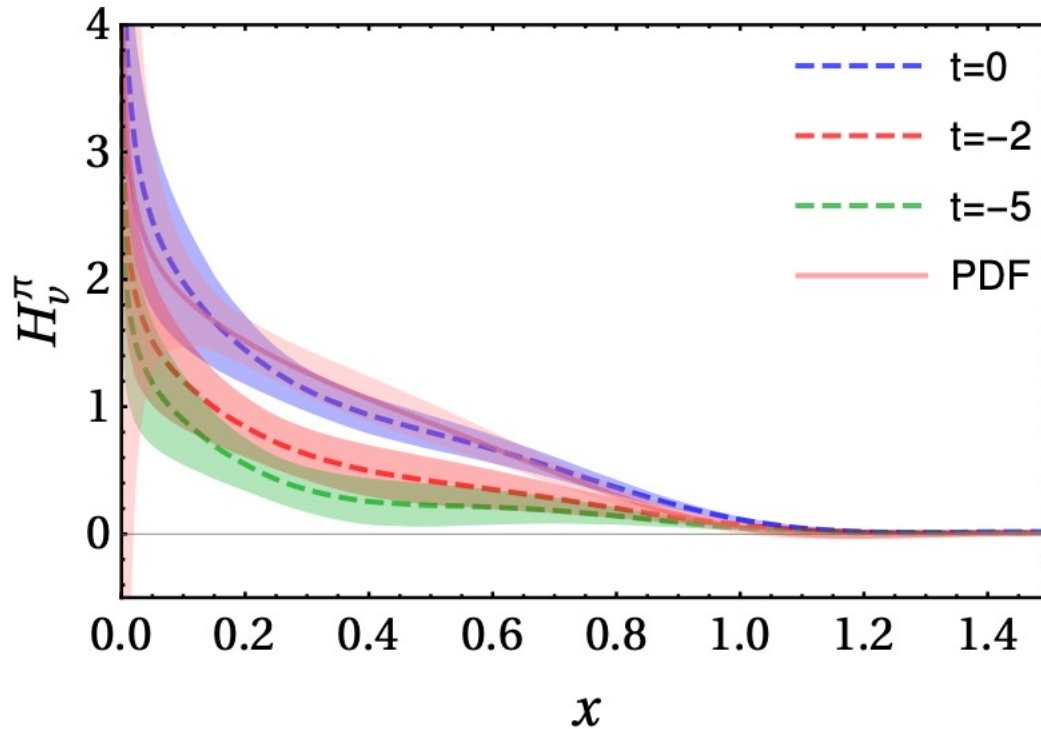
(1706.04428,1806.00808)

- **Criticism:** The twist-4 effect is  $\mathcal{O}(1/(aP_z)^2)$  from dimensional analysis instead of  $\mathcal{O}(\Lambda_{QCD}^2/P_z^2)$
- This can be avoided by renormalizing the quark bilinear operators non-perturbatively such that one can go to continuum limit where the lattice spacing dependence disappears.
- The matching formula should be between the renormalized quasi-PDF and PDF, not between bare quasi-PDF and PDF as in earlier versions.

# Advantages of RI/MOM

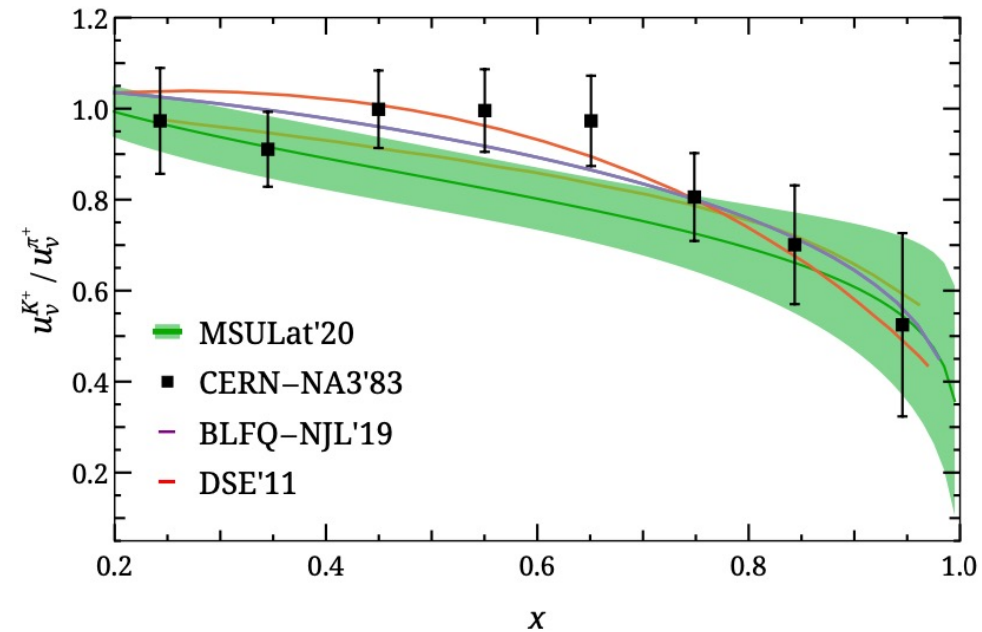
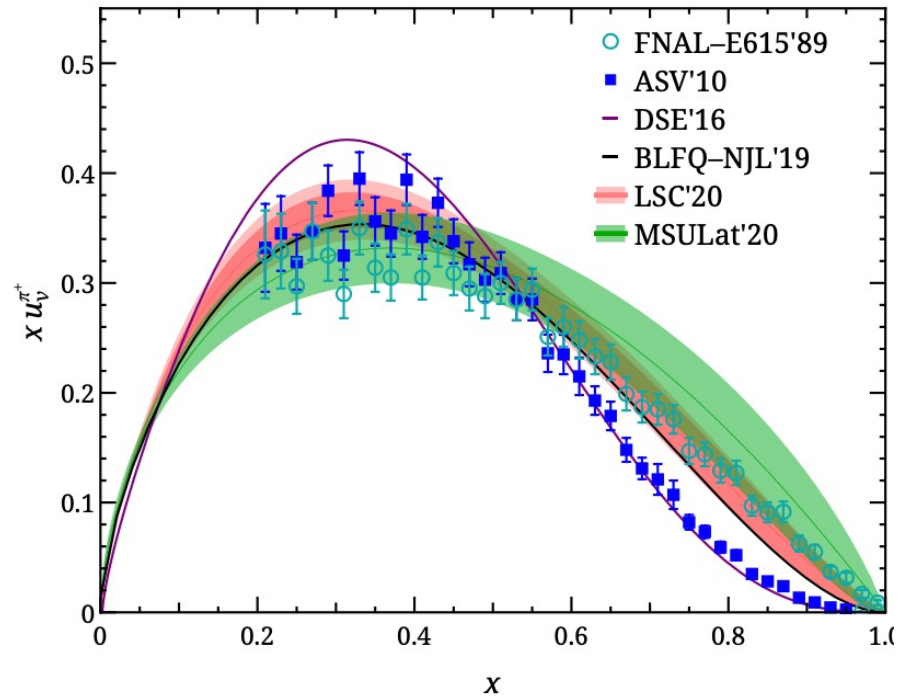
- RI/MOM: Quasi-PDF is renormalized non-perturbatively by performing an off-shell subtraction. Continuum limit can be taken afterwards to recover rotation symmetry, s.t.
- (1) power divergent mixing to lower moments removed
- (2) power divergent mixing with higher twist (same dim. different spin) also removed (Rossi and Testa problem)

# Generalized Parton Distributions



JWC, HW Lin, JH Zhang (1904.12376)

# Meson Valence Quark Distributions



HW Lin, JWC, Z Fan, JH Zhang, R Zhang (2003.14128)