

Beam test of 2S module prototypes for the Phase-2 CMS Outer Tracker

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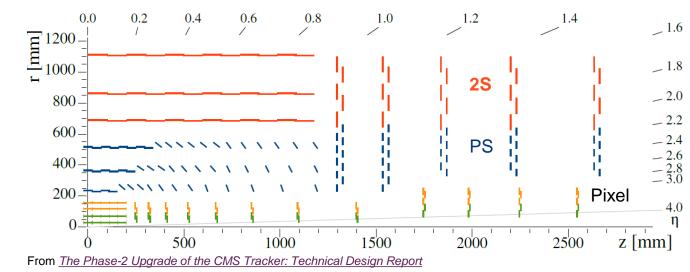
GEFÖRDERT VOM







Introduction

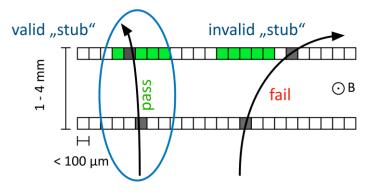


Phase-2 tracker upgrade

- HL-LHC upgrade: peak luminosities of $5 \times 10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$
- Replacement of entire tracker (radiation damage, more pileup)
- Tracker information for L1 trigger

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Design of PS and 2S modules driven by track trigger concept
 → two stacked sensor layers for p_T information





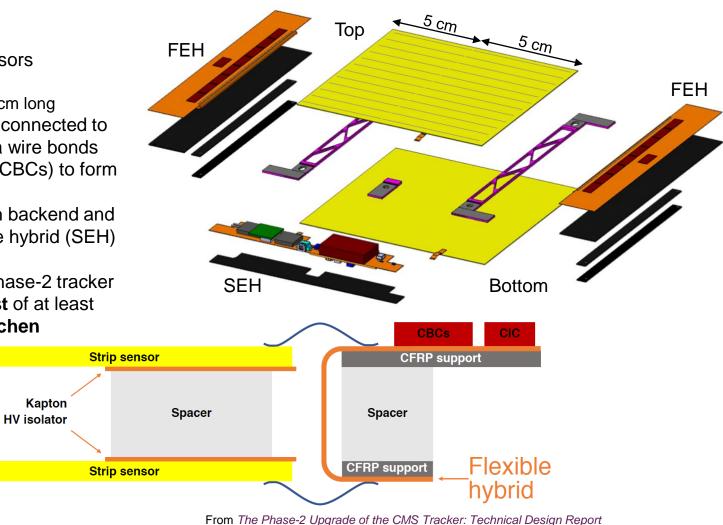


Introduction

2S module

- 2 coplanar strip sensors
- 2x1016 strips each
 - 90 µm pitch, 2x5 cm long
- Sensors electrically connected to front end hybrids via wire bonds
- CMS Binary Chips (CBCs) to form stubs
- Communication with backend and powering via service hybrid (SEH)
- 7,680 modules in Phase-2 tracker
- Production and test of at least 1,000 of them in Aachen

1.8 / 4.0 mm



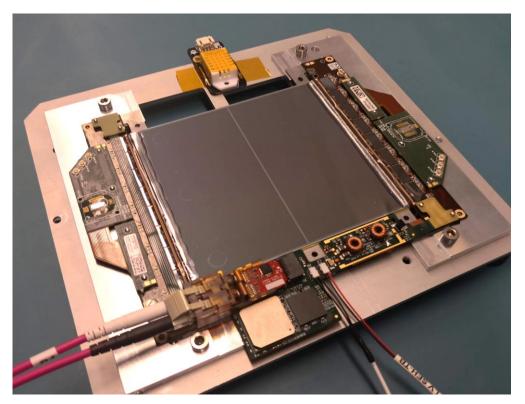




Beam test

- Beam test in November / December 2019
- Goal:
 - Test newest generation of 2S module
 - Test functionality of CIC chips
 - Test functionality of SEH in module readout: optical readout and powering
 - Test readout of more than one module synchronously:
 - 1 module from KIT
 - 1 module from Brown University
 - 2 modules from RWTH Aachen
- Test at beam test facility DESY II with DATURA telescope (test beam line 21)
- Contribution from: CERN, Antwerp, Brussels, Karlsruhe, Aachen, DESY, Demokritos, Lyon, Brown



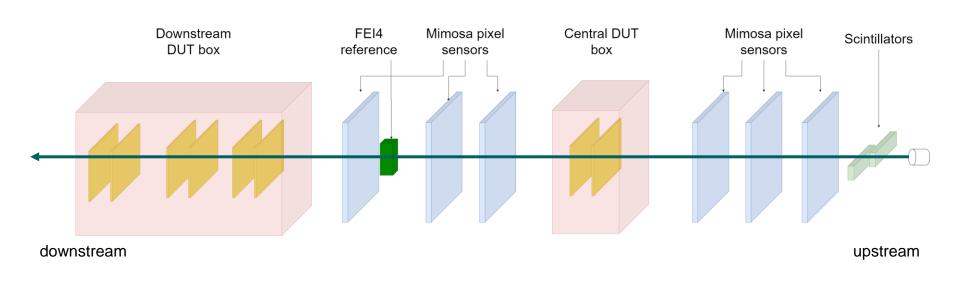








Beam test telescope

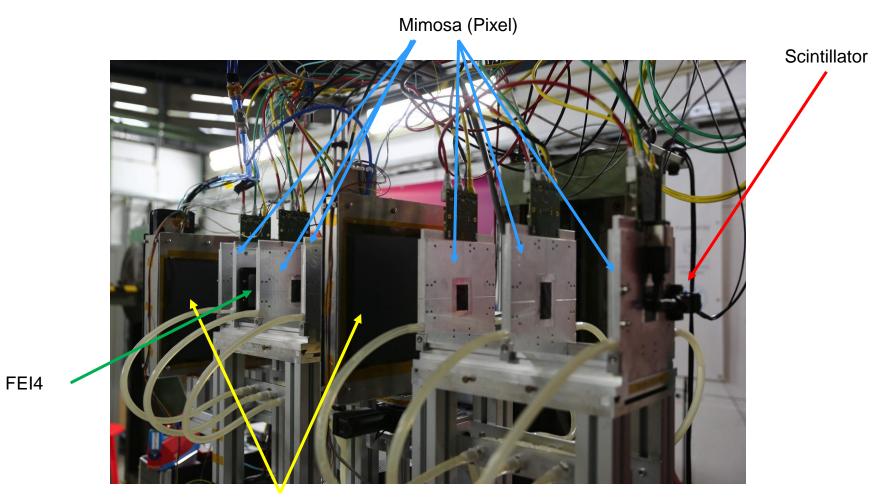


- Running with 4 GeV electron beam
- Used crossed scintillator pair on upstream end of telescope as trigger
- Mimosa pixel modules used for track reconstruction (576 x 1152 pixels, 18.5 µm pitch)
- Used FEI4 pixel module as time reference detector (80 x 336 pixel matrix, 50 x 250 μm pixel size)
- Central DUT box mounted on xy stage with rotation
- Downstream DUT box houses three DUT modules, fixed position





Beam test telescope



DUTs







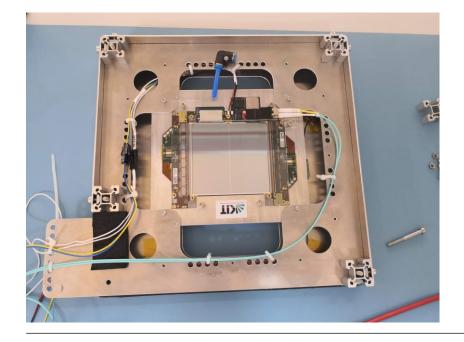


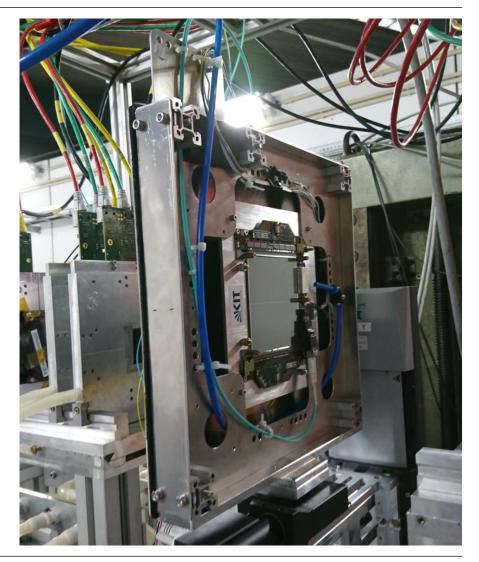
Beam test telescope

- Boxes designed and manufactured at DESY
- Light tight aluminum case
- Fixation plate with many drill holes for
 - Fixation of 2S module on carrier
 - Guidance of LV and HV power
 - Guidance of optical fibre
 - Guidance of dry air tube

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Mounting socket for fixation on rotation stage









Telescope alignment and detector resolution

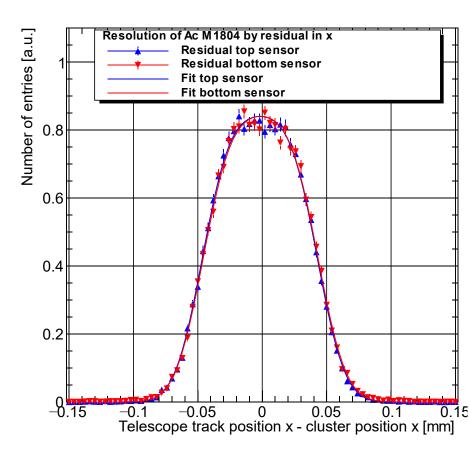
- Used EUTelescope for data conversion and telescope alignment
- Residual centered around 0
- Binary readout and strip pitch of 90 μm
- Expect residual distribution to have shape of rectangle function convolved with Gauss distribution for telescope track uncertainties

$$P_{res}(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\Theta\left(t + \frac{w}{2}\right) - \Theta\left(t - \frac{w}{2}\right) \right] \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{(t-x)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) dt$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\exp\left(\frac{x + \frac{w}{2}}{\sqrt{2\sigma^2}}\right) - \exp\left(\frac{x - \frac{w}{2}}{\sqrt{2\sigma^2}}\right) \right]$$

• Fit parameters:

Parameter	Тор	Bottom
W	89.2 ± 0.6 µm	89.0 ± 0.6 µm
σ	16.9 ± 0.3 μm	17.3 ± 0.3 μm

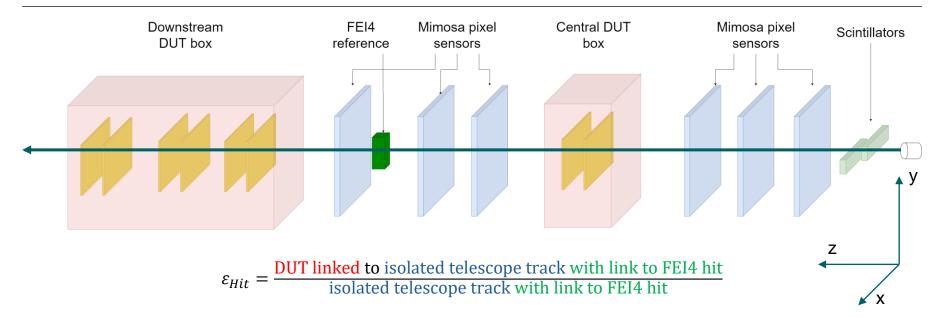
• Total RMS of residual: 31.5 μm







Efficiency definition



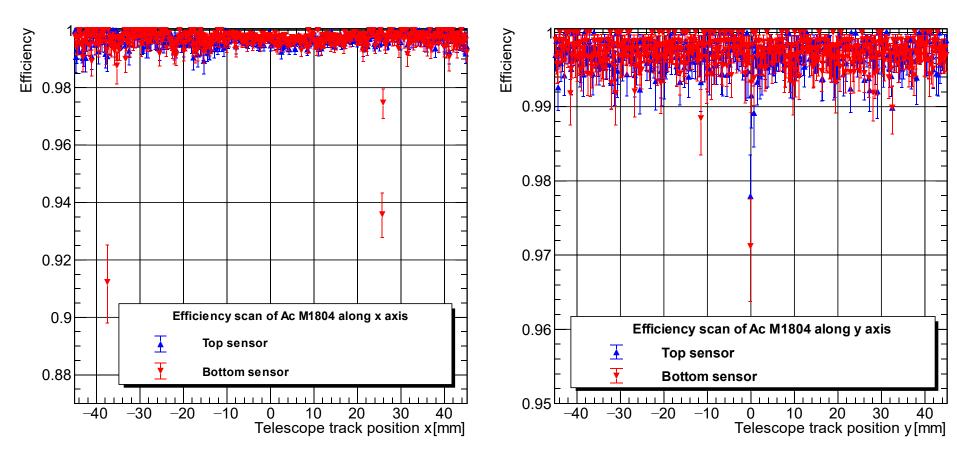
- + FEI4 link: cut 200 μm in x and 80 μm in y
- Isolation: no other telescope track within 600 µm at FEI4
- DUT link: 200 µm cut in x (perpendicular to strip direction)
- Stub efficiency:
 - Cut on events passing hit efficiency criteria
 - Comparing number of online stubs from CBC to number of offline stubs reconstructed from clusters

$$\varepsilon_{Stub} = \frac{N_{CBC \ stubs}}{N_{reco \ stubs}}$$





Uniformity of efficiency



- Moved module along x axis (perpendicular to strips) and y axis (along strips) to check uniformity of efficiency
- Efficiency well above 99 %
- Two unconnected channels on bottom sensor, efficiency drop in center (y = 0 mm) by $\sim 2\%$





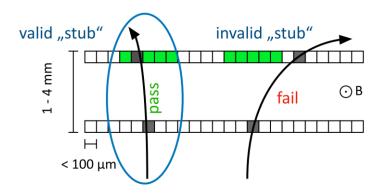


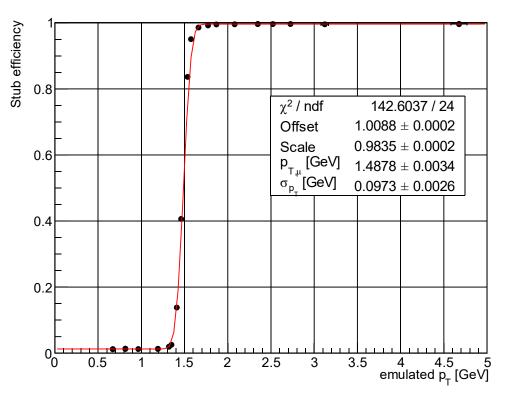
Angle scan

- Rotate 2S module around strip axis to mimic particles of different p_T in magnetic field
- Transformation to p_T :
 - $p_T[GeV] = 0.57 \cdot \frac{R_{module}[m]}{\sin(\theta)}$ for magnetic field of 3.8 T
 - Transformation with $R_{module} = 0.715 m$ (approximately first barrel layer)
- Fitted error-function:

$$- \varepsilon_{stub} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left[\text{Offset} + \text{Scale} \cdot \text{erf}\left(\frac{x - p_{T\mu}}{\sigma_{p_T}}\right) \right]$$

- Turn-on at about 1.5 GeV
- In good agreement with expectation from stub window setup of ± 5 strips

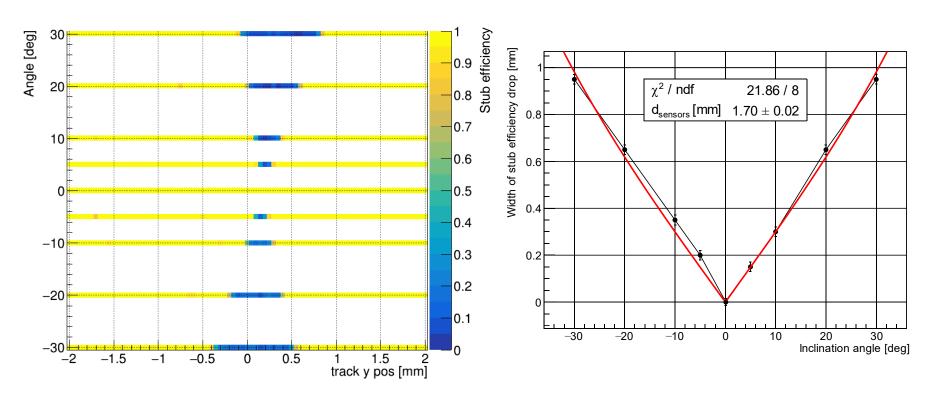








Angle scan



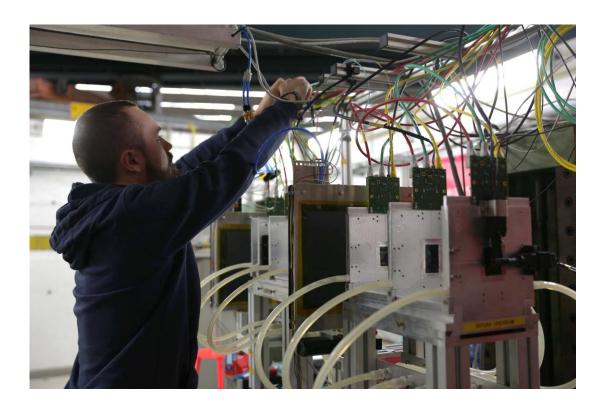
- Angle scan with rotation around mid sensor axis (around x axis)
- Stubs formed in CBC on either side of the module
 → possible efficiency loss in center of module if cluster on right / left side on top sensor and left / right side on bottom sensor
- Expect inefficiency drop to become larger for higher inclination angles
- Model: $W = d_{sensors} \cdot |\tan(\theta)|$, $d_{sensors}$ is distance between both sensors
- Width of inefficiency region (cut at conservatively picked 85% stub efficiency) fits naïve geometric expectation





- Built 2S prototype module and tested performance at DESY beam test facility with DATURA telescope
- Module efficiency well above 99%, gap in center slightly less efficient
- · Stub mechanism proved to work fine
- Stub efficiency drops in center for increasing inclination angles
- Paper in preparation

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The measurements leading to these results have been performed at the Test Beam Facility at DESY Hamburg (Germany), a member of the Helmholtz Association (HGF).



