# Search for scalar top quark pair production at the CMS experiment





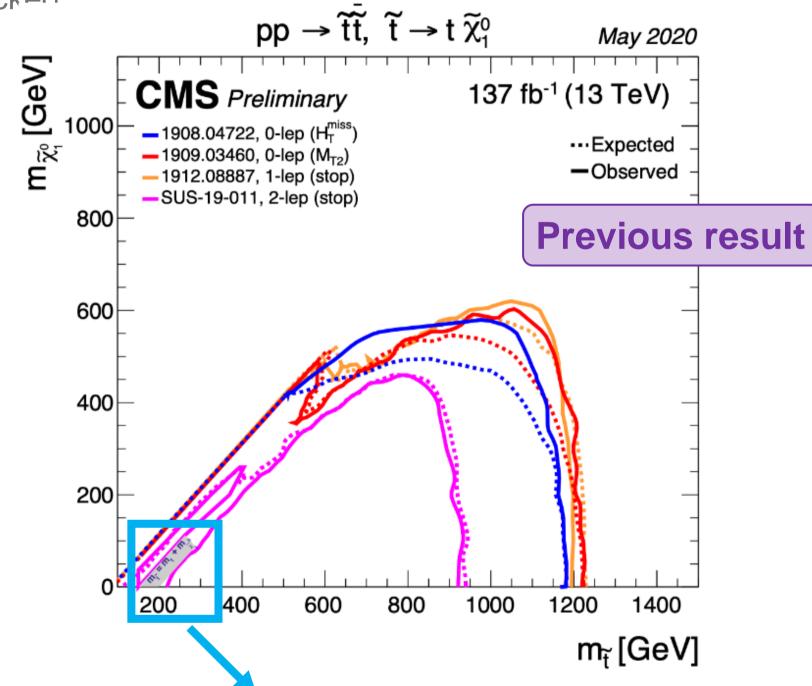
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# Eur. Phys. J. C 81 (2021) 970

### **MOTIVATION**

- > The stop quark plays an essential role in understanding the SUSY models.
- > Several searches with the full Run 2 dataset have performed by the CMS Collaboration excluding stop masses up to 1.2 TeV, but most of these searches are not sensitive in the so-called "top corridor". This region requires special care because...

Fig 1. Summary of the exclusion limits obtained with full Run 2 dataset by the CMS Collaboration. The gray band on the bottom corresponds to the top corridor region, which is still blancked



### **TOP CORRIDOR**

- The mass difference between stop and neutralino is close to the top mass.
- Signal and  $t\bar{t}$  background have kinematics, especially at low neutralino masses.
- Signal events can only be detected as an excess on the  $t\bar{t}$  cross section.
- > Combination of three searches with 0, 1 and 2 leptons in the final state is also presented in this paper:
- Hadronic: Phys. Rev. D 104 (2021) 052001
- Single lepton: <u>JHEP 05 (2020) 032</u>
- Dileptons: Eur. Phys. J. C81(2021) 3

### TOP CORRIDOR ANALYSIS Event selection: $\ell\ell$ , $\geq$ 2 jets, $\geq$ 1 b-tagged jet, $p_T^{miss} \geq$ 50 GeV, $m_{\rm T2} \geq$ 80 GeV. ▶Backgrounds: Main background Fig 2. Data/MC Total unc. $\widetilde{t} \rightarrow t \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \ (m_{\widetilde{t}} = 225 \ \text{GeV}, \ m_{\widetilde{\tau}^0} = 50 \ \text{GeV})^{-1}$ is $t\bar{t}$ due to the similar kinematics with the signal process in this $p_T^{miss}$ and $m_{ m T2}$ region. It is estimated from MC distributions. with an accurate knowledge to have sensitivity. >Main strategy: use a parametric Deep Neural Network to separate signal from background. By introducing stop and LSP masses in the training we exploit the kinematic differences to maximize sensitivity. With one DNN we have an specific model for each mass point! $\widetilde{t} \rightarrow t\widetilde{\chi}^0_1 (m_{\widetilde{t}} = 275 \text{ GeV}, m_{\widetilde{v}^0} = 100 \text{ GeV})$ $\widetilde{t} \rightarrow t\widetilde{\chi}_{\star}^{0} (m_{\widetilde{\star}} = 275 \text{ GeV}, m_{\widetilde{s}^{0}} = 100 \text{ GeV})$ $\widetilde{\mathsf{t}} \to \mathsf{t} \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \, (m_{\widetilde{\mathsf{t}}} = 225 \, \mathsf{GeV}, \, m_{\widetilde{\gamma}^0}^{\chi_1} = 50 \, \mathsf{GeV})$ $\widetilde{\mathsf{t}} \to \mathsf{t} \widetilde{\chi}^0_+ (m_{\widetilde{\mathsf{t}}} = 225 \, \mathsf{GeV}, \, m_{\widetilde{z}^0} = 50 \, \mathsf{GeV})$ $\widetilde{t} \rightarrow t\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ ( $m_{\widetilde{t}} = 175 \text{ GeV}, m_{\widetilde{z}^{0}}^{\chi_{1}} = 1 \text{ GeV}$ ) Signal models $t\bar{t}$ and stop have have also different shapes different shapes $m_{T2}(e\mu)$ (GeV)

# COMBINATION

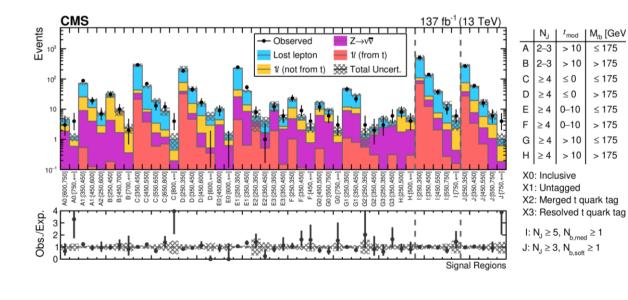
### Fully hadronic analysis:

- High Δm: advanced jet tagging algorithms to identify hadronically decaying top quarks and W bosons.
- Low Δm: dedicated algorithm to identify very low  $p_T$  B hadrons.

# Single lepton analysis:

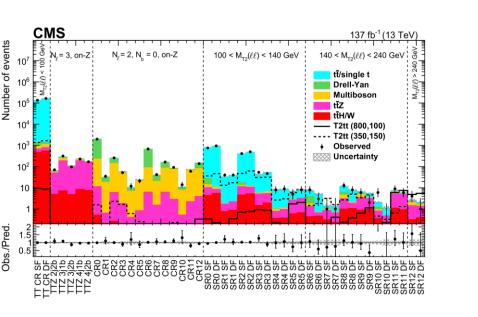
Fig 3. Normalized  $p_T^{miss}$  and  $m_{T2}$  distributions for  $t\bar{t}$  in black and three signal models in other colours.

- $M_T$  to suppress  $t\bar{t}$ +jets/W+jets.
- Modified topness (  $t_{mod}$  ) to discriminate against  $t\bar{t}$ .
- Hadronic top tagger categories (unmerged, merged resolved).



### Dilepton analysis:

- $p_T^{miss}$  Significance to supress Drell-Yan.
- $m_{\mathrm{T2}}(\ell\ell)$  and  $m_{\mathrm{T2}}(b\ell b\ell)$ to suppress  $t\bar{t}$ +jets.
- ttZ(Z→inv) main irreducible background.



### Fig 4. Postfit data/MC agreement distributions of the different signal regions in each analysis.

# RESULTS

DNN distribution in different signal points... >The DNN score has different shapes due to the parametric training: there is one signal background distribution for each mass point.

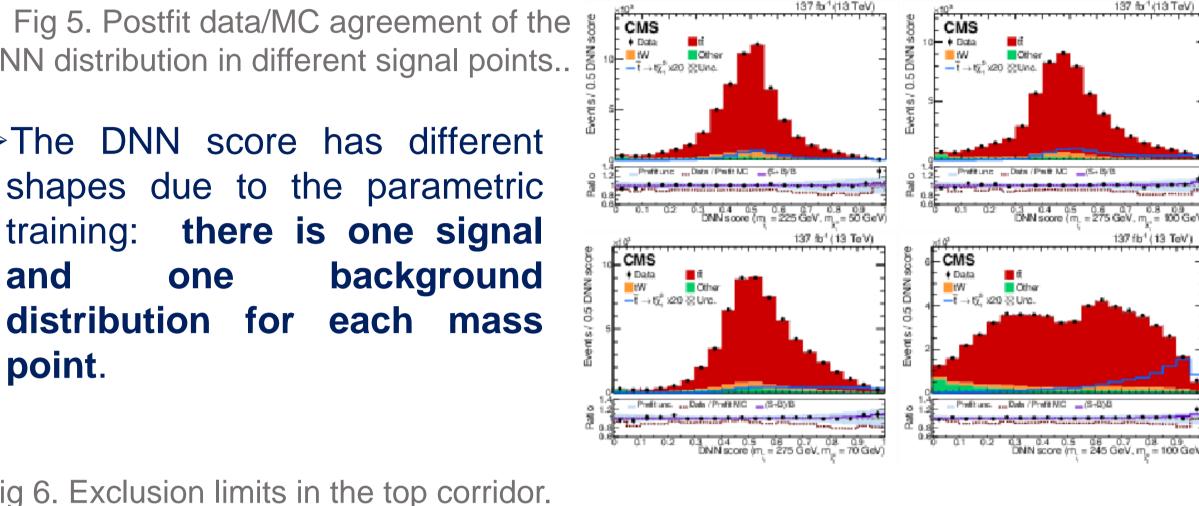


Fig 6. Exclusion limits in the top corridor. 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)  $\mathsf{pp} \to \widetilde{\mathsf{t}}_{1}^{-}\widetilde{\widetilde{\mathsf{t}}}_{1}^{-}, \ \widetilde{\mathsf{t}}_{1}^{-} \to \mathsf{t} \ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ Approx. NNLO-NNLL exclusion Search region

>No excess is observed and for the signal extraction the DNN output is used.

> Results are presented in terms of upper limits on the production cross section of top squark pairs at 95% confidence level for the T2tt model.

Full top corridor region is excluded for the first time by CMS!

## RESULTS

>A statistical combination of the results of the 3 searches is extending the performed, sensitivity to stop neutralino masses by about 50 GeV.

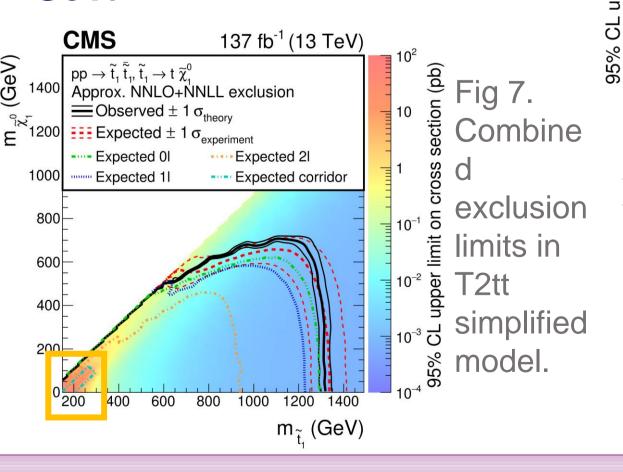
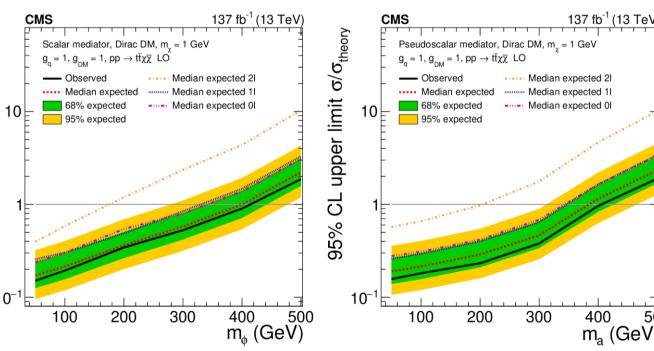


Fig 8. Upper limits on the cross section for different  $\phi$  and a mediator masses.



>Results are also interpreted in an alternative **DM signal** model where a scalar (φ) or pseudoscalar (a) particle mediates the interaction between the DM candidate particle and SM quarks.

# REFERENCES

CMS Collaboration, "Combined searches for the production of supersymmetric top quark partners in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s}$ = 13 TeV", Eur. Phys. J. C 81 (2021) 970

