

Connected and disconnected strong isospin-breaking and finite-volume corrections

contents of talk also in C. Lehner, A. Meyer *Phys.Rev.D* 102 (2020) 5, 054509

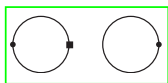
Two points for this talk:

1) Attempt to explain the apparent cancelation of connected and disconnected SIB, see [BMW-20](#):



connected

6.59(63)(53)



disconnected

-4.63(54)(69) $\times 10^{-10}$

2) For connected diagram itself, found significant FV correction in [LM-20](#):

infinite volume: $9.0(0.8)(1.2) \times 10^{-10}$

$L = 5.5\text{fm}$: $5.25(76)(29) \times 10^{-10}$

Volume adjustment for comparison of connected diagram in isolation required

Define for up and down contributions

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{5}{9}c(m_\nu) &= \text{[Circular diagram with two dots on the left side]} \\
 -\frac{1}{9}d(m_\nu) &= \text{[Circular diagram with two dots on the left side]} \quad \text{[Circular diagram with two dots on the right side]} \\
 -\frac{2}{3}\Delta m_u M(m_\nu) &= \text{[Circular diagram with two dots on the left side and an 'x' at the bottom]} \\
 \frac{2}{3}\Delta m_u O(m_\nu) &= \text{[Circular diagram with two dots on the left side and an 'x' on the right side]} \quad \text{[Circular diagram with two dots on the right side]}
 \end{aligned}$$

with valence mass m_ν and a symmetric expansion point $\Delta m_u = -\Delta m_d$.

The valence-mass derivative then relates $c'(m_\nu) = -2M(m_\nu)$ and

$d'(m_\nu) = -2O(m_\nu)$.

In LM-20 we derive in NLO PQChPT

$$\begin{aligned}
 C^{\text{NLO,PQ}\chi\text{PT,conn.}}(t) &= \frac{10}{9} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{L^3} \sum_{\vec{p}} \frac{\vec{p}^2}{(E_p^{vl})^2} e^{-2E_p^{vl}t}, \\
 C^{\text{NLO,PQ}\chi\text{PT,disc.}}(t) &= -\frac{1}{9} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{L^3} \sum_{\vec{p}} \frac{\vec{p}^2}{(E_p^{vv})^2} e^{-2E_p^{vv}t} \quad (1)
 \end{aligned}$$

with

$$\begin{aligned}
 E_p^{vl} &= \sqrt{(m_\pi^{vl})^2 + \vec{p}^2}, & E_p^{vv} &= \sqrt{(m_\pi^{vv})^2 + \vec{p}^2}, \\
 (m_\pi^{vl})^2 &= B(m_l + m_v), & (m_\pi^{vv})^2 &= 2Bm_v.
 \end{aligned}$$

In these expressions L^3 is the spatial volume. **Note the valence and sea masses m_v and m_l .**

We can then isolate c and d defined before in NLO PQChPT by

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial}{\partial m_\nu} C^{\text{NLO,PQ}\chi\text{PT,conn.}} &= \frac{5}{9} \frac{\partial}{\partial m_\nu} c = -\frac{10}{9} M, \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial m_\nu} C^{\text{NLO,PQ}\chi\text{PT,disc.}} &= -\frac{1}{9} \frac{\partial}{\partial m_\nu} d = \frac{2}{9} O.\end{aligned}$$

From Eq. (1) it then follows that

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial}{\partial m_\nu} C^{\text{NLO,PQ}\chi\text{PT,conn.}} \Big|_{m_\nu=m_l} \\ = -5 \frac{\partial}{\partial m_\nu} C^{\text{NLO,PQ}\chi\text{PT,disc.}} \Big|_{m_\nu=m_l}\end{aligned}$$

and therefore that within NLO PQChPT

$$M = O.$$

Since the connected plus disconnected SIB enters as $M - O$ (see page 1), in NLO PQChPT we expect complete cancellation between connected and disconnected SIB but individually they are non-zero.

NLO PQChPT then also predicts for the individual contributions

$$\begin{aligned} a_{\mu}^{\text{SIB,conn.,NLOPQChPT}} &= -a_{\mu}^{\text{SIB,disc.,NLOPQChPT}} \\ &\approx 6.9 \times 10^{-10} \end{aligned}$$

which compares reasonably well with the finite-volume lattice results

$$\begin{aligned} a_{\mu}^{\text{SIB,conn.,BMW-20}} &= 6.59(63)(53) \times 10^{-10}, \\ a_{\mu}^{\text{SIB,disc.,BMW-20}} &= -4.63(54)(69) \times 10^{-10}. \end{aligned}$$

In [LM-20](#) we then use FV NLO PQChPT to compute the finite-volume corrections for the connected SIB contribution individually, which are significant:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LM-20, infinite volume:} & \quad 9.0(0.8)(1.2) \times 10^{-10} \\ \text{LM-20, } L = 5.5\text{fm:} & \quad 5.25(76)(29) \times 10^{-10}. \end{aligned}$$

For comparisons of connected/disconnected SIB contributions in isolation, FV corrections non-negligible!

Thanks!