

# SEARCHES FOR BSM PHYSICS USING CHALLENGING AND LONG-LIVED SIGNATURES WITH THE ATLAS DETECTOR

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*on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration*

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# The 'new' dimension



LHC experiments have extensively searched for New Physics in the prompt regime or 'invisible' final states.

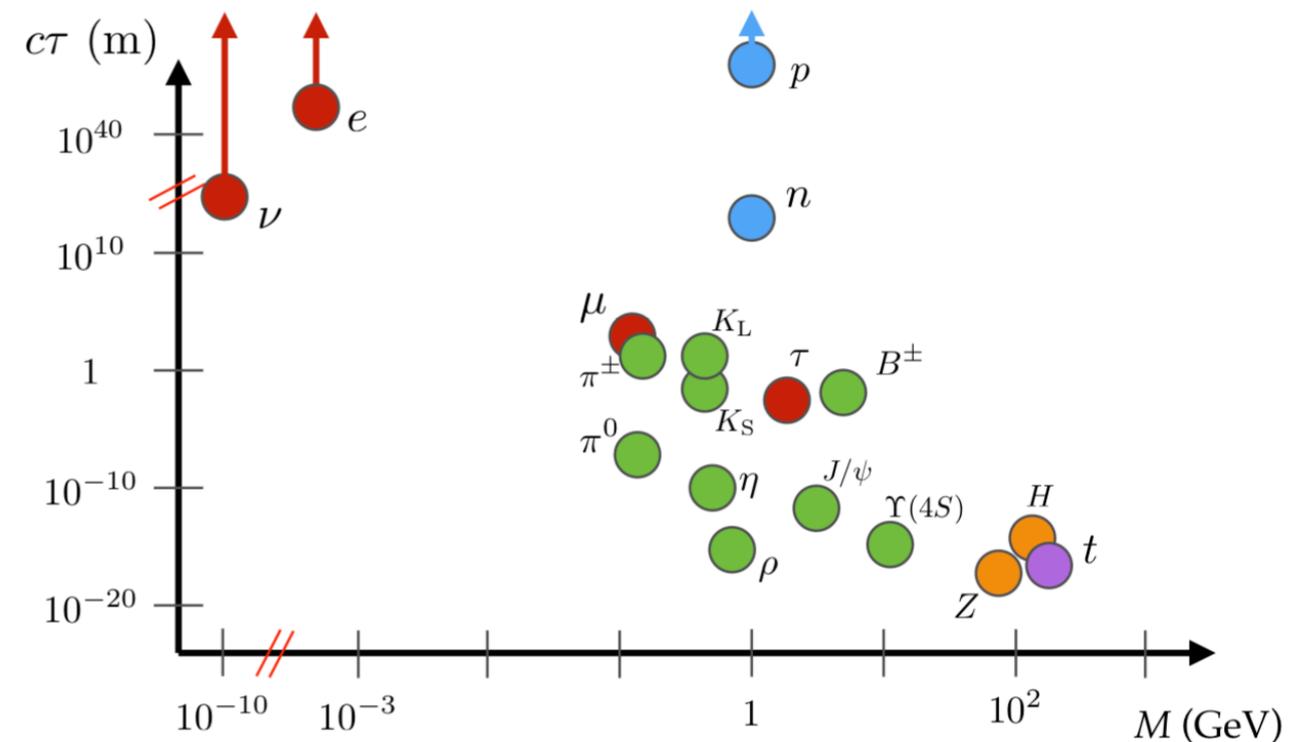
- \* detectors ideal to look for prompt signatures
  - ▶ higgs boson discovery



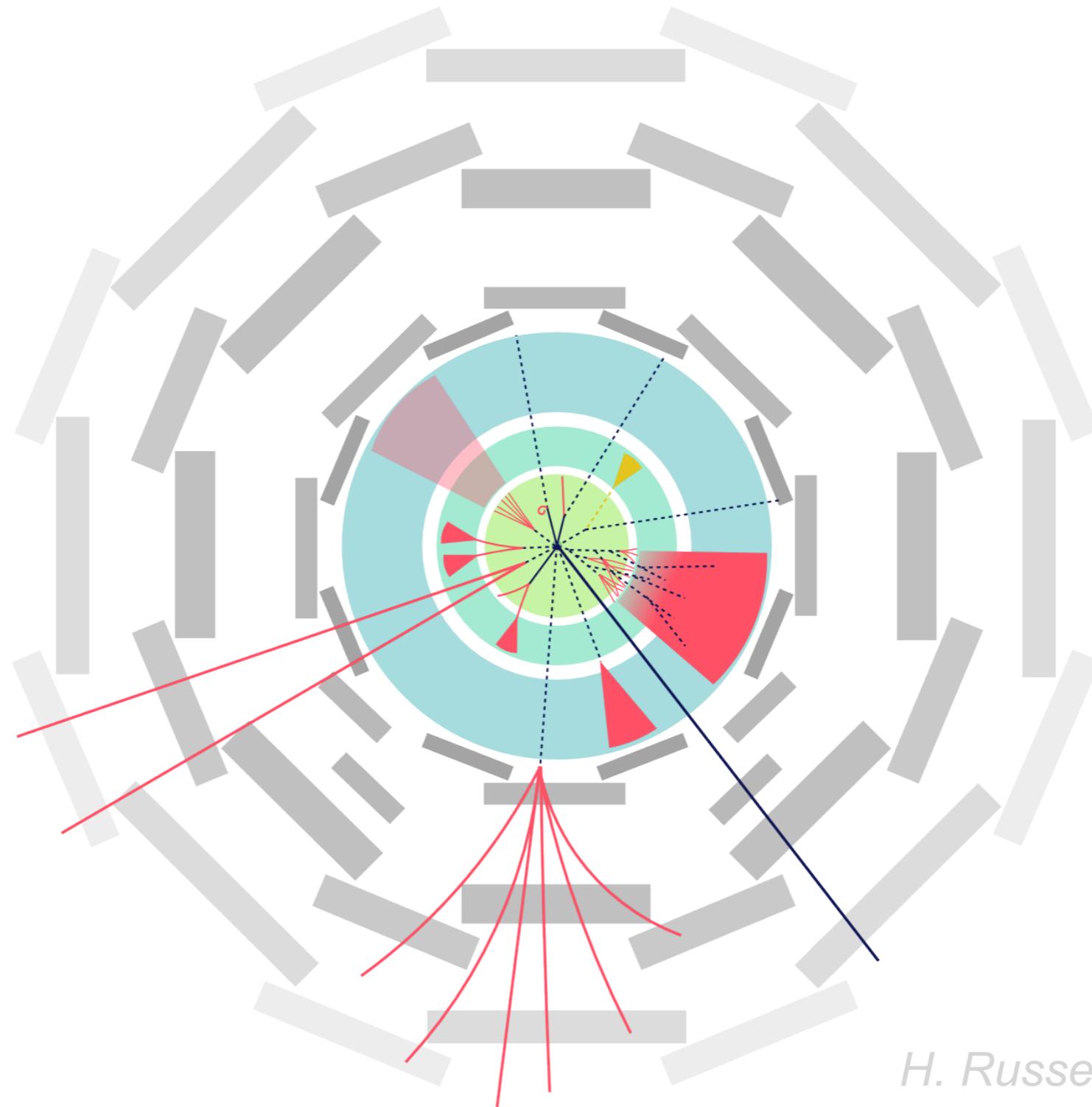
More and more BSM theories motivates displaced signatures

- \* (nearly) mass-degenerate spectra
- \* small couplings
- \* highly virtual intermediate states

*White Paper*  
to define benchmark signals  
*J. Phys. G 47 (2020) no.9, 090501*

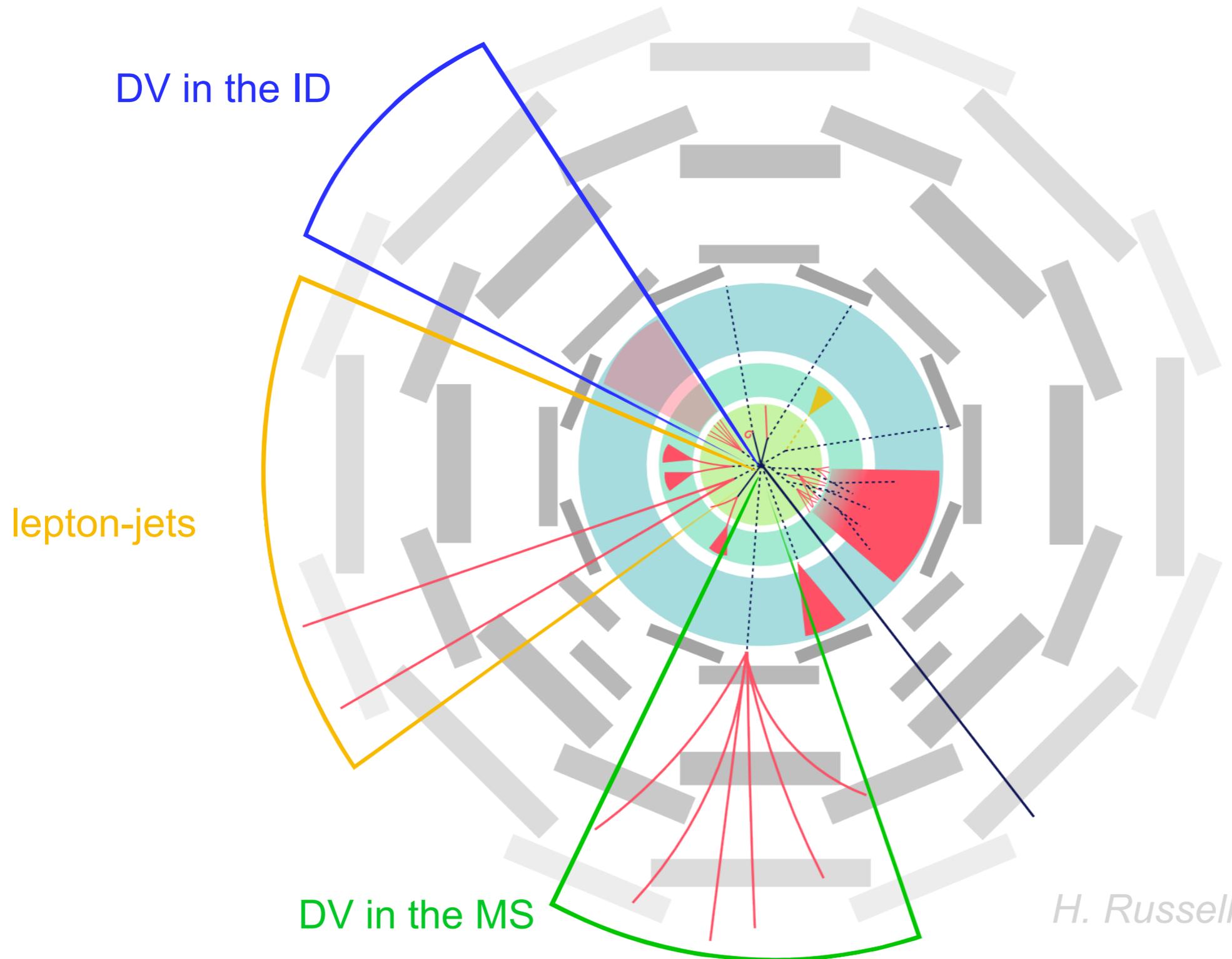


# A vast LLP search program



*H. Russell*

# A vast LLP search program



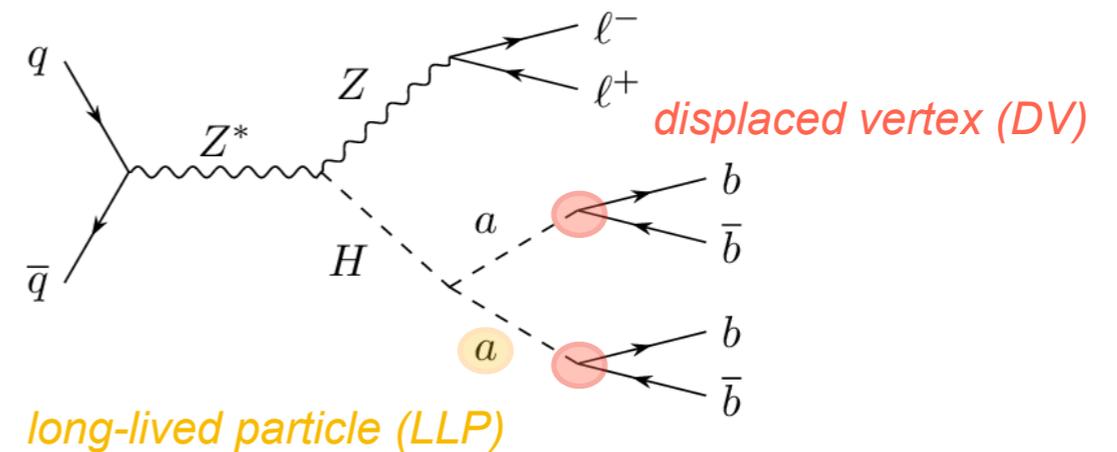
Here just focusing on some of the most **RECENT** results!

# LLPs - in the tracker



Search of DVs in ZH channel:

- \* take advantage of associated production!
  - use promptly produced leptons to trigger



1 select events with displaced jet candidates:

- \* low charged hadron fraction
- \* few tracks matched to primary vertex



2 use Large Radius Tracking (LRT) algorithm:

- \* to select high d0 tracks

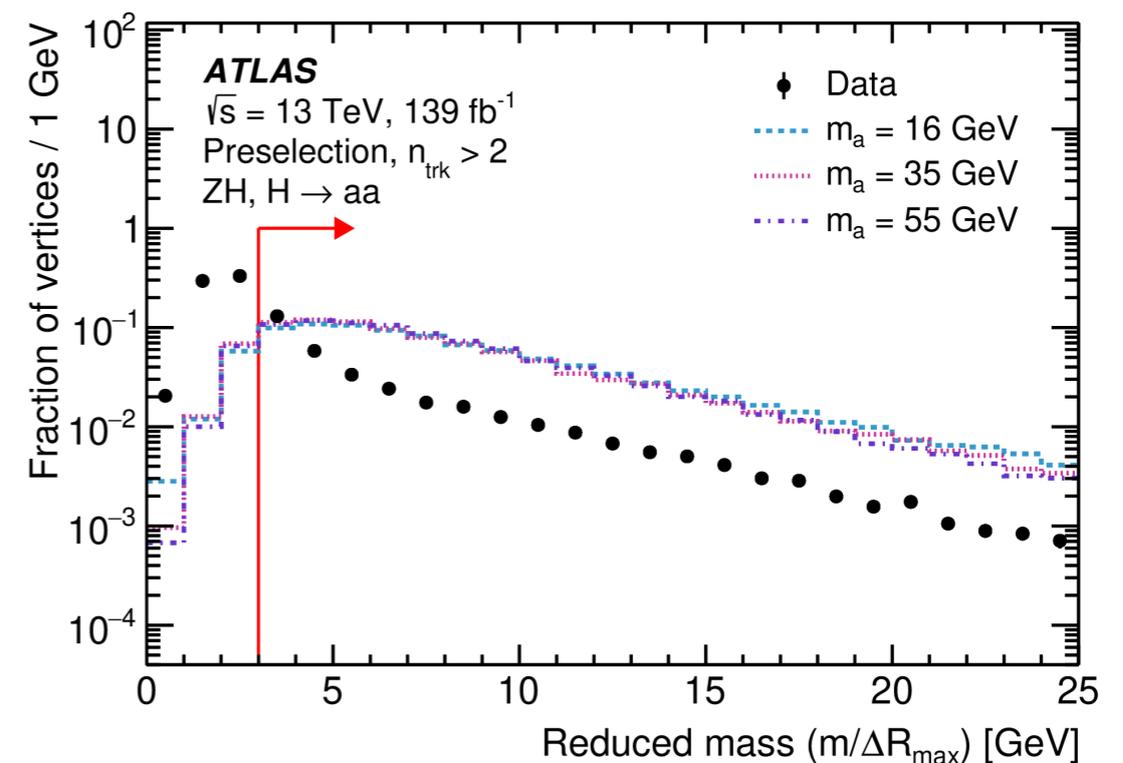


3 reconstruct 2 displaced vertices in the ID:

- \* matched to jets

Key selection variables:

- \*  $n_{\text{trk}}$  per vertex
- \*  $m/\Delta R_{\text{max}}$  reduced mass
  - ratio of reco vertex invariant mass and  $\Delta R_{\text{max}}(\text{track, DV})$



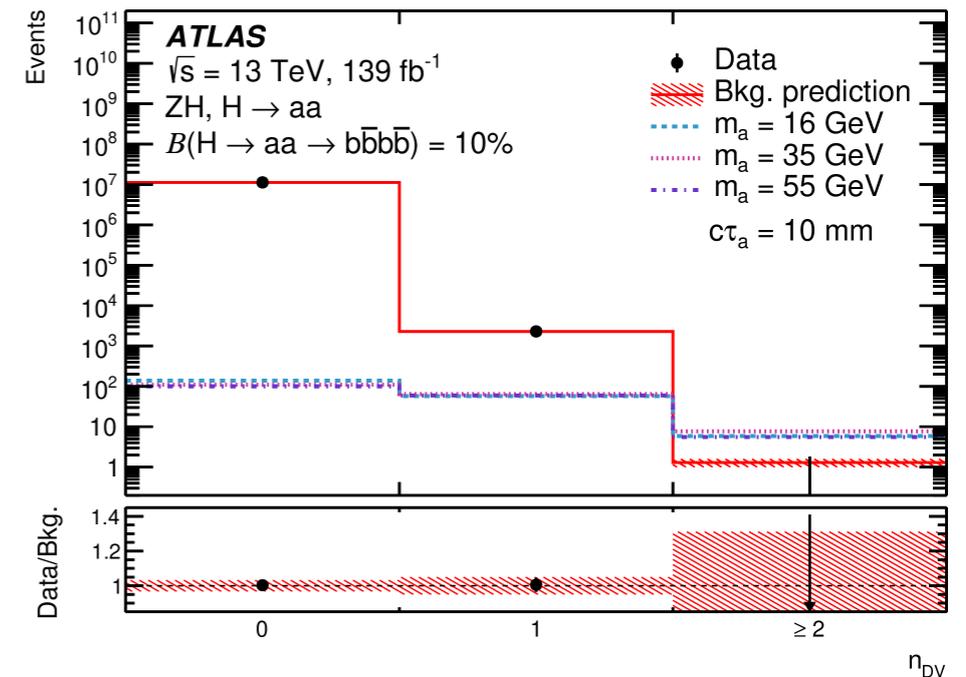
# LLPs - in the tracker (2)



## Data-driven bkg estimate

- \* per-jet probability of DVs in CR
  - o in  $p_T$  vs b-tag discriminant plane
- \*  $B = 1.30 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.27$

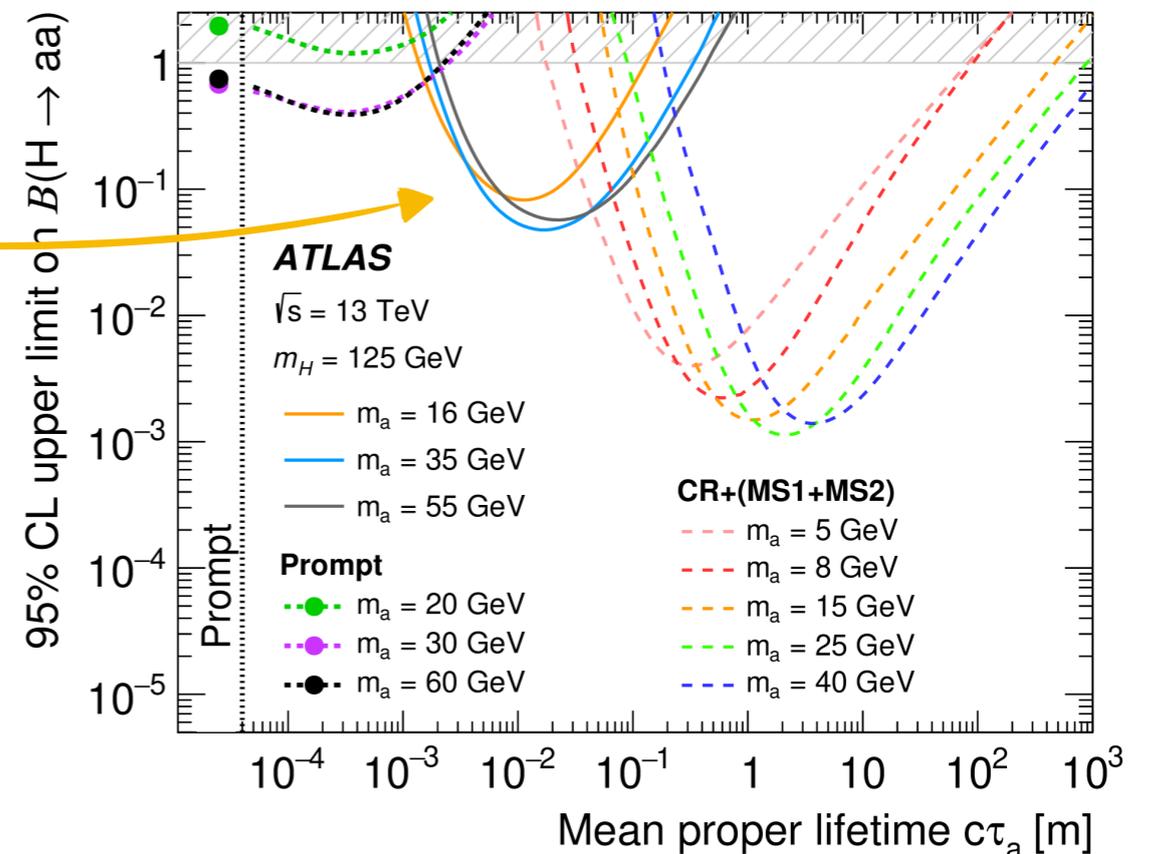
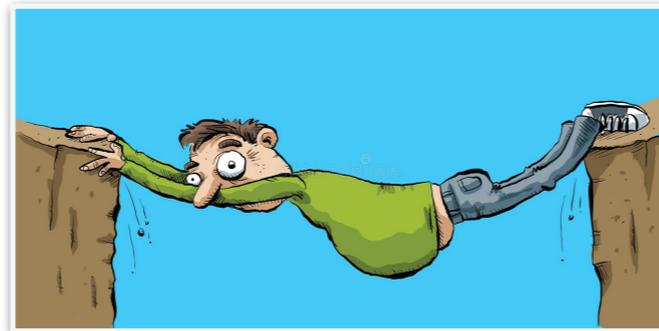
**No events observed in the signal region**



Set limits of  $B(H \rightarrow aa) < 10\%$

for  $10 \lesssim c\tau_a \lesssim 100 \text{ mm}$

*closing the gap  
 between prompt and  
 LLP searches  
 in ATLAS*



Searching for narrow, high multiplicity hadron showers in muon detector

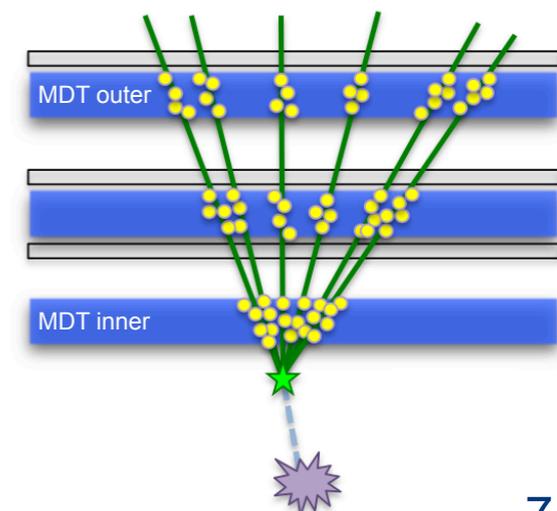
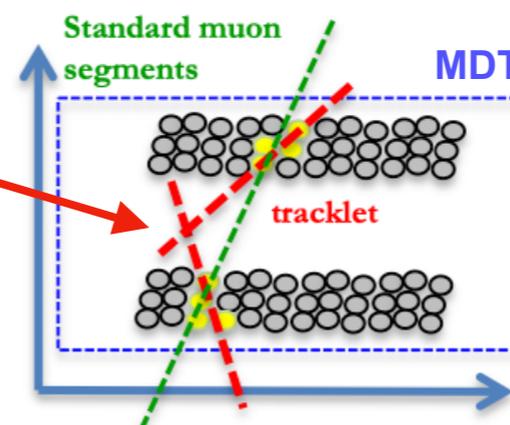
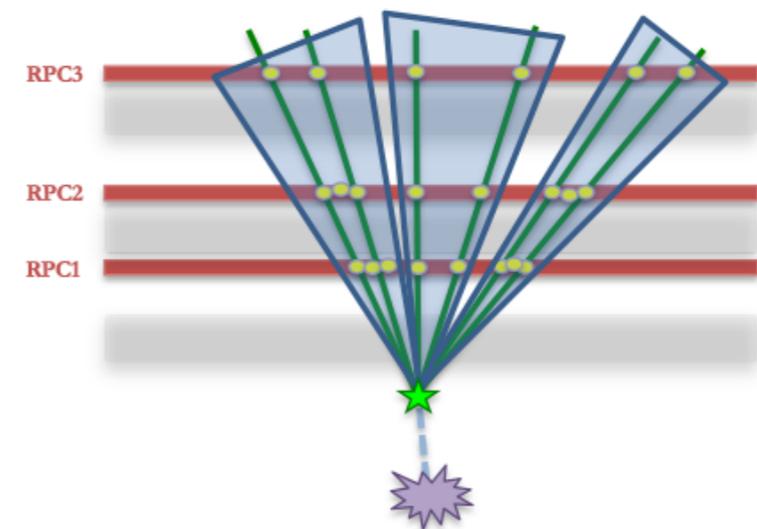
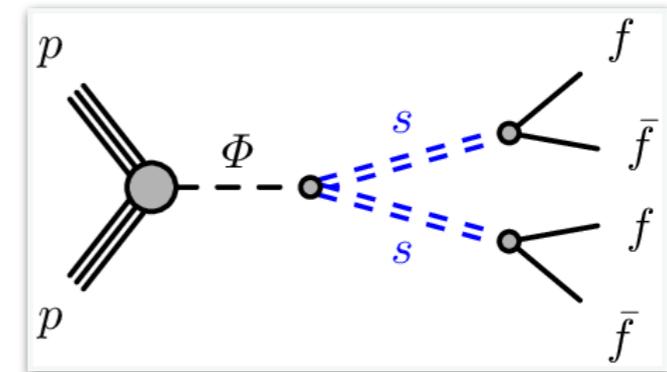
➔ no matched tracks in the ID

## \* Dedicated **Trigger**

- selecting events with a **cluster of at least 3 (4) “region of interest”** in the barrel (endcaps) in a  $\Delta R$  cone of 0.4 around L1\_2MU10
- JINST 8 (2013) P07015

## \* Dedicated **vertex algorithm**

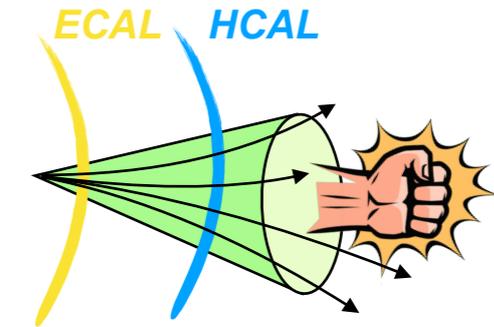
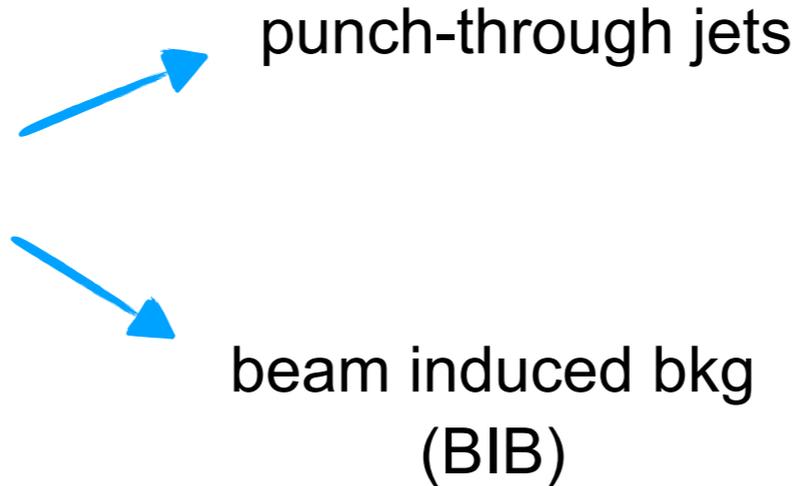
- reco vertices with at least 3 (4) **tracklets** in the barrel (endcaps)
  - exploiting multilayer separation in MDT chambers
- JINST 9 (2014) P02001



# LLPs - in the spectrometer (2)

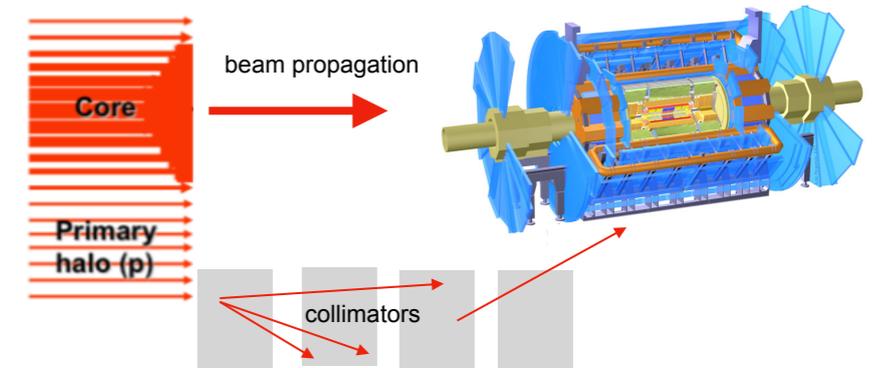


\* Primary bkg come from



\* Data-driven bkg estimation

- based on main and zero bias streams

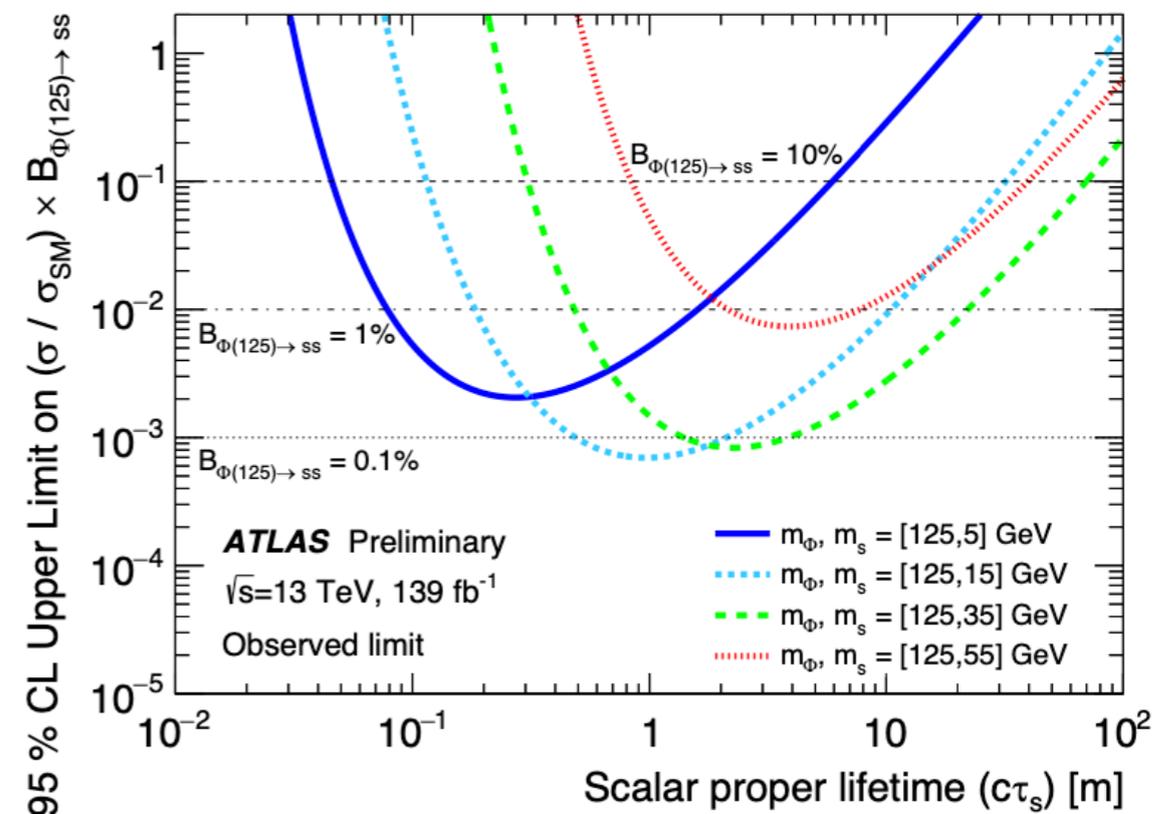


$$N_{2Vx} = 0.32 \pm 0.05$$



**No events observed in SR**

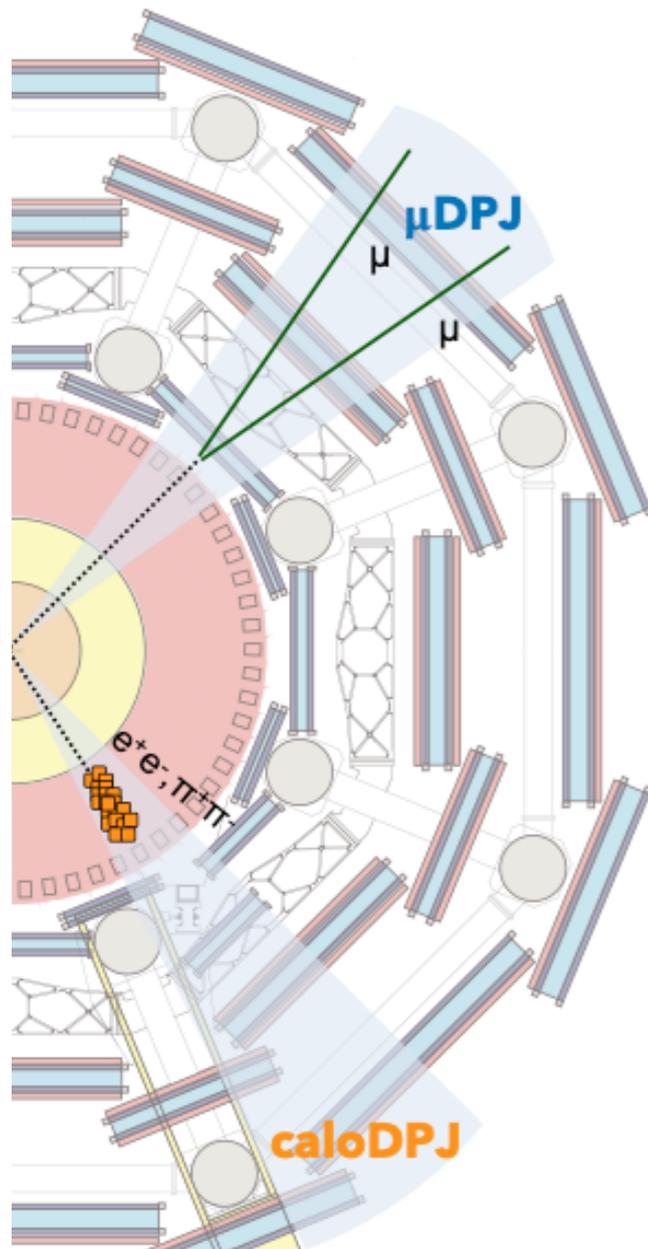
\* Limits set to less than 0.1% BR level in the SM higgs scenario



# LLPs - lepton-jets



Search for light LLPs decaying into collimated jet structures of leptons or light hadrons

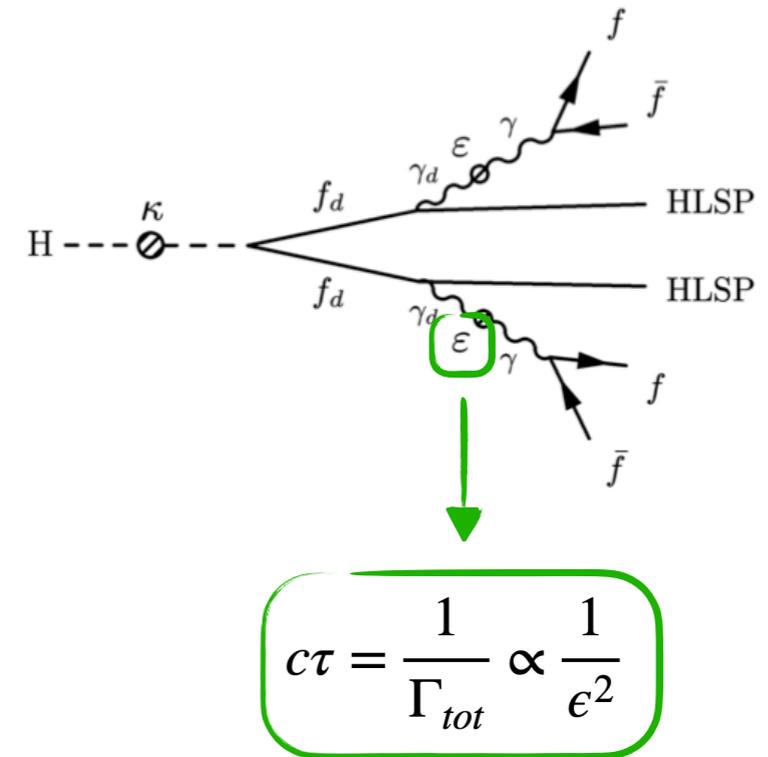


## Collimated bunch of muons w/o tracks in the ID

- Low- $p_T$  muons hard to trigger
- Cosmic-ray muons bkg

## Displaced jet with most of energy deposit in the HCAL

- High bkg from QCD events



$$c\tau = \frac{1}{\Gamma_{tot}} \propto \frac{1}{\epsilon^2}$$

small couplings  $\rightarrow$  displaced decays

**More details on Alessandro's poster**

# LLPs - lepton-jets (2)



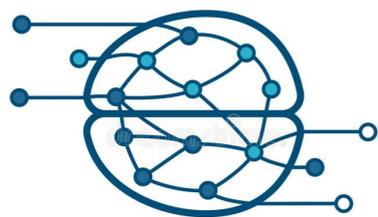
Two production modes

- ggH**
  - dedicated NarrowScan ( $\mu$ ) and CaloRatio (had) triggers
  - ◆ QCD, cosmics, BIB
- WH**
  - single lepton triggers
  - ◆ V+jets bkg

## 6 channels defined:

$\mu$ - $\mu$  (ggH),  $\mu$ -calo (ggH & WH), 1-calo (WH), calo-calo (ggH & WH)

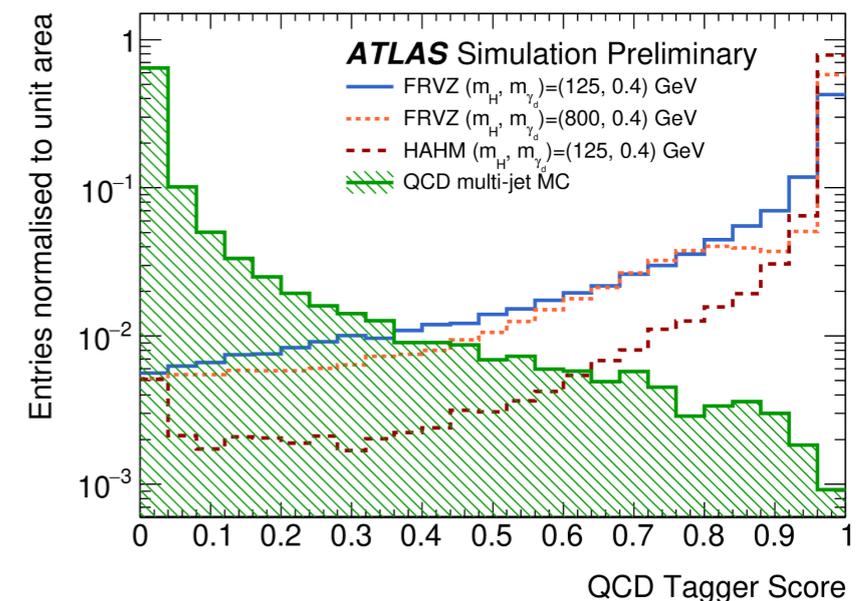
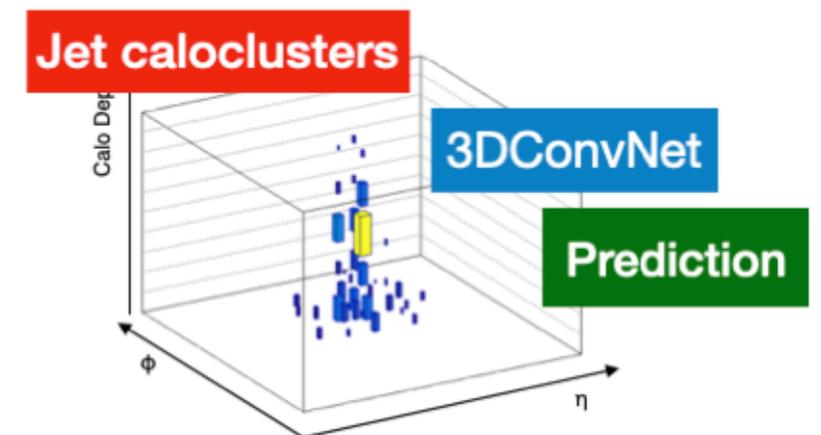
## NN taggers



**Dense NN**-based (per track)  
tagger in  $\mu$ -channels  
to reject cosmics (90%)

**Convolutional NN**-based taggers  
in **calo-channels**  
to reject QCD (94%) and BIB (68%)

*trained on low-level inputs  
(3D jet images from calorimetric clusters)*



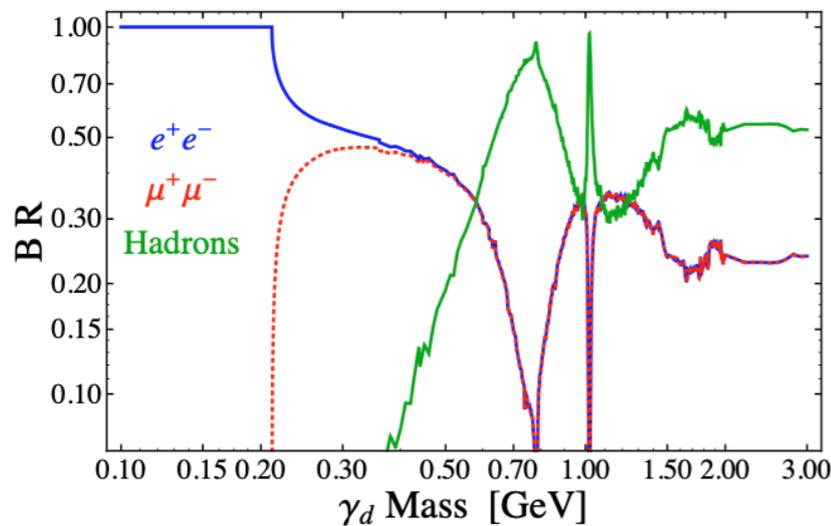
# LLPs - lepton-jets (3)



Data-driven ABCD method to estimate the residual bkg in the signal regions

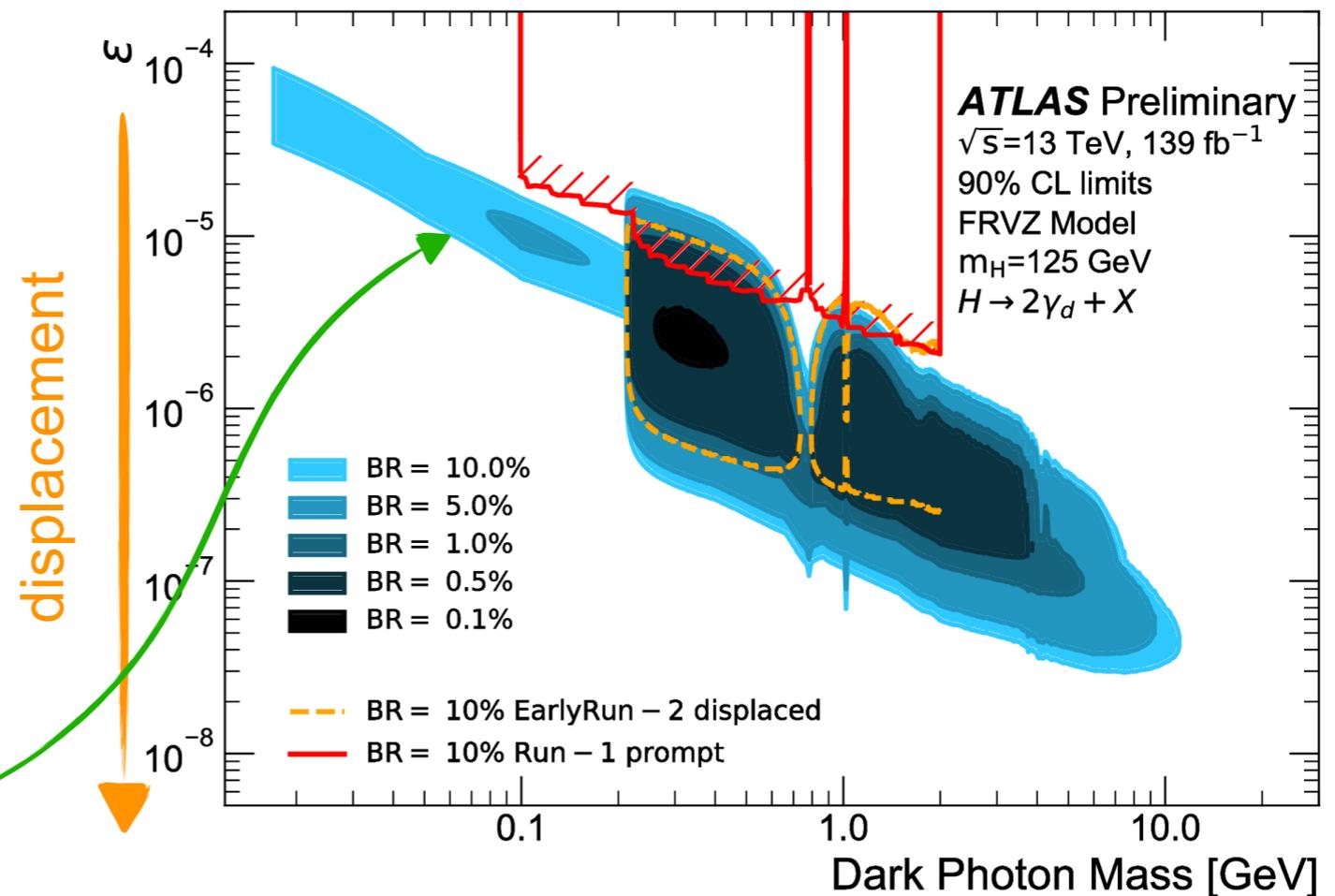
**No data excess is found**

Selection	Search channel	CRB	CRC	CRD	SR expected	SR observed
ggF	$2\mu$	55	61	389	$357 \pm 67$	269
	$c+\mu$	169	471	301	$108 \pm 12$	110
	$2c$	97	1113	12146	$1065 \pm 112$	1045
WH	$c$	1850	3011	155	$95 \pm 13$	103
	$c+\mu$	30	49	31	$19 \pm 7$	20
	$2c$	79	155	27	$14 \pm 5$	15



$\mu$ -exclusion of  $B(h \rightarrow f_d f_d)$  down to 0.1% ( $\sim B(h \rightarrow 4\nu)$ )

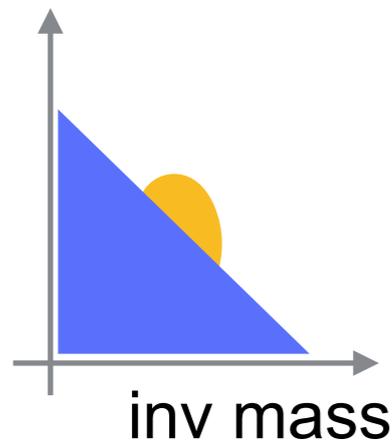
**First time exclusion in the fully electron channel**



# LLPs - everywhere

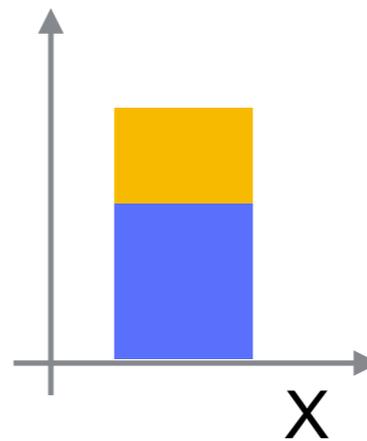


## Resonant searches



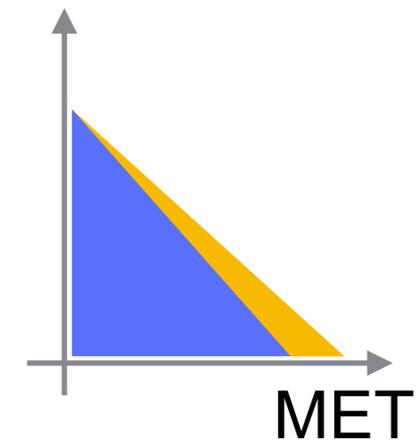
Prompt resonances can be reinterpreted. b-tagging algorithms can be performant for sizeable lifetimes!

## LLP searches

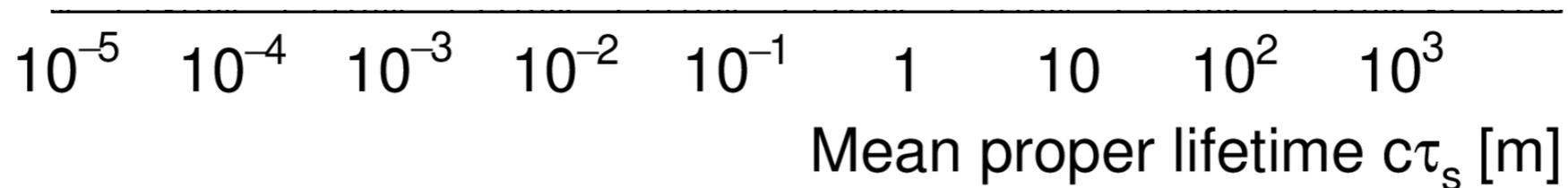


Unique signatures helps to strongly reduce bkg:  
→ bkg-zero channel

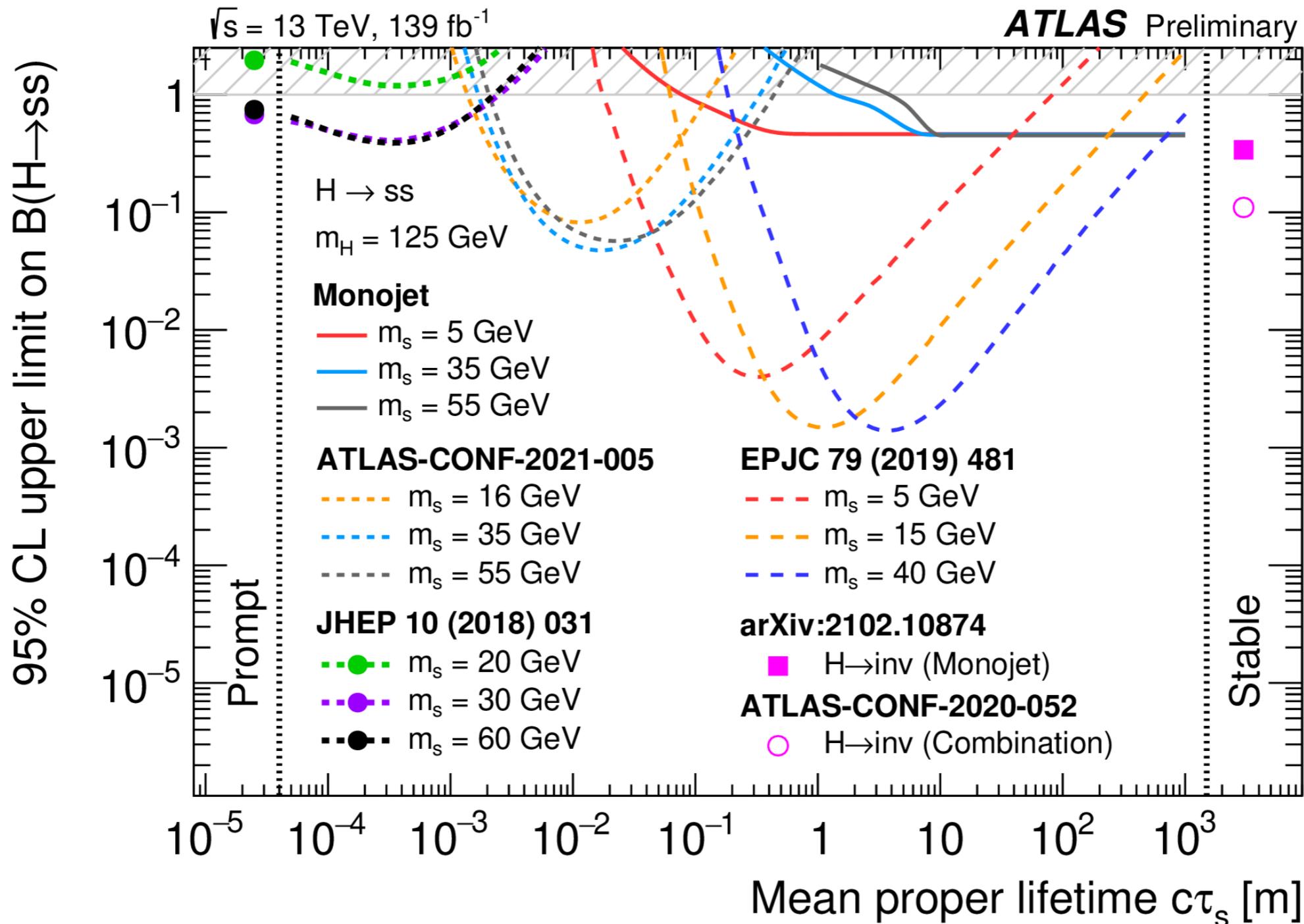
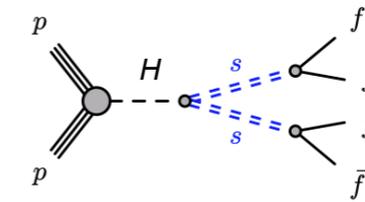
## MET+X searches



Displaced jet can contribute with further fake-MET!



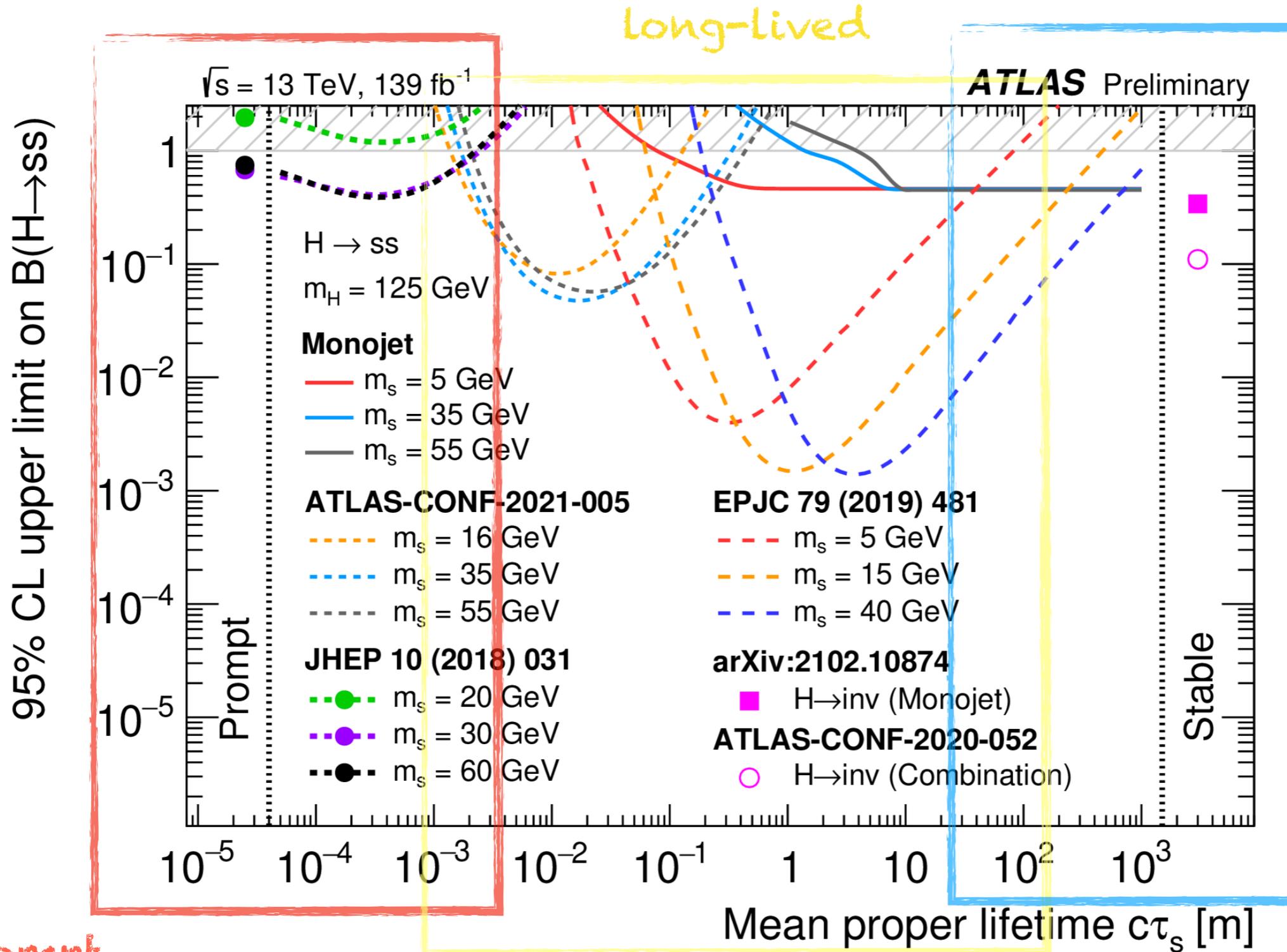
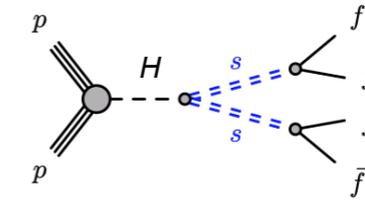
# LLPs - everywhere (2)



ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-020



# LLPs - everywhere (2)



ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-020



# LLPs - future



IDTR-2021-003

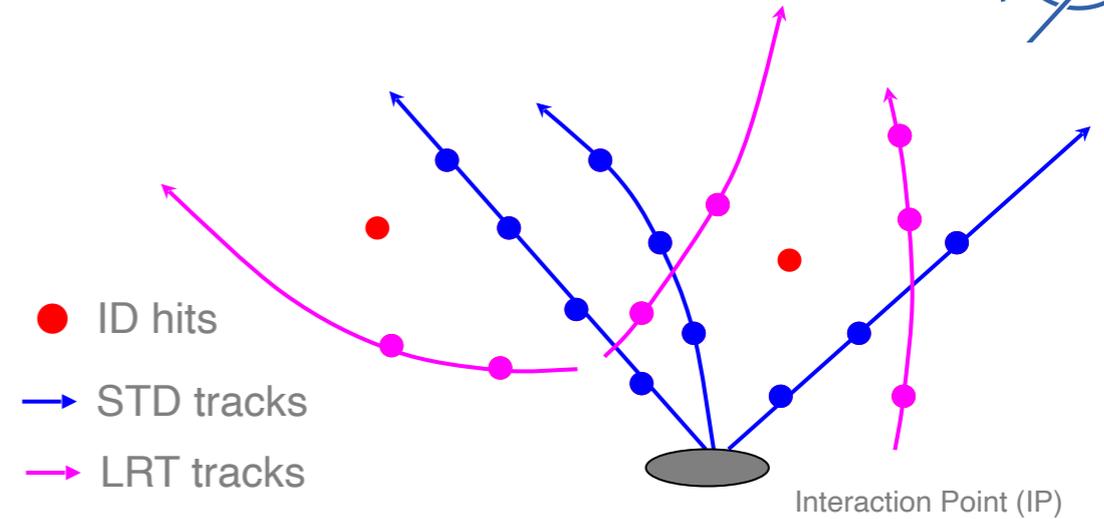


LRT is an additional ID tracking algorithm that is run after standard tracking

➔ Run on leftover hits with relaxed tracking cuts

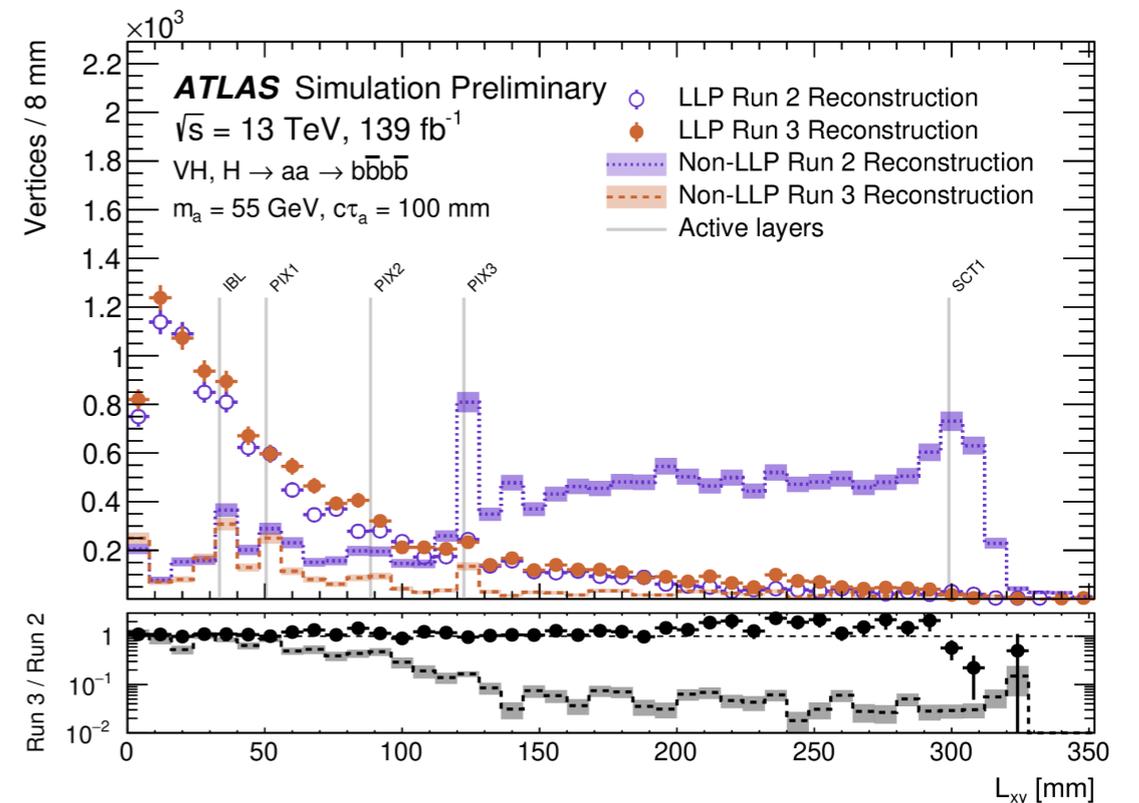
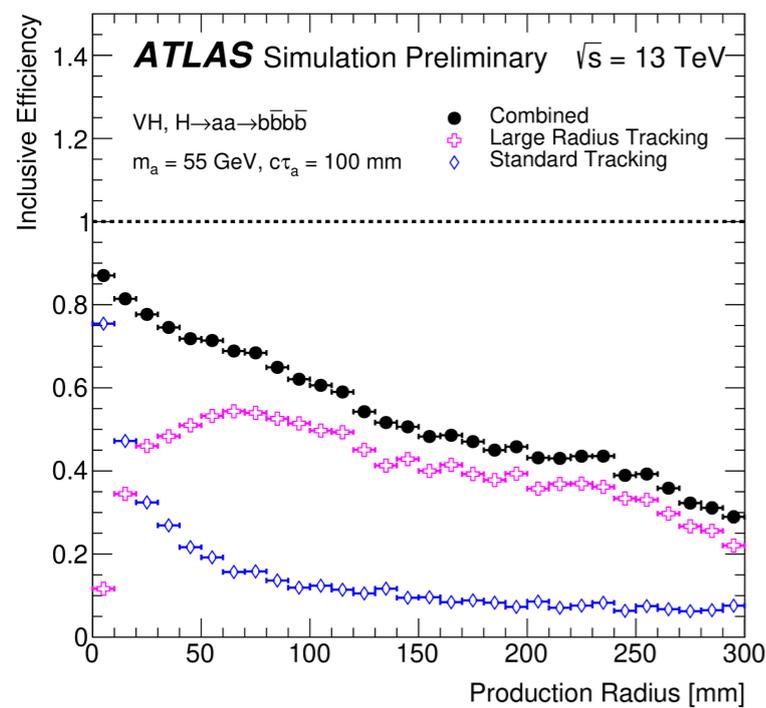
New implementation optimised for fake reduction

- \* factor **x20** reduction in fakes
- \* run together w/ standard ATLAS reco chain
  - no filters needed anymore!



**DV algorithm hugely benefits from LRT overhaul!**

- \* dramatic reduction of fake vertices
  - particularly outside of pixel detector

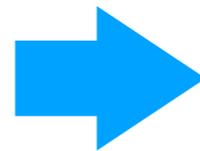


# LLPs - future future

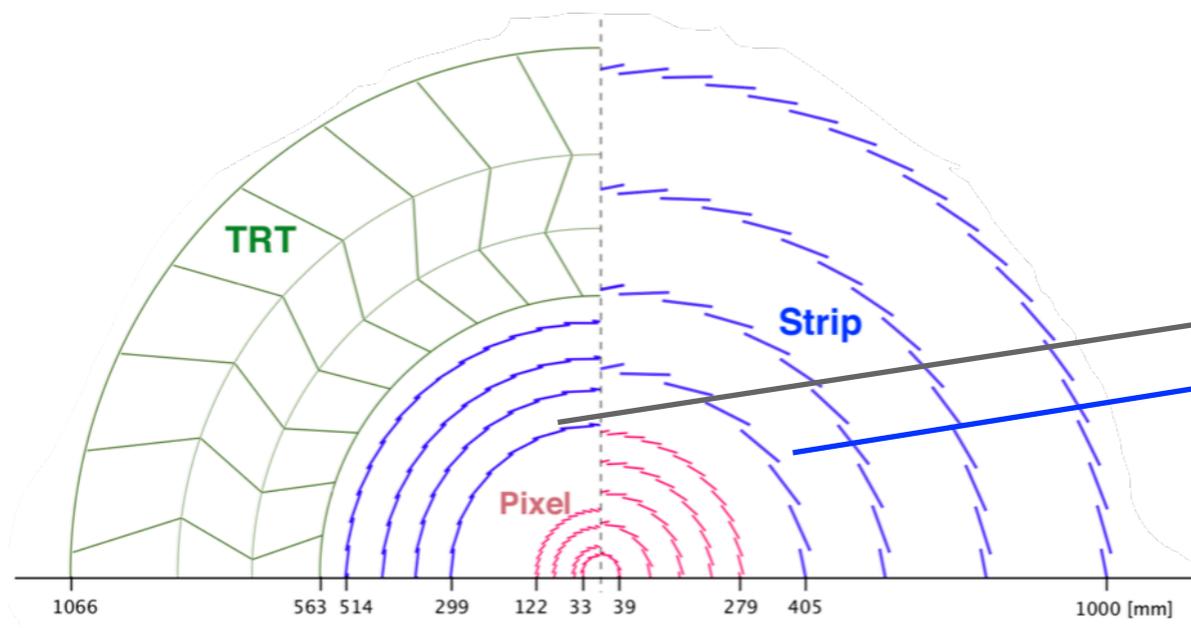
## ITK

Higher reco efficiency:

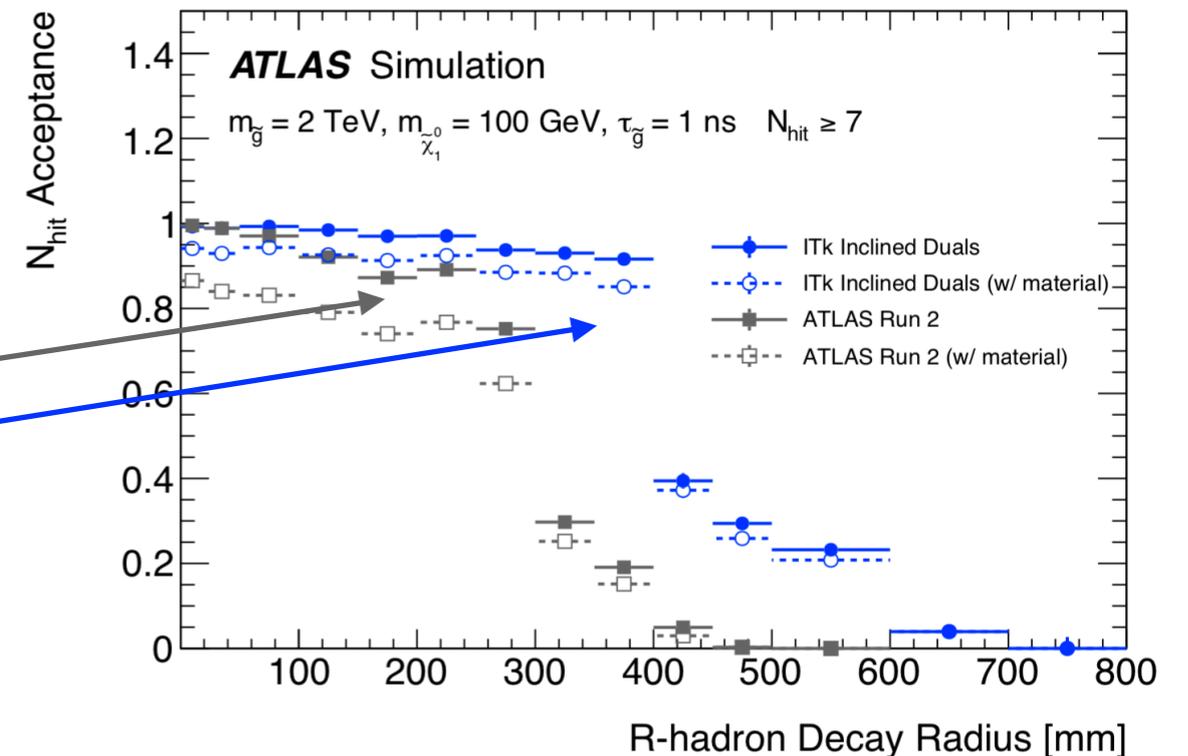
- \* improved geometry
- \* larger silicon volume
- \* lower material budget



- ◆ more hits-on-track with higher resolution
- ◆ minimum number of hits after decay
- ◆ tracker-based triggers can further boost sensitivity



ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-033

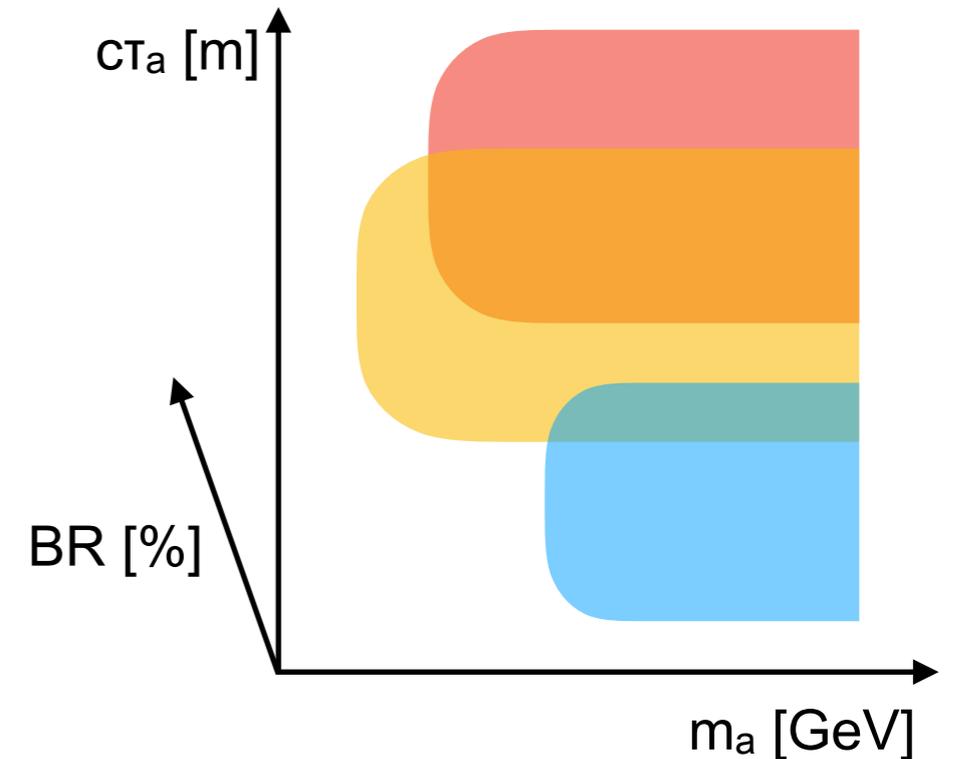


# Conclusions



Vast search program in ATLAS focused on

- \* extending the reaches and fill the gaps!
  - reinterpretations
  - new developments (e.g. LRT)
  - new technologies
  - new triggers for Run-3 and beyond
  - creativity

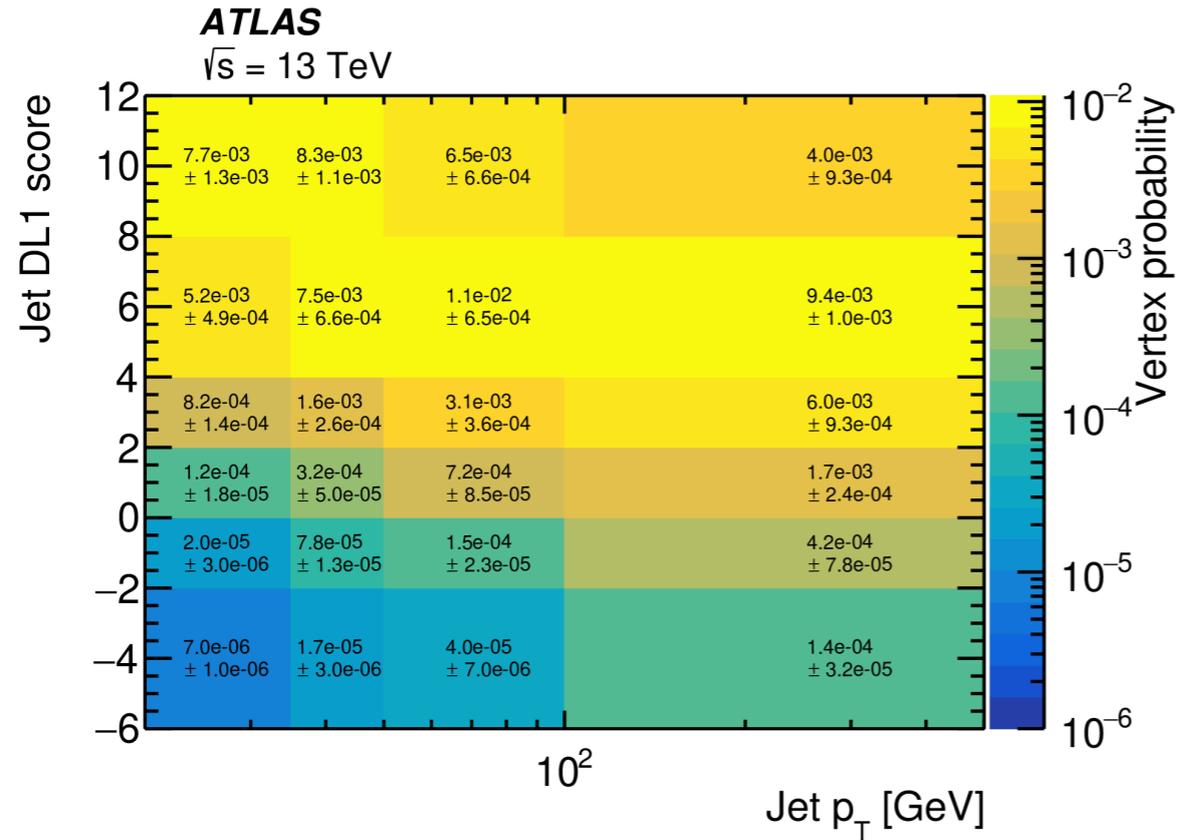


- ▶ Many LLP searches are statistically limited!
- ▶ Background-zero searches sensitivity  $\propto \mathcal{L}$
- ▶ Gain by exploiting new detector technologies

*Run-3 is fast approaching...the best still needs to come!*



**BACK UP**



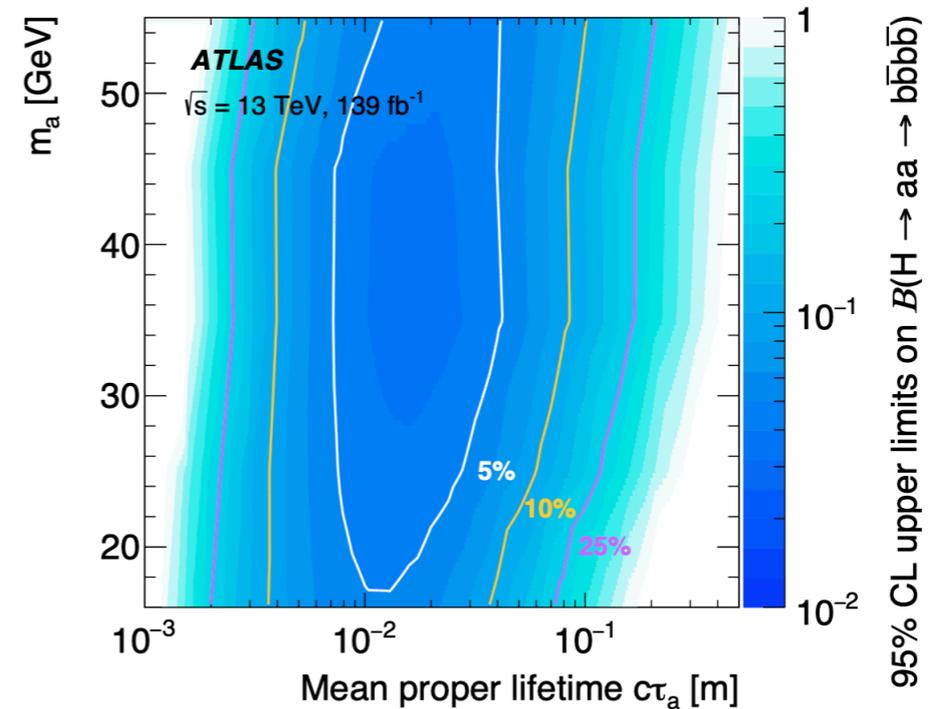
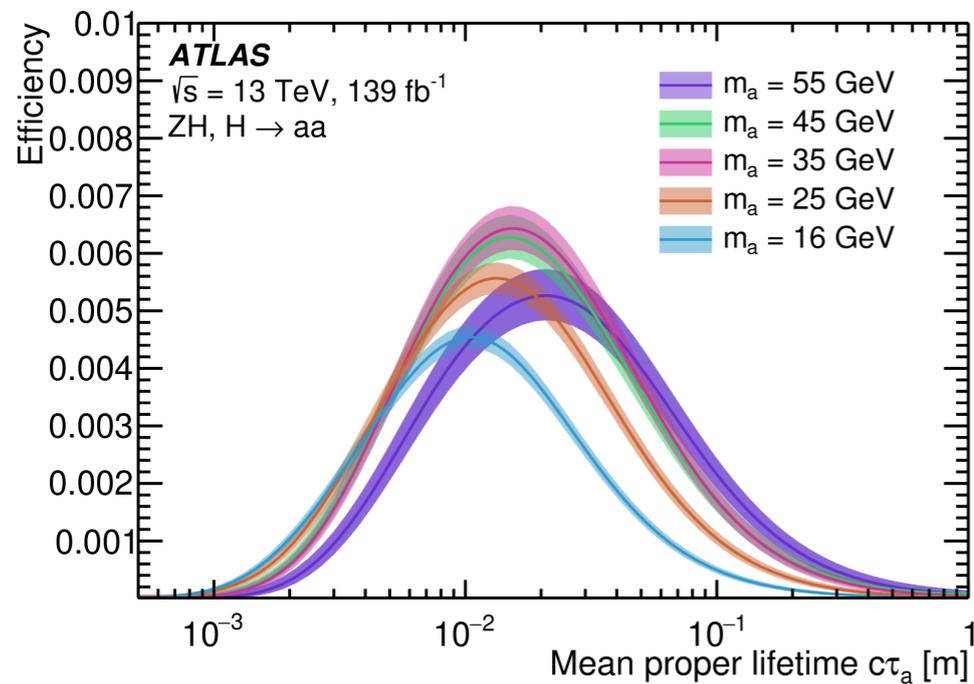
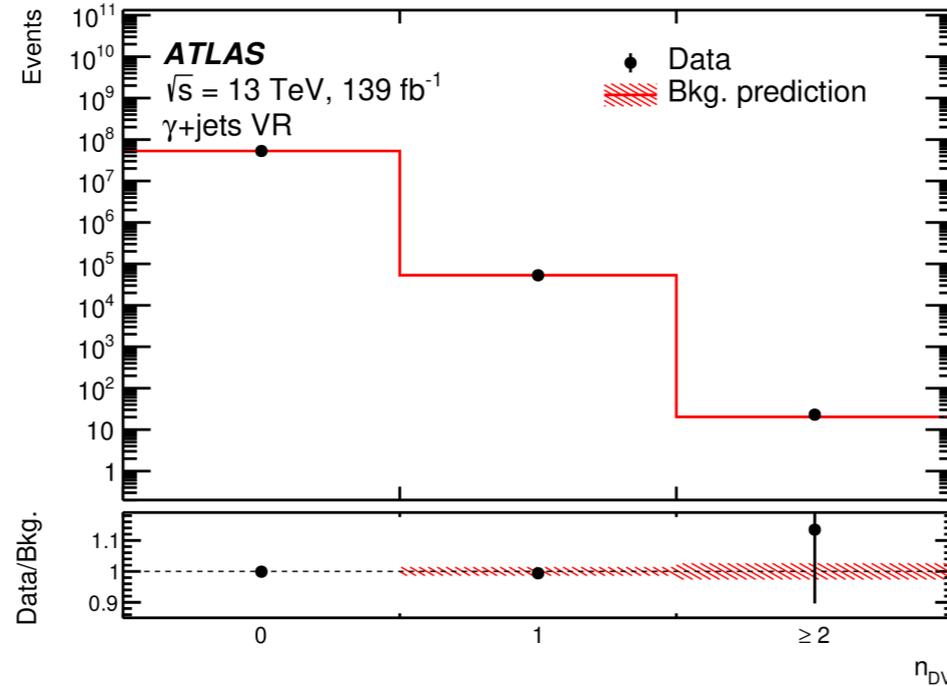
$$P_1 = \sum_{i=1}^4 P_{\text{DV}}(j_i) \times \prod_{k \neq i} (1 - P_{\text{DV}}(j_k))$$

$$P_{\geq 2} = 1 - P_0 - P_1$$

Selection type	Requirement
Track pruning	$ d_0^{\text{DV}}  < 0.8 \text{ mm}$ $ z_0^{\text{DV}}  < 1.2 \text{ mm}$ $\sigma(d_0^{\text{DV}}) < 0.1 \text{ mm}$ $\sigma(z_0^{\text{DV}}) < 0.2 \text{ mm}$
Vertex preselection	$\chi^2/n_{\text{DoF}} < 5$ $r < 300 \text{ mm}$ $ z  < 300 \text{ mm}$ pass material veto
Vertex selection	$n_{\text{trk}} > 2$ $m/\Delta R_{\text{max}} > 3 \text{ GeV}$ $r/\sigma(r) > 100$ $\max( d_0 ) > 3 \text{ mm}$ $\Delta R_{\text{jet}} < 0.6$

Source	Uncertainty [%]
Theory	4.7
Luminosity	1.7
Pile-up reweighting	2.6
Electron identification	1.6
Electron calibration	0.4
Muon reconstruction	0.8
Muon calibration	0.4
Electron trigger	0.7
Muon trigger	1.3
Jet energy scale	1.4
Jet energy resolution	1.3
Filter	2.8–3.8
LRT	2.4–12
Total	7.4–14

# LLPs - in the tracker





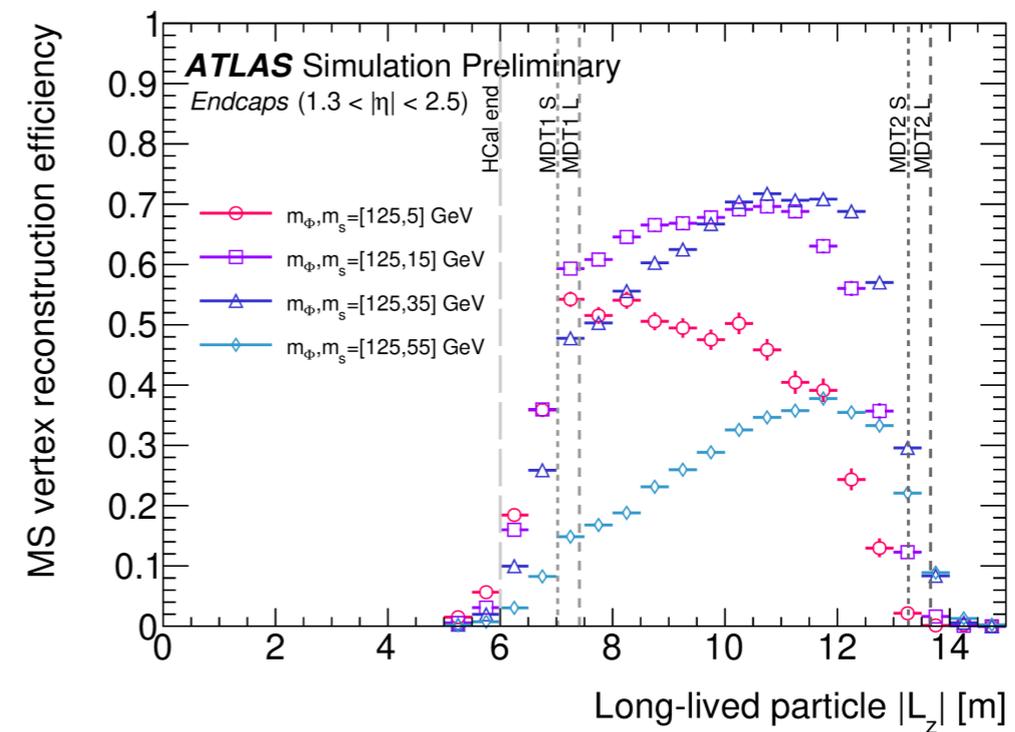
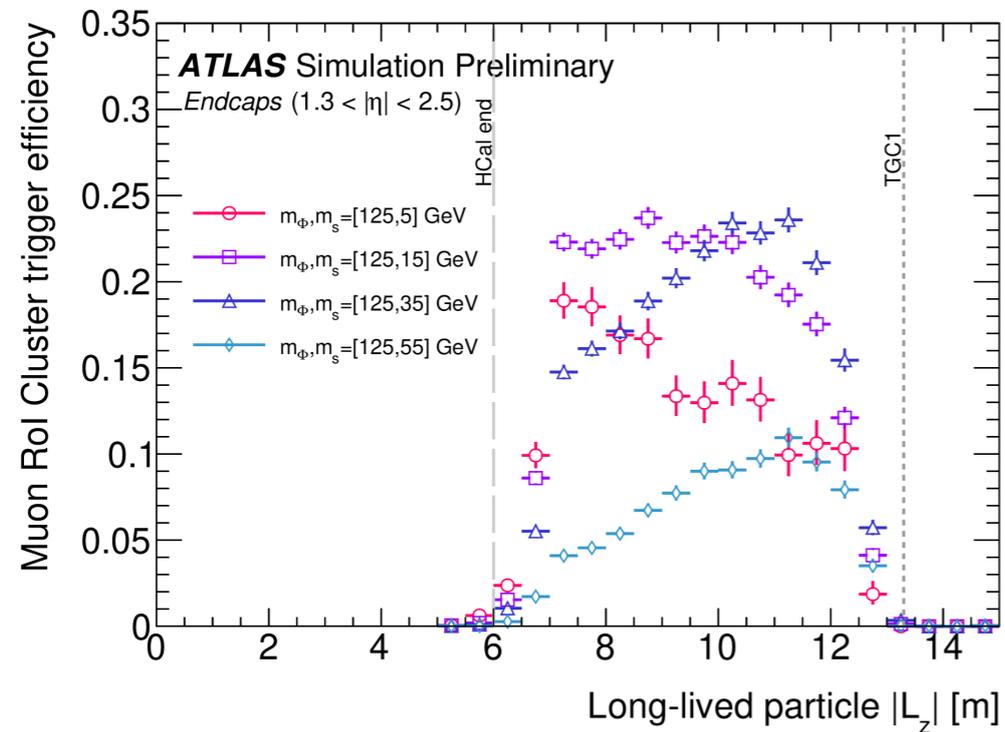
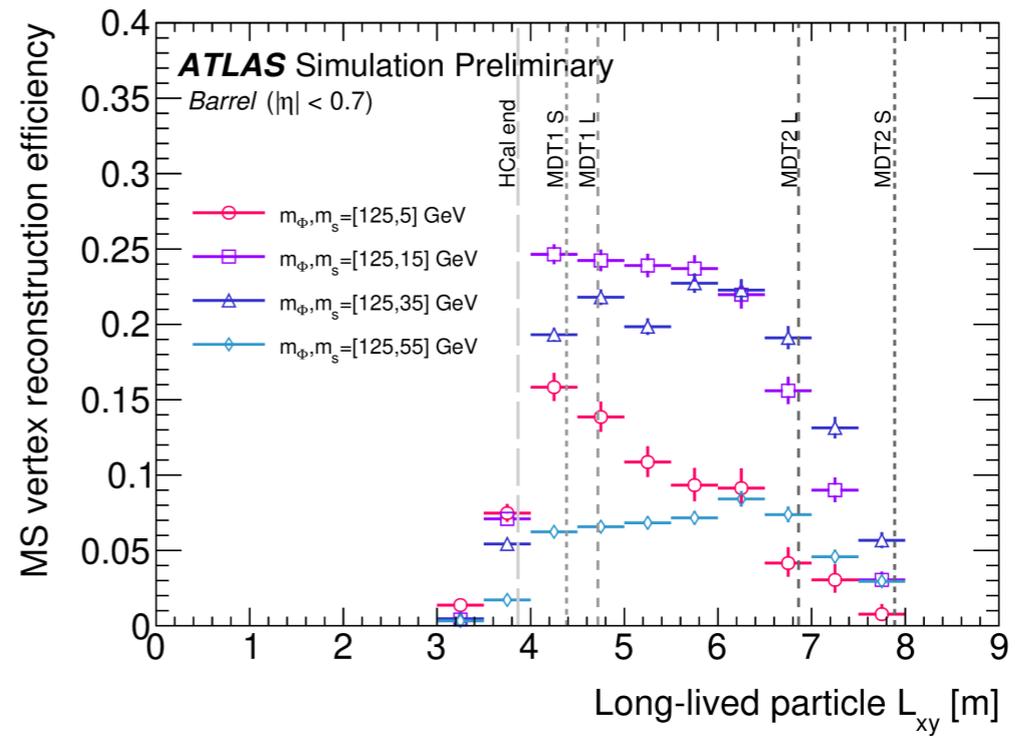
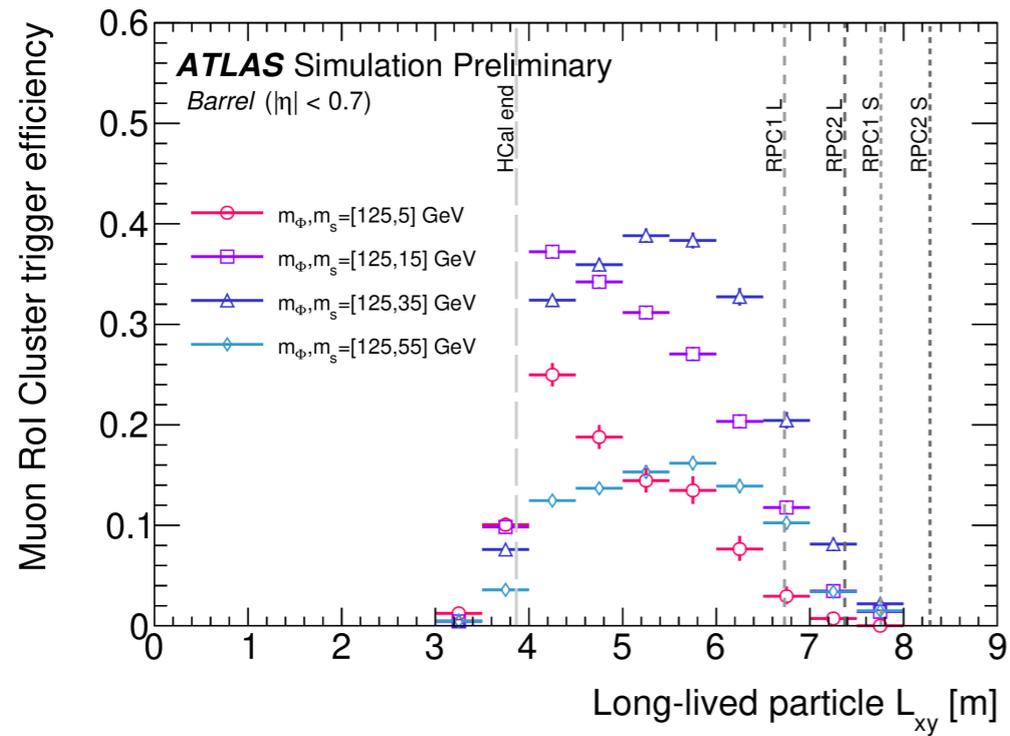
Event passes Muon RoI Cluster trigger	
Event has a PV with at least two tracks with $p_T > 500$ MeV	
Event has at least one MS DV	
MS DV matched to the triggering muon-RoI cluster ( $\Delta R(\text{DV}, \text{RoI cluster}) < 0.4$ ). In the case of two muon-RoI clusters, the second vertex should be matched to the second cluster.	
$300 \leq n_{\text{MDT}} < 3000$	
<i>Barrel</i>	<i>Endcaps</i>
MS DV with $ \eta_{\text{vx}}  < 0.7$	MS DV with $1.3 <  \eta_{\text{vx}}  < 2.5$
MS DV with $3 \text{ m} < L_{xy} < 8 \text{ m}$	MS DV with $L_{xy} < 10 \text{ m}$ and $5 \text{ m} <  L_z  < 15 \text{ m}$
$n_{\text{RPC}} \geq 250$	$n_{\text{TGC}} \geq 250$

$$N_{2Vx} = \boxed{N^{1cl} \times P_{noMStrig}^{2cl}} + \boxed{N_{1UMBcl}^{2cl} \times P_{Bcl}^{Vx} + N_{1UMEcl}^{2cl} \times P_{Ecl}^{Vx}} = 0.32 \pm 0.05$$

# non-signal events  
w/ 1 cluster in fiducial region  
and 2 vertices

# non-signal events  
w/ 2 clusters in fiducial region  
and 2 vertices

# LLPs - in the spectrometer





## ggH

Requirement / Region	$SR_{2\mu}^{ggF}$	$SR_{2c}^{ggF}$	$SR_{c+\mu}^{ggF}$
Number of $\mu$ DPJs	2	0	1
Number of caloDPJs	0	2	1
Tri-muon MS-only trigger	yes	-	-
Muon narrow-scan trigger	yes	-	yes
CalRatio trigger	-	yes	-
$ \Delta t_{\text{caloDPJs}} $ [ns]	-	$< 2.5$	-
caloDPJ JVT	-	$< 0.4$	-
$\Delta\phi_{\text{DPJ}}$	$> \pi/5$	$> \pi/5$	$> \pi/5$
BIB tagger score	-	$> 0.2$	$> 0.2$
$\max(\sum p_T)$ [GeV]	$< 4.5$	$< 4.5$	$< 4.5$
$\prod$ QCD tagger	-	$> 0.95$	$> 0.9$

## WH

Requirement / Region	$SR_c^{\text{WH}}$	$SR_{2c}^{\text{WH}}$	$SR_{c+\mu}^{\text{WH}}$
Number of $\mu$ DPJs	0	0	1
Number of caloDPJs	1	2	1
Single lepton trigger ( $\mu, e$ )	yes	yes	yes
$m_T$ [GeV]	$> 120$	-	-
$ t_{\text{caloDPJ}} $ [ns]	$< 4$	$< 4$	$< 4$
leading (far) caloDPJ width	$< 0.08$	$< 0.10$ (0.15)	$< 0.1$
caloDPJ $p_T$ [GeV]	$> 30$	-	-
JVT	$< 0.6$	$< 0.6$	$< 0.6$
$\min(\Delta\phi)$	$< 3\pi/5$	$< 3\pi/10$	$< 7\pi/20$
$\min(\text{QCD tagger})$	$> 0.99$	$> 0.91$	$> 0.9$

ggH

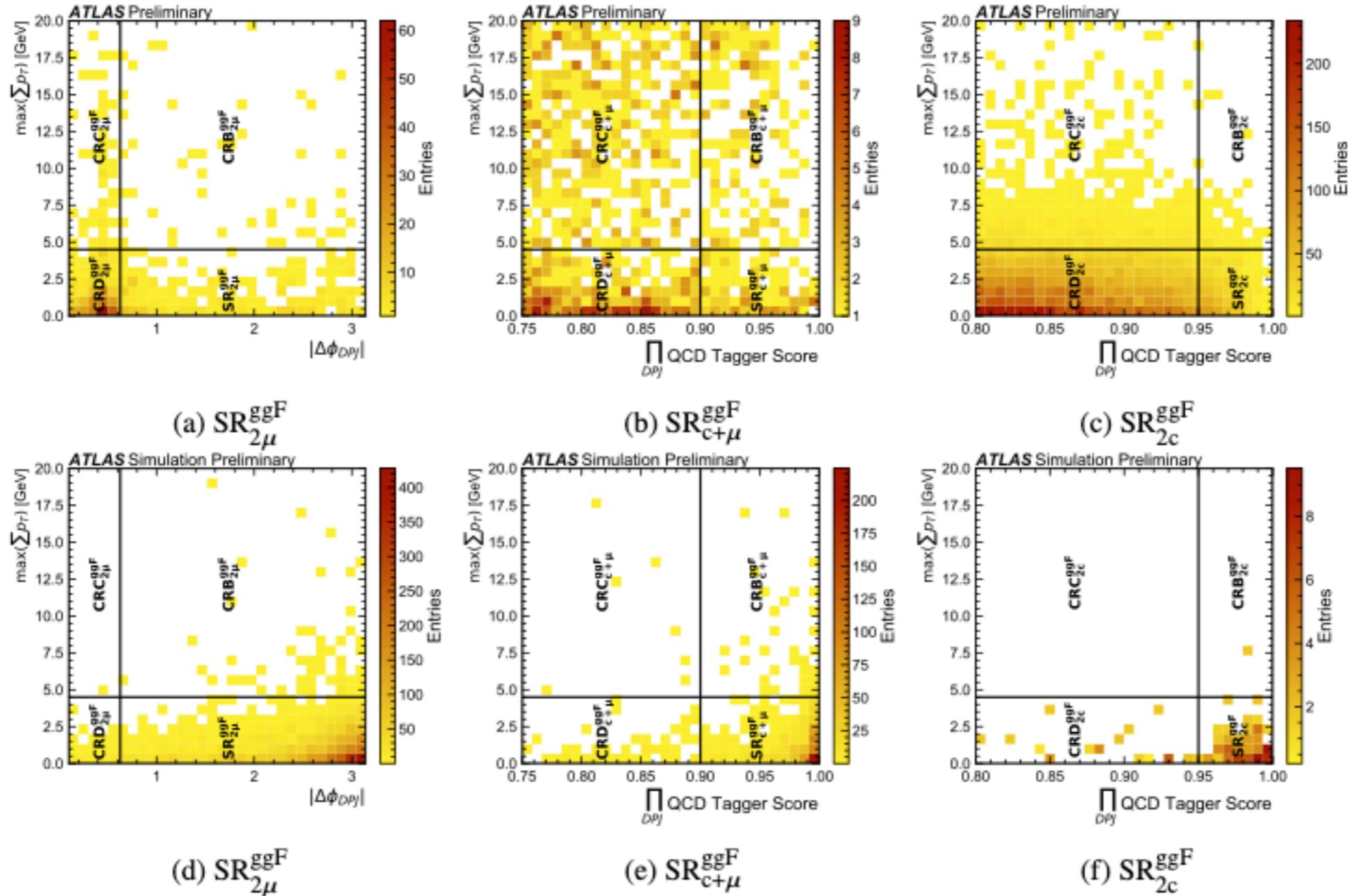


Figure 6: The per-event distributions in the ABCD planes defined for the ggF search channels. Figures (a, b, c) show data, while Figures (d, e, f) show simulated signal events. FRVZ signal samples with a SM Higgs boson and a  $\gamma_d$  mass of 400 MeV are shown.

WH

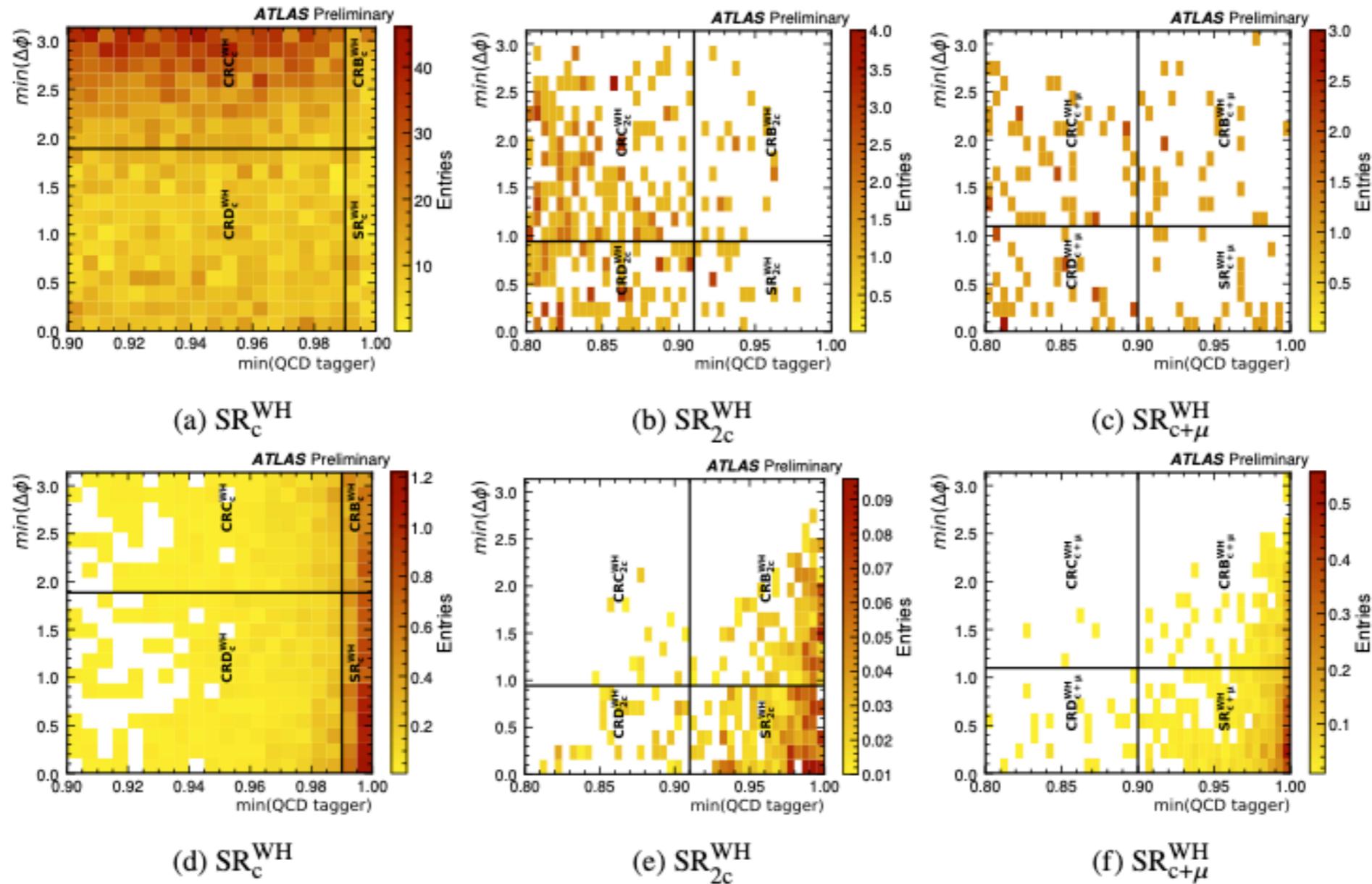
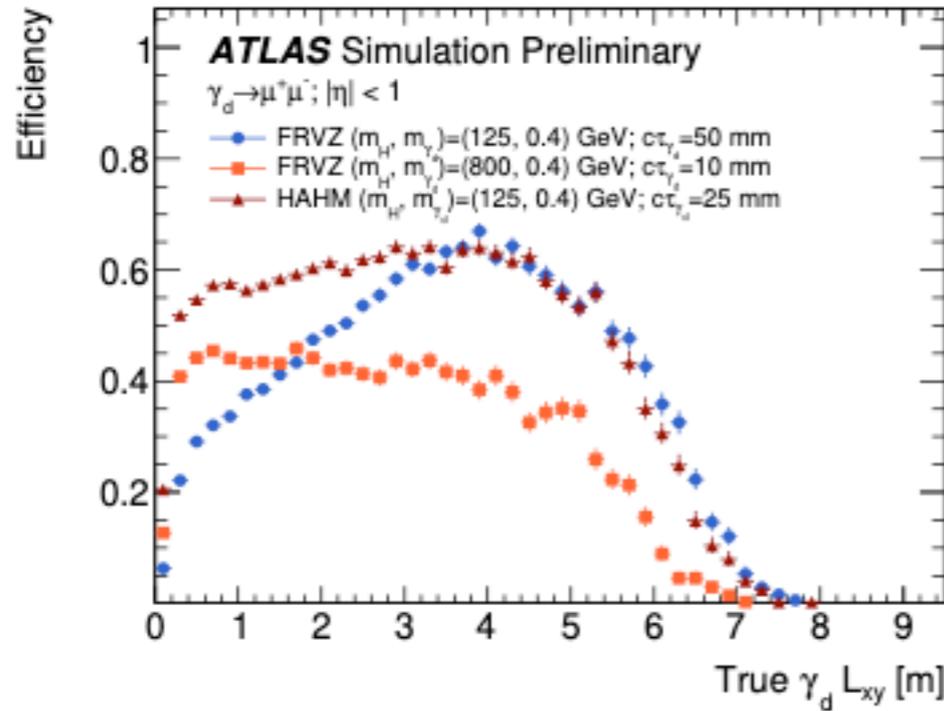


Figure 7: The per-event  $\min(\Delta\phi)$  vs.  $\min(\text{QCD tagger})$  distributions for the WH search channels. Figures (a, b, c) show data, while Figures (d, e, f) show simulated signal events. FRVZ signal samples with a SM Higgs boson and a  $\gamma_d$  mass of 100 MeV are shown for the  $\text{SR}_c^{\text{WH}}$  and  $\text{SR}_{2c}^{\text{WH}}$  search regions, while a  $\gamma_d$  mass of 400 MeV is shown for  $\text{SR}_{c+\mu}^{\text{WH}}$ .



## ggH



## WH

