VALENCE AND GLUON DISTRIBUTIONS FOR THE PION AND KAON

Parada HUTAURUK and Seung-Il NAM

Nuclear Hadron Theory Group (NuHaTh), Department of Physics, Pukyong National University (PKNU)

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INTRODUCTION AND MOTIVATION

2 Gluon content of proton

• Gluon content of proton and nuclear matter (NM)

3 Structure of pion

GLUONS AND VALENCE QUARKS CONTENT OF PION
 Gluons and valence quarks content for free pion and bound pion in NM

5 Gluons and valence quarks content of kaon

- Gluons and valence quarks content of free kaon and bound kaon in NM
- Ratios of valence quarks and gluon distributions for free pion and kaon and bound pion and kaon in NM

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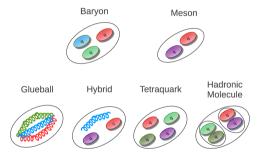
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INTERNAL STRUCTURE OF HADRON

In general, classification of hadron based on their quantum numbers ¹:

- Hadrons can be classified into two families:
 - Baryons, composed of an odd number of quarks (three quarks)
 - Mesons, composed an even number of quarks (two quark– one quark and one antiquark)
- Exotic hadrons, composed more than three quarks \rightarrow tetraquark state (exotic meson) i.e. Z(4430)⁻ [Belle collaboration, 2007 and its resonance by LHCb in 2014), pentaquark state (exotic baryons) i.e. P_c^+ (4380) and P_c^+ (4450) [LHCb collaboration in 2015]

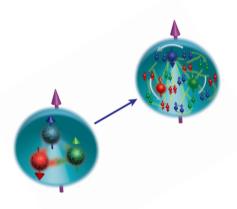


¹M.Gell-Mann, PL8 (1964), 214-215

Internal structure of baryon (History):

- 1980s we undertand that the proton structure made of [uud] quarks
- 1990s/2000s we understand that the proton structure [uud] with their spins + gluons + sea quarks
- Today, we know that proton consists of valence three quarks with their spins + gluons + sea quarks (quar-quark, quark-gluon and gluon-gluon collisions), which is more complex

The important question is how the valence quark, gluon and sea quark distribute in the baryon?



Structure of hadron based on gluons and valence quarks from lattice QCD

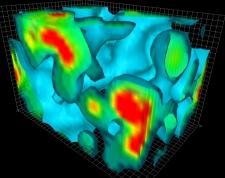
Visualizations of quantum chromodynamics (QCD) in the QCD vacuum ²:

- Quantum fluctuations of the QCD vacuum (supercomputer simulation of QCD on $24^3 \times 36$ space-time lattice)
- Figure shows the interactions between gluons and quarks in free (vacuum) hadron
- QCD vacuum induces chromo-electric and chromo-magnetic field via space-time in the lowest energy state, which is contrast with the empty vacuum concept
- Gluon fluctuates in the short distance and large distance

²Courtesy: Derek Leinweber, University of Adelaide

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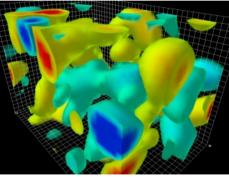


Structure of hadron based on gluons and valence quarks from lattice QCD

Visualizations of quantum chromodynamics (QCD) in the QCD vacuum :

- Removing the noisy fluctuation in the short distance, the smooth long distance structure of gluons are shown
- The red color represents the energy of the gluon field is strong
- The winding of gluons are also revealed where gluons can wind in positive (red to yellow) or negative (blue to green)

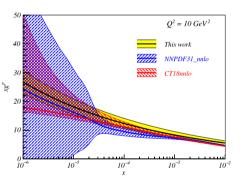
This simulation shows the complications of the gluon dynamics in the vacuum?



The gluon distribution in free proton from holography model and recent global analysis ³:

- The gluon distribution in free proton as a function of x at Q² = 10 GeV²
- Compared with the recent global analyses of NNPDF and CTEQ-TEA
- The error band of this result purely reflects the error bar of the HERA experimental data for the proton

Need more analyses for the gluon content of proton in particular at small -x and high -x



³Akira Watanabe, PLB**805**, 135470 (2020)

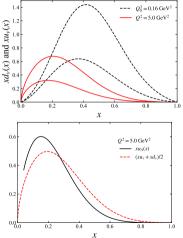
GLUON CONTENT OF THE PROTON AND NUCLEAR MATTER

The gluon structure of nuclei in the mean field model calculated by taking the structure of bound nucleon into account using the NJL model ⁴: \mathfrak{S}^{1}

• The spin-independent quark distribution in a free nucleon,

$$q(x) = -i \int \frac{d^4k}{(2\pi)^4} \delta\left(x - \frac{k^+}{p^+}\right) Tr[\gamma^+ M(p,k)]$$

- The spin-dependent distribution (Δg(x)) is defined by replacing γ⁺ → γ⁺γ₅
- Spin-independent valence quark distribution of free nucleon (upper) and spin-independent valence quark PDF in symmetric nuclear matter (SNM) (bottom)



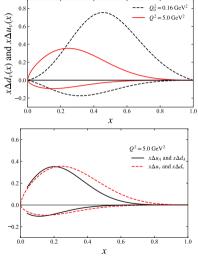
⁴Xuan-Gong Wang, *et. al.*, 2109.0359 (2021)

Gluon content of the proton in nuclear matter

The gluon structure of nuclei in the mean field model calculated by taking the structure of bound nucleon into account using the NJL model:

- Spin-dependent valence quark distribution in free nucleon (upper)
- Spin-dependent valence u and d quark PDF of single polarized proton in SNM

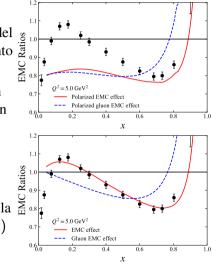
No data available for polarized EMC effect, therefore the gluonic of nucleon and nuclei can be accessed from the future experiment EIC and JLAB?



Gluon content of the proton in nuclear matter

The gluon structure of nuclei in the mean field model calculated by taking the structure of bound nucleon into account using the NJL model:

- The ratios of the unpolarized and polarized gluon distributions of nuclear matter to those free proton g_A(x)/g_p(x) and Δg_A(x)/Δg_p(x)
- In this calculation the proton and neutron gluon PDFs are equal (charge symmetry breaking (violation) do not take into account).
- Gluon EMC effect are calculated using the formula $R_G \simeq g_A(x)/g_p(x)$ and $\Delta R_G \simeq \Delta g_A(x)/\Delta g_p(x)$

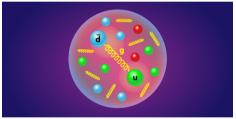


STRUCTURE OF PION BASED ON GLUONS AND VALENCE QUARKS

Internal structure of the pion, QCD Nambu Golstone Boson (chiral symmetry breaking)–EHM:

- Pion, the light meson, has very simple structure made up of a quark-antiquark pair
- Pion contains not only two valence quarks but also a virtual sea quarks that pop out and in of existence
- Pion has gluons carrying the string force that bind the quarks together
- Previous work found that the gluons contribute only 10 % of the pions momentum. However new data and global analysis found that gluon fraction contribute larger around 30 %,

We have limited data, therefore we need the results from the Electron-Ion Collider (EIC), COMPASS++/AMBER DY-CERN SPS and Electron-Ion Collider China (Eicc)

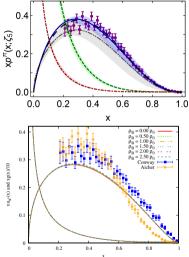


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GLUONS AND VALENCE QUARKS CONTENT OF THE PION

Internal structure of the pion from global analysis and models:

- Pion valence-quark momentum distribution function xu_{π} (x): LQCD result (dot-dot-dashed (gray)), early continuum analysis (long-dashed (black)), DSE calculation (solid line (blue)) ⁵, and experiment data from Conway (purple)
- Gluon distribution in the pion xg_π(x) (dashed line (green), and sea-quark distribution xS_π (x) (dot-dashed (red))
- Our result is comparable with GRS (Gluck–Reya–Schienbein) result ⁶

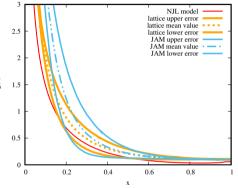


⁵M. Gluck, et. al., EPJC10, 313 (1999)

⁶Lei Chang, et. al., (2021)

Internal structure of the pion from global fit QCD analysis, lattice QCD and NJL model:

- Gluon distribution in the pion calculated in the NJL model without momentum dependent (Red) ⁷, JAM global fit QCD analysis without gluon resummation (Blue) ⁸, and Lattice QCD simulation (Orange) ⁹
- Our result on gluon distribution in the pion is in good agreement with the JAM analysis and LQCD



 ⁷ P.C. Barry, et. al., PRL121, 152001 (2018)

 8Z, Fan, and H.W.Lin, PLB823, 136778 (2021)

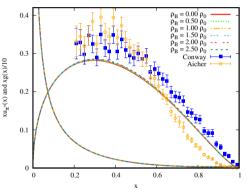
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 P.T.P.H and Seung-II Nam, in preparation (2021)
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Gluons and valence quarks content of free pion and bound pion in nuclear matter

Following the EMC effect in the nucleon, we observe the internal structure of the pion in free pion and nuclear matter in the NJL model:

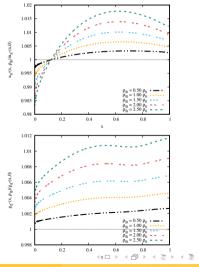
- Valence quark distribution of free pion and nuclear matter. These valence quark distributions are evolved using QCD evolution at Q² = 16 GeV².
- Gluon distribution of free pion and nuclear matter. Similar as the valence quark, the gluon distributions are evolved using QCD evolution at $Q^2 = 16 \text{ GeV}^2$



RATIOS OF VALENCE QUARKS AND GLUONS "EMC EFFECT-LIKE" OF FREE PION AND BOUND PION IN NUCLEAR MATTER

Internal structure of free pion and nuclear matter:

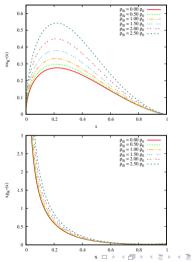
- Ratios for the valence quark distribution of free pion and bound pion in nuclear matter after evolving at $Q^2 = 16 \text{ GeV}^2$ (upper)
- Ratios for the gluon distribution of free pion and bound pion in nuclear matter after evolving at Q² = 16 GeV² (bottom)



Gluons and valence quarks content of free kaon and bound kaon in nuclear matter

Gluon and valence quark structure of free kaon and nuclear matter in the NJL model:

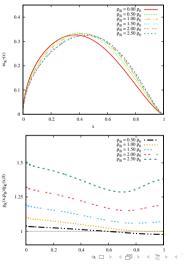
- Valence quark distribution of free kaon and bound kaon in nuclear matter (upper). As in pion, the valence quark distributions are evolved using QCD evolution at $Q^2 = 16 \text{ GeV}^2$.
- Gluon distribution of free kaon and bound kaon in nuclear matter (bottom). Similar as the valence quark, the gluon distributions are evolved using QCD evolution at $Q^2 = 16 \text{ GeV}^2$ for various nuclear density



Gluons and valence quarks content of free kaon and bound kaon in nuclear matter

Strange valence quark structure of free kaon and bound kaon in nuclear matter in the NJL model:

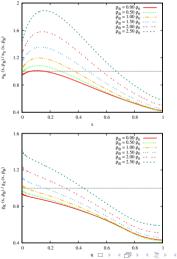
- Strange valence quark distribution of free kaon and bound kaon in nuclear matter (upper). As up quark in the kaon, the strange valence quark distributions are evolved using QCD evolution at $Q^2 = 16 \text{ GeV}^2$
- Ratios for the gluon distribution of free kaon and bound kaon in nuclear matter after evolving at Q² = 16 GeV² (bottom)



RATIOS OF VALENCE QUARKS AND GLUON DISTRIBUTIONS OF FREE PION AND KAON AND BOUND PION AND KAON IN NM

Valence quark and gluon structure of free pion and kaon and bound pion and kaon in nuclear matter using the NJL model-to understand the signal of EHM:

- Ratio of valence quark distribution of free pion and kaon and bound pion and kaon in NM evolved at Q² = 16 GeV² (upper)
- Ratio of gluon distribution of free pion and kaon and bound pion and kaon in NM evolved at $Q^2 = 16 \text{ GeV}^2$ (bottom)

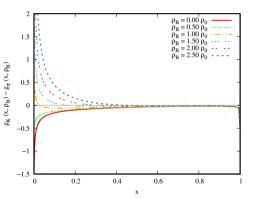


Gluons difference of free pion and kaon and bound pion and kaon in $N\!M$

Gluon content difference of free pion and kaon and bound pion and kaon in nuclear matter:

- The gluon content difference of free pion and kaon after evolved at $Q^2 = 16 \text{ GeV}^2$
- The gluon content difference of bound pion and kaon in nuclear matter after evolved at $Q^2 = 16$ GeV²

Limited data for free pion and kaon–results from the Electron-Ion Collider (EIC), COMPASS-CERN SPS and Electron-Ion Collider China (Eicc)



Summary and outlook

- The gluon content of free pion, kaon and proton as well as bound pion, kaon and proton in nuclear matter are studied
- The vaccum gluon and valence-quark distributions of the pion have a good agreement with the JAM global QCD analysis, lattice QCD simulation and experimental data
- The vacuum gluon distribution in the kaon is smaller than that in the pion. For the medium gluon distributions in the kaon is smaller that that in the pion up to saturation density.
- Momentum-and temperature-dependents parton distribution function and fragmentation function of the vector- and axial-vector mesons and their bound in NM are interesting and challenging to investigate- work in progress-stay tune! Also, very challenging to extend our calculation to nuclear parton distributions (PDFs), fragmentation function or generalized parton distributions (GPDs) of nuclei, which is also relevant to the heavy ion collisions (HIC)

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR ATTENTION !!

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