Track finding for the PANDA detector based on Hough transformations

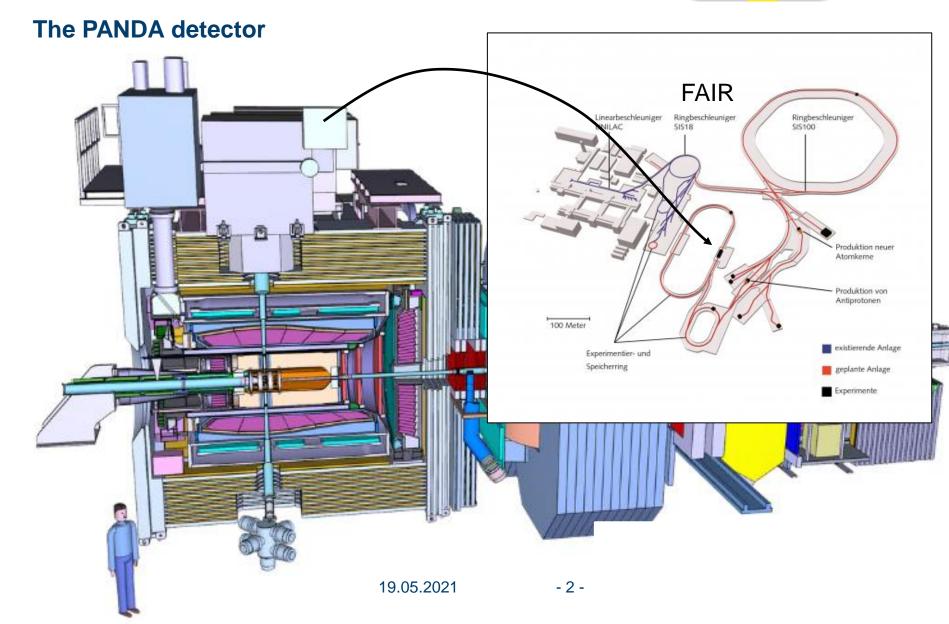
19.05.2021 | vCHEP2021 | Anna Alicke





INTRODUCTION

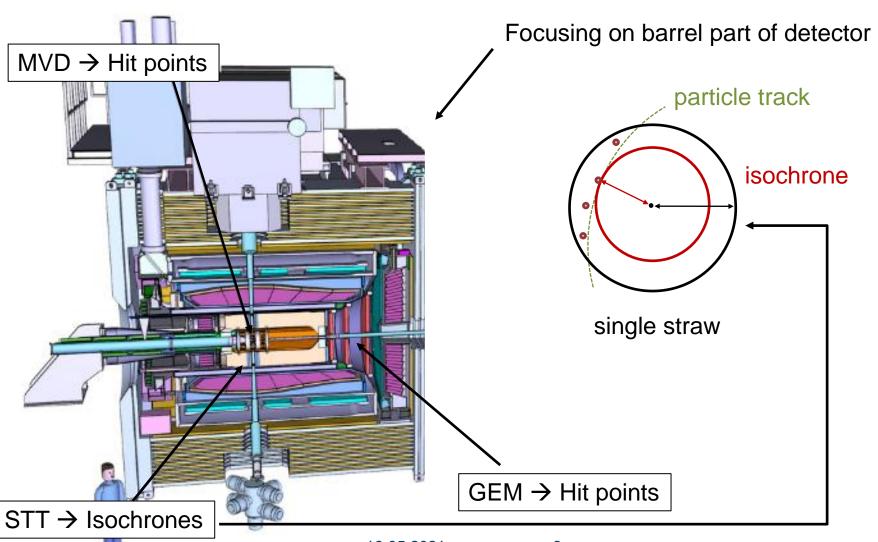




INTRODUCTION



The PANDA detector

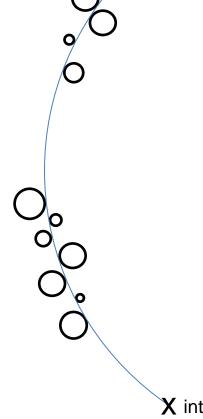


TRACKING

HOW TO INCLUDE THE ISOCHRONE INFORMATION IN TRACKING?

Particle is tangent to the isochrone







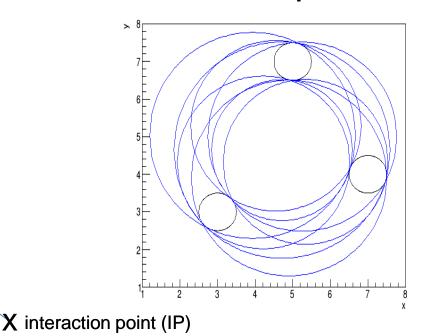
TRACKING

HOW TO INCLUDE THE ISOCHRONE INFORMATION IN TRACKING?

Particle is tangent to the isochrone

- Find a circle that connects other circles
- Well known mathematical problem:

→ Problem of Apollonius



- → 8 Apollonius circles in total
- → Calculate all hit combinations for a Hough transformation to determine the track parameters



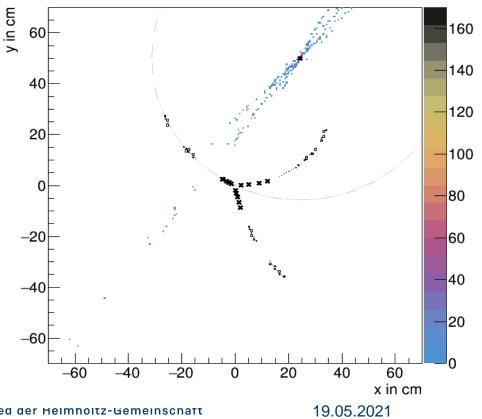
TRACKING

HOW TO USE THE APOLLONIUS PROBLEM FOR TRACKING?

HOUGH TRANSFORMATION

- For each hit generate all tracks (circles) compatible with it
- Collect generated circle parameters (2D Hough Space)
- most frequent values = parameters of actual tracks

 \rightarrow 2 hits + IP for Apollonius



Further information

Conference paper



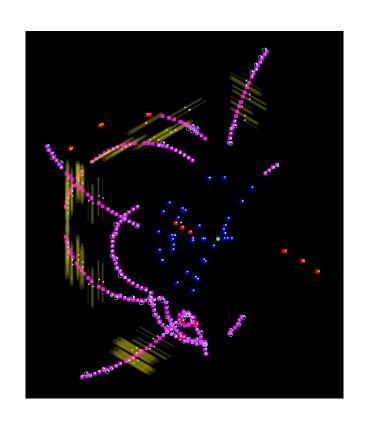
EVALUATION

panda

- data sample:
 - ~ 4 tracks/event
 - p_T ~ 200 MeV/c
- ghosts: wrong combination of hits creating a track
- clones: one track found several times

Efficiency (primaries)	ghosts	clones	Runtime [ms/event]
83.2 %	6.8 %	15.4 %	36

- algorithm for clone merging in preparation
- speed up: GPU (apollonius calculation)
 ~ 23 (1.5 ms/event)





SUMMARY



- Introduction into tracking with Hough transformations (HoughTrackFinder)
 - Basic idea of how to include the isochrone information.
 - Evaluation: efficiency and ghost ratio already as good as currently best track finder in PANDA
- Further development:
 - GPU calculation





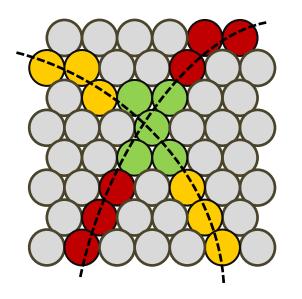
Thank you for your attention!



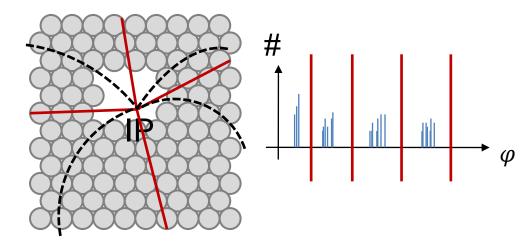
WORKING PRINCIPLE OF THE TRACK FINDER

Preselection:

Stt Hits: Cellular Automaton



MVD/GEM Hits: Segmentation

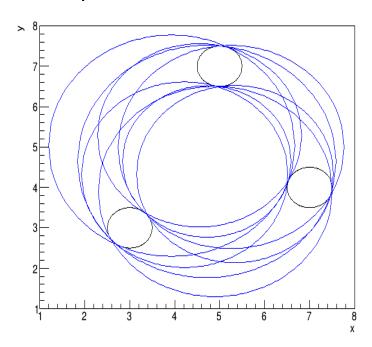




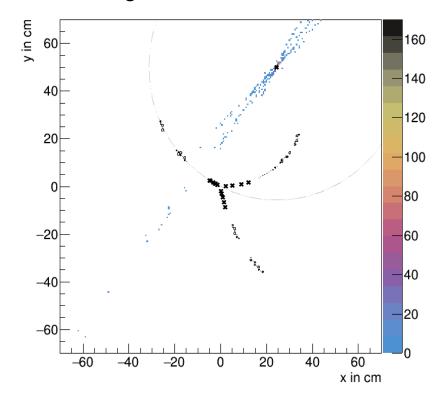
WORKING PRINCIPLE OF THE TRACK FINDER

2. Hough Transformation

Apollonius calculation



Hough Transformation



WORKING PRINCIPLE OF THE TRACK FINDER

3. Merging of tracklets:

Tracklets of one particle track are closer as the one of different tracks

→ distance of maxima in Hough space as merging criterion

