

COMPLEMENTARY APPROACHES

$$\mathcal{L} = -\partial_\mu \psi \partial^\mu \psi^* - \underline{m^2 |\psi|^2} - \frac{g}{2} |\psi|^4.$$

TAKE NR LIMIT: $\psi(\vec{x}, t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2m}} \Psi(\vec{x}, t) e^{-imt}$

$$\partial_0 \psi \partial_0 \psi^* = \frac{1}{2m} \left(\cancel{\Psi \dot{\Psi}^*} - im \Psi \dot{\Psi}^* + im \dot{\Psi}^* \Psi + \underline{m^2 |\Psi|^2} \right)$$

$$\therefore \mathcal{L} = \frac{i}{2} (\Psi^* \dot{\Psi} - \dot{\Psi}^* \Psi) - \frac{|\dot{\Psi}|^2}{2m} - \frac{g}{8m^2} |\Psi|^4.$$

VARIET WRT Ψ^* :

$$i \dot{\Psi} = \left(-\frac{1}{2m} \vec{\nabla}^2 + \frac{g}{4m^2} |\Psi|^2 \right) \Psi$$

GROSS-PITAEVSKII .

MADELUNG DECOMPOSITION:

$$\underline{\Psi}(\vec{x}, t) = \sqrt{n} e^{i\theta} = \sqrt{\frac{\rho(\vec{x}, t)}{m}} e^{i\theta(\vec{x}, t)}.$$

DEFINE

$$\vec{v}(\vec{x}, t) = \frac{1}{m} \vec{\nabla} \theta \quad \leftarrow$$

SUBSTITUTE :

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \vec{\nabla} \cdot (\rho \vec{v}) = 0 \quad (\text{CONTINUITY})$$

$$\rho \left(\frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} + (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{v} \right) = - \vec{\nabla} P \quad (\text{EULER})$$

$+ \frac{\hbar}{2m^2} \frac{\vec{\nabla}^2 \sqrt{\hbar}}{\sqrt{\hbar}}$

WHERE

$$P = \frac{g}{8m^4} \rho^2$$

FUZZY DM.

- EQUATIONS INVISCID
- POTENTIAL FLOW (IRROTATIONAL)

RECALL MOND LAGRANGIAN :

$$\mathcal{L} = - \frac{2}{3} \frac{M_{pl}^2}{a_0} (\vec{\nabla} \phi)^2 \sqrt{(\vec{\nabla} \phi)^2} + \underline{\phi \rho_b}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{6} c H_0 \approx 10^{-33} \text{ eV}$$

IDENTIFY ϕ WITH PHONONS:

$$\mathcal{L}_\pi = \frac{2}{3} \Lambda (2m)^{3/2} X \sqrt{|X|} + \frac{\Lambda \pi \rho_b}{M_{\pi\pi}}$$

BREAKS U(1)
AT $1/M_{\pi\pi}$.

$$X = \mu + \pi - \frac{(\nabla \pi)^2}{2m}$$

FIELD REDEFIN: $\phi = \frac{\Lambda}{M_{\pi\pi}} \pi$.

FIND: $\Lambda \approx \sqrt{a_0} M_{\pi\pi} \approx \text{meV}$.

- $m \sim \text{eV}$
- $\Lambda \sim \text{meV}$

DM PHONONS MEDIATE LONG-RANGE FORCE:

$$a_\pi = \sqrt{a_0 a_b}$$

ONLY OCCURS IN REGIONS OF SUPERFLUIDITY.
NO SUPERFLUID \implies NO HOND.

$$\frac{\sigma}{m} \approx \left(\frac{m}{eV} \right)^2 \frac{cm^2}{g}$$

SIDM: $\frac{\sigma}{m} \lesssim \frac{cm^2}{g}$