



NR Simulations of NS Mergers: Status and Future

www.computational-relativity.org

arXiv:2002.03863

David Radice — August 21, 2020



Neutron Star Merger Simulations

- Gravity. Full numerical relativity simulations available in the last ~20 years.
- Dense matter. Finite temperature and out of beta-equilibrium EOS in simulations in the last ~10 years.
- Neutrino transport. GR simulations with approximate neutrinos: ~5 years ago.
- Magnetic fields. GRMHD merger simulations ~10 years ago.



No simulation includes everything!

WhiskyTHC

http://personal.psu.edu/~dur566/whiskythc.html



- Full-GR, dynamical spacetime*
- Nuclear EOS
- M0 neutrino treatment
- High-order hydrodynamics
- Open source!



* using the Einstein Toolkit metric solvers

THC: Templated Hydrodynamics Code

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Neutron rich outflows



Compact object + disk

Neutron star merger evolution



Early postmerger evolution



Prompt BH formation: $q \simeq 1$



From Hotokezaka+ 2011

From Bauswein+ 2013

See also Bauswein+ 2017, Köppel+ 2019, Agathos+ 2019, Bernuzzi+ 2020

Dynamical mass ejection



See also Bausswein+ 2013, Hotokezaka+ 2013, Wanajo+ 2014, Sekiguchi+ 2015, 2016, Foucart+ 2016, Lehner+ 2016, Dietrich+ 2016, **DR**+ 2018, ...

DR, Galeazzi+ MRAS 460:3255 (2016)

Disk formation I

q = 1.8



q = 1.0













Bernuzzi, ..., **DR**+, MNRAS 497:1488 (2020)

Disk formation II



Bernuzzi, ..., **DR**+, MNRAS 497:1488 (2020)

Disk masses



See also Krüger+ 2020; Salafia+ 2020; ...

DR, Perego+ ApJL 852:L29 (2018); **DR** & Dai, Eur. Phys. J. A 55: 50 (2019)

Equation of state constraints



DR, Perego+ ApJL 852:L29 (2018);DR & Dai, Eur. Phys. J. A 55: 50 (2019)

Equation of state constraints



Equation of state constraints



PDF

DR & Dai, Eur. Phys. J. A 55: 50 (2019)





Postmerger GW signal



- Post-merger signal has a characteristic peak frequency
- fpeak correlates with the NS radius and tidal deformability
- Small statistical uncertainty, systematics not understood yet

See also Takami+ 2014; Rezzolla & Takami 2016; Dietrich+ 2016; Bose+ 2017; ...

High density EOS (I)



See also Bauswein+ 2011, 2013; 2015, Read+ 2013; Hotokezaka+ 2013, Takami+ 2014, Bernuzzi+ 2015; Clark+ 2014, 2016; Bose+ 2017; Chatziioannou 2017; Most+ 2019; Bausswein+ 2019...

DR, Bernuzzi, Del Pozzo+, ApJL 842:L10 (2017)

 $t - t_{\rm mrg} \,[{\rm ms}]$

High density EOS (II)



High-density EOS encoded in the binding energy

DR, Bernuzzi, Del Pozzo+, ApJL 842:L10 (2017)

Long-term evolution



Neutrino physics



See also: Dessart+ 2008, Perego+ 2014, Just+ 2015, Metzger+ 2014, Foucart+ 2016, Siegel & Metzger 2018, Foucart+ 2020, ...

From Miller+ 2019

0.30

 $Y_{e|_{5GK}}$

0.35

0.40

0.45

0.25

0.20

MHD turbulence Siegel & Metzger 2018 1e1<u>4</u> 1.0 0.8 60 0.6 40 0.4 20 0.2 0.2 0.0 -0.2 $z \, [\rm km]$ 0.0 0 -20 -0.4-40-0.6 -60-0.8150 200 250 300 350 50100 0 -1.0 $t \, [ms]$ Kiuchi+ 2014 See also t=38.8ms Price & Rosswog 2006;

Andreson+ 2008; Etienne+ 2011; Endrizzi+ 2014; Giacomazzo+ 2015; Ruiz+ 2016; Palenzuela+ 2016; Fernandez+ 2018; Ciolfi+ 2019; ...



Mösta, **DR**+ 2020

Merger outcome



From Nedora, Bernuzzi, **DR**+, arXiv:2008.04333

Conclusions

- Inspiral and early postmerger are better understood, but there is still a vast parameter space volume to explore.
- We can already do multimessenger astrophysics!
- The physics becomes increasingly complex on longer timescales in the postmerger. Higher resolution, longer, and more sophisticated simulations are needed.