Hands-On: The Allpix Squared Silicon Detector Simulation Framework

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Scope of this Tutorial



- This tutorial will go step-by-step through setting up and running a simulation with Allpix Squared
- The main focus of the tutorial is the usage of Allpix Squared
 - Defining simple to more complicated simulation flows
 - Looking at what modules are doing and how to look at the output
- The latter part will move towards developing your own modules to provide custom output/functionality

Modality of this Tutorial



- The slides will contain all commands typed on the terminal/show all changes to configuration files
- Following along with your computer is **strongly encouraged!**
- Your options to do so:
 - We provide a Virtual Machine with an Allpix Squared installation
 - It's possible to follow on Ixplus / NAF via a CVMFS installation
 - You can also follow with a local installation, but we do not want to start debugging local Geant4/ROOT6 installations during this session

Installation & Sources

VirtualBox



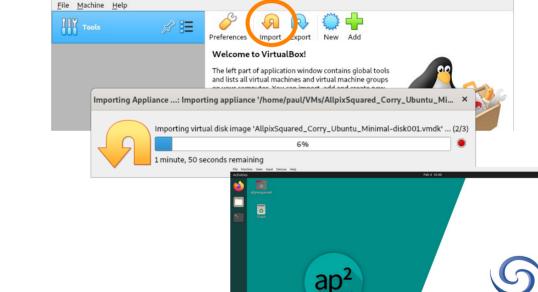
- For the BTTB tutorials on *Corryvreckan* and *Allpix Squared* we created a Virtual Box
- Virtualisation software: Virtualises a physical machine and lets you run a PC on a PC
- Example:
 - Run a Linux machine as an application within your Windows PC
 - Host allocates configurable amount of memory/CPU/disk space to virtual machine
 - VirtualBox:
 - Free of charge
 - Plenty of useful features

VirtualBox

• Install VirtualBox (via package manager or https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads)

- Import the downloaded virtual machine
 - Default options are typically fine – adjust if necessary

 Go! (double click on the new virtual box)



Oracle VM VirtualBox Manager



Corryvreckan



CVMFS – CernVM File System

- Central installation of software for CentOS7
- On any machine with CVMFS, simply *source* corresponding script and use the SW
- Many packages available: ROOT, Geant4, LCIO, Delphes, FastJet, ...

... Allpix Squared



CVMFS – CernVM File System

- Using project space of CLICdp at /cvmfs/clicdp.cern.ch/software/allpix-squared/
- All versions since v1.1 available
 - Nightly build of master in "latest"
- Each version built for SLC6 and CentOS7:
 - /1.6.1/x86_64-centos7-gcc10-opt/
 - /1.6.1/x86_64-slc6-gcc8-opt/

drwxrwxr-x								
drwxrwxr-x								
drwxrwxr-x								
drwxrwxr-x								
drwxrwxr-x								
drwxrwxr-x								
drwxrwxr-x							2019	
drwxrwxr-x		cvmfs	cvmfs		13.	Sep	2019	
drwxrwxr-x		cvmfs	cvmfs		26.		2019	
drwxrwxr-x		cvmfs	cvmfs		13.	Jan	2020	
drwxrwxr-x		cvmfs	cvmfs		10.	Mär	2020	
drwxr-xr-x		cvmfs	cvmfs	65	14.	Apr	2020	
drwxr-xr-x		cvmfs	cvmfs	65	24.	Jul	2020	
drwxr-xr-x		cvmfs	cvmfs	65	14.	Sep	10:45	
drwxr-xr-x		cvmfs	cvmfs	66	29.	0kt	15:06	
drwxr-xr-x	4	cvmfs	cvmfs	66	28.	Jan	19:00	
drwxr-xr-x	4	cvmfs	cvmfs	66	1.	Feb	05:42	latest
/cvmfs/cli	cdp	cern.	.ch/sot	ftwa	are/a	allpi	ix-squa	ared%

• Load all dependencies, C++ libraries & set up \$PATH using setup.sh file:

\$ source /cvmfs/clicdp.cern.ch/software/allpix-squared/1.6.1/x86_64-centos7-gcc10-opt/setup.sh \$ allpix --version Allpix Squared version v1.6.1 built on 2021-01-28, 17:30:48 UTC

Compiling from Source I



- Satisfy **dependencies** first!
- Hard dependency:
 - ROOT6 objects, object history, storing/reading from/to files
- Soft dependencies:
 - Geant4 particle interaction with matter & tracking (charge deposition)
 - Eigen library for fast algebra, used by some modules (*charge propagation*)

• With access to CVMFS (as on LXPLUS / NAF), all is ready, simply do ...

\$ source etc/scripts/setup_lxplus.sh

Compiling from Source II



- Get the code!
- A reminder: all resources are linked to from the project page: https://cern.ch/allpix-squared/
- First of all, check out the Allpix-squared repository into a local directory "allpixsquared"
- Move to this directory, and source the setup script for lxplus

\$ git clone https://gitlab.cern.ch/allpix-squared/allpix-squared.git allpix-squared \$ cd allpix-squared

Compiling from Source III

- We use **CMake** to configure the build
 - Cross-platform, same scripts on Linux & Mac OS
 - Weird-to-write but fairly easy to use/run
- Prefer out-of-source builds: make new folder to compile in

\$ cmake /path/to/allpix-squared/

Options can be set using "-D...=..." e.g.

\$ cmake -DBUILD_VisualizationGeant4=OFF /path/to/allpix-squared/

• Graphical/ncurses tools can aid in configuration, try:

ccnake /path/to/allpix-squared/





Compiling from Source IV

• Now we can **build** it!

\$ make -j16 \$ make install

- Grab an espresso (but hurry up!)
- Run simulations!

A Note on Visualisation

- We currently use the Qt visualization viewer by Geant4
- Requires the Geant4 version used to be built with options

\$ cmake -DGEANT4_USE_QT=ON
 -DGEANT4_USE_OPENGL_X11=ON

enabled

- Unfortunately currently not available on CVMFS installation of Geant4
 - Working on resolving this issue





Knock, knock – Who's there?

CMakeLists.txt	Instructions for cmake to prepare Allpix Squared compilation
CONTRIBUTING.md	A guide to developers for contributing code
LICENSE.md	The Allpix Squared licence (open source, MIT)
README.md	Instructions for getting started, installation locations, authors
3rdparty/	Included & required 3 rd party software
cmake/	Macros for cmake, formatting tools to make code style consistent
doc/	Documentation including user manual (alternatively see website)
etc/	Selection of things like scripts for making new modules (see later), unit tests, etc
examples/	Documented examples, useful for setting up new simulations
models/	Detector models which can be included in geometry
src/	The main directory for c++ code, including the core software and all modules
tools/	External tools, for example to convert TCAD output, bundled with the framework

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Simulation Modules



~/software/allpix-squared/src/modules \$ ls								
	DepositionPointCharge							
CMakeLists.txt	DepositionReader	InducedTransfer	ROOTObjectWriter					
CorryvreckanWriter	DetectorHistogrammer	LCI0Writer	SimpleTransfer					
CSADigitizer	Dummy	MagneticFieldReader	TextWriter					
DatabaseWriter	ElectricFieldReader	ProjectionPropagation	TransientPropagation					
DefaultDigitizer	GDMLOutputWriter	PulseTransfer	VisualizationGeant4					
DepositionGeant4	GenericPropagation	RCEWriter	WeightingPotentialReader					

- Most important for today:
 - GeometryBuilderGeant4 Builds the geometry for Geant4 from configuration
 - DepositionGeant4 Uses Geant4 for particle propagation and energy deposition
 - GenericPropagation Propagates charge carriers through the sensor volume
 - DefaultDigitizer Describes the digitization in front end electronics
 - DetectorHistogrammer Creates useful histogramms for detector charecterisation

Getting Started

Your first Simulation – The Configuration

- Let's create a new configuration file: tutorial-simulation.conf
 - Hint: I usually create a new directory for a new simulation, either outside the source directory or in *conf/*
- Syntax:
 - [Section] This can be global parameters ([Allpix]) or a *module*
 - key = value Key-value pairs that belong to the last mentioned section
 - Many different types can be input via the config files strings, integers, doubles, vectors/arrays, etc
- Global parameters are always required 1
 - Number of events

1 [Allpix]
2 number_of_events = 1000
3 detectors_file = "tutorial-geometry.conf"

• Geometry file



Your first Simulation – The Geometry

- The second required file is a geometry description
- Let's create tutorial-geometry.conf
- The geometry configuration file determines which detector is used
 - Each detector is given a unique name (*detector1* here) and placed in the global coordinate system at a certain position with a given rotation
- Looking in the models folder the list of currently known detectors can be seen
 - A new detector model can be built, or an existing detector used
 - For this example, we will pick the **timepix** model

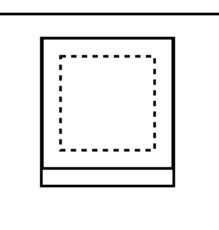
1 [detector1]
2 type = "timepix"
3 position = 0mm 0mm 0mm
4 orientation = 0 0 0

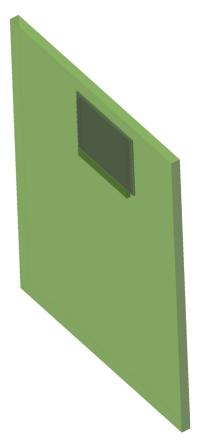
~/software/allpix-squared/models \$ ls alpide.conf alpide excess.conf alpide no support.conf alpide_no_support_rot.conf clicpix2.conf clicpix.conf CMakeLists.txt cmspl.conf diode.conf fei3.conf ibl planar.conf medipix3.conf mimosa23.conf mimosa26.conf mimosa26 no support.conf cest.conf timepix.conf _/software/ztlpix-squared/models \$

The Model: timepix.conf

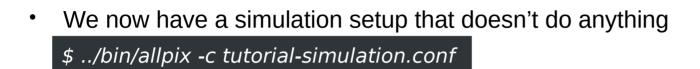








Adding Physics



- We can now start to add algorithms, or *modules*
 - Simply done by including a **[section]** in the main configuration file
 - Parameters for each algorithm are added within the corresponding section block

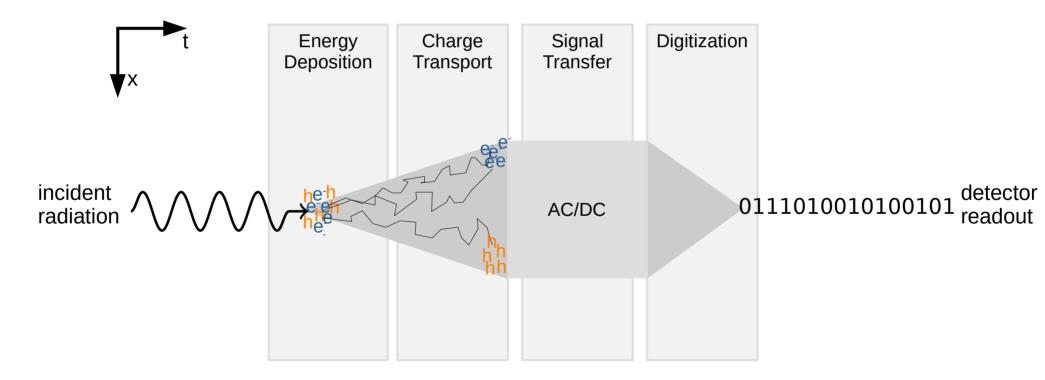




Adding Physics

allpix squared

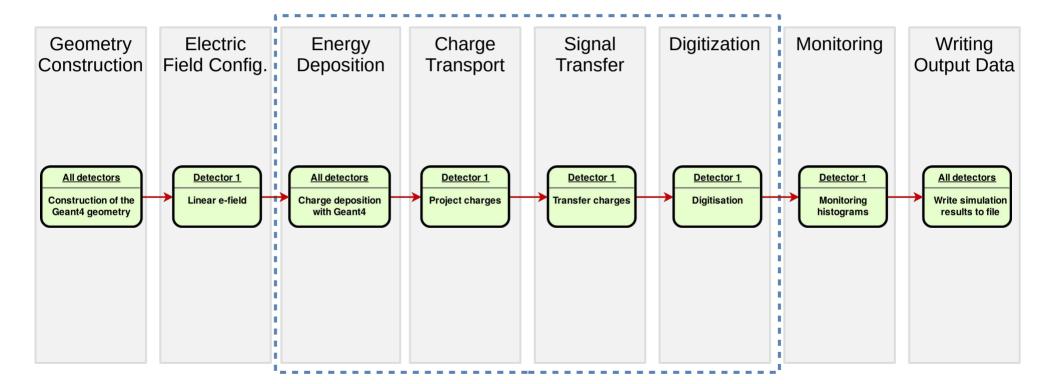
• Most simulations involve the same concepts ...





Adding Physics

• Allpix Squared: one *module* for each *task*



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Your second Simulation

• Edit the **tutorial-simulation.conf** to include further modules

• This won't run yet as not all parameters have default values ...

```
[Allpix]
   number of events = 1000
   detectors file = "tutorial-geometry.conf"
   [GeometryBuilderGeant4]
 5
 6
   [DepositionGeant4]
   [ElectricFieldReader]
 9
10
   [ProjectionPropagation]
12
   [SimpleTransfer]
13
14
   [DefaultDigitizer]
15
16
   [DetectorHistogrammer]
17
```



Module Parameters

- All modules are thoroughly described in the user manual https://cern.ch/allpix-squared/usermanual/allpix -manualch7.html
 - List of available parameters for corresponding module with default values
 - Usage examples



Description

Converts all object data stored in the ROOT data file produced by the ROOTObjectWriter module back in to messages (see the description of ROOTObjectWriter for more information about the format). Reads all trees defined in the data file that contain Allpix objects. Creates a message from the objects in the tree for every event.

If the requested number of events for the run is less than the number of events the data file contains, all additional events in the file are skipped. If more events than available are requested, a warning is displayed and the other events of the run are skipped.

Currently it is not yet possible to exclude objects from being read. In case not all objects should be converted to messages, these objects need to be removed from the file before the simulation is started.

Parameters

- file_name : Location of the ROOT file containing the trees with the object data. The file extension .root will be appended if not present.
- include : Array of object names (without allpix:: prefix) to be read from the ROOT trees, all other object names are ignored (cannot be used simultaneously with the exclude parameter).
- exclude: Array of object names (without allpix:: prefix) not to be read from the ROOT trees (cannot be used simultaneously with the include parameter).
- ignore_seed_mismatch: If set to true, a mismatch between the core random seed in the configuration file and the input data is ignored, otherwise an exception is thrown. This also covers the case when the core random seed in the configuration file is missing. Default is set to false.

Usage

This module should be placed at the beginning of the main configuration. An example to read only PixelCharge and PixelHit objects from the file data.root is:

[R00T0bjectReader] file_name = "data.root" include = "PixelCharge", "PixelHit"

The World

- GeometryBuilderGeant4
- Translates and defines the geometry to Geant4
- No required parameters
 - By default the setup is placed in air



[GeometryBuilderGeant4]

The Particles

- DepositionGeant4
- Interface to Geant4
- Definition of particles and tracking through the setup
 - Energy deposition in sensitive material
- Pick ...
 - the type of particles
 - the particle energy
 - the origin and direction of the beam
 - the shape and size of the beam
 - a suitable physics list



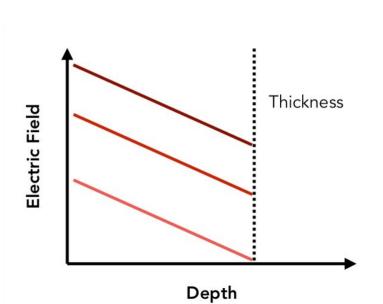
[DepositionGeant4] particle type = "e-" source energy = 5GeVsource type = "beam" beam size = 3mm source position = 0 0 (-200mm) beam direction = 0 0 physics list = FTFP BERT EMZ Don't forget the units!

The Electric Field

- ElectricFieldReader
- Generation of an electric field in the sensor
- A *Linear* field is the simplest approximation, using a user-defined depletion and bias voltage
 - Higher bias voltages increase the electric field
 - No focussing effects around the implants
- More realistic fields can be added by converting the output of e.g. TCAD simulations



```
[ElectricFieldReader]
model = "linear"
bias_voltage = -50V
depletion_voltage = -30V
```

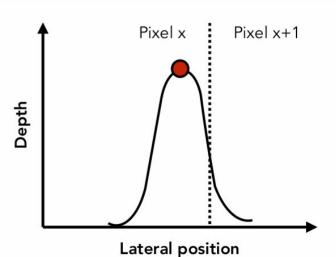


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The Propagation

- ProjectionPropagation
- Relatively simple technique to propagate deposited charges towards the electrodes
- Charges are projected to the sensor surface in discrete groups
 - Drift time is approximated using the linear electric field profile and the initial position
 - Diffusion depending on the drift time added as gaussian smearing of charges on the sensor surface
 - Charges in eventual non-depleted regions can diffus into the electric field prior to the projection

```
[ProjectionPropagation]
temperature = 293K
charge_per_step = 10
```





The Transfer

- Not all propagated charge carriers will necessarily end up on the collection implant due to ...
 - Low-field regions
 - Linear field approximation
- Transferring the charge from the sensor to the input of the electronics
- SimpleTransfer
- In this approximation, all charges within x microns to the implant are considered as collected (default: 5 µm)

[SimpleTransfer]



The Digitisation

- Many front-end chips feature similar kinds of effects
 - Gaussian noise on the collected charge
 - A threshold level
 - A QDC with a certain gain
- DefaultDigitizer
- Implementation of above features plus ...
 - Threshold dispersion
 - QDC smearing
 - TDC / ToA / ToT calculation if pulses are simulated

[DefaultDigitizer]



The Histogrammer

- DetectorHistogrammer .
- Creation of typical detector performance plots including a simple . clustering technique and comparison the Monte Carlo truth, like ...
 - Hit map ٠
 - Pixel & cluster charge distribution ٠
 - Cluster size ٠
 - Efficiency (vs MC truth) ٠
 - Residuals (vs MC truth) ٠
- These plots can give a good and guick overview over the detector ٠ performance, but they do not replace a thorough analysis



[DetectorHistogrammer]

Updated Configuration

- Now we have a simulation setup that will shoot 5 GeV electrons at a timepix detector, project the charges to the surface based on a linear field approximation and digitises the collected charges
- Two hints before we start ...
 - The log_level flag changes the detail (and / quantity) of information output by modules (global and/or module parameter)
 - The output_plots flag can be set individually for modules to get additional plots
- Run the simulation ...

\$../bin/allpix -c tutorial-simulation.conf

```
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```

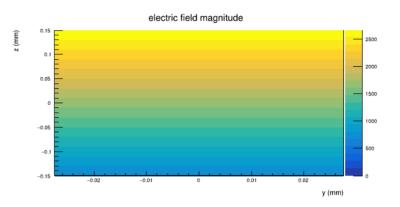
```
1 [Allpix]
 2 number of events = 1000
  detectors file = "tutorial-geometry.conf"
   log level = "WARNING"
   [GeometrvBuilderGeant4]
   [DepositionGeant4]
 9 particle type = "e-"
10 source energy = 5GeV
11 source type = "beam"
1⁄2 beam size = 3mm
13 source position = 0 0 -200mm
14 beam direction = 0 \ 0 \ 1
15 physics list = FTFP BERT EMZ
16 output plots = 1
18 [ElectricFieldReader]
  model = "linear"
  bias voltage = -50V
  depletion voltage = -30V
22 output plots = 1
   [ProjectionPropagation]
25 temperature = 293K
26 charge per step = 10
   output plots = 1
28
   [SimpleTransfer]
30 output plots = 1
31
  [DefaultDigitizer]
33 output plots = 1
34
  [DetectorHistogrammer]
35
```

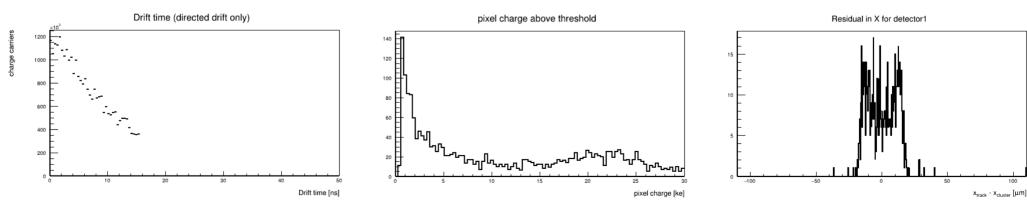


Plots, plots, plots ...

- The output is (if not configured otherwise)
 located in output/modules.root
- Let's have a look ...

\$ root -l output/modules.root

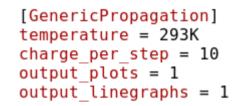


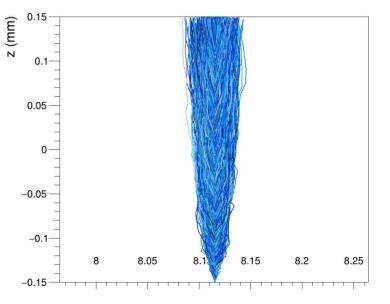


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Adding Precision

- There are many spots to add precision or to gain deeper information on the detector behaviour
- Example:
 - Use GenericPropagation instead of ProjectionPropagation
 - Enable *output_linegraphs* for a visualisation of the charge carrier motion (animation also possible)
 - Performance penalty
- Or use **TransientPropagation** to create charge pulses and simulate a charge sensitive amplifier afterwards ...







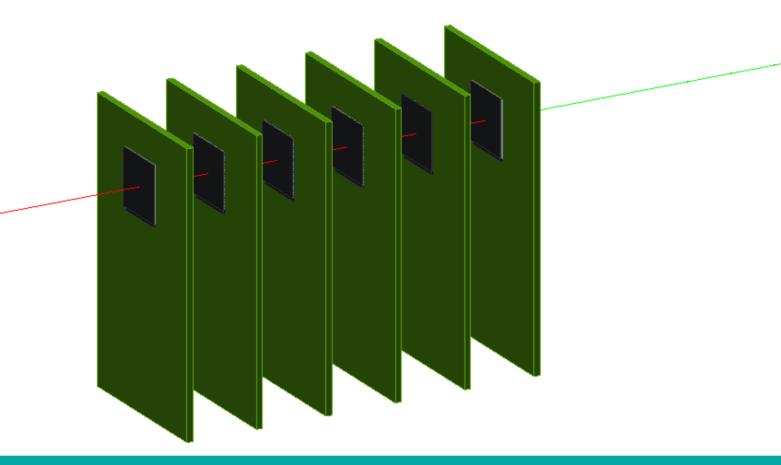
Adding Detectors

- Similar to the single detector geometry, subsequent detectors can be added
 - Avoid overlaps between detectors/materials
- Here: Let's simulate a timepix telescope with a spacing of 20 mm in z
- For more complex geometries, a visualisation of the setup using the Geant4 visualisation tools is extremely useful [VisualizationGeant4]
 - Unfortunately these do not run on lxplus tools not included in the default CVMFS installation

```
[detector1]
 2 type = "timepix"
 3 position = 0mm 0mm 0mm
 4 orientation = 0 0 0
 6 [detector2]
 7 type = "timepix"
 8 position = 0mm 0mm 20mm
 9 orientation = 0 0 0
10
11 [detector3]
12 type = "timepix"
13 position = 0mm 0mm 40mm
14 orientation = 0 0 0
15
16 [detector4]
17 type = "timepix"
18 position = 0mm 0mm 60mm
19 orientation = 0 0 0
20
21 [detector5]
22 type = "timepix"
23 position = 0mm 0mm 80mm
24 orientation = 0 0 0
25
26 [detector6]
27 type = "timepix"
28 position = 0mm 0mm 100mm
29 orientation = 0 0 0
```



Visualising the Setup



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Treating Detectors in Different Ways

- When we added more detectors to the geometry file, everything was taken care of under the hood
- What is happening in the background?
 - One instance of a module is created per detector
 - This allows e.g. to use multi-threading, running the same module for different detectors in parallel
- Background information: modules can be either **unique** or specific to one **detector**
- What if we would like to use different parameters for different detectors, though?



A Single Detector Simulation Chain

GeometryBuilderGeant4

DepositionGeant4

ElectricFieldReader

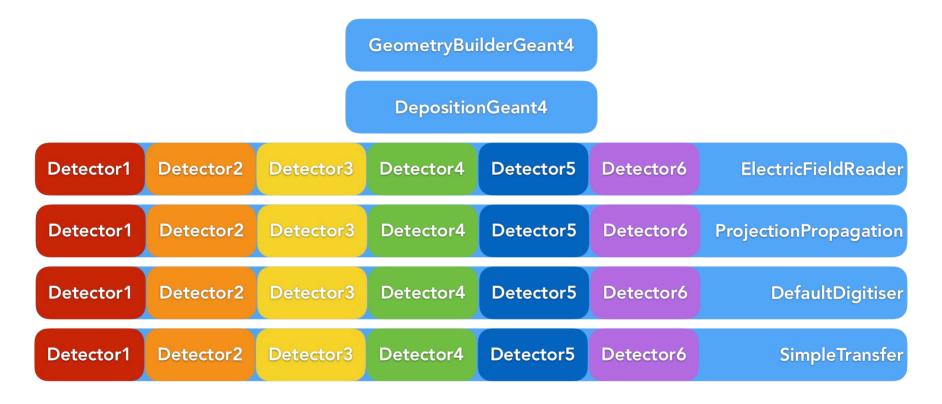
ProjectionPropagation

DefaultDigitiser

SimpleTransfer

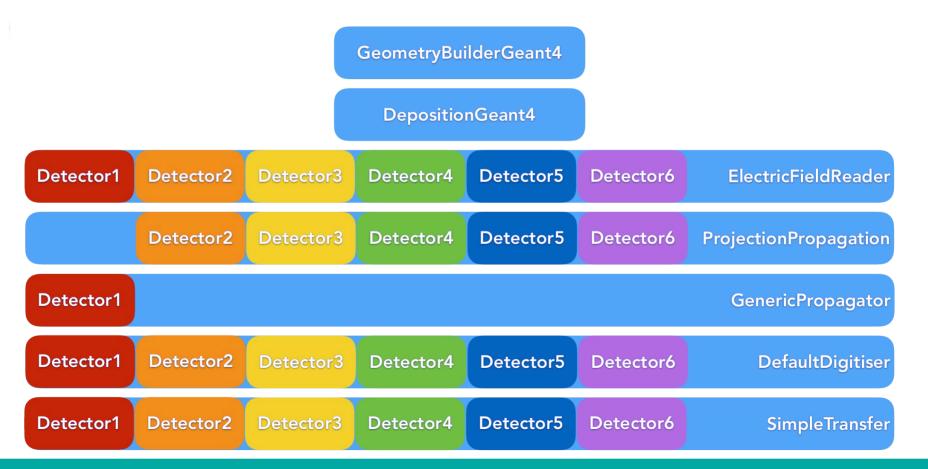


A Multi-Detector Simulation Chain



Now what if I ... ?







Split Module Configurations

- By default, all instances of a module will apply to all detectors
- We can overwrite this by specifying either the *name* or the *type* of the detectors
- Make a module operate **on one detector only** or on a subset of detectors

Default electric field configuration	<pre>[ElectricFieldReader] model = "linear" bias_voltage = -50V depletion_voltage = -30V</pre>
Overwritten for detector1	<pre>[ElectricFieldReader] name = "detector1" model = "linear" bias_voltage = -100V depletion_voltage = -30V</pre>





Split Module Configurations

- By default, all instances of a module will apply to all detectors
- We can overwrite this by specifying either the *name* or the *type* of the detectors
- Make a module operate on one detector only or on a subset of detectors

```
Subset given as
list of detectors
Specific for
detector1
GenericPropagation]
name = "detector1"
temperature = 293K
charge_per_step = 10
[GenericPropagation]
name = "detector1"
temperature = 293K
charge_per_step = 10
```

allpix squared

Updated Simulation Configuration

```
1 [Allpix]
2 number of events = 1000
 3 detectors file = "tutorial-geometry.conf"
4 log level = "WARNING"
 5
6 [GeometryBuilderGeant4]
8 [DepositionGeant4]
9 particle type = "e-"
10 source energy = 5GeV
11 source type = "beam"
12 beam size = 3mm
13 source position = 0 0 - 200mm
14 beam direction = 0 \ 0 \ 1
15 physics list = FTFP BERT EMZ
16 output plots = 1
17
18 [ElectricFieldReader]
19 model = "linear"
20 bias voltage = -50V
21 depletion voltage = -30V
22 output plots = 1
23
24 [ElectricFieldReader]
25 name = "detector1"
26 model = "linear"
27 bias voltage = -100V
28 depletion voltage = -30V
29 output plots = 1
```

```
31 [ProjectionPropagation]
32 name = "detector2", "detector3", "detector4", "detector5", "detector6"
33 temperature = 293K
34 charge per step = 10
35 output plots = 1
37 [GenericPropagation]
38 name = "detector1"
39 temperature = 293K
40 charge per step = 10
41 output plots = 1
42
43 [SimpleTransfer]
44 output plots = 1
45
46 [DefaultDigitizer]
47 output plots = 1
48
49 [DetectorHistogrammer]
```

Simulation Replays



• Imagine:

"I would like to perform a threshold scan for my detector, but running the full chain 20 times is just time consuming..."

- In each simulation step, *objects* are generated: *MCParticle*, *DepositedCharge*, *PropagatedCharge*, *PixelHit*, ...
- The modules *RootObjectWriter* and *-Reader* store and read these objects
 - This allows to pick up on your simulation at a later point in time

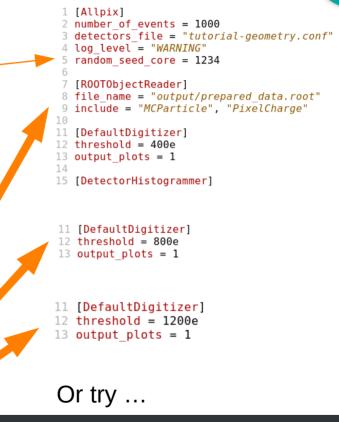


Simulation Replays

1 [Allpix]

1 [detector1]
2 type = "timepix"
3 position = 0mm 0mm 0mm
4 orientation = 0 0 0

```
2 number of events = 1000
 3 detectors file = "tutorial-geometry.conf"
 4 log level = "WARNING"
 5 random seed core = 1234
 6
   [GeometryBuilderGeant4]
 7
 9 [DepositionGeant4]
10 particle type = "e-"
11 source energy = 5GeV
12 source type = "beam"
13 beam size = 3mm
14 source position = 0 0 -200mm
15 beam direction = 0 \ 0 \ 1
16 physics list = FTFP BERT EMZ
17 output plots = 1
18
19 [ElectricFieldReader]
20 model = "linear"
21 bias voltage = -50V
22 depletion voltage = -30V
23 output plots = 1
24
25 [GenericPropagation]
26 name = "detector1"
27 temperature = 293K
28 charge per step = 10
29 output plots = 1
30
31 [SimpleTransfer]
32 output plots = 1
34 [R00T0bjectWriter]
35 file name = "prepared data.root"
36 include = "MCParticle", "PixelCharge"
```



\$ allpix -c tutorial-replay.conf -o DefaultDigitizer.threshold=1200e

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Development

Making your own Module I



• Up to now:

Setting up a simulation and configuring different modules for different detectors

- No need to touch c++ code yet
- Next step: Developing a custom module
 - Keep in mind that modules may already be implemented / can be configured in a way that you need
 - Keep in mind that making your new module generic will benefit other users
- Useful script delivered in repository: make_module.sh



Making your own Module II

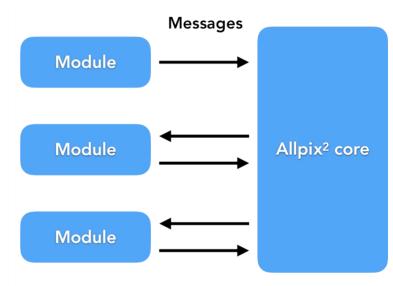
```
~/software/allpix-squared $ ./etc/scripts/make module.sh
Preparing code basis for a new module:
Name of the module? NewTransfer
Type of the module?

    unique

  detector
#? 2
Input message type? PropagatedCharge
Creating directory and files...
       NewTransfer
Name:
Author: Paul Schuetze (paul.schuetze@desy.de)
        /home/paul/software/allpix-squared/src/modules/NewTransfer
Path:
This module listens to "PropagatedCharge" messages from one detector
Re-run CMake in order to build your new module.
```

A Word on Messages

- Modules exist entirely standalone in Allpix Squared
 - Information exchange by dispatching and receiving messages via the core of the software
 - Checks which messages each module is waiting for and whether messages being dispatched are subsequently used
- For per-detector modules, separate messages are dispatched for each detector, with the detector name used in the identification
- New modules need to decide what objects to request
 - DepositedCharges, PropagatedCharges, etc.





```
/**
                                                                             @file
                                                                             @brief Implementation of [NewTransfer] module
                                                                            * @copyright Copyright (c) 2017-2020 CERN and the Allpix Squared authors.
                                                                            * This software is distributed under the terms of the MIT License, copied verba
Making your own Modul
                                                                                               VSE.md".
                                                                                               icense, CERN does not waive the privileges and immunities a
                                                                                              ue of its status as an
                                                                             Intergovernmental Organization or submit itself to any jurisdiction.
                                                                           #include "NewTransferModule.hpp"
                                                                           #include <string>
                                                                           #include <utilitv>
                                                                           #include "core/utils/log.h"
                                                                           using namespace allpix;
                                                                           NewTransferModule::NewTransferModule(Configuration& config, Messenger* messenger
                                                    Constructor:
                                                                           , std::shared ptr<Detector> detector)
                                                                               : Module(config, detector), detector (detector), messenger (messenger) {
                                             Configuration &
                                                                               // ... Implement ... (Typically bounds the required messages and optionally
                                           Bind to messages
                                                                           sets configuration defaults)
                                                                               // Input required by this module
                                                                               messenger ->bindSingle(this, &NewTransferModule::message , MsgFlags::REOUIRE
                                                                           D);
                                                                           void NewTransferModule::init() {
                                                   Initialisation:
                                                                                  // Get the detector name
                                                                                  std::string detectorName = detector ->getName();
                                   Variables / Histograms
                                                                                  LOG(DEBUG) << "Detector with name " << detectorName;
                                                                           void NewTransferModule::run(unsigned int) {
                                                      Run Loop:
                                                                               // ... Implement ... (Typically uses the configuration to execute function a
                                                                           nd outputs an message)
                                                     Main code.
                                                                                  std::string detectorName = message ->getDetector()->getName();
                                                                                  LOG(DEBUG) << "Picked up " << message ->getData().size() << " objects fr
                               executed for each event
                                                                           om detector " << detectorName;</pre>
```

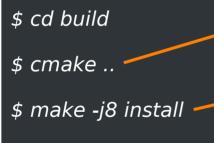
Paul Schütze, S. Spannagel | Hands-On: Allpix Squared | BT

-:--- NewTransferModule.cpp All (1,0) (C++//l +1 hs Smrt Abbrev)



Making your own Module IV

- CMake is set up to compile all modules in the corresponding directory
 - Simply re-run CMake from the build directory and compile



\$ cd ../conf/

- *\$../bin/allpix -c tutorial-simulation.conf*
- Module can be added to the simulation configuration in the same way as any other module

-- Building module ON - NewTransfer

Scanning dependencies of target AllpixModuleNewTransfer
[75%] Building CXX object src/modules/NewTransfer/CMakeFiles
[/__/core/module/dynamic_module_impl.cpp.o
[75%] Building CXX object src/modules/MagneticFieldReader/CM
ieldReader.dir/MagneticFieldReaderModule.cpp.o
[75%] Building CXX object src/modules/NewTransfer/CMakeFiles
[wTransferModule.cpp.o

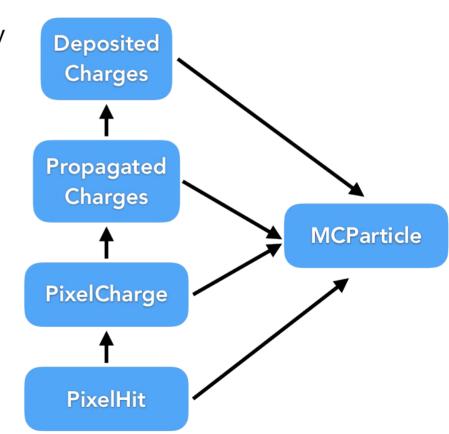
31 [NewTransfer]



A few other Features – MC History

- All objects contain information about where they come from
 - Direct link to preceding object
 - All objects link back to original MCParticle
- Messages templated in the code, so adding a new object is straight forward
 - Define the object, must inherit from *Object*
 - Add a definition for the message ...

/**
 * @brief Typedef for message carrying propagated charges
 */
using PropagatedChargeMessage = Message<PropagatedCharge>;





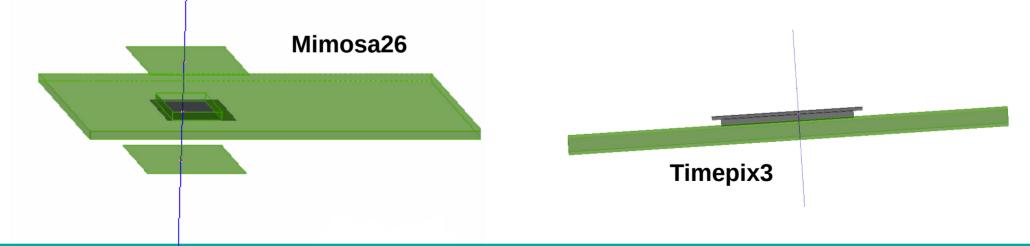
A few other Features – Output Writing

- Several output formats are already supported
 - LCIO Linear collider community / EUTelescope
 - RCE ATLAS pixel group data format
 - Corryvreckan Test Beam Reconstruction framework
 - Text files Human-readable
 - ROOTObjects Allpix Squared data
- Allows to ...
 - perform detailed analyses of individual sensors
 - replicate a test beam experiment and analyse the simulated data with the same software as the measured data



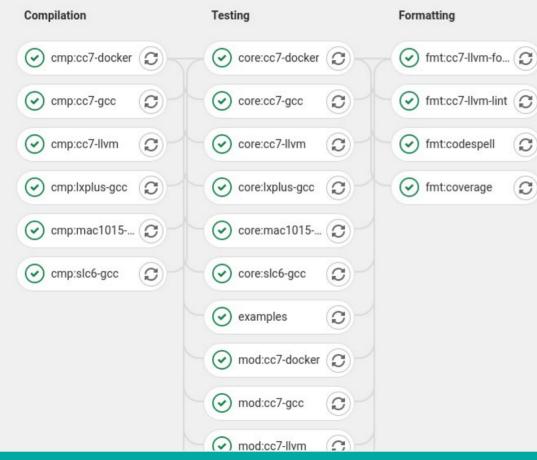
A few other Features – Geometry

- Currently geometries are implemented for **hybrid** and **monolithic** detectors
 - Monolithic can be used for strip detectors, with 1 by n "pixels" of appropriate size
- Geometry can be configured with cut-outs in the PCB, support materials (beam windows/physical supports), bump dimensions, etc.





Excursion: Continuous Integration



Performance		Documentation
erf:cc7-gcc	0	🕝 cmp:doxygen 📿
		Cmp:usermanual

- Performed for every merge request & tags on main repository
- Ensures ... •

C

C

- Compilation on different OS
- Correct formatting / style ٠
- Backwards compatibility •
- Performant execution •



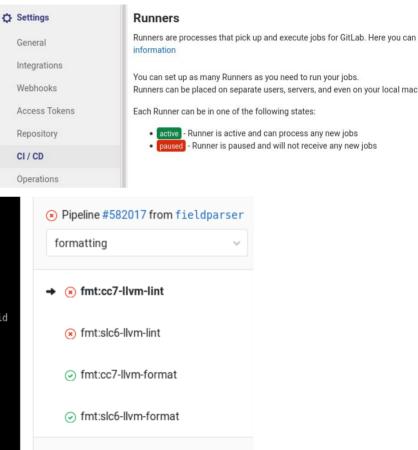
Excursion: Continuous Integration

What? But how?!?

 Enable runners (machines to execute jobs)

• If Pipeline fails: read the output of the failing job





Where to go from here?



- Allpix Squared has many more features that we could not go through today
 - Transient propagation
 - Calculate pulse on readout electrode using electric and weighting field maps
 - Simulate response of charge sensitive amplifier
 - → What's new on Allpix Squared?, S. Spannagel, Wed., 17:50
 - Reading in of TCAD simulated electric and weighting fields
 - Magnetic field \rightarrow primary particle and charge carrier propagation
 - Passive materials \rightarrow replicate test beam setups or scattering measurements
 - Point charge / MIP deposition w/o Geant4
 - Source simulation
- Many of those are represented in one of the examples: *\$ cd examples/*



Resources



Website https://cern.ch/allpix-squared



Repository

https://gitlab.cern.ch/allpix-squared/allpix-squared



Docker Images

https://gitlab.cern.ch/allpix-squared/allpix-squared/container_registry



User Forum: https://cern.ch/allpix-squared-forum/



Mailing Lists:

allpix-squared-users https://e-groups.cern.ch/e-groups/Egroup.do?egroupId=10262858 allpix-squared-developers https://e-groups.cern.ch/e-groups/Egroup.do?egroupId=10273730



User Manual:

https://cern.ch/allpix-squared/usermanual/allpix-manual.pdf