

EDM4hep and podio - The event data model of the Key4hep project and its implementation

vCHEP 2021

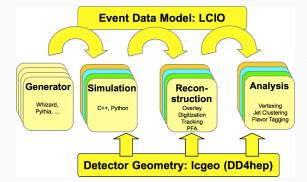


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May 18, 2021

- Event Data Model basics and EDM4hep
- podio A generic EDM toolkit
- $\cdot\,$ Latest developments and benchmarks
- Currently ongoing work and future plans

The EDM at the core of HEP software



*iLCSoft components here, but general scheme applies

- Different components of HEP experiment software have to talk to each other
- The event data model defines the language for this communication
- Users express their ideas in the same language

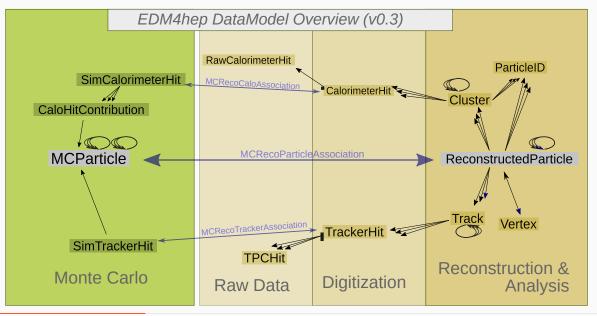
Goals for EDM4hep

- The Key4hep project aims to define a common software stack for all future collider projects
 - see A. Sailer, Key4hep: Status and Plans

(SW parallel session, Tue afternoon)

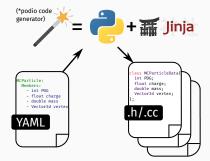
- EDM4hep is the common EDM that can be used by all communities in the Key4Hep project
 - ILC, CLIC, FCC-ee & FCC-hh, CEPC, ...
- Support different use cases from these communities
 - Lepton and hadron collisions lead to different environments and requirements for an EDM
- Efficiently implemented, support multi-threading and potentially heterogeneous computing
- $\cdot\,$ Use experience from LCIO and FCC-edm

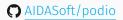
EDM4hep schema



podio as generator for EDM4hep

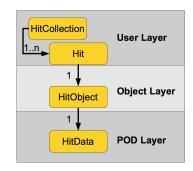
- Original HEP c++ EDMs are heavily Object Oriented
 - Deep inheritance structures
 - Thread-safety can be hard
 - Objects scattered in memory
- $\cdot\,$ Data access can be slow with these approaches
- Use **podio** to generate thread safe code starting from a high level description of the desired EDM
 - Users are isolated from implementation details
 - Target different I/O backends for persistency
- Provide an easy to use interface to the users
 - Users should not need to worry about resource management
 - Treat python as first class citizen and allow "pythonic" usage





The three layers of podio

- podio favors composition over inheritance and uses plain-old-data (POD) types wherever possible
- **User Layer** consists of handles to the EDM objects and offers the full functionality
- The **Object Layer** handles resources and references to other objects
- \cdot The actual PODs live in the POD Layer
- Layered design allows for efficient memory layout and performant I/O implementation
 - ROOT I/O is used by default
 - An SIO based has recently been added



Automatic code generation

components. edm4hep::Vector3f: Members: [float x, float y, float z] datatypes: edm4hep::ReconstructedParticle: Description: "Reconstructed Particle" Author : "F.Gaede, DESY"

Members:

- edm4hep::Vector3f momentum // [GeV] particle momentum
- std::array<float, 10> covMatrix // energy-momentum covariance OneToOneRelations:
- edm4hep::Vertex startVertex // start vertex associated to this particle OneToManyRelations:
- edm4hep::Cluster clusters // clusters that have been used for this particle
- edm4hep::ReconstructedParticle particles // associated particles
 ExtraCode:

declaration: "bool isCompund() const { return particles_size() > 0; }\n"

- Reusable components
- Fixed sized arrays as members
- 1 1 and 1 N relations
- Additional user-provided code
- Validation and consistency check before code generation
 - Members can only be fundamental types or PODs
 - Relations only possible within the defined EDM
- Completely reworked. Now using easy to extend jinja2 templates

podio - core features

- Support for variable size VectorMembers
 - Break the "POD-ness" of the datatypes
 - Same restrictions as for other data members
- Value semantics in c++
- C++17 compliant code generation
- Easy to use python interface via PyROOT

VectorMembers in yaml definition

edm4hep::ParticleID: VectorMembers:

```
- float parameters // hypothesis params
```

C++ usage examples

```
// Vector members usage
auto pid = ParticleID();
pid.addToParameters(3.14);
for (auto p : pid.getParameters()) { /**/ }
```

```
// General usage of datatypes
auto coll = MCParticleCollection();
auto mc = coll.create();
mc.setMass(3.096);
```

```
for (auto p : mc.getParents()) {
    const auto mass = p.getMass();
}
```

python usage examples

```
store = EventStore('events.root')
for event in store:
particles = event.get('MCParticles')
for p in particles:
    print(p.getMass())
```

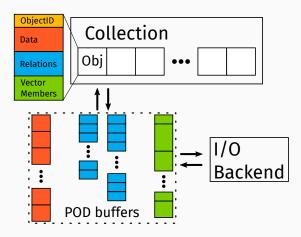
CMake interface for projects using podio



- Easy to use functions for integrating a podio generated EDM into a project
- Split into core EDM library and I/O handling for different backends
 - Pick what you need
 - I/O handling parts dynamically loaded by podio on startup (searching LD_LIBRARY_PATH)

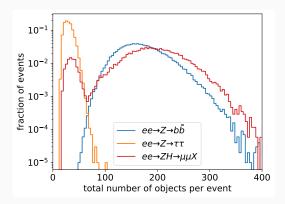
The I/O in podio

- I/O operations are based on collections
- All *Data* PODs are read/written as one array of PODs
- Relations are persisted via arrays of ObjectIDs
- *VectorMembers* are concatenated into one array per member
- I/O backends only have to be able to read and write arrays of PODs. The rest is handled by podio



I/O backends benchmarks using EDM4hep

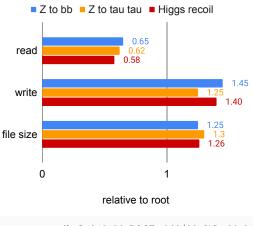
- Default **ROOT** based backend
 - Buffers are stored as branches in a TTree
- Backend based on **SIO** also available
 - Persistency library used in LCIO
 - Writes binary records of complete events
 - 🖸 iLCSoft/SIO
- **O** key4hep/k4SimDelphes to generate "realistic" EDM4hep benchmark data
- Use podio benchmarking tools focussing on I/O times



- \cdot Z decays @ FCC-ee $\sqrt{s} = 91 \text{ GeV}$
- + "Higgs recoil" @ ILD $\sqrt{s} = 250 \text{ GeV}$

Benchmark results

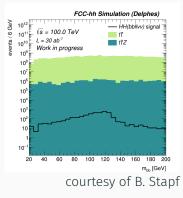
- SIO backend can read files faster
- ROOT backend can write files faster
- ROOT files are smaller than SIO files
- Semi-automatic benchmark setup caught regression with ROOT 6.22/06
 - Quickly identified with the help of ROOT developers
 - Overall improved implementation with 20–30 % speed-up
- Reading of partial event contents lead to speed up for ROOT but not SIO
 - SIO backend stores complete events



podio@4b10456, ROOT v6.22/08, SIO v00-01

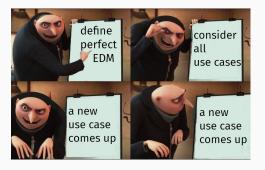
Current status and next steps for EDM4hep

- LCIO and FCC-edm mainly used for lepton collider physics studies
- Key4hep and EDM4hep should support all kinds of future collider studies
 - First studies in context of FCC-hh are on their way
- Finalize EDM4hep schema
 - Main entities and relations well defined
 - Handling of "generic user data" under discussion
- Migration of existing software to Key4hep stack
 - FCC-edm was podio based. FCCSW migration almost done
 - Marlin processor wrapper with on-the-fly conversion between LCIO and EDM4hep is available





Schema evolution



- \cdot Long overdue on our TODO list
- Allow to read older versions of an EDM and convert "on-the-fly"
 - Only deal with the current version in memory
- Automatic conversion code generation
 - User defined conversions for non-trivial changes (e.g. change of coordinate system)
- Work has started and this is currently our top priority

Next steps and future plans for podio

"Flat data formats"

- Data PODs trivially usable
- Relation handling is cumbersome
- Ongoing work (investigating *RNTuple*, provide utilities, ...)

"Reference collections"

- Non-owning collections that reference objects in other collections
- Well used feature in LCIO EDM

Building blocks for core functionality

 Consolidate standalone and framework implementation

Usage with heterogenous resources

- PODs based design should help
- Collecting possible use and benchmark cases

More benchmarks

- Fully automatize setup
- Also look at non-I/O parts

- LCIO and FCC-edm inspired EDM4hep has become quite mature and is used already for physics studies by the ILC, CLIC, FCC and CEPC communities
 - Feedback is very welcome. Give it a go and tell us what needs to be improved
 - Tue 09:00 AM CET, alternating Key4hep/EDM4hep: indico.cern.ch/category/11461/
- Many "under the hood" developments in podio for better usability and maintainability
- Integrated SIO as a second I/O backend
- Semi-automatic setup can be used for benchmarking I/O performance
 - $\cdot\,$ Helped us discover and fix a performance regression
- Started to tackle long standing issue of missing schema evolution
- No shortage of work in the near future

Backup

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T.Madlener | EDM4hep

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Pointers to Resources

• Key4HEP

key4hep.github.io/key4hep-doc

• EDM4HEP

key4hep/EDM4hep cern.ch/edm4hep

• k4SimDelphes

key4hep/k4SimDelphes
 delphes/delphes
 cp3.irmp.ucl.ac.be/projects/delphes

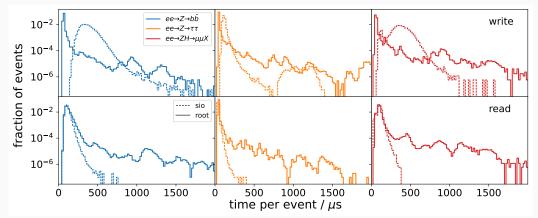
• podio

AIDASoft/podio



xkcd.com/138

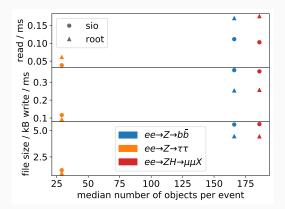
Per event benchmark distributions



• ROOT backend features long tails in per event read and write times

- $\cdot\,$ This is the reason for slower total read times compared to SIO
- Might be controllable with non-default settings. But phase space is large
- \cdot SIO backend times seem to generally scale with the size of the event

- No unexpected behavior vs event size in per event read and write times or resulting file sizes
- More data points necessary for establishing anything more empirical

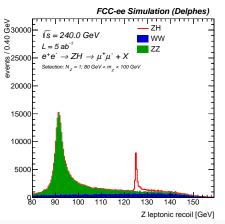


k4SimDelphes - First steps towards physics

- **k4SimDelphes** uses delphes to do the simulation and reconstruction and creates output files in EDM4HEP format
- Quick way to get your hands dirty and do some physics with EDM4HEP
- Integrated into Key4hep framework
- Available as standalone executables
 - E.g. DelphesPythia8_EDM4HEP, DelphesSTDHEP_EDM4HEP, ...
- Part of a coherent approach to generation / simulation in Key4HEP
 - Ideally no difference between the different approaches to simulate detector response







courtesy of C. Helsens