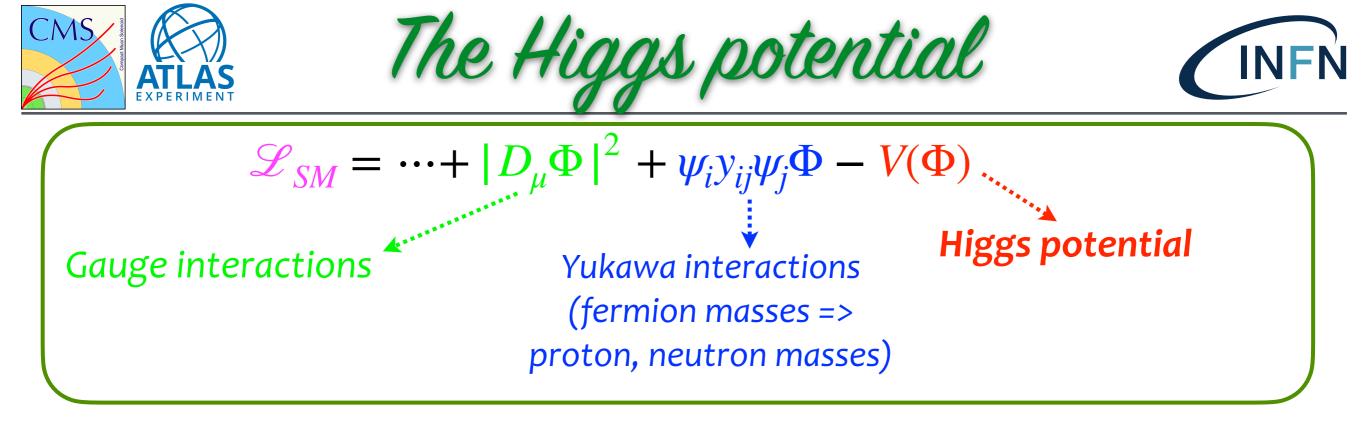




30th International Symposium on Lepton Photon interactions at High Energies, <u>online</u> 10 January 2022

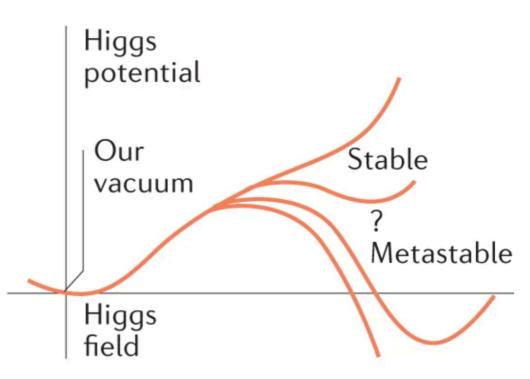
Higgs physics: experimental overview

E. Di Marco (INFN Roma) on behalf of the ATLAS and CMS Collaborations



$$V(\Phi) = -\mu^2 \Phi^{\dagger} \Phi + \lambda (\Phi^{\dagger} \Phi)^2$$

- Responsible of the EWK symmetry breaking and W/Z masses
- Characterizing the Higgs potential means measuring the H boson mass (μ) and the strength of its self coupling (λ)
- $V(\Phi)$ and top mass determine the stability of our vacuum



Higgs mass and width

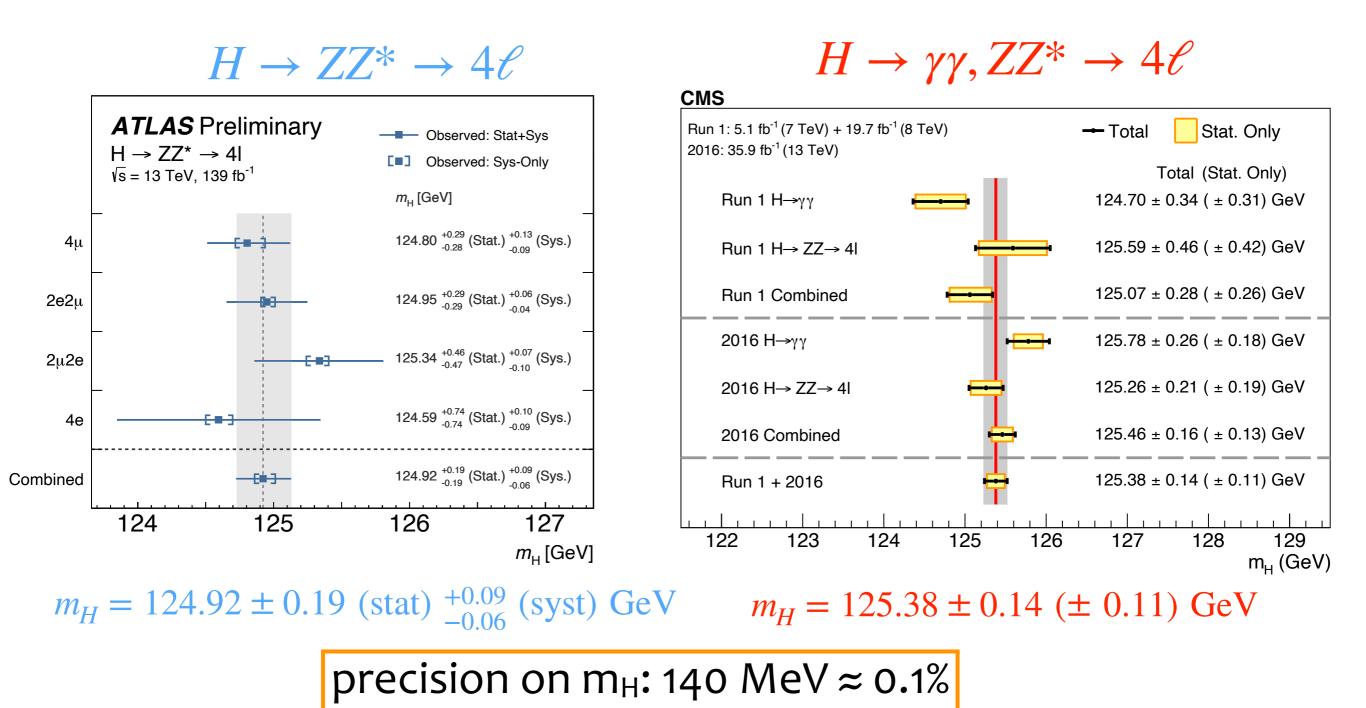
$$V(\Phi) = -\mu^2 \Phi^{\dagger} \Phi + \lambda (\Phi^{\dagger} \Phi)^2$$
$$= V_0 + \frac{1}{2} m_H^2 H^2 + \lambda v H^3 + \frac{1}{4} \lambda H^4$$







- Measurement done in $H \rightarrow 4\ell$ and $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ only
- precision dominated by statistics and experimental systematics



E. Di Marco

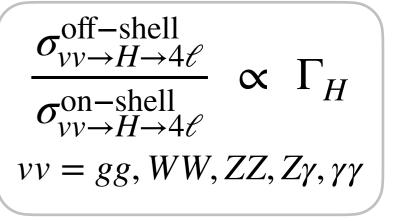
Higgs boson width

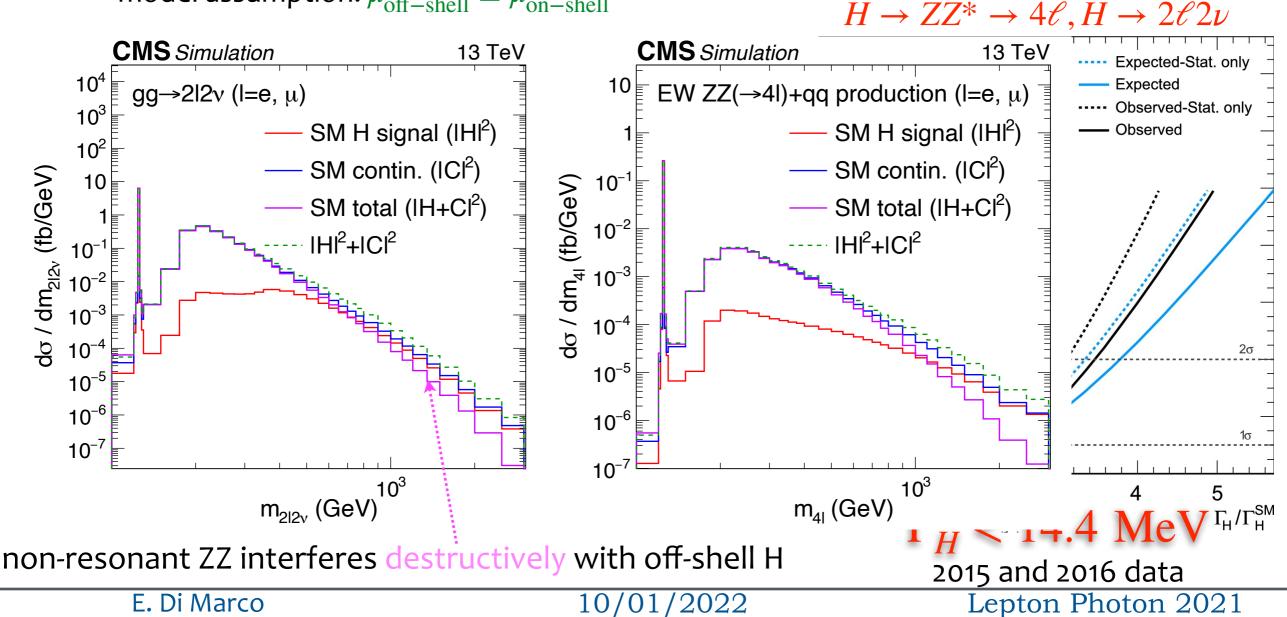


5

- $\Gamma_H^{SM} = 4.1 \text{ MeV}$ (corresponding to a lifetime $\tau_H \sim 1.6 \times 10^{-22} \text{s}$) too small to be measured directly:
 - direct measurement: F_H<1.1 GeV from on-shell Higgs, limited by detector resolution smearing the Breit-Wigner lineshape
- Higgs width can be extracted from the ratio of on-shell and off-shell yields
 - model assumption: $\mu_{\text{off-shell}}^H \equiv \mu_{\text{on-shell}}^H$

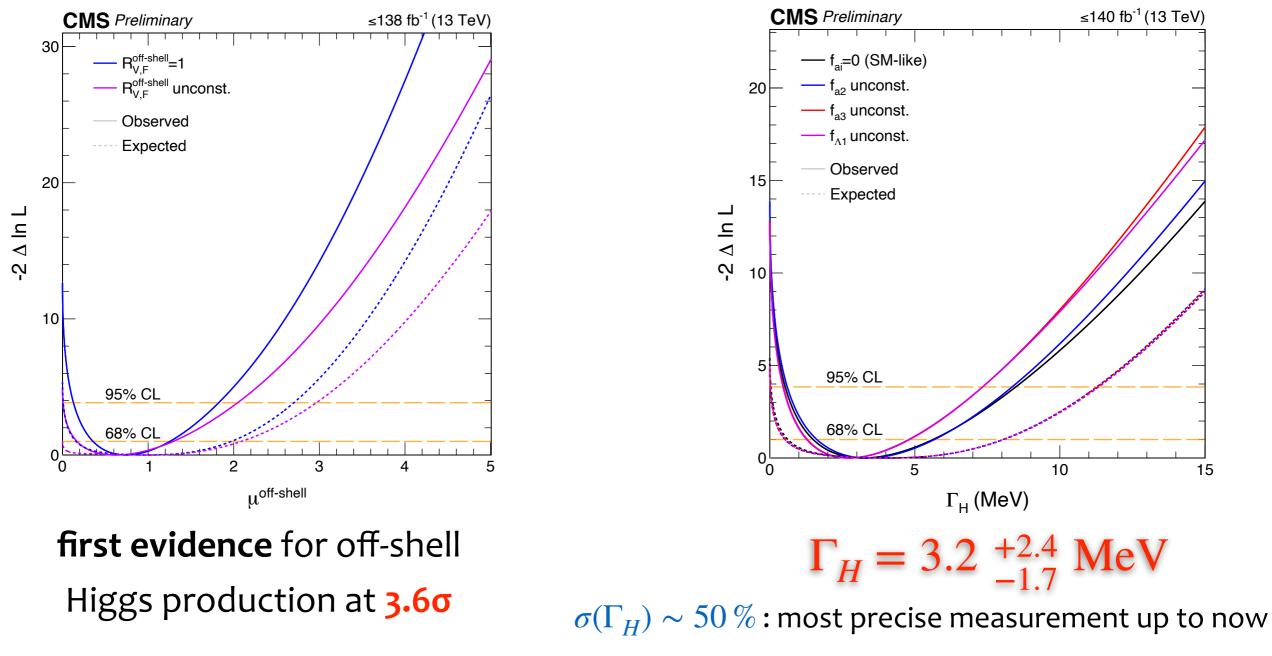








- Combination of $H \to 4\ell, H \to 2\ell 2\nu$ analysis of full Run2 data CMS-PAS-HIG-21-013
 - $H \rightarrow 4\ell$ analysis on full Run2, using on-shell + off-shell events
 - $H \to 2\ell^2 \nu$ analysis on full Run2, with $\ell=e,\mu$ final states and categorized in jet multiplicity



E. Di Marco



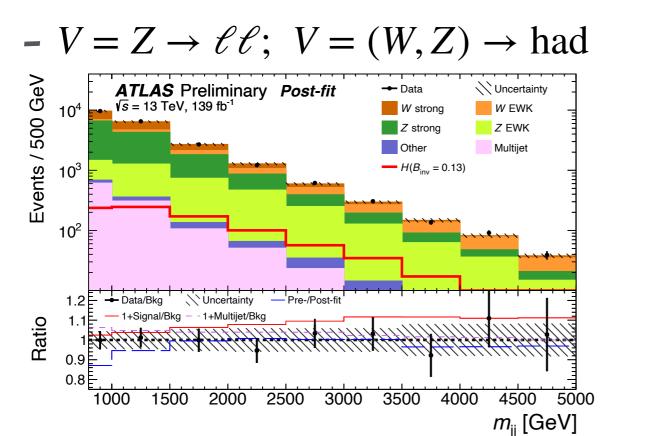




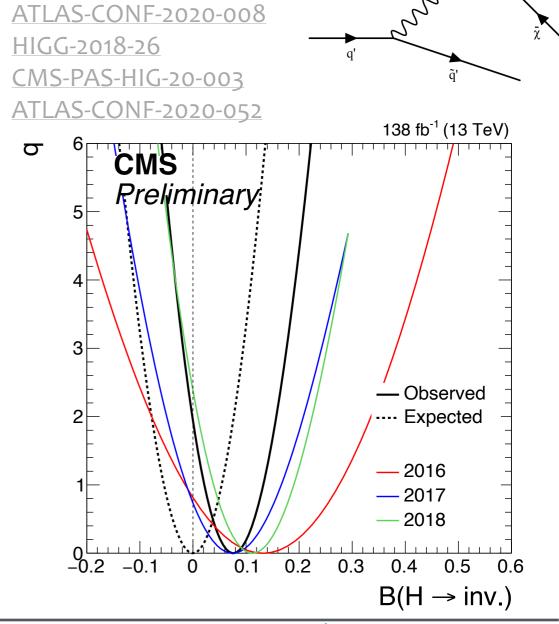
 Part of Higgs width could be due to decays to not detectable particles: searches can be interpreted within Dark Matter models

10/01/2022

- CMS: Search of 2 forward jets with high M_{jj} and high $|\Delta\eta_{jj}|$ + MET
 - Dominant backgrounds: $W \rightarrow \ell \nu$ and $Z \rightarrow \nu \nu$ +jets
 - systematically dominated by V+jets modelling
- ATLAS: VBF combined to VH production



ATLAS: BR($H \rightarrow inv$) < 0.11 (exp 0.11)

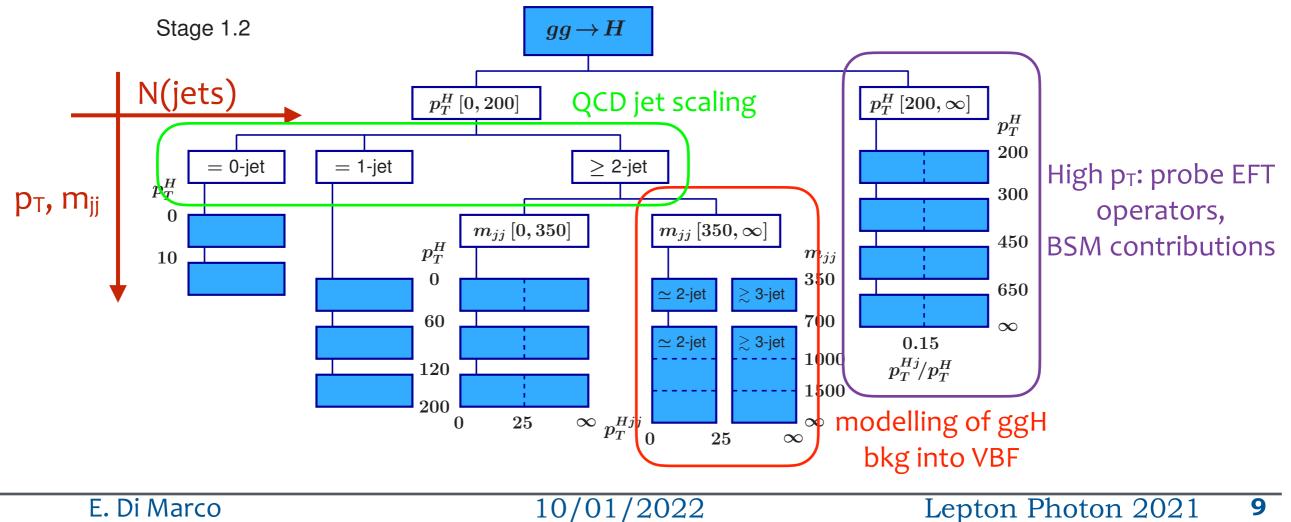




Higgs boson cross sections



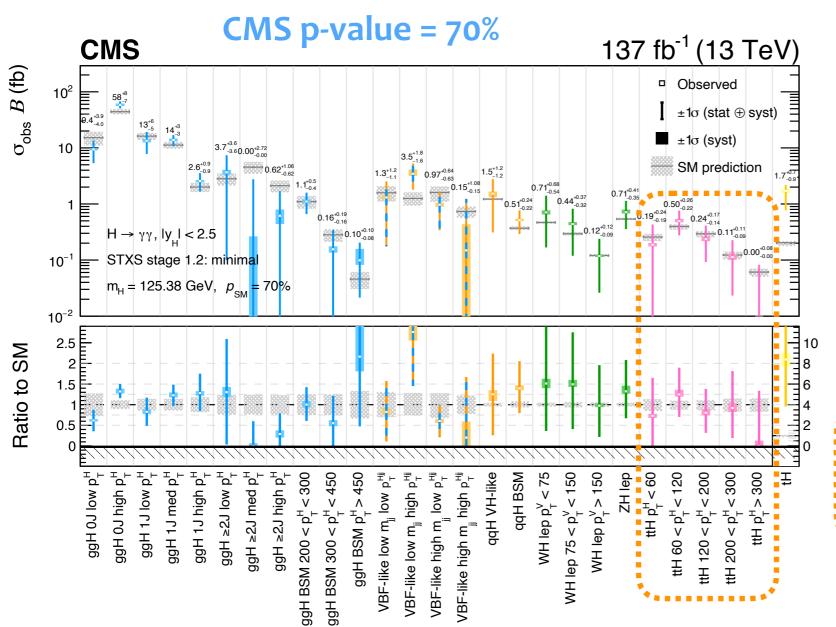
- Approach devoted to minimize simultaneously experimental and theoretical uncertainties on Higgs cross section measurements
- Split Higgs production modes in gen-level bins in p_T , N(jets), m_{jj}
 - Assume within each bin acceptance is only weakly depending on SM kinematics, used in STXS measurements as proxy for true properties
 - Allow re-interpretation of results in different models
 - Look for BSM in extreme bins of the phase space







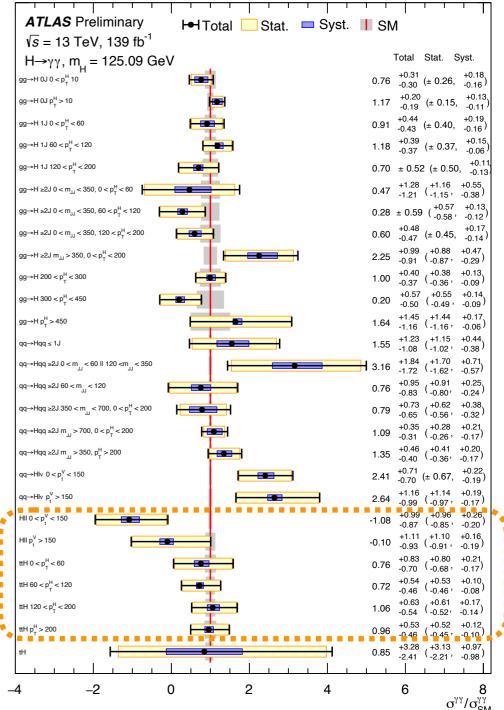
- $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ channel well suited for STXS measurement:
 - high yields, efficiency and S/B across whole phase space
 - robust background estimation from $m(\gamma\gamma)$
 - reaching first ttH differential measurements



ATLAS p-value = 60%

ATLAS-CONF-2020-026

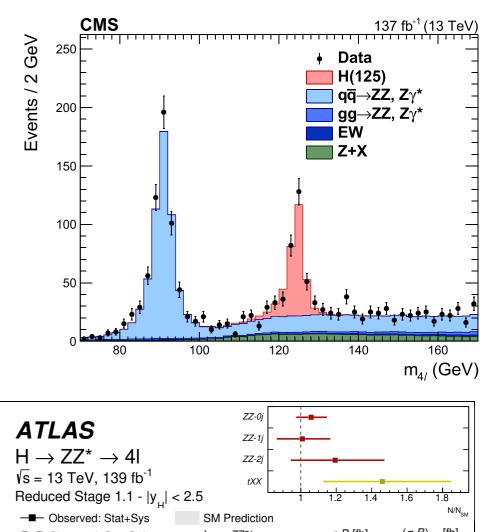
JHEP 07 (2021) 027

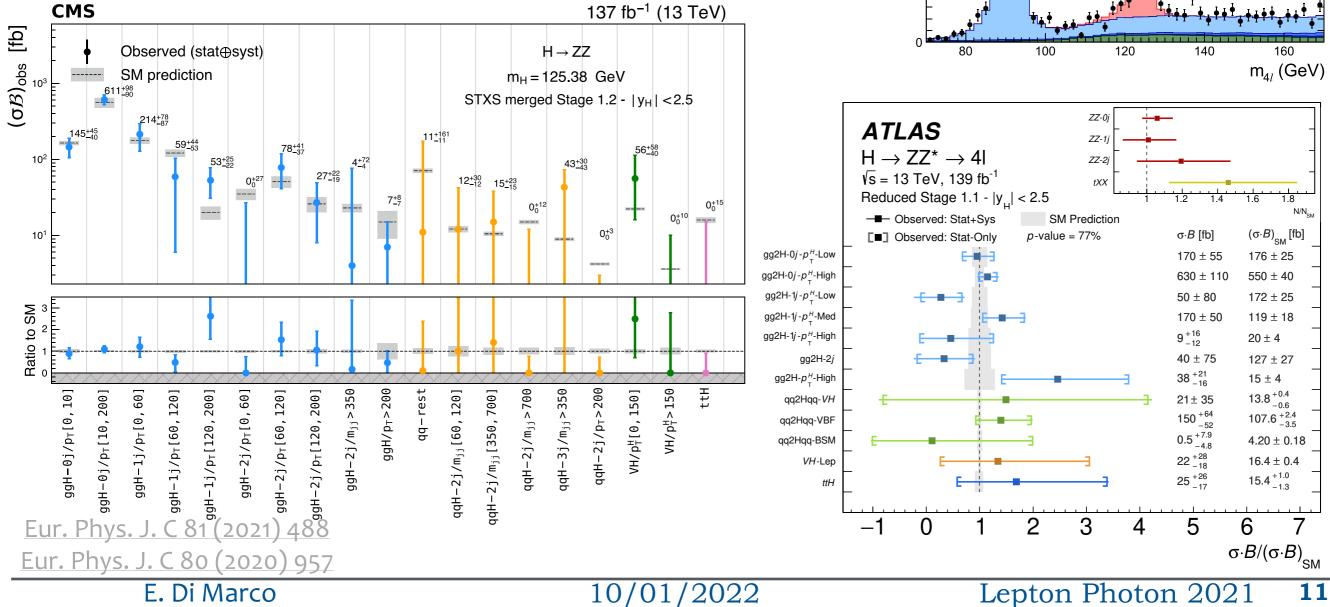




 $\underbrace{\mathsf{STXS}H}_{\mathsf{EXPERIMENT}} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{STXS}H}_{\mathsf{ATLAS}} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{STXS}H}_{\mathsf{ATLAS}} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{STXS}H}_{\mathsf{ATLAS}} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{CIN}}_{\mathsf{CIN}}$

- Very clean final state, but low event yield:
 - group STXS bins to improve sensitivity, especially VH and ttH processes
 - use DNN (ATLAS) or matrix element (CMS) to define categories









2.2

1.8

2

ATLAS Preliminary

 $H \rightarrow ZZ^*, H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

√s = 13 TeV, 139 fb⁻¹



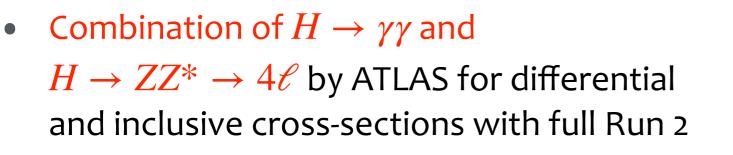
 $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$

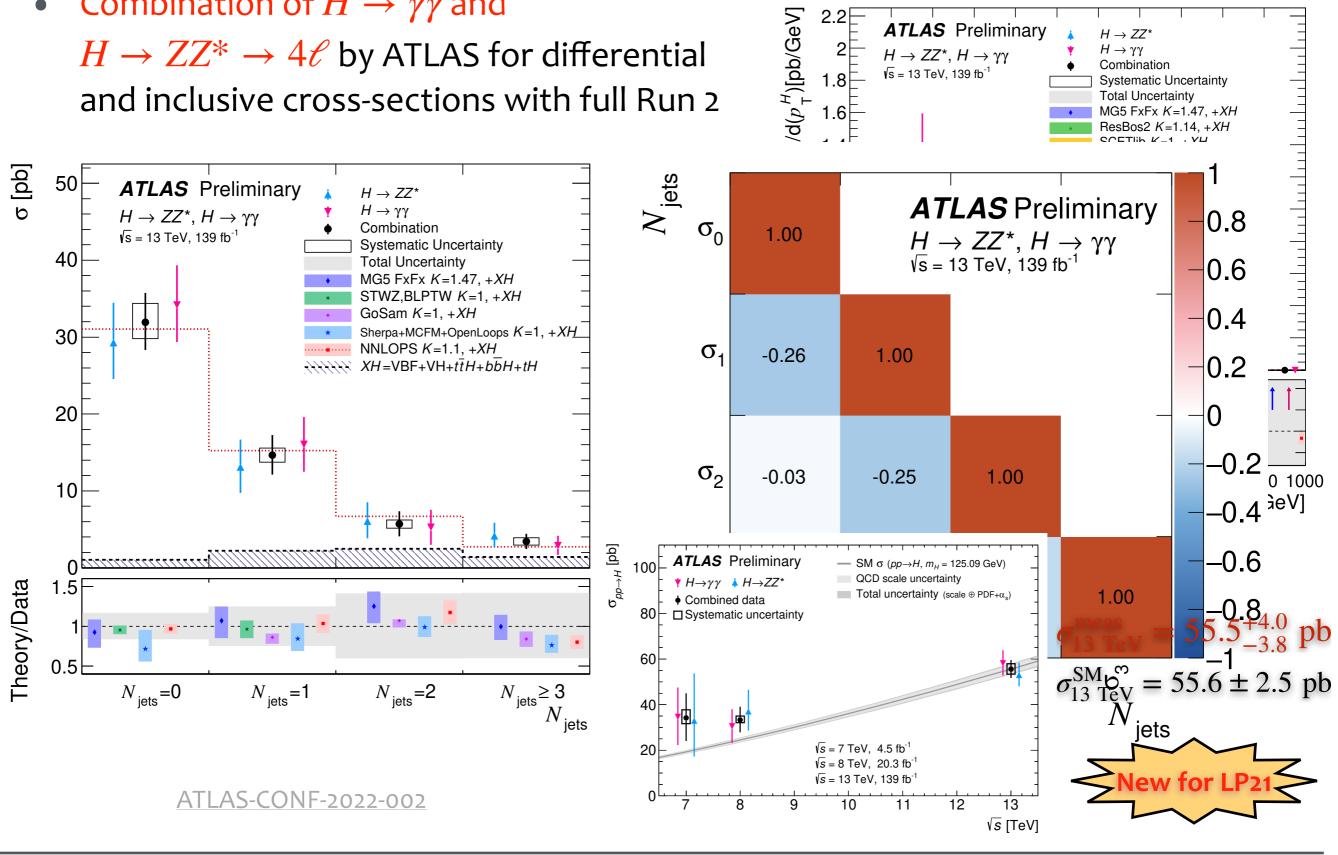
Combination

Total Uncertainty MG5 FxFx K=1.47, +XH ResBos2 K=1.14. +XH

Systematic Uncertainty

 $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$

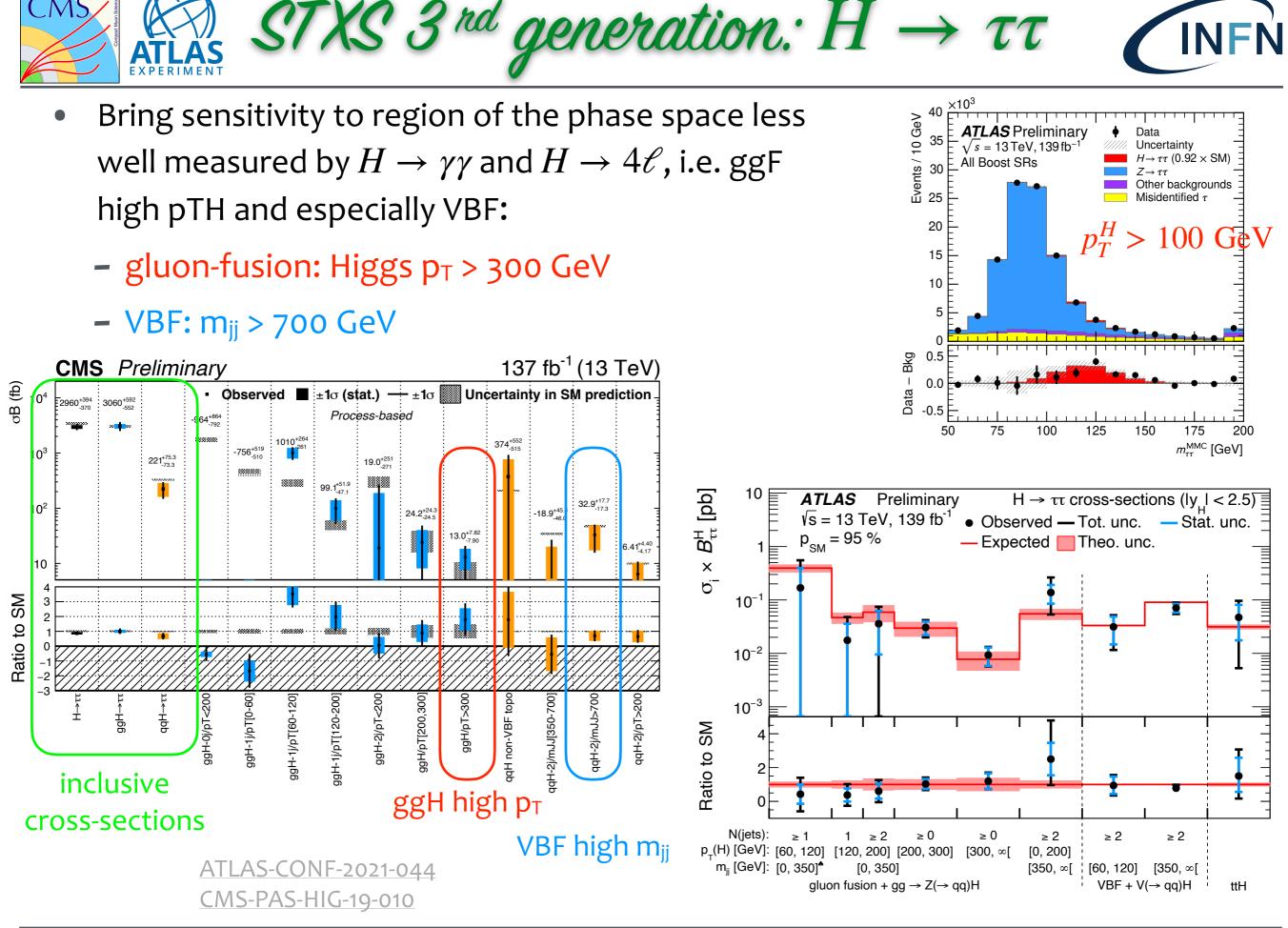




E. Di Marco

10/01/2022

Lepton Photon 2021 12

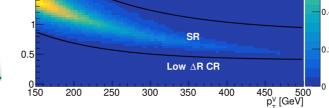


E. Di Marco

10/01/2022

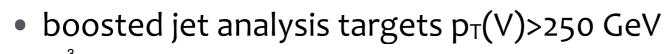
Lepton Photon 2021 **13**

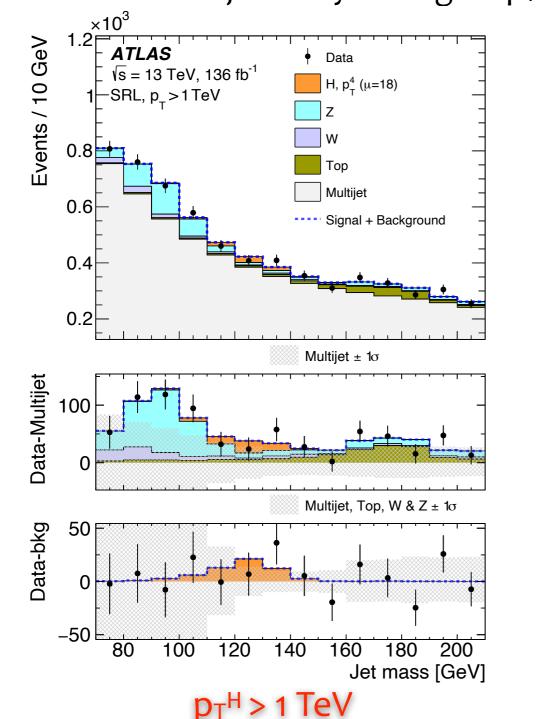


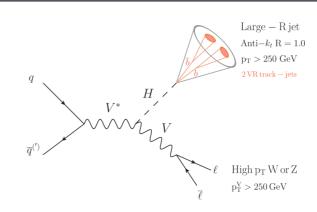


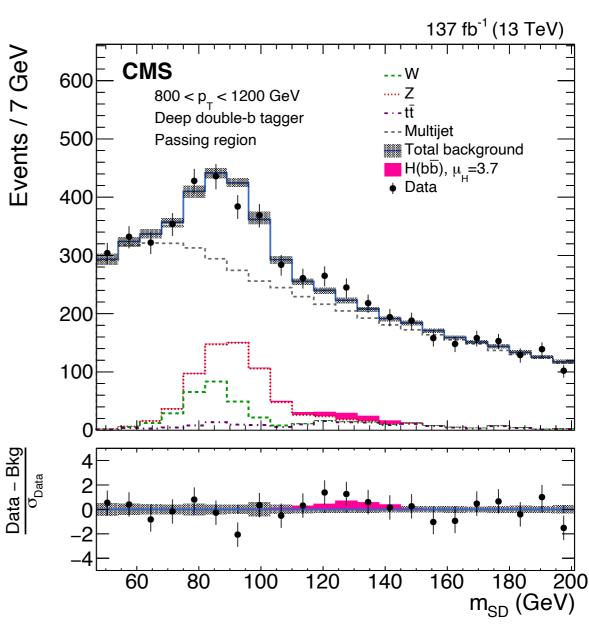


• Challenging channel, VH, $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ can measure highly boosted regime









 $0.8 < p_T^H < 1.2 \text{ TeV}$

10/01/2022

E. Di Marco

HIGG-21-018

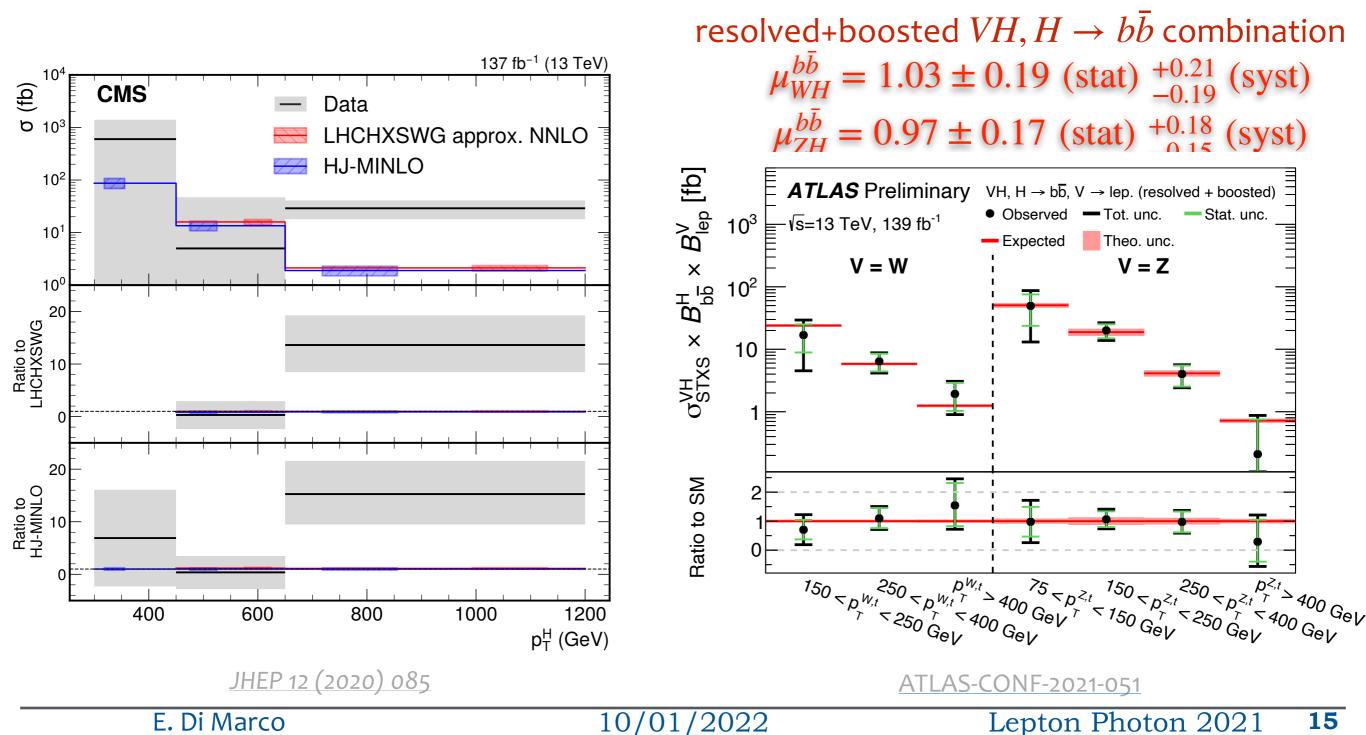
Lepton Photon 2021 14





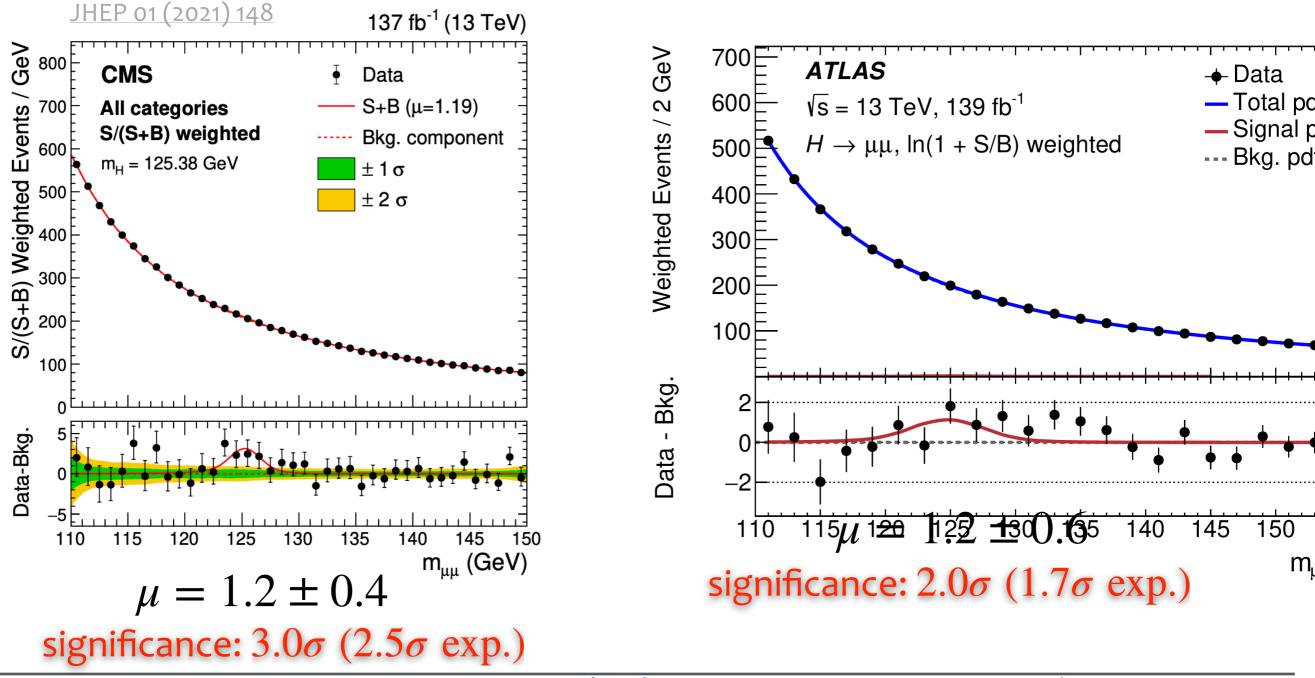


- Observed WH and ZH. Differential cross-sections analysis sensitive to $p_T>250$ GeV, probing $p_T>400$ GeV
 - measurements beginning to be systematically limited





- Rare decay: $BR(H \to \mu\mu) \approx 2 \times 10^{-4}$, with large non-resonant background from $DY \to \mu\mu$
 - all production modes used: ggF, VBF, VH, ttH, categorized to improve sensitivity



E. Di Marco

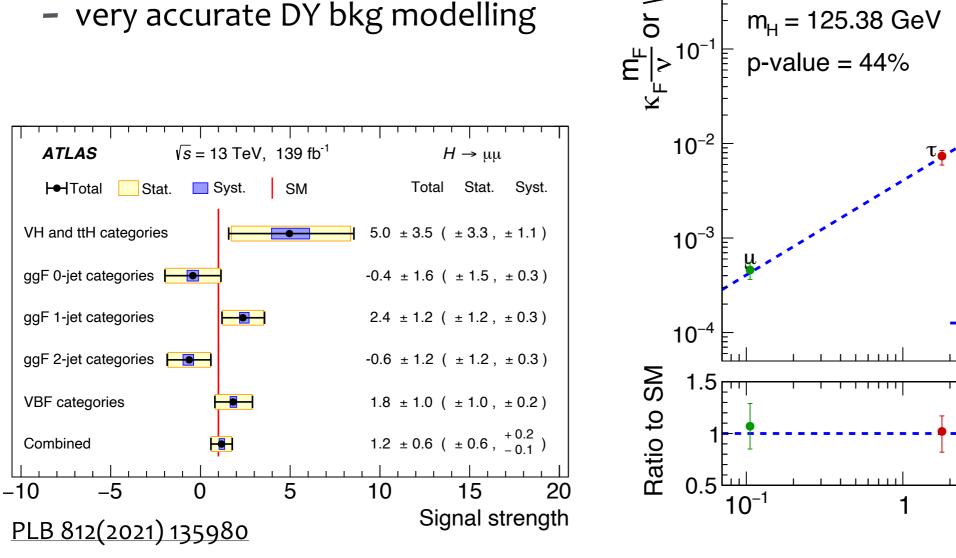


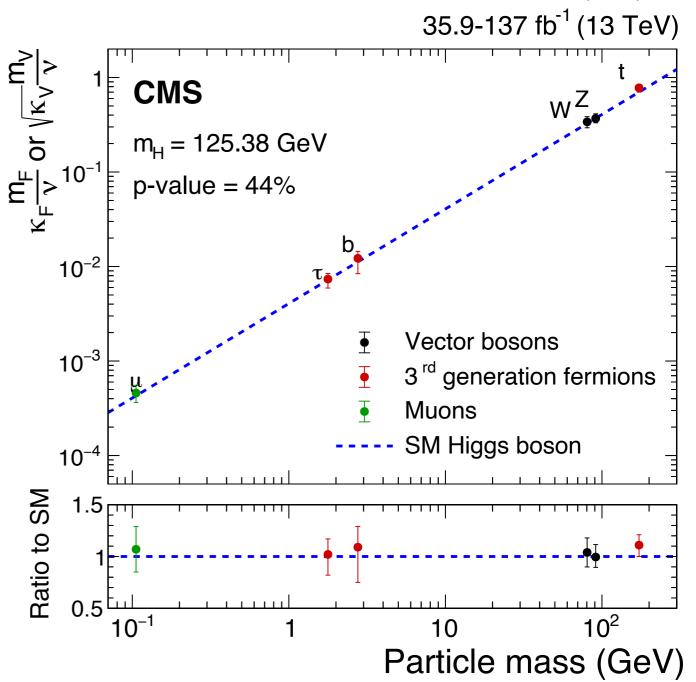
 $H \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ challenges



JHEP 01 (2021) 148

- S/B ~ 0.1% for inclusive events at 125 GeV
- Strategies to increase sensitivity:
 - improve $\sigma(m_{\mu\mu})$ with FSR recovery, constrain tracks to beam line
 - use dedicated DNN/BDT in each category



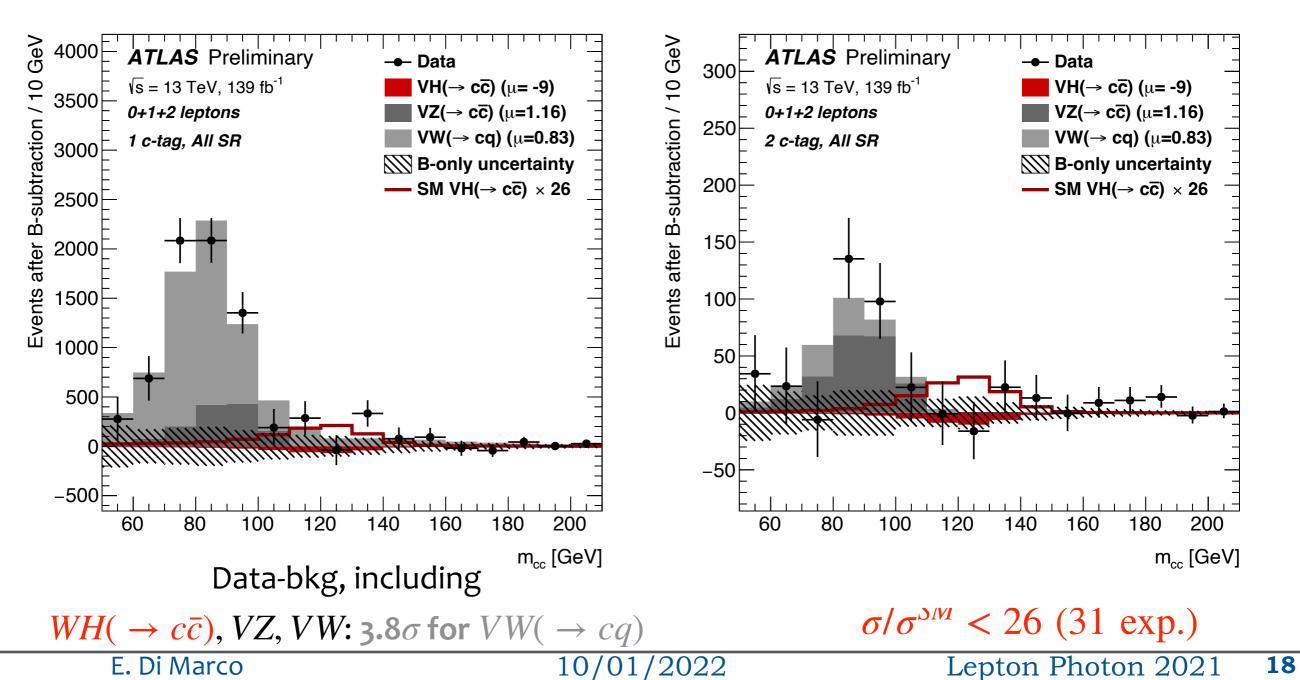






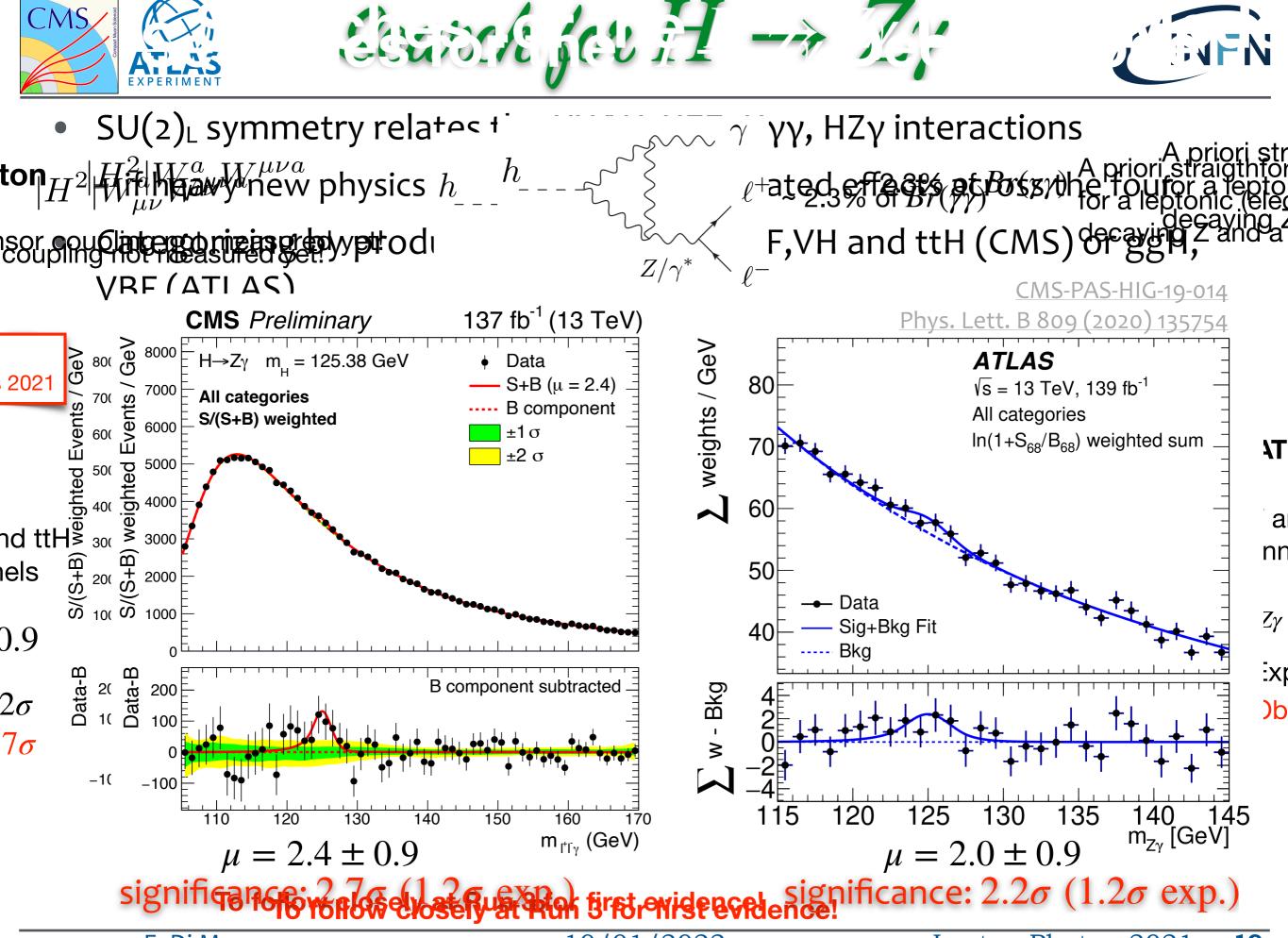


- c-tagging central to discriminate $H \to b \bar{b}$
- $(W,Z)H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$ associated production categorized in
 - 1, 2, 3 leptons and # c-tagged jets

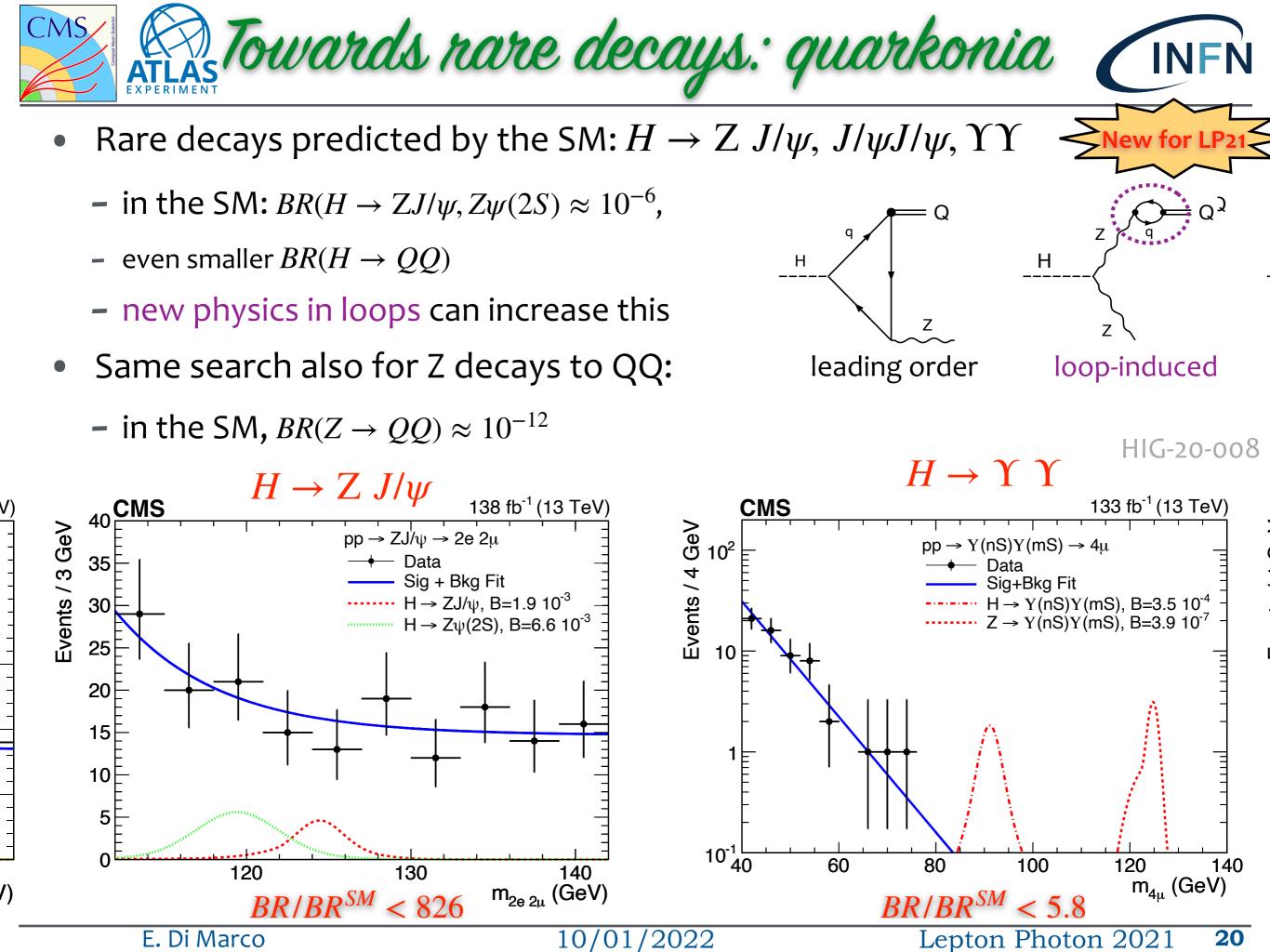


ATLAS-CONF-2021-021





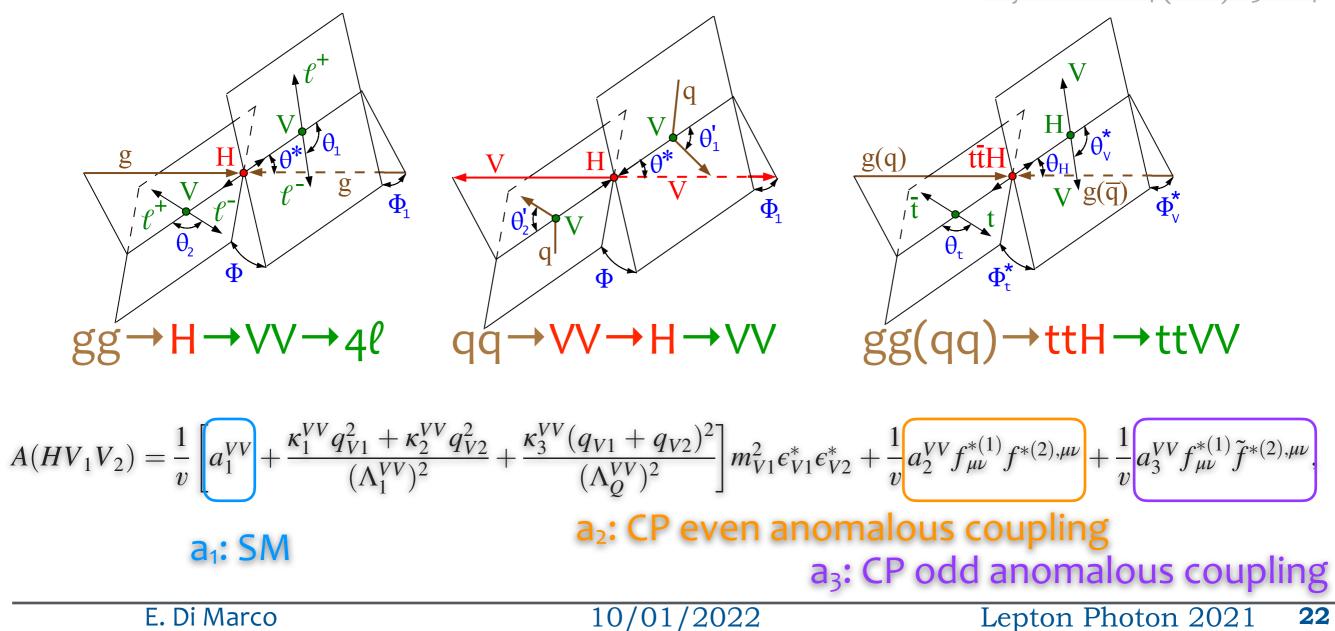
Already significantly better sensitivity than analysis is 2002 the YB projection Left of the 2002 1 and 9



CP and anomalous couplings (AC)



- After Run1 excluded spin-1 and spin-2 hypotheses, analyses with full Run2 investigate CP structure in a vast program of measurements
- HVV couplings tested with $H \rightarrow 4\ell$ using production and decay
 - production categories: untagged, boosted, VBF 1/2 jets, VH H hadronic/ leptonic





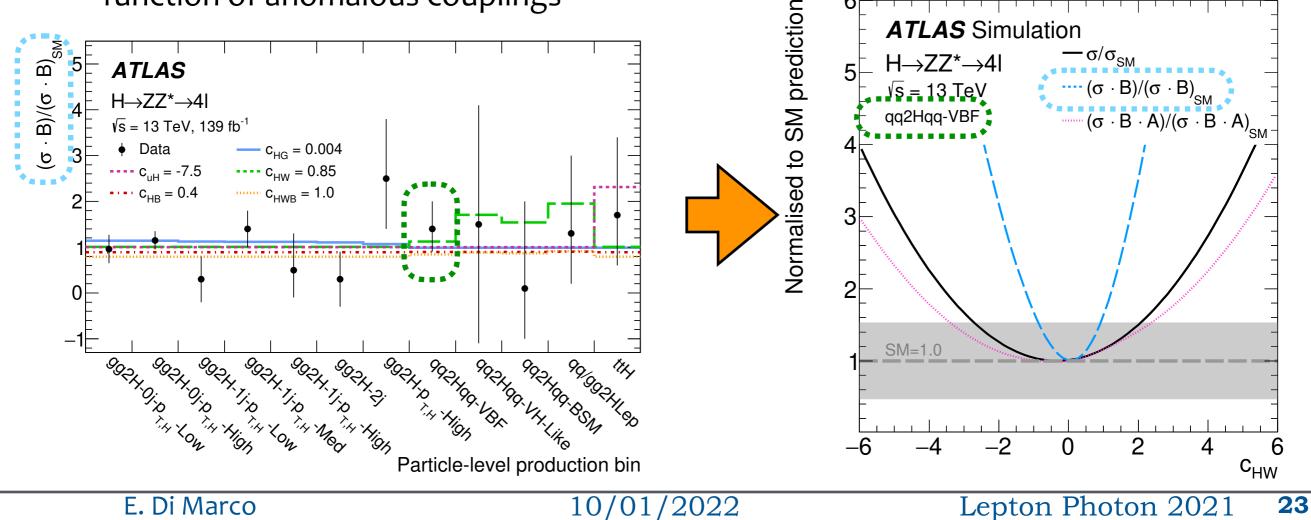




• **EFT interpretations:** BSM contributions at a high scale appear at low scale as deviations of Wilson coefficients c_j of the higher orders operators

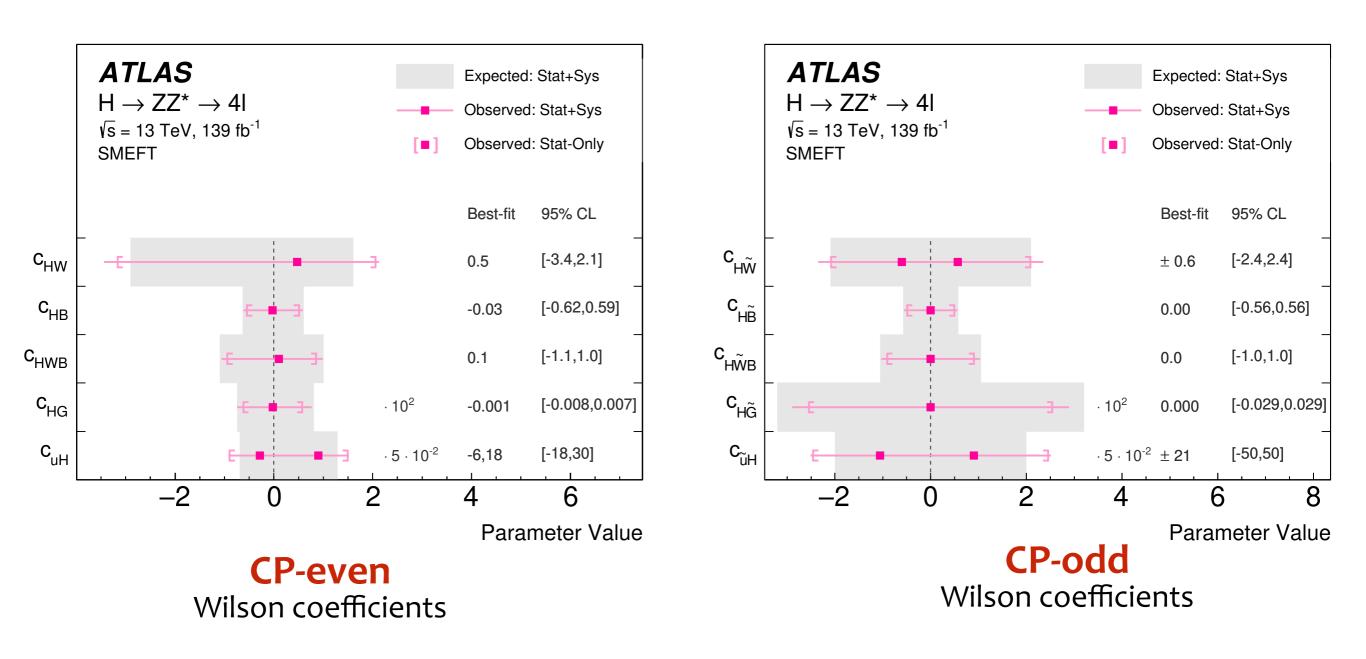
 $\mu_i(c_j) = \frac{\sigma_i^{\text{EFT}}}{\sigma_i^{\text{SM}}}$

- Signal strength for STXS bin μ_i parameter ised at LO in Warsaw basis
 - fit HVV couplings in production (VBF, VH, ggH, ttH)





• SMEFT interpretation of the results for CP-conserving parameters: c_{HW} , c_{HB} , c_{HWB} or CP-violating parameters \tilde{c}_{HW} , \tilde{c}_{HB} , \tilde{c}_{HWB}



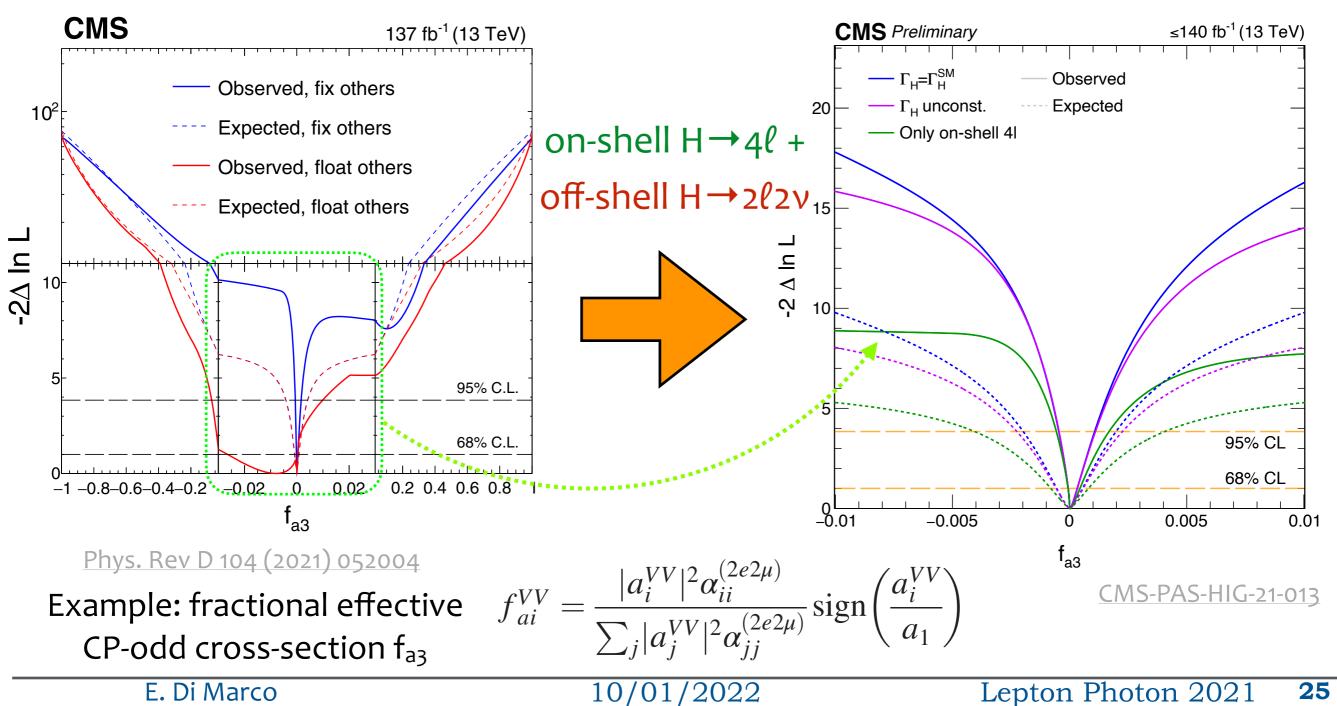
Eur. Phys. J. C 80 (2020) 957



 $H \rightarrow 4\ell AC (CMS)$



- Dedicated analysis for anomalous couplings to probe 3 independent HVV and Hff+Hgg couplings
 - includes SMEFT interpretation in the Higgs basis
 - constraints sensitivity dominated by production information





061801

2020

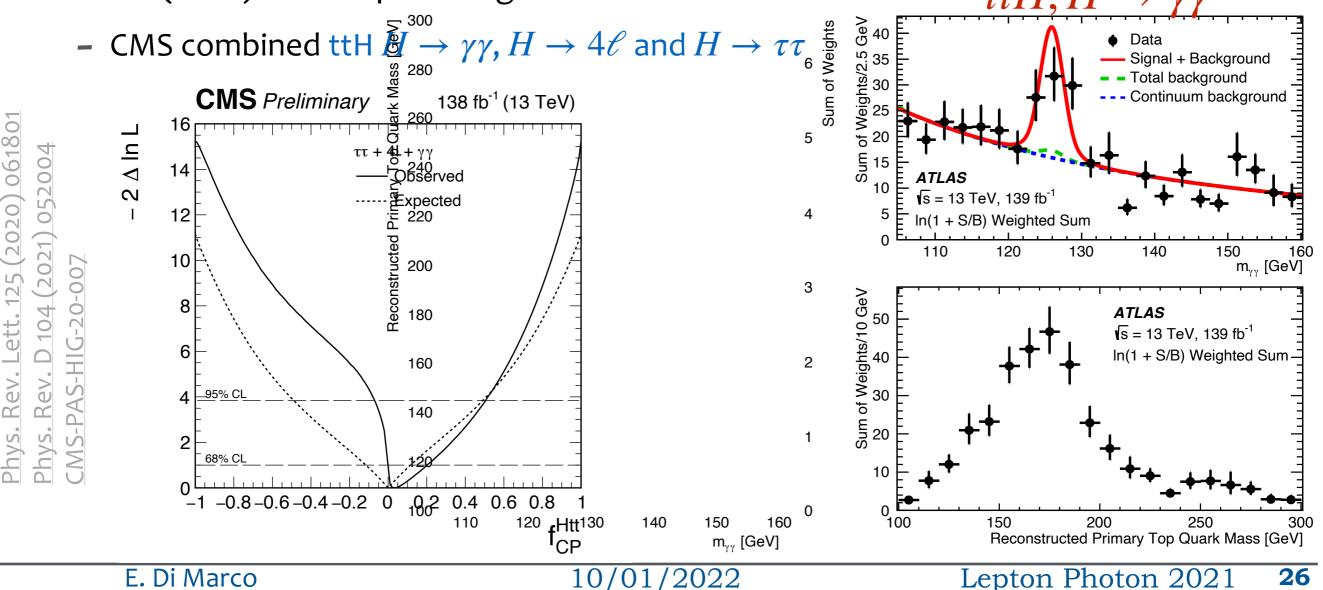


Lagrangian with CP-odd component $\tilde{\kappa}$ can be tested also in Higgs-fermion couplings via ttH and $\tau\tau$:

$$A(Hff) = -\frac{m_{\rm f}}{v} \bar{\psi}_{\rm f}(\kappa_{\rm f} + {\rm i}\tilde{\kappa}_{\rm f}\gamma_5)\psi_{\rm f}$$

– CP mixing angle $\Phi_{CP} = \arg(\kappa_f / \tilde{\kappa}_f)$

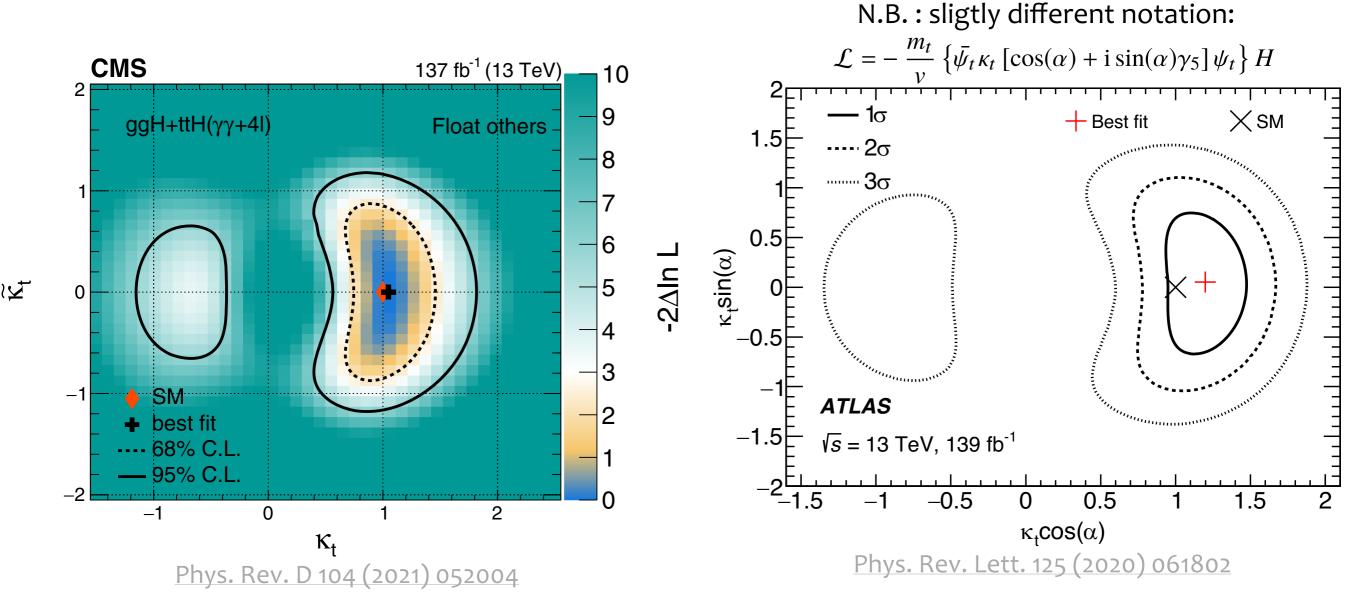
- Phys. Rev. Lett. 125 (2020) 061802
- BDT dedicated to ttH, tH CP with top-diphoton kinematics (ATLAS) or ttH CP MVA (CMS) in multiple categories $t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



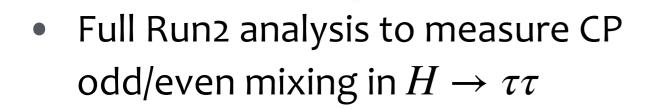


Yukawa top couplings

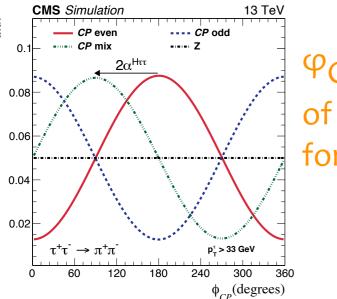
• Combine ttH in $H \to \gamma \gamma$ and $H \to 4\ell$ with uncorrelated signal strengths and interpret them as top couplings κ_t and $\tilde{\kappa}_t$



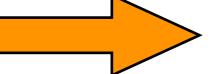
gluon fusion pointlike couplings c_{gg} , \tilde{c}_{gg} profiled

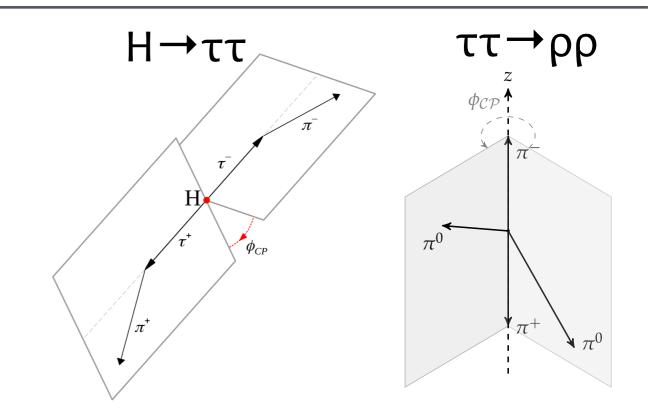


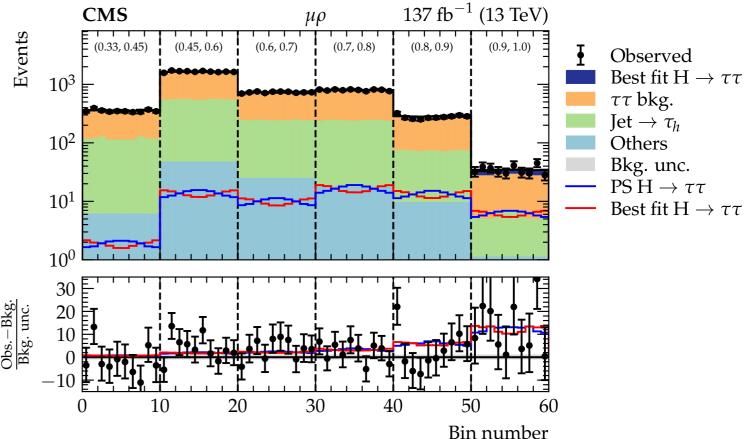
- Use ~70% of the τ BR: $H \rightarrow \tau_h \tau_h$, $\tau_\mu \tau_h$, $\tau_e \tau_h$ with τ_h decays to π^{\pm} , $\rho^{\pm}(\pi^{\pm}\pi^{\circ})$, $a1^{\pm}(\pi^{\pm}\pi^{\circ}\pi^{\circ})$, $a_1^{\pm}(\pi^{\pm}\pi^{+}\pi^{-})$
- estimate the τ plane from multiple tracks or from the the track impact
 parameter vector and momentum for
 1-track decays
- Use the distribution of the angle between the two τ decay planes



φ_{CP} binned in slices of MVA signal score for each decay mode







E. Di Marco

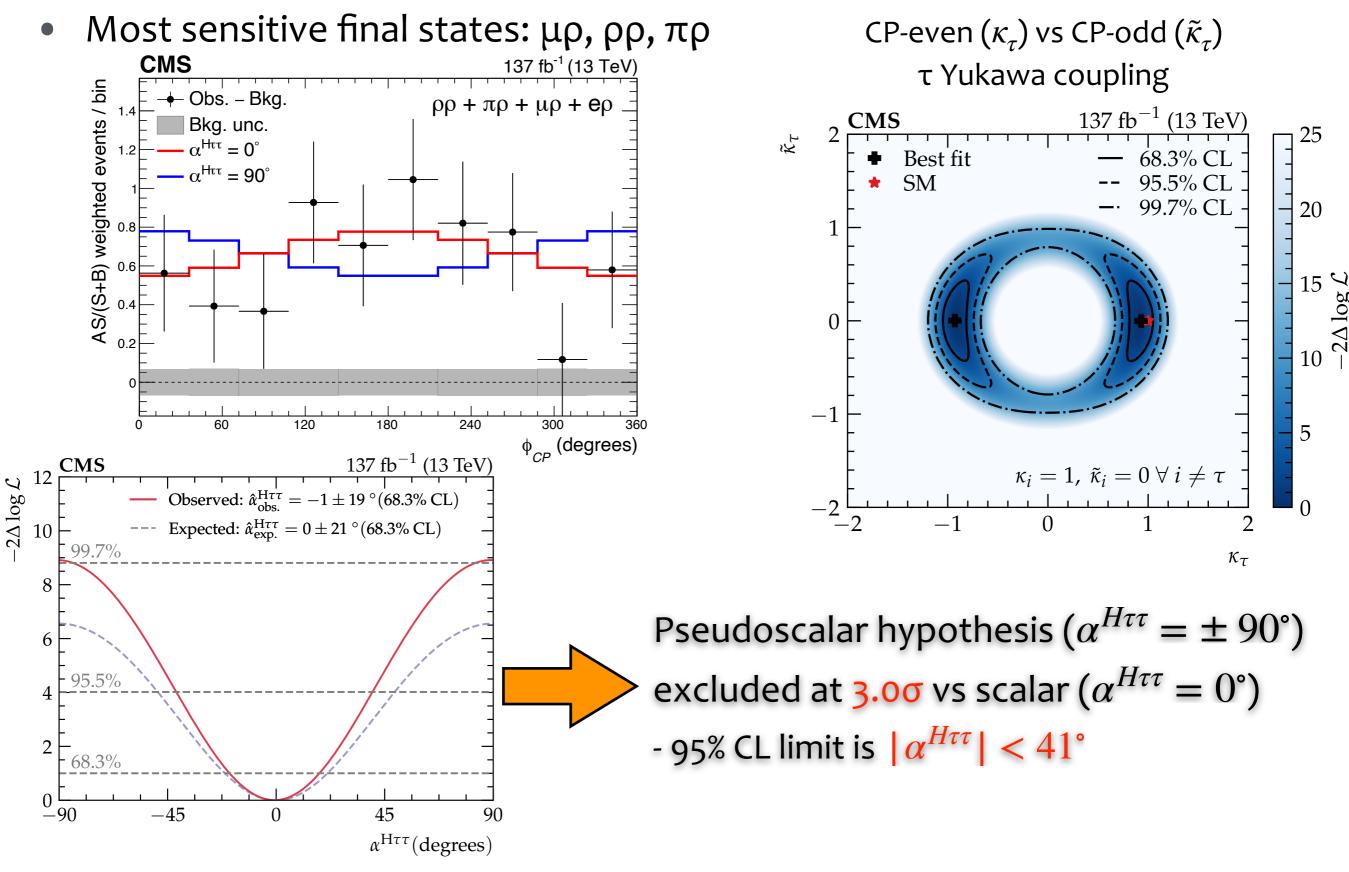
10/01/2022

CP from Yukawa $H \rightarrow \tau \tau$

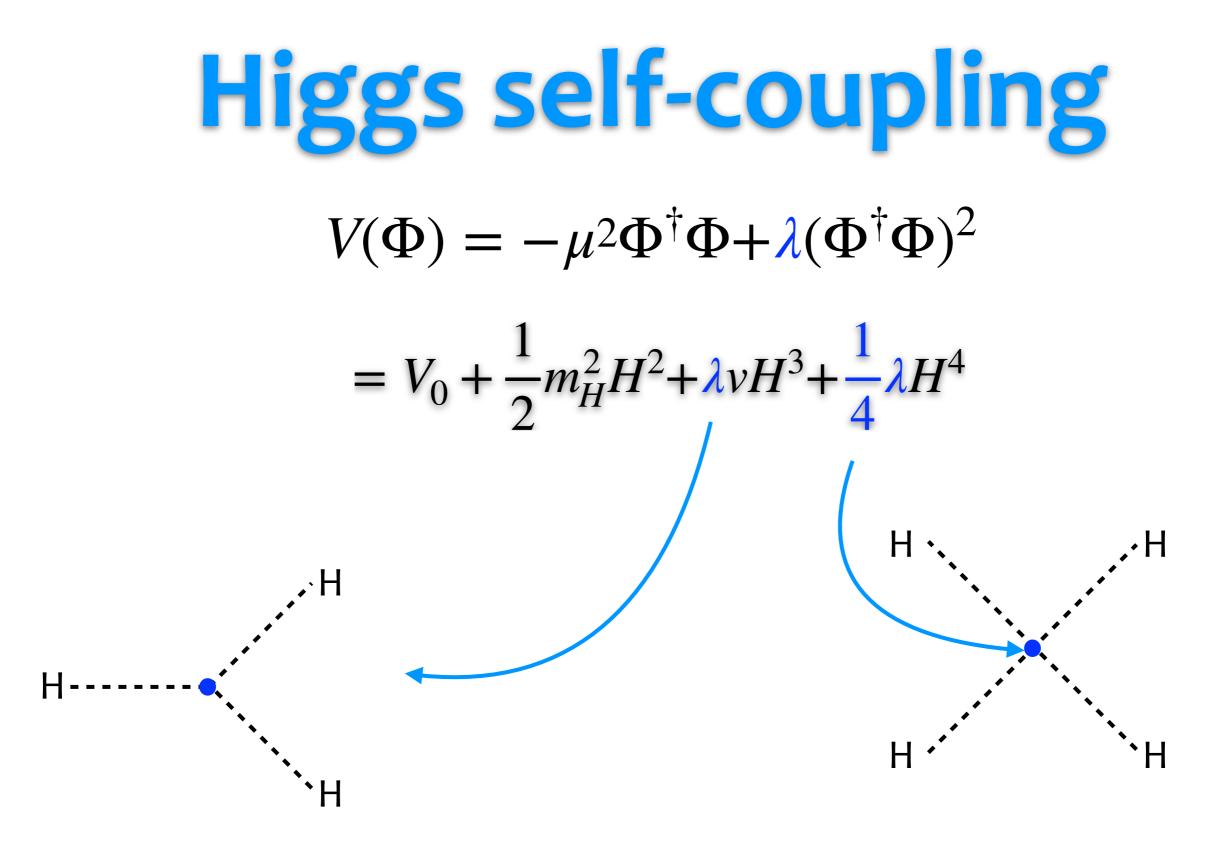


 $H \rightarrow \tau \tau CP$ results





E. Di Marco



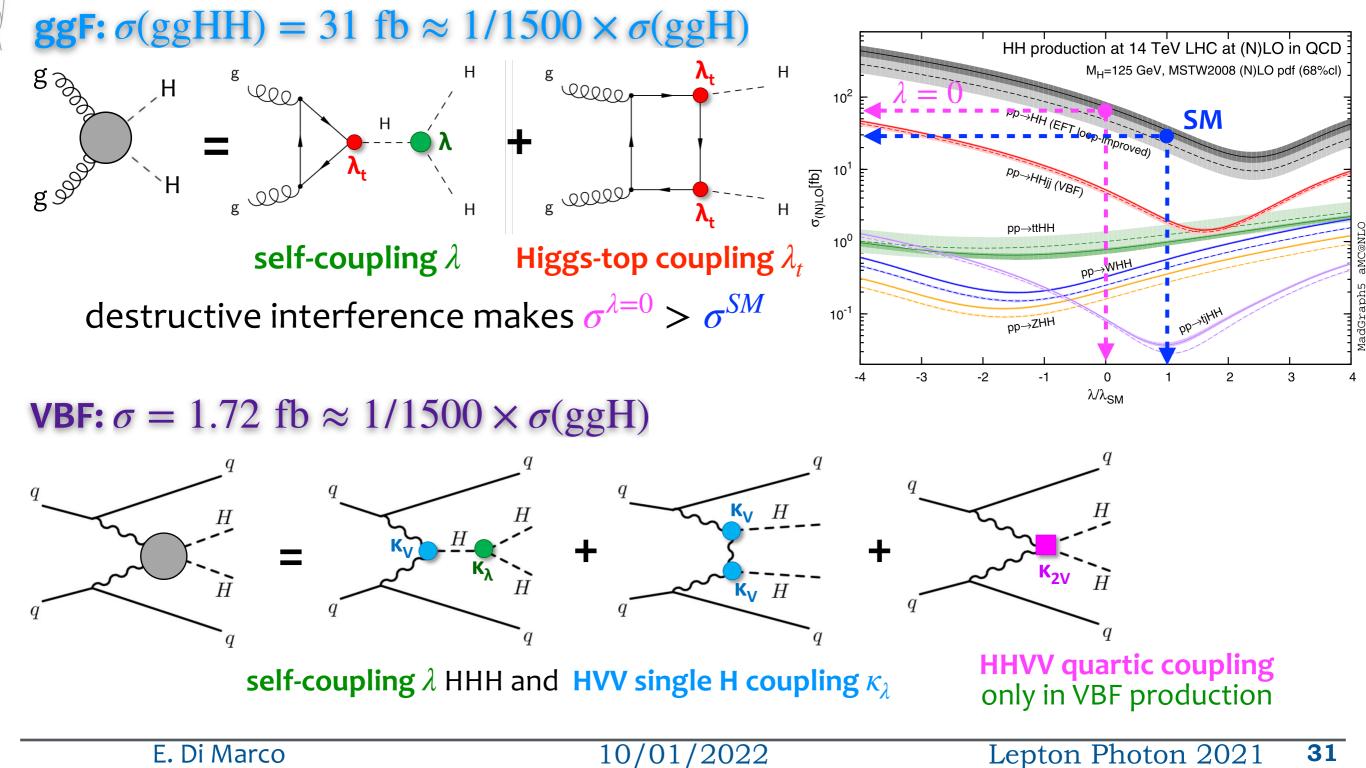






 Di-Higgs production at the LHC is dominated by the gluon-fusion process, followed (1/20) by VBF production

PLB 732 (2014) 142-149

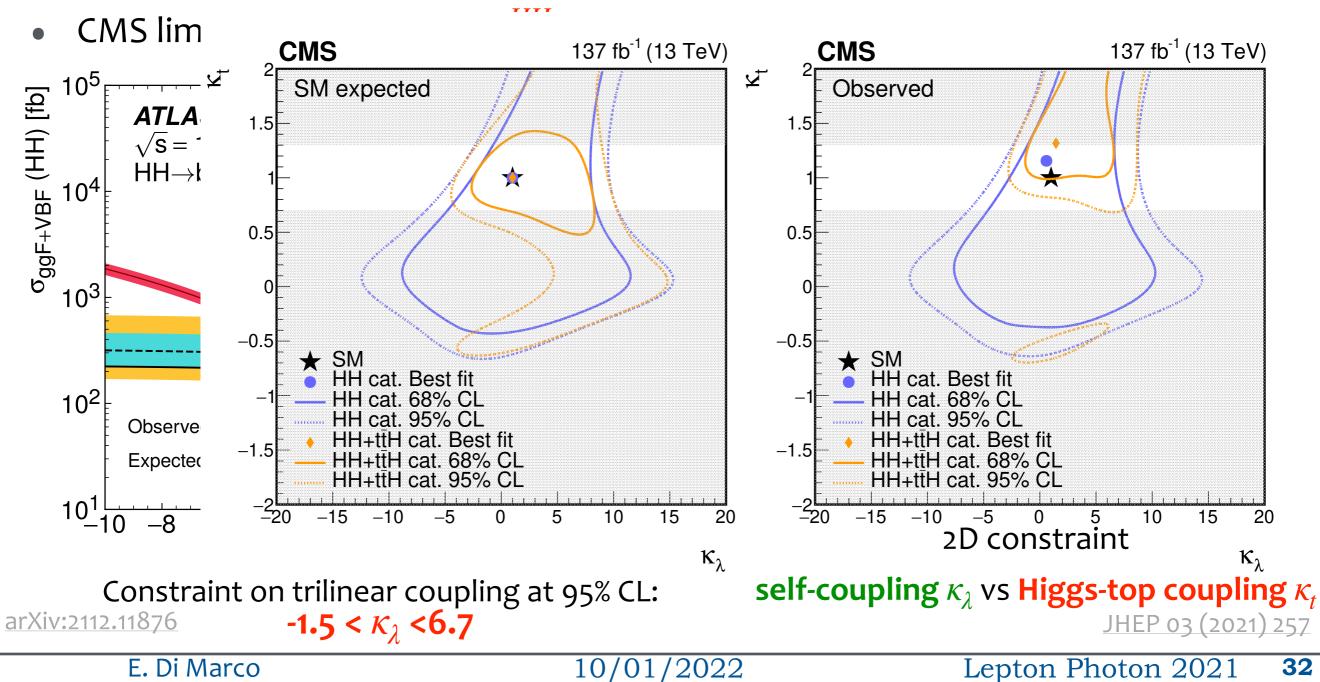








- Phase space of 2 photons and 2 b-tagged jets, with $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ around 125 GeV
 - both CMS and ATLAS also look for a resonant $X \to HH \to b \bar{b} \gamma \gamma$
 - bkgs: $\gamma\gamma$ + *jets* from data sidebands and single Higgs from MC fullsim
- ATLAS limit: 4.2 (5.7 exp) $\times \sigma_{SM}^{HH}$

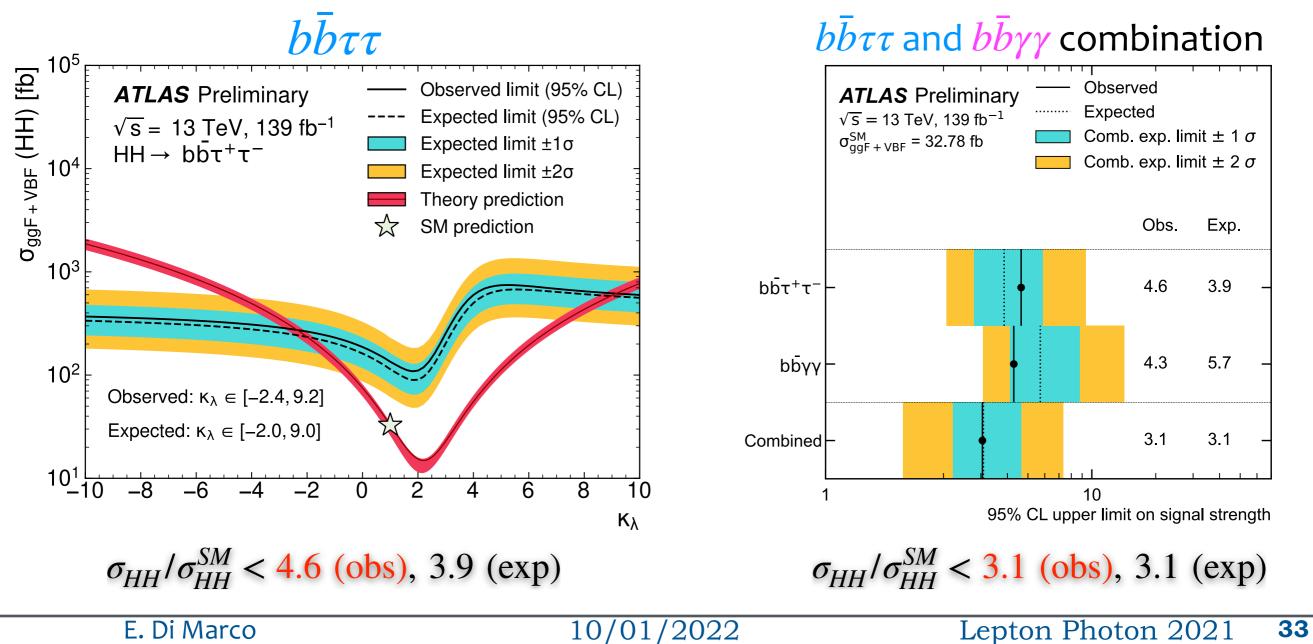


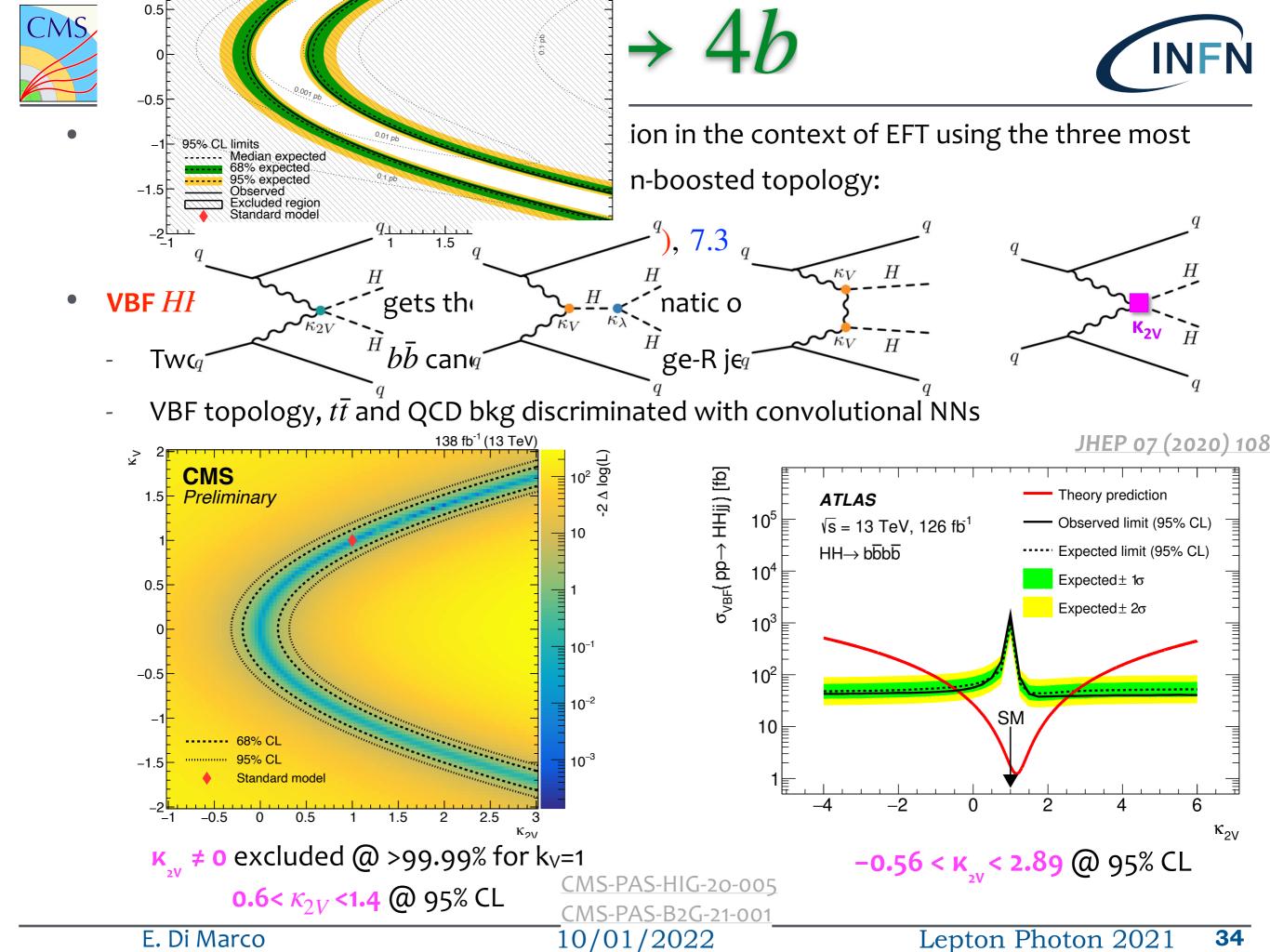


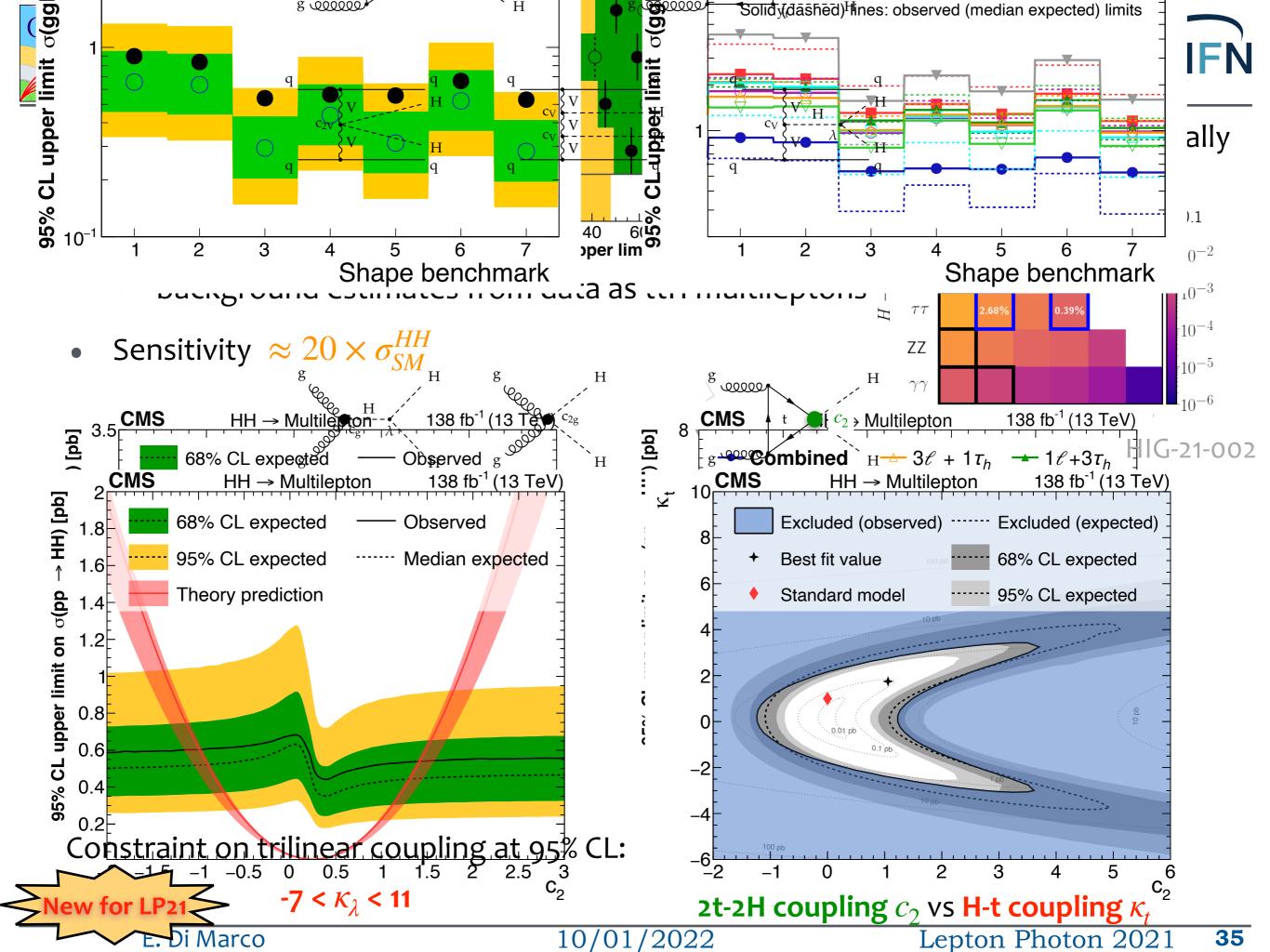




- ATLAS searches for $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tau\tau$ using $\tau_h \tau_h$, $\tau_h \tau_e$, $\tau_h \tau_\mu$
 - 2 b-tagged jets categorized in di- τ system decay mode
 - bkgs from $t\bar{t}$ and Z+heavy flavor jets from fullsim MC
 - jets faking τ_h in $t\overline{t}$ and QCD estimated from data







Combination

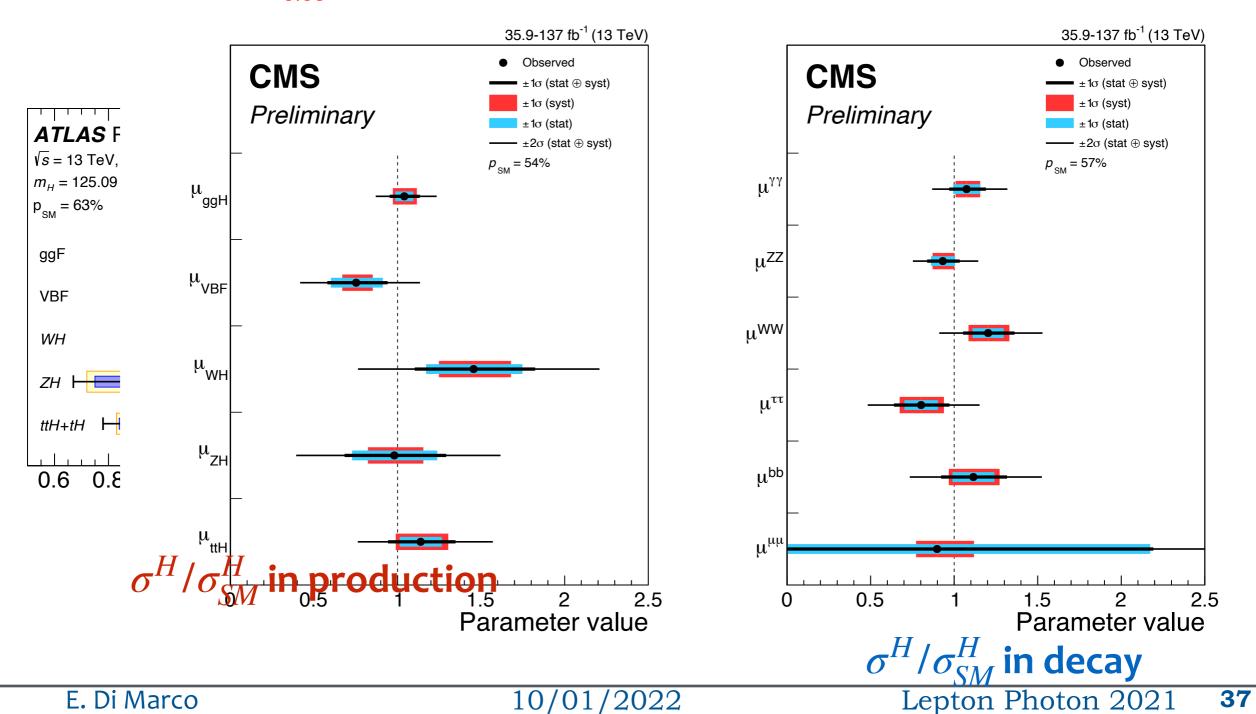




• Higgs physics in the era of precision (6% on μ):



- ATLAS-CONF-2021-053 CMS-PAS-HIG-19-005
- ATLAS: $\mu = 1.06 \pm 0.06 = 1.06 \pm 0.03$ (stat.) ± 0.03 (exp.) ± 0.04 (sig.th.) ± 0.02 (bkg.th.)
- CMS: $\mu = 1.02^{+0.07}_{-0.06} = 1.02 \pm 0.04 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.04 (\text{exp.}) \pm (\text{th.})$

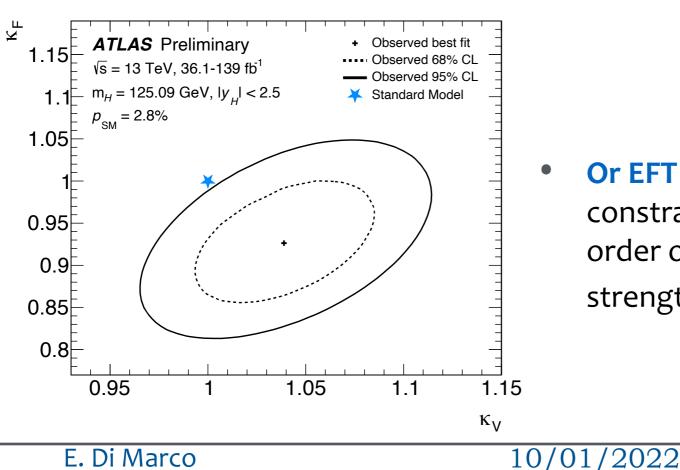


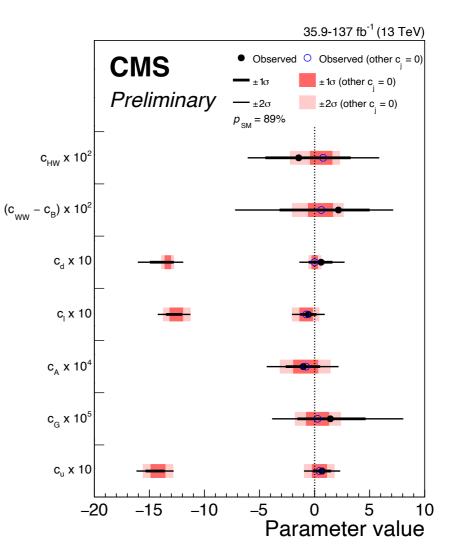


- Combination also for in the κ-framework for the coupling modifiers
 - assuming decays to SM-only particles

 $\kappa_j^2 = \Gamma_j / \Gamma_J^{SM}$

• e.g. universal vector-boson couplings $\kappa_V = \kappa_W = \kappa_Z$ and universal fermion couplings $\kappa_F = \kappa_t = \kappa_b = \kappa_\tau = \kappa_\mu$





• Or EFT for BSM at a scale $\Lambda \gg VEV^{H}$:

constraints of Wilson coefficients of the higherorder operators derived from STXS signal strengths μ_i in each bin-*i*:

$$\mu_i(c_j) = \frac{\sigma_i^{\text{EFT}}}{\sigma_i^{\text{SM}}} \xrightarrow[CMS-PAS-HIG-19-005]{\text{CMS-PAS-HIG-19-005}}}$$
Lepton Photon 2021 **38**







- The LHC Run2 provided data for a lot of results from ATLAS and CMS characterizing the Higgs boson
 - mass measured with 0.1% precision, and width measured for the first time with 50% precision
 - the production cross section are now measured differentially in many STXS bins, in several production modes
 - fiducial cross sections and coupling modifiers measured at 10% level, allowing interesting EFT interpretations
 - couplings to 2nd generation established with $H \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$, next challenge is $H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$
 - CP violation studied in many channels, including rare ttH
 - searches for HH production for H self-couplings impressive
- The LHC is going to have new collisions in Spring 2022 with \sqrt{s} =13.6 TeV and

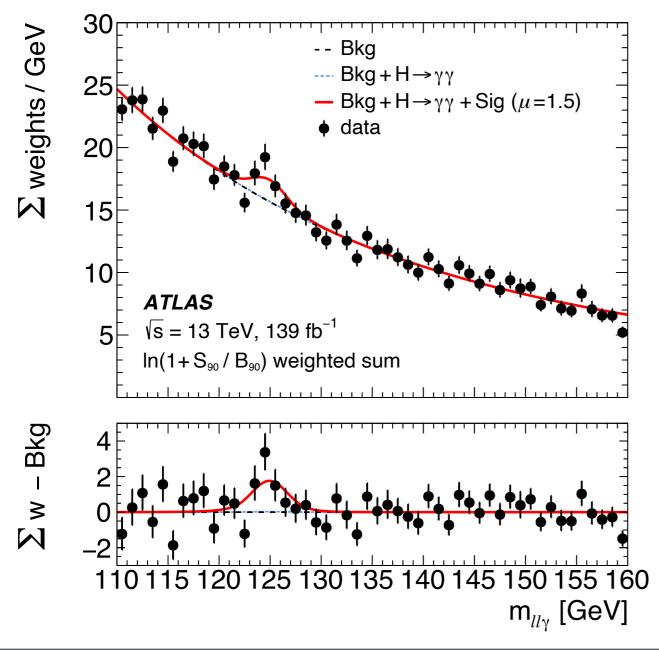
350 fb⁻¹ is expected per experiment for Run1+2+3 (+100 fb⁻¹ if Run3 is extended of one more year)

 a unique opportunity to continue characterizing the Higgs potential: entering the precision era for the Higgs field



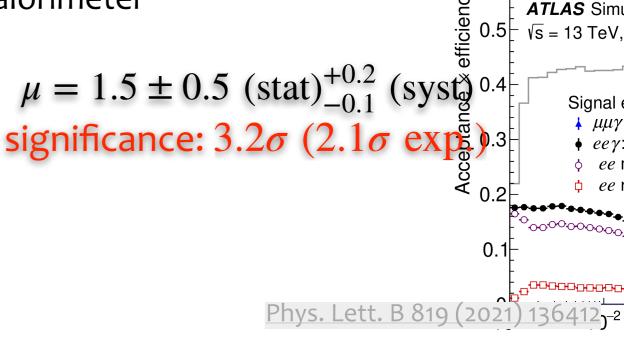
 $\overset{\sigma \times B/(\sigma \times B)_{SM}}{\underset{\text{EXPERIMENT}}{\longrightarrow}} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{O} \times B/(\sigma \times B)_{SM}} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{O} \times B/(\sigma \times B)_{SM}}} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{O} \times B/(\sigma \times B)_{SM}} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{O} \times B/(\sigma \times B/(\sigma \times B)_{SM}}} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{O} \times B/(\sigma \times B/(\sigma \times B)_{SM}} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{O} \times B/(\sigma \times B/(\sigma \times B)_{SM}}} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{O} \times B/(\sigma \times B/(\sigma \times B)_{SM}} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{O} \times B/(\sigma \times B/(\sigma \times B/(\sigma \times B)_{SM})} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{O} \times B/(\sigma \times B/(\sigma \times B)_{SM}} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{O} \times B/(\sigma \times B/(\sigma \times$

- Rare three body decay of the Higgs: $BR(H \rightarrow \mu\mu[ee]\gamma) \approx 3.4[7.2] \times 10^{-5}$ for $m_{\ell\ell}<30$ GeV
 - LFV affecting B-meson R_{K*} ratio could also affect the $\ell\ell\gamma$ rate
 - can be used to probe CP-violation in the Higgs sector



 $h_{---} \bigvee_{Z/\gamma^*}^{\gamma} \ell^+$

- $m_{\ell^+\ell^-} < 50~{\rm Ge}$ 3 productions (ggH low pT, ggH high pT and VBF) x 3 final states (ee-resolved, required a new rec ee-merged, µµ)
- required new experimenta Merchineter is associated to two tr for merged electrons in the e.m. calorimeter

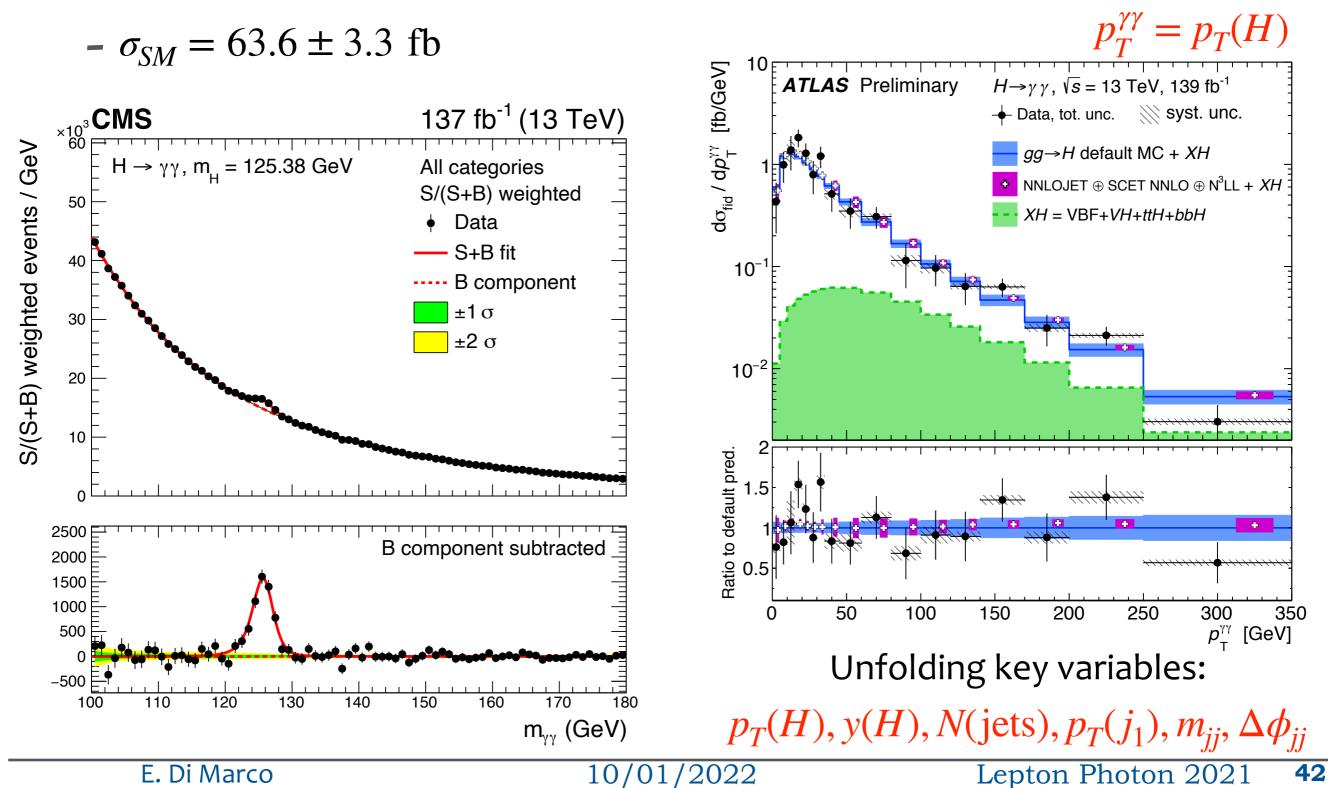


E. Di Marco

Lepton Photon ____



- Inclusive fiducial cross section measurement has precision of 10%:
 - $\sigma_{\rm fid} = 65.2 \pm 4.5(\text{stat}) \pm 5.6(\text{syst}) \pm 0.3(\text{th}) \text{ fb} (\text{ATLAS})$

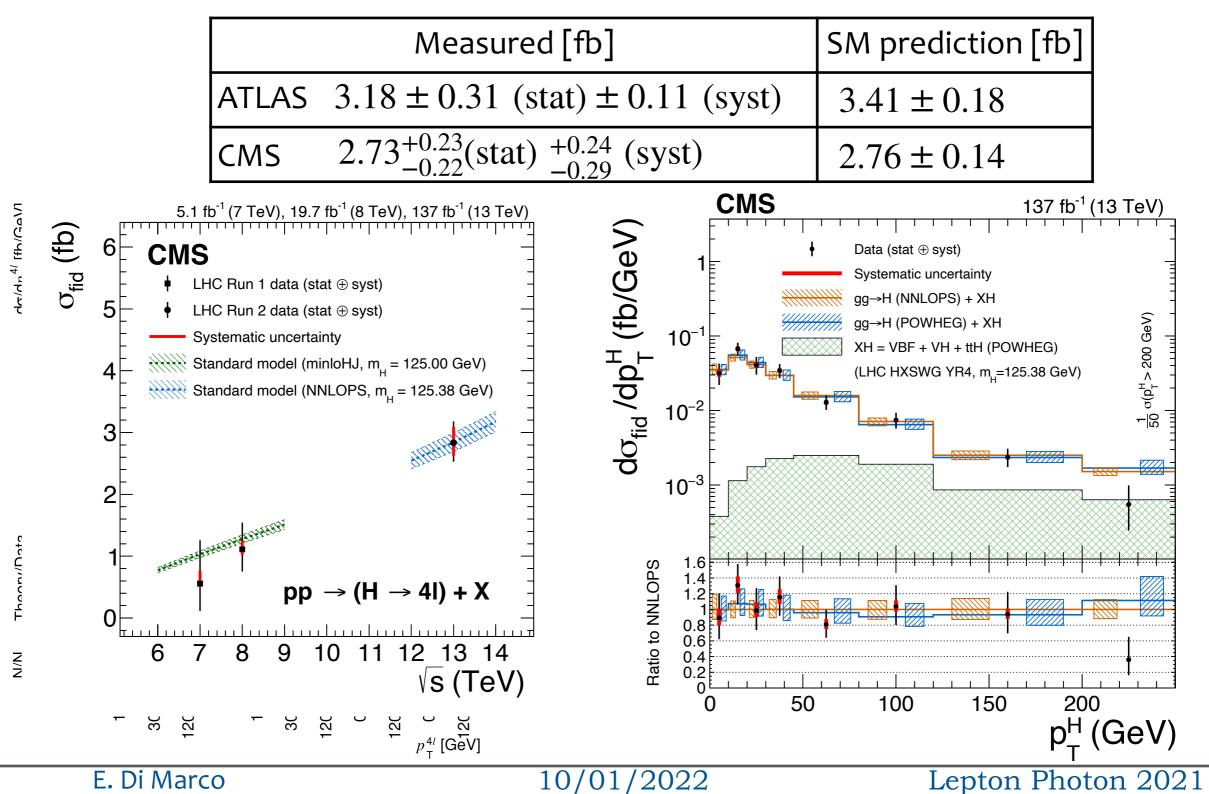




- single- or doubly-differential distributions measured, consistent with SM
- Fiducial x-sections measured with 10% precision:

Eur. Phys. J. C 80 (2020) 942 Eur. Phys. J. C 81 (2021) 488

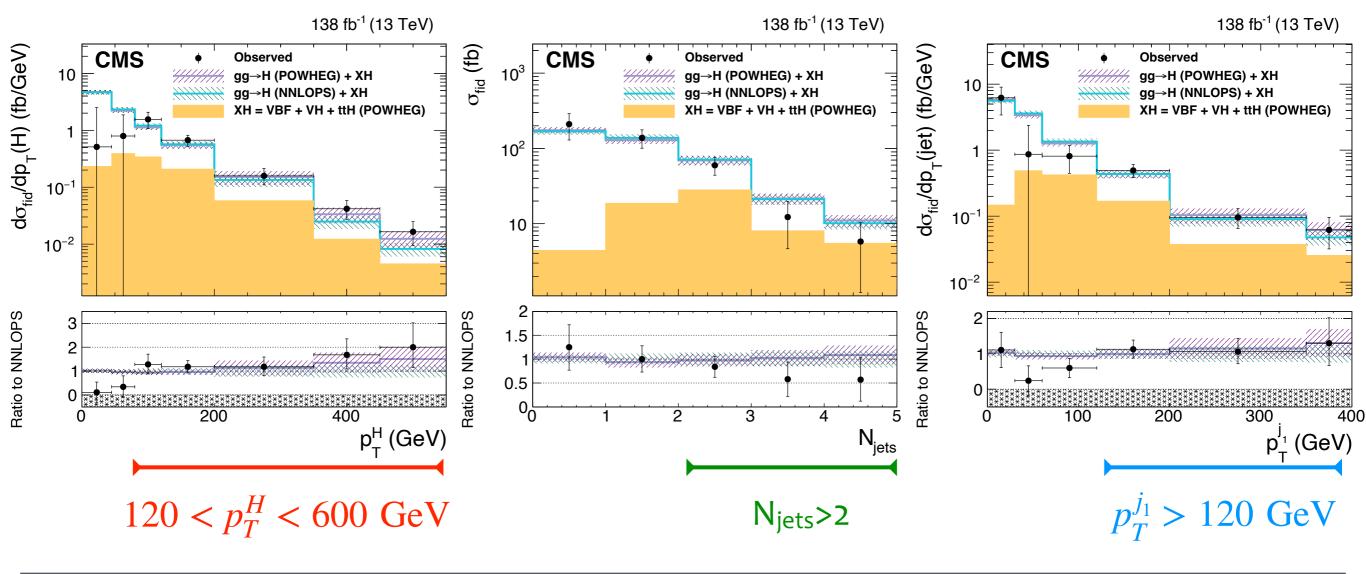
43





- Dedicated measurement of differential cross sections complements the ones in $\gamma\gamma$, ZZ, $b\bar{b}$, WW channels in the high p_T^H region and high jet multiplicity:
 - $120 < p_T^H < 600$ GeV, N_{jets}>2, $p_T^{j_1} > 120$ GeV





E. Di Marco

10/01/2022



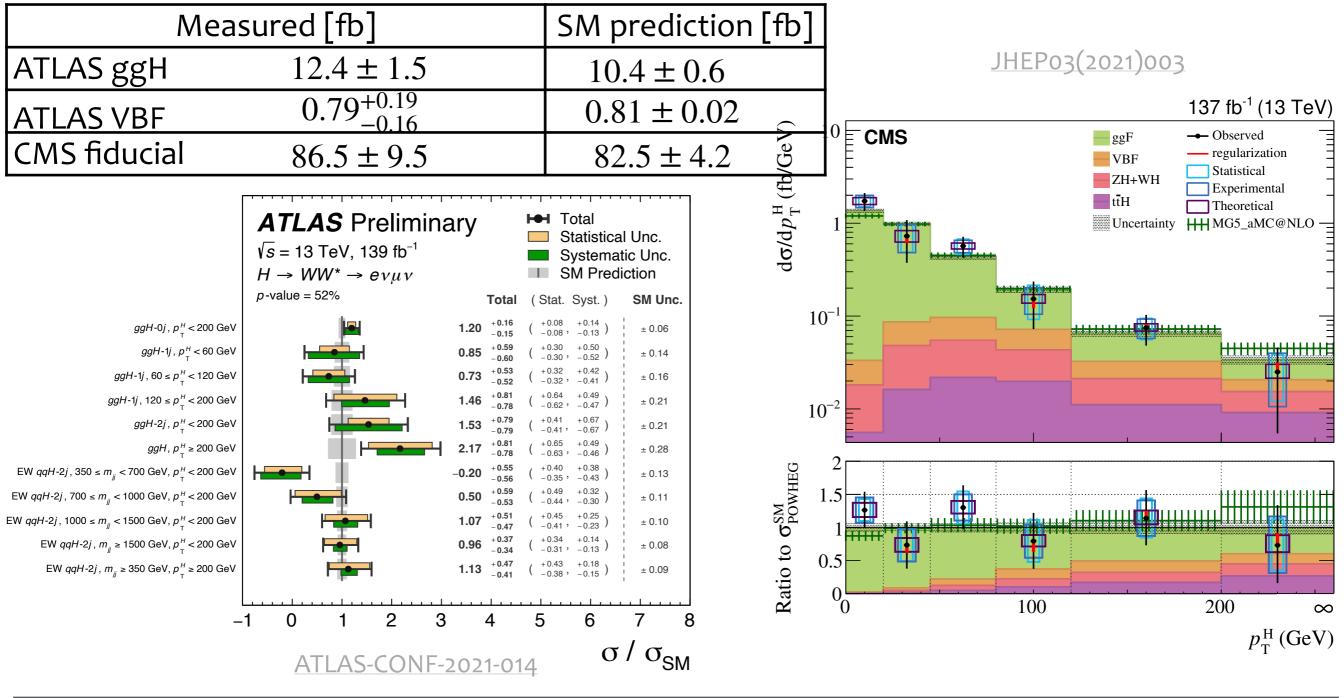
STXS in $H \rightarrow W$



Lepton Photon 2021

45

- H→2l2v challenging channel where backgrounds needs to be modelled with data accurately
- Large signal yield allows granular binning for differential cross sections

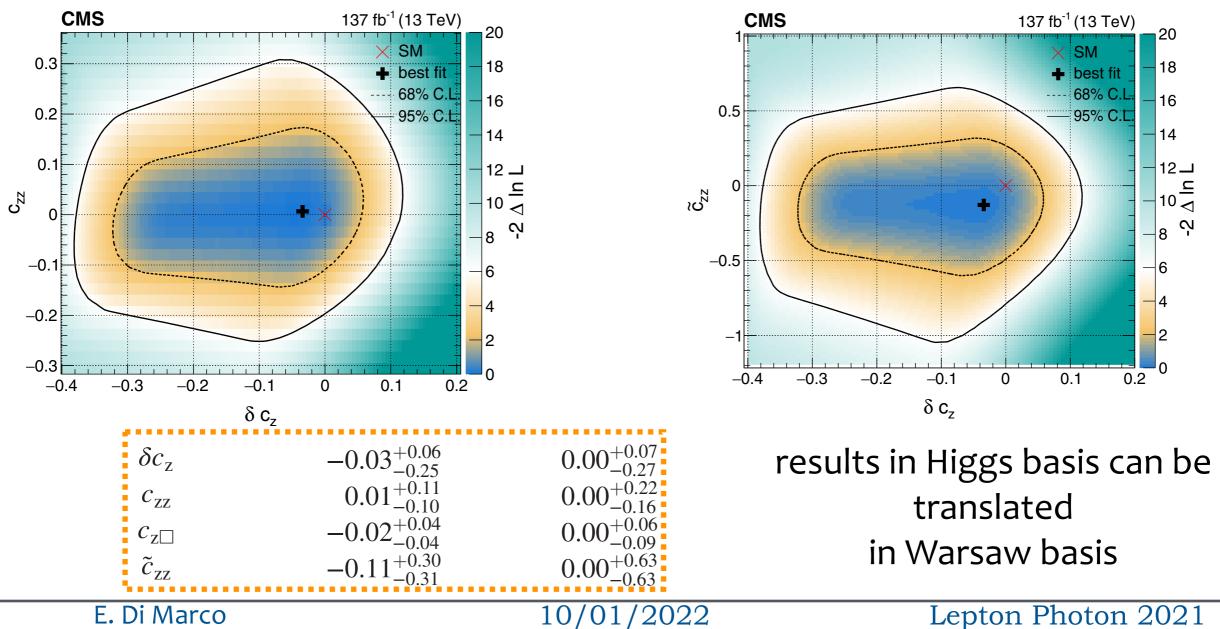


10/01/2022

E. Di Marco



- Same analysis framework for anomalous couplings fits also SMEFT parameters
 - fits up to 4 parameters simultaneously, in the Higgs basis
 - c_{gg} and c̃_{gg} included and profiled away
 - $c_{\gamma\gamma}$ and $c_{Z\gamma}$ set to zero, assuming tightly constrained by BR($\gamma\gamma$), BR($Z\gamma$)



46



Hgg from $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow e\nu_e \mu \nu_\mu$

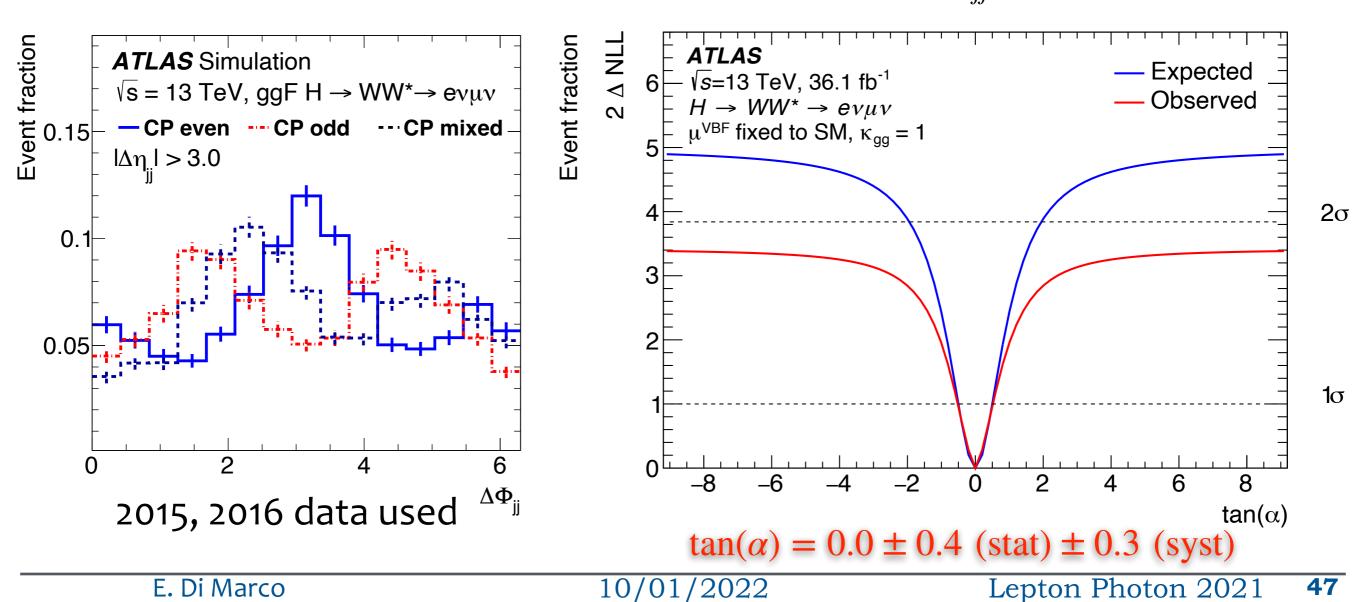
• Effective Higgs-gluon interaction:

arXiv:2109.13808

$$\mathcal{L}_{0}^{\text{loop}} = -\frac{g_{Hgg}}{4} \left(\kappa_{gg} \cos(\alpha) G^{a}_{\mu\nu} G^{a,\mu\nu} + \kappa_{gg} \sin(\alpha) G^{a}_{\mu\nu} \tilde{G}^{a,\mu\nu} \right) H$$

$$\kappa_{gg} \text{: coupling modifier} \qquad \alpha \text{: CP-mixing angle}$$

- Use production information of $e\nu\mu\nu jj$ events in kinematics/MVA categories
 - CP odd/even separation from $\Delta \Phi_{ij}$ distribution in high $|\Delta \eta_{ij}|$ regions

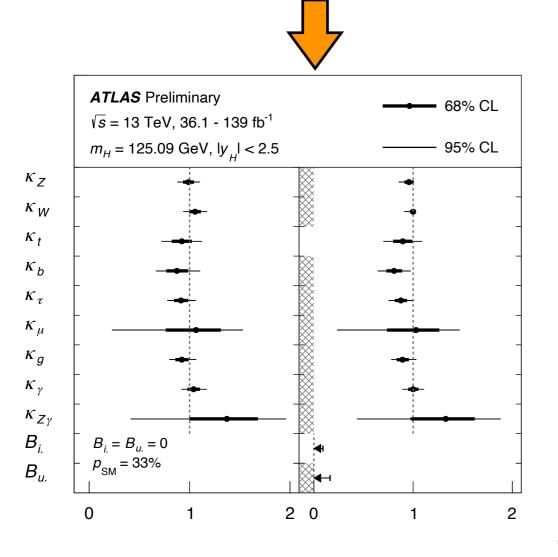


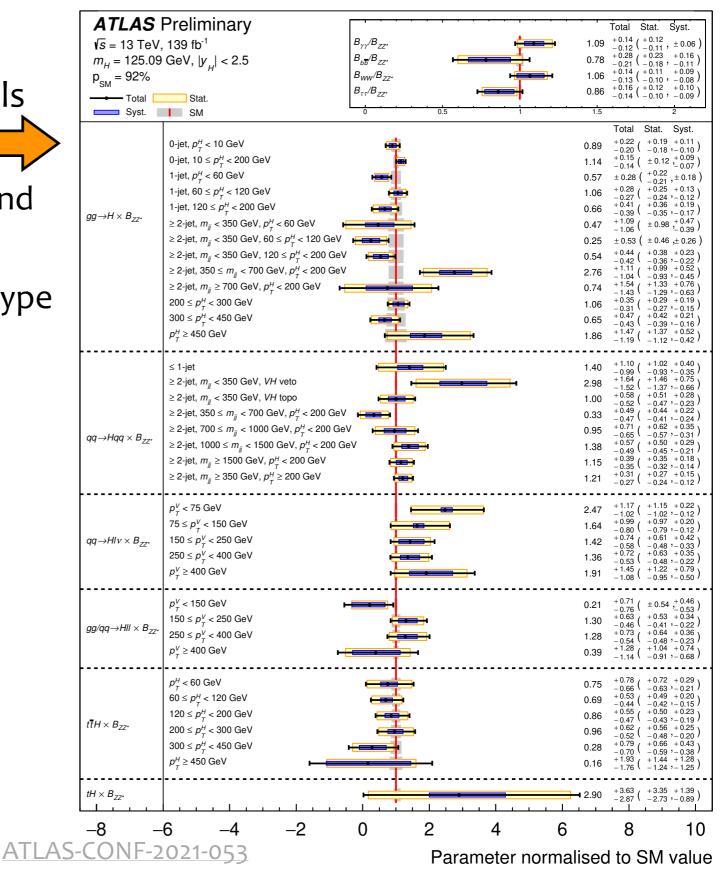






- Precision era:
 - Combination of several channels for the STXS measurements
 - unc within 13%-100% apart tH and few extreme bins
 - coupling modifier per particle type





E. Di Marco

10/01/2022