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# Hadronic final states and their correlations in pp and heavy ion collisions

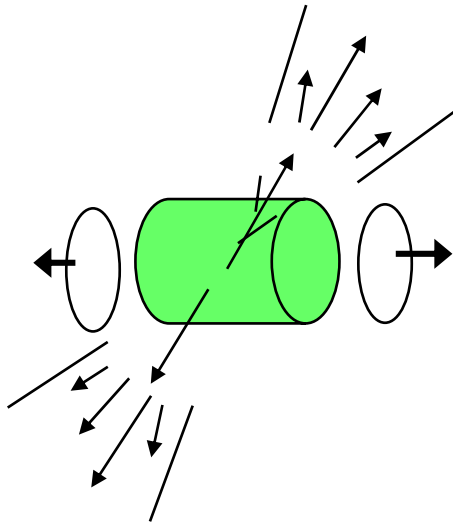
C.A. Ogilvie, Iowa State University  
for the PHENIX Collaboration

Using jets to probe the Quark-Gluon Plasma (QGP)

Two themes

- how are jets affected by passing through a QGP ?
- how does QGP respond to the impact of a high-pt parton?

# Relativistic Heavy-Ion Collisions:



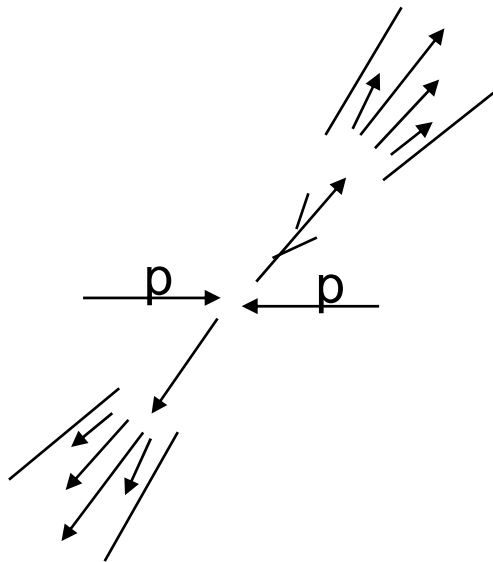
Energy deposited during collision  
of Au+Au at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=200$  GeV

⇒ Formation of hot, dense QGP

Hard-scattering process

during QGP formation

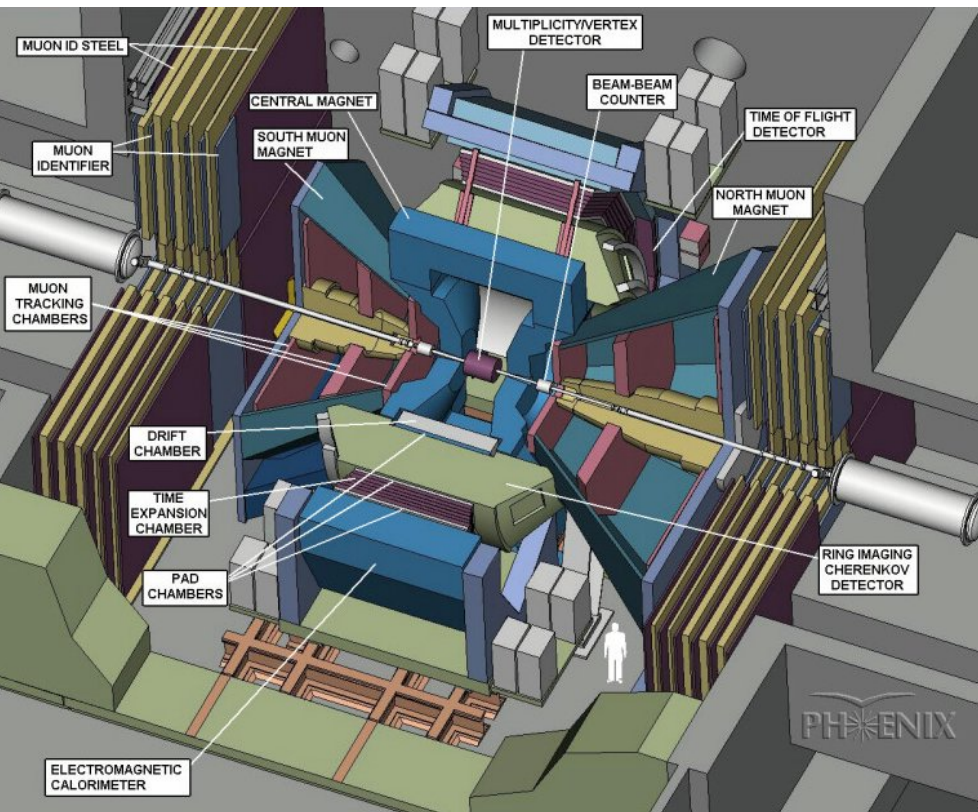
⇒ high-pt partons travel through QGP



Compare with p+p as baseline

Differences ⇒ info on QGP

# PHENIX Experiment at RHIC



- In operation since 2000
- Designed for penetrating probes to characterize QGP

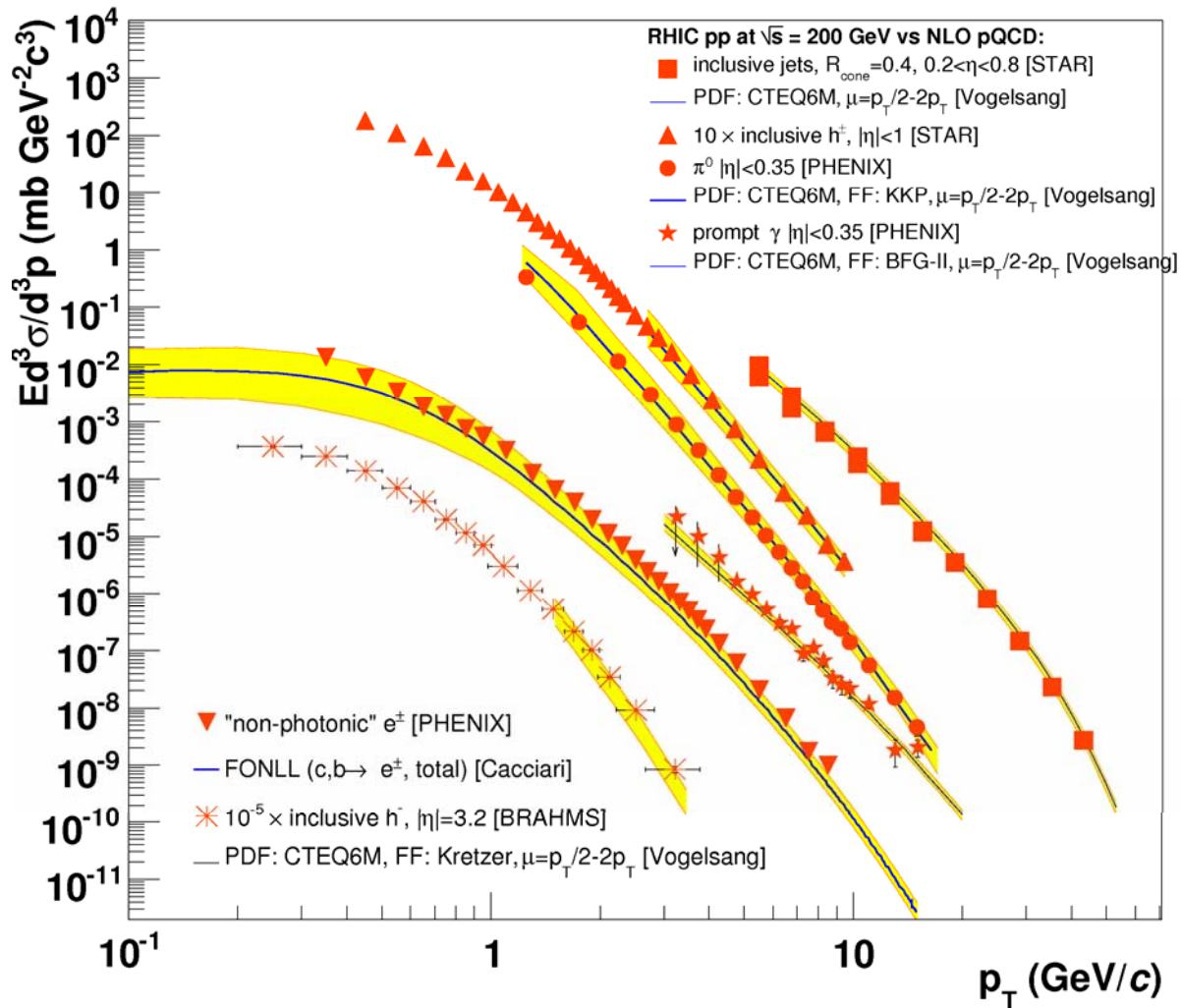
Focus on mid-rapidity arms

Charged tracking +  
Calorimetry => photons,  $\pi^0$ ... +  
 $J/\psi$ ,...

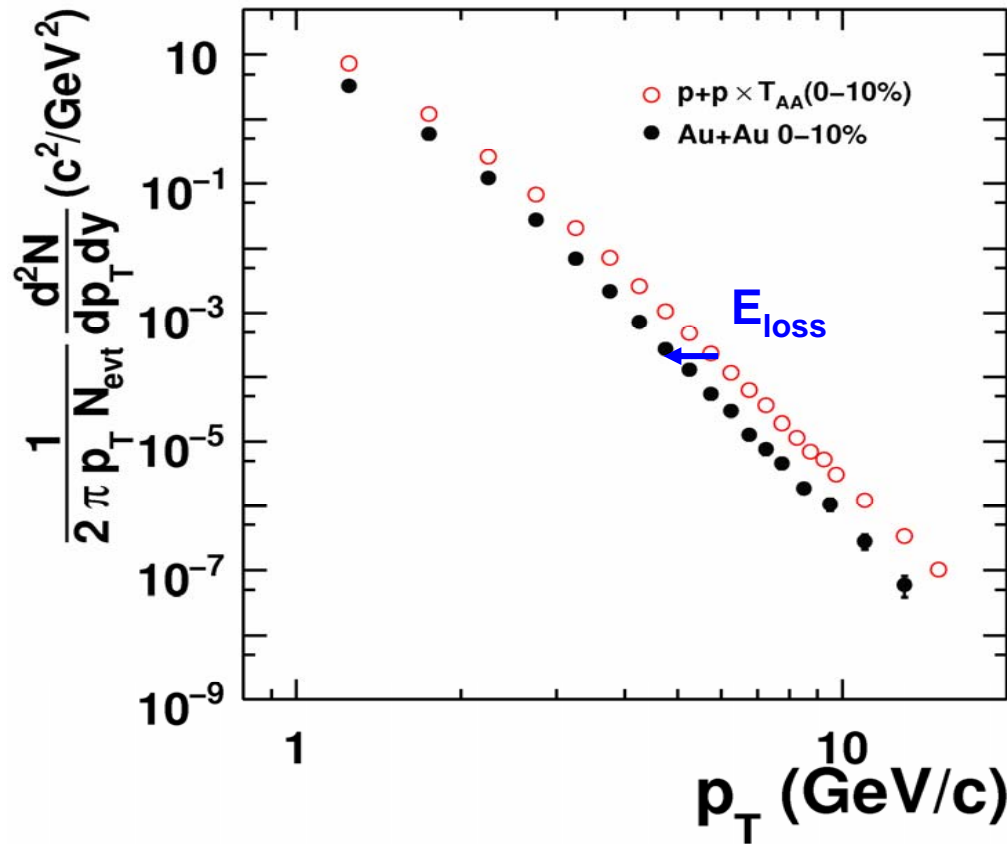
$\sqrt{s}=200 \text{ GeV}, p+p \Rightarrow x$

NLO QCD agrees well with data

D. d'Enterria  
nucl-ex/0611012



# Partons lose energy as they travel through QGP

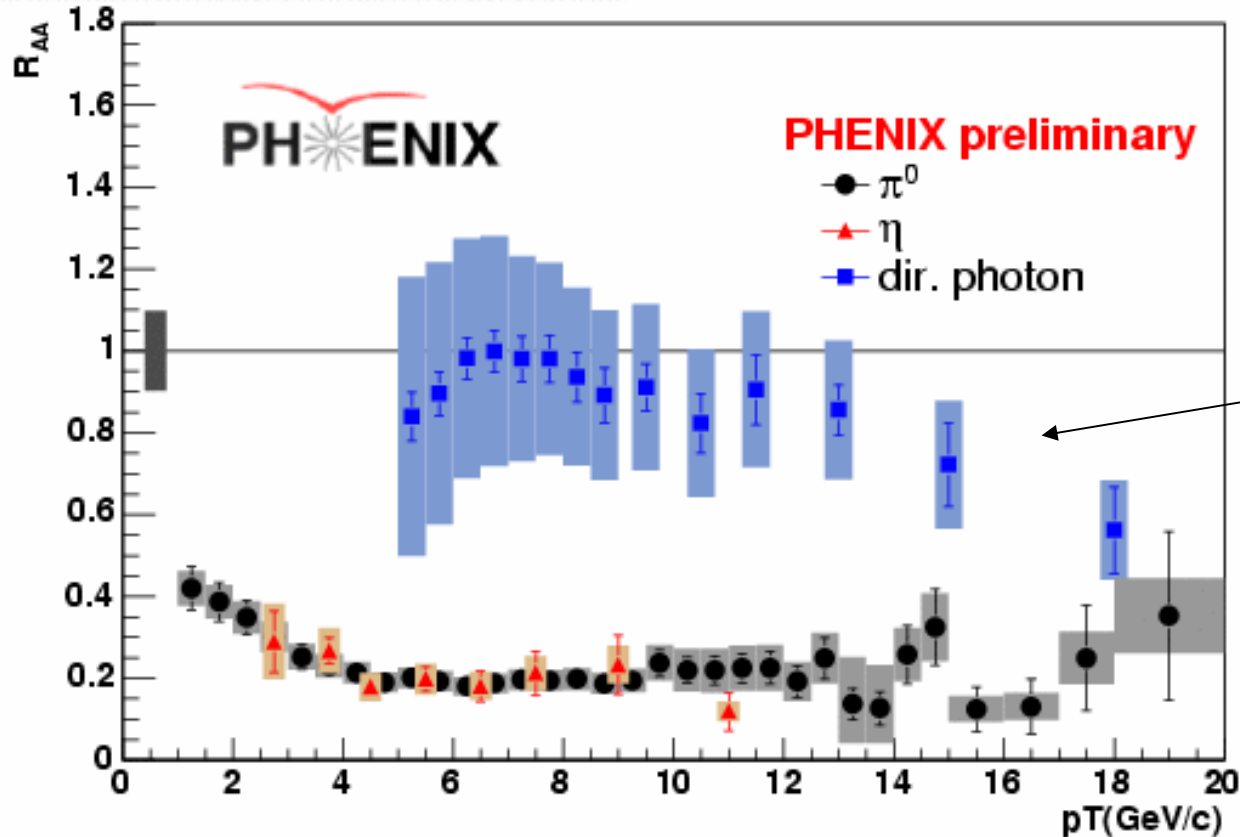


$\pi^0$  spectra at  $\sqrt{s}=200$  GeV  
nucl-ex/0611007  
PHENIX

- p+p cross-section scaled by parton-flux in Au+Au
- Fewer high-pt  $\pi^0$  in Au+Au
  - Energy-lost by parton => info on density of QGP

# Ratio of (Au+Au)/(scaled p+p spectra)

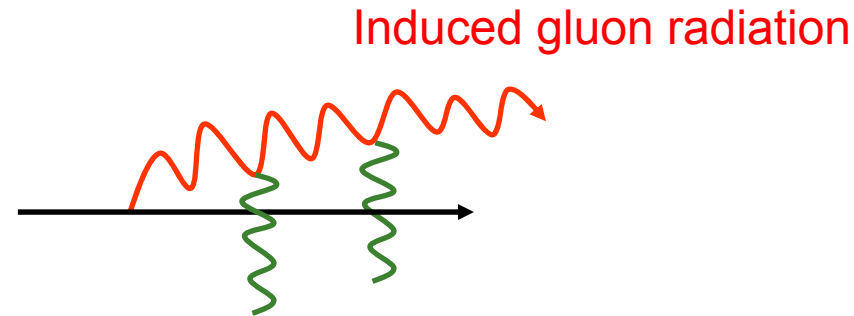
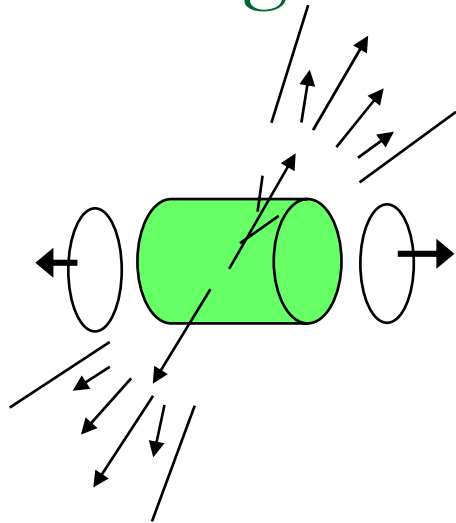
Au+Au  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200\text{GeV}$ , 0-10%



Drop possibly due to isospin difference p+p and A+A

- Mesons suppressed  $\times 5 \rightarrow$  energy-lost in QGP
- $\gamma$  scale with parton flux

# Induced gluon radiation



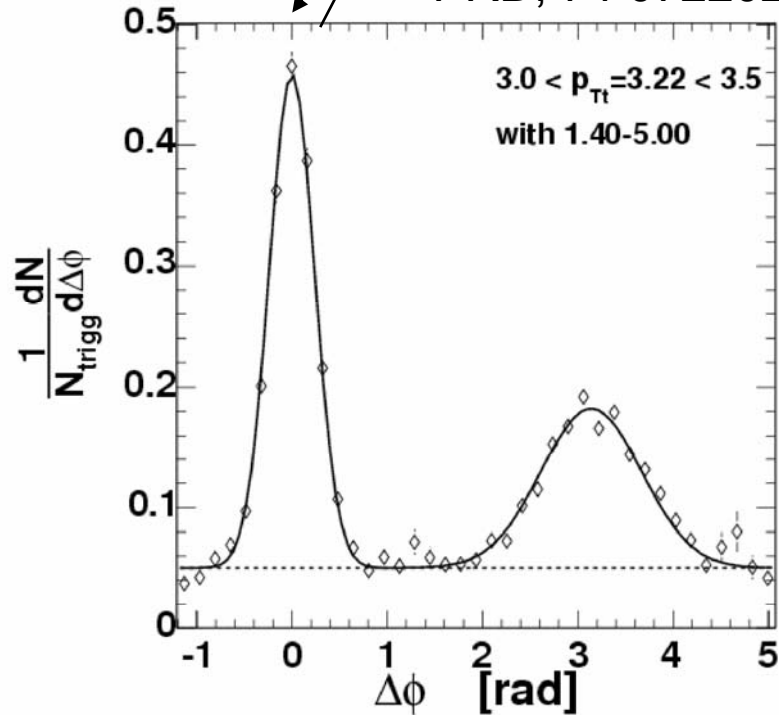
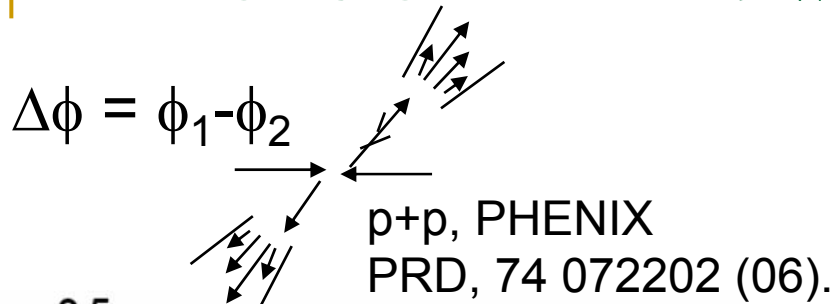
During gluon formation time,  
parton may have multiple interactions  
=> impressive, subtle calculations

M.Gyulassy et al., Phys.Lett.B526 (2002)

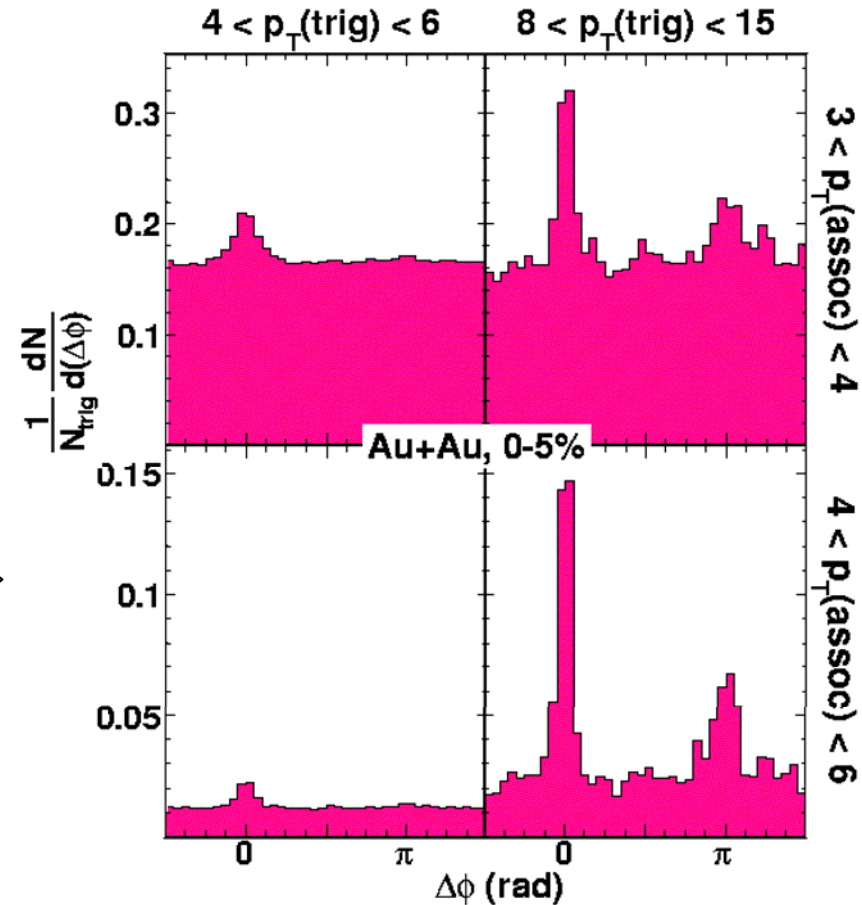
- Magnitude of energy-loss depends on
  - QGP density and how gluon-radiation is modeled
- What is the fate of this radiation ?
  - Broaden width of correlated particles ?
  - Or thermalize with the QGP ?

# Particles correlated with high-pt trigger

STAR

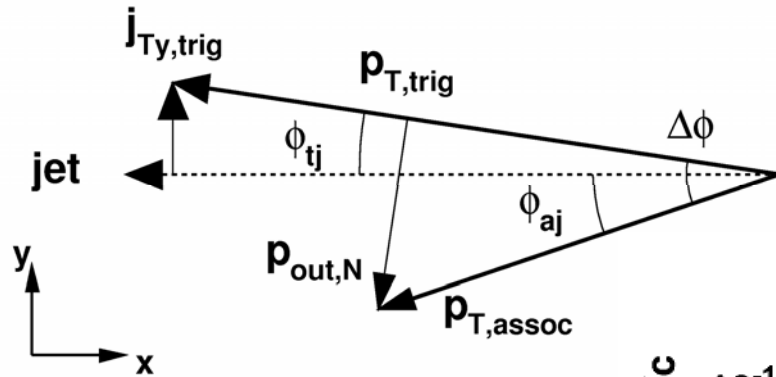


A+A

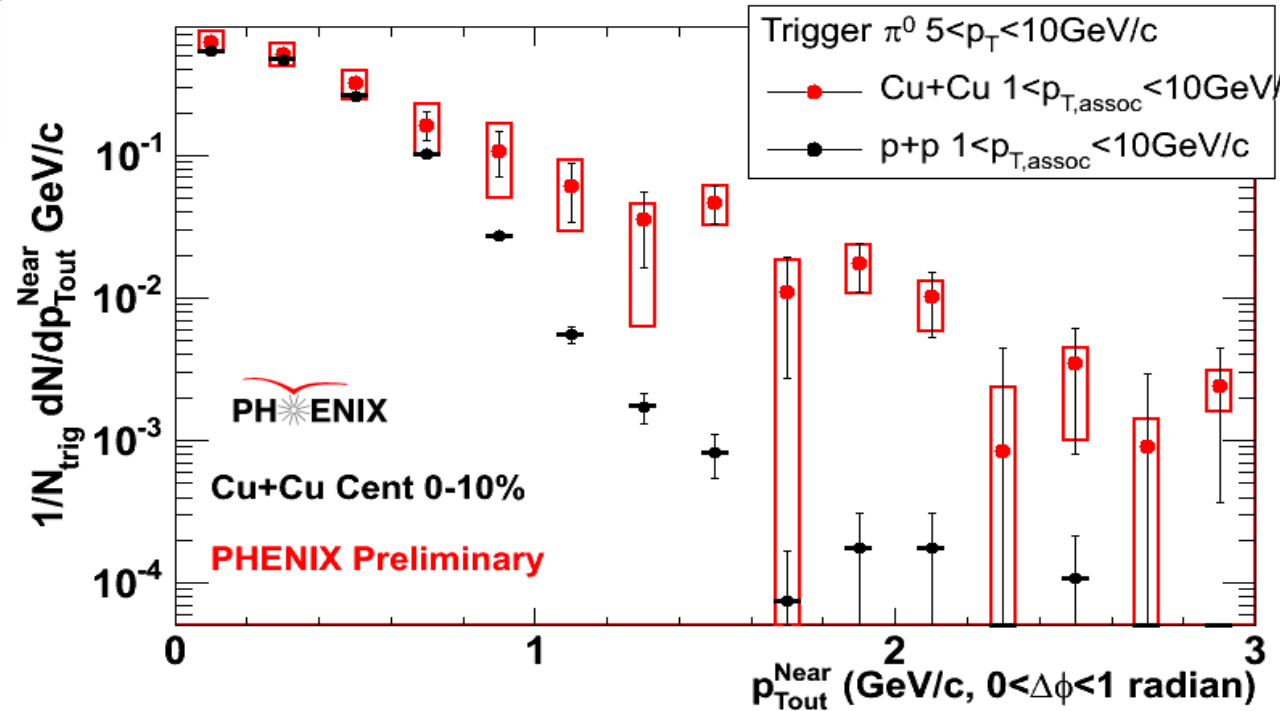


- Correlation survives high-multiplicity environment of A+A

# Near-side correlation

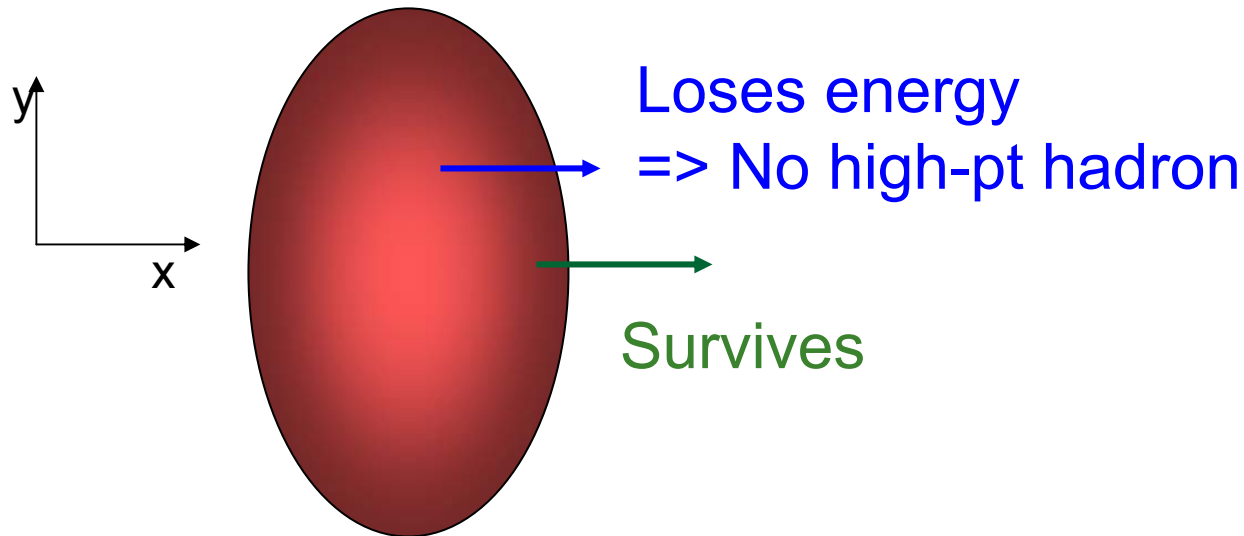


$P_{out}$  is transverse momentum of 2nd wrt high-pt trigger particle



- Jets broader in **Cu+Cu** than p+p
  - Fragmentation of induced gluon radiation?

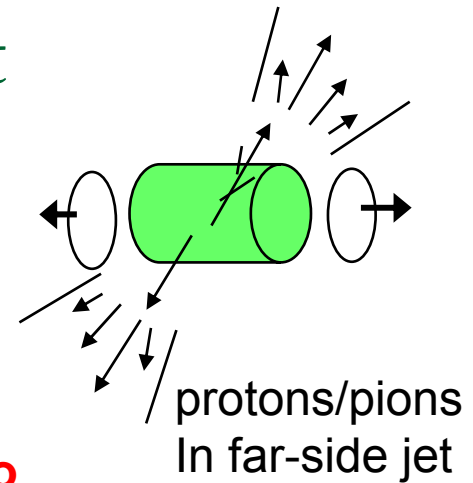
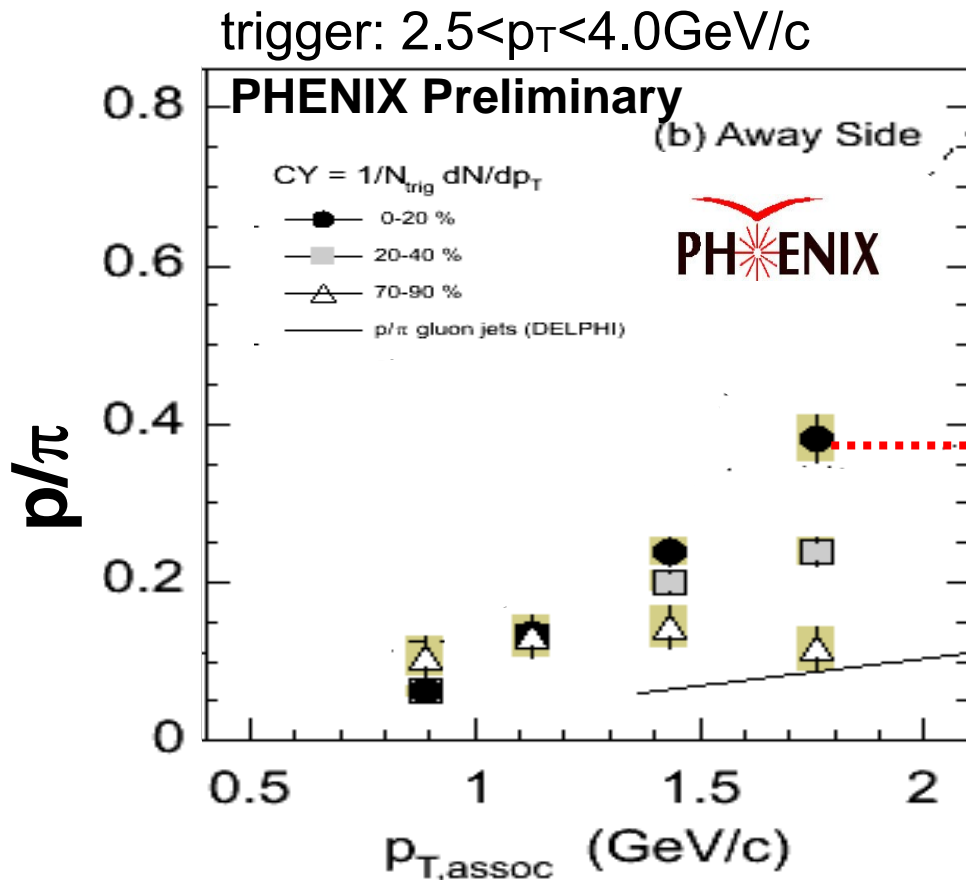
# Hard-scattering locations biased to surface



To **survive** energy-loss to produce a high-pt trigger production points are biased towards surface

- Back-to-back partner parton travels through more QGP
  - Far-side may provide more information

# Particle composition of far-side jet

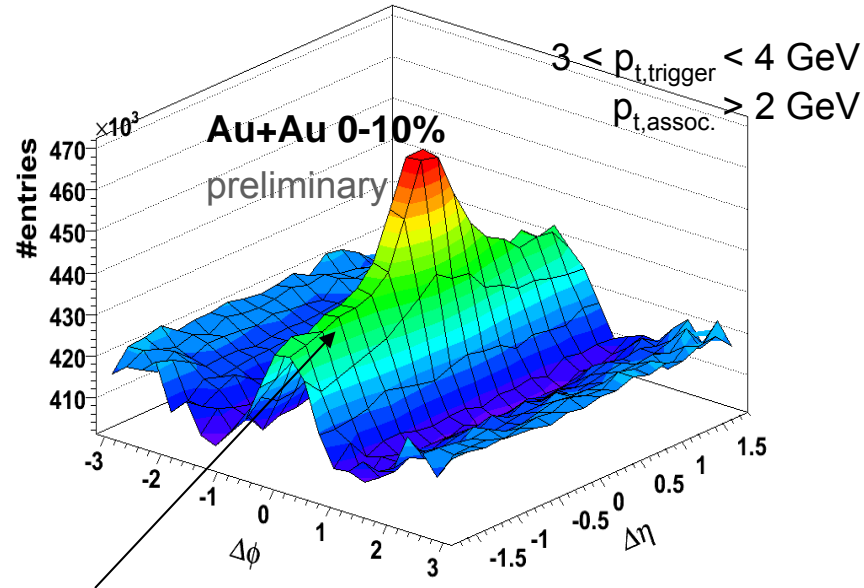
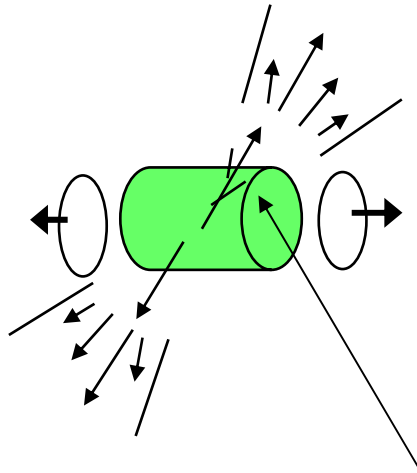


$p/\pi$  ratio  
single particles

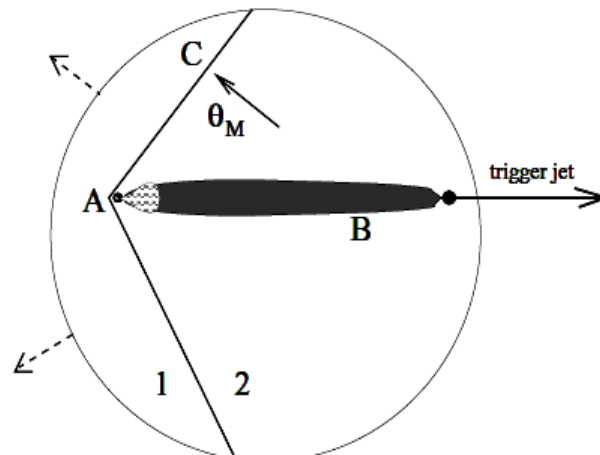
increasing  
centrality

- Particle composition close to  $e^+e^-$  data in peripheral A+A
- Increases with more central collisions
  - jet takes on more and more of medium's characteristics

# Response of medium to passage of high-pt parton



- Near-side, generation of ridge => strength large  $\Delta\eta$  (STAR talk)
- Far-side: does super-sonic parton generate a mach-cone ?

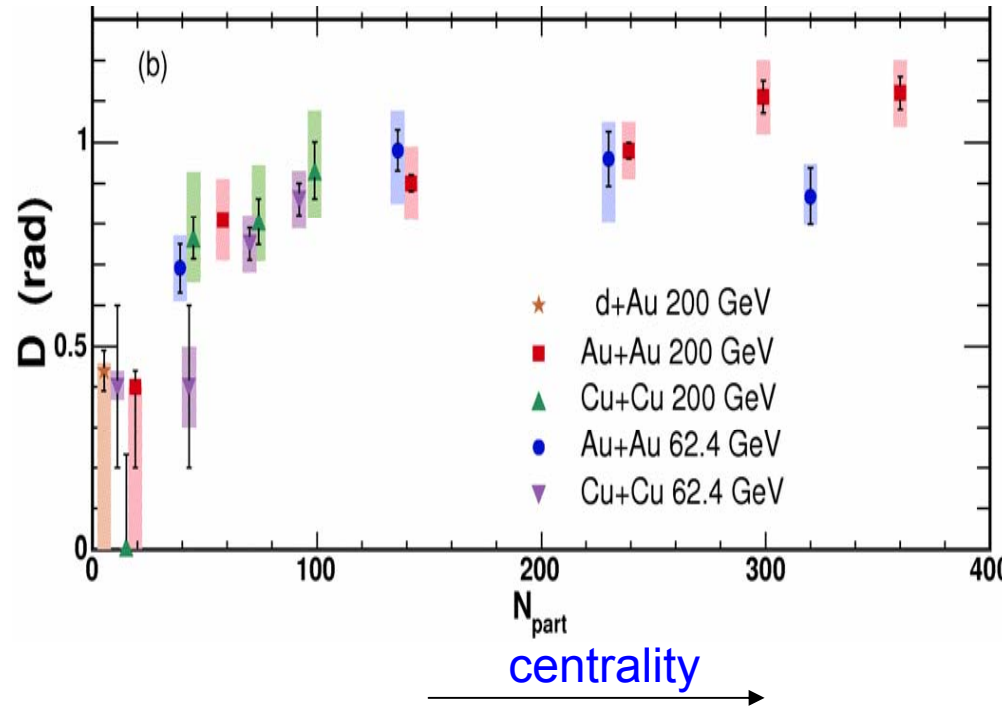
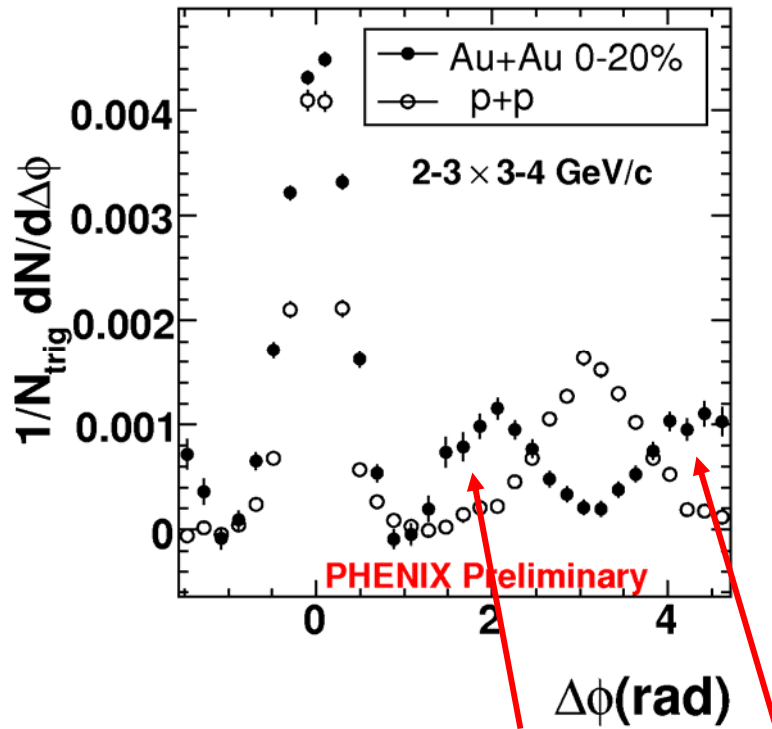


hep-ph/0410067;  
H.Stocker...  
Jorge Casalduffy-Solana

# Far-side Production of Particles

PHENIX preliminary  
nucl-ex/0611019

$1 < p_{t,ass} < 2.5 < p_{t,trig} < 4 \text{ GeV}/c$



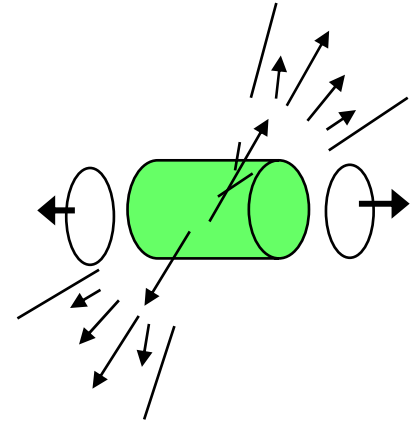
Observation of particles produced  
~1 radian away from back-to-back!

Fit with 2 Gaussians, each  $D$  radians away from  $\pi$   
 $D$  scales with system size

=> emission consistent with medium's response to jet

# Future/Starting Directions (I)

- Energy-loss of **charm+beauty** quarks
  - Predicted to lose less energy
  - Less gluon radiation
    - larger interference during multiple-scattering
      - dead-cone effect
- **Challenge for models**
  - If they reproduce both pion and charm energy-loss
    - Confidence in how gluon radiation is modeled



# Non-photonic electrons $\rightarrow$ charm (+ beauty) in p+p

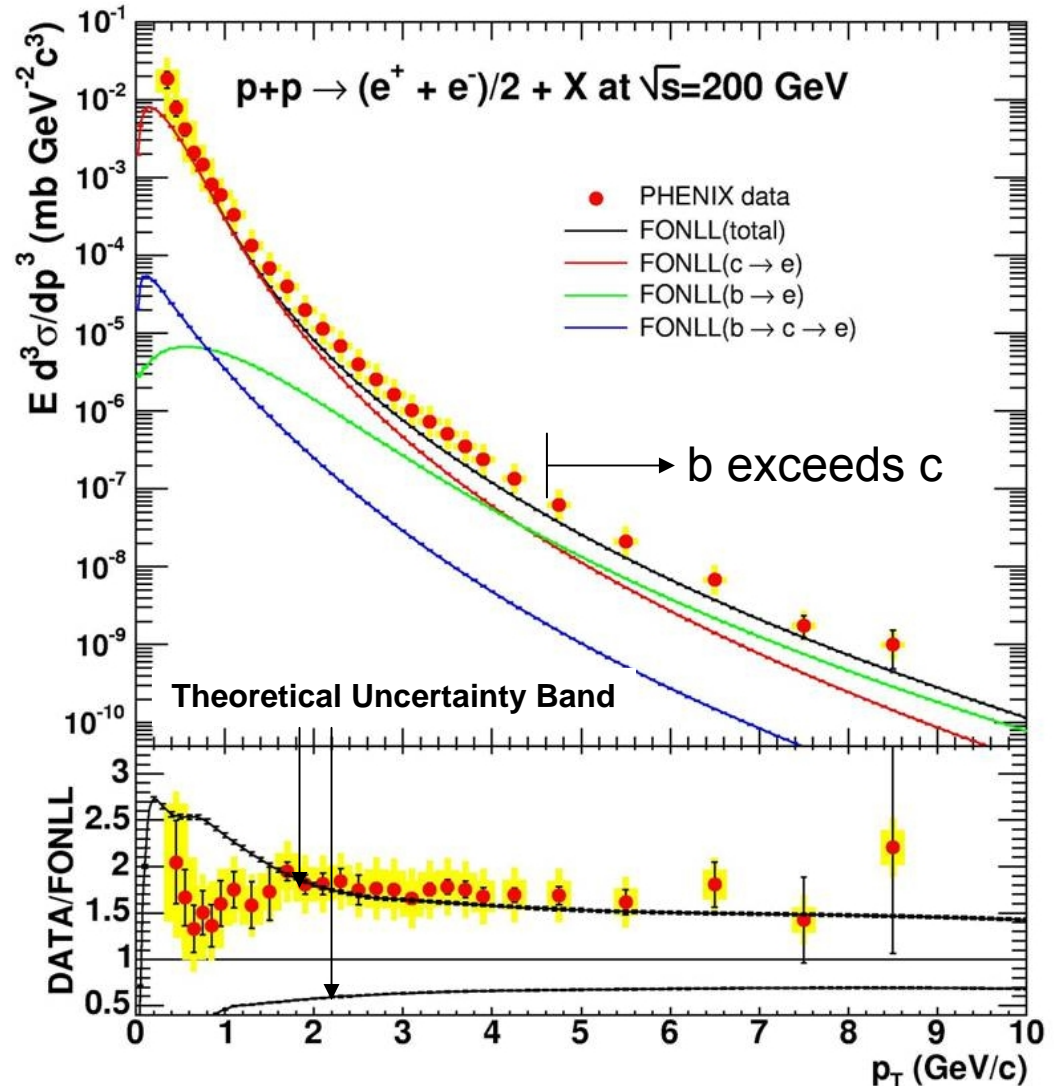
PHENIX  
PRL97,252002

Ratio:

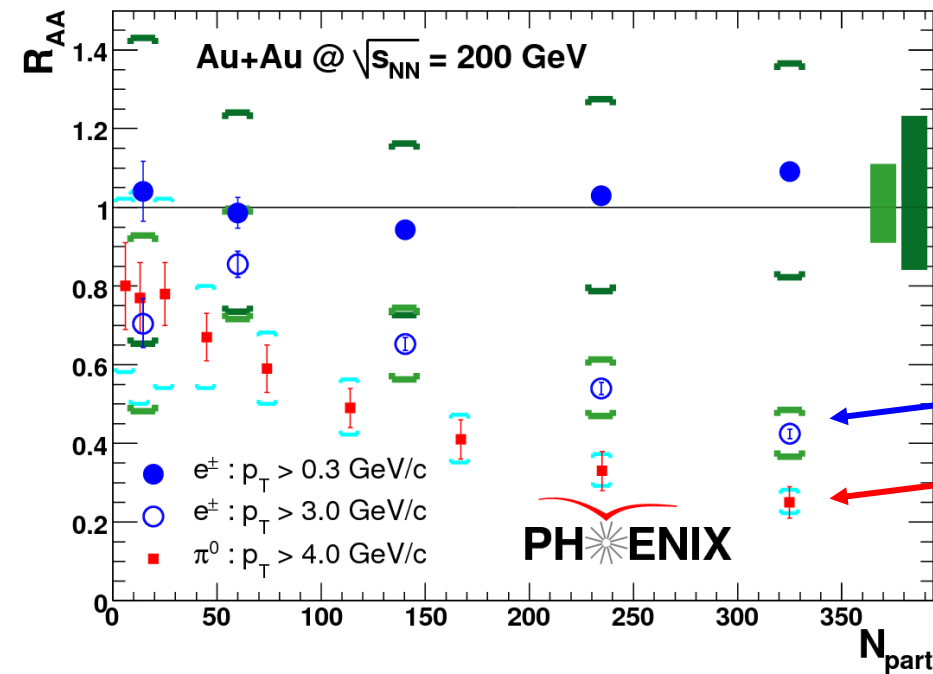
$1.71 \pm 0.02$  (stat)  $\pm 0.18$  (sys)  
( $0.3 < p_T < 9.0$  GeV/c)

Details

D. Hornback talk  
yesterday



# Suppression of heavy-quark spectra in A+A



PHENIX  
nucl-ex/0611018  
PRL in press

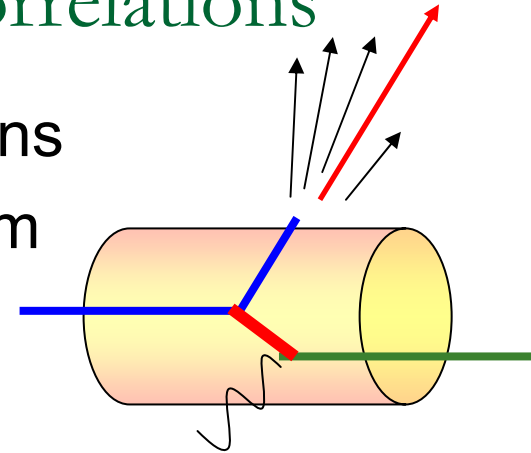
Suppression of  $e$ ,  $p_T > 3.0$  GeV/c  
Slightly smaller than light quarks

Challenge for models to reproduce both light, heavy-q  $E_{loss}$

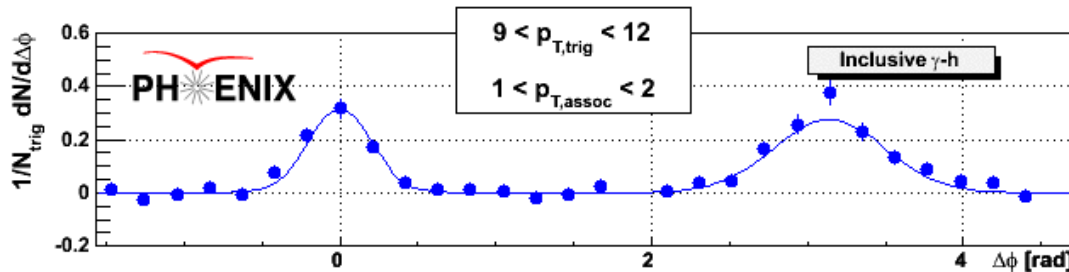
Expt. need to increase statistics, reduce systematics  
silicon upgrade=> displaced vertices

# Future/Starting Directions (II): $\gamma$ -h correlations

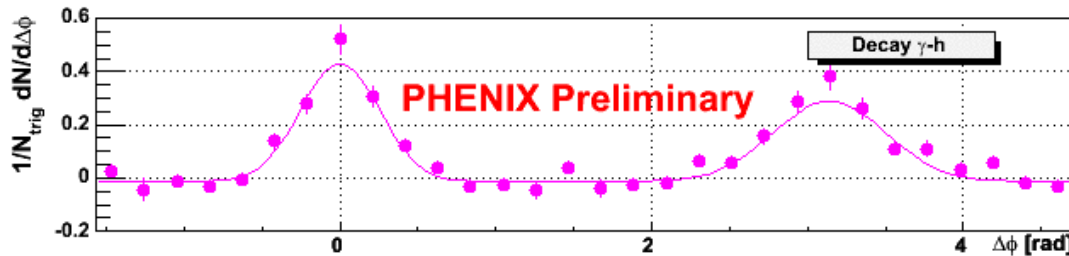
- Tag the energy of the jet with direct-photons
  - Back-to-back hadrons probe the medium



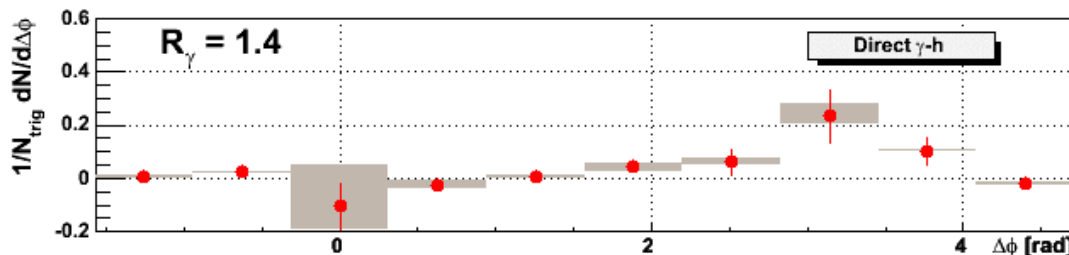
p+p collisions at 200 GeV



1 Inclusive  $\gamma$ -h

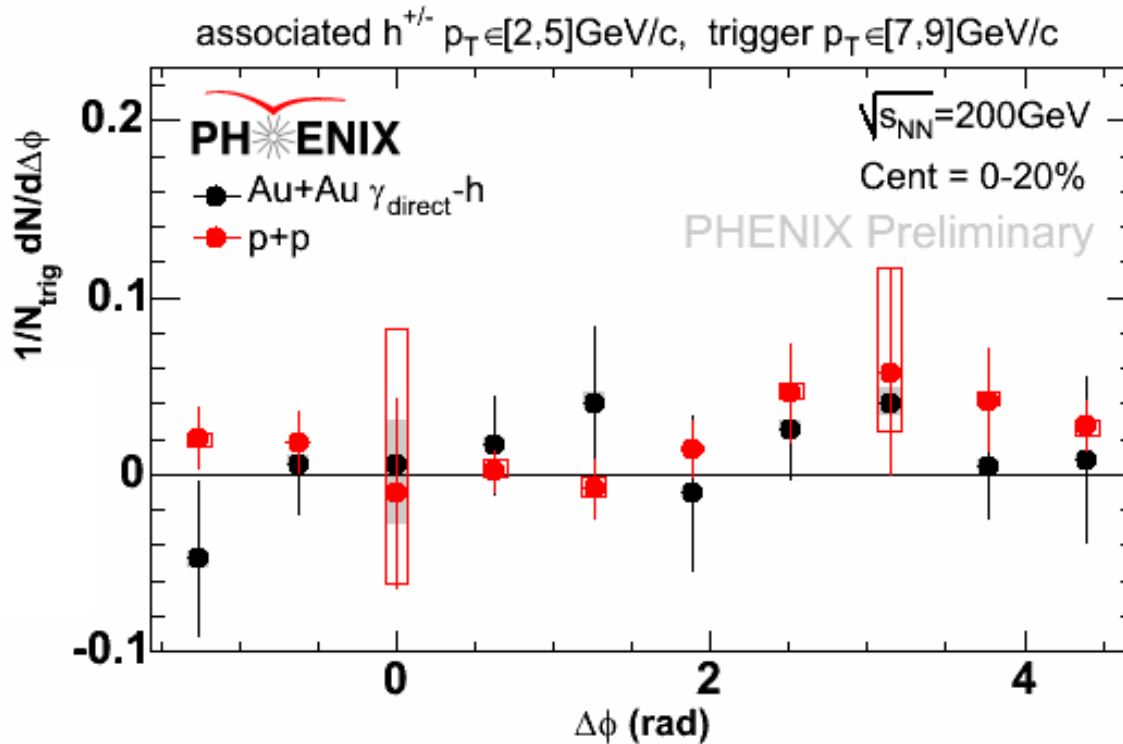


2 Decay  $\gamma$ -h contribution  
(via  $\pi^0$ -hadron)



3 Direct  $\gamma$ -h !

# $\gamma$ -h correlations in A+A



- Need more luminosity
  - Current run, RHIC-II upgrade

# Conclusions: Two themes

- How are jets affected by passing through a QGP ?
  - Lose energy
  - Radiated gluons increase width of jet
  - Heavy-quarks lose slightly less energy than light quarks
- How does QGP respond to the impact of a high-pt parton?
  - Observation of particles  $\sim 1$  radian from back-to-back
  - Possible origins, Mach cone....
- Future: Map out properties of plasma: density, dynamics
  - Energy-loss of charm  $\leq$  vary induced radiation
  - Use direct  $\gamma$  to tag energy of jet

# Thanks!

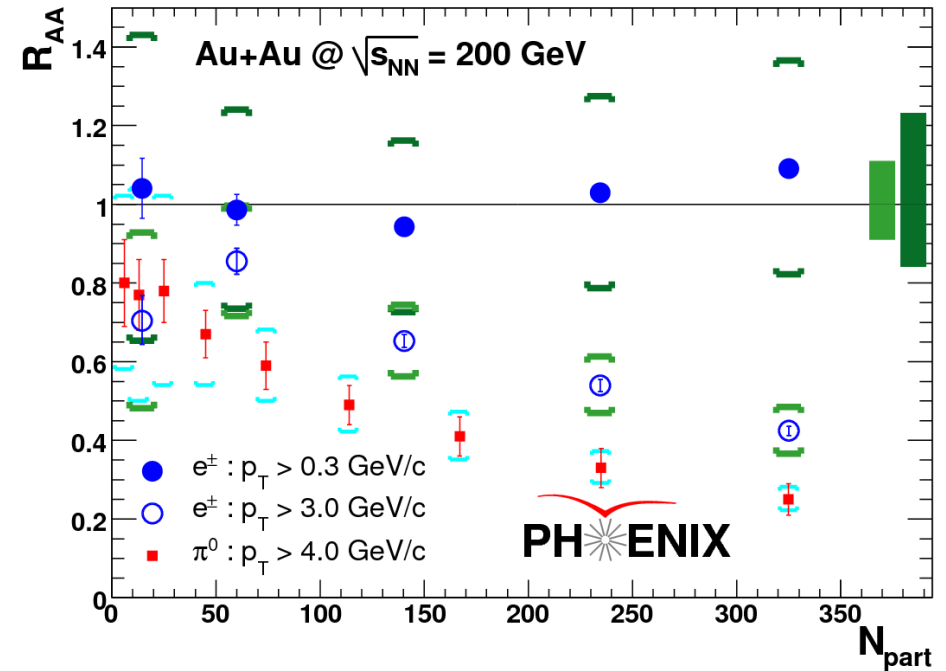
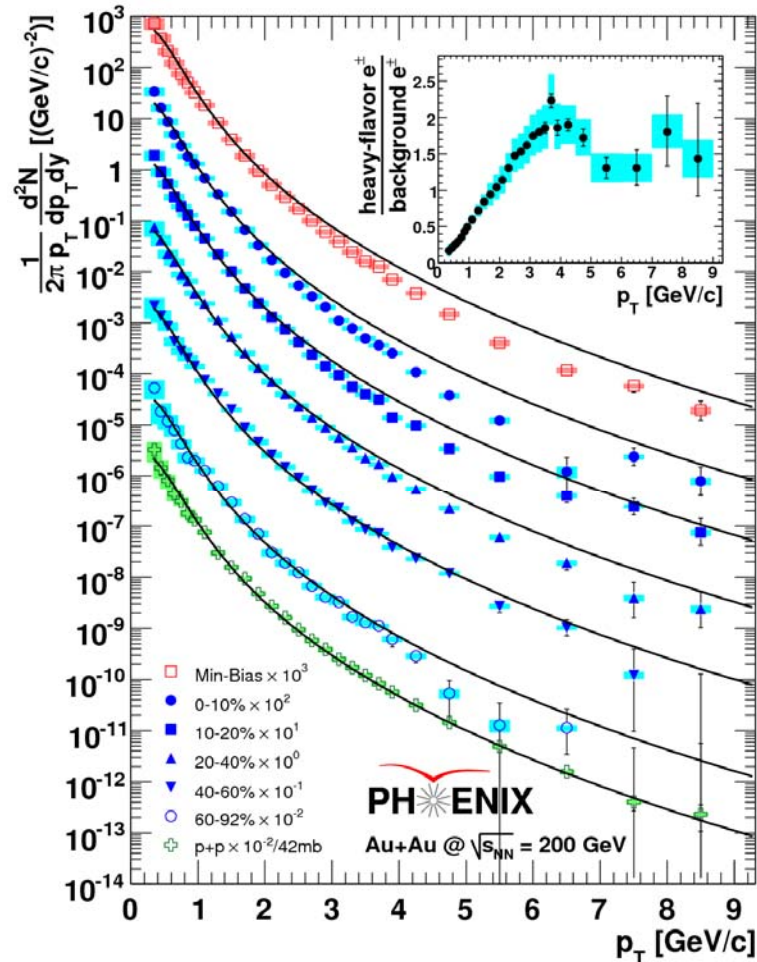


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# Backup

# Suppression of heavy-quark spectra in A+A

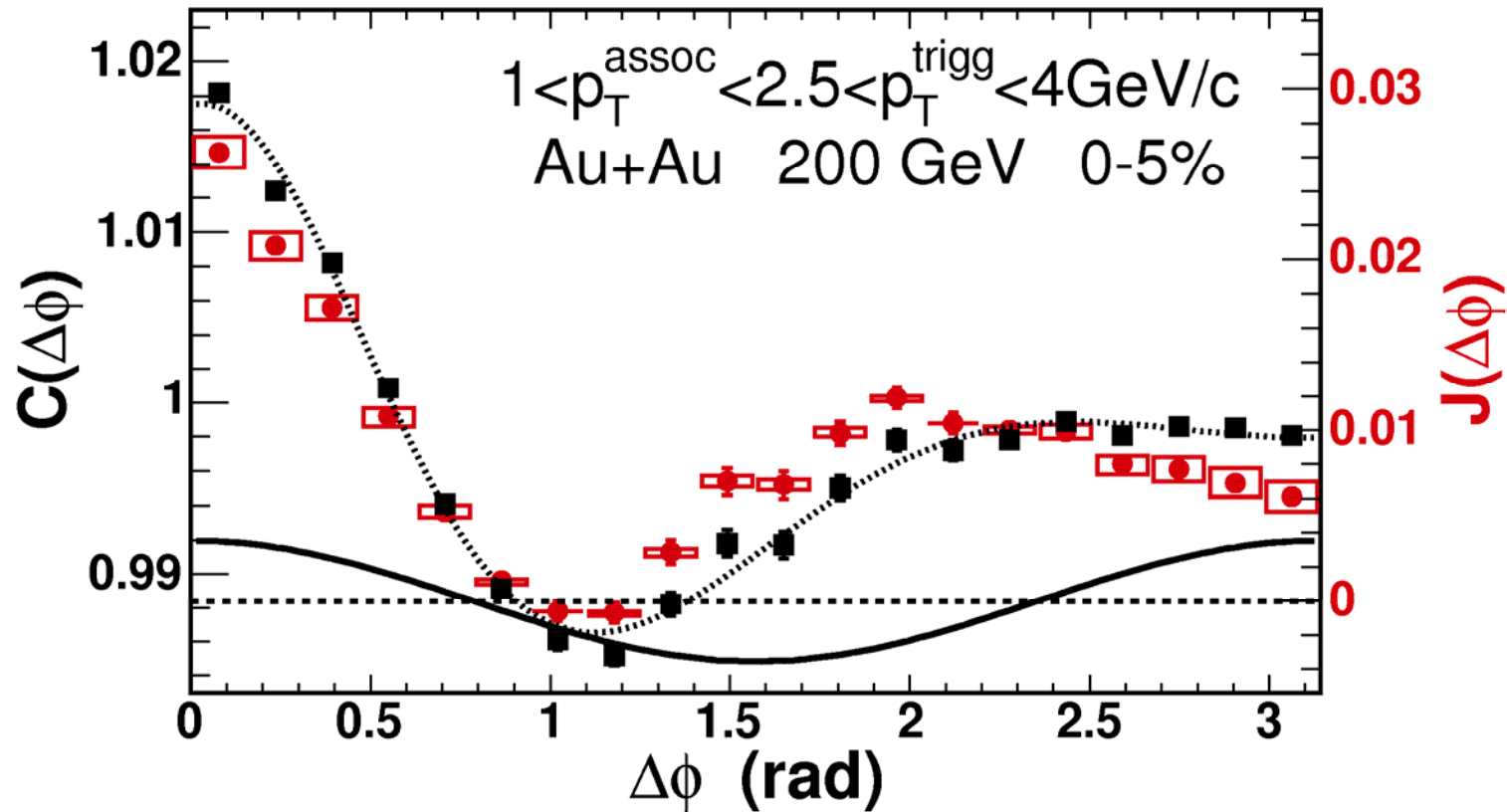
Suppression in  $p_T > 3.0$  GeV/c,  
Slightly smaller than for light quarks.



nucl-ex/0611018  
PRL in press

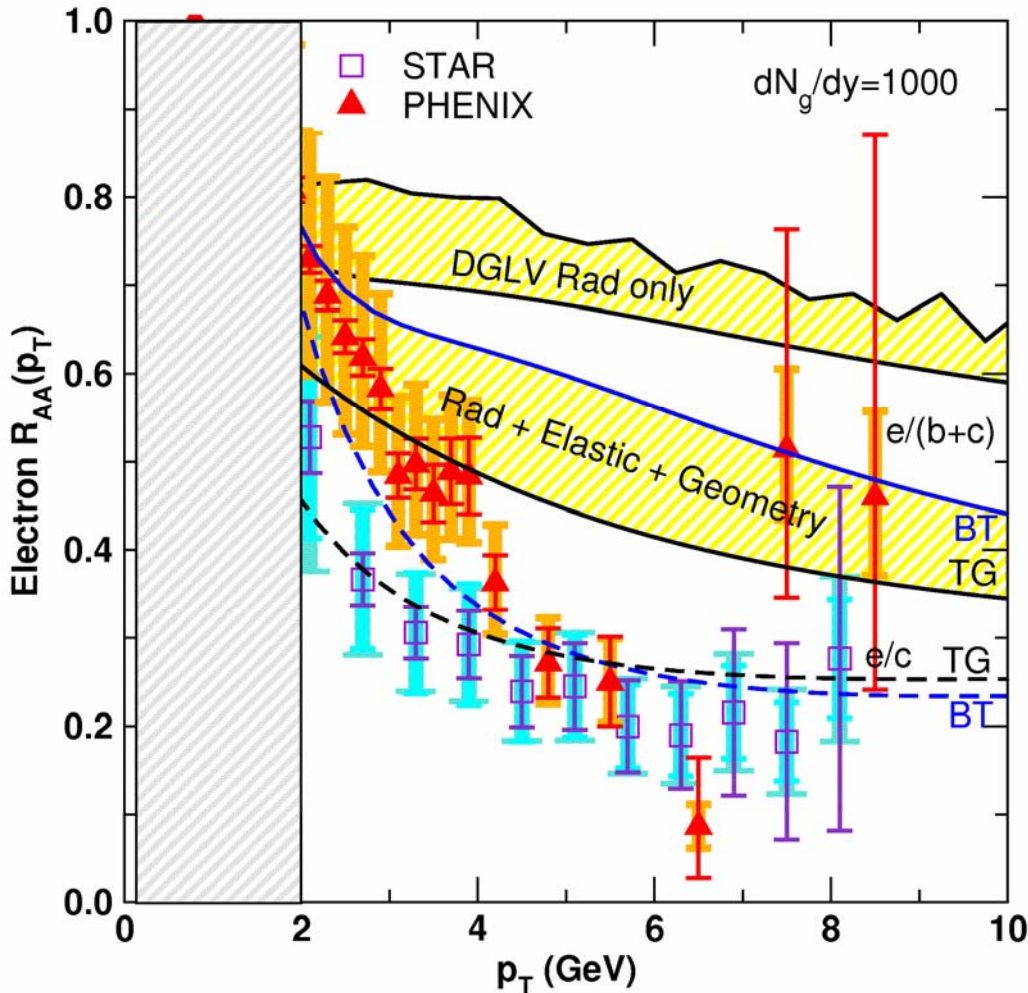
Need to increase statistics, reduce systematics  
silicon upgrade => displaced vertices

# Elliptic flow provides a background correlation



- Variation of  $v_2$  values => dominant source of systematic error

# Radiation energy-loss + collision energy-loss



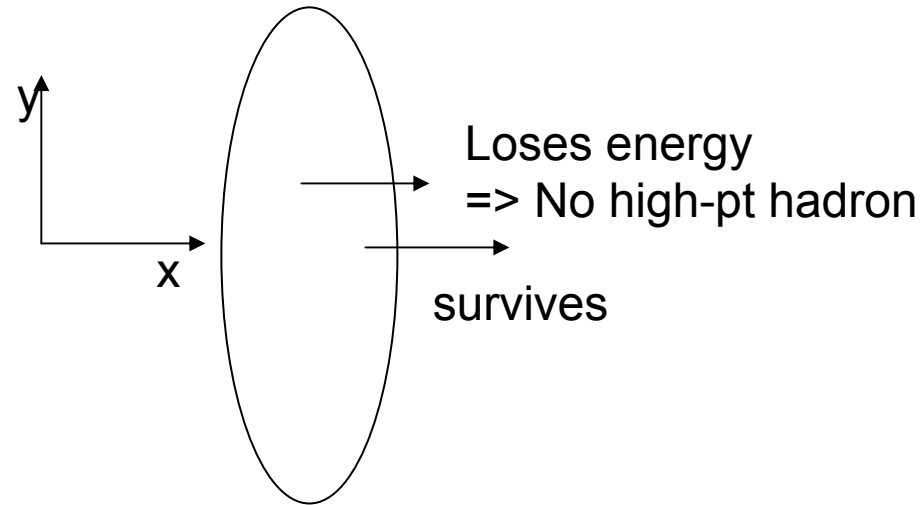
Wicks et al.  
nucl-th/0512076


Both mechanisms  
are important for  
heavy quarks

But still can't reproduce  
suppression in data

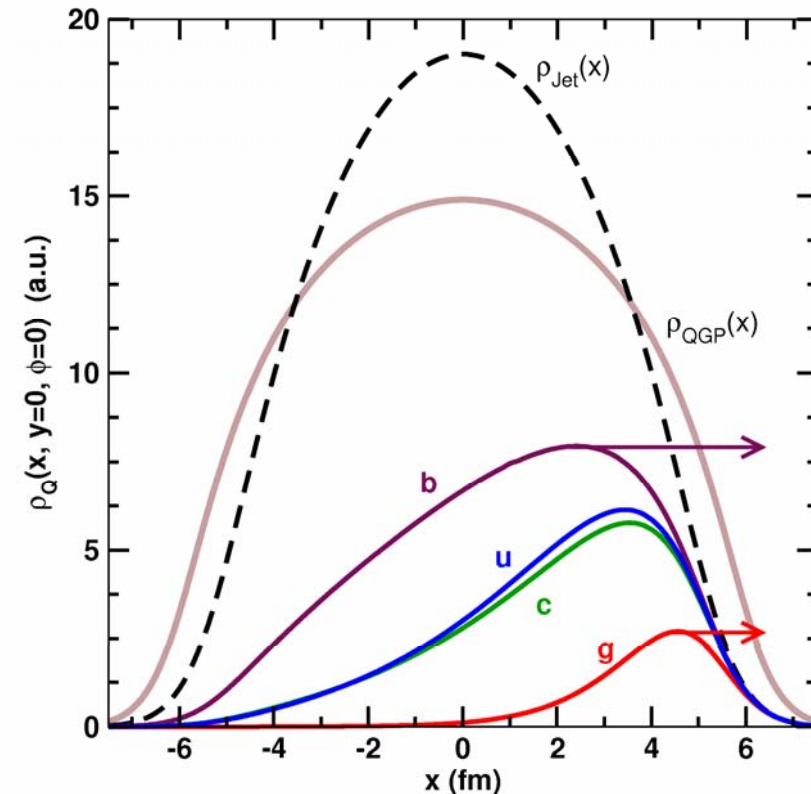
This calculation reproduces  
 $\pi^0$  suppression

# Hard-scattering locations biased to surface



Scattering locations  that survive energy-loss to produce a high-pt trigger are biased towards surface

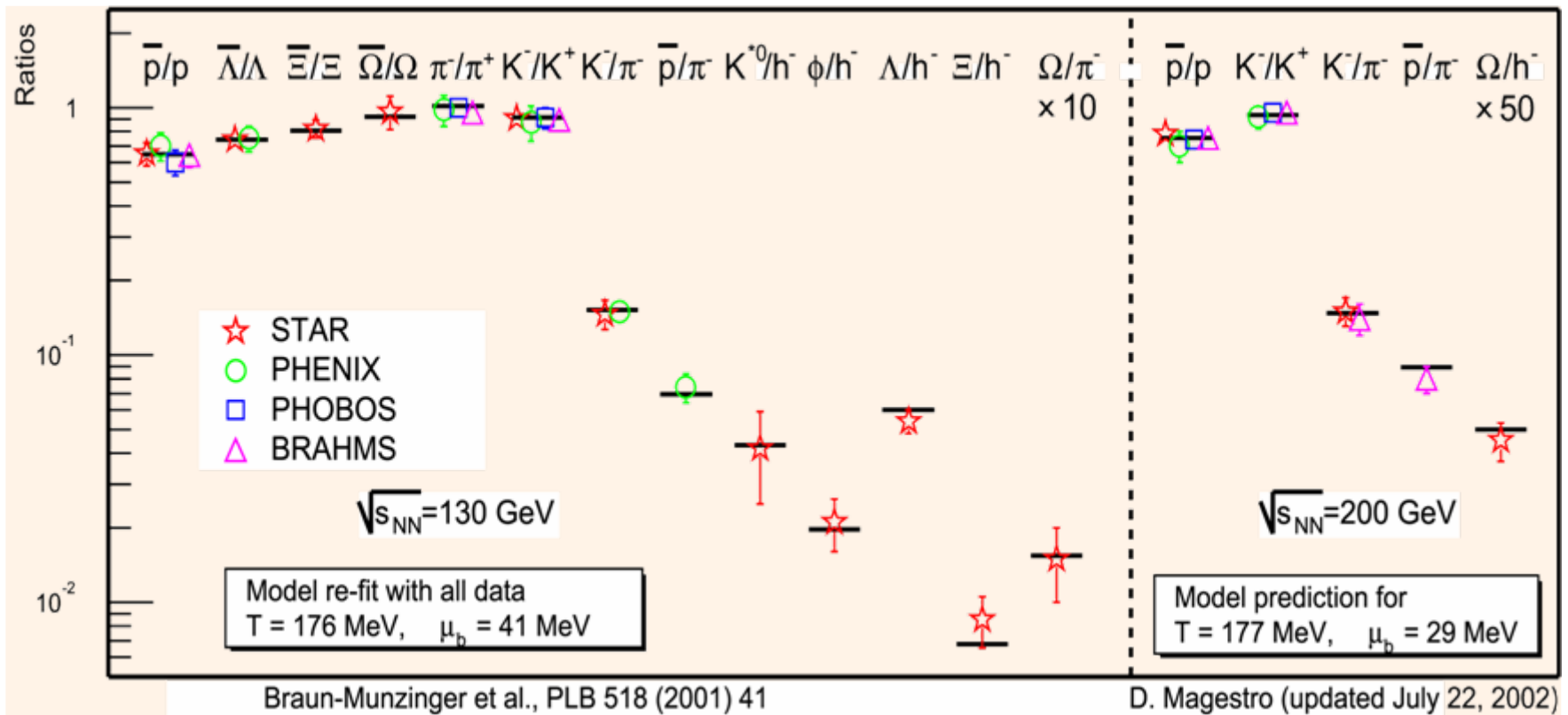
Wicks et al.  
nucl-th/0512076



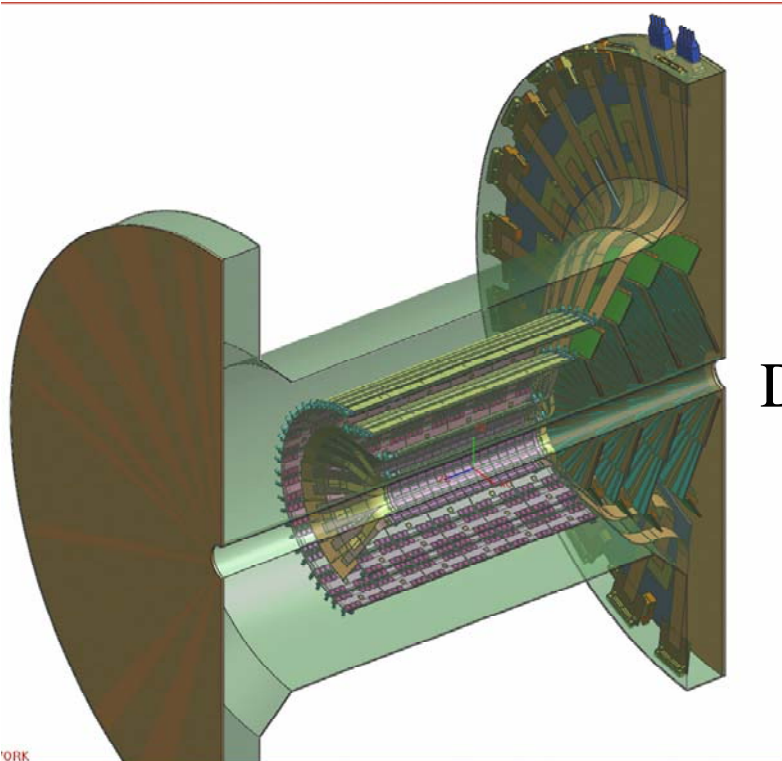
- Back-to-back partner parton travels through more QGP
- Far-side may provide more information

# Chemistry

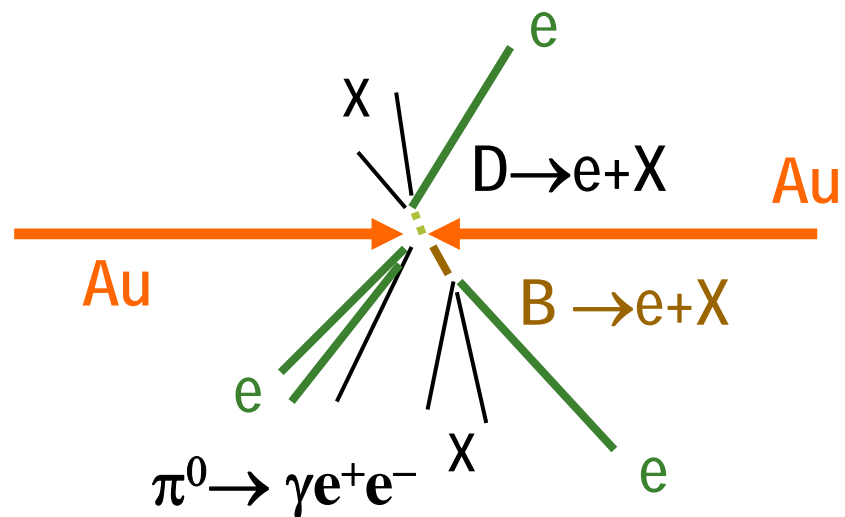
- Excellent description of particle ratios
- Consistent with lattice QCD  $T_f = 175 \text{ MeV}$



# VTX Upgrade

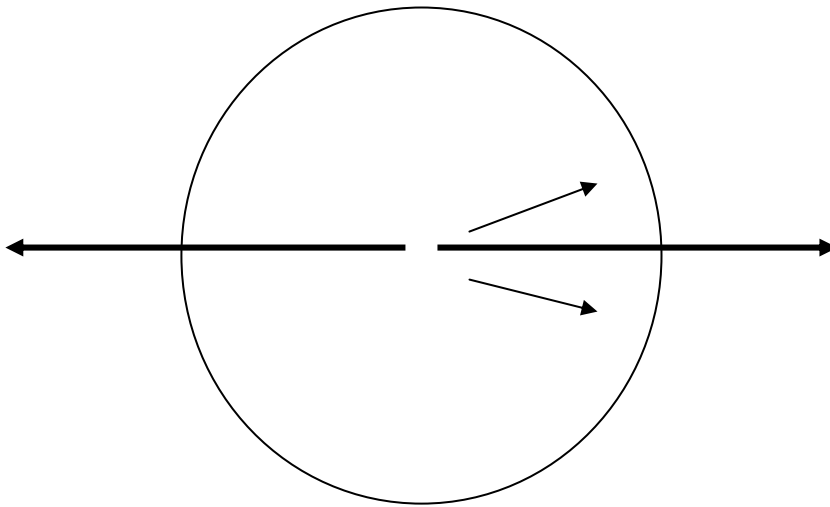


Two layers of silicon pixel detectors  
Two layers of silicon strip detectors  
Tracks extrapolate back to collision vertex  
Displaced vertices => charm (D), beauty (B)  
Requires  $\sim 50 \mu\text{m}$  precision

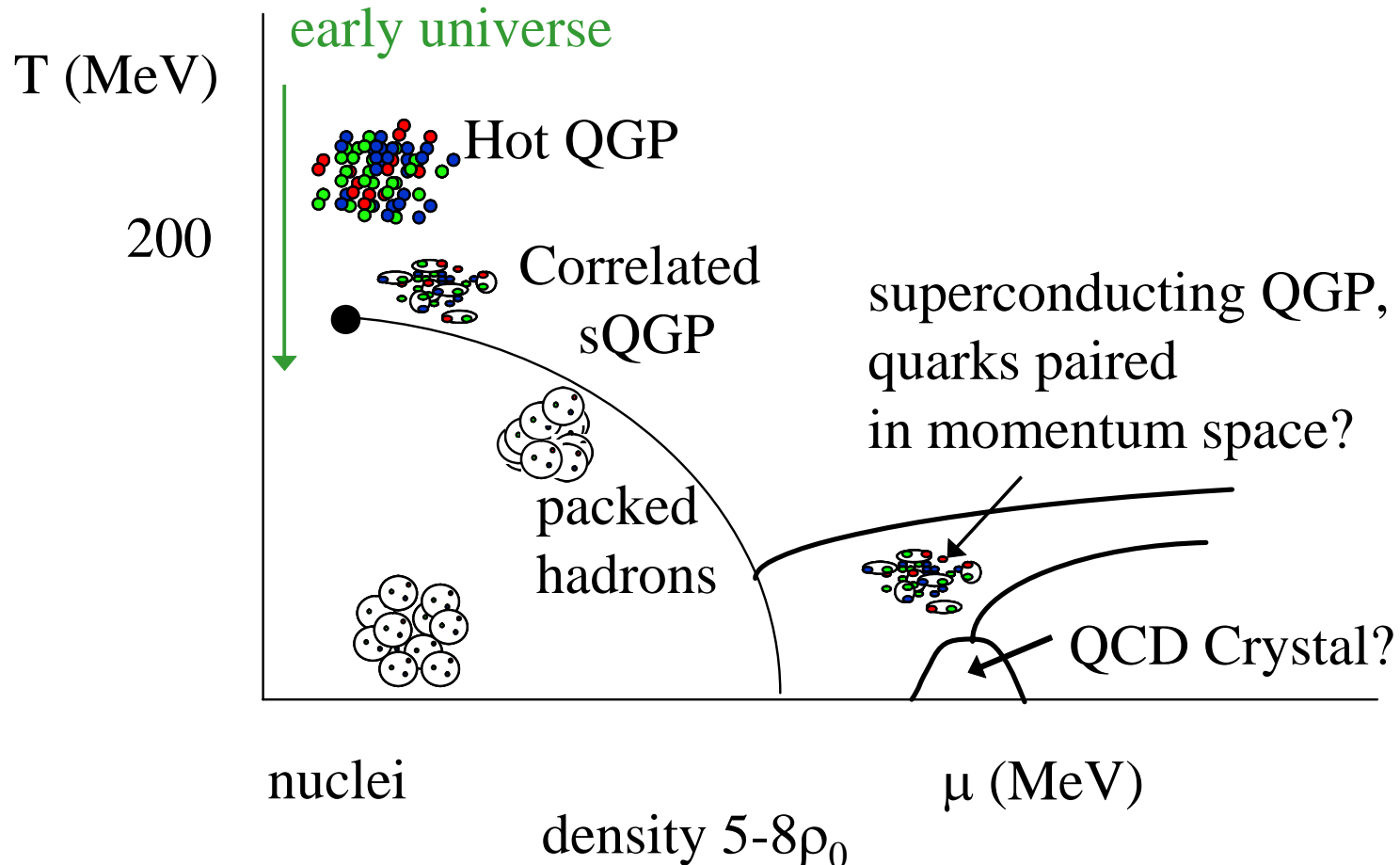


# Mach-Cone on near-side?

- Should see some hint of possible Mach-cone in near-angle
- Move scattering locations to center
  - Require two high-pt back-to-back triggers
  - Correlate one of these with near-angle low-pt particles



# Goal: Understand Phase Diagram of QCD



- Experimentally probe high-temp QGP at RHIC/LHC