

'Stateless Geant4' prototype

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Introduction

- hardware trends push for **concurrency and vectorization**
 - HPC centers
 - GPUs
- general simulation code is probably the one most ‘unfriendly’ for vectorization
 - many branches
 - we don’t have 1000 particles undergoing the same process, but we have 1000 ‘if’ statements...
 - stochasticity
- experiments really **need faster (and more precise) simulation**
 - we need to try whatever we can to efficiently run on modern hardware
- attempts of vectorization like the GeantV prototype (<https://arxiv.org/abs/2005.00949>) gave an insight what realistically could or could not be achieved
 - can we apply the techniques that gave some speedups in Geant4?

GeantV lesson

- GeantV prototype showed that although the speedup of several factors cannot be achieved, **some processing stages could potentially gain from vectorization**
 - propagation in magnetic field
 - MSC
 - some physics models
- **can we get those speedups in Geant4** for a reasonable price?
 - getting any % without breaking (too much) the backward compatibility would be a success
- can we (do we need to) do anything to make exploitations of those different approaches easier (possible)?

Current status

- Geant4 propagates particles one-by-one (per thread)
- several Geant4 classes (managers, navigator, transportation, etc) hold the state related to the currently propagated particle
- default behavior is to propagate each particle from the first to the last step in one go
 - one can play with 'stacking actions' to 'postpone' particles, but this can be done only between steps
- Geant4 step contains several 'stages' (geometry, physics, transportation, magnetic field propagation) which currently can't be separated
 - this prevents any fine-grained parallelism

Goal of this R&D

- make Geant4 engine 'stateless'
 - attach all the 'state' to each track
- split Geant4 step in 'stages' that can be executed independently
- introduce containers, allowing to group particles for each of the stage
 - each 'stage' processes particles waiting and passes them on to the next stage
- 'stages' can run independently and in parallel
 - they 'consume' what is in their container and populate other containers
 - they could process the input from the container in vector-like manner

Disclaimer

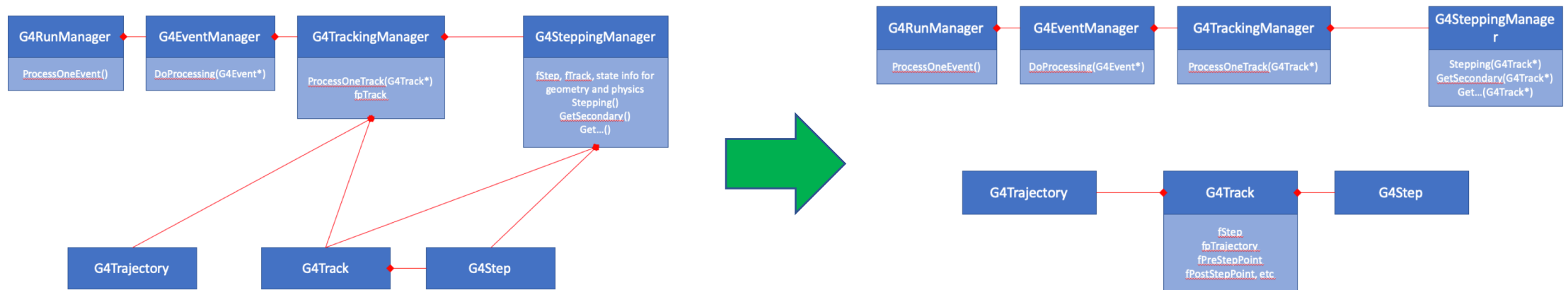
- no performance measurements
- no memory usage measurements
- no studies of saturating specific containers or blocking between stages
- no detailed physics validation (certainly several bugs overlooked)
- goals:
 - understand the code changes in Geant4 required to introduce such an architecture
 - demonstrate the feasibility by running a simple example

Code changes for 'statelessness'

- strategy
 - remove any members from the Geant4 classes (managers, navigators, etc) that hold the state of the track
 - either introduce them in G4Track directly
 - or introduce 'state' classes and add pointers to those from G4Track
 - change the signature of the relevant methods and add
 - either G4Track as argument
 - or one of the new 'state' classes as argument
- in summary: no caching of state and all relevant methods called with 'G4Track*' as argument

Managers

- pointers to track and step moved away from managers
 - methods of the managers called now with argument *Track
- moved any state information from managers to track
- all step- and physics-related members moved from stepping manager to track



Navigators

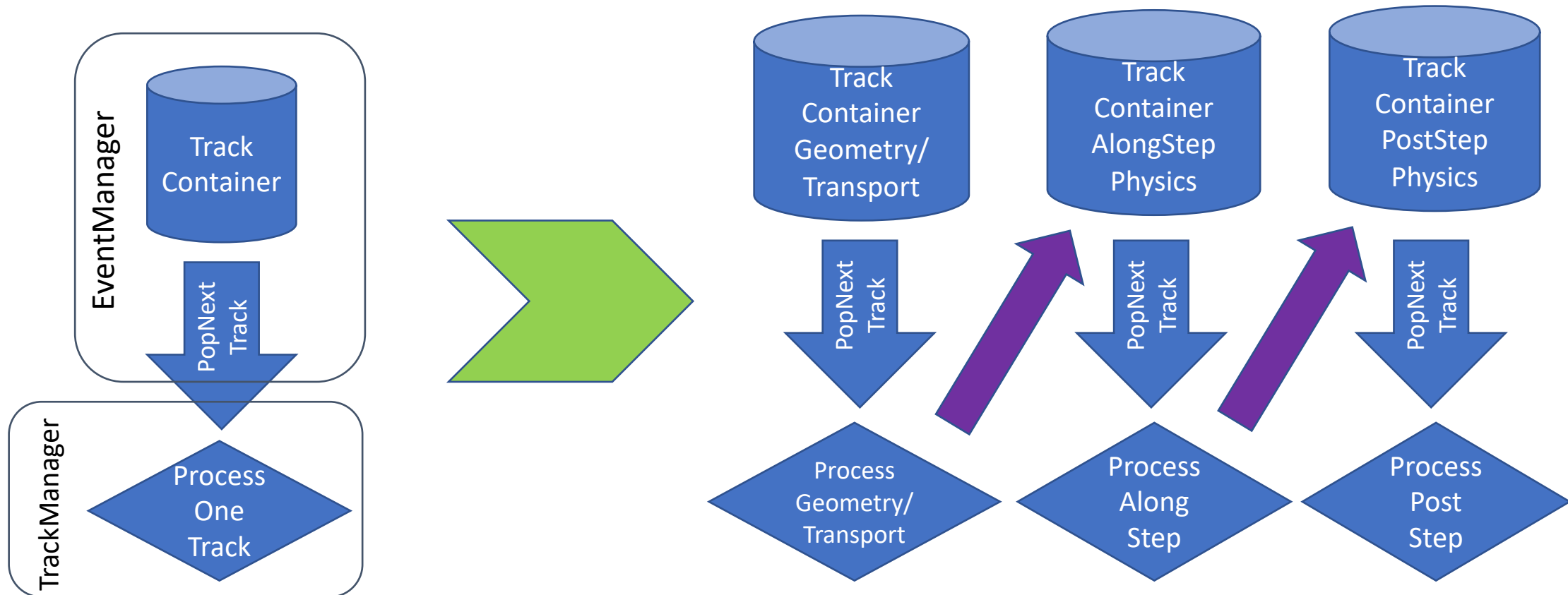
- Removing state from navigator (G4Navigator, G4VoxelNavigator, G4VoxelSafety)
 - Quite some caching and 'state memory' in different methods
- Problem: can't pass track as argument to navigator methods because of circular dependency
- Solution: introduced 'navigator state struct' (similar idea to G4FieldTrack)
 - Each track owns such an object
 - it gets passed it to navigator methods
- Added state as argument to Navigator methods
 - `G4double ComputeStep(...)` -> `G4double ComputeStep(G4NavigatorState *const state, ...)`

Processes

- similarly for Transportation and other processes
 - removed any 'state caching members' and introduced
 - G4TransportState.hh
 - G4ELossState.hh
 - etc
- all those 'state' objects are attached to G4Track

Breaking 'steps' into stages and introducing containers

- stepping split in stages (along step geometry, physics, post step, etc)
- Introduced containers of particles for each stage
- processing is finished when all containers are empty



Tests

- running exampleB2a for the purpose of test
 - no detailed validation, just making sure it compiles, doesn't crash and 'seems to run ok'
- able to run 1000s of events with steps split into stages and several particles transported in the same time

```
*****
* G4Track Information: Particle = e-, Track ID = 32, Parent ID = 24
*****
Step#  X(mm)  Y(mm)  Z(mm)  KinE(MeV)  dE(MeV)  StepLeng  TrackLeng  NextVolume  ProcName
0      -24    3.08  -2.41e+03  5.8        0         0         0         Target  initStep
1     -24.1  2.89  -2.41e+03  5.39       0.405    0.398    0.398    Target  msc
2     -24.4  2.81  -2.41e+03  5.02       0.367    0.357    0.755    Target  msc
3     -24.6  2.74  -2.41e+03  4.77       0.25     0.268    1.02     Target  msc
4     -24.5  2.6  -2.41e+03  4.37       0.399    0.222    1.24     Target  msc
5     -24.5  2.46  -2.41e+03  4.21       0.161    0.188    1.43     Target  msc
6     -24.6  2.27  -2.41e+03  3.97       0.245    0.24     1.67     Target  msc
7     -24.7  2.14  -2.41e+03  3.68       0.205    0.2     1.87     Target  msc
8     -24.9  2.17  -2.41e+03  3.51       0.174    0.183    2.05     Target  msc
9     -24.9  2.17  -2.41e+03  3.45       0.0615   0.0579   2.11     World  Transportation
10    -187    21    -2.45e+03  3.42       0.0274   169      172      World  eIoni
11    -272    26.6  -2.47e+03  3.4         0.0113   87.5     259      World  eIoni
12    -328    30.7  -2.48e+03  3.39       0.00837  57       316      World  eIoni
13    -441    36.1  -2.5e+03   3.37       0.018    115      431      World  eIoni
14    -647    38.2  -2.54e+03  3.33       0.0298   210      641      World  eIoni
15   -1.15e+03  44.7  -2.58e+03  3.25       0.0702   506     1.15e+03  World  eIoni
16   -1.20e+03  43.9  -2.57e+03  3.24       0.0177   126     1.27e+03  World  eIoni
17   -1.52e+03  35.1  -2.56e+03  3.2         0.0344   243     1.52e+03  World  eIoni
18   -1.6e+03  34.4  -2.56e+03  3.18       0.0109   83.9    1.6e+03   World  eIoni
19   -1.64e+03  31.9  -2.56e+03  3.17       0.00571  40.2    1.64e+03  World  eIoni
20   -1.75e+03  20.5  -2.56e+03  3.16       0.013    113     1.75e+03  World  eIoni
21   -2.42e+03  -4.97 -2.48e+03  3.07       0.0903   669     2.42e+03  World  eIoni
22   -2.52e+03  -10.9 -2.48e+03  3.05       0.0156   106     2.53e+03  World  eIoni
```

```
*****
* G4Track Information: Particle = e-, Track ID = 35, Parent ID = 2
*****
Step#  X(mm)  Y(mm)  Z(mm)  KinE(MeV)  dE(MeV)  StepLeng  TrackLeng  NextVolume  ProcName
0      0.0175  -0.112 -2.88e+03  0.00122    0         0         0         World  initStep
1      9.12   -6.04  -2.43e+03  2.08       0.00509  0.00513  0.00513  Target  eIoni TrackID: 25
2     -0.0292  0.0989 -2.45e+03  2.09       0.00321  0.00513  0.00524  Target  eIoni TrackID: 33
2     -118    -83.1  -2.94e+03  1.04       0         510      515      OutOfWorld Transportation TrackID: 25
2      9.17   -5.99  -2.43e+03  1.19       0.895    0.62     0.625    Target  eIoni TrackID: 25
3      0.0033  0.0823 -2.45e+03  0         0.00122  0.0761   0.0814   Target  eBrem TrackID: 33
1    -0.000203 -0.131 -2.88e+03  0.00188  0.000275  0.0335   0.0335   World  eIoni TrackID: 35
1      66.4    5.9   -2.65e+03  0.00174  0.000413  0.0335   0.0335   World  eIoni TrackID: 36
3      9.15   -5.92  -2.43e+03  0         1.19     0.895    1.52     Target  eIoni TrackID: 25
2     -0.0104  -0.17  -2.88e+03  0         0.00174  0.13     0.164    World  eIoni TrackID: 35
2      66.4    5.96  -2.65e+03  0         0.091    0.0236   0.0571   World  eIoni TrackID: 36
1      9.34    -7     -2.43e+03  0         0.091    0.0236   0.0236   Target  eIoni TrackID: 26
1      10     -7.07  -2.43e+03  0         0.137    0.0454   0.0454   Target  eIoni TrackID: 27
1      1.44    3.45  -2.79e+03  0.0222  0.00315  4.49     4.49     World  eIoni TrackID: 3
1      5.04    9.31  -2.64e+03  0         0.00289  0.242    0.242    World  eIoni TrackID: 4
1      0.229   0.227  -2.63e+03  0.00138  0.000712  0.169    0.169    World  eIoni TrackID: 5
1      0.328   0.238  -2.63e+03  0.0222  0         0.165    0.165    World  eIoni TrackID: 6
2      1.53    5.57  -2.79e+03  23.3     1.75     1.32     5.81     World  eIoni TrackID: 3
1      0.267   0.371  -2.45e+03  23.3     2.92     1.32     1.32     Target  eBrem TrackID: 8
2      0.239   0.193  -2.63e+03  0.0222  5.17e-05  0.0357   0.204    World  eIoni TrackID: 5
2      2.53    -1.73  -2.63e+03  23.3     0.000536  3.01     3.18     World  eIoni TrackID: 6
3      3.00    1.63e+03 -2.67e+03  0         23.3    1.66e+03  1.67e+03  World  eBrem TrackID: 12
2      0.267   0.371  -2.45e+03  23.3     0         1.32     1.32     Target  eIoni TrackID: 8
```

each line gets printed when one of the particles, completes it's 'travel' through all the containers

Repository

- fork of the geant4-dev
 - <https://gitlab.cern.ch/agheata/geant4-dev>
- developments on top of geant4-dev master

The screenshot shows the GitLab interface for a repository named 'geant4-dev' by user 'Andrei Gheata'. The repository is a fork of 'geant4 / geant4-dev'. It has 69,709 commits, 8 branches, 119 tags, and 337.3 MB of files. The description is 'Geant4 toolkit for the simulation of the passage of particles through matter - Development Repository'. The current branch is 'master'. A recent commit by Witold Pokorski is shown: 'Merge branch 'temp' into 'master'' from 1 month ago. Below the commit are buttons for README, LICENSE, CONTRIBUTING, Add CHANGELOG, and Set up CI/CD. A table lists the repository's files and their last commit details.

Name	Last commit	Last update
.github	Add source/parameterisations to Code Owners	9 months ago
.gitlab	Add source/parameterisations to Code Owners	9 months ago
GitUtilities	Fixup issues in git/clang-format hooks MR !138 had a few iss...	9 months ago
ReleaseNotes	relnotes-ref-01: added notes...	1 month ago
cmake	Switch to G4EMLOW 7.9.1	2 months ago

Conclusions

- making Geant4 engine 'stateless' and splitting the step into stages requires substantial, but feasible changes
 - backwards compatibility could be, to a very large extent, preserved
 - only more advanced users' code might need modifications
- we could start from introducing changes in G4Navigator, which were anyway planned
 - 'Separate safety computation and state from navigator' – on Geometry Work Plan for 2020
- once the G4Navigator is stateless, we could re-evaluate other required changes and try to perform some performance comparisons
 - smooth path to architecture modification allowing to further experiment with vectorization and parallelism
 - it would add quite some flexibility for further potential improvements related to track/step-level parallelism