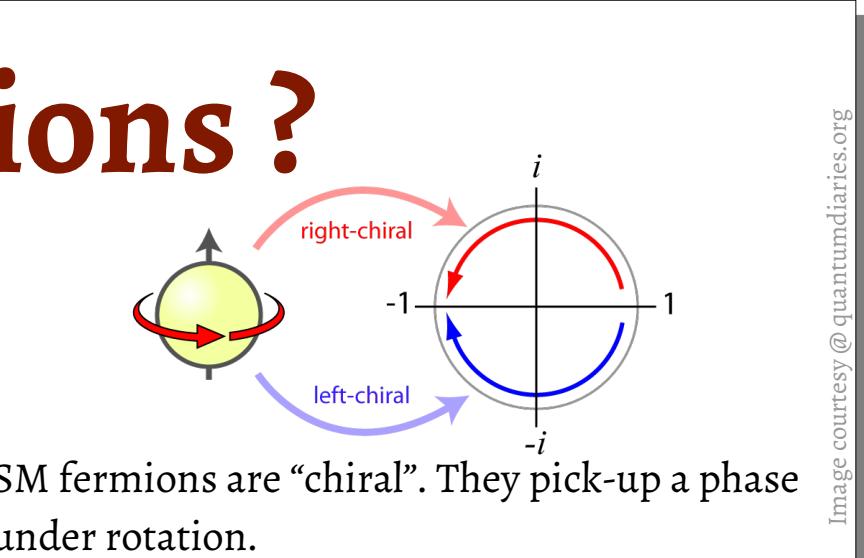


Angira Rastogi (IISER Pune) - On behalf of the CMS collaboration

Vector-like fermions?

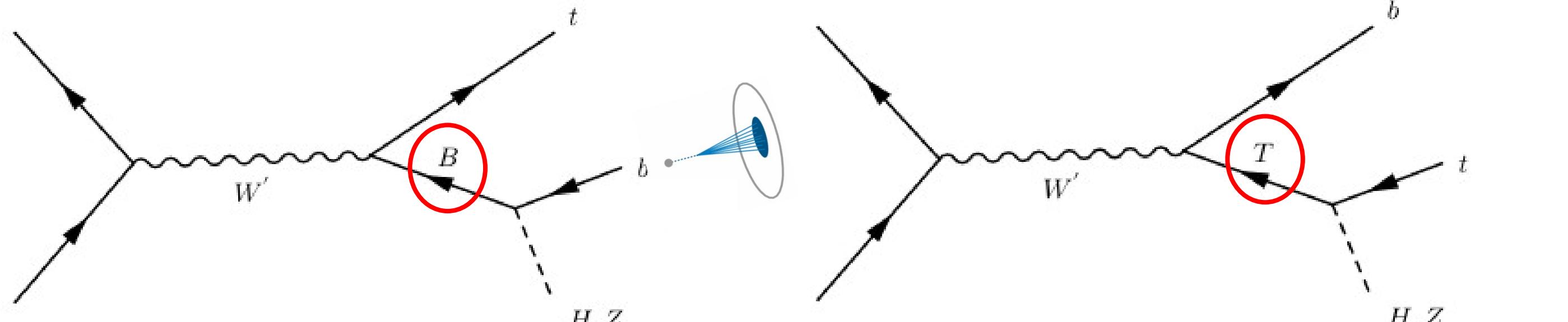
- Nonchiral under SM gauge symmetries.
- Lagrangian mass terms not arising from Yukawa couplings to the Higgs.



- Arise in wide variety of BSM scenarios including SUSY, ED, and GUTs. May provide a dark matter candidate, account for the mass hierarchy between SM generations & muon anomalous magnetic moment.
- Not constrained from electroweak precision measurements.

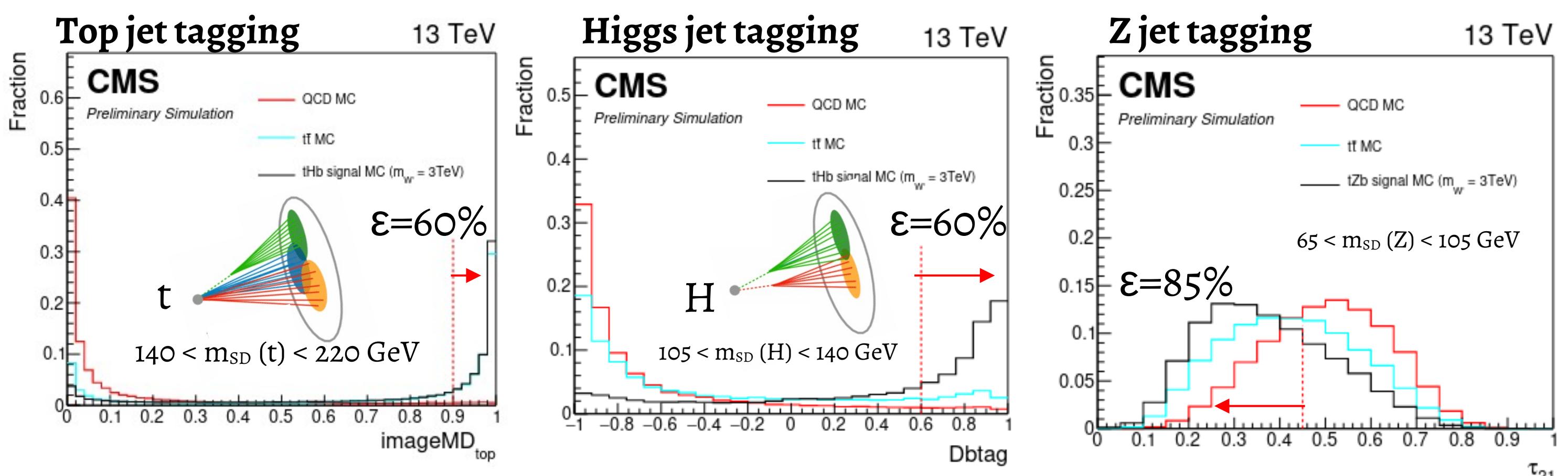
1-a) Vector-like quarks (VLQs)

$W' \rightarrow B$ VLQ or T VLQ (s-channel)



Object selection:

- Two AK8 jets ($H/Z, t$), $pT > 400$ GeV. One AK4 jet (b), $pT > 200$ GeV. $|\eta| < 2.4$.
- $\Delta R(\text{AK8 jet}, \text{AK8 jet}) > 1.6$, $\Delta R(\text{AK4 jet}, \text{AK8 jet}) > 1.2$.



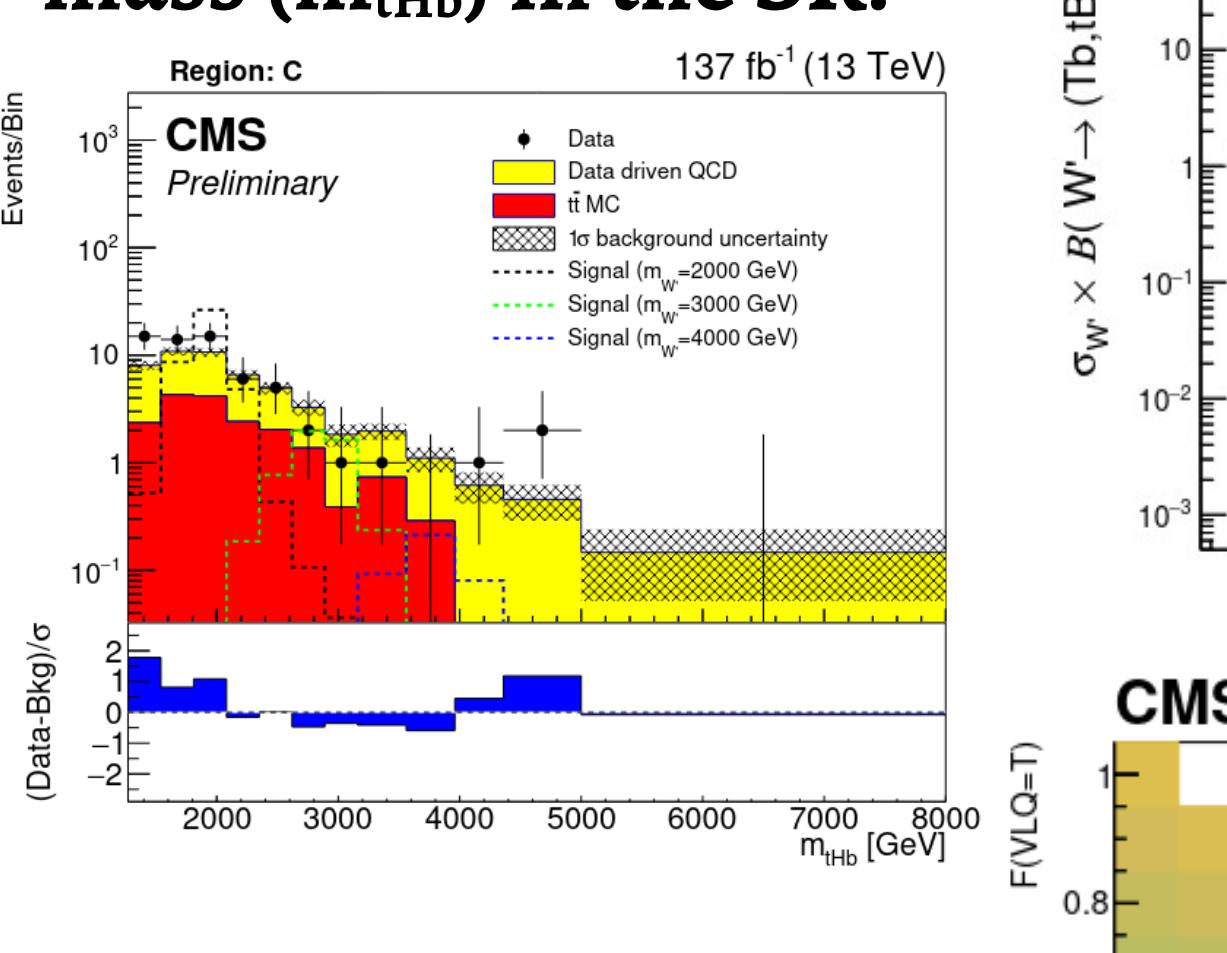
ImageMD_{top} used for the first time in CMS for top-tagging!

QCD multijet background estimation:

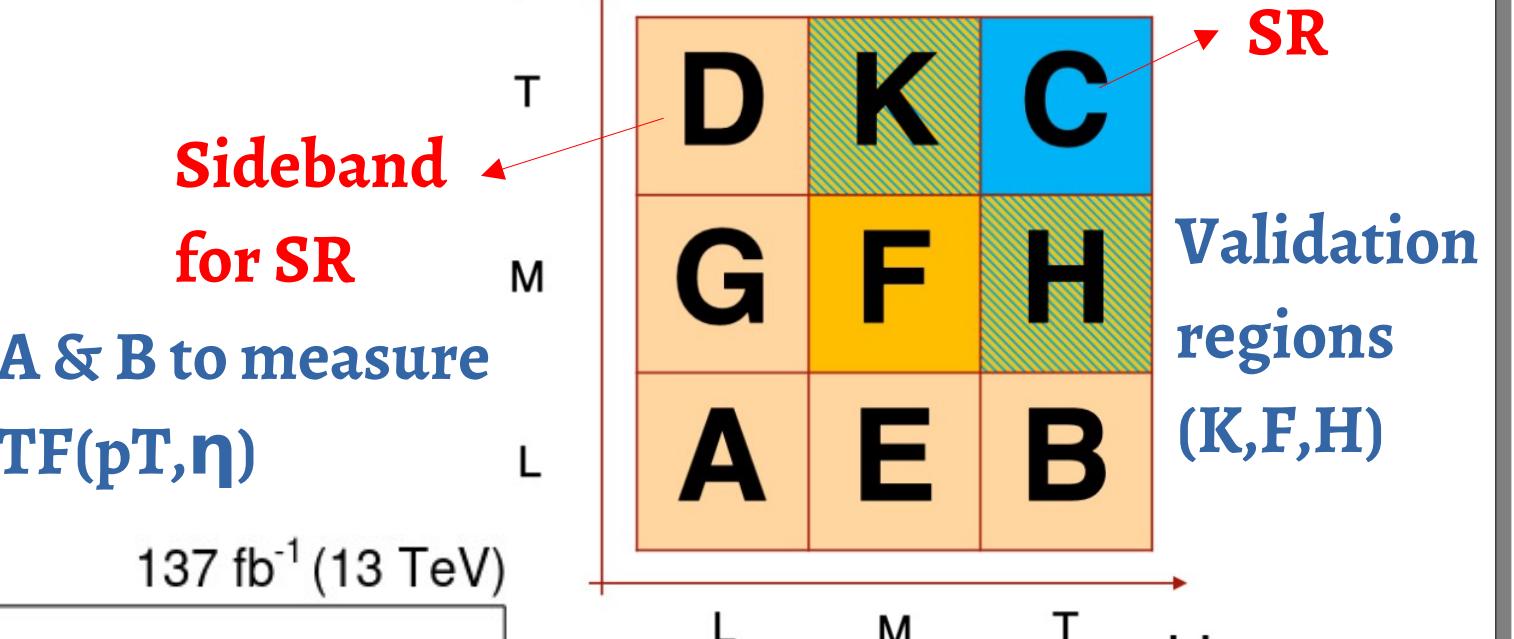
$$TF(p_T, \eta) \equiv (B_{\text{data}} - B_{t\bar{t}}) / (A_{\text{data}} - A_{t\bar{t}})$$

$$C_{\text{qcd}} \simeq (D_{\text{data}} - D_{t\bar{t}}) \times TF(p_T, \eta)$$

Reconstructed W' boson mass (m_{tHb}) in the SR:



Generalized exclusion maps for hypotheses other than the benchmark model.



Validation regions (K,F,H)

A & B to measure $TF(p_T, \eta)$

137 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

95% CL production cross section limit on W' for high-mass VLQ ($\sim 3/4 m_W$).

137 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

Observed Medium VLQ mass

BR(VLQ->Zq)

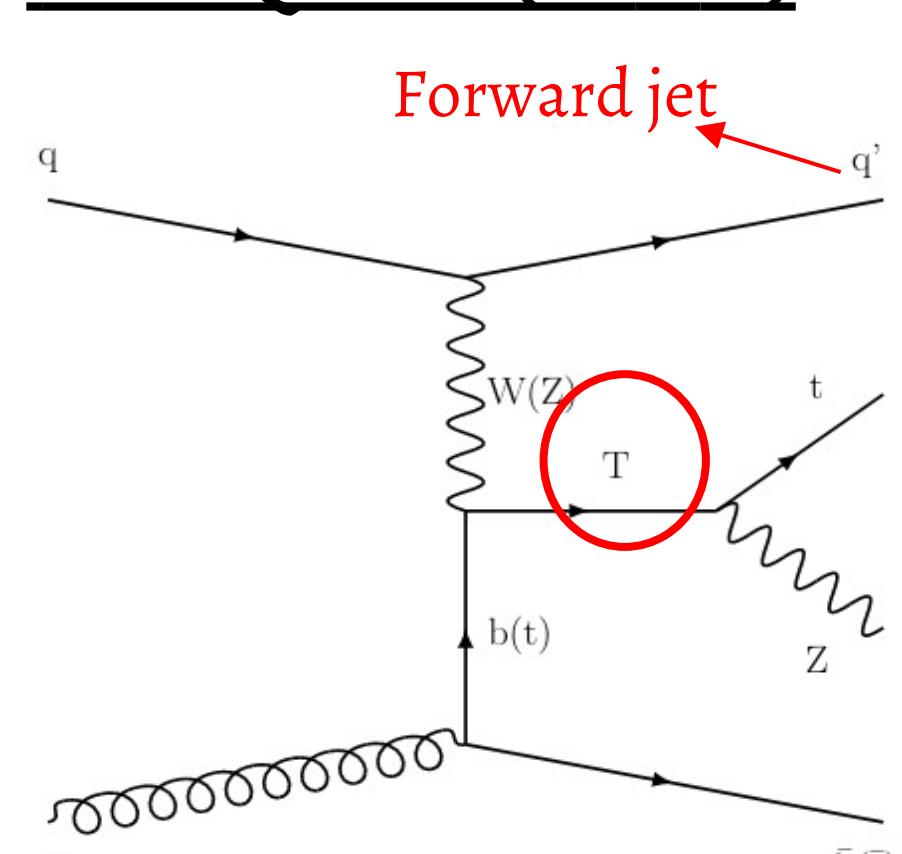
137 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

Observed Medium VLQ mass

BR(VLQ->Hq)

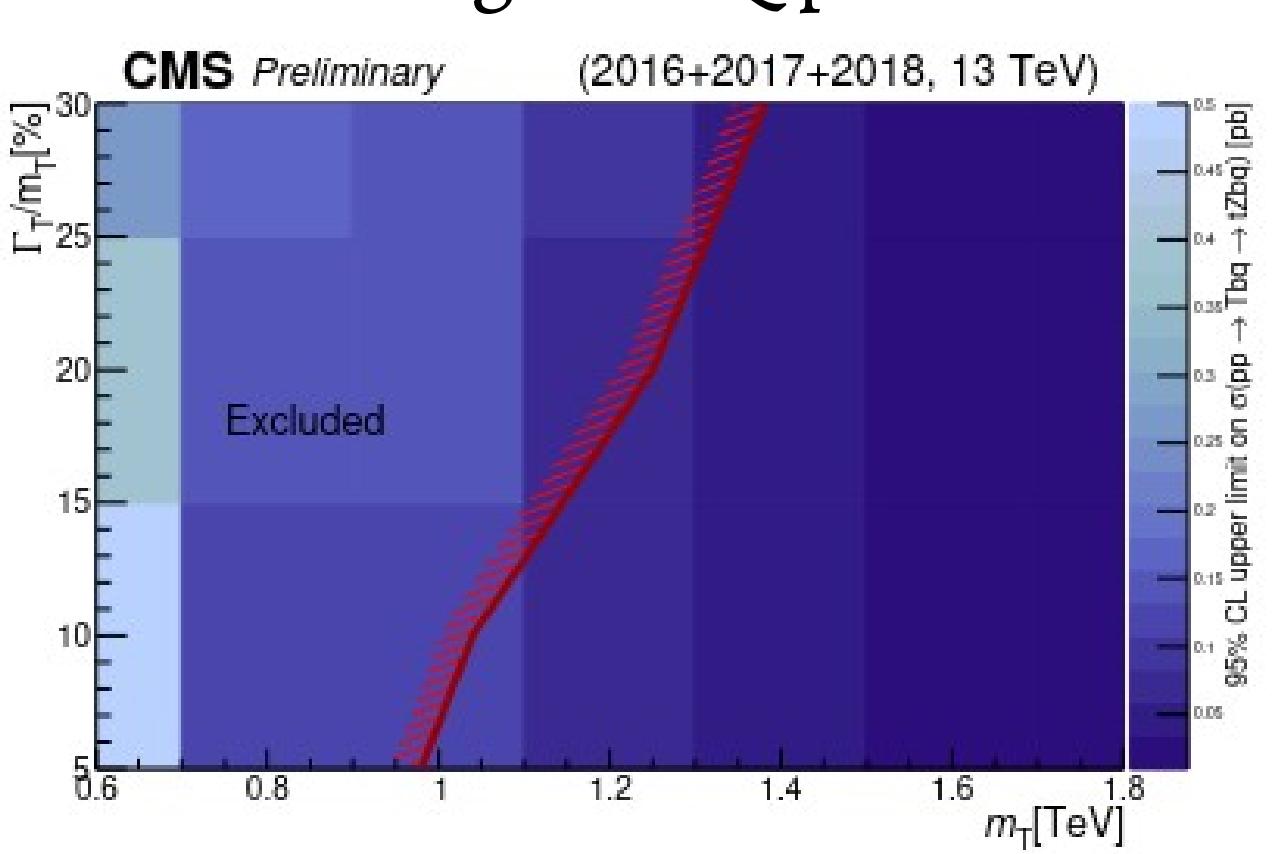
1-b) Vector-like quarks (VLQs)

T VLQ $\rightarrow tZ$ ($\rightarrow vv$)



M_T of top jet and pT_{miss} used as final discriminating variable.

Single VLQ production

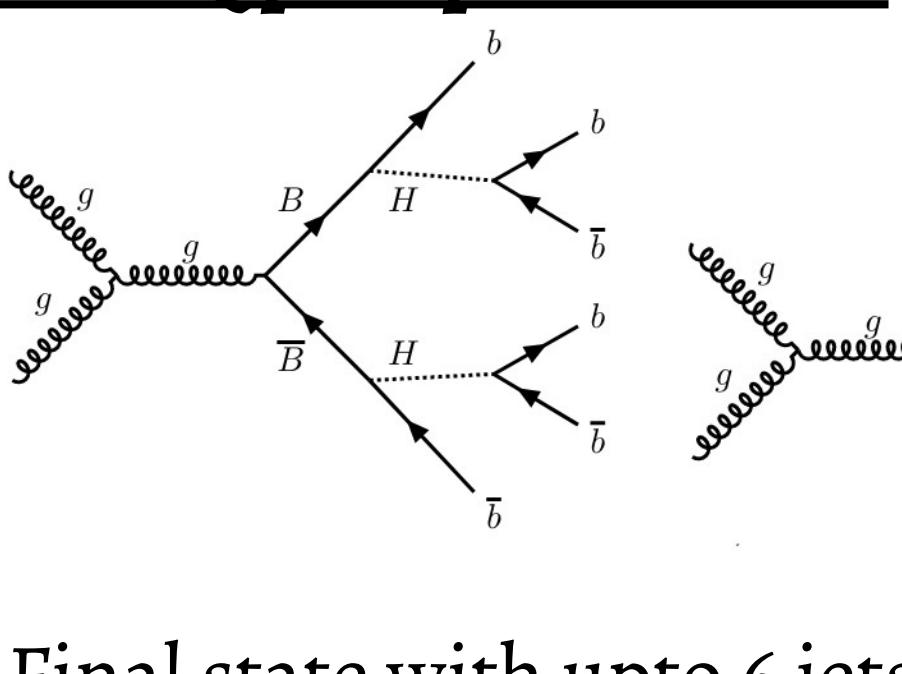


Observed 95% CL upper limit on $\sigma(\text{single } T) \times B(T \rightarrow tZ) \times B(tZ \rightarrow vv)$ shown for T mass widths of 10%, 20%, 30% of T mass.

Total 6 SR categories: Single AK8 t jet (merged), AK8 t jet from a W jet and a b jet (partially merged), and three AK4 jets (resolved) – with or without forward jet.

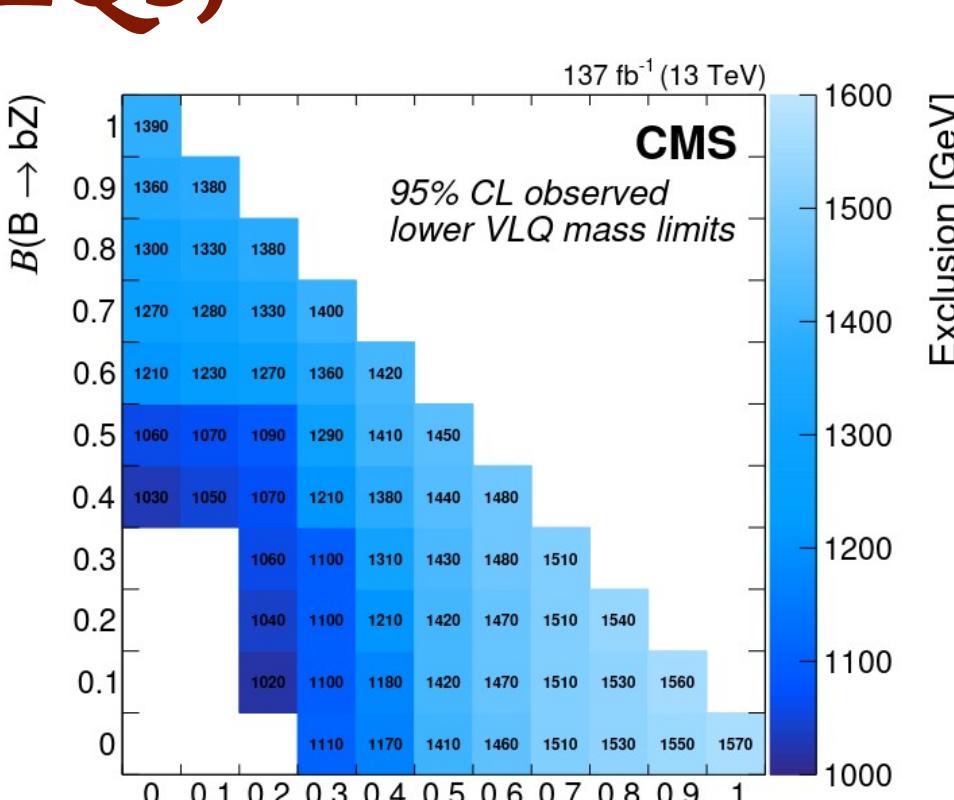
1-c) Vector-like quarks (VLQs)

B VLQ pair production



Final state with upto 6 jets!

Single VLQ production



95% CL observed lower VLQ mass limits

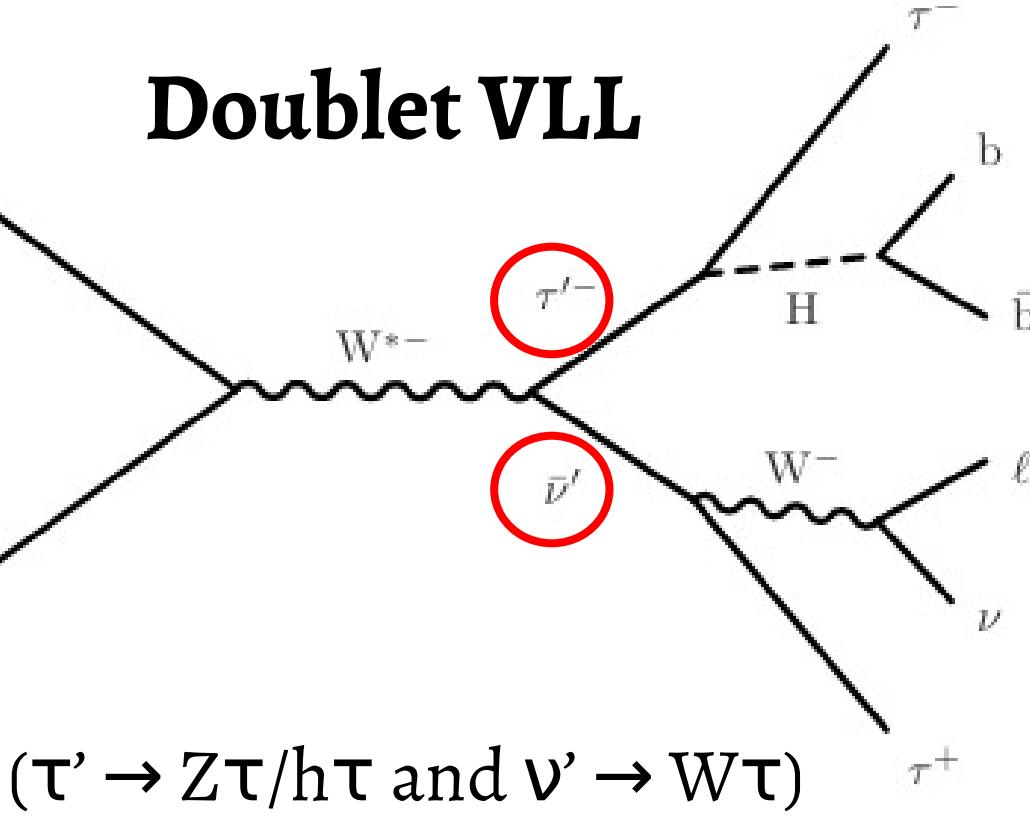
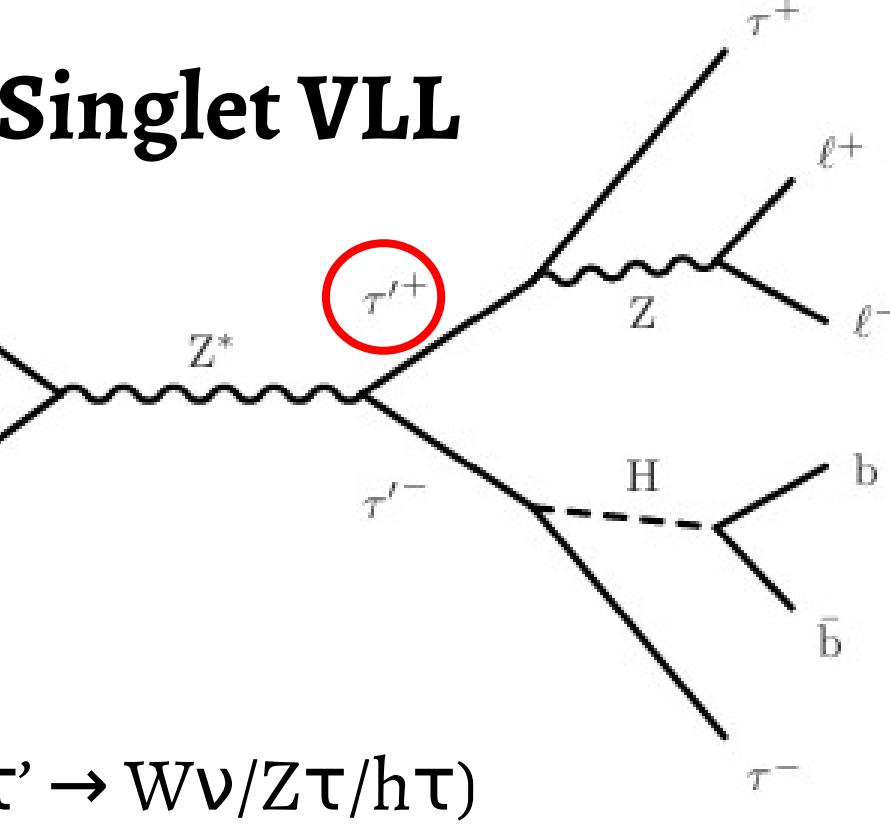
Theory & motivation

CMS-PAS-B2G-20-002

2) Vector-like leptons (VLLs)

CMS-PAS-EXO-21-002

Pair-production ($\tau'\tau', v'v'$) or associated-production (τ', v') via electroweak interaction.

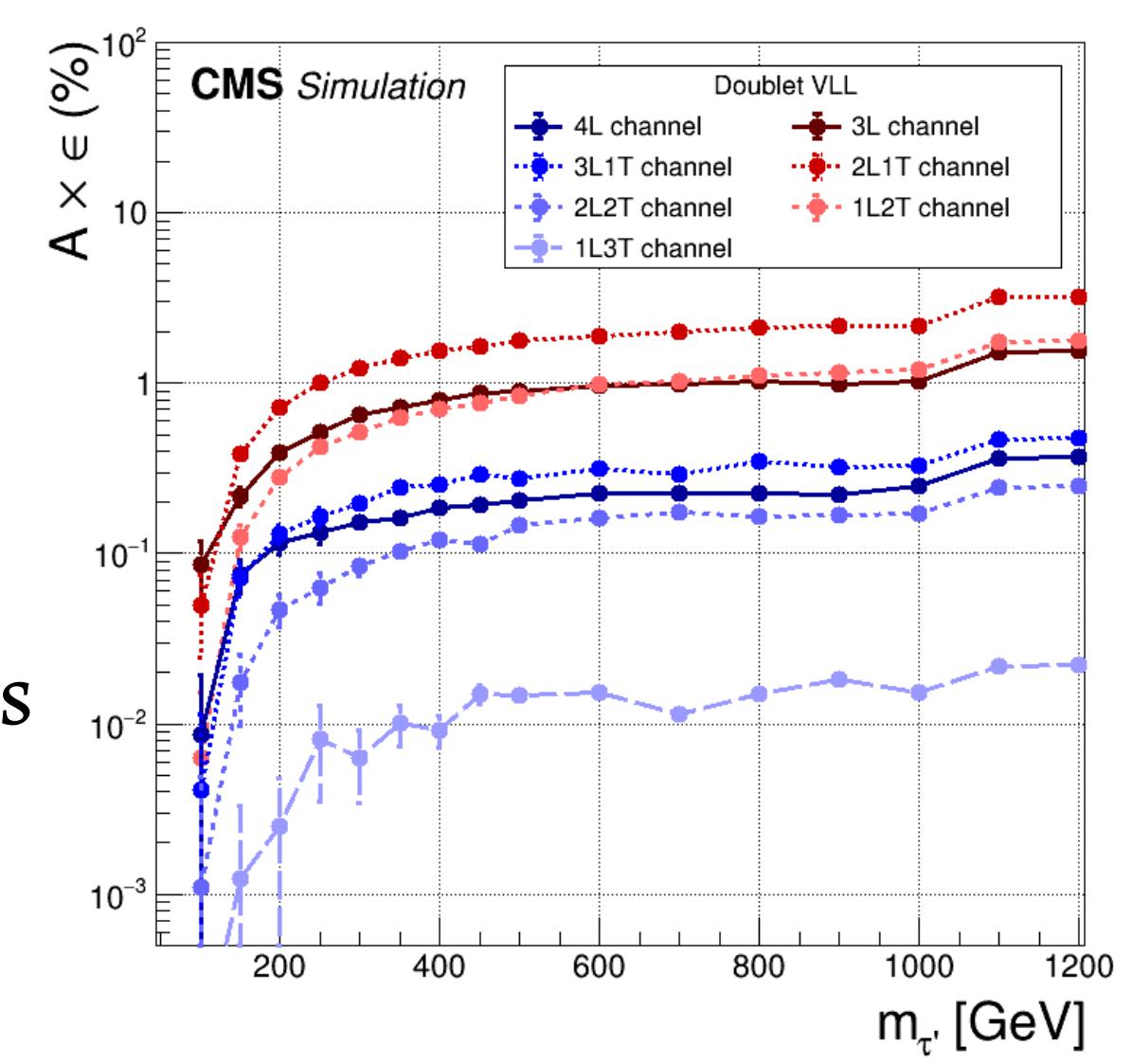


Multilepton analysis

• **Final states:** $4\ell, 3\ell 1\tau_h, 3\ell, 2\ell 2\tau_h, 2\ell 1\tau_h, 1\ell 3\tau_h$, and $1\ell 2\tau_h$.

• **Primary irreducible backgrounds:** $WZ, ZZ, ttZ, Z\gamma$. Estimated using simulation.

• **Reducible background:** Misidentified leptons from jets, and/or heavy flavor decays. Data-driven 3D/4D matrix method.



Low signal acceptance \rightarrow BDTs to the rescue!

1) One BDT training per year, using samples from other two years.

2) One combined training for singlet and doublet VLL.

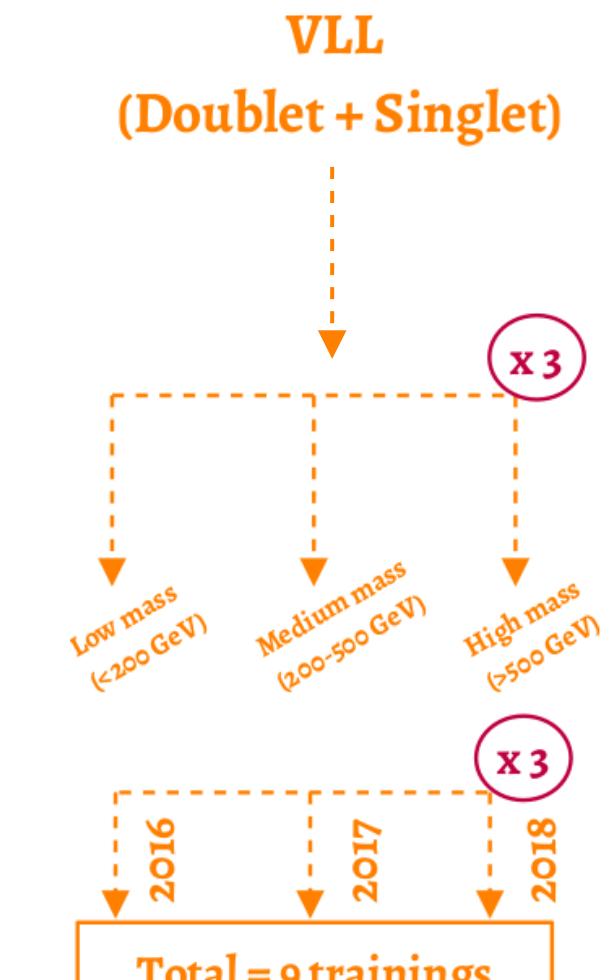
3) One BDT per mass (total 3 mass ranges).

4) One channel-inclusive training.

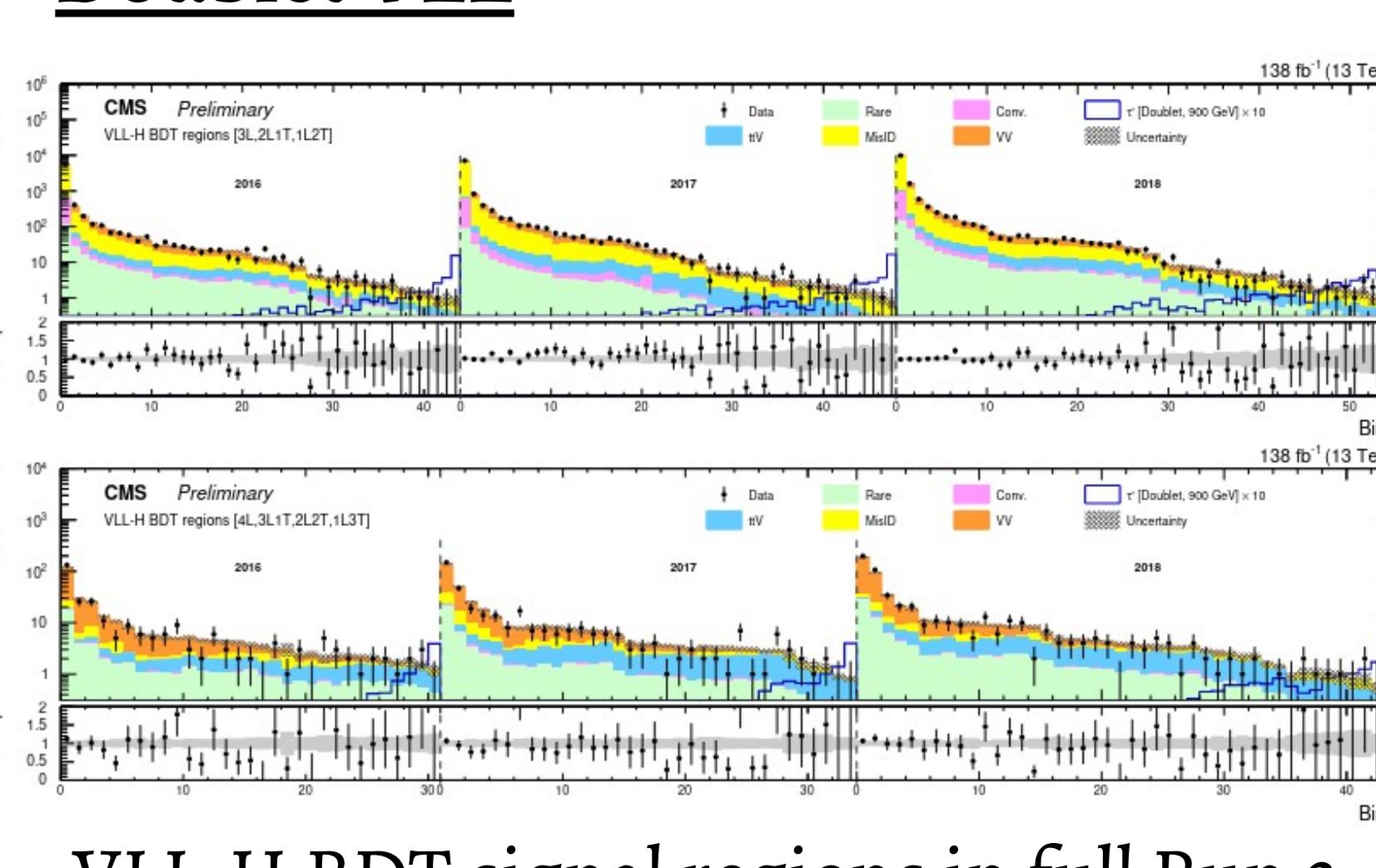
5) Novel input variables for the BDT training.

Variable type	All signals	Used for
Event	$H_T, p_T^{\text{miss}}, N_b, M_\ell$	Vector-like lepton
Lepton	$p_T^\ell, p_T^{\ell\text{SSF}}$	
Angular	ΔR_{\min}	Max, Min: $\Delta\phi^\ell$, Max, Min: $\Delta\phi^j$
Mass	M_T	M^j, M_1^2, M_2^2, M_3^2

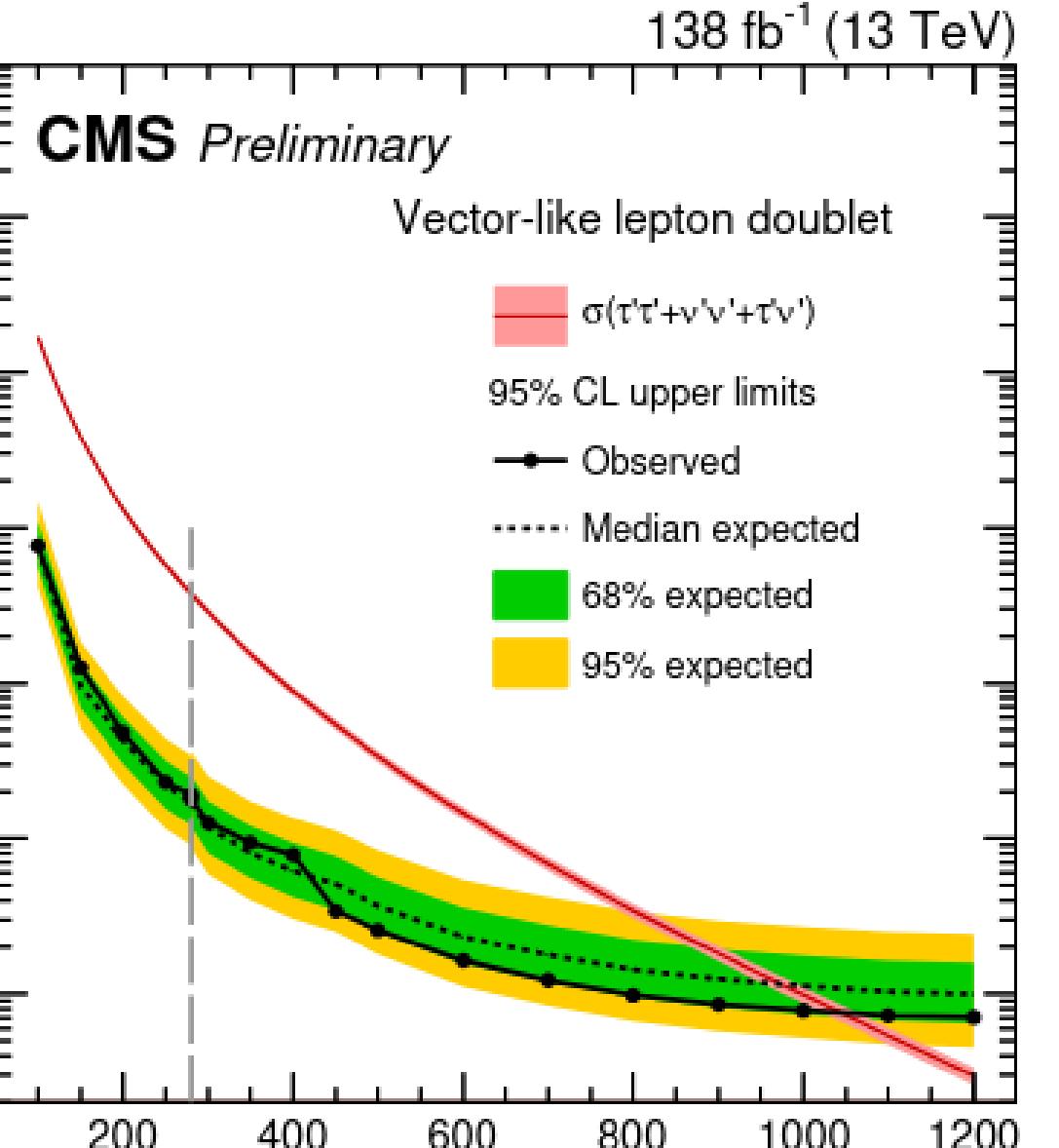
6) Adaptive-binning for BDT output spectra for maximum gains.



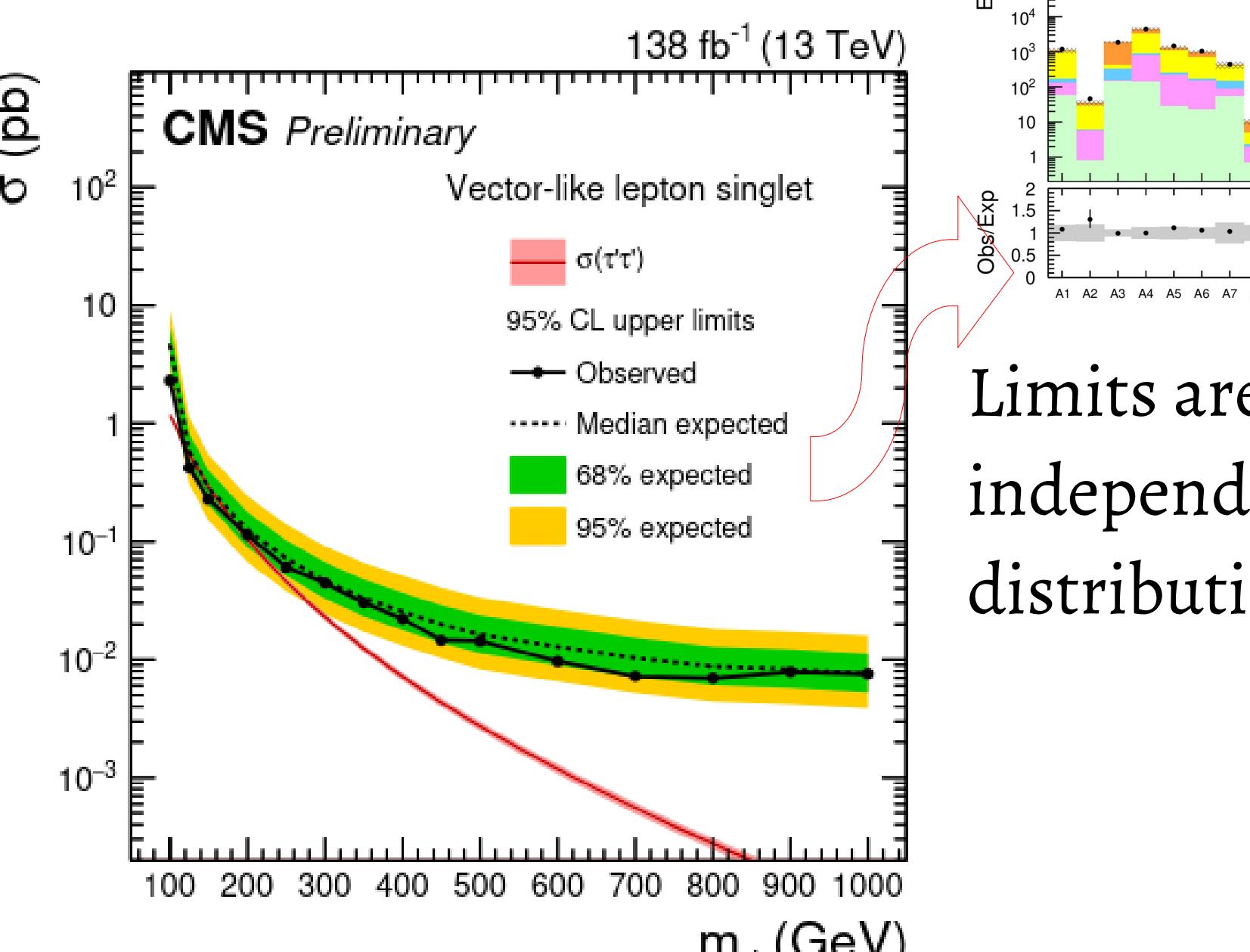
Doublet VLL



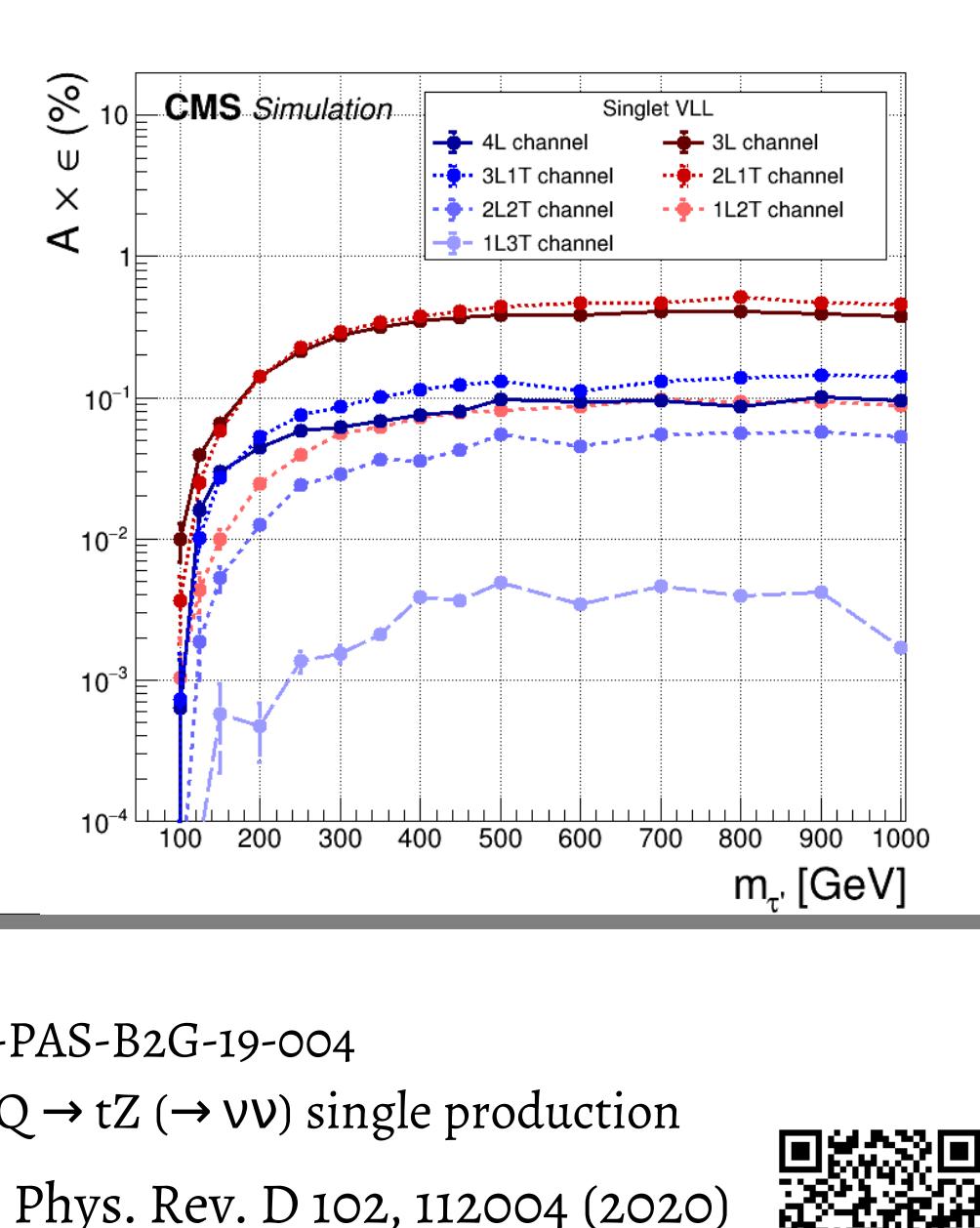
VLL-H BDT signal regions in full Run 2.



Singlet VLL



Limits are derived from the model-independent categories in bins of S_T distribution.



Singlet VLL model challenging due to lower acceptance and smaller production cross section.

CMS-PAS-EXO-21-002 (2021)
Vector-like leptons singlet & doublet

CMS-PAS-B2G-20-002
 $W' \rightarrow B/T$ VLQ single production

References

CMS-PAS-B2G-19-004
 T VLQ $\rightarrow tZ \rightarrow vv$ single production
Phys. Rev. D 102, 112004 (2020)
VLQ pair production