
Photon physics in ALICE

D.Peressounko

RRC “Kurchatov institute”

for the ALICE collaboration

Photons in heavy ion collision

Direct photons:

photons not originated in hadron decays.

- **prompt photons:**

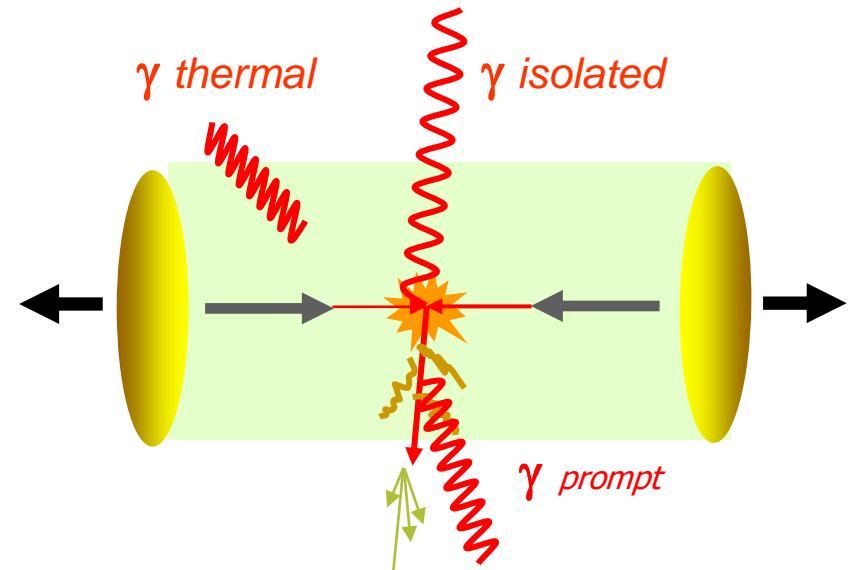
photons created in collisions of incoming partons and in parton fragmentation

- **thermal photons:**

thermal emission of hot matter

Isolated photons:

photons without hadron activity in some cone



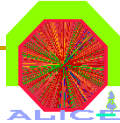
Spectrum: *temperature, fireball lifetime*

R_{AA} : *control of initial state*

Collective flow: *flow development on early stages*

HBT: *space-time dimensions of hot matter*

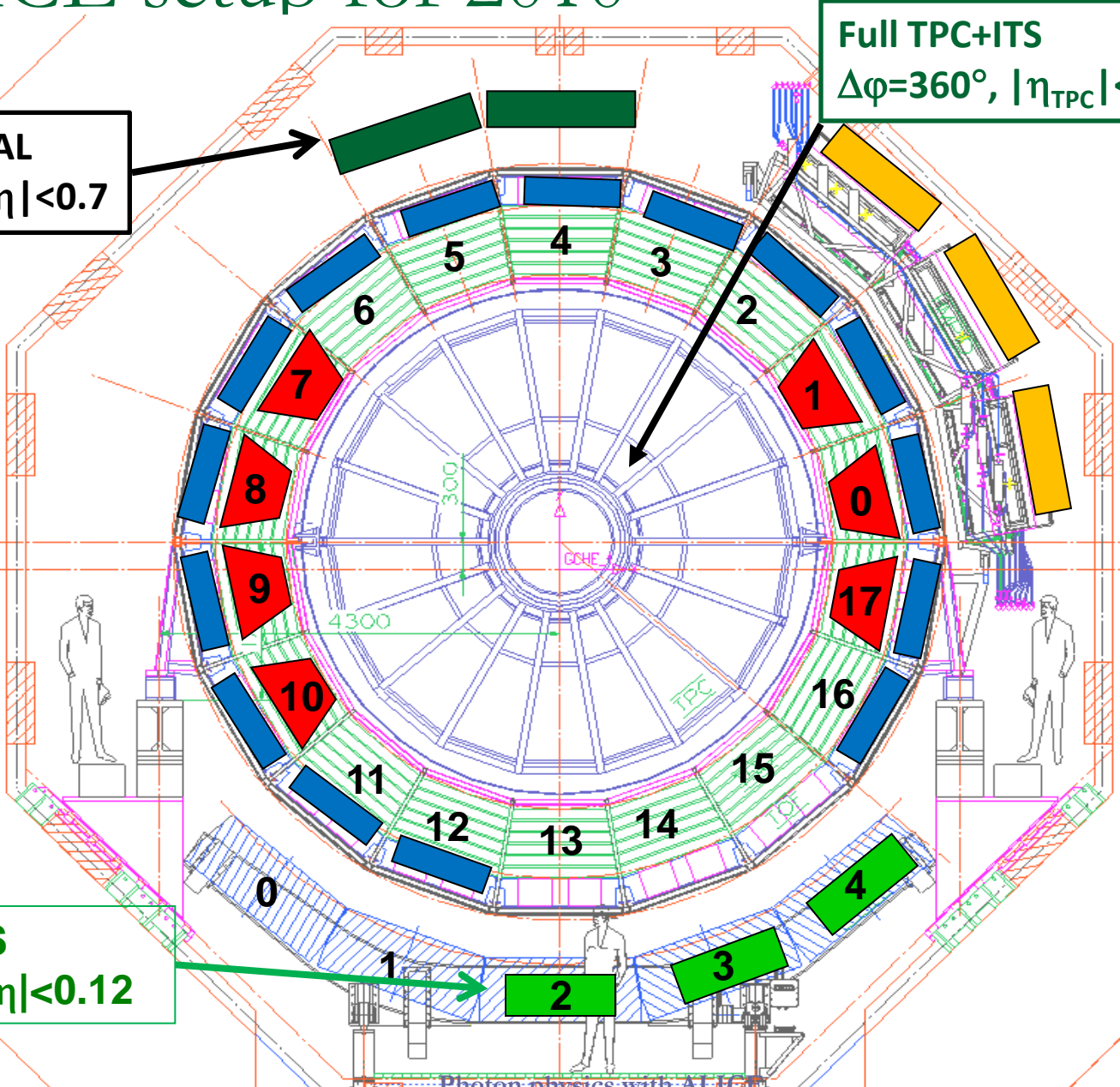
Jet tagging: *calibrated jets, fragmentation function modification in matter*



ALICE setup for 2010

4/11 EMCAL
 $\Delta\phi=40^\circ$, $|\eta|<0.7$

Full TPC+ITS
 $\Delta\phi=360^\circ$, $|\eta_{\text{TPC}}|<0.9$, $|\eta_{\text{ITS}}|<1.2$

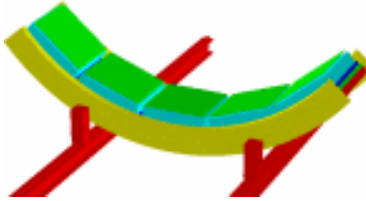


3/5 PHOS
 $\Delta\phi=60^\circ$, $|\eta|<0.12$

Photon physics with ALICE

Calorimeters: PHOS and EMCAL

PHOS

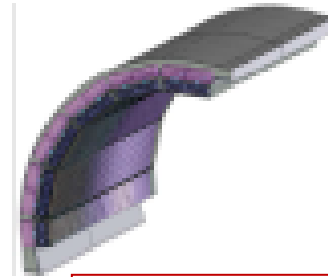


$$\sigma_{E/E} (\%) \sqrt{\left(\frac{1.3}{E}\right)^2 + \frac{3.3^2}{E} + 1.12^2}$$

$$\sigma_x (\text{mm}) \sqrt{\frac{3.26^2}{E} + 0.44^2}$$

$$R_{ip} (\text{cm}) \quad 460$$

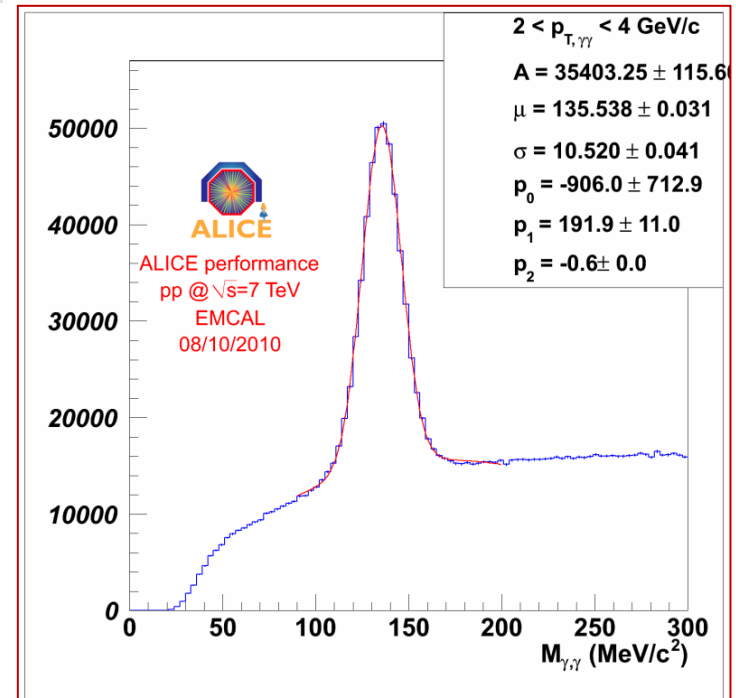
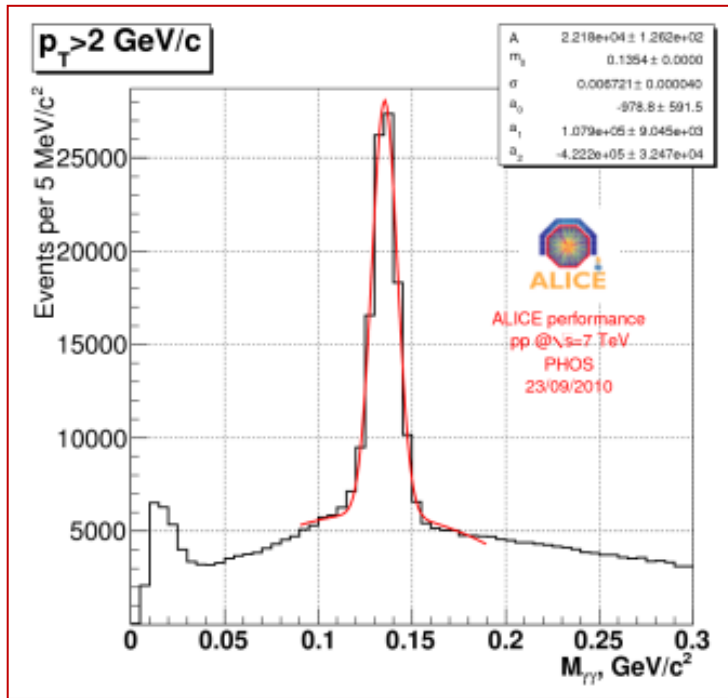
EMCAL



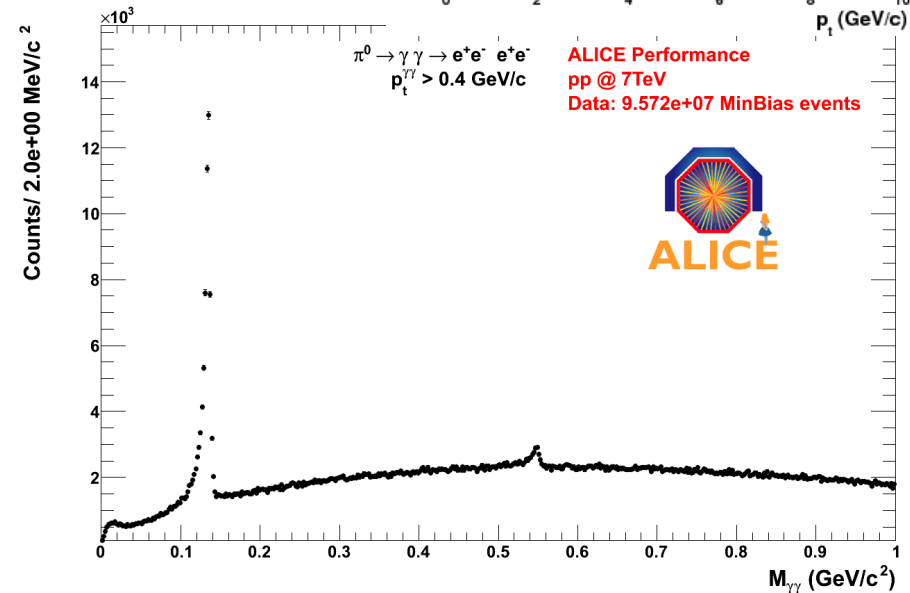
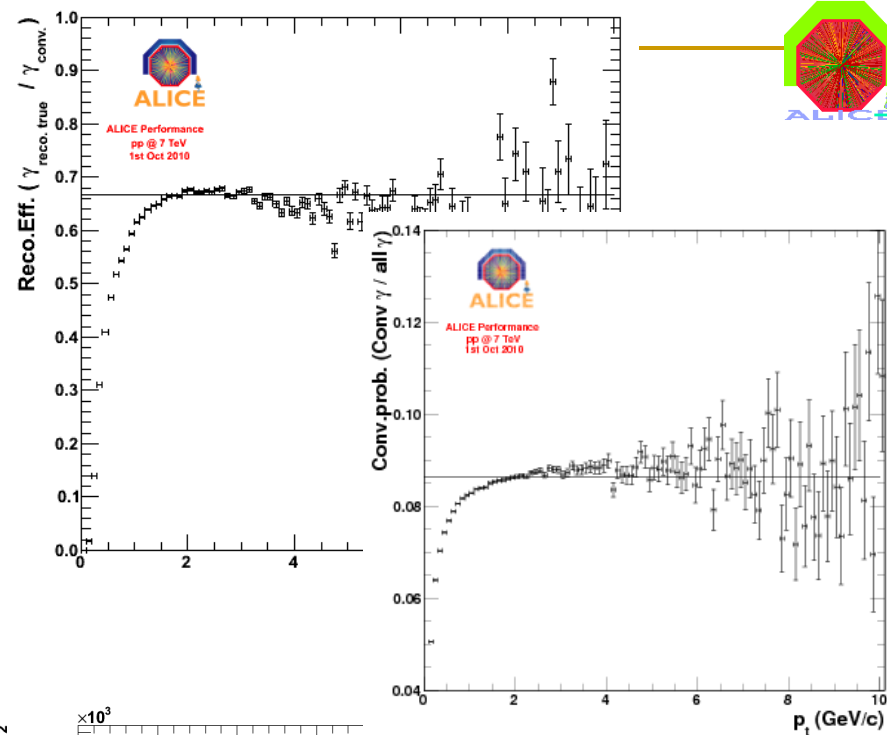
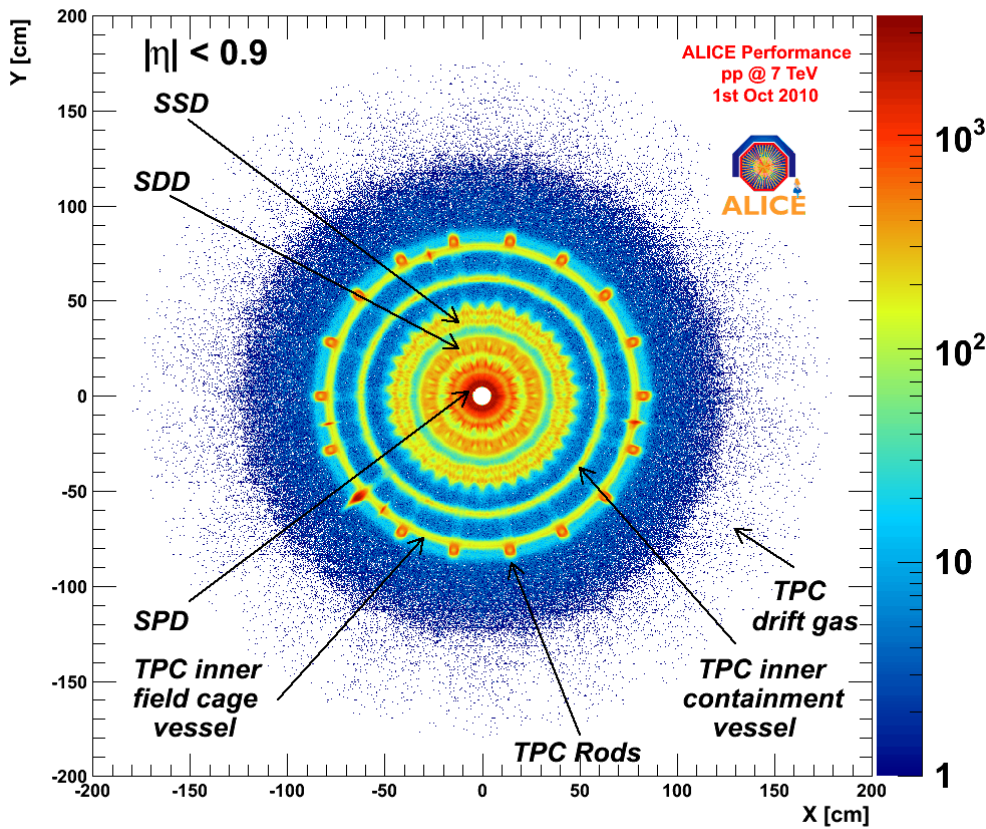
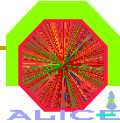
$$\sigma_{E/E} (\%) \sqrt{\left(\frac{1.7}{E}\right)^2 + \frac{11.3^2}{E} + 4.8^2}$$

$$\sigma_x (\text{mm}) \quad 1.5 + \frac{5.3}{\sqrt{E}}$$

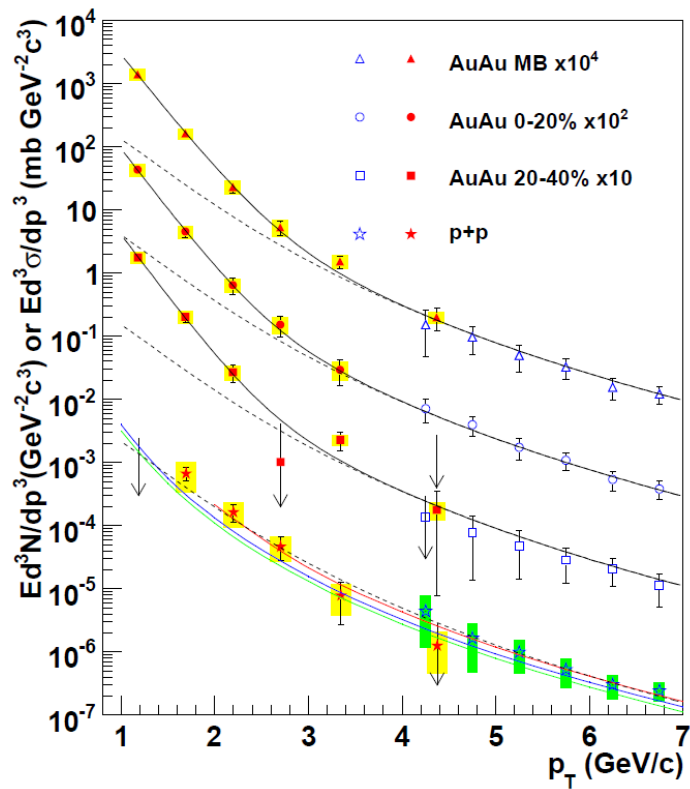
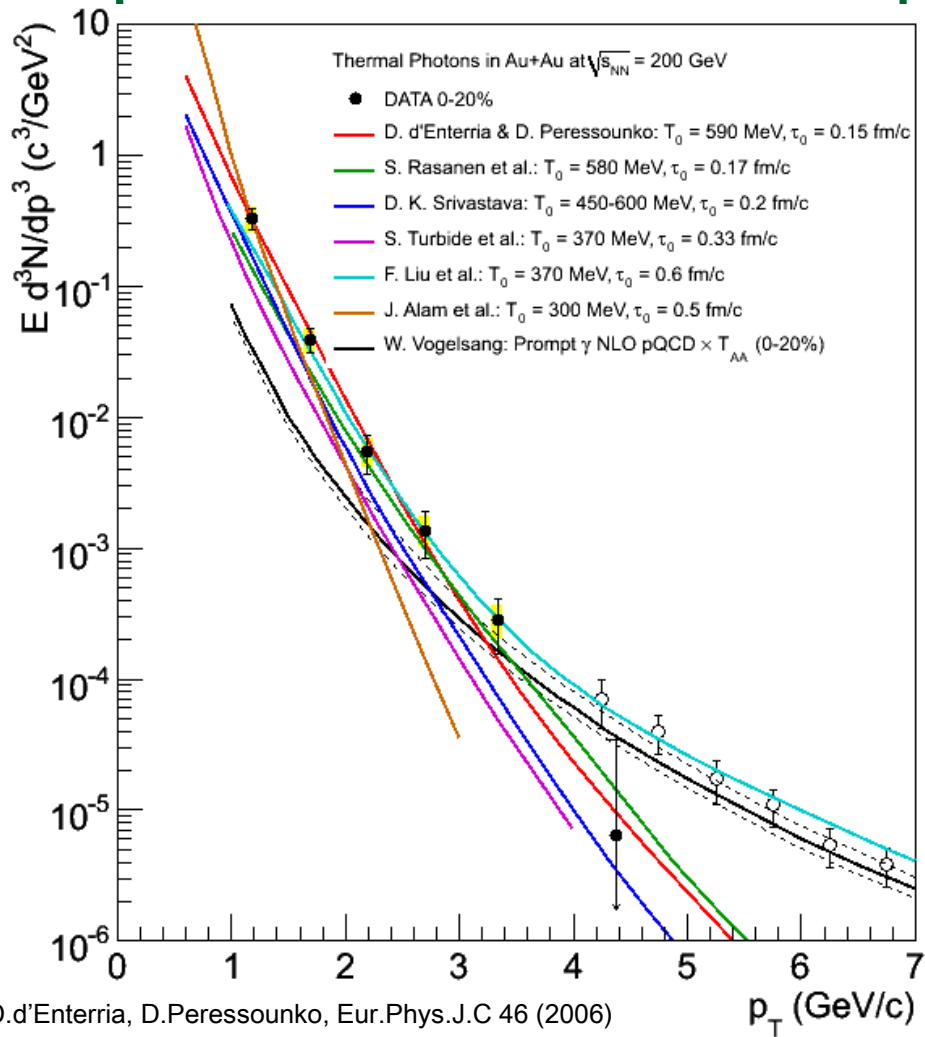
$$R_{ip} (\text{cm}) \quad 428$$



Conversion method

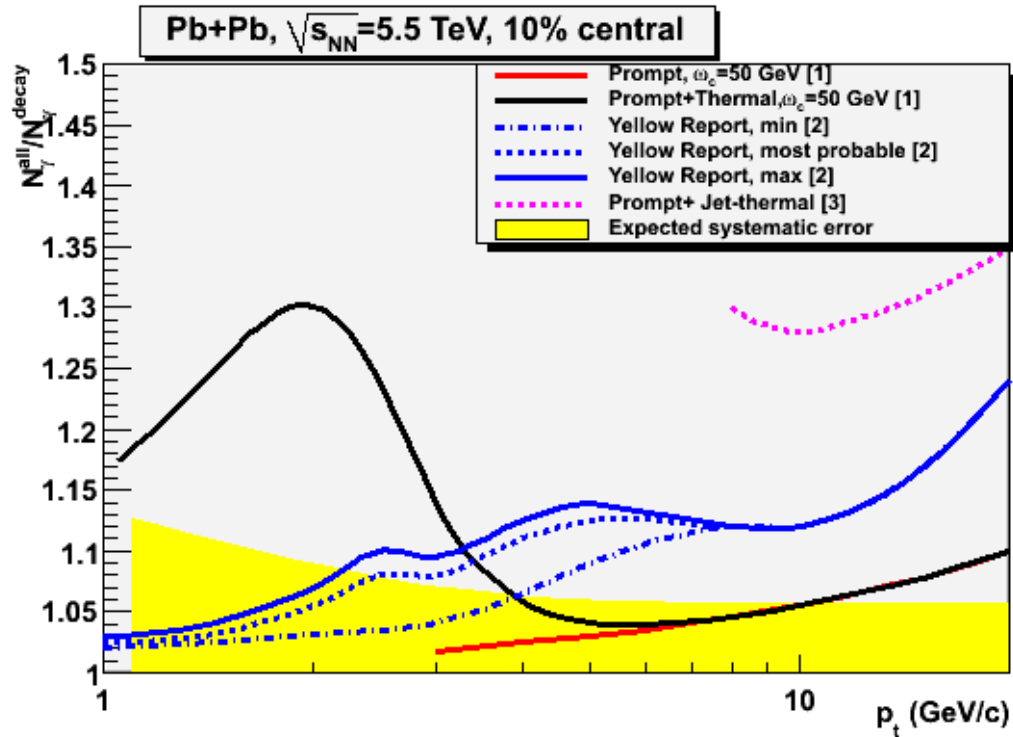
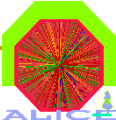


Spectrum of direct photons: PHENIX



$T_{ini} = 300$ to 600 MeV
 $\tau_0 = 0.15$ to 0.5 fm/c

Spectrum of direct photons: ALICE

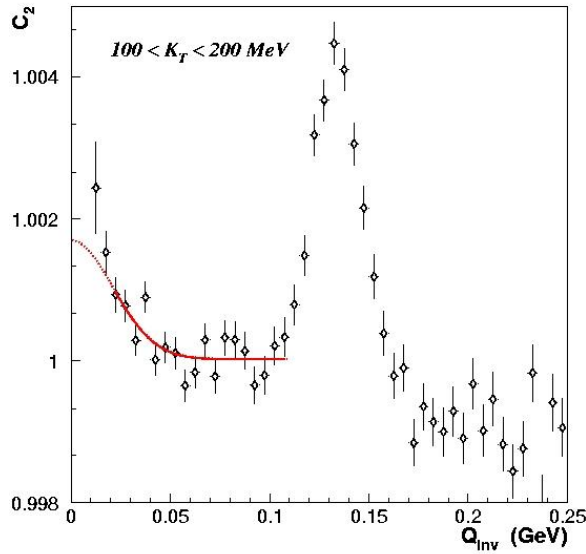


- [[1] N. Armesto, (ed.) et al. F.Arleo et al, **J.Phys.G35:054001, 2008**
 2+1 hydro, $T_{in}=650$ MeV, reach RHG EOS
 pQCD: CTEQ6.5M + nDSg, AKK+ $\omega_c=50$ GeV
 [[2] F. Arleo et al., (Yellow Report) **hep-ph/0311131**
 pQCD:CTEQ5M, KKP(BFGII for γ),
 EKS98+Eloss(0 for γ)
 [[3] S.Tubide et al., **Phys.Rev.C72:014906,2005**

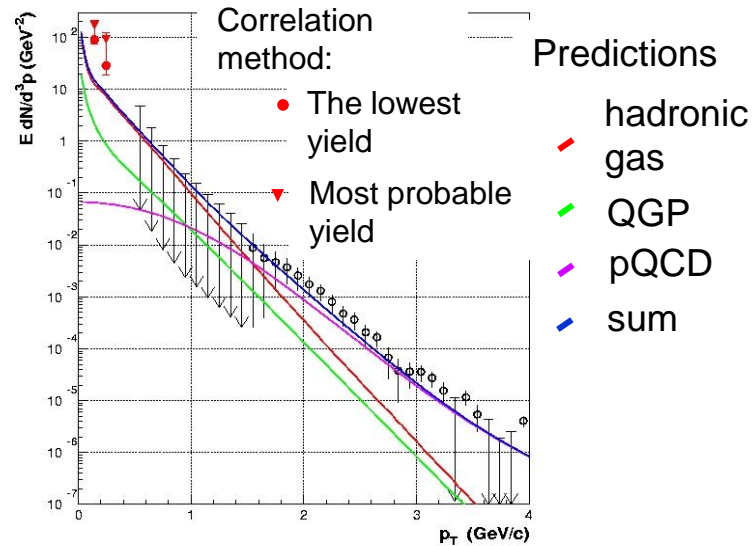
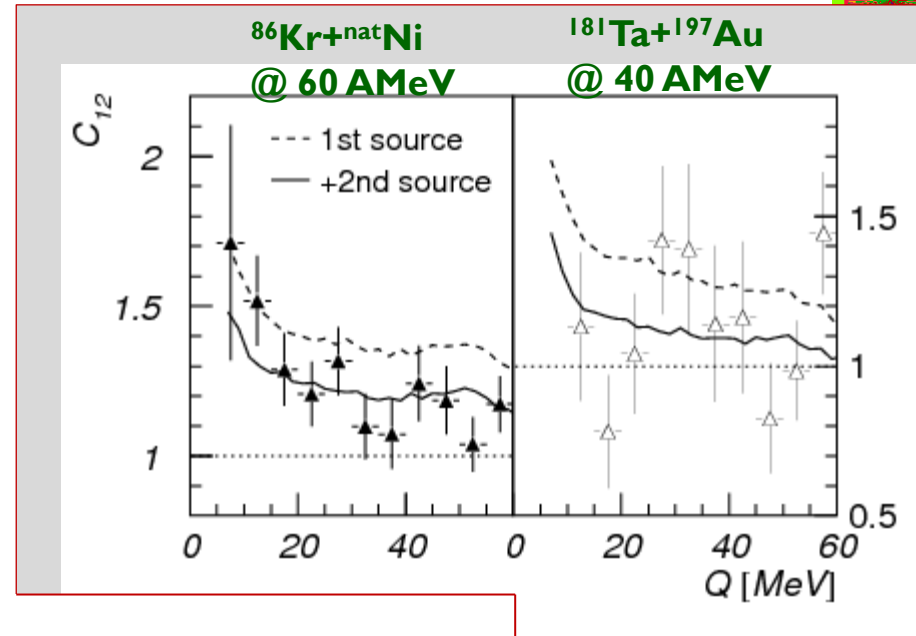
To estimate expected systematic error extrapolate PHENIX results to ALICE accounting S/Bg ratio, difference in amount of material, resolutions etc.



Direct photon HBT



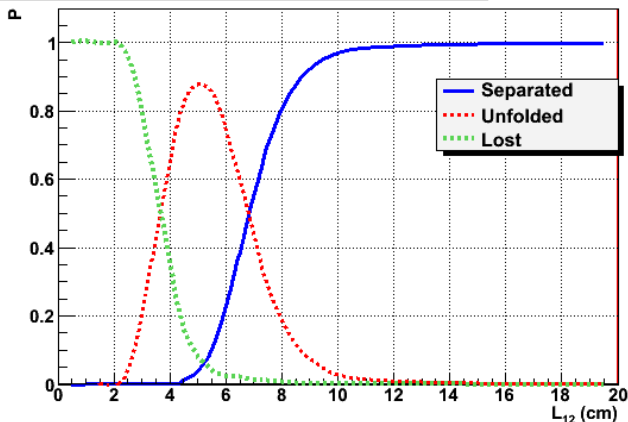
M.M. Aggarwal et al., Phys.Rev.Lett.93:022301,(2004)



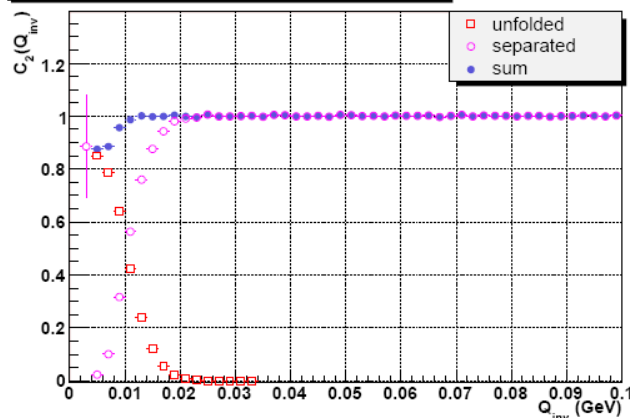
M.Marques et al., (TAPS collaboration) PRL 73 (1994) 34.

Direct photon HBT in ALICE/PHOS, MC

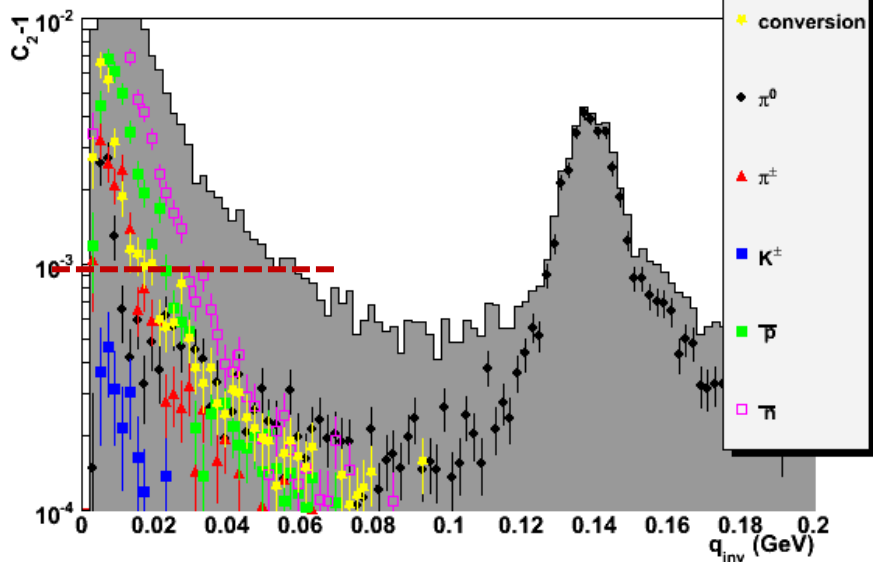
Probability to unfold, $(0.50 < p_1 < 0.75) + (0.50 < p_2 < 0.75)$



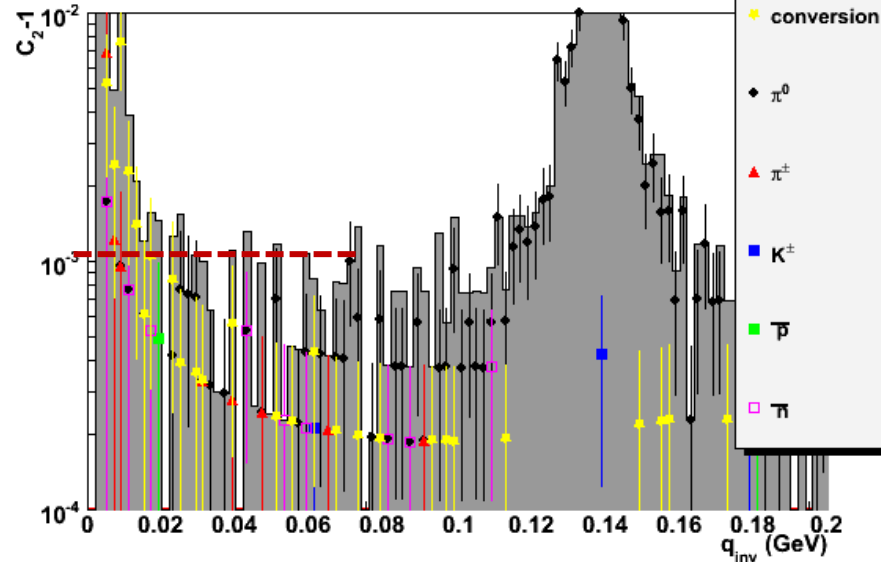
Single photons, $L_{12} > 4$ cm, $0.5 < K_T < 1.0$ GeV



Hijing, PID: CPV, Common parents

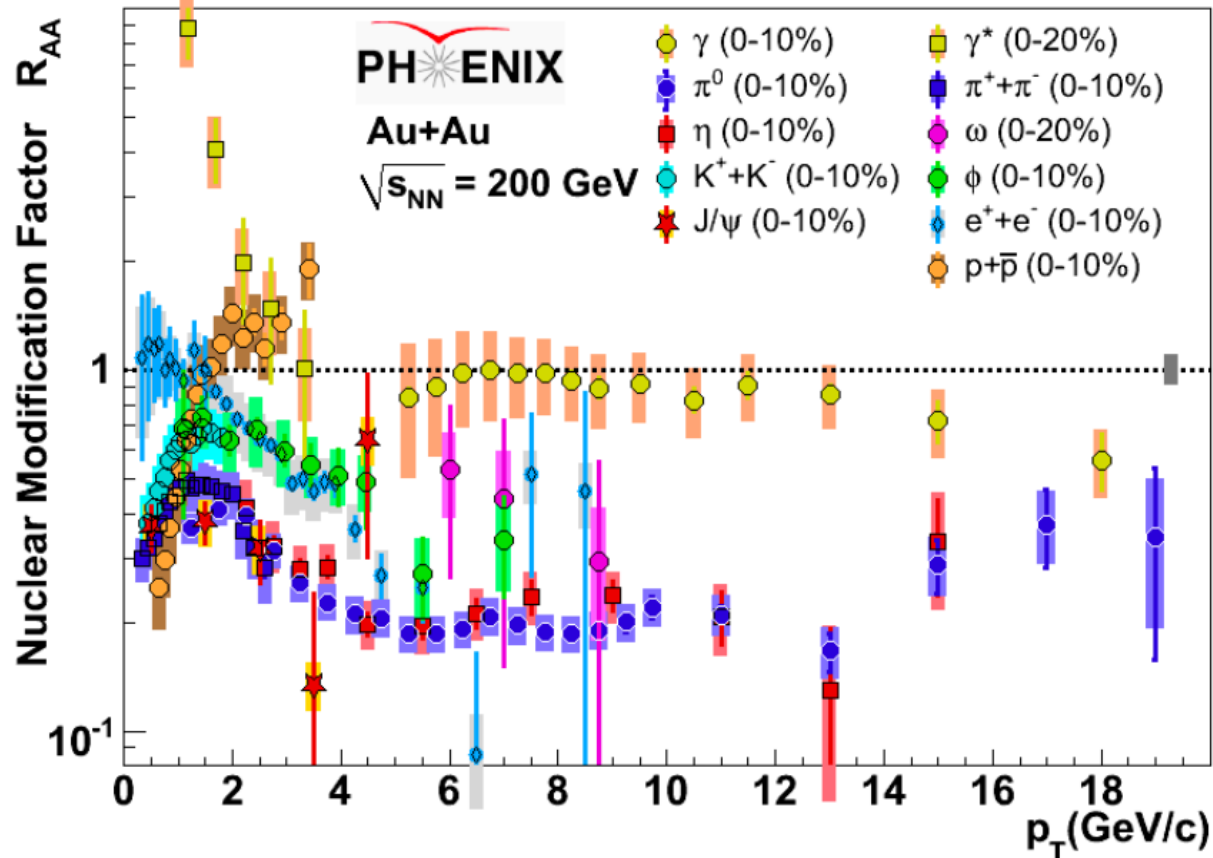


Hijing, PID: TOF+Dispersion+CPV, Common parents



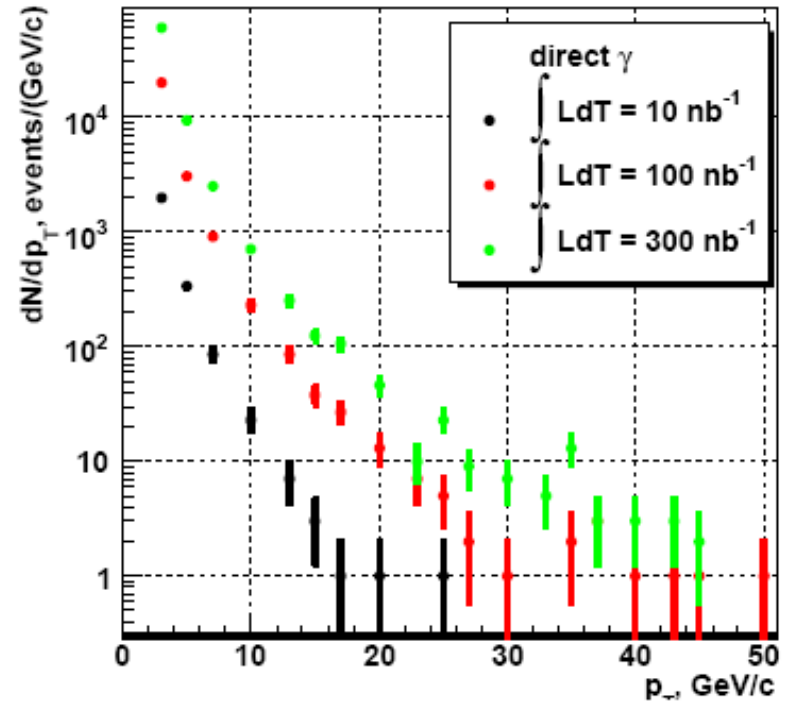
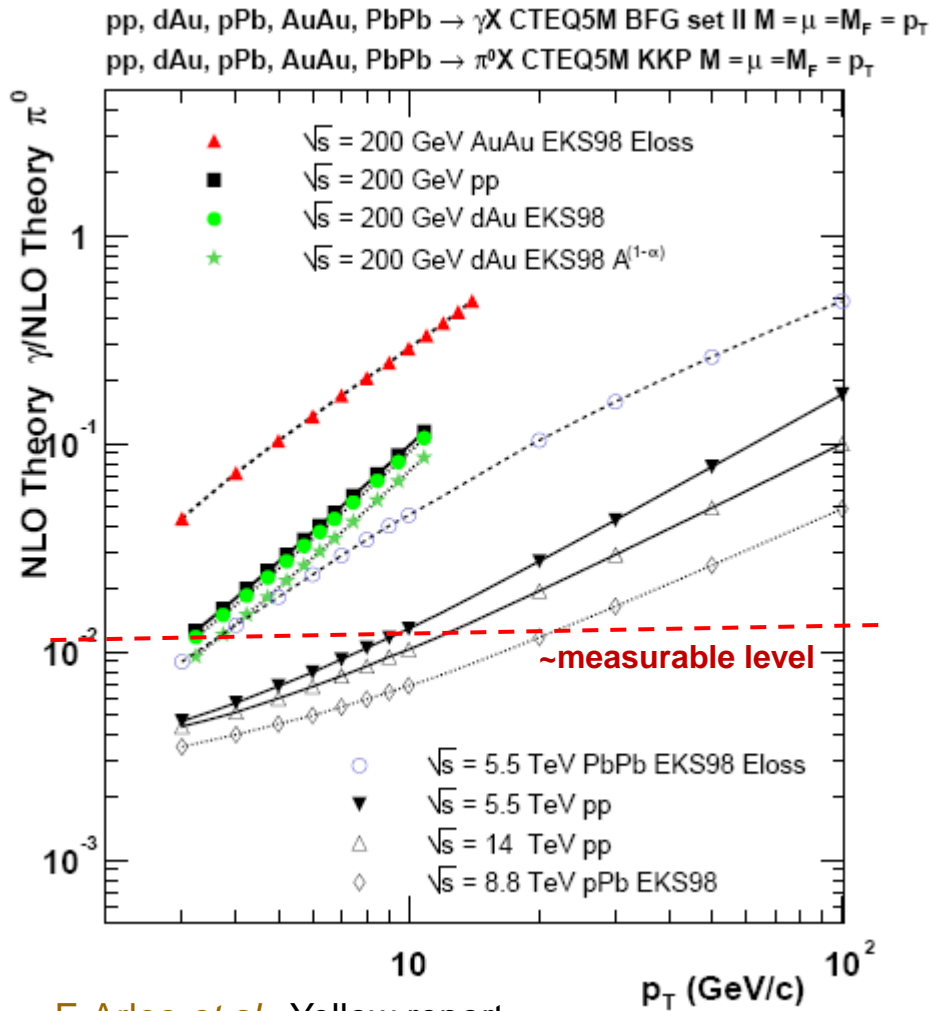
Direct photons and hadron R_{AA} in AA collisions: RHIC

[PHENIX, QM2009]



Direct photons scale as with N_{part} and provide calibration of the initial state of AA collisions.

Direct photon R_{AA} in ALICE

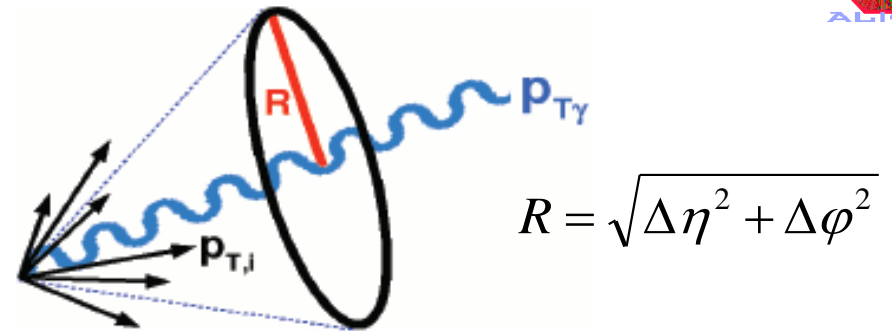


So far ALICE collected ~ 15 nb $^{-1}$

[F. Arleo et al.](#) Yellow report,
 CERN-2004-009-D, [hep-ph/0311131](#)



Isolated photons



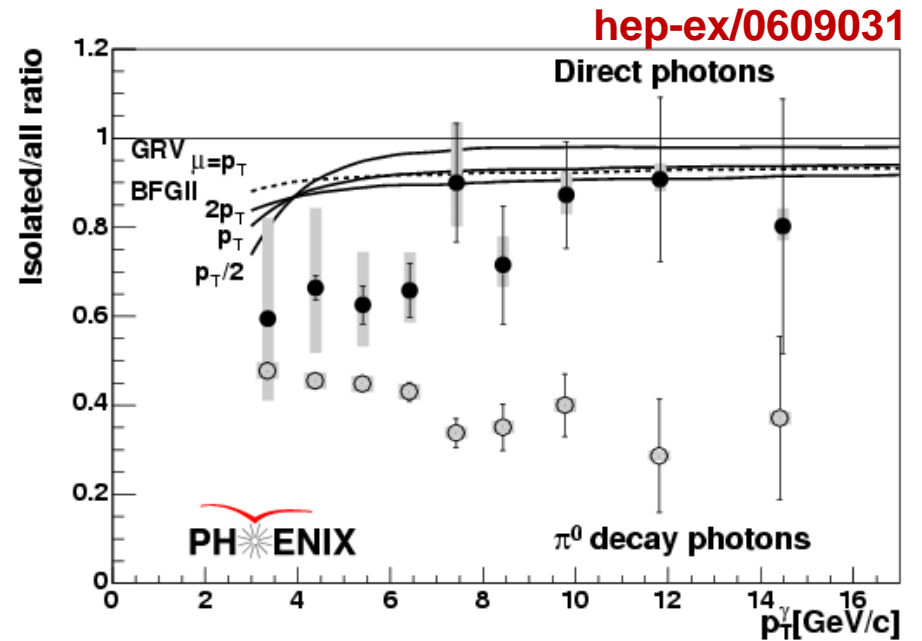
In pp collisions:

$$\sum p_{T_i} \leq \varepsilon \cdot p_{T_\gamma}$$

In PbPb collisions

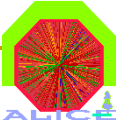
$$\sum p_{T_i} \leq p_T^{cut}$$

Due to underlying event one should use fixed cut

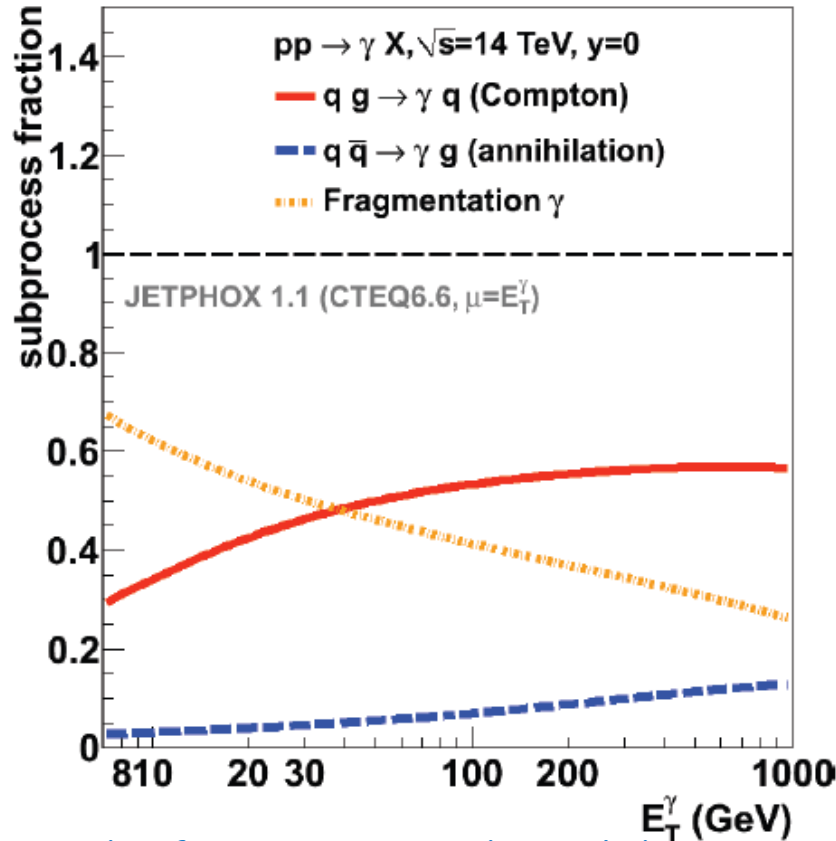


Due to limited acceptance of ALICE use $R = 0.4$

Isolation of fragmentation photons

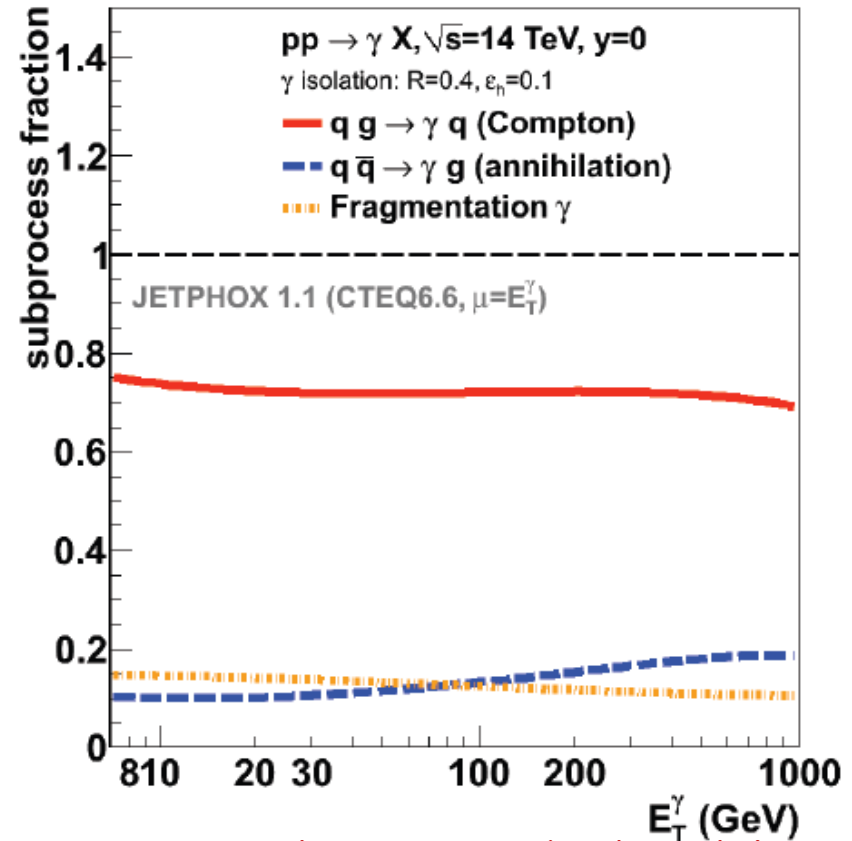


All direct photons



- The fragmentation channel dominates at low p_T
- After ~ 35 GeV the Compton channel dominates.

Isolated

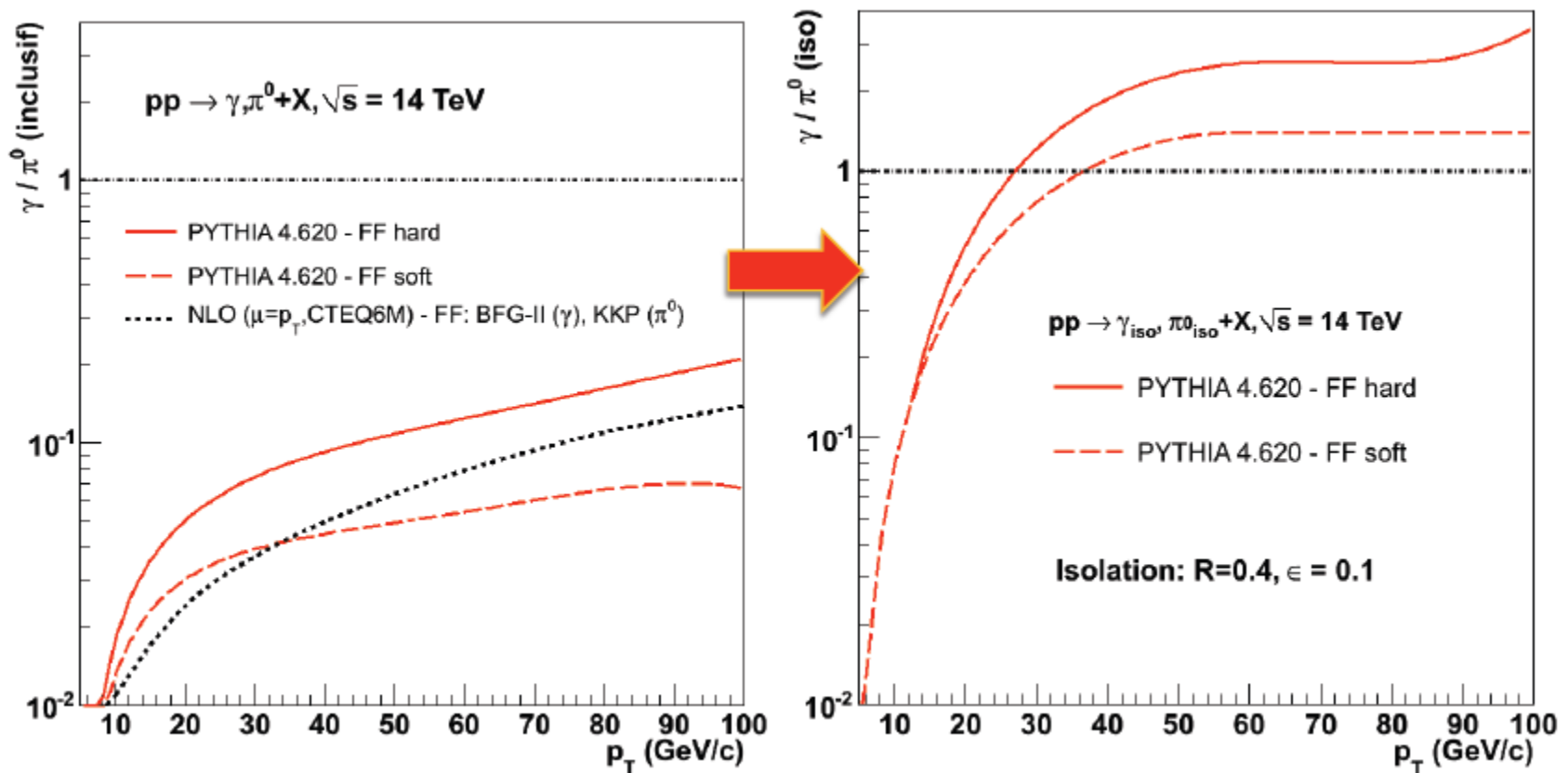
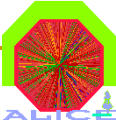


- Increase the Compton (and annihilation) contributions.
- Decrease strongly the fragmentation channel

Raphaëlle Ichou, Ph.D thesis 2010

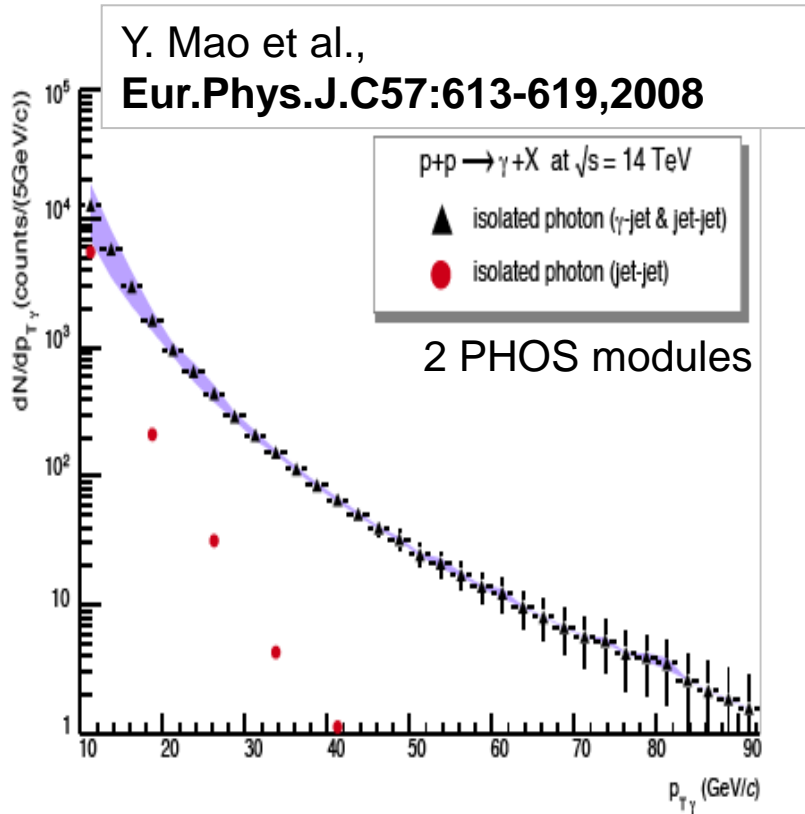


Isolated photons: spectrum



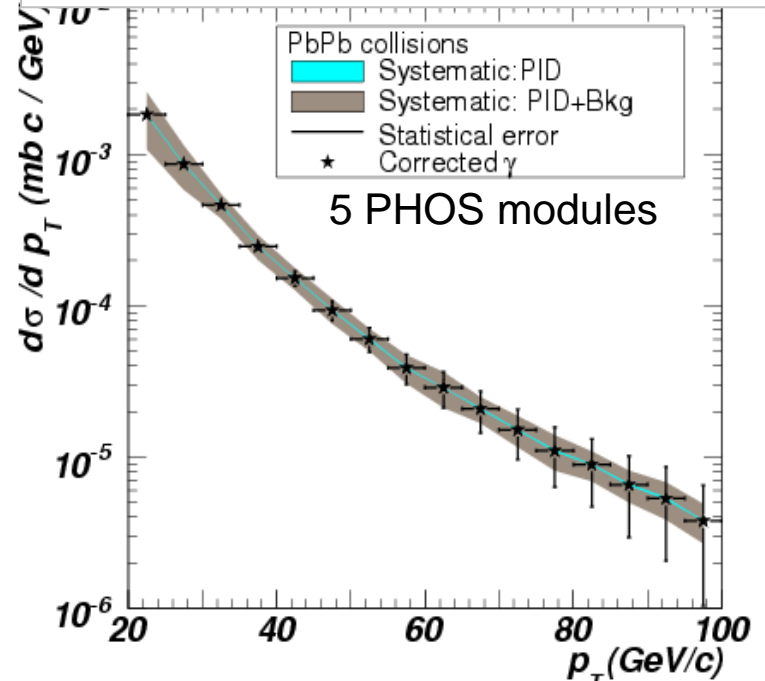
$$E \frac{d^3 \sigma^{iso \gamma}}{d^3 p} = \frac{1}{2\pi p_T} \frac{1}{p(\gamma | \gamma)} \left[\frac{N_{cluster}^{iso} id \gamma}{L \times \epsilon_{iso} \times \epsilon_{reco} \times A \times \Delta y \times \Delta p_T} - p(\gamma | \pi^0) \frac{d\sigma^{iso \pi^0}}{dp_T} \right]$$

Isolated direct photons



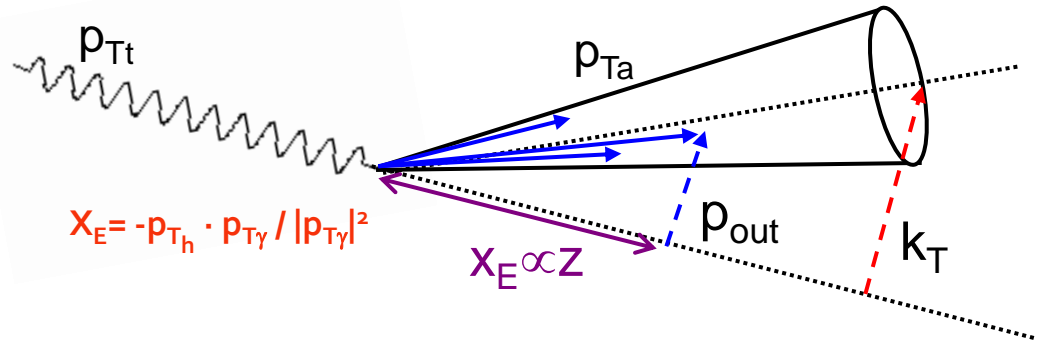
IC: $R = 0.3, \Sigma(p_T) = 2$ GeV/c

G. Conesa et al.,
ALICE-INT-2005-014, NIM A 580 (2007) 1446



IC: $R = 0.2, p_T > 2$ GeV/c

Isolated photons: jet tagging



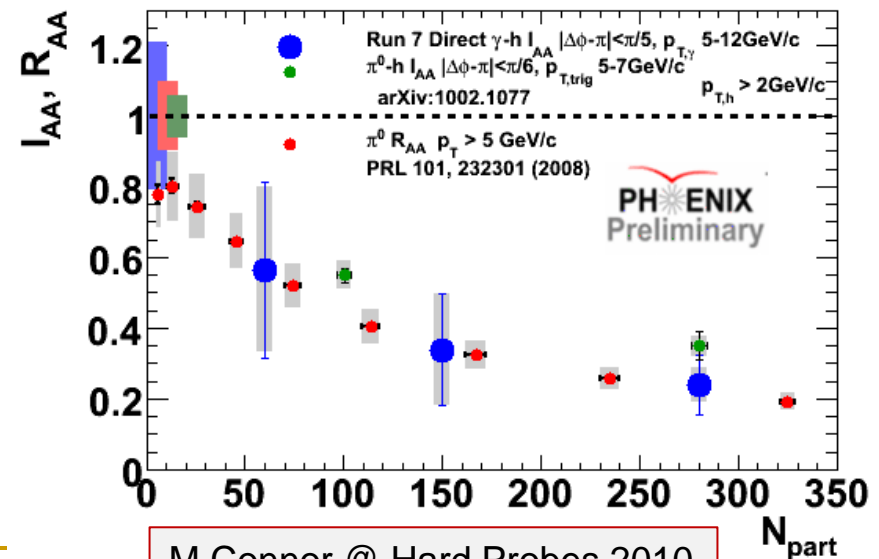
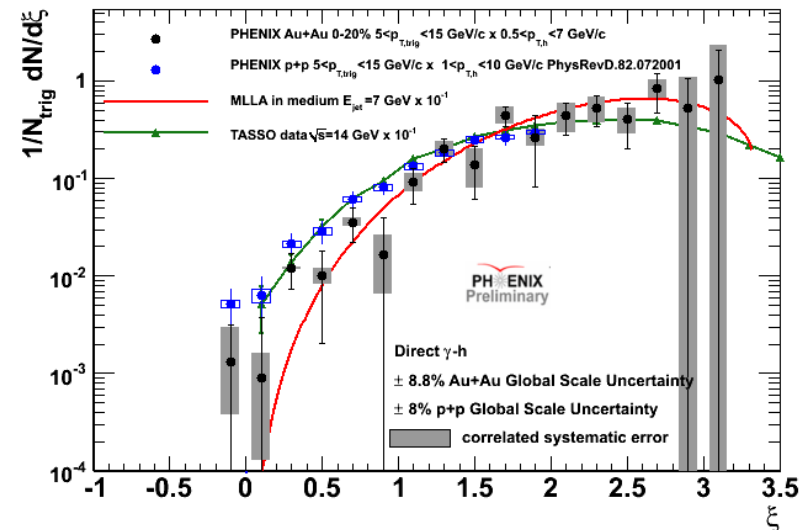
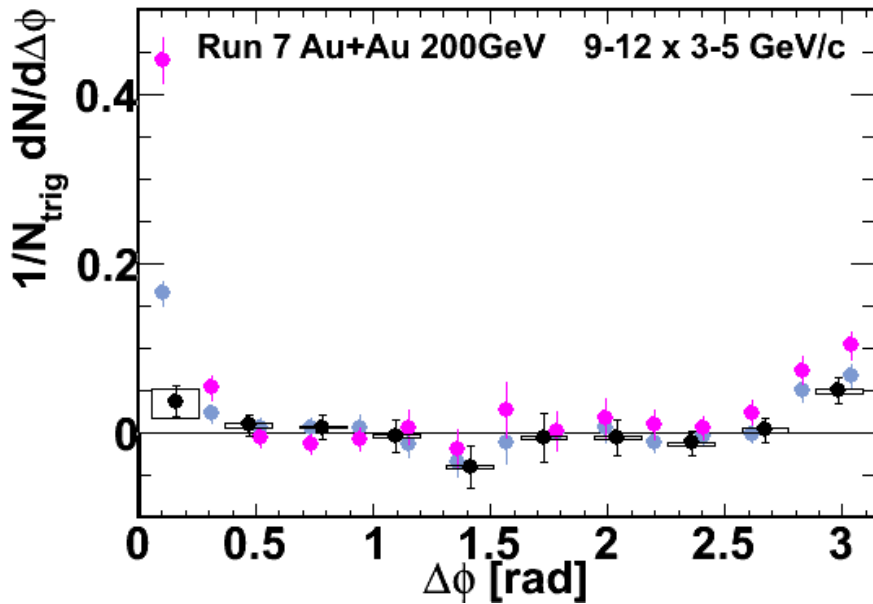
- Direct access of jet modification & medium response
- Clean way to measure Fragmentation Functions:
 - approximate z with x_E
 - Caveat: k_T smears relation $z \leftrightarrow x_E$
- Systematic control on geometrical bias

$$I_{AA} = \frac{(N^{ta}/N^t)_{Au+Au}}{(N^{ta}/N^t)_{p+p}}$$

Look at modification of FF in AA collisions with respect to pp

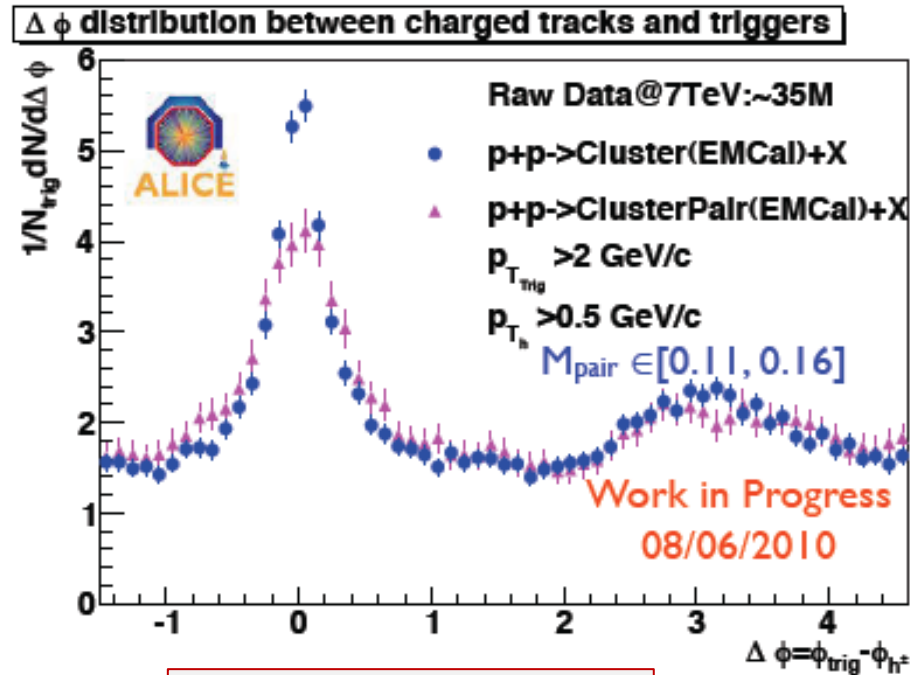
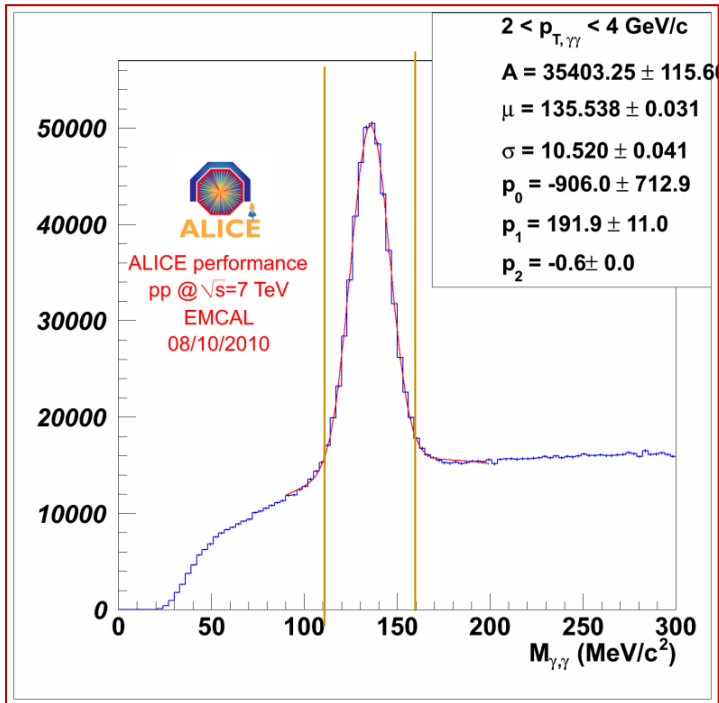
Gamma-jet correlations: PHENIX

A. Adare et al (PHENIX) PRC 80, 024908 (2009)



M.Connor @ Hard Probes 2010

Correlation function with direct photons

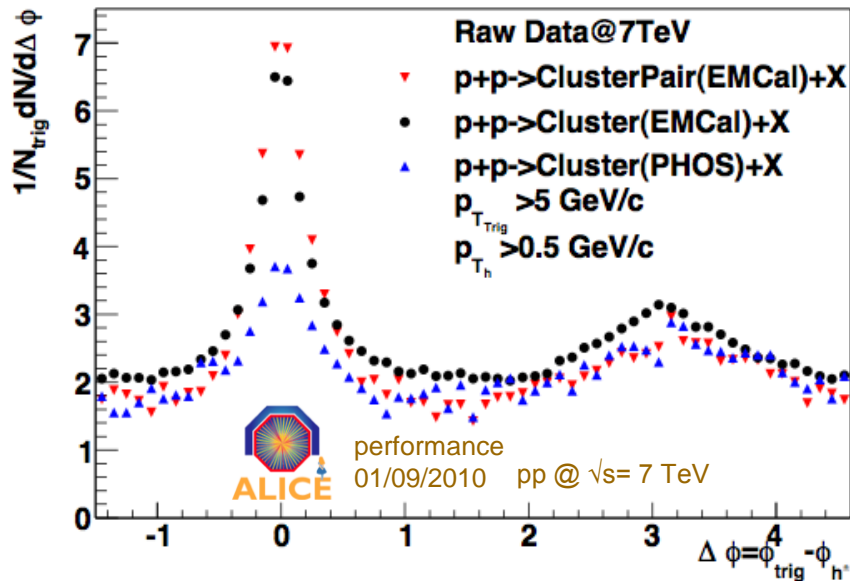


Y.Mao @ Hot Quarks 2010

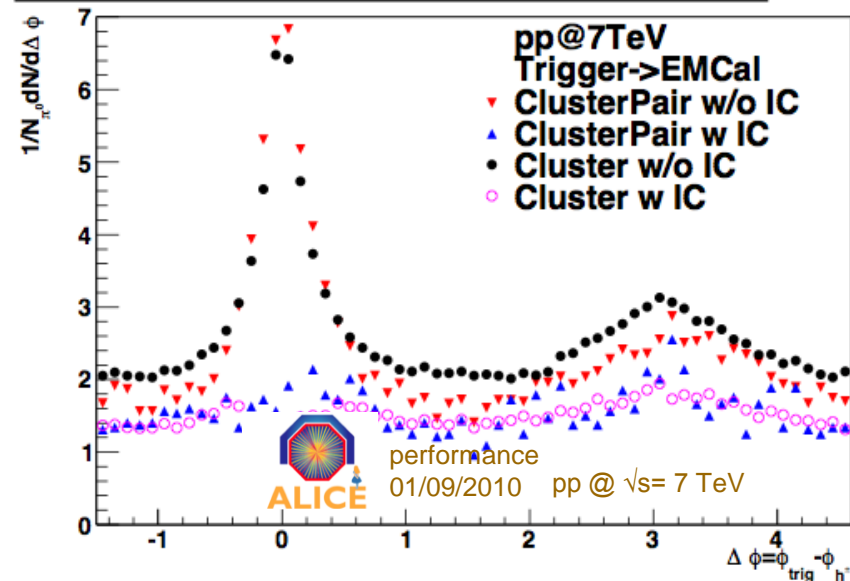
- Started analysis
- First results are promising...

Correction functions with isolated triggers

$\Delta\phi$ distribution between charged tracks and triggers



$\Delta\phi$ distribution between charged tracks and clusters



- Correlation of Charged Tracks / PHOS clusters / EMCAL clusters with charged hadrons measured in TPC+ITS.
 - Left Plot: Near (mainly π^0 for EM calorimeters) and away side correlation shows a jet-like structure
 - Right plot: Applying isolation cuts to clusters or π^0 , the away side correlation remains: single π^0 - jets and/or direct-photon - jet ?
- Consolidate the isolation cut, extract kT, FF.

Y.Mao @ Hot Quarks 2010

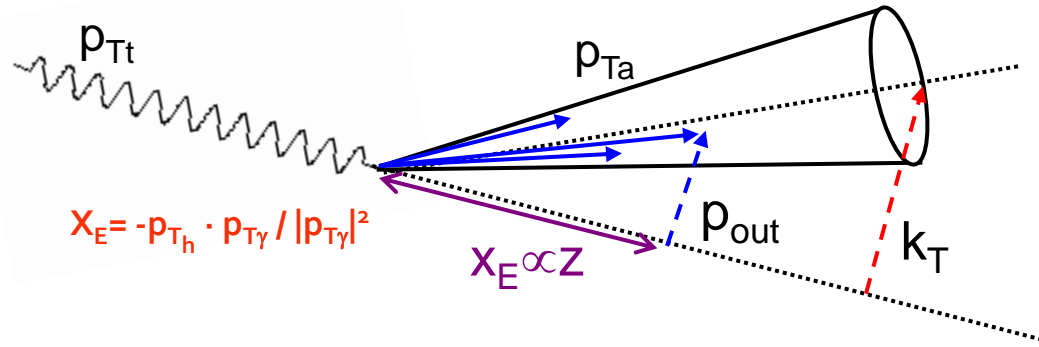
Conclusions

- Photons provide the possibility to study a large variety of characteristics of heavy-ion collisions
- ALICE measures photons in detectors based on different technologies which provide reliable cross-check
- Ongoing analyses look promising.

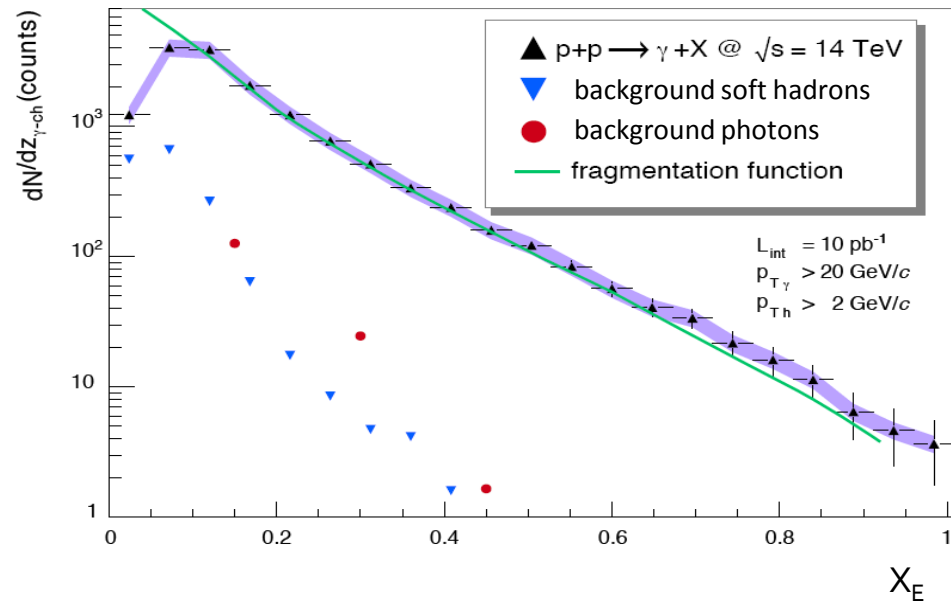
Backup slides



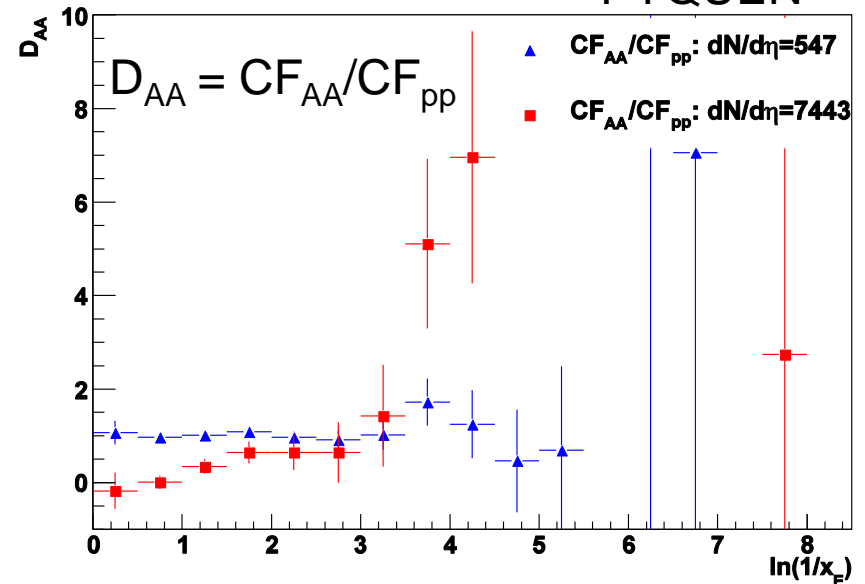
γ -h correlation in pp and AA



EPJC (2008) 57: Y. Mao



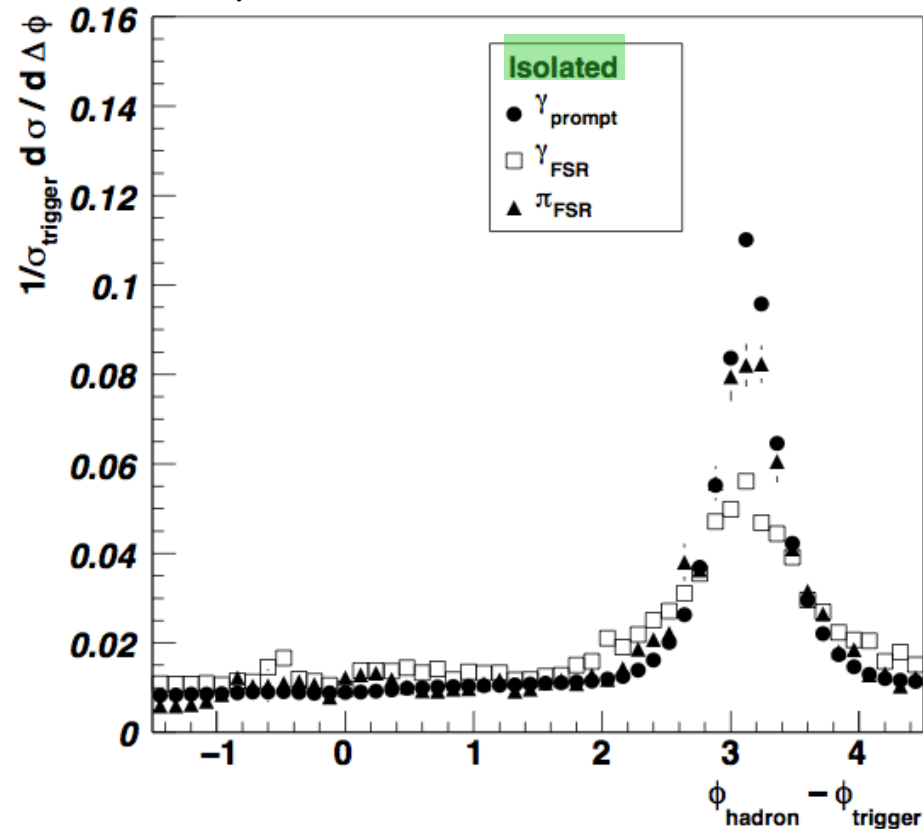
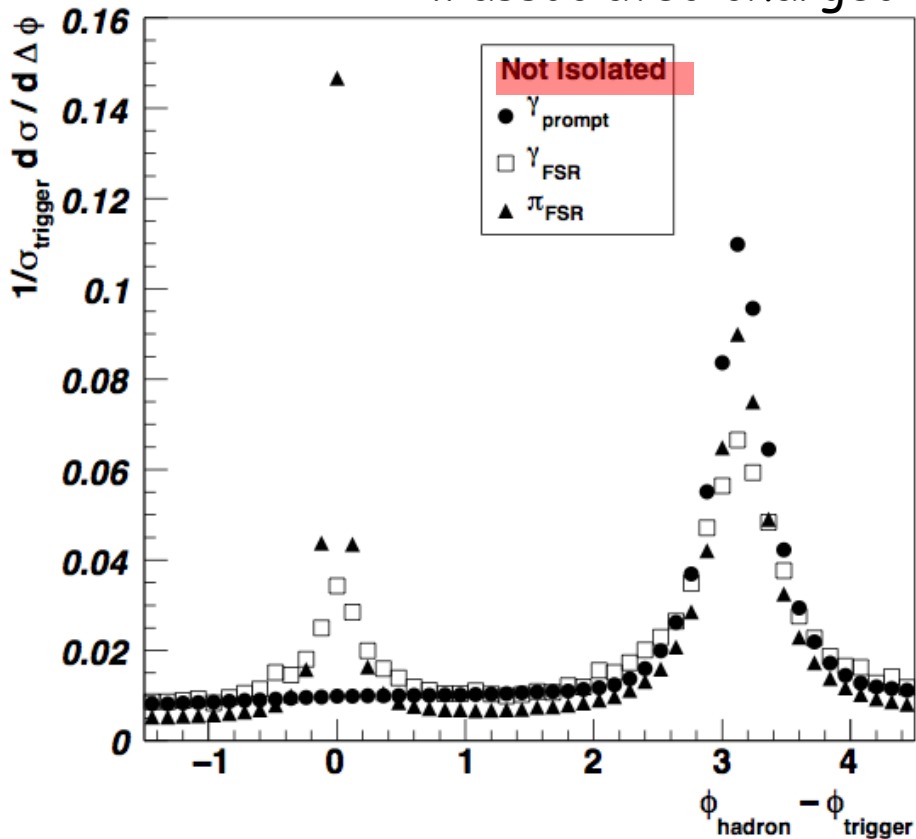
CF ratio from AA and from pp



γ -hadron correlations

PYTHIA pp collisions $\sqrt{s}=14$ TeV

All associated charged hadrons with $p_T > 2$ GeV/c

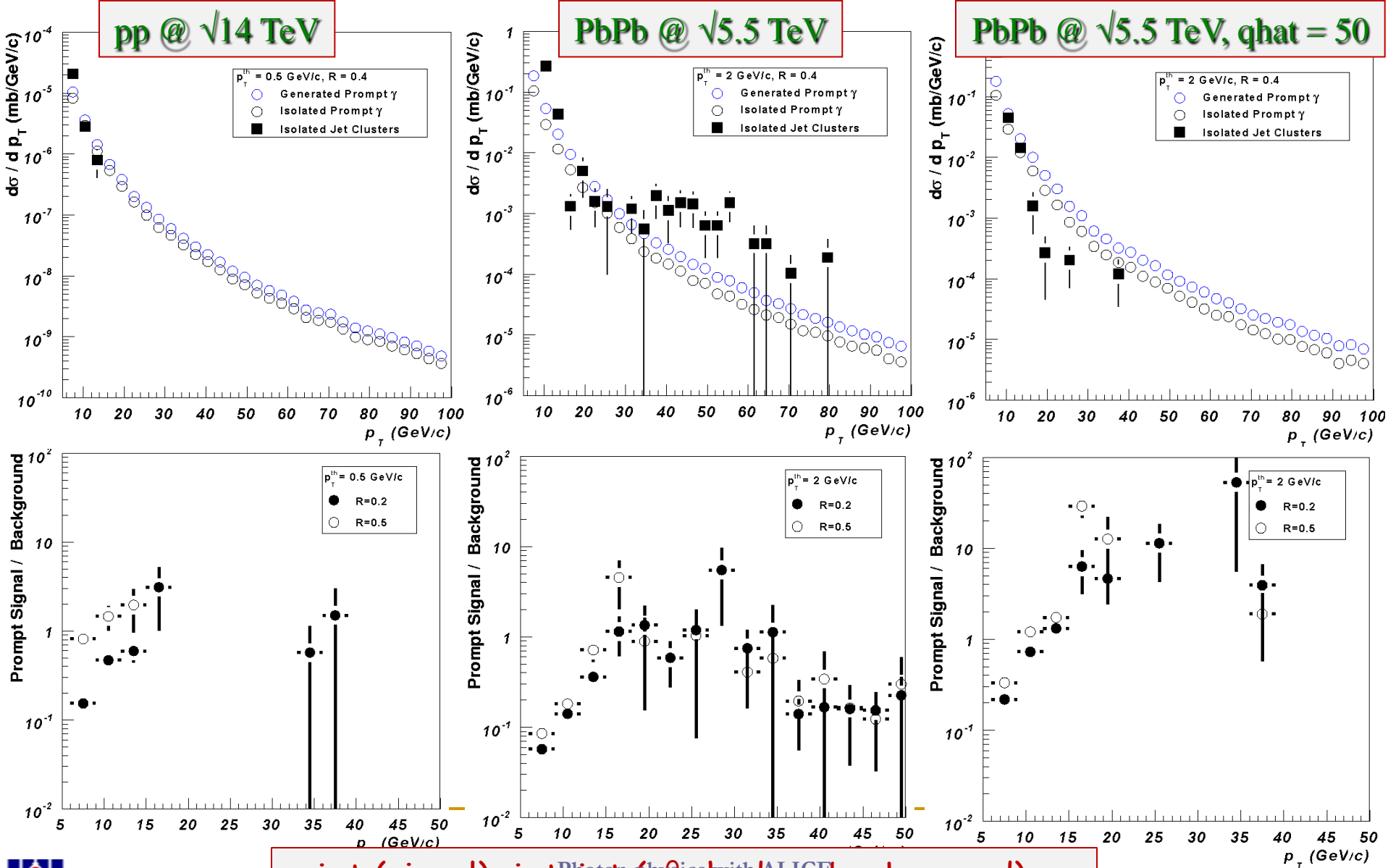


G. Conesa, Proceedings of Science, PoS (HIGH-pTLHC) 003



Isolated Spectra in EMCAL

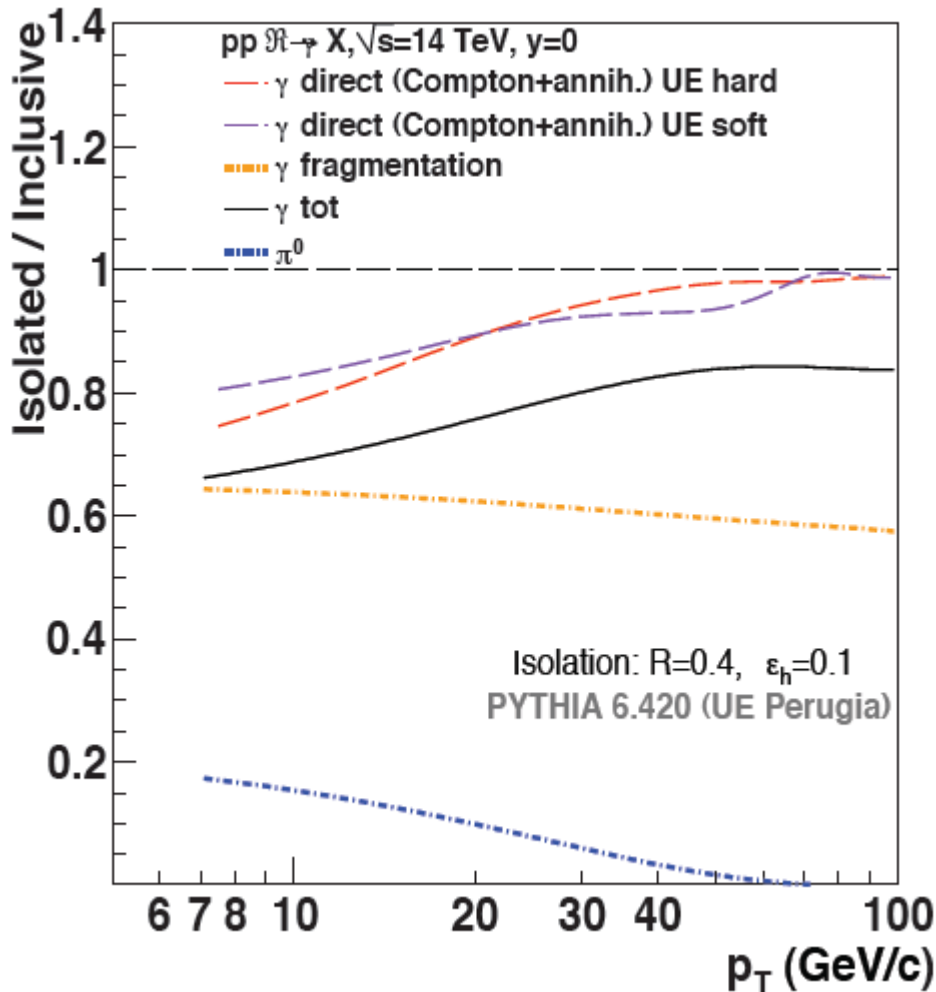
pp = PYTHIA
 PbPb = PYTHIA (signal) + HIJING (UE)
 Full reconstruction in ALICE



γ -jet (signal); jet-jet (π^0 -hadron background)



Influence of isolation on different sources



Pythia MSUB(14) =1 : Annihila5on ON

Pythia MSUB(29) =1 : Compton ON

PYTHIA6.420 :

* UE Perugia hard :

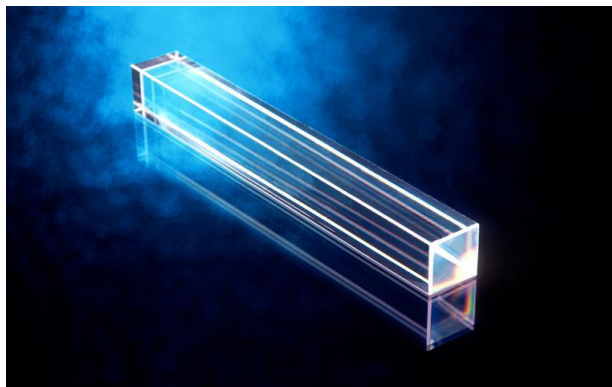
more ISR/FSR, less MPI & beam remnants

* UE Perugia sol :

less ISR/FSR, more MPI & beam remnants

- 80%-100% of Compton and annihila5on photons
- 60% of fragmenta5on photons
- 70%-85% of total photons
- 20%-1% of π^0

PHOton Spectrometer: PHOS

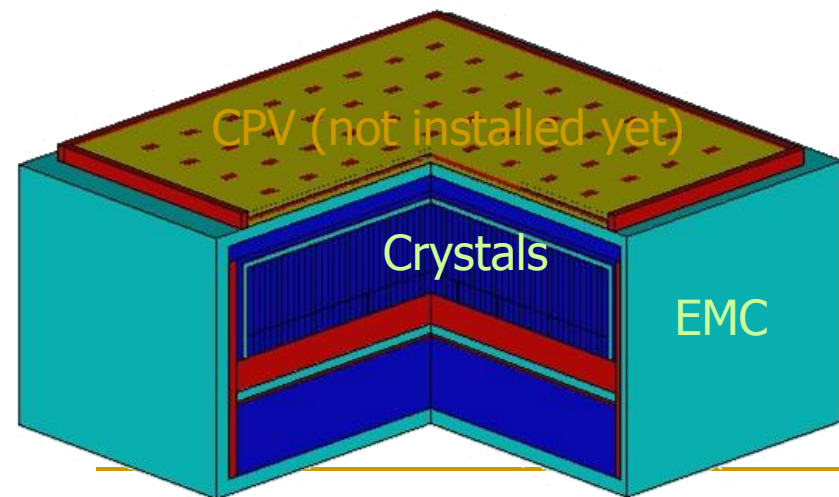


■ High granularity and resolution spectrometer:

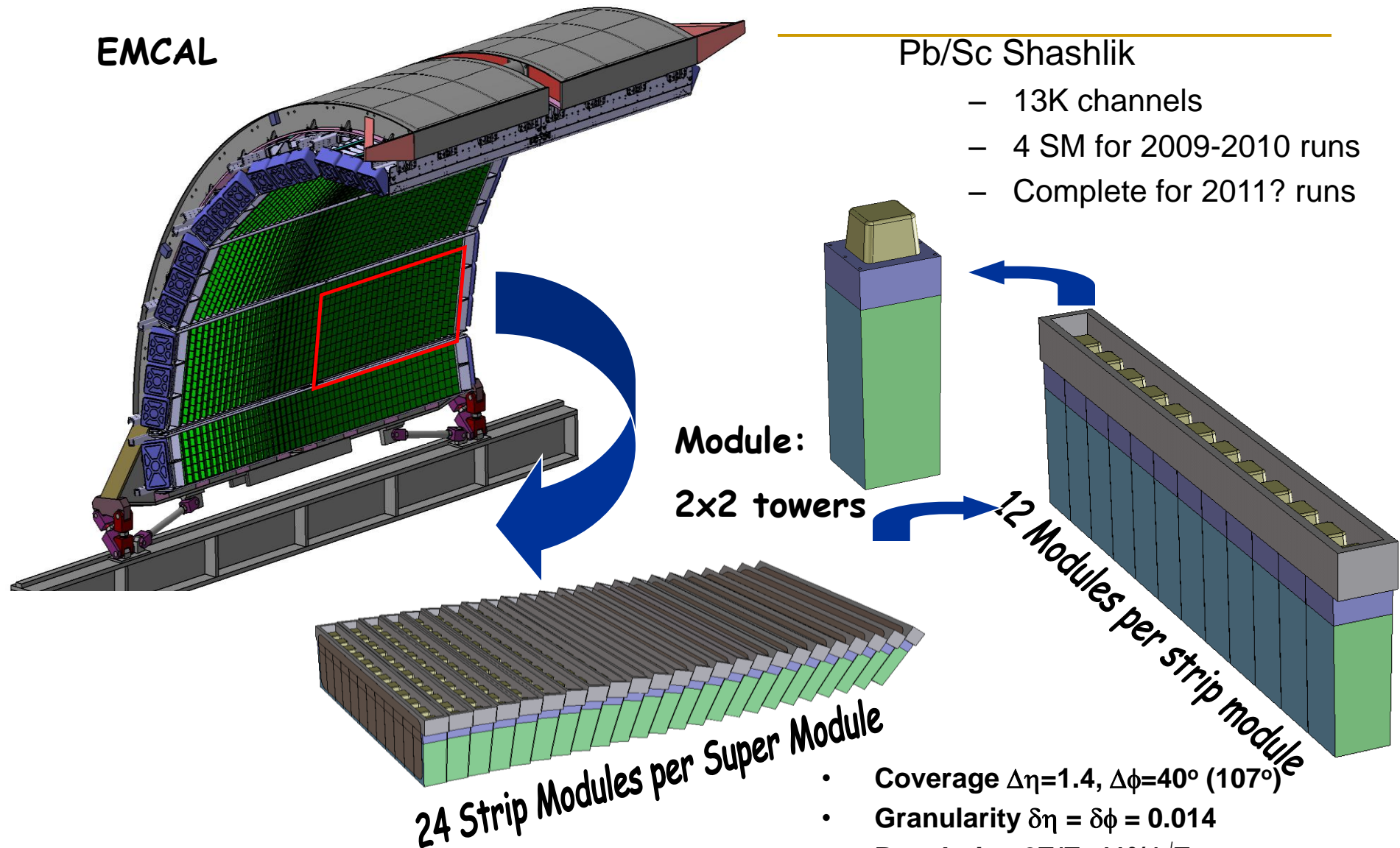
- 10,752 (17,920) lead-tungstate crystals (PbWO_4), 3(5) modules (56×64 crystals per module)
- crystal size: $22 \times 22 \times 180 \text{ mm}^3$
- depth in radiation length: 20
- Distance to IP: 4.4 m
- Acceptance:
 - pseudo-rapidity $[-0.12, 0.12]$
 - azimuthal angle $60^\circ(100^\circ)$
- For $E > 10 \text{ GeV}$,
 $\Delta E/E < 1.5\%$ and $\sigma_x = [0.5, 2.5] \text{ mm}$

■ Focus on low and moderate p_T

- High resolution π^0 and η
- Thermal photons



- 13K channels
- 4 SM for 2009-2010 runs
- Complete for 2011? runs



24 Strip Modules per Super Module

12 Modules per strip module

- Coverage $\Delta\eta=1.4$, $\Delta\phi=40^\circ$ (107°)
- Granularity $\delta\eta = \delta\phi = 0.014$
- Resolution $\delta E/E=11\%/\sqrt{E}$,
 $\sigma_x=[3,50]$
- Focus on moderate to high p_T

π^0 and η
prompt direct photon
jet

